Installing the TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L Cards in the Cisco ONS 15454 SONET/SDH

Note The terms "Unidirectional Path Switched Ring" and "UPSR" may appear in Cisco literature. These terms do not refer to using Cisco ONS 15xxx products in a unidirectional path switched ring configuration. Rather, these terms, as well as "Path Protected Mesh Network" and "PPMN," refer generally to Cisco's path protection feature, which may be used in any topological network configuration. Cisco does not recommend using its path protection feature in any particular topological network configuration.

Product Names: 15454-10EMRC TXP, 15454-10EMRL TXP

This document provides a card description, specifications, and installation procedure for the MXP_MR_10E_C and MXP_MR_10E_L cards. These cards are compatible with the ONS 15454 SONET (ANSI) and the ONS 15454 SDH (ETSI) shelf assemblies. As appropriate, use this document in conjunction with the *Cisco ONS 15454 DWDM Procedure Guide,* the *Cisco ONS 15454 DWDM Reference Manual,* and the *Cisco ONS 15454 DWDM Troubleshooting Guide*.

This document contains the following sections:

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TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L Card Description

The TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L cards are multirate transponders for the ONS 15454 platform. The cards are fully backward compatible with the TXP_MR_10G and TXP_MR_10E cards. They process one 10-Gbps signal (client side) into one 100-GHz DWDM signal (trunk side). The TXP_MR_10E_C is tunable over the entire set of C-band wavelength channels (82 channels spaced at 50 GHz on the ITU grid). The TXP_MR_10E_L is tunable over the entire set of L-band wavelength channels (80 channels spaced at 50 GHz on the ITU grid) and is well suited for use in networks that employ DS fiber or SMF-28 single-mode fiber. You can install TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L cards in Slots 1 to 6 and 12 to 17.

Key Features

The key features of the TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L cards are:

- A tri-rate client interface (available through the ONS-XC-10G-S1 XFP, ordered separately):
  - OC-192 (SR1)
  - 10GE (10GBASE-LR)
  - 10G-FC (1200-SM-LL-L)
- A UT2 module tunable through the entire C band (TXP_MR_10E_C card) or L band (TXP_MR_10E_L card). The channels are spaced at 50 GHz on the ITU grid.
- OC-192 to ITU-T G.709 OTU2 provisionable synchronous and asynchronous mapping.
- Client interfaces: The client interface is implemented with a separately orderable XFP module. The module is a tri-rate transceiver, providing a single port that can be configured in the field to support an OC-192 SR-1 (Telcordia GR-253-CORE) or STM-64 I-64.1 (ITU-T G.691) optical interfaces, as well as 10GE LAN PHY (10GBASE-LR), 10GE WAN PHY (10GBASE-LW), or 10G-FC signals. The XFP supports LC connectors and is equipped with a 1310-nm laser.
- Y-cable protection: This protection mechanism provides redundant bidirectional paths. Two cards can be joined in a Y-cable protection group with one card assigned as the working card and the other defined as the protection card. The Y-protection mechanism is provisionable and can be set ON or OFF (OFF is the default mode). When a signal fault is detected, the protection mechanism software automatically switches between paths.
- E-FEC capability: A key feature of the TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L cards is the availability to configure the forward error correction in three modes: NO FEC, FEC, and E-FEC. The output bit rate is always 10.7092 Gbps as defined in ITU-T G.709, but the error coding performance can be provisioned as follows:
  - NO FEC—No forward error correction
  - FEC—Standard ITU-T G.975 Reed-Solomon algorithm
  - E-FEC—Standard ITU-T G.975.1 algorithm, which is a super FEC code
- Automatic laser shutdown: A safety mechanism used in the event of a fiber cut. The ALS procedure is supported on both client and trunk interfaces. On the client interface, ALS is compliant with ITU-T G.664 (6/99). On the data application and trunk interface, the switch on and off pulse duration is greater than 60 seconds. The on and off pulse duration is user-configurable.
- SONET/SDH Configurations: The cards can be provisioned in a linear configuration, BLSR/MS-SPRing, path protection/SNCP, or a regenerator. The cards can be used in the middle of BLSR/MS-SPRing or 1+1 spans when the cards are configured for transparent termination mode.

Client and Trunk Ports

The TXP_MR_10E card features a universal transponder 2 (UT2) 1550-nm tunable laser (C band) or a UT2 1580-nm tunable laser (L band) for the trunk port and a separately orderable ONS-XC-10G-S1 1310-nm laser XFP module for the client port. On its faceplate, the TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L cards contain two transmit and receive connector pairs, one for the trunk port and one for the client port. Each connector pair is labeled.

DWDM Trunk Interface

On the trunk side, the TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L cards provide a 10-Gbps STM-64/OC-192 interface. There are 80 tunable channels available in the 1550-nm C band or 82 tunable channels available in the 1580-nm L band on the 50-GHz ITU grid for the DWDM interface. The TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_C cards provide 3R transponder functionality for this 10-Gbps trunk interface. Therefore, the card is suited for use in long-range amplified systems. The DWDM interface is compliant with ITU-T G.707, ITU-T G.709, and Telcordia GR-253-CORE standards.

The DWDM trunk port operates at a rate that is dependent on the input signal and the presence or absence of the ITU-T G.709 Digital Wrapper/FEC. The possible trunk rates are:

- OC192 (9.95328 Gbps)
- OTU2 (10.70923 Gbps)
- 10GE (10.3125 Gbps) or 10GE into OTU2 (nonstandard 10.0957 Gbps)
- 10G-FC (10.51875 Gbps) or 10G-FC into OTU2 (nonstandard 11.31764 Gbps)

The maximum system reach in filterless applications without the use of optical amplification or regenerators is nominally rated at 23 dB over C-SMF fiber. This rating is not a product specification, but is given for informational purposes. It is subject to change.

Client-to-Trunk Mapping

The TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L cards can perform ODU2-to-OCh mapping, which allows operators to provision data payloads in a standard way across 10-Gbps optical links.

Digital wrappers that define client side interfaces are called ODU2 entities in ITU-T G.709. Digital wrappers that define trunk side interfaces are called OCh in ITU-T G.709. ODU2 digital wrappers can include G-MPLS signaling extensions to ITU-T G.709 (such as LSP and G-PID values) to define client interfaces and payload protocols.

Wavelength Identification

The TXP_MR_10E_C card is tunable across 82 wavelengths in the C-band frequency plan, with channels on the ITU 50-GHz grid, as shown in Table 1.

Table 1 TXP_MR_10E_C Trunk Wavelengths

Channel Number	Frequency (THz)	Wavelength (nm)	Channel Number	Frequency (THz)	Wavelength (nm)
1	196.00	1529.55	42	193.95	1545.72
2	195.95	1529.94	43	193.90	1546.119
3	195.90	1530.334	44	193.85	1546.518
4	195.85	1530.725	45	193.80	1546.917
5	195.80	1531.116	46	193.75	1547.316
6	195.75	1531.507	47	193.70	1547.715
7	195.70	1531.898	48	193.65	1548.115
8	195.65	1532.290	49	193.60	1548.515
9	195.60	1532.681	50	193.55	1548.915
10	195.55	1533.073	51	193.50	1549.32
11	195.50	1533.47	52	193.45	1549.71
12	195.45	1533.86	53	193.40	1550.116
13	195.40	1534.250	54	193.35	1550.517
14	195.35	1534.643	55	193.30	1550.918
15	195.30	1535.036	56	193.25	1551.319
16	195.25	1535.429	57	193.20	1551.721
17	195.20	1535.822	58	193.15	1552.122
18	195.15	1536.216	59	193.10	1552.524
19	195.10	1536.609	60	193.05	1552.926
20	195.05	1537.003	61	193.00	1553.33
21	195.00	1537.40	62	192.95	1553.73
22	194.95	1537.79	63	192.90	1554.134
23	194.90	1538.186	64	192.85	1554.537
24	194.85	1538.581	65	192.80	1554.940
25	194.80	1538.976	66	192.75	1555.343
26	194.75	1539.371	67	192.70	1555.747
27	194.70	1539.766	68	192.65	1556.151
28	194.65	1540.162	69	192.60	1556.555
29	194.60	1540.557	70	192.55	1556.959
30	194.55	1540.953	71	192.50	1557.36
31	194.50	1541.35	72	192.45	1557.77
32	194.45	1541.75	73	192.40	1558.173
33	194.40	1542.142	74	192.35	1558.578
34	194.35	1542.539	75	192.30	1558.983
35	194.30	1542.936	76	192.25	1559.389

Table 1 TXP_MR_10E_C Trunk Wavelengths (continued)

Channel Number	Frequency (THz)	Wavelength (nm)	Channel Number	Frequency (THz)	Wavelength (nm)
36	194.25	1543.333	77	192.20	1559.794
37	194.20	1543.730	78	192.15	1560.200
38	194.15	1544.128	79	192.10	1560.606
39	194.10	1544.526	80	192.05	1561.013
40	194.05	1544.924	81	192.00	1561.42
41	194.00	1545.32	82	191.95	1561.83

The TXP_MR_10E_L card is tunable across 80 wavelengths in the L band frequency plan, with channels on the ITU 50-GHz grid, as shown in Table 2.

Table 2 TXP_MR_10E_L Trunk Wavelengths

Channel Number	Frequency (THz)	Wavelength (nm)	Channel Number	Frequency (THz)	Wavelength (nm)
1	190.85	1570.83	41	188.85	1587.46
2	190.8	1571.24	42	188.8	1587.88
3	190.75	1571.65	43	188.75	1588.30
4	190.7	1572.06	44	188.7	1588.73
5	190.65	1572.48	45	188.65	1589.15
6	190.6	1572.89	46	188.6	1589.57
7	190.55	1573.30	47	188.55	1589.99
8	190.5	1573.71	48	188.5	1590.41
9	190.45	1574.13	49	188.45	1590.83
10	190.4	1574.54	50	188.4	1591.26
11	190.35	1574.95	51	188.35	1591.68
12	190.3	1575.37	52	188.3	1592.10
13	190.25	1575.78	53	188.25	1592.52
14	190.2	1576.20	54	188.2	1592.95
15	190.15	1576.61	55	188.15	1593.37
16	190.1	1577.03	56	188.1	1593.79
17	190.05	1577.44	57	188.05	1594.22
18	190	1577.86	58	188	1594.64
19	189.95	1578.27	59	187.95	1595.06
20	189.9	1578.69	60	187.9	1595.49
21	189.85	1579.10	61	187.85	1595.91
22	189.8	1579.52	62	187.8	1596.34
23	189.75	1579.93	63	187.75	1596.76

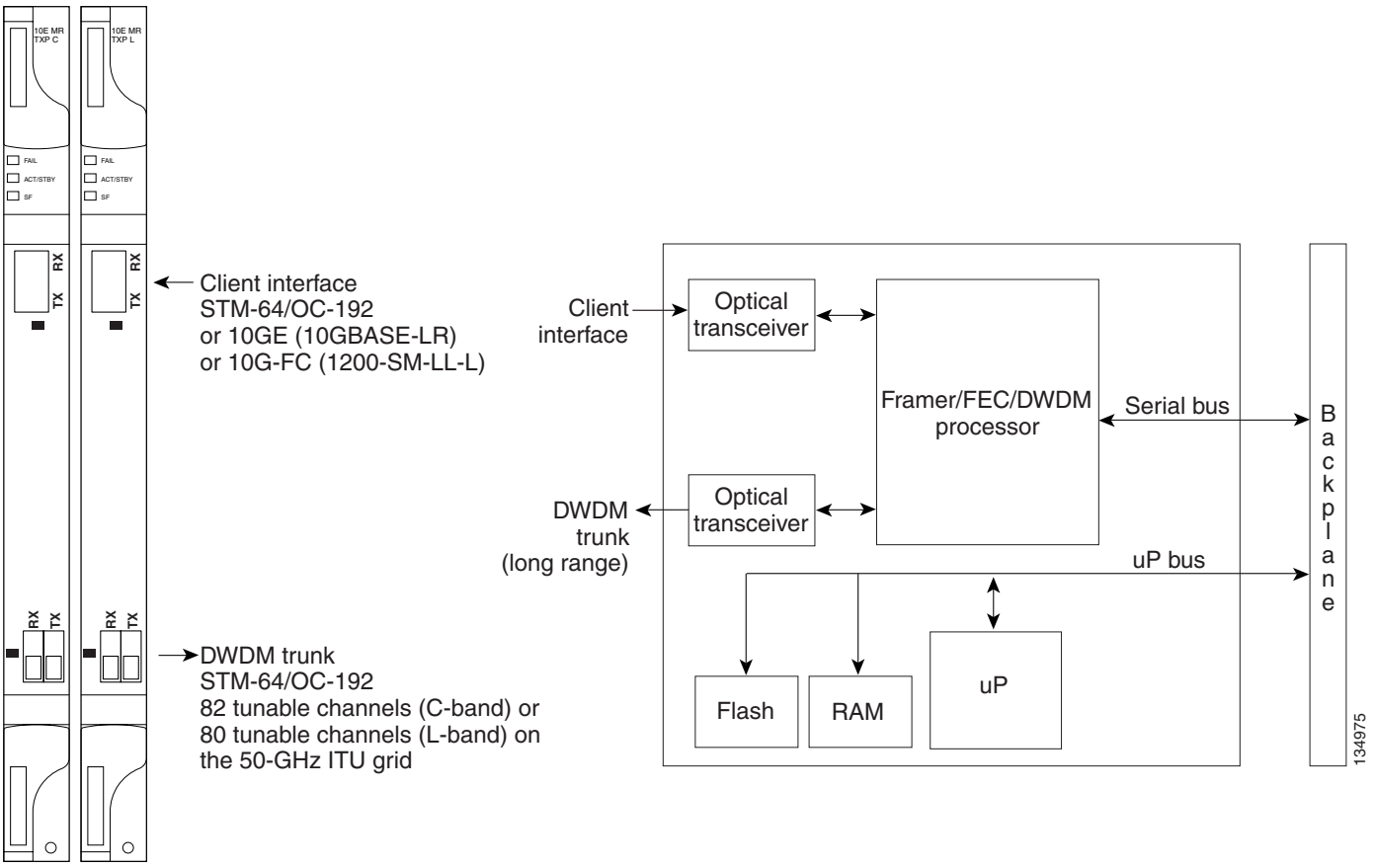
Table 2 TXP_MR_10E_L Trunk Wavelengths (continued)

Channel Number	Frequency (THz)	Wavelength (nm)	Channel Number	Frequency (THz)	Wavelength (nm)
24	189.7	1580.35	64	187.7	1597.19
25	189.65	1580.77	65	187.65	1597.62
26	189.6	1581.18	66	187.6	1598.04
27	189.55	1581.60	67	187.55	1598.47
28	189.5	1582.02	68	187.5	1598.89
29	189.45	1582.44	69	187.45	1599.32
30	189.4	1582.85	70	187.4	1599.75
31	189.35	1583.27	71	187.35	1600.17
32	189.3	1583.69	72	187.3	1600.60
33	189.25	1584.11	73	187.25	1601.03
34	189.2	1584.53	74	187.2	1601.46
35	189.15	1584.95	75	187.15	1601.88
36	189.1	1585.36	76	187.1	1602.31
37	189.05	1585.78	77	187.05	1602.74
38	189	1586.20	78	187	1603.17
39	188.95	1586.62	79	186.95	1603.60
40	188.9	1587.04	80	186.9	1604.03

Faceplate and Block Diagram

Figure 1 shows the TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L faceplates and block diagram.

Figure 1 TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L Faceplate and Block Diagram



Card Level Indicators

Table 3 describes the three card-level LEDs on the TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L cards.

Table 3 TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L Card-Level Indicators

Card-Level LED	Description
Red FAIL LED	The red FAIL LED indicates that the card's processor is not ready. This LED is on during reset. The FAIL LED flashes during the boot process. Replace the card if the red FAIL LED persists.
ACT/STBY LED Green (Active) Amber (Standby)	If the ACT/STBY LED is green, the card is operational (one or both ports active) and ready to carry traffic. If the ACT/STBY LED is amber, the card is operational and in standby (protect) mode.
Amber SF LED	The amber SF LED indicates a signal failure or condition such as LOS, LOF, or high BERs on one or more of the card's ports. The amber SF LED is also on if the transmit and receive fibers are incorrectly connected. If the fibers are properly connected and the link is working, the light turns off.

Port-Level Indicators

Table 4 lists the four port-level LEDs on the TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L cards.

Table 4 TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L Port-Level Indicators

Port-Level LED	Description
Green Client LED	The green Client LED indicates that the client port is in service and that it is receiving a recognized signal.
Green DWDM LED	The green DWDM LED indicates that the DWDM port is in service and that it is receiving a recognized signal.

TXP_MR_10E_C Card Specifications

The TXP_MR_10E_C card has the following specifications:

- Line (trunk side)
  - Bit rate: OC-192/STM-64 (9.95328 Gbps), OTU2 (10.70923 Gbps), 10GE (10.3125 Gbps), 10GE into OTU2 (non-standard 10.0957 Gbps), 10G FC (10.51875 Gbps), or 10G FC into OTU2 (non-standard 11.31764 Gbps)
  - Code: Scrambled NRZ
  - Fiber: 1550-nm single-mode
  - Maximum chromatic dispersion allowance: +/– 1200 ps/nm (specified penalty)
  - Loopback modes: Terminal and facility

Caution You must use a 15-dB fiber attenuator (10 to 20 dB) when working with the TXP_MR_10E_C card in a loopback on the trunk port. Do not use direct fiber loopbacks with the TXP_MR_10E_C card. Using direct fiber loopbacks causes irreparable damage to the TXP_MR_10E_C card.

  - Connectors: LC
  - Compliance: Telcordia GR-253-CORE, ITU-T G.707, ITU-T G.957, and ITU-T G.709
- Transmitter (trunk side)
  - Maximum transmitter output power: +6 dBm
  - Minimum transmitter output power: +3 dBm
  - Transmitter: LN external modulator transmitter
  - Wavelength stability (drift): +/– 25 picometers (pm)

Note An optical device on the card keeps the laser wavelength locked as closely as possible to the ITU nominal value. The allowed drift is +/– 25 pm.

- Receiver (trunk side)

Table 5 TXP_MR_10E_C Receiver Trunk Side Specifications

OSNR[1]	FEC Type	Pre-FEC BER	Post-FEC BER	Input Power Sensitivity[2]	Chromatic Dispersion Tolerance
30 dB	Off	<10 exp – 12	N/A	– 8 to – 20 dBm	+/– 1200 ps/nm
26 dB	Off	<10 exp – 12	N/A	– 8 to – 20 dBm	+ – 1000 ps/nm
26 dB	Off	<10 exp – 12	N/A	– 8 to – 22 dBm	—
17 dB	Standard	<10 exp – 5	<10 exp – 15	– 8 to – 18 dBm	+/– 800 ps/nm
15 dB	Standard	<10 exp – 5	<10 exp – 15	– 8 to – 18 dBm	—
15 dB	Enhanced	<7 x 10 exp – 4	<10 exp – 15	– 8 to – 18 dBm	+/– 800 ps/nm
14 dB	Enhanced	<7 x 10 exp – 4	<10 exp – 15	– 8 to – 18 dBm	—

1. Optical Signal-to-Noise ratio (OSNR) defined with 0.1 nm Resolution Bandwidth (RBW)
2. Receiver filter bandwidth greater than or equal to 180 pm (at – 3 dBm)

  - Receiver: APD
  - Link loss budget: 24 dB minimum, with no dispersion or 22 dB optical path loss at BER = 1 * 10 exp – 12 including dispersion
  - Receiver input wavelength range: 1529 to 1562 nm
- Line (client side):
  - 10-Gigabit Small Form-factor Pluggable (XFP)-based SR
  - Bit rate: 10GE (10.3125 Gbps), 10G FC (10.51875 Gbps), or STM-64/OC-192
  - Code: Scrambled NRZ
  - Fiber: 1310-nm single-mode
  - Maximum chromatic dispersion allowance: 6.6 ps/nm
  - Loopback modes: Terminal and facility
  - Connectors: LC
  - Compliance: Telcordia GR-253-CORE, ITU-T G.707, ITU-T G.957, ITU-T G.691
- Transmitter (client side)
  - Maximum transmitter output power: –1 dBm
  - Minimum transmitter output power: –6 dBm
  - Center wavelength: 1290 to 1330 nm
  - Nominal wavelength: 1310 nm
  - Transmitter: DFB laser
- Receiver (client side)
  - Maximum receiver level: –1 dBm at BER 1 * 10 exp – 12
  - Minimum receiver level: –14 dBm at BER 1 * 10 exp – 12
  - Receiver: APD
  - Link loss budget: 8 dB minimum, at BER = 1 * 10 exp – 12
  - Receiver input wavelength range: 1290 to 1605 nm

- Environmental
  - Operating temperature: –5 to +55 degrees Celsius (+23 to +113 degrees Fahrenheit)
  - Operating humidity: 5 to 95 percent, noncondensing
  - Power consumption: 50.00 W (maximum), 1.11 A at –48 V, 136.6 BTU/hr
- Dimensions
  - Height: 12.650 in. (321.3 mm)
  - Width: 0.716 in. (18.2 mm)
  - Depth: 9.000 in. (228.6 mm)
  - Depth with backplane connector: 9.250 in. (235 mm)
  - Weight not including clam shell: 3.1 lb (1.3 kg)

TXP_MR_10E_L Card Specifications

The TXP_MR_10E_L card has the following specifications:

- Line (trunk side)
  - Bit rate: OC-192/STM-64 (9.95328 Gbps), OTU2 (10.70923 Gbps), 10GE (10.3125 Gbps), 10GE into OTU2 (non-standard 10.0957 Gbps), 10G FC (10.51875 Gbps), or 10G FC into OTU2 (non-standard 11.31764 Gbps)
  - Code: Scrambled NRZ
  - Fiber: 1550-nm single-mode
  - Maximum chromatic dispersion allowance: +/– 1200 ps/nm (specified penalty)
  - Loopback modes: Terminal and facility

Caution You must use a 15-dB fiber attenuator (10 to 20 dB) when working with the TXP_MR_10E_L card in a loopback on the trunk port. Do not use direct fiber loopbacks with the TXP_MR_10E_L card. Using direct fiber loopbacks causes irreparable damage to the TXP_MR_10E_L card.

  - Connectors: LC
  - Compliance: Telcordia GR-253-CORE, ITU-T G.707, ITU-T G.957, and ITU-T G.709
- Transmitter (trunk side)
  - Maximum transmitter output power: +6 dBm
  - Minimum transmitter output power: +2 dBm
  - Transmitter: LN external modulator transmitter
  - Wavelength stability (drift): +/– 25 picometers (pm)

Note An optical device on the card keeps the laser wavelength locked as closely as possible to the ITU nominal value. The allowed drift is +/– 25 pm.

- Receiver (trunk side)

Table 6 TXP_MR_10E_L Receiver Trunk Side Specifications

OSNR[1]	FEC Type	Pre-FEC BER	Post-FEC BER	Input Power Sensitivity[2]	Chromatic Dispersion Tolerance
30 dB	Off	<10 exp – 12	N/A	– 8 to – 20 dBm	+/– 1200 ps/nm
26 dB	Off	<10 exp – 12	N/A	– 8 to – 20 dBm	+ – 1000 ps/nm
26 dB	Off	<10 exp – 12	N/A	– 8 to – 22 dBm	—
17 dB	Standard	<10 exp – 5	<10 exp – 15	– 8 to – 18 dBm	+/– 800 ps/nm
15 dB	Standard	<10 exp – 5	<10 exp – 15	– 8 to – 18 dBm	—
15 dB	Enhanced	<7 x 10 exp – 4	<10 exp – 15	– 8 to – 18 dBm	+/– 800 ps/nm
14 dB	Enhanced	<7 x 10 exp – 4	<10 exp – 15	– 8 to – 18 dBm	—

1. Optical Signal-to-Noise ratio (OSNR) defined with 0.1 nm Resolution Bandwidth (RBW)
2. Receiver filter bandwidth greater than or equal to 180 pm (at – 3 dBm)

  - Receiver: APD
  - Link loss budget: 24 dB minimum, with no dispersion or 22 dB optical path loss at BER = 1 * 10 exp – 12 including dispersion
  - Receiver input wavelength range: 1570 to 1604 nm
- Line (client side):
  - 10-Gigabit Small Form-factor Pluggable (XFP)-based SR
  - Bit rate: 10GE (10.3125 Gbps), 10G FC (10.51875 Gbps), or STM-64/OC-192
  - Code: Scrambled NRZ
  - Fiber: 1310-nm single-mode
  - Maximum chromatic dispersion allowance: 6.6 ps/nm
  - Loopback modes: Terminal and facility
  - Connectors: LC
  - Compliance: Telcordia GR-253-CORE, ITU-T G.707, ITU-T G.957, ITU-T G.691
- Transmitter (client side)
  - Maximum transmitter output power: –1 dBm
  - Minimum transmitter output power: –6 dBm
  - Center wavelength: 1290 to 1330 nm
  - Nominal wavelength: 1310 nm
  - Transmitter: DFB laser
- Receiver (client side)
  - Maximum receiver level: –1 dBm at BER 1 * 10 exp – 12
  - Minimum receiver level: –14 dBm at BER 1 * 10 exp – 12
  - Receiver: APD
  - Link loss budget: 8 dB minimum, at BER = 1 * 10 exp – 12
  - Receiver input wavelength range: 1290 to 1605 nm

- Environmental
  - Operating temperature: –5 to +55 degrees Celsius (+23 to +113 degrees Fahrenheit)
  - Operating humidity: 5 to 95 percent, noncondensing
  - Power consumption: 50.00 W (maximum), 1.11 A at –48 V, 136.6 BTU/hr
- Dimensions
  - Height: 12.650 in. (321.3 mm)
  - Width: 0.716 in. (18.2 mm)
  - Depth: 9.000 in. (228.6 mm)
  - Depth with backplane connector: 9.250 in. (235 mm)
  - Weight not including clam shell: 3.1 lb (1.3 kg)

Install the TXP_MR_10E_C and TXP_MR_10E_L Cards

Warning **During this procedure, wear grounding wrist straps to avoid ESD damage to the card. Do not directly touch the backplane with your hand or any metal tool, or you could shock yourself.** Statement 94

Warning **Class I (CDRH) and Class 1M (IEC) laser products.** Statement 1055

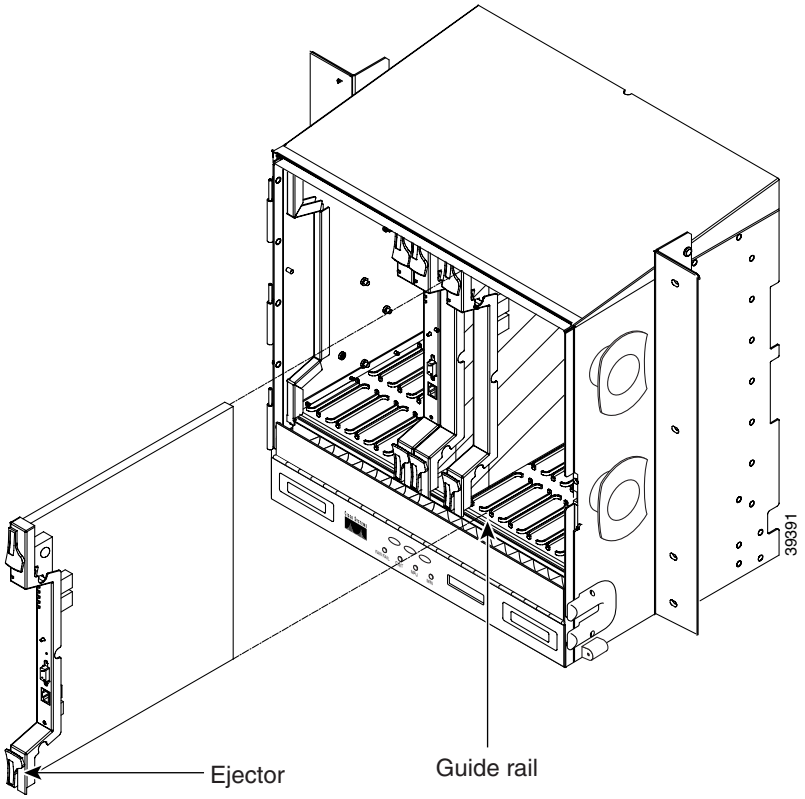
Warning **Invisible laser radiation may be emitted from disconnected fibers or connectors. Do not stare into beams or view directly with optical instruments.** Statement 272

Note If protective clips are installed on the rear connectors of the cards, remove the clips before installing the cards.

Note If you install a card incorrectly, the FAIL LED flashes continuously.

Figure 2 shows general card installation.

Figure 2 Installing a Card in the Cisco ONS 15454 SONET (ANSI) SHelf Assembly



Step 1 Display the card installation plan for the node using one of the following sources:

- The Cisco MetroPlanner Site Dialog window for the node you are provisioning.
- CTC node view with slots preprovisioned based on the Cisco MetroPlanner Site Dialog window.
- Written slot plan. The plan must be based on the Cisco MetroPlanner Site Dialog window for your installation.

Step 2 Remove the card from its packaging, then remove the protective clips from the card's rear connectors.

Step 3 Open the card latches/ejectors.

Step 4 Use the latches/ejectors to firmly slide the TXP or MXP card along the guide rails until the card plugs into the receptacle at the back of the slot.

Step 5 Verify that the card is inserted correctly and close the latches/ejectors on the card.

Note It is possible to close the latches and ejectors when the card is not completely plugged into the chassis. Ensure that you cannot insert the card any further.

Step 6 Verify the LED activity:

- The red FAIL LED turns on for 20 to 30 seconds.
- The red FAIL LED blinks for 35 to 45 seconds.
- All LEDs blink once and turn off for 5 to 10 seconds.

- The ACT or ACT/STBY LED turns on. The SF LED can persist until all card ports connect to their far-end counterparts and a signal is present.

Step 7 If the card does not boot up properly, or the LED activity does not occur as described in Step 6, check the following:

- When a physical card type does not match the type of card provisioned for that slot in CTC, the card might not boot. If a card does not boot, open CTC and ensure that the slot is not provisioned for a different card type before assuming that the card is faulty.
- If the red FAIL LED does not turn on, check the power.
- If you insert a card into a slot provisioned for a different card, all LEDs turn off.
- If the red FAIL LED is on continuously or the LEDs behave erratically, the card is not installed properly. Remove the card and repeat Steps 3 to 6.

Stop. You have completed this procedure.

Related Documentation

- *Cisco ONS 15454 DWDM Reference Manual*
- *Cisco ONS 15454 DWDM Procedure Guide*
- *Cisco ONS 15454 DWDM Troubleshooting Guide*
- *Cisco MetroPlanner DWDM Operations Guide*

Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

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