



# Open Source Used In OSS Distro TinyCore Linux 13.1

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,

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Source: http://tdb.samba.org/

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## 1.4 glibc 2.34

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has

a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute

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the work with the complete corresponding

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## 1.5 libnsl 2.0.0-r0

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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## 1.6 zlib 1.2.11

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/\* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017

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The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).
\*/

## 1.7 linux-kernel 5.15.10

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/\* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

\* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

```
*
```

- \* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- \* http://www.hypermall.com/
- \* 10/1/97 commented out CFG\_PHYIE bit we don't care when the PHY
- \* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
- \* 10/4/97 began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
- \* and spelling mistakes.
- \* 10/5/97 added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
- \* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
- \* re-established. (put back CFG PHYIE)

\*

\* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.

\*

\* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997

\*

- \* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
- \* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
- \* see init\_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
- \* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather

lists

\* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

\*

- \* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
- \* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
- \* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
- \* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
- \* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
- \* SDU, and leave <small\_buffer\_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
- \* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
- \* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
- \* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
- \* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle\_buffer
- \* combined, allow nicstar\_free\_rx\_skb to be called to
- recycle large data buffers
- \* 2) skb\_clone of received buffers
- \* See nicstar\_free\_rx\_skb and linearize\_buffer for implementation
- \* details.

\*

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\*

\* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

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