

# **Cisco Unified JTAPI Alarms and Services**

The Cisco Unified JTAPI alarms and services consists of a set of classes and interfaces that expose the additional functionality not readily exposed in JTAPI 1.2 specification but are available in Cisco Unified Communications Manager. Developers can use the classes and interfaces to create new applications or modify existing classes and interfaces to create new methods.

This chapter describes the alarms and services that are available for implementation in a Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

For information about Cisco Unified JTAPI extensions, see Cisco Unified JTAPI Extensions

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# **Alarm Class Hierarchy**

The following class hierarchy is contained in the com.cisco.services.alarm package.

# AlarmManager

The AlarmManager is used to create Alarm objects. The AlarmManager is created with a facility and AlarmService hostname and port. All alarms created by the factory will be associated with this facility. This class also maintains a reference to a single AlarmWriter that can be used system wide. An application can make use of this AlarmWriter. AlarmManager exposes a default implementation of an AlarmWriter. Applications can override this with a user defined implementation of their own AlarmWriter.

#### Usage

AlarmManager AlarmManager = new AlarmManager(facilityName, alarmServiceHost, alarmServicePort, debugTrace, errorTrace);

Alarms are created by the factory by supplying the alarmName (mnemonic), subfacility and severity Alarms can be cached for use in different parts of the application. During a send alarm applications can specify the variable parameters that offer specific information to the AlarmService.

### Usage

Typically applications will maintain their own AlarmManager instance. Applications will also have to set a debug and error trace to enable the alarm tracing to also be sent to the existing trace destinations.

Setup the manager and writer classes:

AlarmWriter alarmWriter = new DefaultAlarmWriter(port, alarmServiceHost);

AlarmManager alarmManager = new AlarmManager("AA\_IVR", alarmWriter, debugTrace, errorTrace);

Generating the Alarms:

create an alarm for the subfacility and a default severity.

Alarm alarm = alarmManager.createAlarm("HTTPSS", Alarm.INFORMATIONAL);

alarm.send("090T") sends the alarm with the mnemonic

alarm.send("090T", "Port is stuck", "CTIPort01") or with a mnemonic and parameter

## **Declaration**

public class AlarmManager

```
java.lang.Object
```

+--com.cisco.services.alarm.AlarmManager

```
Note
```

More than one parameter can be sent by specifying a ParameterList

Member summary	
Constructors	
	AlarmManager(String, AlarmWriter, Trace, UnconditionalTrace), on page 3
	Create an instance of the AlarmManager for the facility.
Methods	
Alarm	createAlarm(String, int), on page 4
	Creates an Alarm of required severity for the subFacility
AlarmWriter	getAlarmWriter(), on page 4
void	setAlarmWriter(AlarmWriter), on page 4
	Allows applications to override the AlarmWriter to be used by this AlarmManager, with a user defined AlarmWriter

Inherited member summary
Methods inherited from class Object
<pre>clone(), equals(Object), finalize(), getClass(), hashCode(), notify(), notifyAll(), toString(), wait(), wait() wait()</pre>

# Constructors

AlarmManager(String, AlarmWriter, Trace, UnconditionalTrace)

```
public AlarmManager (java.lang.String facility,
  com.cisco.services.alarm.AlarmWriterwriter,
   com.cisco.services.tracing.TracedebugTrace_,
   com.cisco.services.tracing.UnconditionalTraceerrorTrace_)
```

Create an instance of the AlarmManager for the facility. Applications specify an AlarmWriter to be used by this AlarmManager to send the AlarmS to the AlarmService.

## **Methods**

### createAlarm(String, int)

```
public com.cisco.services.alarm.Alarm createAlarm
  (java.lang.String subfacility, intseverity)
```

Creates an Alarm of required severity for the subFacility

Returns:

an object implementing the alarm interface

### getAlarmWriter()

public com.cisco.services.alarm.AlarmWriter getAlarmWriter()

Returns:

an AlarmWriter object

#### setAlarmWriter(AlarmWriter)

public void **setAlarmWriter** (com.cisco.services.alarm.AlarmWriter writer)

Allows applications to override the AlarmWriter to be used by this AlarmManager, with a user defined AlarmWriter

# AlarmWriter

An AlarmWriter receives alarm messages and transmits it to the receiving AlarmService on a TCP link. This interface can be used to implement other AlarmWriters to be used with this implementation of com.cisco.service.alarm A DefaultAlarmWriter is provided with this implementation and can be obtained from the AlarmManager.

## **Declaration**

public interface AlarmWriter

### All Known Implementing Classes

DefaultAlarmWriter, on page 8

Member summary	
Methods	
void close(), on page 5	
	close the AlarmWriter

Member summary	
java.lang.String	getDescription(), on page 5
boolean	getEnabled(), on page 5
java.lang.String	getName(), on page 5
void	send(String), on page 5
	Send out the alarm message to the AlarmService.
void	setEnabled(boolean), on page 6
	Enable or disable the AlarmWriter

## **Methods**

### close()

public void **close**() close the AlarmWriter

### getDescription()

public java.lang.String getDescription()
Returns:

the AlarmWriter description

### getEnabled()

public boolean getEnabled()

Returns:

the current enabled or disabled state of the AlarmWriter

### getName()

public java.lang.String getName()

Returns:

the AlarmWriter name

### send(String)

public void send(java.lang.String alarmMessage)

Send out the alarm message to the AlarmService.

Parameters:

the - Alarm to be sent

### setEnabled(boolean)

public void **setEnabled** (boolean enable) Enable or disable the AlarmWriter Parameters: enable or disable the AlarmWriter

# DefaultAlarm

An Implementation of the Alarm interface. The AlarmManager creates these Alarms when the createAlarm() method is called.

# **Declaration**

public class DefaultAlarm implements Alarm, on page 14
java.lang.Object
|
+--com.cisco.services.alarm.DefaultAlarm

# **All Implemented Interfaces**

Alarm, on page 14

Member summary	
Constructors	
	DefaultAlarm(String, String, int, AlarmWriter), on page 7
Methods	
java.lang.String	getFacility(), on page 7
int	getSeverity(), on page 7
java.lang.String	getSubFacility(), on page 7
void	send(String), on page 7
	Send the alarm with the specified mnemonic
void	send(String, ParameterList), on page 8
	Send the alarm with the specified name and list of parameters.
void	send(String, String), on page 8
	Send the alarm with the specified name and parameter

### Inherited member summary

Fields inherited from interface Alarm, on page 14

```
ALERTS, on page 17, CRITICAL, on page 17, DEBUGGING, on page 17, EMERGENCIES, on page 17, ERROR, on page 17, HIGHEST_LEVEL, on page 17, INFORMATIONAL, on page 18, LOWEST_LEVEL, on page 18, NOTIFICATION, on page 18, NO_SEVERITY, on page 18, UNKNOWN_MNEMONIC, on page 18, WARNING, on page 18
```

Methods inherited from class Object

clone(), equals(Object), finalize(), getClass(), hashCode(), notify(), notifyAll(), toString(), wait(), wait(), wait()

## Constructors

#### DefaultAlarm(String, String, int, AlarmWriter)

```
public DefaultAlarm(java.lang.String facility,
    java.lang.StringsubFacility,
    intseverity,
    com.cisco.services.alarm.AlarmWriteralarmWriter)
```

## **Methods**

### getFacility()

```
public java.lang.String getFacility()
Specified By:
```

### getFacility(), on page 18 in interface Alarm, on page 14

### getSeverity()

public int getSeverity()
Specified By:
getSeverity(), on page 18 in interface Alarm, on page 14

### getSubFacility()

public java.lang.String getSubFacility()
Specified By:
getSubFacility(), on page 19 in interface Alarm, on page 14

### send(String)

```
public void send(java.lang.String mnemonic)
Send the alarm with the specified mnemonic
Specified By:
send(String), on page 19 in interface Alarm, on page 14
```

### send(String, ParameterList)

Send the alarm with the specified name and list of parameters.

Specified By:

send(String, ParameterList), on page 19 in interface Alarm, on page 14

### send(String, String, String)

```
public void send(java.lang.String mnemonic,
    java.lang.StringparamName,
    java.lang.StringparamValue)
```

Send the alarm with the specified name and parameter

Specified By:

send(String, String, String), on page 19 in interface Alarm, on page 14

# **DefaultAlarmWriter**

DefaultAlarmWriter implementation of the AlarmWriter interface.

DefaultAlarmWriter maintains a queue of a fixed size to which the alarms are written. The sending of the alarms to the alarm service takes place on a separate thread. The queue is fixed size.

### **Declaration**

public class DefaultAlarmWriter implements AlarmWriter, on page 4
java.lang.Object
|
+--com.cisco.services.alarm.DefaultAlarmWriter

### All Implemented Interfaces

AlarmWriter, on page 4

Member summary	
Constructors	
	DefaultAlarmWriter(int, String), on page 9
	Constructor for the DefaultAlarmWriter which takes the AlarmService hostname, port and a queue size of fifty (50).

Member summary	
	DefaultAlarmWriter(int, String, int), on page 10 Constructor for the DefaultAlarmWriter which takes the AlarmService hostname, port and queue size.
	DefaultAlarmWriter(int, String, int, ConditionalTrace, UnconditionalTrace), on page 10
	Constructor for the DefaultAlarmWriter which takes the AlarmService hostname, port and queue size.
Methods	
void	close(), on page 10

void	close(), on page 10
	Shutdown the send thread and close the socket
java.lang.String	getDescription(), on page 11
boolean	getEnabled(), on page 11
java.lang.String	getName(), on page 11
static void	main(String[]), on page 11
void	send(String), on page 11
	send the Alarm to the alarm service
void	setEnabled(boolean), on page 11
	Applications can dynamically enable or disable the AlarmWriter

### Inherited member summary

Methods inherited from class Object

clone(), equals(Object), finalize(), getClass(), hashCode(), notify(), notifyAll(), toString(), wait(), wait(), wait()

## Constructors

### DefaultAlarmWriter(int, String)

public DefaultAlarmWriter(int port, java.lang.StringalarmServiceName) throwsUnknownHostException

Constructor for the DefaultAlarmWriter which takes the AlarmService hostname, port and a queue size of fifty (50). The AlarmService is listening on this port for Alarm messages.

Parameters:

port: port on which the alarm service is listening

alarmServiceName: The host name of the machine with the Alarm service

Throws:

java.net.UnknownHostException

### DefaultAlarmWriter(int, String, int)

```
public DefaultAlarmWriter(int port,
    java.lang.StringalarmServiceName,
    intqueueSize) throwsUnknownHostException
```

Constructor for the DefaultAlarmWriter which takes the AlarmService hostname, port and queue size. The AlarmService is listening on this port for Alarm messages.

Parameters:

port-port on which the alarm service is listening

alarmServiceName-The host name of the machine with the Alarm service

queueSize - the size of the queue to be maintained in the alarm writer

Throws:

java.net.UnknownHostException

### DefaultAlarmWriter(int, String, int, ConditionalTrace, UnconditionalTrace)

```
public DefaultAlarmWriter(int port,
    java.lang.StringalarmServiceName,
    intqueueSize,
    com.cisco.services.tracing.ConditionalTracedebugTrace_,
    com.cisco.services.tracing.UnconditionalTraceerrorTrace ) throwsUnknownHostException
```

Constructor for the DefaultAlarmWriter which takes the AlarmService hostname, port and queue size. The AlarmService is listening on this port for Alarm messages.

Parameters:

port-port on which the alarm service is listening

alarmServiceName-The host name of the machine with the Alarm service

queueSize - the size of the queue to be maintained in the alarm writer

Throws:

java.net.UnknownHostException

## Methods

### close()

public void close()
Shutdown the send thread and close the socket
Specified By:
close in interface AlarmWriter, on page 4

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### getDescription()

public java.lang.String getDescription()
Specified By:
getDescription in interface AlarmWriter, on page 4
Returns:
a short description of the AlarmWriter

### getEnabled()

public boolean getEnabled()

Specified By:

getEnabled in interface AlarmWriter, on page 4

Returns:

the enabled state of the AlarmWriter

### getName()

public java.lang.String getName()
Specified By:
getName in interface AlarmWriter, on page 4
Returns:
the name of the AlarmWriter

### main(String[])

public static void main (java.lang.String[] args)

### send(String)

public void send(java.lang.String alarmMessage)
send the Alarm to the alarm service
Specified By:
send in interface AlarmWriter, on page 4

### setEnabled(boolean)

public void **setEnabled**(boolean enable) Applications can dynamically enable or disable the AlarmWriter Specified By: setEnabled in interface AlarmWriter, on page 4

# **ParameterList**

ParameterList is a list of name value pairs that is used to send additional (and optional) user defined parameters to the AlarmService. These parameters can contain the specifics of an Alarm.

As an example, a LowResourceAlarm can have a parameter that informs the service which particular resource is low:

name = "CPUUsage"

value = "0.9"

These parameters are user definable but must, however, also be pre-defined in the AlarmService catalog.

# **Declaration**

public class ParameterList
java.lang.Object
|
+--com.cisco.services.alarm.ParameterList

Member summary	
Constructors	
	ParameterList(), on page 13
	Default constructor for the ParameterList
	ParameterList(String, String), on page 13
	Constructor that takes a name value pair.
Methods	
void addParameter(String, String), on page 13	addParameter(String, String), on page 13
	method used to add additional name value pairs (parameters) to the list
java.lang.String[]	getParameterNames(), on page 13
	Get the parameter names in the list
java.lang.String	getParameterValue(String), on page 13
	get the value for a parameter
void	removeAllParameters(), on page 14
	remove all the parameters in the list

L

Member summary	
void	removeParameter(String), on page 14
	remove a particular parameter if it is in the list
java.lang.String	toString(), on page 14

### Inherited member summary

Methods inherited from class Object

clone(), equals(Object), finalize(), getClass(), hashCode(), notify(), notifyAll(), wait(), wait(), wait()

## **Constructors**

### ParameterList()

public ParameterList()

Default constructor for the ParameterList

### ParameterList(String, String)

```
public ParameterList(java.lang.String name,
    java.lang.Stringvalue)
```

Constructor that takes a name value pair.

### **Methods**

### addParameter(String, String)

```
public void addParameter(java.lang.String name,
    java.lang.Stringvalue)
```

method used to add additional name value pairs (parameters) to the list

### getParameterNames()

public java.lang.String[] getParameterNames()

Get the parameter names in the list

Returns:

array of parameters

### getParameterValue(String)

public java.lang.String getParameterValue(java.lang.String parameterName)
get the value for a parameter
Returns:

value of a parameter

#### removeAllParameters()

public void **removeAllParameters**() remove all the parameters in the list

#### removeParameter(String)

public void **removeParameter** (java.lang.String parameterName) remove a particular parameter if it is in the list

### toString()

public java.lang.String toString()
Overrides:
toString in class Object

# **Alarm Interface Hierarchy**

The following interface hierarchy is contained in the com.cisco.services.alarm package.

```
com.cisco.services.alarm.Alarm, on page 14
```

com.cisco.services.alarm.AlarmWriter, on page 19

# Alarm

The Alarm interface is used to define Alarms in. An Alarm has an XML representation that it must adhere to in order to be recognized by the Alarm Service, with a DTD as shown below. An application can implement this interface or use the AlarmFactory to generate Alarms of the correct format. The Alarm is the a specification that needs to be sent to an AlarmService that will take some action based on the Alarm. Using this specification the AlarmService will access definitions available in a catalog. This catalog is maintained by the user requiring the Alarm function to effect the appropriate action for the Alarm. The severity specified the Alarm can over-ride the severity associated with this Alarm in the catalog. If no severity is specified in the Alarm the catalog severity is used.

Alarm severities are derived from Syslog and are defined as follows:

- 0 = EMERGENCIES System unusable
- 1 = ALERTS Immediate action needed
- 2 = CRITICAL Critical conditions
- 3 = ERROR Error conditions
- 4 = WARNING Warning conditions
- 5 = NOTIFICATION Normal but significant condition

- 6 = INFORMATIONAL Informational messages only
- 7 = DEBUGGING Debugging messages

## **Declaration**

public interface Alarm

# **All Known Implementing Classes**

DefaultAlarm, on page 6

Member summary	
Fields	
static int	ALERTS, on page 17
	The application will continue working on the tasks but all functions may not be operational (one or more devices in the list are not accessible but others in the list can be accessed)
	Syslog severity level = 1
static int	CRITICAL, on page 17
	A critical failure, the application cannot accomplish the tasks required due to this failure, for example, the application cannot open the database to read the device list
	Syslog severity level = 2
static int	DEBUGGING, on page 17
	Very detailed information regarding errors or processing status that is only generated when DEBUG mode has been enabled
	Syslog severity level = 7
static int	EMERGENCIES, on page 17
	Emergency situation, a system shutdown is necessary
	Syslog severity level $= 0$
static int	ERROR, on page 17
	An error condition of some kind has occurred and the user needs to understand the nature of that failure
	Syslog severity level = 3

Member summary	
static int	HIGHEST_LEVEL, on page 17
	The highest trace level, currently this is DEBUGGING with a trace level of 7
static int	INFORMATIONAL, on page 18
	Information of some form not relating to errors, warnings, audit, or debug
	Syslog severity level = 6
static int	LOWEST_LEVEL, on page 18
	The lowest trace level, currently this is EMERGENCIES with a trace level of 0
static int	NO_SEVERITY, on page 18
	Applications can set this level to generate Alarms without a severity.
static int	NOTIFICATION, on page 18
	Notification denotes a normal but significant condition
	Syslog severity level = 5
static java.lang.String	UNKNOWN_MNEMONIC, on page 18
	String used when a mnemonic is not specified during an Alarm send
static int	WARNING, on page 18
	Warning that a problem of some form exists but is not keeping the application from completing its tasks
	Syslog severity level = 4
Methods	
java.lang.String	getFacility(), on page 18
int	getSeverity(), on page 18
java.lang.String	getSubFacility(), on page 19
void	send(String), on page 19
	send the Alarm with the specified mnemonic.
void	send(String, ParameterList), on page 19
	send an Alarm with the specified mnemonic and supplied parameter list

Member summary	
void	send(String, String), on page 19
	send an Alarm with the specified mnemonic and with one parameter

# **Fields**

### ALERTS

public static final int ALERTS

The application will continue working on the tasks but all functions may not be operational (one or more devices in the list are not accessible but others in the list can be accessed)

Syslog severity level = 1

### CRITICAL

public static final int CRITICAL

A critical failure, the application cannot accomplish the tasks required due to this failure, for example, the application cannot open the database to read the device list

Syslog severity level = 2

### DEBUGGING

public static final int **DEBUGGING** 

Very detailed information regarding errors or processing status that is only generated when DEBUG mode has been enabled (Syslog severity level = 7).

### **EMERGENCIES**

public static final int **EMERGENCIES** 

Emergency situation, a system shutdown is necessary

Syslog severity level = 0

### ERROR

public static final int **ERROR** 

An error condition of some kind has occurred and the user needs to understand the nature of that failure

Syslog severity level = 3

### **HIGHEST\_LEVEL**

public static final int **HIGHEST\_LEVEL** 

The highest trace level, currently this is DEBUGGING with a trace level of 7

### INFORMATIONAL

public static final int **INFORMATIONAL** Information of some form not relating to errors, warnings, audit, or debug Syslog severity level = 6

### LOWEST\_LEVEL

public static final int LOWEST\_LEVEL

The lowest trace level, currently this is EMERGENCIES with a trace level of 0

### **NO\_SEVERITY**

public static final int **NO\_SEVERITY** 

Applications can set this level to generate Alarms without a severity. NOTE: This is only intended for cases where an application wants the AlarmService to use the severity associated with the Alarm in the catalog

#### NOTIFICATION

public static final int NOTIFICATION

Notification denotes a normal but significant condition (Syslog severity level = 5).

### UNKNOWN\_MNEMONIC

public static final java.lang.String UNKNOWN\_MNEMONIC

String used when a mnemonic is not specified during an Alarm send

### WARNING

public static final int WARNING

Warning that a problem of some form exists but is not keeping the application from completing its tasks (Syslog severity level = 4).

## **Methods**

### getFacility()

public java.lang.String getFacility()

Returns:

the facility name of this Alarm

### getSeverity()

public int getSeverity()

Returns:

severity of the alarm, an integer in the range [0-7]

### getSubFacility()

public java.lang.String getSubFacility()

Returns:

the subfacility of this Alarm

### send(String)

public void send(java.lang.String mnemonic)

send the Alarm with the specified mnemonic. If a null or empty String is passed a mnemonic UNK is sent

### send(String, ParameterList)

send an Alarm with the specified mnemonic and supplied parameter list

### send(String, String, String)

```
public void send(java.lang.String mnemonic,
    java.lang.StringparameterName,
    java.lang.StringparameterValue)
```

send an Alarm with the specified mnemonic and with one parameter.

# AlarmWriter

An AlarmWriter receives alarm messages and transmits it to the receiving AlarmService on a TCP link. This interface can be used to implement other AlarmWriters to be used with this implementation of com.cisco.service.alarm A DefaultAlarmWriter is provided with this implementation and can be obtained from the AlarmManager.

## **Declaration**

public interface AlarmWriter

## **All Known Implementing Classes**

DefaultAlarmWriter, on page 8

Member summary	
Methods	
void	close(), on page 5
	close the AlarmWriter

Member summary	
java.lang.String	getDescription(), on page 5
boolean	getEnabled(), on page 5
java.lang.String	getName(), on page 5
void	send(String), on page 5
	Send out the alarm message to the AlarmService.
void	setEnabled(boolean), on page 6
	Enable or disable the AlarmWriter

### Methods

### close()

public void <mark>close</mark>()

close the AlarmWriter

### getDescription()

public java.lang.String getDescription()

Returns:

the AlarmWriter description

### getEnabled()

public boolean getEnabled()

Returns:

the current enabled or disabled state of the AlarmWriter

### getName()

public java.lang.String getName()

Returns:

the AlarmWriter name

### send(String)

public void send(java.lang.String alarmMessage)

Send out the alarm message to the AlarmService.

Parameters:

the Alarm to be sent

### setEnabled(boolean)

public void **setEnabled** (boolean enable) Enable or disable the AlarmWriter Parameters: enable or disable the AlarmWriter

# **Services Tracing Class Hierarchy**

The following class hierarchy is contained in the com.cisco.services.tracing package.

# **BaseTraceWriter**

This abstract class is useful for supplying a default, non-printing TraceWriter to a TraceWriterManager This class must be extended to provide the functionality to trace to different streams. The doPrintln() method must be implemented by the extending class.

## **Declaration**

```
public abstract class BaseTraceWriter implements TraceWriter, on page 54
java.lang.Object
+--com.cisco.services.tracing.BaseTraceWriter
```

### **All Implemented Interfaces**

TraceWriter, on page 54

### **Direct Known Subclasses**

ConsoleTraceWriter, on page 25, LogFileTraceWriter, on page 27, OutputStreamTraceWriter, on page 33, SyslogTraceWriter, on page 36

# **Member Summary**

Member summary	
Constructors	
protected	BaseTraceWriter(int[], String, String), on page 23
	BaseTraceWriter with trace levels as passed in traceLevels in the array falling outside the range Trace.LOWEST_LEVEL and Trace.HIGHEST_LEVEl are ignored
protected	BaseTraceWriter(int, String, String), on page 23
	BaseTraceWriter that traces all levels up to the maxTraceLevel The trace level is maintained in the range [Trace.HIGHEST_LEVEL, Trace.LOWEST_LEVEL]
protected	BaseTraceWriter(String, String), on page 23
	BaseTraceWriter which only traces the lowest level i.e. severity level, Trace.LOWEST_LEVEL messages
Methods	
void	close(), on page 23
protected void	doClose(), on page 24
protected void	doFlush(), on page 24
protected abstract void	doPrintln(String, int), on page 24
	Must be implemented by the various TraceWriters extending BaseTraceWriter to provide the specific tracing functionality
void	flush(), on page 24
java.lang.String	getDescription(), on page 24
boolean	getEnabled(), on page 24
java.lang.String	getName(), on page 24
int[]	getTraceLevels(), on page 24
void	println(String, int), on page 25
void	setTraceLevels(int[]), on page 25
java.lang.String	toString(), on page 25

### Inherited member summary

Methods inherited from class Object

clone(), equals(Object), finalize(), getClass(), hashCode(), notify(), notifyAll(), wait(), wait(), wait()

### Constructors

### BaseTraceWriter(int[], String, String)

```
protected BaseTraceWriter (int[] traceLevels,
    java.lang.Stringname,
    java.lang.Stringdescription)
```

BaseTraceWriter with trace levels as passed in traceLevels in the array falling outside the range Trace.LOWEST\_LEVEL and Trace.HIGHEST\_LEVEl are ignored

Parameters:

traceLevels - array of trace levels

### See Also:

Trace, on page 40

### BaseTraceWriter(int, String, String)

```
protected BaseTraceWriter (int maxTraceLevel,
    java.lang.Stringname,
    java.lang.Stringdescription)
```

BaseTraceWriter that traces all levels up to the maxTraceLevel The trace level is maintained in the range [Trace.HIGHEST LEVEL, Trace.LOWEST LEVEL]

### See Also:

Trace, on page 40

### BaseTraceWriter(String, String)

```
protected BaseTraceWriter (java.lang.String name,
      java.lang.Stringdescription)
```

BaseTraceWriter which only traces the lowest level i.e. severity level, Trace.LOWEST\_LEVEL messages

### See Also:

Trace, on page 40

### Methods

### close()

public final void close()
Description copied from interface:
com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriter
Releases any resources associated by this TraceWriter.
Specified By:
close in interface TraceWriter, on page 54

### doClose()

protected void doClose()

### doFlush()

protected void **doFlush**()

### doPrintln(String, int)

Must be implemented by the various TraceWriters extending BaseTraceWriter to provide the specific tracing functionality

### flush()

public final void flush()

Description copied from interface: com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriter

Forces output of any messages that have been printed using the println method

Specified By:

flush in interface TraceWriter, on page 54

### getDescription()

public final java.lang.String getDescription()

Specified By:

getDescription in interface TraceWriter, on page 54

### getEnabled()

public boolean getEnabled()

Description copied from interface: com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriter

Returns whether the println method will print anything or not. A closed TraceWriter will always return false from this method.

Specified By:

getEnabled in interface TraceWriter, on page 54

### getName()

public final java.lang.String getName()

Specified By:

getName in interface TraceWriter, on page 54

### getTraceLevels()

public final int[] getTraceLevels()
Specified By:

getTraceLevels in interface TraceWriter, on page 54

### println(String, int)

Description copied from interface: com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriter

Prints the specified string followed by a carriage return The concrete TraceWriter class will use the severity to block out messages from a particular stream. Each trace writer has a notion of the highest level trace it traces.

Specified By:

println in interface TraceWriter, on page 54

### setTraceLevels(int[])

public final void setTraceLevels(int[] levels)

Description copied from interface: com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriter

set the trace levels that will be traced by this TraceWriter

Specified By:

setTraceLevels in interface TraceWriter, on page 54

### toString()

public final java.lang.String toString()
Overrides:
toString in class Object

# **ConsoleTraceWriter**

Supplies a console TraceWriter to trace to System.out.

### See Also:

Trace, on page 40

# **Declaration**

public final class ConsoleTraceWriter extends BaseTraceWriter java.lang.Object +--com.cisco.services.tracing.BaseTraceWriter +--com.cisco.services.tracing.ConsoleTraceWriter

# **All Implemented Interfaces**

TraceWriter, on page 54

# **Member Summary**

Member summary Constructors	
	Default constructor, traces all severity levels
	ConsoleTraceWriter(int), on page 27
	Constructor that sets the maximum level to be traced.
	ConsoleTraceWriter(int[]), on page 27
	Construct a ConsoleTraceWriter with an array of trace levels Only traces with the severity in the tracelevel array are traced
Methods	
protected void	doFlush(), on page 27
protected void	doPrintln(String, int), on page 27
static void	main(String[]), on page 27

Inherited member summary
Methods inherited from class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21
close(), on page 23, doClose(), on page 24, flush(), on page 24, getDescription(), on page 24, getEnabled(), on page 24, getName(), on page 24, getTraceLevels(), on page 24, println(String, int), on page 25, setTraceLevels(int[]), on page 25, toString(), on page 25
Methods inherited from class Object
clone(), equals(Object), finalize(), getClass(), hashCode(), notify(), notifyAll(), wait(), wait(), wait()

# Constructors

### ConsoleTraceWriter()

public ConsoleTraceWriter()

Default constructor, traces all severity levels

### ConsoleTraceWriter(int)

public ConsoleTraceWriter (int maxTraceLevel)

Constructor that sets the maximum level to be traced.

### See Also:

Trace, on page 40

#### ConsoleTraceWriter(int[])

public ConsoleTraceWriter(int[] traceLevels)

Construct a ConsoleTraceWriter with an array of trace levels Only traces with the severity in the tracelevel array are traced

Parameters:

int - [] traceLevels

### See Also:

Trace, on page 40

## **Methods**

### doFlush()

protected final void doFlush ()

Overrides:

doFlush in class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

### doPrintln(String, int)

Description copied from class: com.cisco.services.tracing.BaseTraceWriter

Must be implemented by the various TraceWriters extending BaseTraceWriter to provide the specific tracing functionality

Overrides:

doPrintln in class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

#### main(String[])

public static void main (java.lang.String[] args)

# LogFileTraceWriter

This class extends the BaseTraceWriter class to implement a TraceWriter that writes to a set of log files, rotating among them as each becomes filled to a specified capacity and stores them in a specified directory.

Each of the log files is named according to a pattern controlled by three properties, CurrentFile, FileNameBase, and FileExtension. The CurrentFile property determines which log file, by ordinal number, is being written at present, the FileNameBase property determines the prefix of each log file name, and the FileExtension property determines the suffix, e.g. "txt". From these properties, log files are named **FileNameBase LeadingZeroPadding CurrentFile.FileExtension**. The CurrentFile property takes on a value from 1 to the value of the MaxFiles property. Note that the CurrentFile property, when converted to a String, is padded with leading zeroes depending on the values of the MaxFiles and CurrentFile properties. An index file tracks the index of the last file written. If the logFileWriter is recreated (for example if an application is restarted) new files will continue from the last written index.

Where the log files are stored is determined by the path, dirNameBase, useSameDir. If a path is not specified, the current path is used as default. If a dirNameBase is not specified, it write log files in the path. Depending upon whether useSameDir is true or false, files are written to the same directory or a new directory, each time an instance of LogFileTraceWriter is created. In case new directories are being made each time, the directory name will consist of the dirNameBase and a number, separated by an '\_'. The number is one more than the greatest number associated with directories with the same dirNameBame in the path. While specifying the path, you may use either a "/" or "\\", but not "\"

The LogFileTraceWriter keeps track of how many bytes have been written to the current log file. When that number grows within approximately LogFileTraceWriter.ROLLOVER\_THRESHOLD bytes, tracing continues to the next file, which is either CurrentFile + 1 if CurrentFile is not equal to MaxFiles, or 1 if CurrentFile is equal to MaxFiles.

Note

All properties of this class are specified in the constructor; there is no way to change them dynamically. **Caveat:** If two instances of LogFileTraceWriter are created with the same path and dirNameBase, and useSameDir is true, they may write to the same file.

### Example

The following code instantiates a LogFileTraceWriter that will create log files called "MyLog01.log" through "MyLog12.log". Each file will grow to approximately 100K bytes in size before the next file is created:

LogFileTraceWriter out = new LogFileTraceWriter ( "MyLog", "log", 12, 100 \* 1024 ); will create a log file TraceWriter which will rotate traces to 12 files from Mylog01.log and Mylog12.log with a file size of 100 KBytes. By default the tracing is set to the HIGHEST\_LEVEL.

The following code constructs a LogFileTraceWriter which stores the log files in the path "c:/LogFiles" in a sub directory, "Run". The files will be named MyLogXX.log. The number of rotating files will be 12 with a size of 100 KB. The same directory gets used for each instance of the application.

LogFileTraceWriter out = new LogFileTraceWriter ("c:/logFiles", "Run", "MyLog", "log", 12, 100\*1024, true);

### See Also

Trace, on page 40

# **Declaration**

```
public final class LogFileTraceWriter extends BaseTraceWriter, on page 21
java.lang.Object
+--com.cisco.services.tracing.BaseTraceWriter
+--com.cisco.services.tracing.LogFileTraceWriter
```

# **All Implemented Interfaces**

TraceWriter, on page 54

Member summary	
Fields	
static java.lang.String	DEFAULT_FILE_NAME_BASE, on page 30
static java.lang.String	DEFAULT_FILE_NAME_EXTENSION, on page 31
static char	DIR_BASE_NAME_NUM_SEPERATOR, on page 31
static int	MIN_FILE_SIZE, on page 31
static int	MIN_FILES, on page 31
static int	ROLLOVER_THRESHOLD, on page 31
Constructors	
	LogFileTraceWriter(String, String, int, int), on page 31
	Default constructor for LogFileTraceWriter that rotates among an arbitrary number of files with tracing for all levels.
	LogFileTraceWriter(String, String, String, String, int, int, boolean), on page 31
	Default constructor for LogFileTraceWriter that rotates among an arbitrary number of files with tracing for all levels.
	LogFileTraceWriter(String, String, String, String, int, int, int, boolean), on page 31
	Constructs a LogFileTraceWriter that rotates among an arbitrary number of files storing them in a specified directory.
Methods	
protected void	doClose(), on page 32
	Closes this OutputStream.

Member summary	
protected void	doFlush(), on page 32
protected void	doPrintln(String, int), on page 32
int	getCurrentFile(), on page 32
	Returns the CurrentFile property
java.lang.String	getFileExtension(), on page 32
	Returns the FileExtension property
java.lang.String	getFileNameBase(), on page 33
	Returns the FileNameBase property
java.lang.String	getHeader(), on page 33
	Get the header string that will be written at the beginning of each log file.
int	getMaxFiles(), on page 33
	Returns the MaxFiles property
int	getMaxFileSize(), on page 33
	Returns the MaxFileSize property
void	setHeader(String), on page 33
	Set the constant header string that will be written at the beginning of every file, trace writing continues from the next line after the header is written.

### Inherited member summary

Methods inherited from class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

close(), on page 23, doClose(), on page 24, flush(), on page 24, getDescription(), on page 24, getEnabled(), on page 24, getName(), on page 24, getTraceLevels(), on page 24, println(String, int), on page 25, setTraceLevels(int[]), on page 25, toString(), on page 25

Methods inherited from class Object

clone(), equals(Object), finalize(), getClass(), hashCode(), notify(), notifyAll(), wait(), wait(), wait()

## **Fields**

### DEFAULT\_FILE\_NAME\_BASE

public static final java.lang.String DEFAULT\_FILE\_NAME\_BASE

### DEFAULT\_FILE\_NAME\_EXTENSION

public static final java.lang.String DEFAULT\_FILE\_NAME\_EXTENSION

### DIR\_BASE\_NAME\_NUM\_SEPERATOR

public static final char DIR BASE NAME NUM SEPERATOR

### MIN\_FILE\_SIZE

public static final int MIN\_FILE\_SIZE

### MIN\_FILES

public static final int MIN FILES

#### **ROLLOVER\_THRESHOLD**

public static final int ROLLOVER THRESHOLD

### Constructors

#### LogFileTraceWriter(String, String, int, int)

```
public LogFileTraceWriter(java.lang.String fileNameBase,
    java.lang.StringfileNameExtension,
    intmaxFiles,
    intmaxFileSize) throwsIOException
```

Default constructor for LogFileTraceWriter that rotates among an arbitrary number of files with tracing for all levels. Since a path and Directory Base name is not specified, it writes the files to the current directory without any sub directories.

Throws:

java.io.IOException

### LogFileTraceWriter(String, String, String, String, int, int, boolean)

```
public LogFileTraceWriter (java.lang.String path,
    java.lang.StringdirNameBase,
    java.lang.StringfileNameEase,
    java.lang.StringfileNameExtension,
    intmaxFiles,
    intmaxFileSize,
    booleanuseSameDir) throwsIOException
```

Default constructor for LogFileTraceWriter that rotates among an arbitrary number of files with tracing for all levels.

Throws:

java.io.IOException

### LogFileTraceWriter(String, String, String, String, int, int, int, boolean)

```
public LogFileTraceWriter (java.lang.String path,
    java.lang.StringdirNameBase,
    java.lang.StringfileNameBase,
```

```
java.lang.StringfileNameExtension,
intmaxFiles,
intmaxFileSize,
intmaxTraceLevel,
booleanuseSameDir) throwsIOException
```

Constructs a LogFileTraceWriter that rotates among an arbitrary number of files storing them in a specified directory.

Throws:

java.io.IOException

## **Methods**

### doClose()

```
protected void doClose()
```

Closes this OutputStream. Any log file that is currently open will be closed as well.

Overrides:

doClose in class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

### doFlush()

protected void **doFlush**()

Overrides:

doFlush in class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

### doPrintln(String, int)

Description copied from class: com.cisco.services.tracing.BaseTraceWriter

Must be implemented by the various TraceWriters extending BaseTraceWriter to provide the specific tracing functionality

Overrides:

doPrintln in class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

### getCurrentFile()

public int getCurrentFile()

Returns:

the CurrentFile property

#### getFileExtension()

public java.lang.String getFileExtension()

Returns:

the FileExtension property

### getFileNameBase()

```
public java.lang.String getFileNameBase()
```

Returns:

the FileNameBase property

### getHeader()

public java.lang.String getHeader()

Get the header string that will be written at the beginning of each log file.

Returns:

the Header Property

### getMaxFiles()

public int getMaxFiles()

Returns:

the MaxFiles property

### getMaxFileSize()

public int getMaxFileSize()
Returns:

the MaxFileSize property

### setHeader(String)

public void setHeader(java.lang.String header)

Set the constant header string that will be written at the beginning of every file, trace writing continues from the next line after the header is written. If setHeader is called after a file output has started, it will take effect from the next file to be written.

Usage:

```
tm = TraceManagerFactory.registerModule(this);
tw = newLogFileTraceWriter("trace", "log", 10, 1024*1024);
tw.setHeader(header);
tm.getTraceWriterManager().addTraceWriter(tw);
```

# **OutputStreamTraceWriter**

OutputStreamTraceWriter wraps an output stream in a TraceWriter. This simplifies adding custom tracing classes that can co-exist with other TraceWriters.

## **Declaration**

```
public final class OutputStreamTraceWriter extends BaseTraceWriter, on page 21
java.lang.Object
+--com.cisco.services.tracing.BaseTraceWriter
+--com.cisco.services.tracing.OutputStreamTraceWriter
```

# **All Implemented Interfaces**

TraceWriter, on page 54

### **Member Summary**

Member summary Constructors	
	OutputStreamTraceWriter(int, OutputStream, boolean), on page 35 Create an OutputStreamTraceWriter
Methods	
protected void	doClose(), on page 35
protected void	doFlush(), on page 35
protected void	doPrintln(String, int), on page 35
java.io.OutputStream	getOutputStream(), on page 36

### Inherited member summary

Methods inherited from class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

close(), on page 23, doClose(), on page 24, flush(), on page 24, getDescription(), on page 24, getEnabled(), on page 24, getName(), on page 24, getTraceLevels(), on page 24, println(String, int), on page 25, setTraceLevels(int[]), on page 25, toString(), on page 25

Methods inherited from class Object

clone(), equals(Object), finalize(), getClass(), hashCode(), notify(), notifyAll(), wait(), wait(), wait()

### Constructors

### OutputStreamTraceWriter(int, OutputStream)

```
public OutputStreamTraceWriter(int maxTraceLevel,
    java.io.OutputStreamoutputStream)
```

Default constructor which is auto-flushing

### See Also:

Trace, on page 40

### OutputStreamTraceWriter(int, OutputStream, boolean)

```
public OutputStreamTraceWriter(int maxTraceLevel,
    java.io.OutputStreamoutputStream,
    booleanautoFlush)
```

Create an OutputStreamTraceWriter

### See Also:

Trace, on page 40

## **Methods**

### doClose()

protected void **doClose**()

Overrides:

doClose in class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

### doFlush()

protected void **doFlush**()

### Overrides:

doFlush in class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

### doPrintln(String, int)

protected void doPrintln(java.lang.String message, intmessageNumber)

Description copied from class: com.cisco.services.tracing.BaseTraceWriter

Must be implemented by the various TraceWriters extending BaseTraceWriter to provide the specific tracing functionality

Overrides:

doPrintln in class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

### getOutputStream()

public java.io.OutputStream getOutputStream()

Returns:

the output stream associated with the TraceWriter

# **SyslogTraceWriter**

SyslogTraceWriter refines the BaseTraceWriter to allow tracing to syslog. Cisco syslog specification calls for sending low level traces to a syslog collector in the form of UDP messages. No buffering is done in this TraceWriter. The SyslogTraceWriter makes an exception to the println() method in that it places a '\0' instead of a System specified line separator to terminate the message packet.

## **Declaration**

```
public final class SyslogTraceWriter extends BaseTraceWriter, on page 21
java.lang.Object
+--com.cisco.services.tracing.BaseTraceWriter
+--com.cisco.services.tracing.SyslogTraceWriter
```

## **All Implemented Interfaces**

TraceWriter, on page 54

Member summary	
Constructors	
	SyslogTraceWriter(int, String), on page 37
	Default SyslogTraceWriter with a max trace level of INFORMATIONAL
	SyslogTraceWriter(int, String, int), on page 37
	SyslogTraceWriter with max trace level specified
	SyslogTraceWriter(int, String, int[]), on page 37
	SyslogTraceWriter which takes an array of trace levels.
Methods	1
void	doClose(), on page 38
	Closes the socket

L

Member summary	
protected void	doPrintln(String, int), on page 38
	The SyslogTraceWriter makes an exception to the println() method in that it places a '\0' instead of a System specified line separator to terminate the message packet.
static void	main(String[]), on page 38

#### Inherited member summary

Methods inherited from class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

close(), on page 23, doClose(), on page 24, flush(), on page 24, getDescription(), on page 24, getEnabled(), on page 24, getName(), on page 24, getTraceLevels(), on page 24, println(String, int), on page 25, setTraceLevels(int[]), on page 25, toString(), on page 25

Methods inherited from class Object

clone(), equals(Object), finalize(), getClass(), hashCode(), notify(), notifyAll(), wait(), wait(), wait()

# Constructors

### SyslogTraceWriter(int, String)

```
public SyslogTraceWriter(int port,
      java.lang.Stringcollector)
```

Default SyslogTraceWriter with a max trace level of INFORMATIONAL

#### See Also:

Trace, on page 40

#### SyslogTraceWriter(int, String, int)

```
public SyslogTraceWriter(int port,
    java.lang.Stringcollector,
    intmaxTraceLevel)
```

SyslogTraceWriter with max trace level specified

### See Also:

Trace, on page 40

#### SyslogTraceWriter(int, String, int[])

```
public SyslogTraceWriter(int port,
    java.lang.Stringcollector,
    int[]traceLevels)
```

SyslogTraceWriter which takes an array of trace levels.

### See Also:

Trace, on page 40

# **Methods**

### doClose()

public void doClose()

Closes the socket

Overrides:

doClose in class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

## doPrintln(String, int)

The syslogTraceWriter makes an exception to the println() method in that it places a '\0' instead of a System specified line separator to terminate the message packet. The portion of the message after a '\r' or '\n' is ignored

Overrides:

doPrintln in class BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

#### main(String[])

public static void main (java.lang.String[] args)

# **TraceManagerFactory**

The TraceManagerFactory class is a class by which applications obtain a TraceManager object. The TraceModule passed in the constructor is registered in a list. The list can be enumerated using the getModules() method.

# Declaration

public class TraceManagerFactory
java.lang.Object
|
+--com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceManagerFactory

# **Member Summary**

Member summary	
Methods	

L

Member summary	
static java.util.Enumeration	getModules(), on page 39
	Returns an enumeration of the TraceModules registered with this factory.
static TraceManager	registerModule(TraceModule), on page 39
	Returns an instance of a TraceManager object.
static TraceManager	registerModule(TraceModule, String[], TraceWriterManager), on page 39
	Returns an instance of a TraceManager object.
static TraceManager	registerModule(TraceModule, TraceWriterManager), on page 40
	Returns an instance of a TraceManager object.

#### Inherited member summary

Methods inherited from class Object

clone(), equals(Object), finalize(), getClass(), hashCode(), notify(), notifyAll(), toString(), wait(), wait(), wait()

# **Methods**

### getModules()

public static java.util.Enumeration getModules()

Returns an enumeration of the TraceModules registered with this factory.

#### registerModule(TraceModule)

public static com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceManager
 registerModule (com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceModule module)

Returns an instance of a TraceManager object. The contained TraceWriterManager will not have any default TraceWriters.

### registerModule(TraceModule, String[], TraceWriterManager)

```
public static com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceManager
    registerModule(com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceModule module,
    java.lang.String[]subFacilities,
    com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriterManagertraceWriterManager)
```

Returns an instance of a TraceManager object. Trace output will be redirected to the TraceWriterManager object specified.

#### registerModule(TraceModule, TraceWriterManager)

```
public static com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceManager
    registerModule(com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceModule module,
    com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriterManagertraceWriterManager)
```

Returns an instance of a TraceManager object. Trace output will be redirected to the TraceWriterManager object specified.

# **Services Tracing Interface Hierarchy**

The following interface hierarchy is contained in the com.cisco.services.tracing package.

```
com.cisco.services.tracing.Trace, on page 40
  com.cisco.services.tracing.ConditionalTrace, on page 47
com.cisco.services.tracing.UnconditionalTrace, on page 48
com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceManager, on page 49
com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceModule, on page 53
com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriter, on page 54
com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriterManager, on page 57
```

# Trace

The Trace interface defines the methods that allow application tracing. Trace also defines the standard trace types as specified by Syslog Trace Logging.Syslog currently defines 8 levels of trace. The severity of the message is indicated in the trace as a number ranging between [0-7] (0 and 7 included). Currently 7 is HIGHEST\_LEVEL and 0 is the LOWEST\_LEVEL trace. All 8 levels are predefined here as static int types for reference in tracing sub-system implementations.

The severities traced are as follows:

- 0 = EMERGENCIES System unusable
- 1 = ALERTS Immediate action needed
- 2 = CRITICAL Critical conditions
- 3 = ERROR Error conditions
- 4 = WARNING Warning conditions
- 5 = NOTIFICATION Normal but significant condition
- 6 = INFORMATIONAL Informational messages only
- 7 = DEBUGGING Debugging messages

# Declaration

public interface Trace

# **All Known Subinterfaces**

ConditionalTrace, on page 47UnconditionalTrace, on page 48

# **Member Summary**

Fields         static int       ALERTS, on page 43         The application will continue working on the tasks bu functions may not be operational (one or more device are not accessible but others in the list can be accessed Syslog severity level = 1         static java.lang.String       ALERTS_TRACE_NAME, on page 43         String descriptor for ALERTS trace level	s in the list
The application will continue working on the tasks but functions may not be operational (one or more device are not accessible but others in the list can be accessed Syslog severity level = 1         static java.lang.String       ALERTS_TRACE_NAME, on page 43	s in the list
functions may not be operational (one or more device are not accessible but others in the list can be accessed Syslog severity level = 1         static java.lang.String       ALERTS_TRACE_NAME, on page 43	s in the list
static java.lang.String ALERTS_TRACE_NAME, on page 43	
String descriptor for ALERTS trace level	
static int CRITICAL, on page 17	
A critical failure, the application cannot accomplish the required due to this failure, e.g.: the application cant of database to read the device list	
Syslog severity level = 2	
static java.lang.String CRITICAL_TRACE_NAME, on page 44	
String descriptor for CRITICAL trace level	
static int DEBUGGING, on page 44	
Very detailed information regarding errors or process that is only generated when DEBUG mode has been e	
Syslog severity level = 7	
static java.lang.DEBUGGING_TRACE_NAME, on page 44String DEBUGGING_TRACE_NAME, on page 44	
String descriptor for the DEBUGGING trace level	
static int EMERGENCIES, on page 44	
Emergency situation, a system shutdown is necessary	
Syslog severity level = 0	
static java.lang.String EMERGENCIES_TRACE_NAME, on page 44	
String descriptor for EMERGENCIES trace level	

Member summary	
static int	ERROR, on page 44
	An error condition of some kind has occurred and the user needs to understand the nature of that failure
	Syslog severity level = 3
static java.lang.String	ERROR_TRACE_NAME, on page 44
	String descriptor for ERROR trace level
static int	HIGHEST_LEVEL, on page 44
	The highest trace level, currently this is DEBUGGING with a trace level of 7
static int	INFORMATIONAL, on page 45
	Information of some form not relating to errors, warnings, audit, or debug
	Syslog severity level $= 6$
static java.lang.String	INFORMATIONAL_TRACE_NAME, on page 45
	String descriptor for INFORMATIONAL trace level
static int	LOWEST_LEVEL, on page 45
	The lowest trace level, currently this is EMERGENCIES with a trace level of 0
static int	NOTIFICATION, on page 45
	Notification denotes a normal but significant condition
	Syslog severity level = $5$
static java.lang.String	NOTIFICATION_TRACE_NAME, on page 45
	String descriptor for NOTIFICATION trace level
static int	WARNING, on page 45
	Warning that a problem of some form exists but is not keeping the application from completing its tasks
	Syslog severity level = 4
static java.lang.String	WARNING_TRACE_NAME, on page 45
	String descriptor for WARNING trace level
Methods	1
java.lang.String	getName(), on page 45
	Returns the name of this Trace object.

Member summary	
java.lang.String	getSubFacility(), on page 46
	Returns the subFacility of trace
int	getType(), on page 46
	Returns the type of trace.
boolean	isEnabled(), on page 46
	Returns the state of this Trace object.
void	println(Object), on page 46
	Prints the string returned by the Object.toString() method and terminates the line as defined by the system.
void	println(String), on page 46
	Prints a message in the same format as Trace.print() and terminates the line as defined by the system.
void	println(String, Object), on page 46
	Prints the string returned by the Object.toString() method and terminates the line as defined by the system.
void	println(String, String), on page 47
	Prints a message in the same format as Trace.print() and terminates the line as defined by the system.
void	setDefaultMnemonic(String), on page 47
	Sets a default mnemonic for all messages printed out to this trace.

# **Fields**

## ALERTS

public static final int ALERTS

The application will continue working on the tasks but all functions may not be operational (one or more devices in the list are not accessible but others in the list can be accessed)

Syslog severity level = 1

## ALERTS\_TRACE\_NAME

public static final java.lang.String ALERTS\_TRACE\_NAME

String descriptor for ALERTS trace level

### CRITICAL

public static final int CRITICAL

A critical failure, the application cannot accomplish the tasks required due to this failure, e.g.: the application cant open the database to read the device list

Syslog severity level = 2

#### CRITICAL\_TRACE\_NAME

public static final java.lang.String CRITICAL\_TRACE\_NAME

String descriptor for CRITICAL trace level

## DEBUGGING

public static final int **DEBUGGING** 

Very detailed information regarding errors or processing status that is only generated when DEBUG mode has been enabled

Syslog severity level = 7

#### DEBUGGING\_TRACE\_NAME

public static final java.lang.String DEBUGGING\_TRACE\_NAME

String descriptor for the DEBUGGING trace level

#### **EMERGENCIES**

public static final int **EMERGENCIES** Emergency situation, a system shutdown is necessary Syslog severity level = 0

### EMERGENCIES\_TRACE\_NAME

public static final java.lang.String EMERGENCIES\_TRACE\_NAME

String descriptor for EMERGENCIES trace level

### ERROR

public static final int ERROR

An error condition of some kind has occurred and the user needs to understand the nature of that failure Syslog severity level = 3

#### ERROR\_TRACE\_NAME

public static final java.lang.String **ERROR\_TRACE\_NAME** String descriptor for ERROR trace level

#### **HIGHEST\_LEVEL**

public static final int HIGHEST\_LEVEL

The highest trace level, currently this is DEBUGGING with a trace level of 7

### **INFORMATIONAL**

public static final int **INFORMATIONAL** 

Information of some form not relating to errors, warnings, audit, or debug Syslog severity level = 6

#### INFORMATIONAL\_TRACE\_NAME

public static final java.lang.String **INFORMATIONAL\_TRACE\_NAME** String descriptor for INFORMATIONAL trace level

#### LOWEST\_LEVEL

public static final int **LOWEST\_LEVEL** The lowest trace level, currently this is EMERGENCIES with a trace level of 0

### NOTIFICATION

public static final int **NOTIFICATION** Notification denotes a normal but significant condition Syslog severity level = 5

### NOTIFICATION\_TRACE\_NAME

public static final java.lang.String **NOTIFICATION\_TRACE\_NAME** String descriptor for NOTIFICATION trace level

## WARNING

public static final int WARNING

Warning that a problem of some form exists but is not keeping the application from completing its tasks Syslog severity level = 4

### WARNING\_TRACE\_NAME

public static final java.lang.String WARNING\_TRACE\_NAME String descriptor for WARNING trace level

# **Methods**

#### getName()

public java.lang.String getName()
Returns:
the name of this Trace object

#### getSubFacility()

public java.lang.String getSubFacility()

Returns:

the trace subFacility type

### getType()

public int getType()

Returns:

the type of trace as specified in Syslog. DEBUGGING, INFORMATIONAL, WARNING, etc.

#### isEnabled()

public boolean isEnabled()

Returns the state of this Trace object. By default, Trace objects are enabled, that is, println() method will always trace. The state may not be changed through this interface, however, this object may implement additional interfaces that allow the state to be changed.

Returns:

true if tracing is enabled, false otherwise

### See Also

ConditionalTrace, on page 47

#### println(Object)

public void println(java.lang.Object object)

Prints the string returned by the Object.toString() method and terminates the line as defined by the system.

Parameters:

object - the object to be printed

#### println(String)

public void println(java.lang.String message)

Prints a message in the same format as Trace.print() and terminates the line as defined by the system.

Parameters:

message - the message to be printed

#### println(String, Object)

public void println(java.lang.String mnemonic, java.lang.Objectobject)

Prints the string returned by the Object.toString() method and terminates the line as defined by the system.

Parameters:

object - the object to be printed

mnemonic - the mnemonic mapped to message to be printed

### println(String, String)

```
public void println(java.lang.String mnemonic,
java.lang.Stringmessage)
```

Prints a message in the same format as Trace.print() and terminates the line as defined by the system.

Parameters:

message - the message to be printed

mnemonic - the mnemonic mapped to message to be printed

#### setDefaultMnemonic(String)

public void setDefaultMnemonic(java.lang.String mnemonic)

Sets a default mnemonic for all messages printed out to this trace.

Parameters:

mnemonic, - a mnemonic string

# ConditionalTrace

The ConditionalTrace interface extends the Trace interface and defines the methods that allow enabling and disabling of tracing for this particular condition.

Typically, applications obtain one ConditionalTrace object for each condition that they need to trace under certain circumstances but not always (for example, AUDIT, INFO, and so on).

# **Declaration**

public interface ConditionalTrace extends Trace, on page 40

## **All Superinterfaces**

Trace, on page 40

# **Member Summary**

Member summary	
Methods	
void	disable(), on page 48
	Disables this condition for tracing.
void	enable(), on page 48
	Enables this condition for tracing.

### Inherited member summary

Fields inherited from interface Trace, on page 40

ALERTS, on page 43, ALERTS\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 43, CRITICAL, on page 17, CRITICAL\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 44, DEBUGGING, on page 44, DEBUGGING\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 44, EMERGENCIES, on page 44, EMERGENCIES\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 44, ERROR, on page 44, ERROR\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 44, HIGHEST\_LEVEL, on page 44, INFORMATIONAL, on page 45, INFORMATIONAL\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 45, LOWEST\_LEVEL, on page 45, NOTIFICATION, on page 45, NOTIFICATION\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 45, WARNING, on page 45, WARNING\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 45

Methods inherited from interface Trace, on page 40

getName(), on page 45, getSubFacility(), on page 46, getType(), on page 46, isEnabled(), on page 46, println(Object), on page 46, println(String), on page 46, println(String), on page 46, println(String), on page 47, setDefaultMnemonic(String), on page 47

## Methods

### disable()

public void <mark>disable</mark>()

Disables this condition for tracing.

#### enable()

```
public void <mark>enable</mark>()
```

Enables this condition for tracing.

# **UnconditionalTrace**

The UnconditionalTrace interface extends the Trace interface. Note that because this object extends Trace, its state is enabled by default and it may not be changed.

Typically, applications would obtain one UnconditionalTrace object per each condition that they need to trace always under any circumstances (such as, ERROR, FATAL, and so on).

# Declaration

public interface UnconditionalTrace extends Trace, on page 40

## **All Superinterfaces**

Trace, on page 40

# **Member Summary**

### Inherited Member summary

Fields inherited from interface Trace, on page 40

ALERTS, on page 43, ALERTS\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 43, CRITICAL, on page 17, CRITICAL\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 44, DEBUGGING, on page 44, DEBUGGING\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 44, EMERGENCIES, on page 44, EMERGENCIES\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 44, ERROR, on page 44, ERROR\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 44, HIGHEST\_LEVEL, on page 44, INFORMATIONAL, on page 45, INFORMATIONAL\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 45, LOWEST\_LEVEL, on page 45, NOTIFICATION, on page 45, NOTIFICATION\_TRACE\_NAME, on page 45, WARNING, on page 45, WARNING TRACE\_NAME, on page 45

Methods inherited from interface Trace, on page 40

getName(), on page 45, getSubFacility(), on page 46, getType(), on page 46, isEnabled(), on page 46, println(Object), on page 46, println(String), on page 46, println(String, Object), on page 46, println(String, String), on page 47, setDefaultMnemonic(String), on page 47

# TraceManager

The TraceManager interface defines the methods that allow applications trace management.

Typically, an application obtains only one TraceManager object. All Trace objects are created by default: Predefined Trace in accordance with Syslog definitions are:

ConditionalTraces:INFORMATIONAL, DEBUGGING, NOTIFICATION, WARNING UnconditionalTraces:ERROR, CRITICAL, ALERTS, EMERGENCIES

### **Facilities/Sub-Facilities:**

- Facility—A code consisting of two or more uppercase letters that indicate the facility to which the message refers. A facility can be a hardware device, a protocol, or a module of the system software.
- **SubFacility**—A code consisting of two or more uppercase letters that indicate the sub-facility to which the message refers. A sub-facility can be a hardware device component, a protocol unit, or a sub-module of the system software.

By default all 8 Conditional and UnConditional Traces are created for the Facility and 8 for each of the subFacilities In order to use the DEBUGGING trace for the parent FACILITY, for example, the application needs to use the getConditionalTrace( "DEBUGGING") method of this object.

In order to use the DEBUGGING trace for the SUBFACILITY, for example, the application needs to use the getConditionalTrace( SUBFACILITY + "\_" + "DEBUGGING") method of this object or use the getConditionalTrace( SUBFACILITY, "DEBUGGING") method.

System wide TraceWriterManager is set through the setTraceWriterManager method provided by this interface.

The Trace Manager object also allows the application to enable or disable tracing for all trace through the enableAll() and disableAll() methods.

# **Declaration**

public interface TraceManager

# **Member Summary**

Member summary	
Methods	
void	addSubFacilities(String[]), on page 51
	Sets a set of subFacilities for this TraceManager/Facility.
void	addSubFacility(String), on page 51
	Adds a single subFacility for this TraceManager/Facility.
void	disableAll(), on page 51
	Disables tracing for all Trace objects managed by this TraceManager.
void	disableTimeStamp(), on page 52
	Disables prefixing a time stamp for every message printed by this TraceManager.
void	enableAll(), on page 52
	Enables tracing for all Trace objects managed by this TraceManager.
void	enableTimeStamp(), on page 52
	Enables prefixing a time stamp for every message printed by this TraceManager.
ConditionalTrace	getConditionalTrace(int), on page 52
	Creates a new ConditionalTrace object or obtains an existing ConditionalTrace object for this condition.
ConditionalTrace	getConditionalTrace(String, int), on page 52
	Creates a new ConditionalTrace object or obtains an existing ConditionalTrace object for this condition and subFacility
java.lang.String	getName(), on page 52
	Returns the Facility name for this TraceManager.
java.lang.String[]	getSubFacilities(), on page 52
	Returns the subFacility names for this TraceManager/Facility.

Member summary	
java.util.Enumeration	getTraces(), on page 52
	Returns an enumeration of the Trace objects managed by this TraceManager.
TraceWriterManager	getTraceWriterManager(), on page 52
	Returns the TraceWriter used by this TraceManager.
UnconditionalTrace	getUnconditionalTrace(int), on page 52
	Creates a new UnconditionalTrace object or obtains an existing UnconditionalTrace object for this condition.
UnconditionalTrace	getUnconditionalTrace(String, int), on page 53
	Creates a new UnconditionalTrace object or obtains an existing UnconditionalTrace object for this condition and subFacility
void	removeTrace(Trace), on page 53
	Removes a Trace object given an object.
void	setSubFacilities(String[]), on page 53
	Sets a set of subFacilities for this TraceManager/Facility.
void	setSubFacility(String), on page 53
	Adds a single subFacility for this TraceManager/Facility.
void	setTraceWriterManager(TraceWriterManager), on page 53
	Sets the TraceWriter to be used by this TraceManager.

# **Methods**

## addSubFacilities(String[])

public void addSubFacilities (java.lang.String[] names)
Sets a set of subFacilities for this TraceManager/Facility.

## addSubFacility(String)

public void addSubFacility(java.lang.String name)
Adds a single subFacility for this TraceManager/Facility.

### disableAll()

public void disableAll()

Disables tracing for all Trace objects managed by this TraceManager.

#### disableTimeStamp()

public void disableTimeStamp()

Disables prefixing a time stamp for every message printed by this TraceManager.

#### enableAll()

public void enableAll()

Enables tracing for all Trace objects managed by this TraceManager.

#### enableTimeStamp()

public void enableTimeStamp()

Enables prefixing a time stamp for every message printed by this TraceManager.

#### getConditionalTrace(int)

```
public com.cisco.services.tracing.ConditionalTrace
getConditionalTrace(int severity)
```

Creates a new ConditionalTrace object or obtains an existing ConditionalTrace object for this condition.

#### getConditionalTrace(String, int)

```
public com.cisco.services.tracing.ConditionalTrace
getConditionalTrace(java.lang.String subFacility,
intseverity)
```

Creates a new ConditionalTrace object or obtains an existing ConditionalTrace object for this condition and subFacility

### getName()

public java.lang.String getName()

Returns the Facility name for this TraceManager.

#### getSubFacilities()

public java.lang.String[] getSubFacilities()

Returns the subFacility names for this TraceManager/Facility.

### getTraces()

```
public java.util.Enumeration getTraces()
```

Returns an enumeration of the Trace objects managed by this TraceManager.

#### getTraceWriterManager()

public com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriterManager getTraceWriterManager()

Returns the TraceWriter used by this TraceManager.

#### getUnconditionalTrace(int)

public com.cisco.services.tracing.UnconditionalTrace **getUnconditionalTrace** (int severity)

Creates a new UnconditionalTrace object or obtains an existing UnconditionalTrace object for this condition.

#### getUnconditionalTrace(String, int)

```
public com.cisco.services.tracing.UnconditionalTrace
getUnconditionalTrace(java.lang.String subFacility,
intseverity)
```

Creates a new UnconditionalTrace object or obtains an existing UnconditionalTrace object for this condition and subFacility

#### removeTrace(Trace)

public void removeTrace (com.cisco.services.tracing.Trace tc)

Removes a Trace object given an object.

#### setSubFacilities(String[])

public void setSubFacilities(java.lang.String[] names)
Deprecated and replaced with TraceManager.addSubFacilities method

Sets a set of subFacilities for this TraceManager/Facility.

#### setSubFacility(String)

public void setSubFacility(java.lang.String name)
Deprecated and replaced with TraceManager.addSubFacility method
Adds a single subFacility for this TraceManager/Facility.

#### setTraceWriterManager(TraceWriterManager)

public void setTraceWriterManager (com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriterManager twm)
Sets the TraceWriter to be used by this TraceManager.

# TraceModule

The TraceModule interface serves two purposes. First, it allows applications to discover the TraceManager object used by other packages that they use. Second, applications that register with the TraceManagerFactory must identify themselves by implementing this interface.

# **Declaration**

public interface TraceModule

# **All Known Subinterfaces**

com.cisco.jtapi.extensions.CiscoJtapiPeer

# **Member Summary**

Member summary	
Methods	
TraceManager	getTraceManager(), on page 54 Returns the TraceManager that an object is using for tracing.
java.lang.String	getTraceModuleName(), on page 54 Returns the module name.

# Methods

## getTraceManager()

public com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceManager getTraceManager()

Returns the TraceManager that an object is using for tracing.

### getTraceModuleName()

public java.lang.String getTraceModuleName()

Returns the module name.

# **TraceWriter**

The TraceWriter interface abstracts the details of trace message output. The TraceWriter uses its enabled method to advertise whether or not the print and println methods will have any effect. Users of TraceWriter should use the value returned by the getEnabled method as an indication of whether they should invoke the print and println methods at all.

# **Declaration**

public interface TraceWriter

# **All Known Subinterfaces**

TraceWriterManager, on page 57

# **All Known Implementing Classes**

BaseTraceWriter, on page 21

# **Member Summary**

Member summary	
Methods	
void	close(), on page 55
	Releases any resources associated by this TraceWriter .
void	flush(), on page 55 Forces output of any messages that have been printed using the println method
java.lang.String	getDescription(), on page 55
boolean	getEnabled(), on page 56
	Returns whether the println method will print anything or not.
java.lang.String	getName(), on page 56
int[]	getTraceLevels(), on page 56
void	println(String, int), on page 56
	Prints the specified string followed by a carriage return The concrete TraceWriter class will use the severity to block out messages from a particular stream.
void	setTraceLevels(int[]), on page 56
	set the trace levels that will be traced by this TraceWriter

# **Methods**

## close()

```
public void close()
```

Releases any resources associated by this TraceWriter.

## flush()

public void flush()

Forces output of any messages that have been printed using the println method

## getDescription()

public java.lang.String getDescription()

Returns:

a short description of this TraceWriter

#### getEnabled()

public boolean getEnabled()

Returns whether the println method will print anything or not. A closed TraceWriter will always return false from this method.

Returns:

true if this TraceWriter is enabled, false if not

#### getName()

public java.lang.String getName()

Returns:

the name of this TraceWriter

#### getTraceLevels()

public int[] getTraceLevels()

Returns:

the array of trace levels that will be traced by this TraceWriter

#### println(String, int)

Prints the specified string followed by a carriage return The concrete TraceWriter class will use the severity to block out messages from a particular stream. Each trace writer has a notion of the highest level trace it traces

#### Parameters:

message - the string to print

severity - of the trace.

## See Also

Trace, on page 40

#### setTraceLevels(int[])

public void setTraceLevels(int[] levels)

set the trace levels that will be traced by this TraceWriter

Parameters:

int[] - levels

#### See Also

Trace, on page 40

L

# **TraceWriterManager**

TraceWriterManager contains the list of TraceWriter objects that are used to implement the tracing. The list is populated at startup from the switches in a .ini file. A LogFileTraceWriter, a ConsoleTraceWriter, and a SyslogTraceWriter are available. Users can override the existing TraceWriters by setting a user implemented TraceWriter[] or adding to the existing TraceWriters. This makes it possible to add other TraceWriters that can function along with existing trace writers.

# **Declaration**

public interface TraceWriterManager extends TraceWriter, on page 54

# **All Superinterfaces**

TraceWriter, on page 54

# **Member Summary**

Member summary	
Methods	
void	addTraceWriter(TraceWriter), on page 58
	Add another TraceWriter to the array
TraceWriter[]	getTraceWriters(), on page 58
void	removeTraceWriter(TraceWriter), on page 58
	Remove the TraceWriter from the array in the manager
void	setTraceWriters(TraceWriter[]), on page 58
	Implementations can use this method to override or enhance the provided TraceWriters

### Inherited member summary

Methods inherited from interface TraceWriter, on page 54

close(), on page 55, flush(), on page 55, getDescription(), on page 55, getEnabled(), on page 56, getName(), on page 56, getTraceLevels(), on page 56, println(String, int), on page 56, setTraceLevels(int[]), on page 56

# Methods

### addTraceWriter(TraceWriter)

public voidaddTraceWriter (com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriter traceWriter)

Add another TraceWriter to the array

Parameters:

TraceWriter - to be added to the list

#### getTraceWriters()

public com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriter[] getTraceWriters()

Returns:

the array of TraceWriters in the manager

#### removeTraceWriter(TraceWriter)

public voidremoveTraceWriter (com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriter traceWriter)
Remove the TraceWriter from the array in the manager

#### setTraceWriters(TraceWriter[])

public voidsetTraceWriters (com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriter[] traceWriters)

Implementations can use this method to override or enhance the provided TraceWriters

Parameters:

set - the array of TraceWriters.

# **Tracing Implementation Class Hierarchy**

The following tracing implementation class hierarchy is contained in the com.cisco.services.tracing.implementation package.

com.cisco.services.tracing.TraceWriterManager)

# TraceImpl

# **Declaration**

public abstract class **TraceImpl** extends java.lang.Object implements Trace

# **All Implemented Interfaces**

Trace, on page 40

# Methods

### println

public final void println(java.lang.String message)

Description copied from interface: Trace

Prints a message in the same format as Trace.print() and terminates the line as defined by the system.

### Specified by:

println in interface Trace

### **Parameters**:

message - the message to be printed

### println

public final void println(java.lang.String mnemonic, java.lang.String message)

Description copied from interface: Trace

Prints a message in the same format as Trace.print() and terminates the line as defined by the system.

## Specified by:

println in interface Trace

### **Parameters**:

mnemonic - the mnemonic mapped to message to be printed message - the message to be printed

### println

public final void **println**(java.lang.Object object) Description copied from interface: Trace Prints the string returned by the Object.toString() method and terminates the line as defined by the system.

#### Specified by:

println in interface Trace

#### **Parameters**:

object - the object to be printed

### println

public final void println(java.lang.String mnemonic, java.lang.Object object)

Description copied from interface: Trace

Prints the string returned by the Object.toString() method and terminates the line as defined by the system.

#### Specified by:

println in interface Trace

#### **Parameters**:

mnemonic - the mnemonic mapped to message to be printed

object - the object to be printed

#### getName

public final java.lang.String getName()

Description copied from interface: Trace

Returns the name of this Trace object.

### Specified by:

getName in interface Trace

#### **Returns**:

the name of this Trace object

#### setDefaultMnemonic

public final void setDefaultMnemonic(java.lang.String mnemonic)

Description copied from interface: Trace

Sets a default mnemonic for all messages printed out to this trace.

### Specified by:

setDefaultMnemonic in interface Trace

### **Parameters**:

mnemonic - a mnemonic string

#### getType

public int getType()

L

Description copied from interface: Trace

Returns the type of trace.

### Specified by:

getType in interface Trace

#### **Returns**:

the trace severity as specified in Syslog. DEBUGGING, INFORMATIONAL, WARNING, etc.

#### getSubFacility

public java.lang.String getSubFacility()

Description copied from interface: Trace

Returns the subFacility of trace

Specified by:

getSubFacility in interface Trace

## **Returns**:

the trace subFacility type

# **Inherited Methods**

isEnabled

# ConditionalTraceImpl

# **Declaration**

## public final class ConditionalTraceImpl

extends TraceImpl

implements ConditionalTrace

# **All Implemented Interfaces**

ConditionalTrace, Trace

# **Methods**

## enable

public void enable()
Description copied from interface: ConditionalTrace

Enables this condition for tracing.

#### Specified by:

enable in interface ConditionalTrace

#### disable

public void disable()

Description copied from interface: ConditionalTrace

Disables this condition for tracing.

### Specified by:

disable in interface ConditionalTrace

### isEnabled

public boolean isEnabled()

Description copied from interface: Trace

Returns the state of this Trace object. By default, Trace objects are enabled, that is, println() method will always trace. The state may not be changed through this interface, however, this object may implement additional interfaces that allow the state to be changed.

#### Specified by:

isEnabled in interface Trace

### **Returns**:

true if tracing is enabled, false otherwise

See Also:

ConditionalTrace

# **Inherited Methods**

Inherited methods from class java.lang.Object are: clone, equals, finalize, getClass, hashCode, notify, notifyAll, toString, wait, wait, wait.

# UnconditionalTraceImpl

# **Declaration**

public final class UnconditionalTraceImpl

extends TraceImpl

implements UnconditionalTrace

# **All Implemented Interfaces**

Trace, UnconditionalTrace

# **Methods**

## isEnabled

public boolean isEnabled()

Description copied from interface: Trace

Returns the state of this Trace object. By default, Trace objects are enabled, that is, println() method will always trace. The state may not be changed through this interface, however, this object may implement additional interfaces that allow the state to be changed.

#### Specified by:

isEnabled in interface Trace

#### Returns:

true if tracing is enabled, false otherwise

See Also:

ConditionalTrace

# **Inherited Methods**

Inherited methods from class java.lang.Object are: clone, equals, finalize, getClass, hashCode, notify, notifyAll, toString, wait, wait, wait.

# TraceManagerImpl

The TraceManagerImpl class implements the TraceManager interface.

# **Declaration**

public class TraceManagerImpl extends java.lang.Object

java.lang.Object

+--com.cisco.services.tracing.implementation.TraceManagerImpl

# **All Implemented Interfaces**

TraceManager, on page 49

## Constructors

public **TraceManagerImpl**(java.lang.StringmoduleName, java.lang.String[]subFacilities, TraceWriterManagertraceWriterManager)

public TraceManagerImpl(java.lang.StringmoduleName, TraceWriterManagertraceWriterManager)

# Methods

#### getConditionalTrace

public ConditionalTrace getConditionalTrace (intseverity)

#### Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Creates a new ConditionalTrace object or obtains an existing ConditionalTrace object for this condition.

Specified by:

getConditionalTrace in interface TraceManager

#### getConditionalTrace

Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Creates a new ConditionalTrace object or obtains an existing ConditionalTrace object for this condition and subFacility

Specified by:

getConditionalTrace in interface TraceManager

#### getUnconditionalTrace

public UnconditionalTrace getUnconditionalTrace(intseverity)

Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Creates a new UnconditionalTrace object or obtains an existing UnconditionalTrace object for this condition.

Specified by:

getUnconditionalTrace in interface TraceManager

#### getUnconditionalTrace

### Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Creates a new UnconditionalTrace object or obtains an existing UnconditionalTrace object for this condition and subFacility

Specified by:

getUnconditionalTrace in interface TraceManager

#### getTraceWriterManager

public TraceWriterManager getTraceWriterManager()

#### Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Returns the TraceWriter used by this TraceManager.

Specified by:

getTraceWriterManager in interface TraceManager

#### setTraceWriterManager

public void setTraceWriterManager(TraceWriterManagerout)

Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Sets the TraceWriter to be used by this TraceManager.

Specified by:

setTraceWriterManager in interface TraceManager

### removeTrace

public void removeTrace(Tracetc)

Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Removes a Trace object given an object.

Specified by:

removeTrace in interface TraceManager

### getTraces

public java.util.Enumeration getTraces()

### Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Returns an enumeration of the Trace objects managed by this TraceManager.

Specified by:

getTraces in interface TraceManager

#### enableAll

public void enableAll()

Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Enables tracing for all Trace objects managed by this TraceManager.

Specified by:

enableAll in interface TraceManager

### disableAll

public void disableAll()

Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Disables tracing for all Trace objects managed by this TraceManager.

Specified by:

disableAll in interface TraceManager

### getName

public java.lang.String getName()

Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Returns the Facility name for this TraceManager.

Specified by:

getName in interface TraceManager

#### enableTimeStamp

public void enableTimeStamp()

#### Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Enables prefixing a time stamp for every message printed by this TraceManager.

Specified by:

enableTimeStamp in interface TraceManager

#### disableTimeStamp

public void disableTimeStamp()

#### Description copied from interface: TraceManager

Disables prefixing a time stamp for every message printed by this TraceManager. Specified by:

disableTimeStamp in interface TraceManager

#### getSubFacilities

public java.lang.String[] getSubFacilities()

#### Returns the subFacility names for this TraceManager/Facility.

Specified by:

getSubFacilities in interface TraceManager

### addSubFacilities

public void addSubFacilities(java.lang.String[]names)

Adds subFacilities for this TraceManager/Facility.

Specified by:

addSubFacilities in interface TraceManager

#### addSubFacility

public void addSubFacility(java.lang.Stringname)

Adds a subFacility for this TraceManager/Facility.

Specified by:

addSubFacility in interface TraceManager

# Deprecated

### getSubFacilities(java.lang.String[]names)

Replaced by addSubFacilties(String[]).

### setSubFacility(java.lang.Stringname)

Replaced by addSubFacility(String).

# **Inherited Methods**

Inherited methods from class java.lang.Object are: clone, equals, finalize, getClass, hashCode, notify, notifyAll, toString, wait, wait, wait.

# **TraceWriterManagerImpl**

TraceWriterManager contains the list of TraceWriter objects that are used to implement the tracing. The list is populated at startup from the switches in a .ini file. A LogFileTraceWriter, a ConsoleTraceWriter, and a SyslogTraceWriter are available. Users can override the existing TraceWriters by setting a user implemented TraceWriter[] or adding to the existing TraceWriters. This makes it possible to add other traceWriters that can function along with existing trace writers.



Note

Methods inherited from class java.lang.Object are clone, equals, finalize, getClass, hashCode, notify, notifyAll, toString, wait, wait.

# **Declaration**

public class TraceWriterManagerImpl extends java.lang.Object implements TraceWriterManager

java.lang.Object

com.cisco.services.tracing.implementation.TraceWriterManagerImpl

# **All Implemented Interfaces**

TraceWriter, TraceWriterManager

# Constructors

### **TraceWriterManagerImpl**

public TraceWriterManagerImpl()

Creates a TraceWriterManagerImpl with a zero length TraceWriter array .

# **Methods**

#### setTraceWriters

public void setTraceWriters(TraceWriter[]traceWriters)
Overrides the existing TraceWriters with a new user supplied set .
Specified by:
setTraceWriters in interface TraceWriterManager
Parameters:
traceWriters - An array of TraceWriters.

## getTraceWriters

public TraceWriter[] getTraceWriters()

Returns the array of TraceWriters currently in use .

Specified by:

getTraceWriters in interface TraceWriterManager

Returns:

The array of TraceWriters in the manager.

### addTraceWriter

public void addTraceWriter(TraceWritertw)
Add this TraceWriter to the array of trace writers
Specified by:
addTraceWriter in interface TraceWriterManager
Parameters:
tw - TraceWriter to be added to the list

## removeTraceWriter

public void removeTraceWriter(TraceWritertw)
Remove the Tracewriter from the array of trace writers.
Specified by:
removeTraceWriter in interface TraceWriterManager

#### println

public void println(java.lang.Stringmessage, intseverity)

All traces invoke this method. A trace supplies its severity along with the message. Traces below the threshold severity of the TraceWriter are allowed. Eg. If the Threshhold severity is set to INFORMATIONAL (level = 6) DEBUG traces will not be passed by the TraceWriter. The severity level is set in the constructor of the TraceWriter

Specified by:

println in interface TraceWriter

Parameters:

message - The string to print

severity - The severity of the trace.

See Also:

Trace

Flush

#### public void flush()

### Description copied from interface: TraceWriter

Forces output of any messages that have been printed using the println method

Specified by:

flush in interface TraceWriter

#### close

public void close()

#### Description copied from interface: TraceWriter

Releases any resources associated by this TraceWriter.

Specified by:

close in interface TraceWriter

#### getEnabled

public boolean getEnabled()

Returns true if any one of the underlying TraceWriter is enabled, else returns false.

Specified by:

getEnabled in interface TraceWriter

Returns:

True if this TraceWriter is enabled, false if not.

### getName

public java.lang.String getName()

Specified by: getName in interface TraceWriter

Returns:

The name of this TraceWriter.

### getDescription

public java.lang.String getDescription()

Specified by:

getDescription in interface TraceWriter

Returns:

A short description of this TraceWriter.

### setTraceLevels

public void setTraceLevels(int[]levels)

The TraceWriterManager does nothing for this method .

Specified by:

setTraceLevels in interface TraceWriter

Parameters:

Levels - Array of trace levels.

See Also:

Trace

#### getTraceLevels

public int[] getTraceLevels()

The TraceWriterManager returns a null, as the traceLevel is maintained at the individual TraceWriter .

Specified by:

getTraceLevels in interface TraceWriter

Returns:

null