Cisco Secure Network Analytics

Alarm Configuration for Cisco XDR Guide 7.5.0



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Introduction

Overview

This guide provides instructions for promoting specific alarm data to Cisco XDR using a webhook through Response Management for Cisco Secure Network Analytics v7.5.0.

When you upgrade to v7.5.1, make sure to disable this webhook configuration through Response Management before initiating a Cisco XDR integration.

Audience

The intended audience for this guide includes network administrators and other personnel who are responsible for configuring Secure Network Analytics products.

Use this guide only if you have both Secure Network Analytics v7.5.0 *and* Cisco XDR Analytics (formerly Cisco Secure Cloud Analytics).

Requirements

The instructions in this guide require you to have access to Secure Network Analytics v7.5.0 and Cisco XDR Analytics. Having a Threat Feed License with Secure Network Analytics and being registered for Cisco XDR are also requirements.

Threat Feed License

Make sure you've set up your Threat Feed License because it's required to enable the *Bot Infected Host - Successful C&C Activity* alarm. For more information about the license, refer to the <u>Smart Software Licensing Guide 7.5.0</u>. For information about setting up the feed, refer to the "Threat Feed" section of the <u>Cisco Secure Analytics System</u> <u>Configuration Guide 7.5.0</u>.

For details about "Threat Feed" and related topics, click **(Help**) icon > **Help**.

Cisco XDR

Make sure you've registered for Cisco XDR before you begin configuring alarms in Secure Network Analytics to send to Cisco XDR. To confirm you've registered for Cisco XDR or for more information, contact your Cisco partner.

Cisco XDR is a cloud-based solution, designed to simplify security operations and empower security teams to detect, prioritize, and respond to the most sophisticated threats. It reduces false positives and enhances threat detection, response, and forensic capabilities through clear prioritization of alerts and providing the shortest path from detection to response. For more information about Cisco XDR, go here.

Best Practices

Before you get started, review the requirements and instructions provided in this guide.

Additionally, be aware that while failover is supported, with the secondary Manager becoming active if needed, any other configuration with multiple Managers is not supported.

Cisco XDR doesn't support multiple domains.

We suggest you follow the instructions in this order:

- **1. Confirming Severity Level for the Alarms**
- 2. Retrieving the AWS Root Certificate From Cisco XDR Analytics
- 3. Adding the AWS Root Certificate to the Trust Store
- 4. Retrieving the Service Key and Service Host from Cisco XDR Analytics
- 5. Setting Up a Webhook through Response Management

1. Confirming Severity Level for the Alarms

The alarms are notifications of unusual network activity that meets or exceeds a defined set of criteria indicating unacceptable behavior on your network. Only the following three alarms generate data to send to Cisco XDR:

- Bot Infected Host Successful C&C Activity
- Suspect Data Hoarding
- Suspect Data Loss

While these alarms typically default to a severity level of Major, make sure to confirm the severity level is either Critical or Major for each one. If an alarm doesn't have a severity of Critical or Major, it's data won't be sent to Cisco XDR.

The following table provides information about the Critical and Major alarm severity levels.

Alarm Severity	Alarm Definition
Critical	A Critical alarm is well-tuned, well-understood, and typically a low-volume alarm. The chance of a false positive is generally quite low.
	i When indicated by a color, it is red.
Major	A Major alarm should be of interest to you. When you have tuned a Major alarm to the point that you believe it is a valuable source of intelligence, you can re-assign it to Critical.
	i When indicated by a color, it is orange.

Make sure all three alarms have a **Critical** or **Major** severity level. If not, the data won't be shared with Cisco XDR.

Assign or Confirm the Alarm Severity for Each Alarm

To configure, or confirm, the alarm severity for each of the three alarms is Critical or Major, do the following:

- 1. From the main menu, choose **Configure > DETECTION Alarm Severity**.
- 2. When the Alarm Severity page displays, locate the first alarm, **Bot Infected Host -Successful C&C Activity**.

The Threat Feed License is required to enable the *Bot Infected Host Successful C&C Activity* alarm. Refer to Threat Feed License for more information.

The two the two the two the two the two	Monitor • Investigate • Report •	Configure +	२ 🛛 🛓 🛨 ात्रिक SECURE
Alarm Severity			
Alarm Type †		Alarm Severity	
	T Y		× ×
Bad_Flag_URG		Major 🔻	*
Beaconing Host		Minor 🔻	
Bot Command & Control Server		Major	
Bot Infected Host - Attempted C&C Activity		Major	
Bot Infected Host - Successful C&C Activity		Major	
Brute Force Login		Major 🔻	
Cisco ISE Management Channel Down		Major	
Command & Control		Major 💌	

3. Select either Critical or Major for Alarm Severity.

Æ	Network Analytics Autobots -	Monitor •	Investigate •	Report 🔻	Configure 🕶	
Alar	m Severity					
	llarm Type ↑			<i>7</i>	Alarm Severity	
1	Bot Infected Host - Successful C&C Activity				Major	•
	Brute Force Login				Critical	
	Disco ISE Management Channel Down				Major Minor Trivial	٠́
•	Command & Control				Informational	

4. Repeat Step 3 for each of the other two alarms.

0.A.o	Network Analytics	Autobots 💌	Monitor *	Investigate •	Report +	Configure *		۹ ۵ ۱	🛨 diale SECURE
Ali	arm Severity								
	Alarm Type †					Alarm Severity			
					<i>₹</i>				1
	Suspect Data Hoarding					Major 🔻]		
	Suspect Data Loss					Major 💌			

5. Click Save.

Review Additional Information About the Alarms

Secure	e Networ	k Analytics		MITRE Tac	tics and Techniques	5
Display Name	Event ID	Event Description	MITRE Tactic	Tactic ID	MITRE Technique	Technique ID
Bot Infected Host - Successful C&C Activity	42	The source host has successfully contacted a & server using a port identified in the Command- and-Control (C&C) server list. The communication is two-way, indicating the C&C server has responded. The inside host, as the initiator, accumulates Concern Index (CI) points. If the C&C server it contacts is also an inside host, then that C&C server accumulates Target Index (TI) points.	Command and Control (C&C)	TA0011	Application Layer Protocol	T1071
Suspect Data Hoarding	315	The source host has downloaded an unusual amount of data from one or more hosts.	Collection	TA0009	Data Staged	T107

The following table provides more details about these alarms.

Secur	e Networ	k Analytics	MITRE Tactics and Techniques				
Display Name	Event ID	Event Description	MITRE Tactic	Tactic ID	MITRE Technique	Technique ID	
Suspect Data Loss	40	This indicates that an inside host has uploaded an abnormal amount of data to outside hosts.	Exfiltration	TA0010	Exfiltration over C2 Channel	T1041	

2. Retrieving the AWS Root Certificate From Cisco XDR Analytics

To import the AWS Root Certificate from Cisco XDR Analytics, do the following:

- 1. Log in to your Cisco XDR Analytics web portal.
- 2. Select **Settings > Sensors**.
- 3. When the Sensors page displays, right-click the 2. (View site information) icon next to the URL in the browser bar at the top of the page to view the following dialog box:

← → C	• • ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	bsrvbl-staging.ol	bsrvbl.com/#/settings/sensors/list		
Cloue Now part of	obs	obsrvbl-staging.obsrvbl.com			
Settings	Connection is secure				
Alerts/Watch	Ŕ	Location	Can ask for your location		
Integrations	Ŷ	USB devices	Can ask to connect to USB devices		
Entity Groups Account Man	*	Bluetooth d	Can ask to connect to Bluetooth devices		
Subnets Webhooks/Se	٢	Cookies and site	data	>	
Sensors	Site settings				

- https://obsrvbl-staging.obsrvbl.com/#/settings/sensors/list G ← \rightarrow Cloud Security **`** Х Report Now part obsrvbl-staging.obsrvbl.com Settings ሮ Connection is secure Your information (for example, passwords or Alerts/Watch credit card numbers) is private when it is sent to this site. Learn more Integrations **Entity Groups** \square Certificate is valid Account Man been applied > Subnets Sensor Name Webhooks/Services > Sensors
- 4. Select **Connection is secure** to see the following dialog box:

5. Select **Certificate is valid** to display the following dialog box:

Certificate Viewe	r: *.obsrvbl.com ×
General Details	
Issued To	
Common Name (Cl Organization (O) Organizational Unit	N) *.obsrvbl.com <not certificate="" of="" part=""> (OU) <not certificate="" of="" part=""></not></not>
Issued By	
Common Name (Cl Organization (O) Organizational Unit	Amazon
Validity Period	
Issued On Expires On	Friday, August 18, 2023 at 8:00:00 PM Monday, September 16, 2024 at 7:59:59 PM
SHA-256 Fingerprints	
Certificate	8bc2b75dd76a7d41cda8246d1b9bbd2ad2b80f317e390e0a0db27f36d d4fea63
Public Key	bbe133b075e2035e25bfe003d9fe9abe95117fbe90cdbf0b9102c196aa0 3ffb8

6. Click the **Details** tab to see the following dialog box:

Certificate Viewer: *.obsrvbl.com	×
General Details	
Certificate Hierarchy	
Amazon Root CA 1	
Amazon RSA 2048 M03	
*.obsrvbl.com	
Certificate Fields	
▼ *.obsrvbl.com	
 Certificate 	
Version	
Serial Number	
Certificate Signature Algorithm	
lssuer	
Validity	
Not Before	-
Field Value	
Expo	ort

- 7. Make sure the AWS Root Certificate, **Amazon Root CA 1** in this example, is selected.
- 8. Click **Export** and save the file.

3. Adding the AWS Root Certificate to the Trust Store

To add the AWS Root Certificate to the Trust Store, do the following:

- 1. Log in to the primary Manager as admin.
- 2. From the main menu, select Configure > GLOBAL Central Management.
- 3. On the Inventory page, click the •••• (Ellipsis) icon next to Actions for the appliance.
- 4. Choose Edit Appliance Configuration.
- 5. On the **General** tab, locate the Trust Store section.
- 6. Click Add New.

Trust Store							Add New
FRIENDLY NAME	ISSUED TO	ISSUED BY	VALID FROM	VALID TO	SERIAL NUMBER	KEY LENGTH	ACTIONS
mmxm nzq1o rmi0yz wnmzd	1.la m	fs-7 1.la m	2020-11-20 17:51:53	2025-11-20 17:51:53	3	8192 bits	Delete
9-	- 121- 1.lan() m	121- 1.lanc o m	2020-11-20 17:42:20	2025-11-20 17:42:20	39	8192 bits	Delete

- 7. In the Friendly Name field, enter a name for the AWS root certificate.
- 8. Click **Choose File**. Select the AWS root certificate that you exported and saved in **2**. **Retrieving the AWS Root Certificate From Cisco XDR Analytics**.
- 9. Click Add Certificate. Confirm the AWS certificate is shown in the Trust Store list.
- 10. Repeat these steps for a secondary Manager, if applicable.

For more information about adding certificates to the trust stores, refer to the SSL/TLS Certificates for Managed Appliances Guide.

4. Retrieving the Service Key and Service Host from Cisco XDR Analytics

To retrieve the Service Key and Service Host information from Cisco XDR Analytics, which are needed for **5. Setting Up a Webhook through Response Management**, do the following:

- 1. Log in to your Cisco XDR Analytics web portal.
- 2. Select **Settings > Sensors**.
- 3. When the Sensors page displays, scroll to the bottom to view the **Service Key** and **Service Host** fields.

Settings	GCP: gcp-swcgcpdevelopme-n
Alerts/Watchlists > Integrations > Entity Groups Account Management >	NVM Sensors
Subnets > Webhooks/Services >	Meraki Sensors
Sensors >	Meraki-XDR Delete
	Cloud Configured On Premises Sensors - ONA
	▲ new.ona.sensor Settings ∨
	Hostname: New
	IP Address: 1.1.1.1
	Heartbeat Received: • 2024-05-31 09:51:13 UTC
	Heartbeat Sent: 2024-05-31 09:51:15 UTC
	Last Flow Record: • 2024-05-31 09:51:17 UTC
	all sensor details >
	Manually Configured On Premises Sensors
	l ▲ ferg.staging1.test Delete Delete Delete
	Heartbeat Received: • 2024-06-12 21:04:11 UTC IP Address: 2.2.2.2
	Heartbeat Sent: 2024-06-12 21:04:11 UTC Heartbeat Received: • 2024-05-31 09:53:20 UTC
	Last Flow Record: • 2024-06-12 20:50:00 UTC Heartbeat Sent: 2024-05-31 09:53:22 UTC
	Last Flow Record: • 2024-05-31 09:53:24 UTC
	Service Key: ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

- 4. Click (show) to view the Service Key.
- 5. Copy the Service Key and Service Host information to use in **5. Setting Up a Webhook through Response Management**.

5. Setting Up a Webhook through Response Management

Start with **Create the Webhook Action** to create the new webhook action; then go to **Create the Rule for the Webhook Action** to assign the rule to the action you've created.

Create the Webhook Action

To create the webhook action, do the following.

- 1. From the main menu, choose **Configure > DETECTION Response Management**.
- 2. When the Response Management page displays, click the **Actions** tab.
- 3. In the Actions area, select **Webhook** from the **Add New Action** menu.

T	Network Analytics Autobots -	Monitor •	Investigate + Report	• Configure •		9 0 1 ±	cisco SECURE
	Response Management						
	Actions				ſ	Add New Action 🗸	
	Name †	Туре	Description		Used By Rules	Syslog Message Email	
	Send email	Email	Sends an email to th	e recipients designated in the To field on the Email Action page.		SNMP Trap	
	Send to Syslog	Syslog Message	Sends a message to default Syslog Mess	the syslog server designated in the Syslog Address field using the ge format.		ISE ANC Policy Webhook	
						Threat Response Incident	

4. When the Webhook Action dialog box displays, type a unique name in the **Name** field.

T	Network Analytics Autobots •	Monitor • Investigate •	Report •	Configure *		ર ઉ) I	<u>+</u>	diale SECURE
	Response Management								
	Webhook Action				Can	el	Save		
	Name Enabled Disabled actions are not performed for	any associated rules.		Description			h		
	Webhook HTTPS URL								
	 Use Internet Proxy Basic Authentication 								
						Test	Action		

- 5. Paste the Service Host URL you copied from Cisco XDR Analytics into the **Webhook HTTPS URL** field.
- 6. Check the **Use Internet Proxy** check box if you have an Internet proxy in Central Management.
- 7. Check the **Basic Authentication** check box.

Term Network Analytics Autobots * Monitor * Investigate * Report * Configure *	۹	0	Ŧ	<u>+</u>	diale SECURE
Response Management					
Rules Actions Syslog Formats					
Webhook Action	Cancel	S	ave	I	
Name Description CiscoXDR			ſċ		
Webbook HTTPS URL https://sensor.staging.obsrvbl.com Image: Sensor Staging.obsrvbl.com Image: Sensor Stage					
	Т	est Act	tion		

- 8. Type service_key into the Username field
- 9. Paste the Service Key value you copied from Cisco XDR Analytics into the **Password** field.
- 10. Confirm **Enabled** is toggled on.

•When the action is enabled, the **Toggle** icon bar is blue.

•When the action is disabled, the **Toggle** icon bar is gray.

13. Click **Test Action** to confirm the alarms are successfully sending to Cisco XDR, or **Edit** (to make changes), if needed.

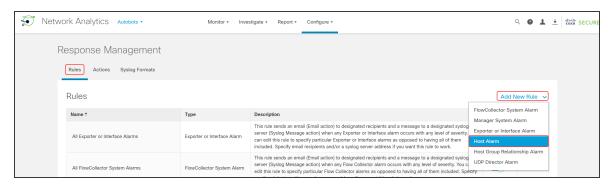
To dismiss a preview, click **Edit** or anywhere in the **Body** area.

14. Click Save.

Create the Rule for the Webhook Action

Use the following instructions to create a new rule to assign the webhook action you created.

- 1. Click the Rules tab, then select Webhook from the Add New Action menu.
- 2. Select Host Alarm.



Locate the Name field in the Rules | Host Alarm area, then type the name;
 "CiscoXDR" for example. You may also want to add a description in the Description field.

i Make sure the **Enabled** button is toggled on.

- 4. In the Rule is triggered if: area, select ANY.
- 5. Click the + (Plus) icon to add three selection options.
- 6. Select **Type** (where "Severity" initially displays).
- 7. Scroll through the list of types to select each of the three alarms:
 - Bot Infected Host Successful C&C Activity
 - Suspect Data Hoarding
 - Suspect Data Loss

i) If you click the - (Minus) icon, it removes a selection.

8. Make sure you've selected all three alarms, then click **Save**.

Network Analytics Autobots · Monitor · Investigate · Report · Configure ·	9 9 1	↓ the secure
Response Management		
Rules Actions Syslog Formats		
Rules Host Alarm	Cancel Save	
Name Description		
CiscoXDR		
Enabled Disabled rules are not triggered even when associated conditions are met.		
Rule is triggered if:		
ANY of the following is true:	(+)	
Type is Bot Infected Host - Successful C&C Activity	-	
Type v is Suspect Data Hoarding v	-	
Type v is Suspect Data Loss v	Ξ	

9. Locate the **Associated Actions** area, then toggle on (blue) the Assigned column for the webhook action you just created in the **active** table.

Associated Actions										
Execute the following actions when the alarm becomes active :										
Name ↑	Name † Type Description									
CiscoXDR	Webhook		0							
Send email	Email	Sends an email to the recipients designated in the To field on the Email Action page.	4							
Send to Syslog	Syslog Message	Sends a message to the syslog server designated in the Syslog Address field using the default Syslog Message format.	4							
Execute the following actions when the alarm becomes inactive :										
Name †	Туре	Description	Used By Rules	Assigned						
CiscoXDR	Webhook		0							
Send email	Email	Sends an email to the recipients designated in the To field on the Email Action page.	4							

Make sure the **inactive** table remains toggled off (gray) because Cisco XDR won't require this data.

10. Click Save.

Contacting Support

If you need technical support, please do one of the following:

- Contact your local Cisco Partner
- Contact Cisco Support
- To open a case by web: http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/index.html
- To open a case by email: tac@cisco.com
- For phone support: 1-800-553-2447 (U.S.)
- For worldwide support numbers: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/web/tsd-cisco-worldwide-contacts.html

Change History

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1_0	July 25, 2024	Initial version.		

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