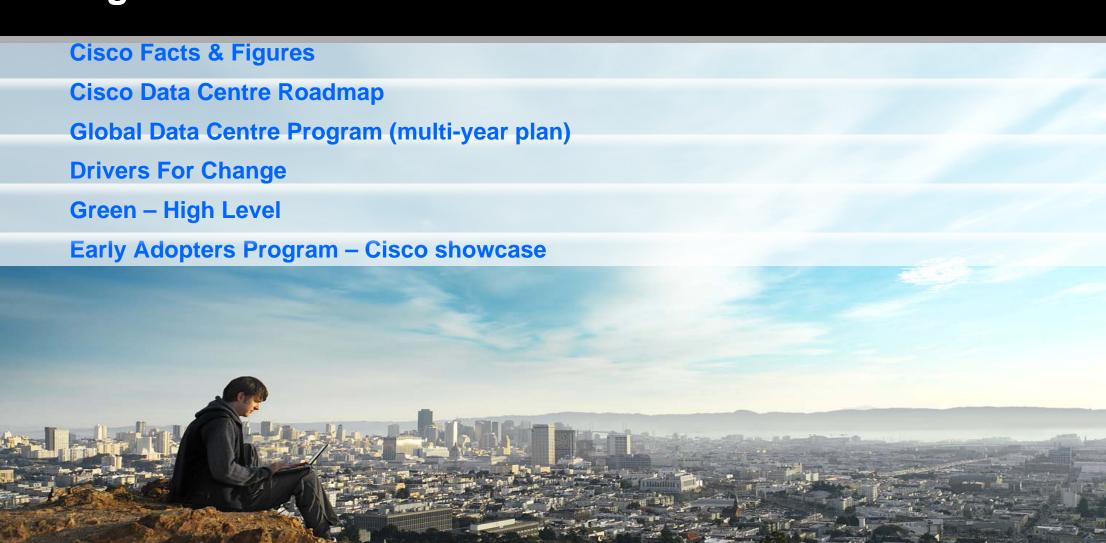
# Data Center Transformation



Bob Stemmerik – Senior IT Manager Network & Data Centre Services

# Agenda



## **Cisco Facts**

- 300 locations in 90 countries
- 400 buildings
- 52 data centers and server rooms
- 1500+ labs world wide (500+ in San Jose)
- 66,000+ Employee's20,000 Channel Partners
- 110+ Application Service Providers
- 210+ Business and Support Development Partners



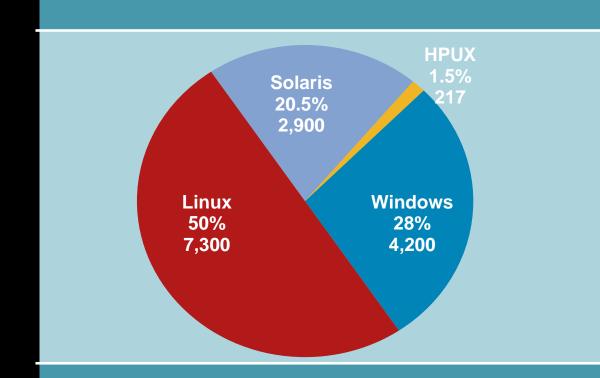
Over 180,000 people around the world in the extended Cisco family

# **Cisco Data Centers**



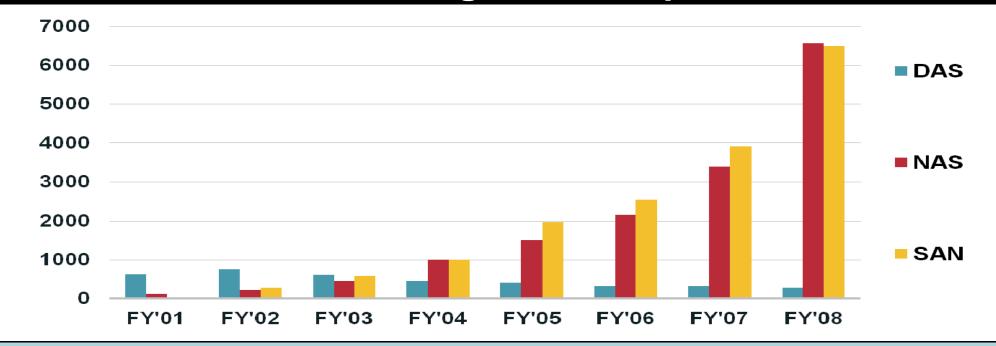
# **Data Center Server Landscape**

- 14,400 virtual/physical servers
- 3,775 Applications
- 280 Production Databases



**Source: Cisco IT, Nov 2008** 

# **Cisco Data Center Storage Landscape**



- Over 12 PB of "raw" storage
- Overall Growth Rate: FY'02=69%, FY'03=32%, FY'04=50%, FY'05=58%, FY'06=29%, FY'07=52%, FY'08=48%

# State of play!

## The Challenge

"50% of Enterprise Class data centers will be technologically obsolete within 24 months"

Gartner

# **The Opportunity**

"In a down turned market, companies must invest in Data Centers to sustain continuity and longer term growth"

Me

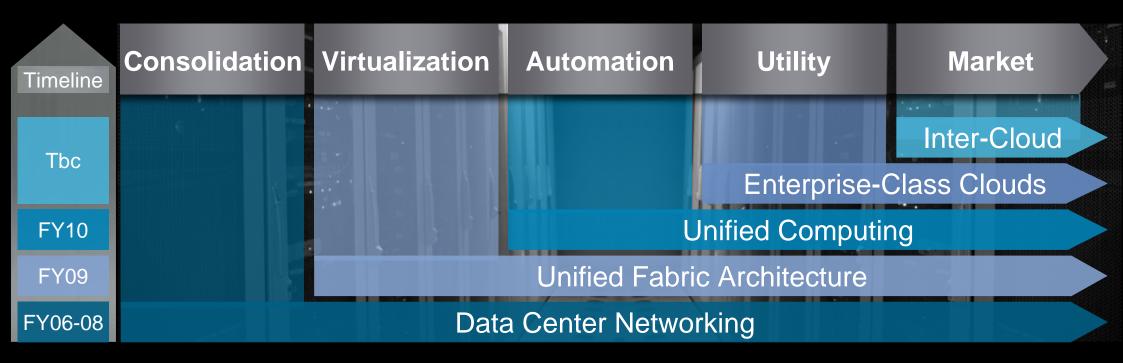


# The CIO Challenge and Data Centres

- How can I do more with less? How can I simplify my architecture to lower cost? How can I use virtualisation to increase my asset utilisation and decrease my energy costs?
- How can I make our applications and *data* 7x24x365 *available* in a *secure* manner? *Globally...*? Anywhere, anytime on any device?
- How can I use 'Cloud Computing'? What should I run in my own data centres and what in out-tasked or outsourced data centres?
- Should I rewrite all our mission critical applications as SaaS and Web 2.0 compatible? Is that "SOA" actually possible?

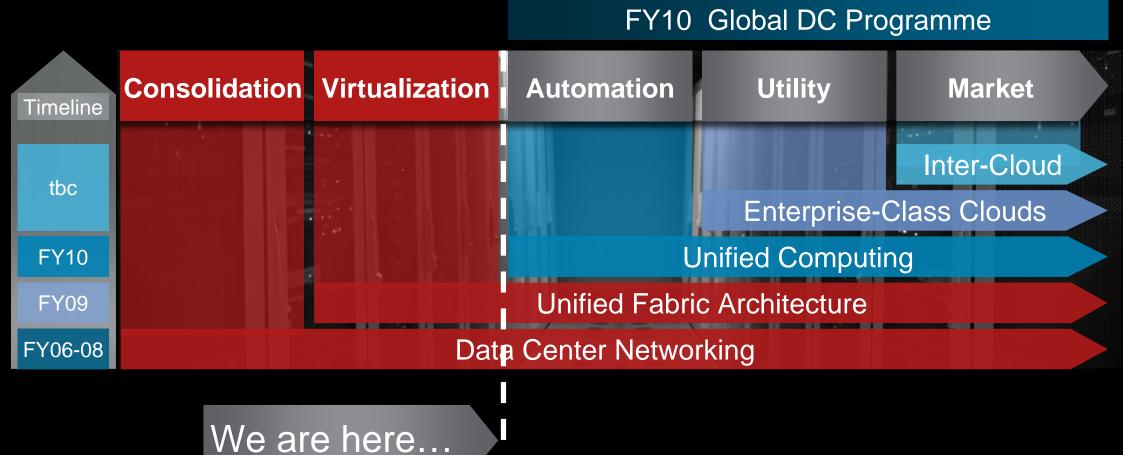


# Cisco Data Centre Architecture Roadmap



# Cisco Data Centre Architecture Roadmap

The Cisco on Cisco story



# Legacy Data Centers



## **Cisco on Cisco**

My IT challenges are the same as yours

Floor space, power, cooling, legacy

Redundancy/ resilience (the Active-Active DC)

Data Centre upgrades/maintenance

Aging Data Centre facilities

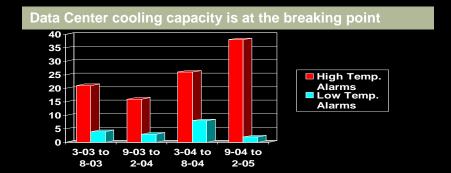
Legacy Applications



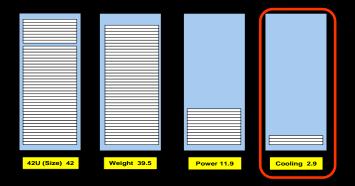
# Legacy PDC environment are at the max limit of power, cooling and weight-bearing capabilities

The current data center environments are nearing the thresholds of power, cooling, and load-bearing capabilities

Existing data centers are inadequate to meet the growing demand for IT services								
INFRASTRUCTURE SYSTEM	REQUIRED 10 YEAR CAPACITY	SJC12 Existing Capacity	SJCK Existing Capacity	RTP Existing Capacity	CAPACITY GAP			
CENTRAL COOLING SYSTEM	8500 kW @ N+1	1710 kW	630 kW	1650 kW	- 4510 kW			
CRITICAL UPS POWER SYSTEMS	11000 kW System + System	1800 kW @ N+1	720 kW @ N+1	2400 kW @ N+1	- 6080 kW			
EMERGENCY BACK-UP POWER SYSTENS	16000 kW	3200 kW @ N+1	1200 kW @ N	3500 kW @ N+1	- 8100 kW			
RAISED FLOOR AREA	10000m2	1350 m2	670 m2	1630 m2	- 6350 m2			
FLOOR LOADING CAPACITY	750 kg/m2	390 kg/m2	490 kg/m2	490 kg/m2	- 260-360 kg/m2			



Power, load-bearing, and cooling constraints are limiting the ability to utilize existing data center space



- 1. Based on our legacy Production DC's prior to provisioning new DC's in Richardson and Mountain View
- 2. Capacity is based un US Production DC's and does not include Engineering
- 3. Floor weight bearing limitations are based on building subfloor and not the raised floor capacity

# Global DC Program



# **Richardson Data Center**



Purpose: Meet Cisco current and future plans within scope of GDCS for Production Data Centers.

Power and space: Cisco's largest Production data center; ~2.700 m2 raised floor area; power capacity of dual redundant 10 MW utility feeds.

**Devices:** Space for ~1133 server racks;

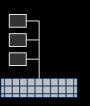
**Use:** Hosting Cisco's primary production applications in a Tier III / IV data center.

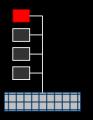
Current state: Production Ready, service migration in process with first client operational August 2008.

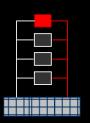
## **Data Center Tier**

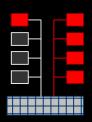
RCDN9
All systems can be maintained without service interruption

SJC-K, SJC12, RTP5
Development/CDO DCs









Tier	I	II	III	IV
Components	Need only (N)	N + 1	N + 1	2 (N + 1)
Delivery Paths	One only	One only	One active One passive	Two active
Single Points of Failure	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Concurrently Maintainable	No	Components only	Yes	Yes
Site Availability/ Annual Downtime*	99.671% 28.8 hours	99.749% 22.0 hours	99.982% 1.6 hours	99.995% 0.4 hours

No additional components, if any system fails expect downtime Subsystems can be serviced without disruption

## **Environmental Inclusions**

#### 1.0 General & Operations

- 1.1 Collection & storage recyclables
- 1.2 Consolidation of equipment
- 1.3 Construction waste re-cycling
- 1.4 Energy star appliances
- 1.5 Building commissioning
- 1.6 Indoor air quality

#### 5.0 Electrical

- 5.1 Generator emission controls
- 5.2 Distributed battery pack
- 5.3 Lighting controls
- 5.4 Generator test under build load
- 5.5 Transformer efficiency
- 5.6 Electronic ballasts
- 5.7 T8 flourescent lamps

#### 2.0 Site

- 2.1 Erosion control
- 2.2 Wildlife habitat
- 2.3 Relocation of trees
- 2.4 Reduction in automobile use

#### 3.0 Building Shell

- 3.1 Fly ash
- 3.2 Glazed screening
- 3.3 Re-use of existing facility

#### **4.0 Interior Construction**

- 4.1 Recycled content finishes
- 4.2 Low VOC materials
- 4.3 Non-CFC fire extinguishers
- 4.4 No gas suppression system
- 4.5 Carbon monoxide monitoring
- 4.6 Lighting controls
- 4.7 Re-use of building systems
- 4.8 Salvage & stock materials

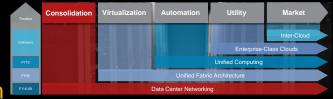
#### 6.0 Mechanical

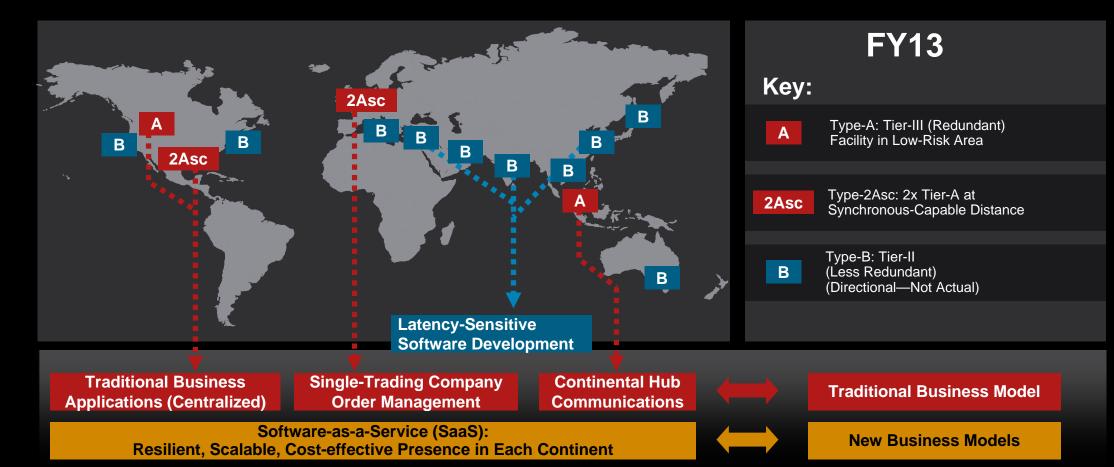
- 6.1 Waterside economizer
- 6.2 Pump curves
- 6.3 Chiller efficiencies
- 6.4 Cooling tower water treatment
- 6.5 Non CFC refrigerant
- 6.6 VFD's
- 6.7 UPS heat tempering
- 6.8 Heat recovery for office space
- 6.9 Chilled water operating temps
- 6.10 Motion activated fixtures
- 6.11 Vapour barrier
- 6.12 N+2 chiller configuration

# Cisco on Cisco Consolidation

**Global Data Centre Presence - Target State** 

Shared Resilient Infrastructure Enables Diversified Business Growth





# **GDCP Key Points**

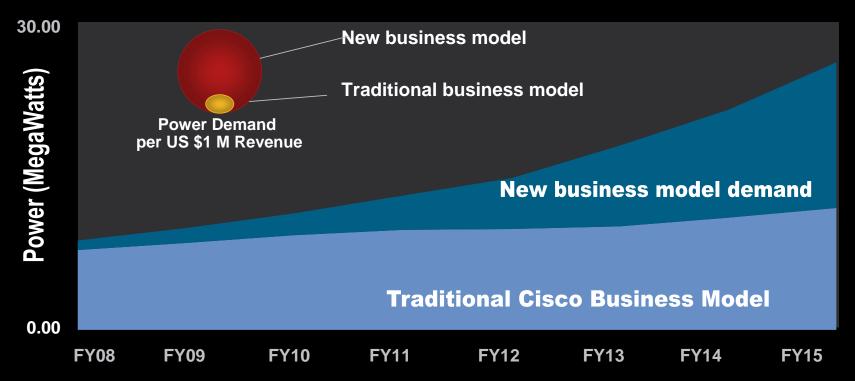
# **Global Data Centre Program (GDCP)**

- 1) IT's Long Term DC Strategy (10 year plan)
- 2) Greenfield provides opportunity to innovate
- 3) Quantum Leap on "Green Data Centre" design
- 4) Long Term Scalability & Growth

# **Drivers For Change**



# Cisco New Business Model DC Impact Software as a Service Consumes Much More Power Per Revenue \$



## **Additional Considerations**

- Highly resilient service delivery needed for both traditional and new business model success
- Data center proximity drives performance, experience, and revenue

## **Cisco on Cisco Virtualization**



Phase 1:

Server Networking Phase 2:

Storage Networking Phase 3:

Unified Fabric via the Nexus platform

Phase 4:

Virtual Machine Optimized

Phase 5:

Transparent Virtualization

By implementing virtualization, Cisco can achieve:

- Increased resource utilization
- Decreased power and cooling consumption
- Faster provisioning
- Higher availability
- Business continuity

We are here

Broaden and deepen virtualization:

- 1. Span multiple DCs
- 2. All resources
- 3. Multi-tenancy
- 4. Internal and external clouds

# Demands and constraints continue to grow

- 1) Blades reduce space but increase heat output.
- 2) Redundancy requirements become baseline business needs.
- 3) Run Data Centres warmer (ASHRAE Addendum Aug 2008)
- 4) Major upfront investment to gain longer term savings & benefits. CFO's want to *cut IT* spend.
- 5) The EU Code of Conduct for Energy Efficient Data Centres?

# **Business Challenges**

- Transformation is disruptive and <u>not</u> entirely without risk!
- Green technologies around Data Centre physical design are costly.
- Major upfront investment to gain longer term savings & benefits.
- The old car analogy... keep fixing or walk away?

# Green considerations



# **Green – high level**

## Green is not just the physical data centres!!

- Green is about a total view of IT Assets, Applications, Services
   & the physical Data Center(s)
- A Data Centre by nature is <u>not</u> green!
- Power consumption will continue to rise as business grows
- The key is to be as CO2 neutral, as possible.
- A paradigm shift from distributed to more centralised incl the PC itself (Network aware apps & Saas).

# Challenges with attempting Green

### Power & Heat load trending up

- 2000 Servers consumed 1.5kW per rack
- 2005 Servers consumed 4.5kW per rack
- Today Servers consume 14.7kW per rack

Note: Based on 42U rack with and ~350W max per server

#### **Tier III & IV Data Centres**

- Add more redundant Data Centre resilience (UPS, Gensets, Cooling)
- Negatively affects your PUE

# **Early Adopters Program**

**New Production DC** 

**Testbed** 

MTV5 and DRT

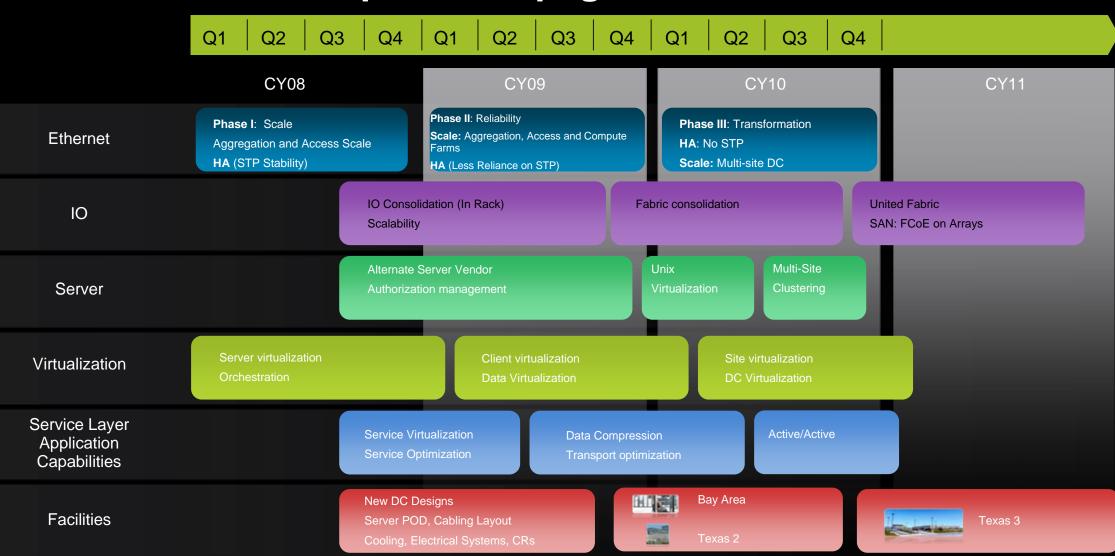


An Opportunity for IT to be "Cisco's First and Best Customer" on new leading edge technologies

# Early Adopters Program

- Vision Roadmap
  - Six tracks
  - Key transformation areas
- Enablers
  - Nexus product deployments
  - Virtualisation and Storage evolution
  - Early Adopter Pod (EAP)
  - Case study comparison on Nexus and Cat6 designs

# DC Evolution – plan on a page



## **New Product Portfolio for Data Center 3.0**





Nexus 7000 Modular Switching System

Nexus Rack Switch (future)

Nexus Blade Switch (future)

# **Ethernet Networking**



Catalyst <sup>®</sup> 6500 Series Catalyst 4900M Top-of-Rack

Cataly Server Swi' NEW

#### Storage Networking



MDS 9500 Storage Directors

SSM

MDS Fabric Switches
Blade Switches

# **Application Network Services**



ACE Application Delivery – Module and Appliance

Wide-Area Application Services

**NEW** 

ACE XML Gateway tering



SFS 7000 Infiniband Switch

SFS 3000 Infiniband Gateway

Data Center Security



Firewall Services
Module

**Data Center Provisioning** 

VFrame Server/Service Provisioning System

**Data Center Management** 

Data Center Network Manager

Topology Visualisation approvisioning

NEW

NM- Advanced L4-7 Services Module nagement



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