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1.3 zlib 1.2.11.dfsg-2ubuntu1.5

1.3.1 Available under license :

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* gun.c -- simple gunzip to give an example of the use of inflateBack()

* Copyright (C) 2003, 2005, 2008, 2010, 2012 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h Version 1.7 12 August 2012 Mark Adler */

Found in path(s):

1.2.11.dfsg/examples/gun.c

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* gzclose.c -- zlib gzclose() function * Copyright (C) 2004, 2010 Mark Adler * For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h */

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/gzclose.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

MiniZip - Copyright (c) 1998-2010 - by Gilles Vollant - version 1.1 64 bits from Mathias Svensson

Introduction

MiniZip 1.1 is built from MiniZip 1.0 by Gilles Vollant (http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html)

When adding ZIP64 support into minizip it would result into risk of breaking compatibility with minizip 1.0. All possible work was done for compatibility.

Background

When adding ZIP64 support Mathias Svensson found that Even Rouault have added ZIP64 support for unzip.c into minizip for a open source project called gdal (http://www.gdal.org/)

That was used as a starting point. And after that ZIP64 support was added to zip.c some refactoring and code cleanup was also done.

Changed from MiniZip 1.0 to MiniZip 1.1

* Added ZIP64 support for unzip (by Even Rouault)

* Added ZIP64 support for zip (by Mathias Svensson

)

- * Reverted some changed that Even Rouault did.
- * Bunch of patches received from Gulles Vollant that he received for MiniZip from various users.
- * Added unzip patch for BZIP Compression method (patch create by Daniel Borca)
- * Added BZIP Compress method for zip
- * Did some refactoring and code cleanup

Credits

Gilles Vollant - Original MiniZip author
Even Rouault - ZIP64 unzip Support
Daniel Borca - BZip Compression method support in unzip
Mathias Svensson - ZIP64 zip support
Mathias Svensson - BZip Compression method support in zip

Resources

ZipLayout http://result42.com/projects/ZipFileLayout

Command line tool for Windows that shows the layout and information of the headers in a zip archive. Used when debugging and validating the creation of zip files using MiniZip64

ZIP App Note http://www.pkware.com/documents/casestudies/APPNOTE.TXT Zip File specification

Notes.

* To be able to use BZip compression method in zip64.c or unzip64.c the BZIP2 lib is needed and HAVE_BZIP2 need to be defined.

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Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/contrib/minizip/MiniZip64_info.txt No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* compress.c -- compress a memory buffer

* Copyright (C) 1995-2005, 2014, 2016 Jean-loup Gailly, Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/compress.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* zconf.h -- configuration of the zlib compression library

* Copyright (C) 1995-2016 Jean-loup Gailly, Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

- * /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zconf.h
- $* / opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zconf.h.in$
- * /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/zconf.h.cmakein

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/*

* gzlog.c

* Copyright (C) 2004, 2008, 2012, 2016 Mark Adler, all rights reserved

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in gzlog.h

* version 2.2, 14 Aug 2012

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/examples/gzlog.c

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* deflate.c -- compress data using the deflation algorithm

* Copyright (C) 1995-2017 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/deflate.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

Not copyrighted -- provided to the public domain

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

 $1.2.11.dfsg/examples/zlib_how.html$

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* zutil.h -- internal interface and configuration of the compression library

* Copyright (C) 1995-2016 Jean-loup Gailly, Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zutil.h No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* uncompr.c -- decompress a memory buffer

* Copyright (C) 1995-2003, 2010, 2014, 2016 Jean-loup Gailly, Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/uncompr.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/msdos/Makefile.emx

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/old/Makefile.emx

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/msdos/Makefile.dj2

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/old/os2/Makefile.os2

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* trees.c -- output deflated data using Huffman coding

* Copyright (C) 1995-2017 Jean-loup Gailly

* detect_data_type() function provided freely by Cosmin Truta, 2006

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/trees.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* gzread.c -- zlib functions for reading gzip files

* Copyright (C) 2004, 2005, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2016 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/gzread.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* unzip.c -- IO for uncompress .zip files using zlib Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010 part of the MiniZip project - (http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html)

Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant (minizip) (http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html)

Modifications of Unzip for Zip64 Copyright (C) 2007-2008 Even Rouault

Modifications for Zip64 support on both zip and unzip Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson (http://result42.com)

For more info read MiniZip_info.txt

Decryption code comes from crypt.c by Info-ZIP but has been greatly reduced in terms of compatibility with older software. The following is from the original crypt.c. Code woven in by Terry Thorsen 1/2003.

Copyright (c) 1990-2000 Info-ZIP. All rights reserved.

See the accompanying

file LICENSE, version 2000-Apr-09 or later

(the contents of which are also included in zip.h) for terms of use. If, for some reason, all these files are missing, the Info-ZIP license also may be found at: ftp://ftp.info-zip.org/pub/infozip/license.html

crypt.c (full version) by Info-ZIP. Last revised: [see crypt.h]

The encryption/decryption parts of this source code (as opposed to the non-echoing password parts) were originally written in Europe. The whole source package can be freely distributed, including from the USA.

(Prior to January 2000, re-export from the US was a violation of US law.)

This encryption code is a direct transcription of the algorithm from Roger Schlafly, described by Phil Katz in the file appnote.txt. This file (appnote.txt) is distributed with the PKZIP program (even in the version without encryption capabilities).

Changes in unzip.c

2007-2008 - Even Rouault - Addition of cpl_unzGetCurrentFileZStreamPos 2007-2008 - Even Rouault - Decoration of symbol names unz* -> cpl_unz* 2007-2008 - Even Rouault - Remove old C style function prototypes 2007-2008 - Even Rouault - Add unzip support for ZIP64

Copyright (C) 2007-2008 Even Rouault

Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Removed cpl_* from symbol names (Even Rouault added them but since this is now moved to a new project (minizip64) I renamed them again).

Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Fixed problem if uncompressed size was > 4G and compressed size was <4G should only read the compressed/uncompressed size from the Zip64 format if the size from normal header was 0xFFFFFFFF

Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Applied some bug fixes from paches recived from Gilles Vollant Oct-2009 - Mathias Svensson - Applied support to unzip files with compression mathod

BZIP2 (bzip2 lib is required)

Patch created by Daniel Borca

Jan-2010 - back to unzip and minizip 1.0 name scheme, with compatibility layer

Copyright (C) 1998 - 2010 Gilles Vollant, Even Rouault, Mathias Svensson

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/contrib/minizip/unzip.c

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* example.c -- usage example of the zlib compression library

* Copyright (C) 1995-2006, 2011, 2016 Jean-loup Gailly

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s): */opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/test/example.c /* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017

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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).

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/* gzwrite.c -- zlib functions for writing gzip files

* Copyright (C) 2004-2017 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/gzwrite.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* adler32.c -- compute the Adler-32 checksum of a data stream

* Copyright (C) 1995-2011, 2016 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/adler32.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

Frequently Asked Questions about zlib

If your question is not there, please check the zlib home page http://zlib.net/ which may have more recent information. The lastest zlib FAQ is at http://zlib.net/zlib_faq.html

1. Is zlib Y2K-compliant?

Yes. zlib doesn't handle dates.

2. Where can I get a Windows DLL version?

The zlib sources can be compiled without change to produce a DLL. See the file win32/DLL_FAQ.txt in the zlib distribution. Pointers to the precompiled DLL are found in the zlib web site at http://zlib.net/.

3. Where can I get a Visual Basic interface to zlib?

See

* http://marknelson.us/1997/01/01/zlib-engine/ * win32/DLL_FAQ.txt in the zlib distribution

4. compress() returns Z_BUF_ERROR.

Make sure that before the call of compress(), the length of the compressed buffer is equal to the available size of the compressed buffer and not zero. For Visual Basic, check that this parameter is passed by reference ("as any"), not by value ("as long").

5. deflate() or inflate() returns Z_BUF_ERROR.

Before making the call, make sure that avail_in and avail_out are not zero. When setting the parameter flush equal to Z_FINISH, also make sure that avail_out is big enough to allow processing all pending input. Note that a Z_BUF_ERROR is not fatal--another call to deflate() or inflate() can be made with more input or output space. A Z_BUF_ERROR may in fact be unavoidable depending on how the functions are used, since it is not possible to tell whether or not there is more output pending when strm.avail_out returns with zero. See http://zlib.net/zlib_how.html for a heavily annotated example.

6. Where's the zlib documentation (man pages, etc.)?

It's in zlib.h . Examples of zlib usage are in the files test/example.c and test/minigzip.c, with more in examples/ .

7. Why don't you use GNU autoconf or libtool or ...?

Because we would like to keep zlib as a very small and simple package. zlib is rather portable and doesn't need much configuration.

8. I found a bug in zlib.

Most of the time, such problems are due to an incorrect usage of zlib. Please try to reproduce the problem with a small program and send the corresponding source to us at zlib@gzip.org. Do not send multi-megabyte data files without prior agreement.

9. Why do I get "undefined reference to gzputc"?

If "make test" produces something like

example.o(.text+0x154): undefined reference to `gzputc'

check that you don't have old files libz.* in /usr/lib, /usr/local/lib or /usr/X11R6/lib. Remove any old versions, then do "make install".

10. I need a Delphi interface to zlib.

See the contrib/delphi directory in the zlib distribution.

11. Can zlib handle .zip archives?

Not by itself, no. See the directory contrib/minizip in the zlib distribution.

12. Can zlib handle .Z files?

No, sorry. You have to spawn an uncompress or gunzip subprocess, or adapt the code of uncompress on your own.

13. How can I make a Unix shared library?

By default a shared (and a static) library is built for Unix. So:

make distclean ./configure make 14. How do I install a shared zlib library on Unix?

After the above, then:

make install

However, many flavors of Unix come with a shared zlib already installed. Before going to the trouble of compiling a shared version of zlib and trying to install it, you may want to check if it's already there! If you can #include <zlib.h>, it's there. The -lz option will probably link to it. You can check the version at the top of zlib.h or with the ZLIB_VERSION symbol defined in zlib.h.

15. I have a question about OttoPDF.

We are not the authors of OttoPDF. The real author is on the OttoPDF web site: Joel Hainley, jhainley@myndkryme.com.

16.

Can zlib decode Flate data in an Adobe PDF file?

Yes. See http://www.pdflib.com/ . To modify PDF forms, see http://sourceforge.net/projects/acroformtool/ .

17. Why am I getting this "register_frame_info not found" error on Solaris?

After installing zlib 1.1.4 on Solaris 2.6, running applications using zlib generates an error such as:

ld.so.1: rpm: fatal: relocation error: file /usr/local/lib/libz.so: symbol __register_frame_info: referenced symbol not found

The symbol __register_frame_info is not part of zlib, it is generated by the C compiler (cc or gcc). You must recompile applications using zlib which have this problem. This problem is specific to Solaris. See http://www.sunfreeware.com for Solaris versions of zlib and applications using zlib.

18. Why does gzip give an error on a file I make with compress/deflate?

The compress and deflate functions produce data in the zlib format, which is different and incompatible with the gzip format. The gz* functions in zlib on the other hand use the gzip format. Both the zlib and gzip formats use the same compressed data format internally, but have different headers and trailers around the compressed data. The gzip format was designed to retain the directory information about a single file, such as the name and last modification date. The zlib format on the other hand was designed for in-memory and communication channel applications, and has a much more compact header and trailer and uses a faster integrity check than gzip.

20. Well that's nice, but how do I make a gzip file in memory?

You can request that deflate write the gzip format instead of the zlib format using deflateInit2(). You can also request that inflate decode the gzip format using inflateInit2(). Read zlib.h for more details.

21. Is zlib thread-safe?

Yes. However any library routines

that zlib uses and any application-

provided memory allocation routines must also be thread-safe. zlib's gz* functions use stdio library routines, and most of zlib's functions use the library memory allocation routines by default. zlib's *Init* functions allow for the application to provide custom memory allocation routines.

Of course, you should only operate on any given zlib or gzip stream from a single thread at a time.

22. Can I use zlib in my commercial application?

Yes. Please read the license in zlib.h.

23. Is zlib under the GNU license?

No. Please read the license in zlib.h.

24. The license says that altered source versions must be "plainly marked". So what exactly do I need to do to meet that requirement?

You need to change the ZLIB_VERSION and ZLIB_VERNUM #defines in zlib.h. In particular, the final version number needs to be changed to "f", and an identification string should be appended to ZLIB_VERSION. Version numbers x.x.x.f are reserved for modifications to zlib by others than the zlib maintainers. For example, if the version of the base zlib you are altering is "1.2.3.4", then in zlib.h you should change ZLIB_VERNUM to 0x123f, and ZLIB_VERSION to something like "1.2.3.f-zachary-mods-v3". You can also update the version strings in deflate.c and inftrees.c.

For altered source distributions, you should also note the origin and nature of the changes in zlib.h, as well as in ChangeLog and README, along with the dates of the alterations. The origin should include at least your name (or your company's name), and an email address to contact for help or issues with the library.

Note that distributing a compiled zlib library along with zlib.h and zconf.h is also a source distribution, and so you should change ZLIB_VERSION and ZLIB_VERNUM and note the origin and nature of the changes in zlib.h as you would for a full source distribution.

25.

Will zlib work on a big-endian or little-endian architecture, and can I exchange compressed data between them?

Yes and yes.

26. Will zlib work on a 64-bit machine?

Yes. It has been tested on 64-bit machines, and has no dependence on any data types being limited to 32-bits in length. If you have any difficulties, please provide a complete problem report to zlib@gzip.org

27. Will zlib decompress data from the PKWare Data Compression Library?

No. The PKWare DCL uses a completely different compressed data format than does PKZIP and zlib. However, you can look in zlib's contrib/blast directory for a possible solution to your problem.

28. Can I access data randomly in a compressed stream?

No, not without some preparation. If when compressing you periodically use Z_FULL_FLUSH, carefully write all the pending data at those points, and keep an index of those locations, then you can start decompression at those points. You have to be

careful to not use Z_FULL_FLUSH too often, since it can significantly degrade compression. Alternatively, you can scan a deflate stream once to generate an index, and then use that index for random access. See examples/zran.c.

29. Does zlib work on MVS, OS/390, CICS, etc.?

It has in the past, but we have not heard of any recent evidence. There were working ports of zlib 1.1.4 to MVS, but those links no longer work. If you know of recent, successful applications of zlib on these operating systems, please let us know. Thanks.

30. Is there some simpler, easier to read version of inflate I can look at to understand the deflate format?

First off, you should read RFC 1951. Second, yes. Look in zlib's contrib/puff directory.

31. Does zlib infringe on any patents?

As far as we know, no. In fact, that was originally the whole point behind zlib. Look here for some more information:

http://www.gzip.org/#faq11

32. Can zlib work with greater than 4 GB of data?

Yes. inflate() and deflate() will process any amount of data correctly. Each call of inflate() or deflate() is limited to input and output chunks of the maximum value that can be stored in the compiler's "unsigned int" type, but there is no limit to the number of chunks. Note however that the strm.total_in and strm_total_out counters may be limited to 4 GB. These counters are provided as a convenience and are not used internally by inflate() or deflate(). The application can easily set up its own counters updated after each call of inflate() or deflate() to count beyond 4 GB. compress() and uncompress() may be limited to 4 GB, since they operate in a single call. gzseek() and gztell() may be limited to 4 GB depending on how zlib is compiled. See the zlibCompileFlags() function in zlib.h.

The word "may" appears several times above since there is a 4 GB limit only if the compiler's "long" type is

32 bits. If the compiler's "long" type is 64 bits, then the limit is 16 exabytes.

33. Does zlib have any security vulnerabilities?

The only one that we are aware of is potentially in gzprintf(). If zlib is compiled to use sprintf() or vsprintf(), then there is no protection against a buffer overflow of an 8K string space (or other value as set by gzbuffer()), other than the caller of gzprintf() assuring that the output will not exceed 8K. On the other hand, if zlib is compiled to use snprintf() or vsnprintf(), which should normally be the case, then there is no vulnerability. The ./configure script will display warnings if an insecure variation of sprintf() will be used by gzprintf(). Also the zlibCompileFlags() function will return information on what variant of sprintf() is used by gzprintf().

If you don't have snprintf() or vsnprintf() and would like one, you can find a portable implementation here:

http://www.ijs.si/software/snprintf/

Note that you should be using the most recent version of zlib. Versions 1.1.3 and before were subject to a double-free vulnerability, and versions 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 were subject to an access exception when decompressing invalid compressed data.

34. Is there a Java version of zlib?

Probably what you want is to use zlib in Java. zlib is already included as part of the Java SDK in the java.util.zip package. If you really want a version of zlib written in the Java language, look on the zlib home page for links: http://zlib.net/ .

35. I get this or that compiler or source-code scanner warning when I crank it up to maximally-pedantic. Can't you guys write proper code?

Many years ago, we gave up attempting to avoid warnings on every compiler in the universe. It just got to be a waste of time, and some compilers were downright silly as well as contradicted each other. So now, we simply make sure that the code always works.

36. Valgrind (or some similar memory access checker) says that deflate is performing a conditional jump that depends on an uninitialized value. Isn't that a bug?

No. That is intentional for performance reasons, and the output of deflate is not affected. This only started showing up recently since zlib 1.2.x uses malloc() by default for allocations, whereas earlier versions used calloc(), which zeros out the allocated memory. Even though the code was correct, versions 1.2.4 and later was changed to not stimulate these checkers.

37. Will zlib read the (insert any ancient or arcane format here) compressed data format?

Probably not. Look in the comp.compression FAQ for pointers to various formats and associated software.

38. How can I encrypt/decrypt zip files with zlib?

zlib doesn't support encryption. The original PKZIP encryption is very weak and can be broken with freely available programs. To get strong encryption,

use GnuPG, http://www.gnupg.org/ , which already includes zlib compression. For PKZIP compatible "encryption", look at http://www.info-zip.org/

39. What's the difference between the "gzip" and "deflate" HTTP 1.1 encodings?

"gzip" is the gzip format, and "deflate" is the zlib format. They should probably have called the second one "zlib" instead to avoid confusion with the raw deflate compressed data format. While the HTTP 1.1 RFC 2616 correctly points to the zlib specification in RFC 1950 for the "deflate" transfer encoding, there have been reports of servers and browsers that incorrectly produce or expect raw deflate data per the deflate specification in RFC 1951, most notably Microsoft. So even though the "deflate" transfer encoding using the zlib format would be the more efficient approach (and in fact exactly what the zlib format was designed for), using the "gzip" transfer encoding is probably more reliable due to an

unfortunate choice of name on the part of the HTTP 1.1 authors.

Bottom line: use the gzip format for HTTP 1.1 encoding.

40. Does zlib support the new "Deflate64" format introduced by PKWare?

No. PKWare has apparently decided to keep that format proprietary, since they have not documented it as they have previous compression formats. In any case, the compression improvements are so modest compared to other more modern approaches, that it's not worth the effort to implement.

41. I'm having a problem with the zip functions in zlib, can you help?

There are no zip functions in zlib. You are probably using minizip by Giles Vollant, which is found in the contrib directory of zlib. It is not part of zlib. In fact none of the stuff in contrib is part of zlib. The files in there are not supported by the zlib authors. You need to contact the authors of the respective contribution for help.

42. The match.asm code in contrib is under the GNU General Public License.

Since it's part of zlib, doesn't that mean that all of zlib falls under the GNU GPL?

No. The files in contrib are not part of zlib. They were contributed by other authors and are provided as a convenience to the user within the zlib distribution. Each item in contrib has its own license.

43. Is zlib subject to export controls? What is its ECCN?

zlib is not subject to export controls, and so is classified as EAR99.

44. Can you please sign these lengthy legal documents and fax them back to us so that we can use your software in our product?

No. Go away. Shoo.

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/FAQ No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* inftrees.h -- header to use inftrees.c
* Copyright (C) 1995-2005, 2010 Mark Adler
* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h
*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/inftrees.h No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* gzappend -- command to append to a gzip file

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Mark Adler madler@alumni.caltech.edu */

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/examples/gzappend.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* deflate.h -- internal compression state

* Copyright (C) 1995-2016 Jean-loup Gailly

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/deflate.h No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/*

Additional tools for Minizip Code: Xavier Roche '2004 License: Same as ZLIB (www.gzip.org) */

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/contrib/minizip/mztools.h

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/contrib/minizip/mztools.c

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* unzip.h -- IO for uncompress .zip files using zlib Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010 part of the MiniZip project - (http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html)

Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant (minizip) (http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html)

Modifications of Unzip for Zip64 Copyright (C) 2007-2008 Even Rouault

Modifications for Zip64 support on both zip and unzip Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson (http://result42.com)

For more info read MiniZip_info.txt

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Changes

See header of unzip64.c

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/contrib/minizip/unzip.h
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* gzjoin -- command to join gzip files into one gzip file

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3. This

notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution.

Mark Adler madler@alumni.caltech.edu */

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/examples/gzjoin.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* crc32.c -- compute the CRC-32 of a data stream

* Copyright (C) 1995-2006, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2016 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*

* Thanks to Rodney Brown <rbrown64@csc.com.au> for his contribution of faster

* CRC methods: exclusive-oring 32 bits of data at a time, and pre-computing

* tables for updating the shift register in one step with three exclusive-ors

* instead of four steps with four exclusive-ors. This results in about a

* factor of two increase in speed on a Power PC G4 (PPC7455) using gcc -O3.

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/crc32.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* inffast.c -- fast decoding

* Copyright (C) 1995-2017 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/inffast.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* zutil.c -- target dependent utility functions for the compression library

* Copyright (C) 1995-2017 Jean-loup Gailly

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zutil.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* inflate.h -- internal inflate state definition

* Copyright (C) 1995-2016 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/inflate.h No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017

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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zlib.h No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* gzguts.h -- zlib internal header definitions for gz* operations

* Copyright (C) 2004, 2005, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2016 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/gzguts.h No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* zip.h -- IO on .zip files using zlib Version 1.1, February 14h, 2010 part of the MiniZip project - (http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html)

Copyright (C) 1998-2010 Gilles Vollant (minizip) (http://www.winimage.com/zLibDll/minizip.html)

Modifications for Zip64 support Copyright (C) 2009-2010 Mathias Svensson (http://result42.com)

For more info read MiniZip_info.txt

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Changes

See header of zip.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/contrib/minizip/zip.h

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* inftrees.c -- generate Huffman trees for efficient decoding

* Copyright (C) 1995-2017 Mark Adler

 \ast For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/inftrees.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* inflate.c -- zlib decompression

* Copyright (C) 1995-2016 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/inflate.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* zpipe.c: example of proper use of zlib's inflate() and deflate() Not copyrighted -- provided to the public domain Version 1.4 11 December 2005 Mark Adler */

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/examples/zpipe.c
No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

ZLIB DATA COMPRESSION LIBRARY

zlib 1.2.11 is a general purpose data compression library. All the code is thread safe. The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).

All functions of the compression library are documented in the file zlib.h (volunteer to write man pages welcome, contact zlib@gzip.org). A usage example of the library is given in the file test/example.c which also tests that the library is working correctly. Another example is given in the file test/minigzip.c. The compression library itself is composed of all source files in the root directory.

To compile all files and run the test program, follow the instructions given at the top of Makefile.in. In short "./configure; make test", and if that goes well, "make install" should work for most flavors of Unix. For Windows, use one of the special makefiles in win32/ or contrib/vstudio/. For VMS, use make_vms.com.

Questions about zlib should be sent to <zlib@gzip.org>, or to Gilles Vollant <info@winimage.com> for the Windows DLL version. The zlib home page is http://zlib.net/ . Before reporting a problem, please check this site to verify that you have the latest version of zlib; otherwise get the latest version and check whether the problem still exists or not.

PLEASE read the zlib FAQ http://zlib.net/zlib_faq.html before asking for help.

Mark Nelson <markn@ieee.org> wrote an article about zlib for the Jan. 1997 issue of Dr. Dobb's Journal; a copy of the article is available at http://marknelson.us/1997/01/01/zlib-engine/.

The changes made in version 1.2.11 are documented in the file ChangeLog.

Unsupported third party contributions are provided in directory contrib/.

zlib is available in Java using the java.util.zip package, documented at http://java.sun.com/developer/technicalArticles/Programming/compression/

A Perl interface to zlib written by Paul Marquess <pmqs@cpan.org> is available at CPAN (Comprehensive Perl Archive Network) sites, including http://search.cpan.org/~pmqs/IO-Compress-Zlib/.

A Python interface to zlib written by A.M. Kuchling <amk@amk.ca> is available in Python 1.5 and later versions, see http://docs.python.org/library/zlib.html.

zlib is built into tcl: http://wiki.tcl.tk/4610.

An experimental package to read and write files in .zip format, written on top of zlib by Gilles Vollant <info@winimage.com>, is available in the contrib/minizip directory of zlib.

Notes for some targets:

- For Windows DLL versions, please see win32/DLL_FAQ.txt

- For 64-bit Irix, deflate.c must be compiled without any optimization. With -O, one libpng test fails. The test works in 32 bit mode (with the -n32 compiler flag). The compiler bug has been reported to SGI.

- zlib doesn't work with gcc 2.6.3 on a DEC 3000/300LX under OSF/1 2.1 it works when compiled with cc.

- On Digital Unix 4.0D (formely OSF/1) on AlphaServer, the cc option -std1 is necessary to get gzprintf working correctly. This is done by configure.

- zlib doesn't work on HP-UX 9.05 with some versions of /bin/cc. It works with other compilers. Use "make test" to check your compiler.

- gzdopen is not supported on RISCOS or BEOS.

- For PalmOs, see http://palmzlib.sourceforge.net/

Acknowledgments:

The deflate format used by zlib was defined by Phil Katz. The deflate and

zlib specifications were written by L. Peter Deutsch. Thanks to all the people who reported problems and suggested various improvements in zlib; they are too numerous to cite here.

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Jean-loup Gailly	Mark Adler
jloup@gzip.org	madler@alumni.caltech.edu

If you use the zlib library in a product, we would appreciate *not* receiving lengthy legal documents to sign. The sources are provided for free but without warranty of any kind. The library has been entirely written by Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler; it does not include third-party code.

If you redistribute modified sources, we would appreciate that you include in the file ChangeLog history information documenting your changes. Please read the FAQ for more information on the distribution of modified source versions.

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/README No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* minigzip.c -- simulate gzip using the zlib compression library

* Copyright (C) 1995-2006, 2010, 2011, 2016 Jean-loup Gailly

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/test/minigzip.c

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Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/zlib.3 No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* inffast.h -- header to use inffast.c

* Copyright (C) 1995-2003, 2010 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/inffast.h No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* zran.c -- example of zlib/gzip stream indexing and random access

* Copyright (C) 2005, 2012 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

Version 1.1 29 Sep 2012 Mark Adler */

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/examples/zran.c

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* infback.c -- inflate using a call-back interface

* Copyright (C) 1995-2016 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/infback.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* gzlog.h

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Mark Adler madler@alumni.caltech.edu */

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/examples/gzlog.h No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* fitblk.c: example of fitting compressed output to a specified size Not copyrighted -- provided to the public domain Version 1.1 25 November 2004 Mark Adler */

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-

1.2.11.dfsg/examples/fitblk.c

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* gzlib.c -- zlib functions common to reading and writing gzip files

* Copyright (C) 2004-2017 Mark Adler

* For conditions of distribution and use, see copyright notice in zlib.h

*/

Found in path(s):

* /opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/gzlib.c No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

/* infcover.c -- test zlib's inflate routines with full code coverage

* Copyright (C) 2011, 2016 Mark Adler

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*/

Found in path(s): */opt/cola/permits/1445162814_1666092919.423293/0/zlib-1-2-11-dfsg-orig-2-tar-gz/zlib-1.2.11.dfsg/test/infcover.c

1.4 xz 5.2.9-0.0

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. . . .

getopt, getopt_long, and getop_long_only

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gdtoa: Converting between IEEE floating point numbers and ASCII

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1.5 visual-studio-runtime 14.38.33126.1

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1.6 zlib 1.3.1

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1.7 openssl 3.0.13

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Found in path(s): * /bin/grep

1.8 expat 2.6.0

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1.9 python 3.11.9

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting

Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see https://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see https://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations, which became Zope Corporation. In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see https://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation was a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.3 thru 1.5.2 1.2 1995-1999 CNRI yes						
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no		
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.o	com no		
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)		
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1.10 python 3.11.9

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see https://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see https://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations, which became Zope Corporation. In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see https://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation was a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All

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Release	Deriv	ed Year	r Own	er GPL-		
	from		com	compatible? (1)		
0.9.0 thru	1.2	1991-1	995 CWI	yes		
1.3 thru 1.	.5.2 1.2	1995-	-1999 CN	RI yes		
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no		
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.c	com no		
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)		
2.1	2.0+1.6	.1 2001	PSF	no		
2.0.1	2.0+1.6	5.1 2001	PSF	yes		
2.1.1	2.1+2.0	0.1 2001	PSF	yes		
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes		
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes		
2.2 and above 2.1.1 2001-now						
PSF	yes					

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