

Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN: Microsoft Sentinel Installation, Configuration, and Usage Guide

Contents

Overview	3
Steps to ingest NetFlow data into Microsoft Sentinel	3
Ingesting NetFlow data through the Docker image	3
Ingesting NetFlow data through Filebeat and Logstash	5
Steps to ingest syslog data into Microsoft Sentinel	12
Create a Data Collection Rule	16
Deploy a Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Sentinel Workbook	20
Steps to deploy the Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Sentinel parser functions	23
Steps to deploy a Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Sentinel analytic rule	25
Steps to deploy a Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Sentinel playbook	29
Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN High Speed Logging (HSL) Records	35
Usage	36
Locate the workspace	36
Locate the workbook	36
Use the workbook	38
Limitations	39
References	39

Overview

Cisco Catalyst™ SD-WAN integration with Microsoft Sentinel brings together the capabilities of Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN and Microsoft Sentinel, a cloud-native solution offering Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) along with Security Orchestration, Automation, and Response (SOAR). Microsoft Sentinel empowers organizations with security analytics, attack detection, threat visibility, proactive hunting, and efficient threat response. With this integration, businesses can leverage the combined power of Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN and Microsoft Sentinel to enhance their security posture.

The integration between Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN and Microsoft Sentinel, which is supported starting from Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN release 17.10, enables security analytics and delivers valuable threat intelligence, enabling organizations to effectively detect and respond to security incidents. By leveraging the strengths of both solutions, this integration provides a comprehensive security solution for businesses seeking advanced threat management capabilities.

- A) To begin visualizing Catalyst SD-WAN security insights, installation of a netflow collector and syslog collector is required. The following sections will outline the following:
- B) **Setting up Netflow ingestion using 2 options**
 - a. Option 1: Download and install a docker image
 - b. Option 2: Installing Filebeat and Logstash manually
- C) **Setting up an Arc Server for Syslog ingestion**

Steps to ingest NetFlow data into Microsoft Sentinel

Ingesting NetFlow data through the Docker image

To ingest NetFlow data into Sentinel through the Docker image, users simply need to download the Docker image from Docker Hub onto their VM and execute it using Docker commands. This process installs Filebeat and Logstash servers on their VM, which are responsible for receiving the NetFlow data and ingesting it into the Sentinel workspace.

Install Docker and Docker Compose

- Install Docker Engine on your preferred operating system. For Windows and Mac OS installations, you can choose between static binary installation or Docker Desktop.
 - **Link:** <https://docs.docker.com/engine/install/#server>

Run the Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Docker image

- Open the Filebeat input port in the firewall if it is enabled. Filebeat will receive the NetFlow data sent by Cisco, parse the NetFlow fields, and send it to the Logstash server. The Logstash server will then ingest the data into the specified workspace of Sentinel.

Example: **firewall-cmd --zone=public --permanent --add-port=2055/udp**

- Go to the **Cisco_SDWAN_Netflow_Docker** folder (shared in the Cisco_SDWAN_Netflow_Docker.zip file).

- Update the **docker-compose.yml** file and provide the following parameter values.
 - **Host machine input and output port**
 - **Microsoft Sentinel workspace ID**
 - **Microsoft Sentinel workspace key**

```
1  version: '3'
2
3  services:
4  cisco_sdw:
5    container_name: cisco_sdwan
6    image: cisco_sdwan:0.1.0 # Enter the name of the image:tag to download it from docker hub
7    hostname: docker_host # This host will be displayed in the data ingested through docker
8    privileged: true
9    ports:
10   - protocol: udp
11     published: 2055 # Enter the host machine input port for incoming netflow data
12     target: 2055
13   - protocol: tcp
14     published: 9600 # Enter that host machine output port for sending parsed netflow data to sentinel
15     target: 9600
16   environment:
17     WORKSPACE_ID: "" # Enter Microsoft Sentinel Workspace Id inside double quotes
18     WORKSPACE_KEY: "" # Enter Microsoft Sentinel Workspace Key inside double quotes
19   volumes:
20     - ./logstash:/var/log/logstash
21     - ./filebeat.out:/filebeat.out
22   network_mode: bridge
```

- Now open the terminal and go to the path where the **docker-compose.yml** file is located.
- To start Docker and run the application, execute the following command in the terminal:
 - **docker compose up -d**

After 5 minutes, run the following command to verify the running state of the Docker container:

- **docker ps**

Stop the Docker execution

- To stop the Docker execution, open the terminal and navigate to the directory where the docker - compose.yml file is located. Then run the following command.
 - **docker compose down**

Useful Docker commands

- **docker ps:** Get a list of all running Docker containers.
- **docker ps -a:** Get a list of all running and stopped Docker containers.
- **docker build -t <image_name> <location of Dockerfile>:** Build a Docker image.
- **docker system prune:** Remove all Docker cache.
- **docker exec -it <container_id> /bin/bash:** Execute commands inside the container.

Ingesting NetFlow data through Filebeat and Logstash

To ingest NetFlow data into Sentinel using Filebeat and Logstash, you need to install and configure Filebeat and Logstash on the VM. Once properly configured, the VM will be able to receive NetFlow data on the specified port and ingest that data into the Sentinel workspace.

- To install Filebeat and Logstash using APT, refer to the following sections of the Filebeat Reference:
 - **The APT section of Repositories for APT and YUM:**
<https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/beats/filebeat/current/setup-repositories.html>
 - **Installing Logstash:** <https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/logstash/current/installing-logstash.html>
- To install Filebeat and Logstash for Red Hat-based Linux (YUM), see the YUM section of Repositories for APT and YUM: https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/beats/filebeat/current/setup-repositories.html#_yum

1. Install Filebeat and Logstash

- Download and install the public signing key. Run the following command anywhere in the VM:
 - **sudo rpm --import <https://packages.elastic.co/GPG-KEY-elasticsearch>**
- Add the following in your `/etc/yum.repos.d/` directory in a file with a `.repo` suffix, for example, `logstash.repo`:

- **[elastic-8.x]**

name=Elastic repository for 8.x packages

baseurl=<https://artifacts.elastic.co/packages/8.x/yum>

gpgcheck=1

gpgkey=<https://artifacts.elastic.co/GPG-KEY-elasticsearch>

enabled=1

autorefresh=1

type=rpm-md

```
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# vi logstash.repo
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# cat logstash.repo
[elastic-8.x]
name=Elastic repository for 8.x packages
baseurl=https://artifacts.elastic.co/packages/8.x/yum
gpgcheck=1
gpgkey=https://artifacts.elastic.co/GPG-KEY-elasticsearch
enabled=1
autorefresh=1
type=rpm-md
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]#
```

- Install and enable Filebeat:

- **sudo yum install filebeat**

```
[root@localhost ~]# sudo yum install filebeat
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, product-id, search-disabled-repos, subscription-manager

This system is not registered with an entitlement server. You can use subscription-manager to register.

Repository logstash-8.x is listed more than once in the configuration
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile
 * base: mirrors.nhanhoa.com
 * epel: epel.excellmedia.net
 * extras: mirrors.nhanhoa.com
 * updates: mirrors.nhanhoa.com
elastic-8.x | 1.3 kB 00:00:00
elastic-8.x/primary | 205 kB 00:00:00
elastic-8.x | 598/598
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
--> Package filebeat.x86_64 0:8.7.0-1 will be installed
--> Finished Dependency Resolution

Dependencies Resolved

=====
Package Arch Version Size Repository
=====
Installing:
filebeat x86_64 8.7.0-1 40 M elastic-8.x
```

- **sudo systemctl enable filebeat**

```
[root@localhost ~]# sudo systemctl enable filebeat
[root@localhost ~]#
```

- **Note:** If your system does not use systemd, run `sudo chkconfig --add filebeat`

- Install Logstash:

- **sudo yum install logstash**

```
[root@localhost ~]# sudo yum install logstash
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, product-id, search-disabled-repos, subscription-manager

This system is not registered with an entitlement server. You can use subscription-manager to register.

Repository logstash-8.x is listed more than once in the configuration
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile
 * base: mirrors.nhanhoa.com
 * epel: epel.excellmedia.net
 * extras: mirrors.nhanhoa.com
 * updates: mirrors.nhanhoa.com
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
--> Package logstash.x86_64 1:8.7.0-1 will be installed
--> Finished Dependency Resolution

Dependencies Resolved

=====
Package Arch Version Size Repository
=====
Installing:
logstash x86_64 1:8.7.0-1 311 M elastic-8.x

Transaction Summary
-----
Install 1 Package

Total download size: 311 M
Installed size: 552 M
Is this ok [y/d/N]: y
Downloading packages:
logstash-8.7.0-x86_64.rpm | 311 MB 00:00:34
```

2. Configure Filebeat to send events to Logstash

- Edit the filebeat.yml file:
 - **vi /etc/filebeat/filebeat.yml**
- Comment out the Elasticsearch Output section.

```
# ----- Elasticsearch Output -----
# output.elasticsearch:
# Array of hosts to connect to.
# hosts: ["localhost:9200"]

# Protocol - either `http` (default) or `https`.
#protocol: "https"

# Authentication credentials - either API key or username/password.
#api_key: "id:api_key"
#username: "elastic"
#password: "changeme"
```

- Uncomment the Logstash Output section (uncomment only these two lines):
 - **output.logstash**

hosts: ["localhost:5044"]

```
# ----- Logstash Output -----
output.logstash:
# The Logstash hosts
hosts: ["localhost:5044"]

# Optional SSL. By default is off.
# List of root certificates for HTTPS server verifications
#ssl.certificate_authorities: ["/etc/pki/root/ca.pem"]

# Certificate for SSL client authentication
#ssl.certificate: "/etc/pki/client/cert.pem"

# Client Certificate Key
#ssl.key: "/etc/pki/client/cert.key"
```

- In the Logstash Output section, if you want to send data to a port other than the default port, that is, **port 5044**, replace the port number in the **hosts** field. (**Note:** When configuring Logstash, make sure to add this port to the configuration file.)

- In the Filebeat inputs section, comment out the existing configuration and add the following configuration:

- - **type: netflow**

```
max_message_size: 10KiB
host: "0.0.0.0:2055"
protocols: [ v5, v9, ipfix ]
expiration_timeout: 30m
queue_size: 8192
custom_definitions:
- /etc/filebeat/custom.yml
detect_sequence_reset: true
enabled: true
```

```
===== Filebeat inputs =====
filebeat.inputs:
- type: netflow
  max_message_size: 10KiB
  host: "0.0.0.0:2055"
  protocols: [ v5, v9, ipfix ]
  expiration_timeout: 30m
  queue_size: 8192
  custom_definitions:
  - /etc/filebeat/custom.yml
  detect_sequence_reset: true
  enabled: true

# Each - is an input. Most options can be set at the input level, so
# you can use different inputs for various configurations.
# Below are the input specific configurations.

# filestream is an input for collecting log messages from files.
#- type: filestream

# Unique ID among all inputs, an ID is required.
# id: my-filestream-id

# Change to true to enable this input configuration.
# enabled: false

# Paths that should be crawled and fetched. Glob based paths.
# paths:
# - /var/log/*.log
# #- c:\programdata\elasticsearch\logs\*
```

- In the Filebeat inputs section, if you want to receive data from a port other than the default port, that is, **port 2055**, replace the port number in the **host** field.
- Add the provided custom.yml file inside the /etc/filebeat/ directory.

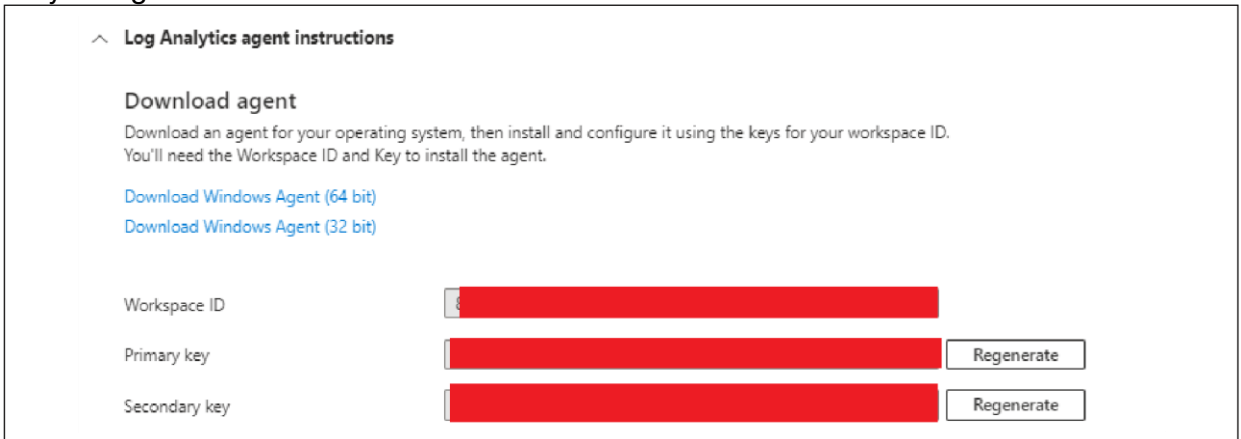
- Open the Filebeat input and output ports in the firewall:
 - **firewall-cmd --zone=public --permanent --add-port=2055/udp**
 - **firewall-cmd --zone=public --permanent --add-port=5044/udp**
- **Note:** If a custom port is added for Filebeat input or output, open that port in the firewall.

3. Configure Logstash to send events to Microsoft Sentinel

- Install the Azure Log Analytics plug-in:
 - **sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash-plugin install microsoft-logstash-output-azure-loganalytics**

```
[root@localhost ~]# sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash-plugin install microsoft-logstash-output-azure-loganalytics
Using bundled JDK: /usr/share/logstash/jdk
Validating microsoft-logstash-output-azure-loganalytics
Resolving mixin dependencies
Installing microsoft-logstash-output-azure-loganalytics
Installation successful
```

- Store the Log Analytics workspace key in the Logstash key store. The workspace key can be found in Azure portal under Log Analytics workspace > Select workspace. Under **Settings**, select Agent > Log Analytics agent instructions.



- Copy the primary key and run the following commands:
 - **sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash-keystore --path.settings /etc/logstash create LogAnalyticsKey**

```
[root@localhost ~]# sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash-plugin install microsoft-logstash-output-azure-loganalytics
Using bundled JDK: /usr/share/logstash/jdk
Validating microsoft-logstash-output-azure-loganalytics
Resolving mixin dependencies
Installing microsoft-logstash-output-azure-loganalytics
Installation successful
[root@localhost ~]# sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash-keystore --path.settings /etc/logstash create LogAnalyticsKey
Using bundled JDK: /usr/share/logstash/jdk
Sending Logstash logs to /var/log/logstash which is now configured via log4j2.properties
WARNING: The keystore password is not set. Please set the environment variable 'LOGSTASH_KEYSTORE_PASS'. Failure to do so will result in reduced security. Continue without password p
rotection on the keystore? [y/N] y
[2023-04-19T15:57:22.004][INFO ][org.logstash.secret.store.backend.JavaKeyStore] Created Logstash keystore at /etc/logstash/logstash.keystore
Created Logstash keystore at /etc/logstash/logstash.keystore
```

- **sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash-keystore --path.settings /etc/logstash add LogAnalyticsKey**

- The above command will prompt you for the key. Paste the copied primary key into the prompt.

```
[root@localhost ~]# sudo /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash-keystore --path.settings /etc/logstash add LogAnalyticsKey
Using bundled JDK: /usr/share/logstash/jdk
Sending Logstash logs to /var/log/logstash which is now configured via log4j2.properties

Enter value for LogAnalyticsKey:
Added 'loganalyticskey' to the Logstash keystore.
```

- Create the configuration file `/etc/logstash/cisco-netflow-to-sentinel.conf`:

```
input {
  beats {
    port => <port_number> (Enter the output port number that was configured
during Filebeat configuration, for example, filebeat.yml.)
  }
}

output {
  microsoft-logstash-output-azure-loganalytics {
    workspace_id => "<workspace_id>"
    workspace_key => "${LogAnalyticsKey}"
    custom_log_table_name => "CiscoSDWANNetflow"
  }
}
```

- **Note: If the table is not present in Sentinel, it will create a new table.**

```
[root@localhost logstash]# cat cisco-netflow-to-sentinel.conf
input {
  beats {
    port => 5044
  }
}

output {
  microsoft-logstash-output-azure-loganalytics {
    workspace_id => "86932482-3c55-4c6c-9869-0951342053c6"
    workspace_key => "${LogAnalyticsKey}"
    custom_log_table_name => "MTestNetflow"
  }
}
```

4. Run Filebeat

- Open a terminal and run the following command:
 - **systemctl start filebeat.**
- This command will run Filebeat in the background. To view the logs, stop Filebeat (**systemctl stop filebeat**) and then run the following command:
 - **filebeat run -e**

```
[root@localhost logstash]# filebeat run -e
{"log_level":"info","@timestamp":"2023-04-19T16:35:02.341+0530","log_origin":{"file.name":"instance/beat.go","file.line":724,"message":"Home path: [/usr/share/filebeat] Config path: [/etc/filebeat] Data path: [/var/lib/filebeat] Logs path: [/var/log/filebeat]","service.name":"filebeat","ecs.version":"1.6.0"}}
{"log_level":"info","@timestamp":"2023-04-19T16:35:02.342+0530","log_origin":{"file.name":"instance/beat.go","file.line":732,"message":"Beat ID: 8a54070f-b358-4774-966f-ac596e3ccf85","service.name":"filebeat","ecs.version":"1.6.0"}}
{"log_level":"warn","@timestamp":"2023-04-19T16:35:02.358+0530","log_origin":{"file.name":"add_cloud_metadata/provider_aws_ec2.go","file.line":97,"message":"error when check request status for getting IMDSv2 token: http request status 404. No token in the metadata request will be used.","service.name":"filebeat","ecs.version":"1.6.0"}}
{"log_level":"info","@timestamp":"2023-04-19T16:35:02.360+0530","log_origin":{"file.name":"seccomp/seccomp.go","file.line":124,"message":"Syscall filter successfully installed","service.name":"filebeat","ecs.version":"1.6.0"}}
{"log_level":"info","@timestamp":"2023-04-19T16:35:02.360+0530","log_origin":{"file.name":"instance/beat.go","file.line":1096,"message":"Beat info","service.name":"filebeat","system_info":{"beat":{"path":{"config":"/etc/filebeat","data":"/var/lib/filebeat","home":"/usr/share/filebeat","logs":"/var/log/filebeat"},"type":"filebeat","uuid":"8a54070f-b358-4774-966f-ac596e3ccf85"},"ecs.version":"1.6.0"}}}}
{"log_level":"info","@timestamp":"2023-04-19T16:35:02.360+0530","log_origin":{"file.name":"instance/beat.go","file.line":1105,"message":"Build info","service.name":"filebeat","system_info":{"build":{"commit":"a8dbcc6c6381f4fe33a5dc2390e6d3c04c9e2444","libbeat":"8.7.0","time":"2023-03-23T00:44:06.000Z","version":"8.7.0"},"ecs.version":"1.6.0"}}}}
{"log_level":"info","@timestamp":"2023-04-19T16:35:02.360+0530","log_origin":{"file.name":"instance/beat.go","file.line":1188,"message":"Go runtime info","service.name":"filebeat","system_info":{"go":{"os":"linux","arch":"amd64","max_procs":4,"version":"go1.19.7"},"ecs.version":"1.6.0"}}}}

```

5. Run Logstash:

- In another terminal window, run the following command:
 - /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash --path.settings /etc/logstash -f /etc/logstash/cisco-netflow-to-sentinel.conf &**
- This command will run Logstash in the background. To view the Logstash logs, terminate the above process and run the following command:
 - /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash --path.settings /etc/logstash -f /etc/logstash/cisco-netflow-to-sentinel.conf**

```
[root@localhost logstash]# /usr/share/logstash/bin/logstash --path.settings /etc/logstash -f /etc/logstash/cisco-netflow-to-sentinel.conf &
[1] 27170
[root@localhost logstash]# Using bundled JDK: /usr/share/logstash/jdk
Sending Logstash logs to /var/log/logstash which is now configured via log4j2.properties
[2023-04-19T16:37:24,532][INFO ][logstash.runner      ] Log4j configuration path used is: /etc/logstash/log4j2.properties
[2023-04-19T16:37:24,535][INFO ][logstash.runner      ] Starting Logstash {"logstash.version"=>"8.7.0", "jruby.version"=>"jruby 9.3.10.0 (2.6.8) 2023-02-01 10:56:42 UTC #e91328772"}
[2023-04-19T16:37:24,539][INFO ][logstash.runner      ] JVM bootstrap flags: [-Xms1g, -Xmx1g, -Djava.awt.headless=true, -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8, -Djruby.compile.mode=XX:HeapDumpOnOutOfMemoryError, -Djava.security.egd=file:/dev/urandom, -Dlog4j2.isThreadContextMapInheritable=true, -Djruby.regexp.interruptible=true, -Djdk.io.File.deleteOnExit=false, --add-exports=jdk.compiler/com.sun.tools.javac.api=ALL-UNNAMED, --add-exports=jdk.compiler/com.sun.tools.javac.file=ALL-UNNAMED, --add-exports=jdk.compiler/com.sun.tools.javac.main=ALL-UNNAMED, --add-exports=jdk.compiler/com.sun.tools.javac.tree=ALL-UNNAMED, --add-exports=jdk.compiler/com.sun.tools.javac.util=ALL-UNNAMED, --add-opens=java.base/java.io=ALL-UNNAMED, --add-opens=java.base/java.nio.channels=ALL-UNNAMED, --add-opens=java.base/sun.nio.ch=ALL-UNNAMED, --add-opens=java.management=ALL-UNNAMED]
[2023-04-19T16:37:24,800][WARN ][logstash.config.source.multilocal] Ignoring the 'pipelines.yml' file because modules or command line options are specified
[2023-04-19T16:37:25,771][INFO ][logstash.agent        ] Successfully started Logstash API endpoint {:port->9600, :ssl_enabled->false}
[2023-04-19T16:37:26,420][INFO ][org.reflections.Reflections] Reflections took 294 ms to scan 1 urls, producing 132 keys and 462 values
[2023-04-19T16:37:29,241][INFO ][logstash.javapipeline ] Pipeline 'main' is configured with 'pipeline.ecs_compatibility: v8' setting. All plugins in this pipeline have 'ecs_compatibility => v8' unless explicitly configured otherwise.
[2023-04-19T16:37:29,266][INFO ][logstash.outputs.azureloganalytics][main] Azure Loganalytics configuration was found valid.
[2023-04-19T16:37:29,266][INFO ][logstash.outputs.azureloganalytics][main] Logstash Azure Loganalytics output plugin configuration was found valid
[2023-04-19T16:37:29,312][INFO ][logstash.javapipeline ] [main] Starting pipeline {:pipeline_id->"main", "pipeline.workers"->4, "pipeline.batch.size"->125, "pipeline.max_inflight"->500, "pipeline.sources"=>["/etc/logstash/cisco-netflow-to-sentinel.conf"], :thread->"#<Thread:0x60b839e9@usr/share/logstash/logstash-ava_pipeline.rb:134 run>"}
[2023-04-19T16:37:30,295][INFO ][logstash.javapipeline ] [main] Pipeline Java execution initialization time {"seconds"=>0.98}
[2023-04-19T16:37:30,303][INFO ][logstash.inputs.beats ] [main] Starting input listener {:address->"0.0.0.0:5044"}
[2023-04-19T16:37:30,316][INFO ][logstash.javapipeline ] [main] Pipeline started {"pipeline.id"=>"main"}
[2023-04-19T16:37:30,345][INFO ][logstash.agent        ] Pipelines running {:count->1, :running_pipelines=>[:main], :non_running_pipelines=>[]}
[2023-04-19T16:37:30,417][INFO ][org.logstash.beats.Server][main][5a16a03e515004c1f7bf5d7ba5fb9f0d631db064c0ca97f688c5769c67db470e] Starting server on port: 5044

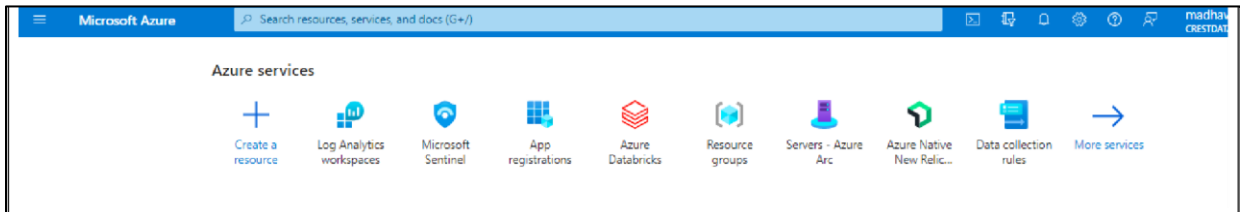
```

Steps to ingest syslog data into Microsoft Sentinel

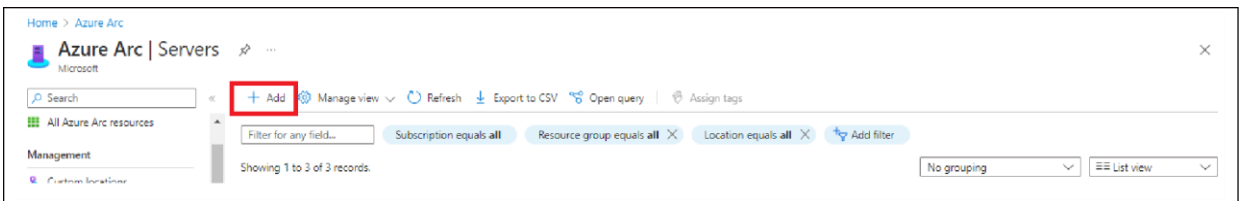
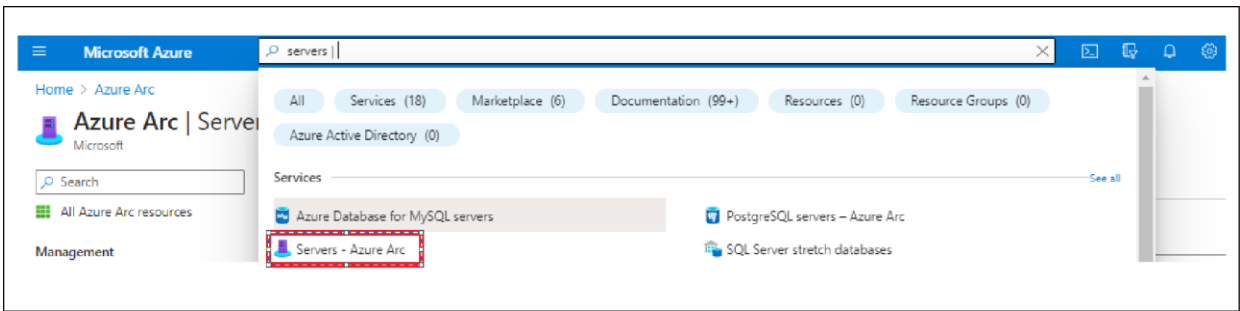
Azure Monitor Agent will be used to collect the syslog data into Sentinel. To enable this, you first need to create an Azure Arc server for the VM from which the syslog data will be sent.

Add an Azure Arc server

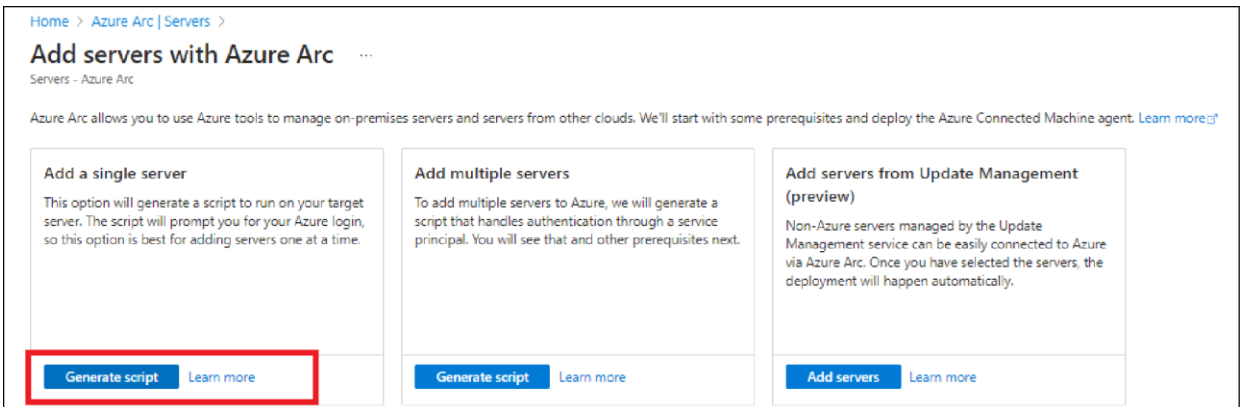
- Log in to the [Azure portal](#).



- Go to **Servers - Azure Arc** and click **Add**.



- Under "Add a single server," select **Generate Script**. Users can also generate scripts for multiple servers.



- Review the information on the Prerequisites page, then select **Next**.
- On the Resource details page, provide the following information:
 - Select the subscription and resource group where you want the machine to be managed within Azure.
 - For **Region**, choose the Azure region in which the server's metadata will be stored.
 - For **Operating system**, select the operating system of the server you want to connect.
 - Choose the connectivity method for the Azure Connected Machine agent to connect to the internet. If you select **Proxy server**, enter the proxy server IP address or the name and port number that the machine will use in the specified format: `http://<proxyURL>:<proxyport>`.
 - Select **Next**.

The screenshot shows the 'Project details' and 'Server details' sections of the Azure Connected Machine configuration page. The 'Project details' section includes fields for 'Subscription' and 'Resource group', both of which are redacted with a red bar. Below the 'Resource group' field is a 'Create new' link. The 'Server details' section includes fields for 'Region' and 'Operating system', both of which are also redacted with a red bar. At the bottom of the page, there are three buttons: 'Previous', 'Next', and 'Download and run script'. The 'Next' button is highlighted with a red box.

- On the Tags page, review the suggested default physical location tags and enter a value, or specify one or more custom tags to support your standards. Then select **Next**.

Home > Azure Arc | Servers > Add servers with Azure Arc >

Add a server with Azure Arc

Basics **Tags** Download and run script

To manage and create custom views of your resources, assign tags. [Learn more about tags of](#)

Physical location tags

Start with these options for physical location types, change them to suit your needs, or create your own. If you leave the value field blank for these options, the tags will not be created.

Name	Value
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Custom tags

Add additional tags to help you organize your resources to facilitate administrative tasks.

Name	Value
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Previous **Next** Download and run script

- In the “Download or copy the following script” section, review the script. If you want to make any changes, use the **Previous** button to go back and update your selections. Otherwise, select **Download** to save the script file.
- Now that you've generated the script, the next step is to run it on the server that you want to onboard to Azure Arc.
- **For Azure VM**, follow the steps described in “Evaluate Azure Arc-enabled servers on an Azure virtual machine” (link below) before running the script:
 - <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-arc/servers/plan-evaluate-on-azure-virtual-machine>
- Run the script using the following command:
 - `/<ScriptName>.sh`

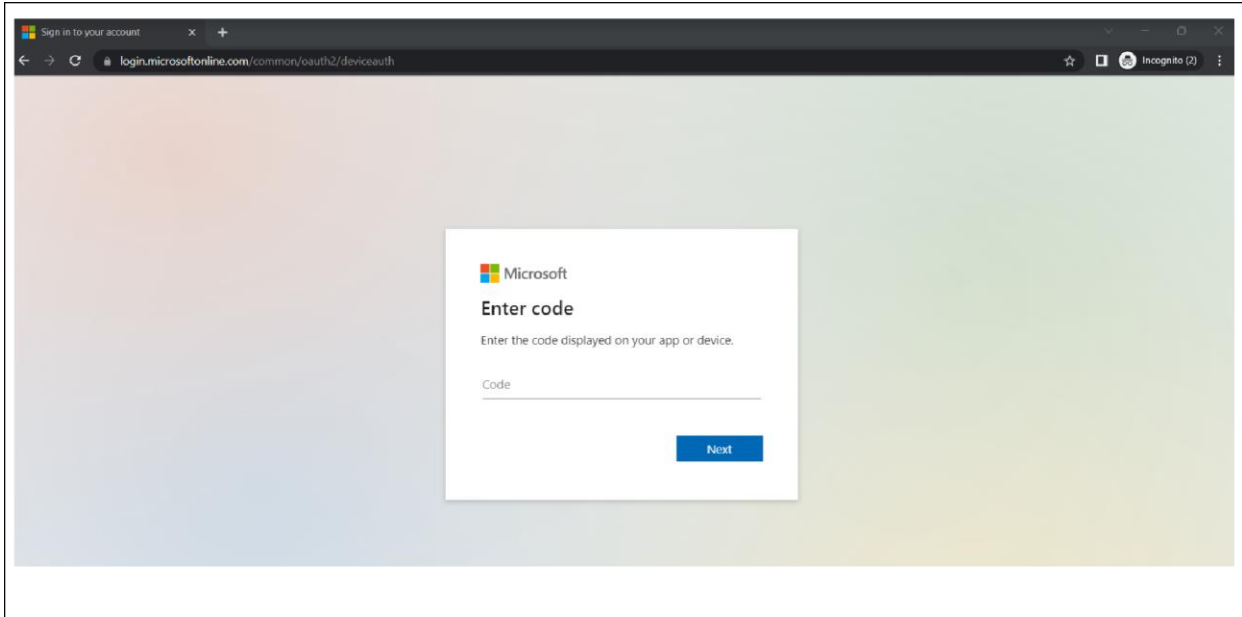
```
[root@localhost devuser]# ./OnboardingScript.sh
--2023-04-20 18:24:34-- https://aka.ms/azcmagent
Resolving aka.ms (aka.ms)... 23.49.52.46
Connecting to aka.ms (aka.ms)[23.49.52.46]:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 301 Moved Permanently
Location: https://gbl.his.arc.azure.com/installationScripts?api-version=1.0-preview&platform=linux [following]
--2023-04-20 18:24:35-- https://gbl.his.arc.azure.com/installationScripts?api-version=1.0-preview&platform=linux
Resolving gbl.his.arc.azure.com (gbl.his.arc.azure.com)... 52.140.110.108
Connecting to gbl.his.arc.azure.com (gbl.his.arc.azure.com)[52.140.110.108]:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: unspecified [text/plain]
Saving to: '/root/install_linux_azcmagent.sh'

0K ..... 1.52M-0.01s
```

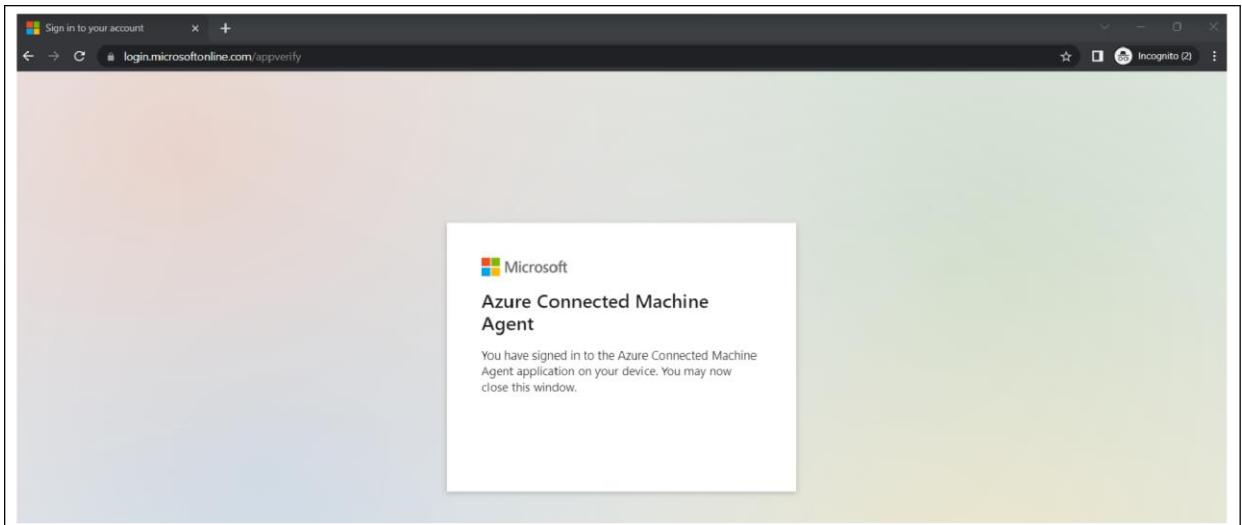
- After the successful installation of the package, you will get the following “INFO” message:

```
INFO Connecting machine to Azure... This might take a few minutes.
To sign in, use a web browser to open the page https://microsoft.com/devicelogin and enter the code [REDACTED] to authenticate.
```

- Open the page <https://microsoft.com/devicelogin> and enter the code to authenticate.



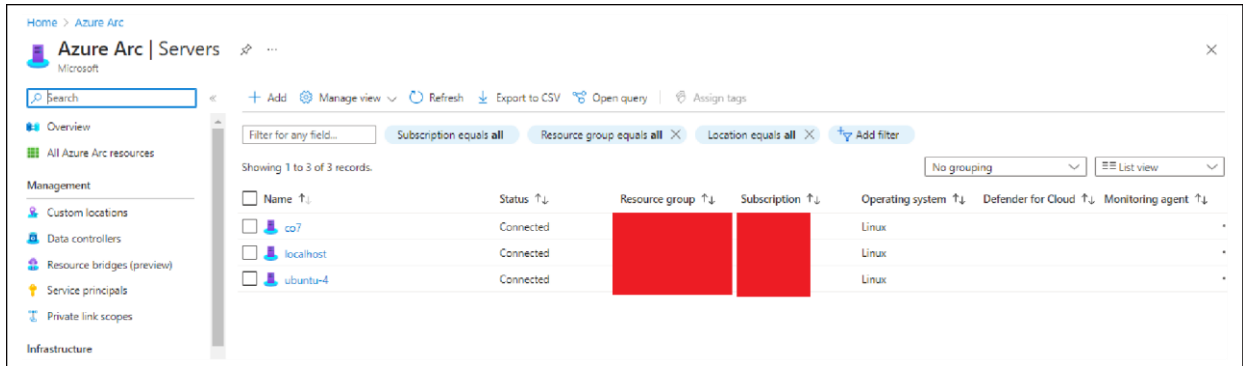
- After entering the code, you will see a confirmation message like the following:



- Your machine will be connected to Azure.

```
INFO Difference in time between HIS clock and local clock: 0.004907 minute
20% [==> ]
30% [===> ]
INFO Creating resource in Azure... Correlation ID=33a9155d-4b94-442c-a29c-0fea381ac6b8 Resource ID=/subscriptions/ec3e5f16-67b5
-40aa-9289-23311c95451c/resourceGroups/Cisco_MSFT_Sentinel_integration_Phase1_2_31135/providers/Microsoft.HybridCompute/machines/localhost
60% [=====> ]
80% [=====> ]
100% [=====]
INFO Connected machine to Azure
INFO Machine overview page: https://portal.azure.com/#@3adb963c-8e61-48e8-a06d-6d8b0dacea39/resource/subscriptions/ec3e5f16-67b5-40aa-9289-23311c
95451c/resourceGroups/Cisco_MSFT_Sentinel_integration_Phase1_2_31135/providers/Microsoft.HybridCompute/machines/localhost/overview
```

- The script will download the Connected Machine agent from the Microsoft Download Center, install the agent on the server, create the Azure Arc-enabled server resource, and associate it with the agent.
- After you install the agent and configure it to connect to Azure Arc-enabled servers, go to the Azure portal to verify that the server has successfully connected. View your machine in the [Azure portal](#).

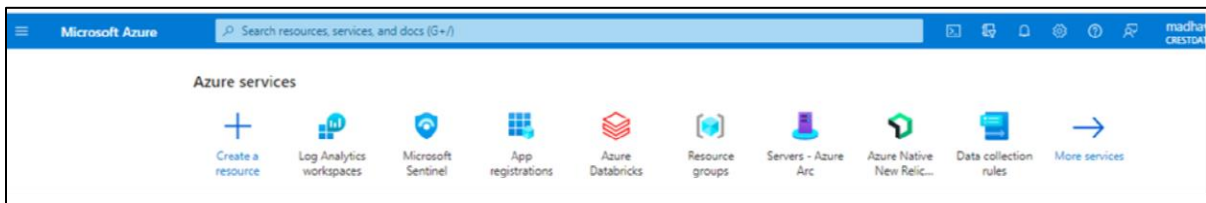


Reference: Quickstart: Connect hybrid machines with Azure Arc-enabled servers
<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-arc/servers/learn/quick-enable-hybrid-vm>

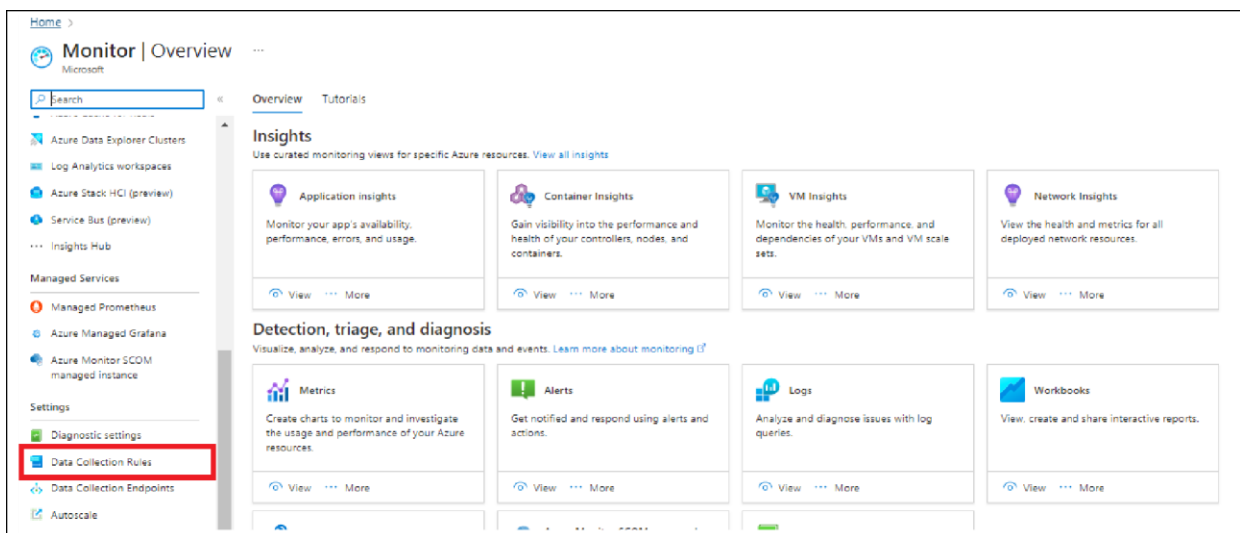
Now that you've enabled your Linux or Windows hybrid machine and successfully connected to the service, you need to create a Data Collection Rule to collect syslog data.

Create a Data Collection Rule

- Go to the [Azure portal](#).



- Search for Monitor. Under **Settings**, select **Data Collection Rules** and then select **Create**.



- On the Basics panel, enter the following information:

Table 1. Mandatory fields for 'Basics' panel

Field	Value
Rule Name	Enter a name like dcr-syslog
Subscription	Select the appropriate subscription
Resource group	Select the appropriate resource group
Region	Select the region where your Microsoft Sentinel workspace is located
Platform Type	Linux

Home > Monitor | Data Collection Rules >

Create Data Collection Rule

Data collection rule management

Basics Resources Collect and deliver Review + create

Select the subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all of your resources.

Rule details

Rule Name *

Subscription *

Resource Group *

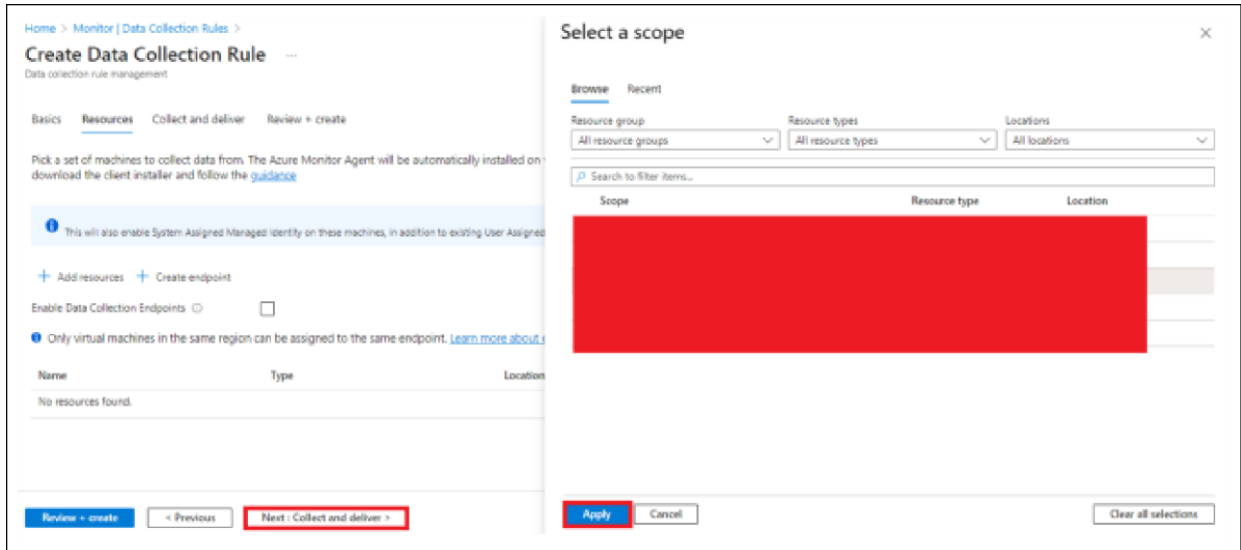
Region *

Platform Type * Linux Windows Custom

Data Collection Endpoint

[Review + create](#) [< Previous](#) [Next: Resources >](#)

- Select **Next: Resources**.
- Select **Add resources**. Use the filters to find the virtual machine you'll use to collect logs.
- Select the virtual machine. Select **Apply**.
- Select **Next: Collect and deliver**.

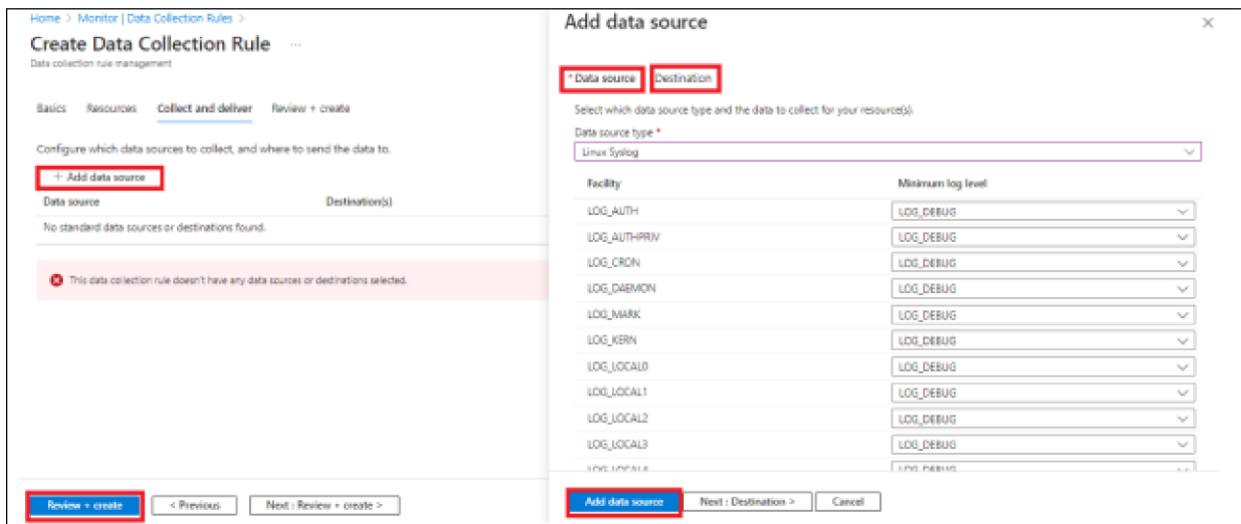


- Select **Add data source**. For Data source type, select **Linux syslog**.
- For Minimum log level, leave the default value, LOG_DEBUG.
- Select **Next: Destination**.
- Select **Add destination**. Enter the following values:

Table 2. Mandatory fields for the Destination settings

Field	Value
Destination type	Azure Monitor Logs
Subscription	Select the appropriate subscription
Account or namespace	Select the appropriate Log Analytics workspace

- Select **Add data source**. Select: **Review + create**.



- Select **Create**. Wait for 20 minutes.
- In Microsoft Sentinel or Azure Monitor, verify that the Azure Monitor agent is running on your VM.
- In the Azure portal, search for and open Microsoft Sentinel or Monitor. If you're using Microsoft Sentinel, select the appropriate workspace. Under General, select **Logs**. Close the Queries page so that the New Query tab is displayed.
- Run the following query, replacing the Computer value with the name of your Linux virtual machine.

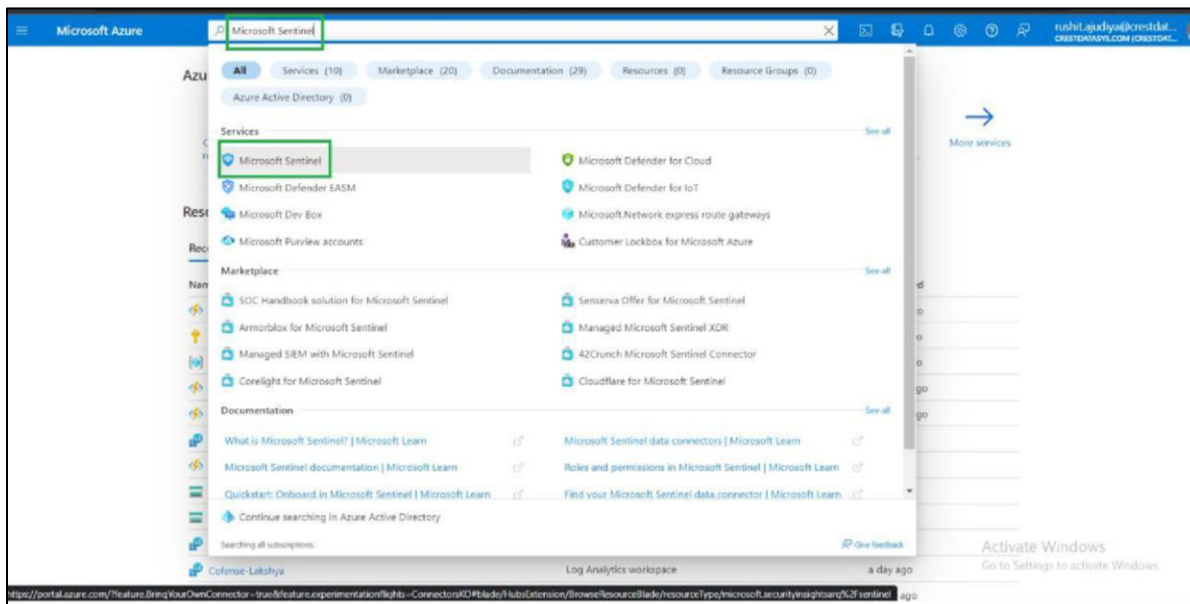
```
Heartbeat
| where Computer == "vm-ubuntu"
| take 10
```

TimeGenerated [UTC]	SourceComputerId	ComputerIP	Computer	Category
> 3/28/2023, 9:12:41.002 AM	4201da5f-d3be-3ab9-657e-6eb9087e1f59	110.227.208.87	co7	Azure Monitor Agent
> 3/28/2023, 9:13:40.931 AM	4201da5f-d3be-3ab9-657e-6eb9087e1f59	110.227.208.87	co7	Azure Monitor Agent
> 3/28/2023, 9:14:41.019 AM	4201da5f-d3be-3ab9-657e-6eb9087e1f59	110.227.208.87	co7	Azure Monitor Agent
> 3/28/2023, 9:15:40.980 AM	4201da5f-d3be-3ab9-657e-6eb9087e1f59	110.227.208.87	co7	Azure Monitor Agent
> 3/28/2023, 9:16:40.950 AM	4201da5f-d3be-3ab9-657e-6eb9087e1f59	110.227.208.87	co7	Azure Monitor Agent
> 3/28/2023, 9:17:40.956 AM	4201da5f-d3be-3ab9-657e-6eb9087e1f59	110.227.208.87	co7	Azure Monitor Agent

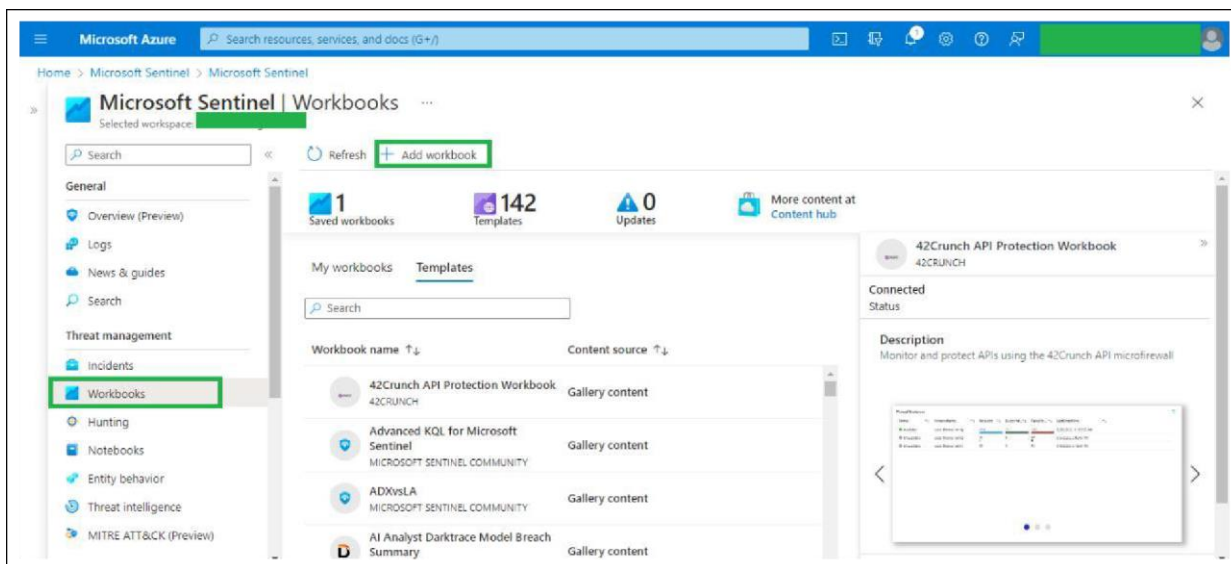
Reference: Tutorial: Forward Syslog data to a Log Analytics workspace with Microsoft Sentinel by using Azure Monitor Agent (<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sentinel/forward-syslog-monitor-agent>)

Deploy a Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Sentinel Workbook

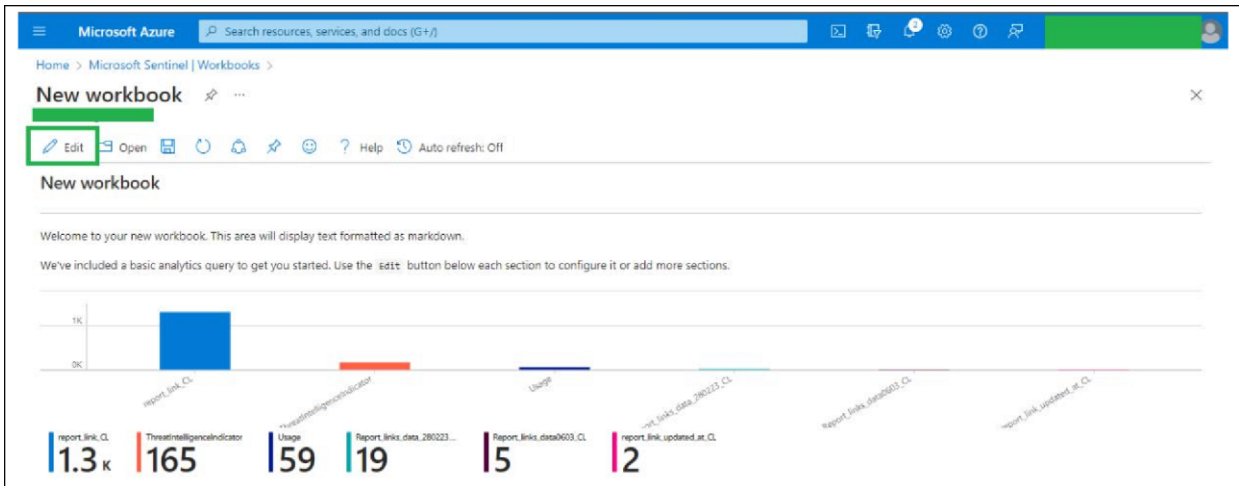
- Sign in to the Azure portal (<https://portal.azure.com/#home>).
- Search for the **Microsoft Sentinel** service in the Azure portal search bar, and select it.



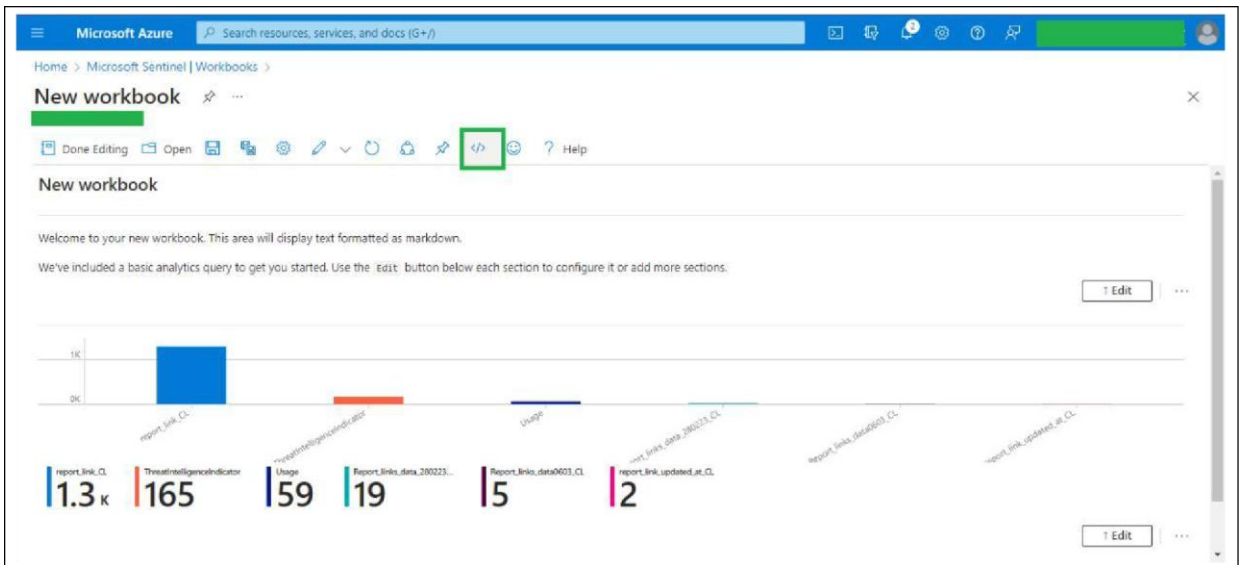
- Select the Microsoft Sentinel workspace in which you want to deploy the workbook.
- In the left panel, select **Workbooks**.
- Click **Add Workbook**.



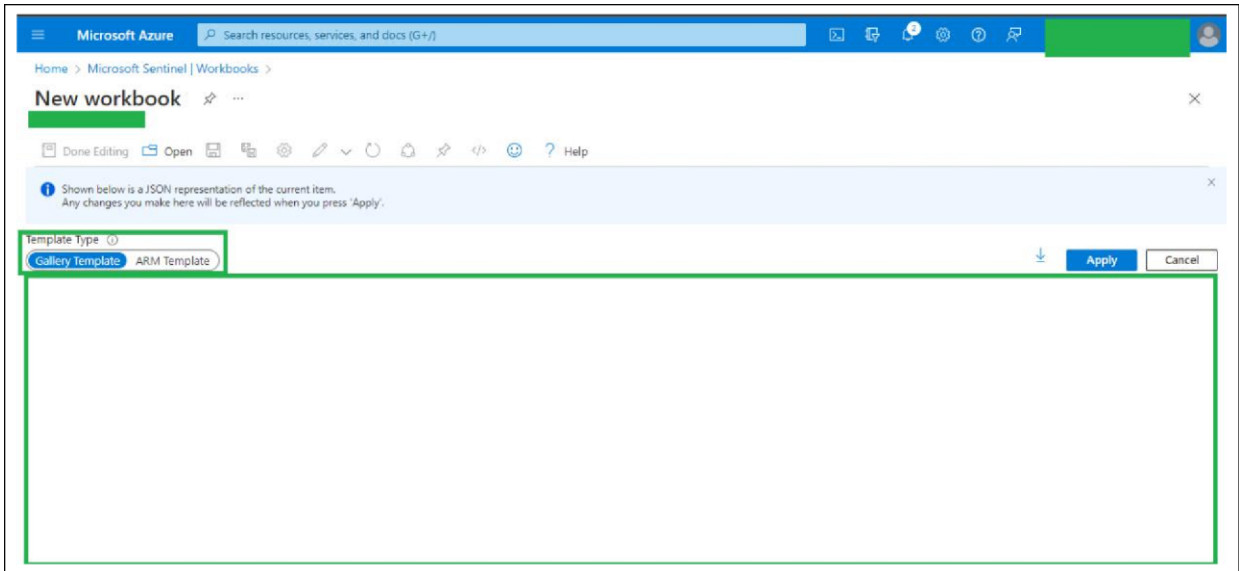
- Click **Edit**.



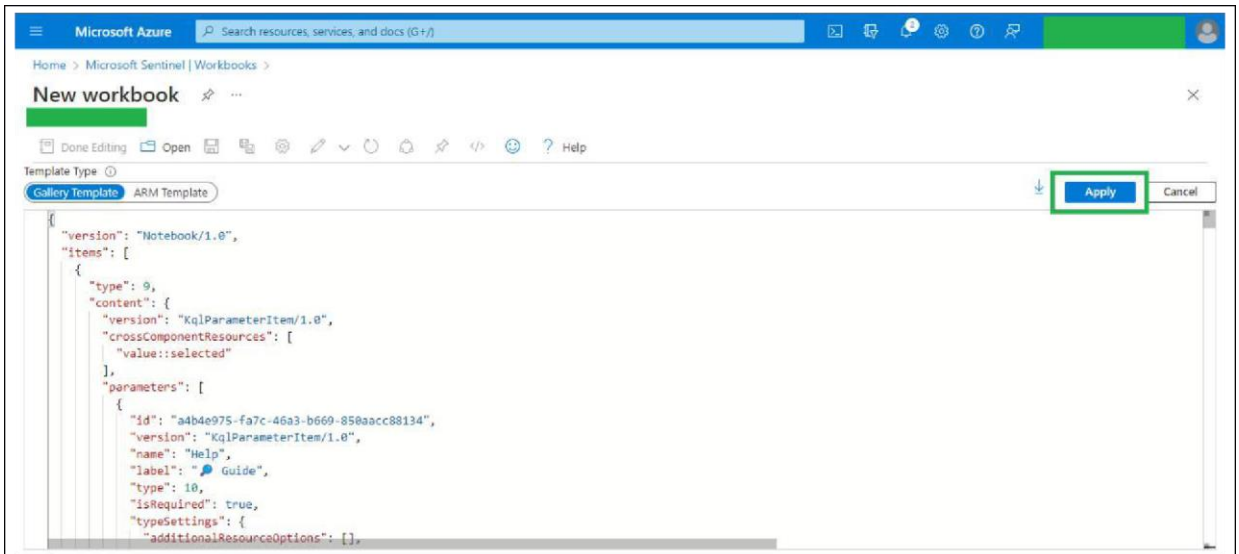
- Click the Advanced Editor button, as shown in the image below.



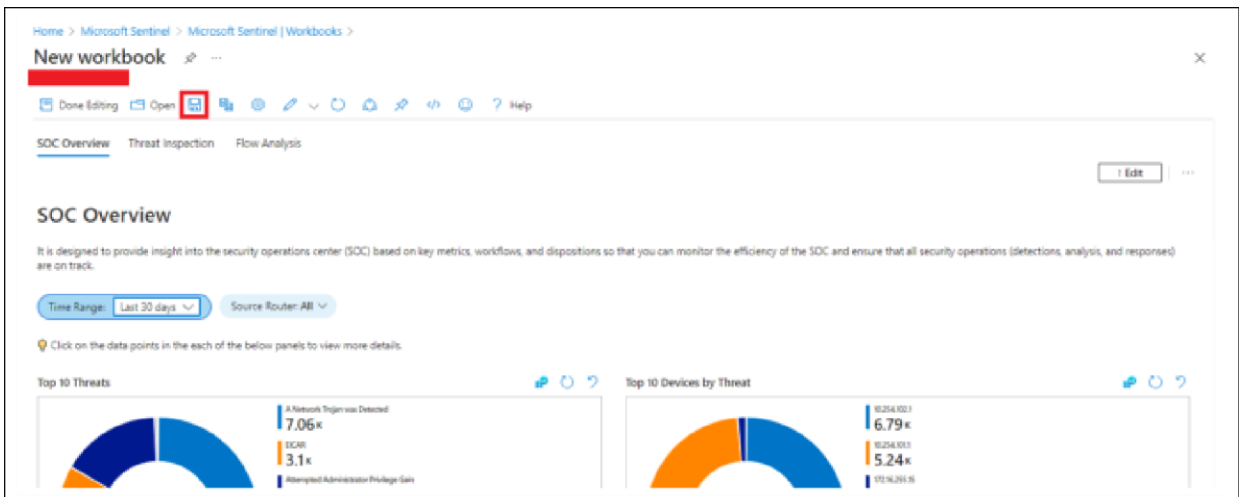
- For Template Type, choose **Gallery Template** and remove all the code within the code editor. Then paste the contents of the CiscoSDWAN.json file (provided by us and located in the workbooks directory) into the code editor.



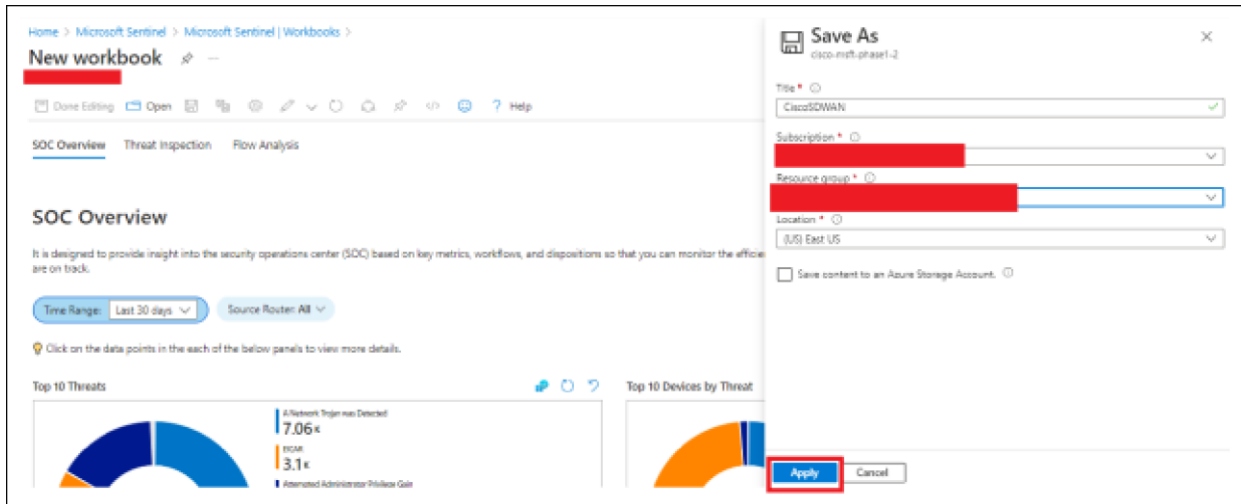
- Click **Apply**.



- Click the **Save** button, as shown in the image below.

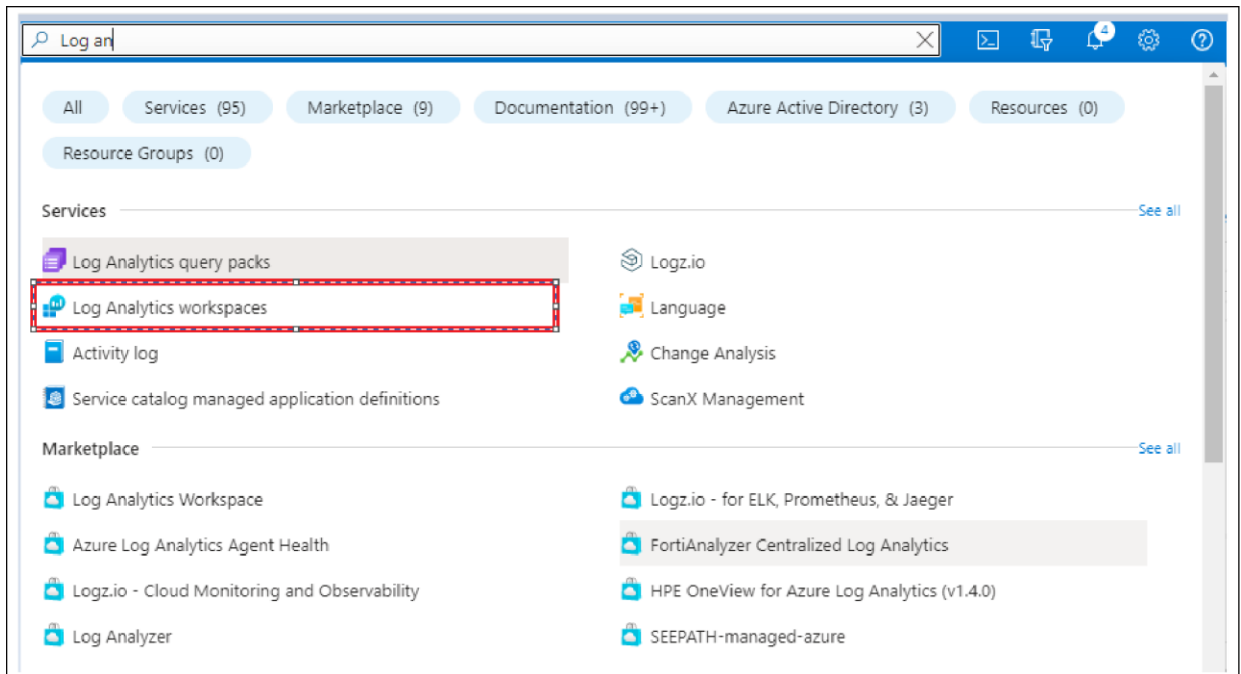


- Add the required data in the fields as shown in the image below (for example, Title: Cisco SD-WAN). Then click **Apply**.

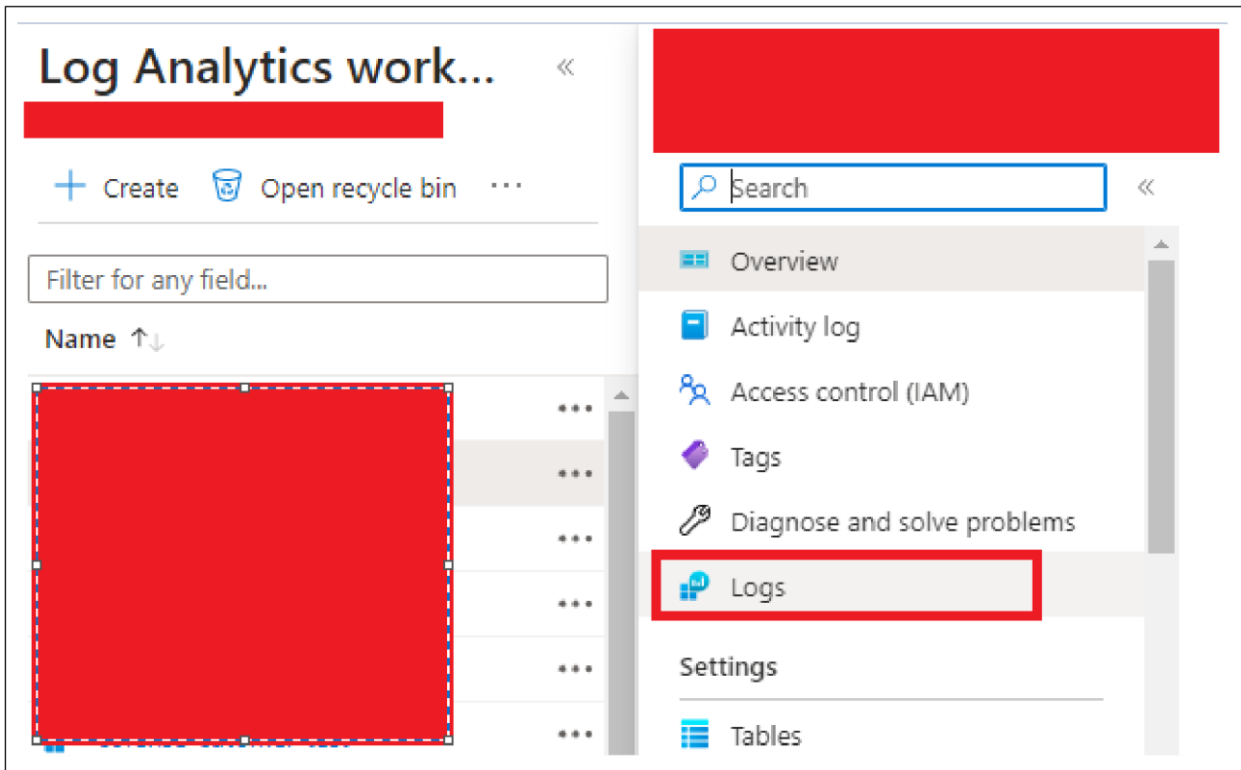


Steps to deploy the Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Sentinel parser functions

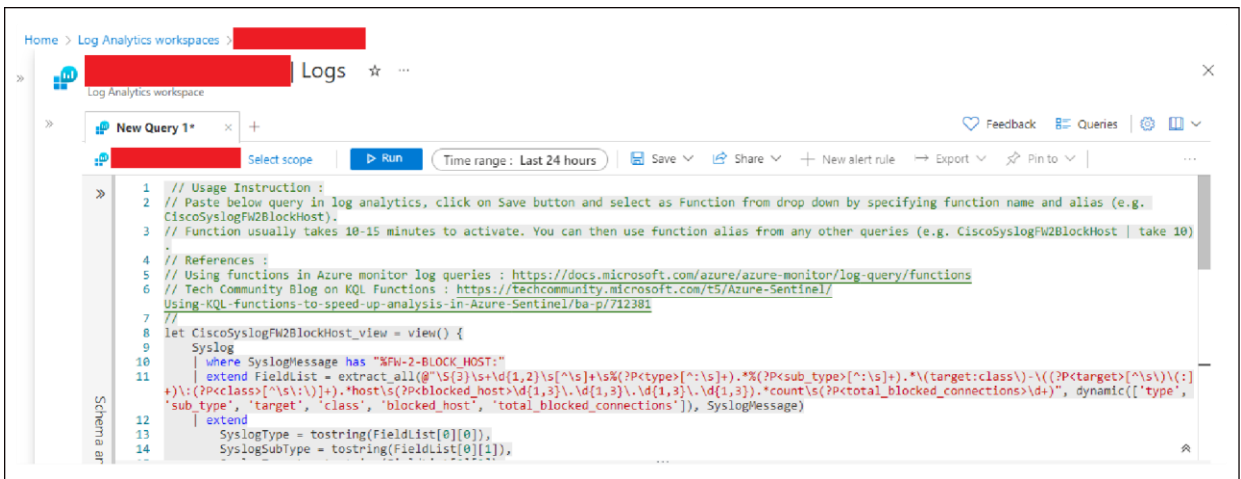
- Sign in to the Azure portal (<https://portal.azure.com/#home>).
- Search for the **Log Analytics workspaces** service in the Azure portal search bar, and select it.



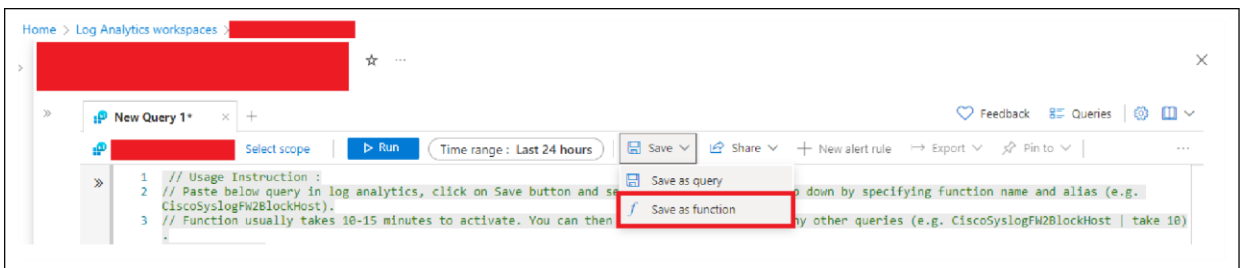
- Select the workspace where the NetFlow or syslog data is collected.
- Select the **Logs** option.



- Copy and paste the parser functions provided by us (in the Parsers directory).



- Click **Save as function**.



- Enter the function name exactly as provided in the query's function name. Provide any other necessary details and click **Save**.

Function name *

Code

```
// Usage Instruction :
// Paste below query in log analytics, click on Save button and select as Function from
// drop down by specifying function name and alias (e.g. CiscoSyslogFW2BlockHost).
// Function usually takes 10-15 minutes to activate. You can then use function alias from
// any other queries (e.g. CiscoSyslogFW2BlockHost | take 10).
```

Legacy category *

Save as computer group ⓘ

Parameters

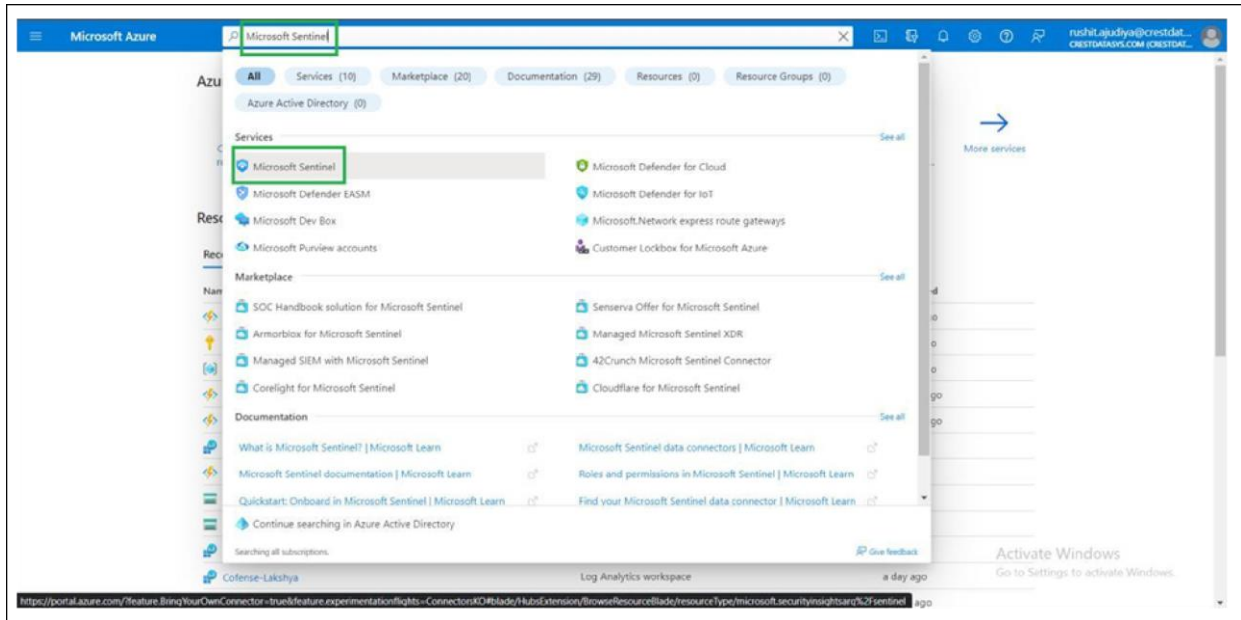
Type	Name	Default value
Select type ▼	Type name	Type default value

Note:

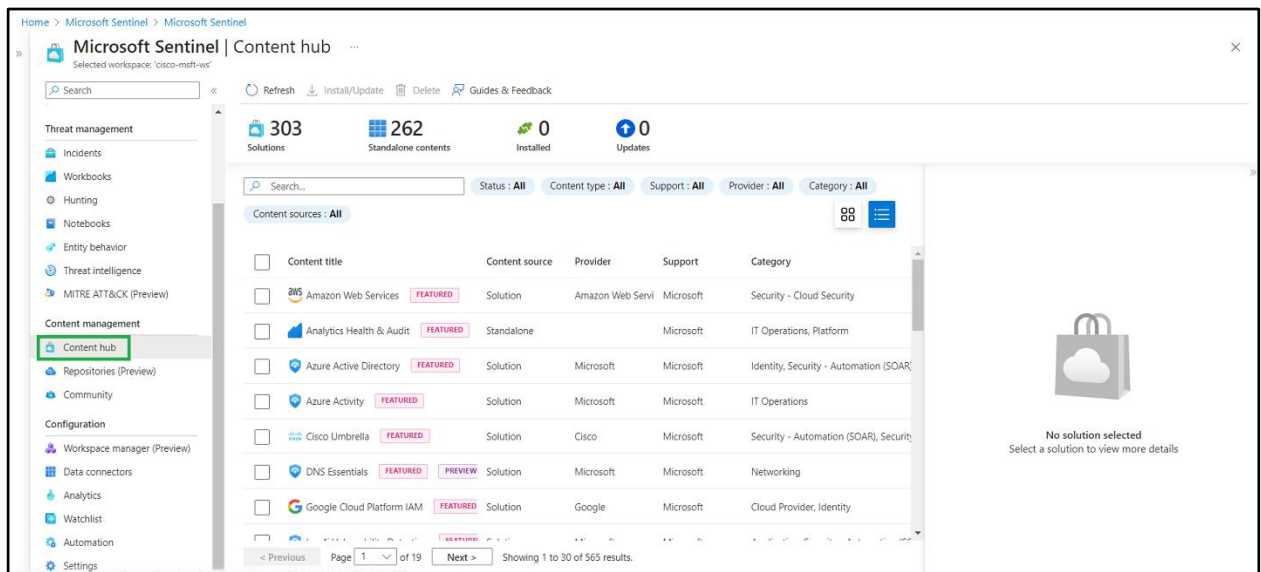
- To add other parsers that are in the Parsers directory, follow the above steps as needed.

Steps to deploy a Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Sentinel analytic rule

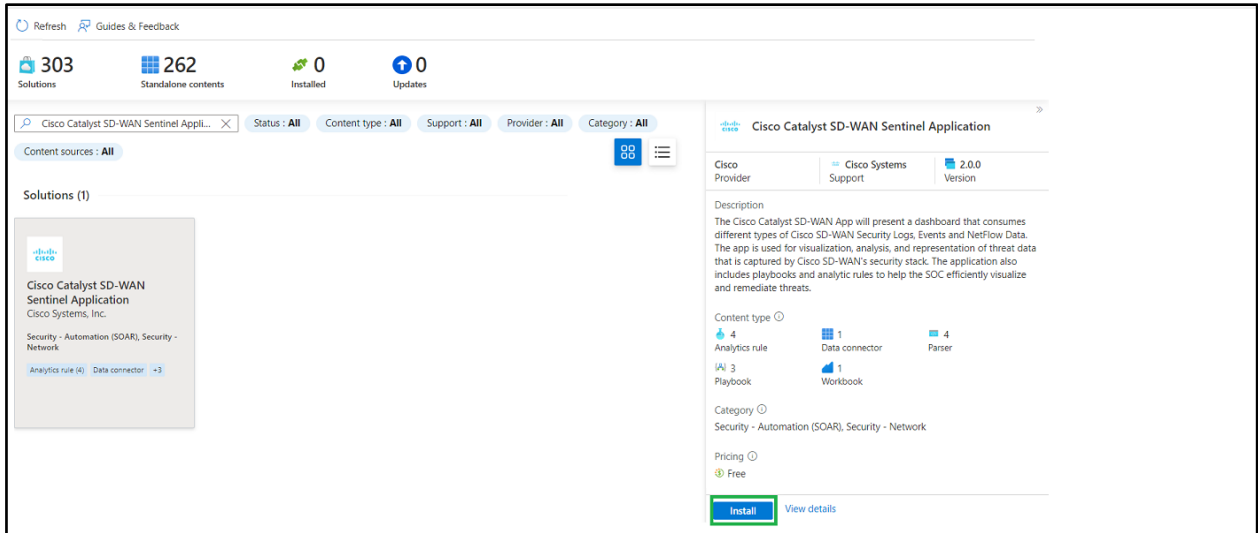
- Log in to the Azure portal (<https://portal.azure.com/#home>) using the MS Azure credentials.
- Search for the **Microsoft Sentinel** service in the Azure portal search bar and select it.



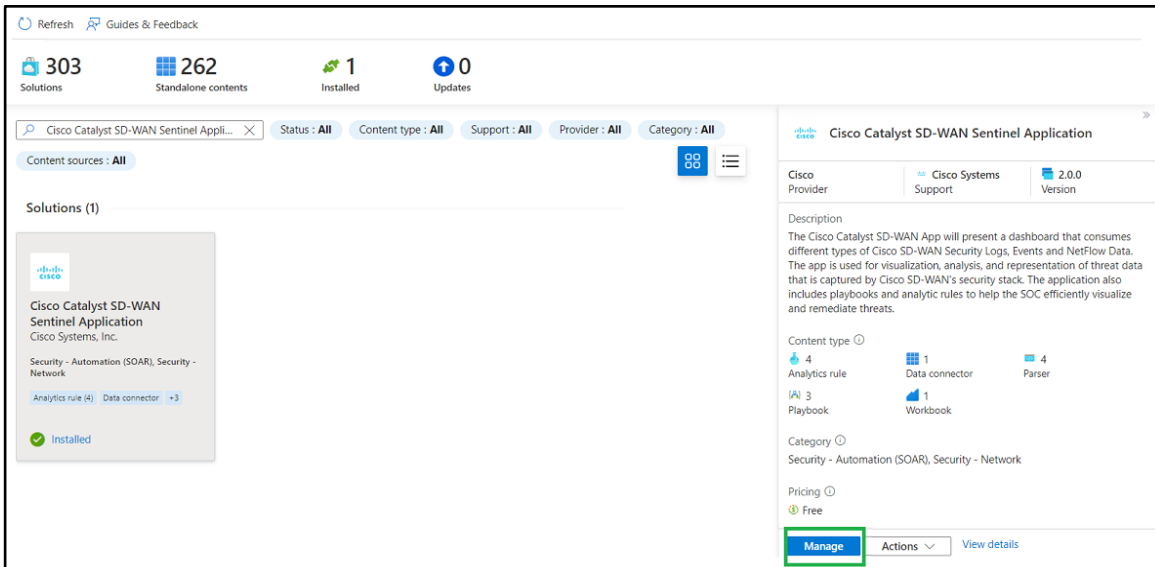
- Select the Microsoft Sentinel workspace in which you want to deploy the solution.
- In the left panel, scroll down and select **Content Hub**.
- Use the search bar in Content Hub to look for the solution. Once the solution is certified in GitHub, it will become available in the Content Hub.



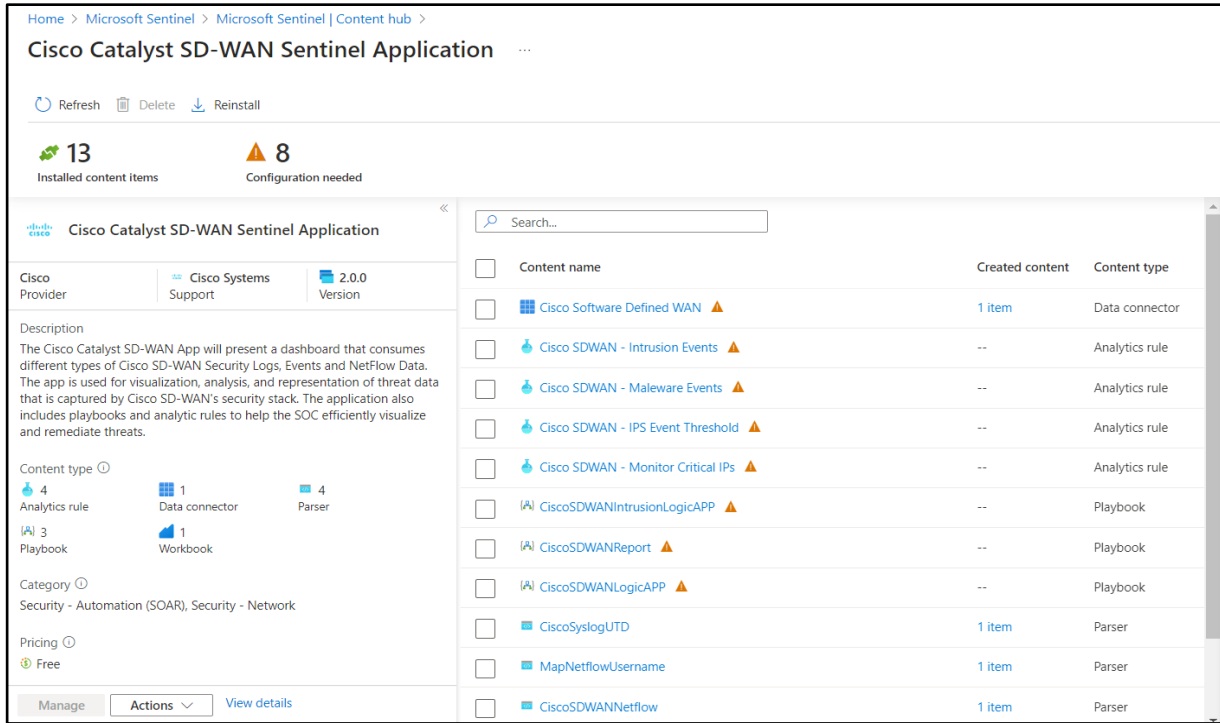
- Click on your solution and from the right panel click **Install**.



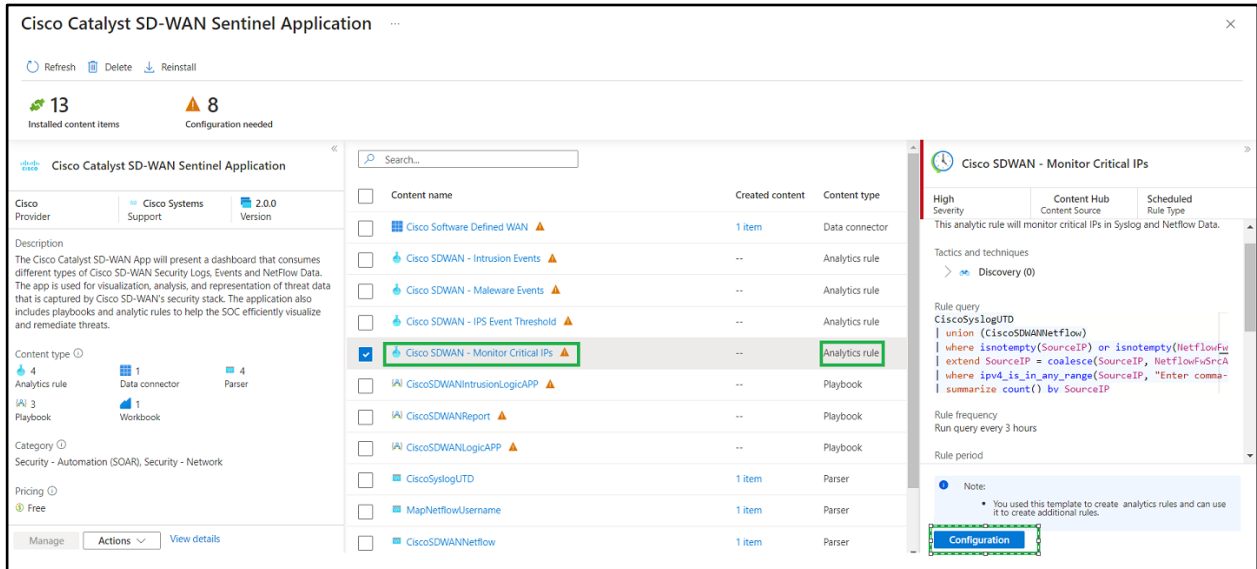
- Now go to Content Hub from the Microsoft Sentinel workspace and search for the solution you have installed. It will show the status as installed; click **Manage** in the right panel.



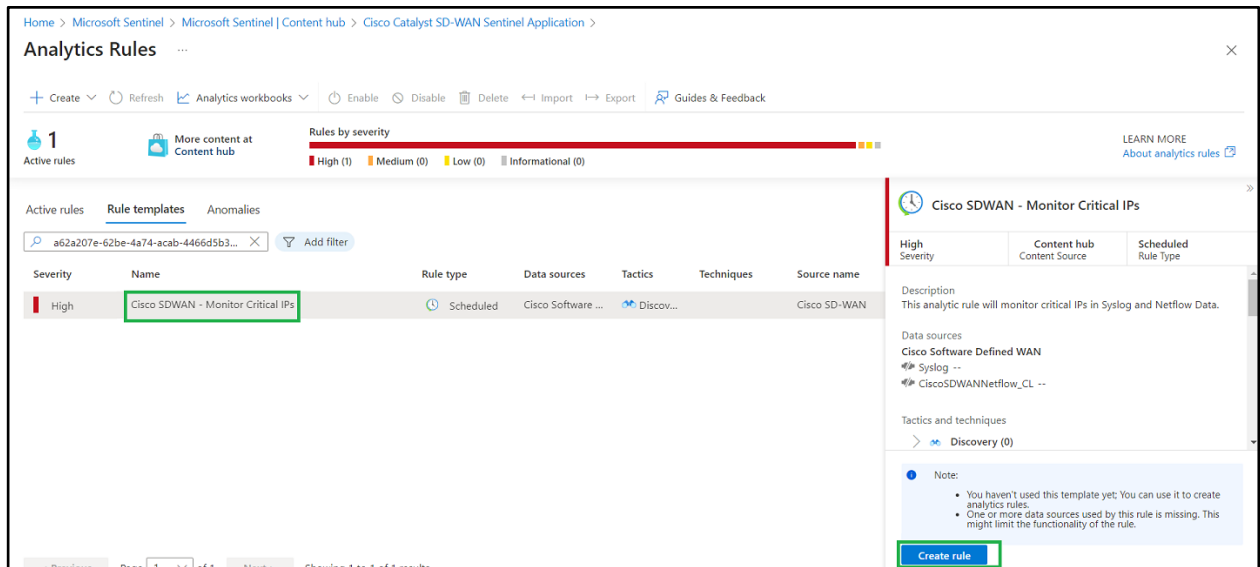
- In the Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN solution, four parsers, one workbook, four analytic rules, and three playbooks will be available.



- Click the analytic rule you want to deploy and then click **Configure**.

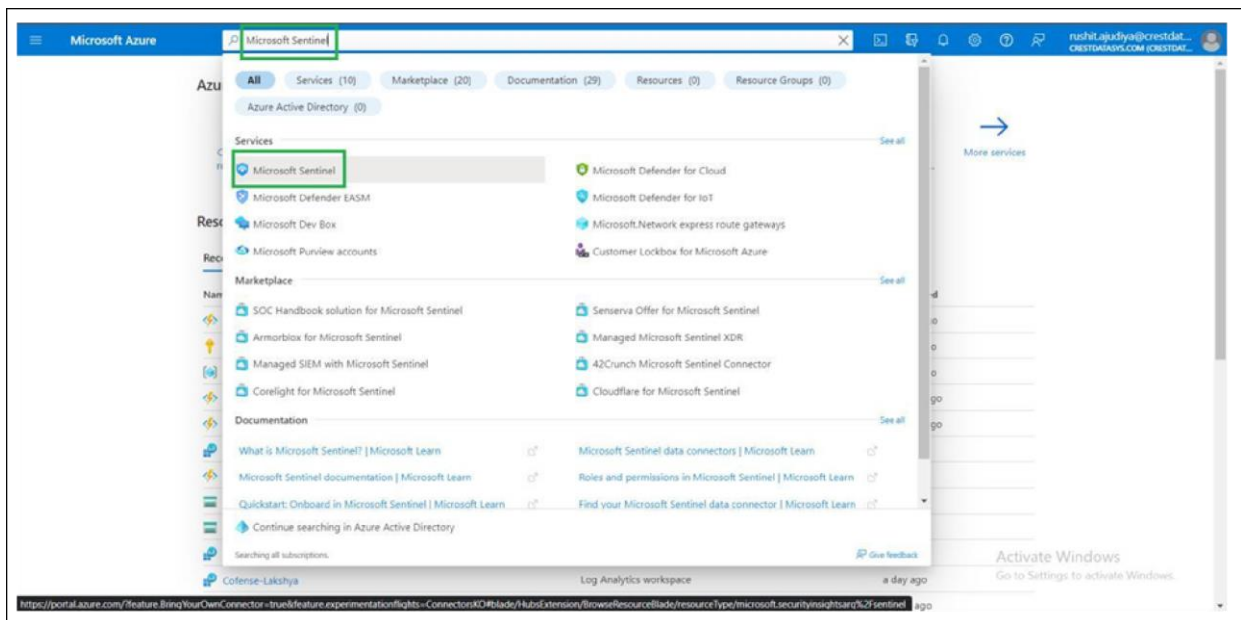


- Click the rule you want to deploy, then click **Create rule**.

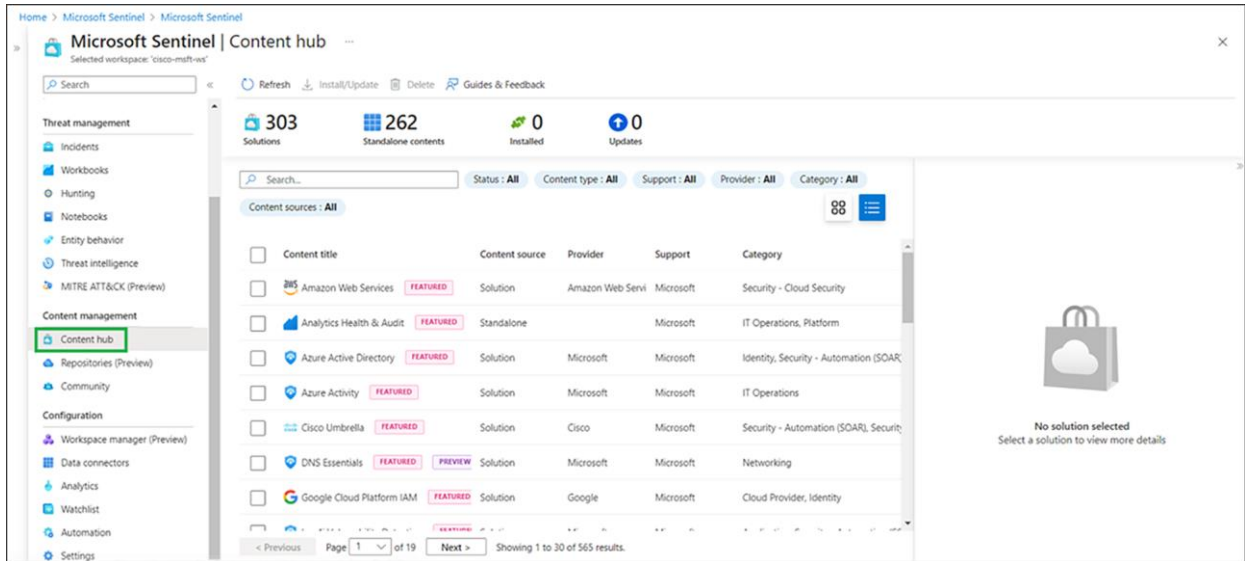


Steps to deploy a Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Sentinel playbook

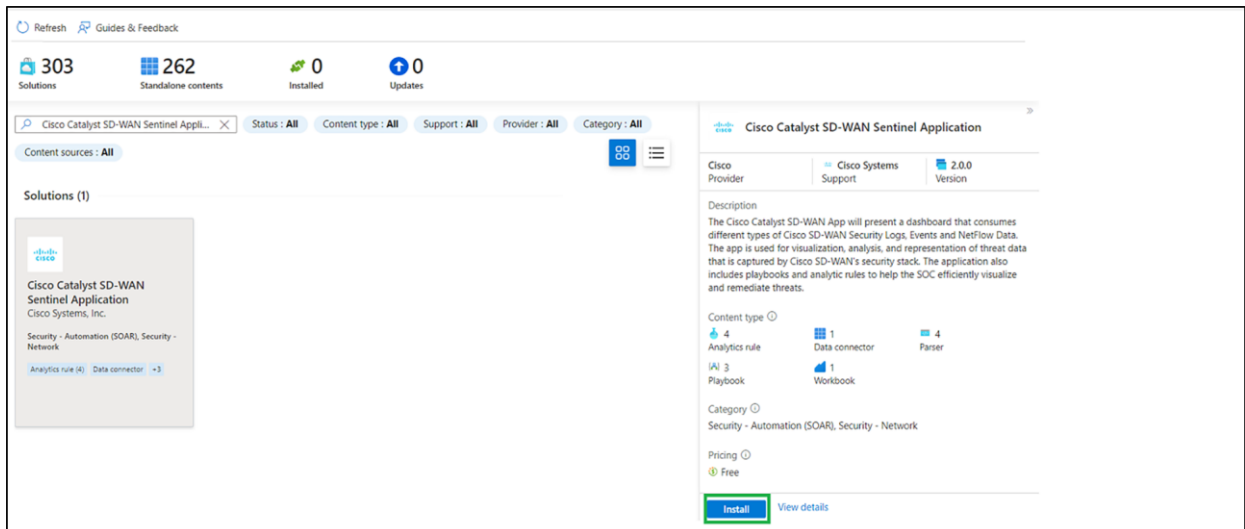
- Log in to the Azure portal (<https://portal.azure.com/#home>) using the MS Azure credentials.
- Search for the **Microsoft Sentinel** service in the Azure portal search bar and select it .



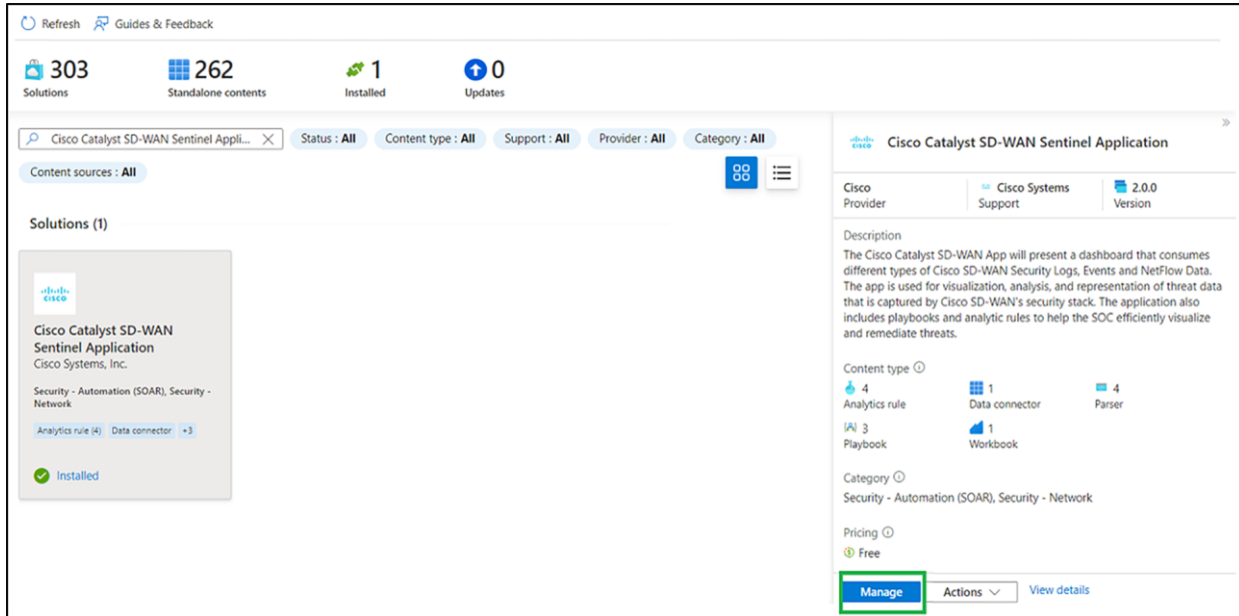
- Select the Microsoft Sentinel workspace in which you want to deploy the solution.
- In the left panel, scroll down and select **Content Hub**.
- Use the search bar in Content Hub to look for the solution. Once the solution is certified in GitHub, it will become available in Content Hub.



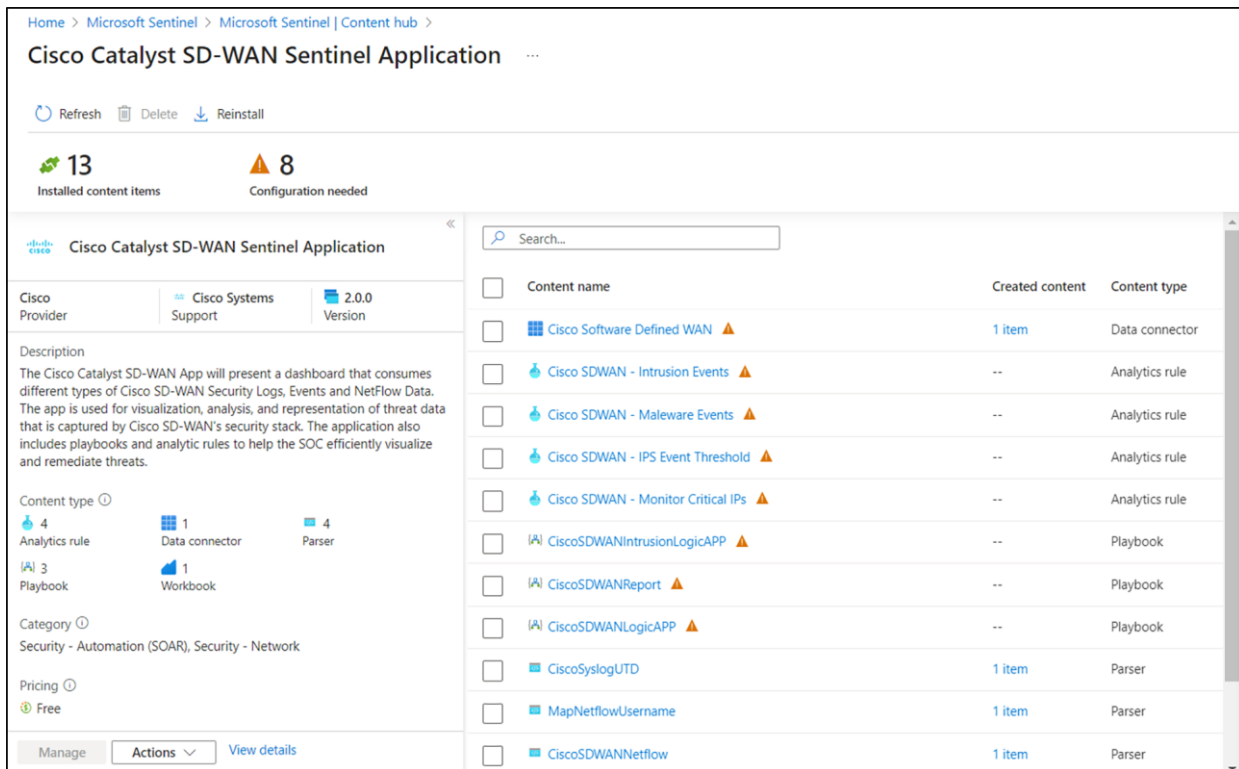
- Click the solution, and from the right panel click **Install**.



- Now go to **Content Hub** from the Microsoft Sentinel workspace and search for the solution that you have installed. It will show the status as installed. Click **Manage** on the right panel.



- In the Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN solution, four parsers, one workbook, four analytic rules, and three playbooks will be available.



- On the next screen, go to the playbook template (preview) tab, search for the playbook name, select the playbook template, and click **Create playbook**.

Automation

Automation rules 0 Enabled rules 0 4 Enabled playbooks More content at Content hub

Automation rules Active playbooks **Playbook templates (Preview)**

Search: CiscoSDWANLogicAPP Trigger: All Logic Apps Connectors: All Entities: All Tags: All Source name: All

Name	Trigger	Logic Apps Connectors	Entities	Tags	Last modified	Source name
CiscoSDWANLogicAPP	Microsoft Sentinel...	Azure Commun...	+5		07/03/23, 05:30 AM	Cisco SD-WAN

Right Panel: CiscoSDWANLogicAPP

Microsoft Sentinel... Content hub Content source 7/3/2023, 5:30:00 ... Last update time

Description: This playbook provides an end-to-end example of sending an email, posting a message to the Microsoft Teams channel, and creating 3rd party ticket for the suspicious activity found in the data.

Connectors in use: Microsoft Sentinel, Jira, ServiceNow, Azure Communication Services SMS, Outlook.com, Microsoft Teams

Post deployment steps: **Authorize connections**
Once deployment is complete, authorize each connection.
1. Click the AzureCommunicationService connection resource
2. Click edit API connections
3. Click Authorize
4. Provide Required Parameters
5. Click Save
6. Repeat steps for other connections

Create playbook

- Select the Subscription and Resource group and click **Next: Parameters**.

Home > Microsoft Sentinel > Microsoft Sentinel | Content hub > Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Sentinel Application > Automation >

Create playbook

1 Basics 2 Parameters 3 Connections 4 Review and create

Select the subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription * [Redacted]

Resource group * [Redacted] [Create new](#)

Region * East US

Playbook name * CiscoSDWANLogicAPP

Enable diagnostics logs in Log Analytics ⓘ

Log Analytics workspace Cisco-Msft-WS

Associate with integration service environment ⓘ

Integration service environment [Empty]

Next: Parameters >

- Click **Next: Connections**.

Home > Microsoft Sentinel > Microsoft Sentinel | Content hub > Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Sentinel Application > Automation >

Create playbook ...

✓ Basics 2 Parameters 3 Connections 4 Review and create

3rd_Party_Ticket_System * ⓘ

Jira_Instance * ⓘ

Jira_Project_Key * ⓘ

Email * ⓘ

From_Mobile_No * ⓘ

To_Mobile_No * ⓘ

Teams_Channel_ID * ⓘ

Teams_Group_ID * ⓘ

Previous **Next : Connections >**

- Keep the Connections tab as is. Click **Next: Review**.
- Click **Create and new to designer**.

Home > Microsoft Sentinel > Microsoft Sentinel | Content hub > Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Sentinel Application > Automation >


Create playbook

✓ Basics ✓ Parameters ✓ Connections **4 Review and create**




Basics

Subscription	CrestAzure1
Resource_group	Cisco_MSFT_Sentinel_integration_Phase1_2_31135
Region	East US
Playbook name	CiscoSDWANLogicAPP
Diagnostics logs workspace	Disabled
Integration service environment	Disabled

Parameters

3rd_Party_Ticket_System	
Jira_Instance	
Jira_Project_Key	
Email	
From_Mobile_No	
To_Mobile_No	
Teams_Channel_ID	
Teams_Group_ID	

Connections

-  **Azure Communication Services SMS**
New connection will be configured
 **Note:** Authorize this connection after deployment in the Logic App designer
-  **Microsoft Sentinel**

Previous **Create and continue to designer**

- Once deployment is complete, authorize each connection:
 - **Click the AzureCommunicationService connection resource.**
 - **Click Edit API connections.**
 - **Click Authorize.**
 - **Provide the required parameters.**
 - **Click Save.**
 - **Repeat these steps for other connections.**

Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN High Speed Logging (HSL) Records

The Sentinel application consumes HSL records (Netflow based) to populate the Zone Based Firewall (ZBFW) charts in the SOC Overview dashboard. To enable HSL, please follow the steps in the following link (step 5 of the link provided) https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/routers/sdwan/configuration/security/ios-xe-17/security-book-xe/m-firewall-17.html#Cisco_Concept.dita_f1b319e6-ec37-49e7-b9ec-9720fa161fa6.

High Speed Logging configuration form with fields for VPN, Server IP, Port, and Source Interface.

Unified Security Logging

Unified Security Logs (Netflow based) are used to provide Username information and populate the 'Top Policy Hits' chart. To activate Unified Security Logging, enable the 'Log' flag under the Unified Security Policy summary page (step 7 of the below link)

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/routers/sdwan/configuration/security/ios-xe-17/security-book-xe/m-firewall-17.html#Cisco_Concept.dita_f1b319e6-ec37-49e7-b9ec-9720fa161fa6.

After completing the aforementioned step, proceed to create a Cflowd Monitoring Policy using the below steps https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/routers/sdwan/configuration/policies/ios-xe-17/policies-book-xe/traffic-flow-monitor.html#id_114091

Centralized Policy > Cflowd Policy configuration page showing a table with one policy entry.

Name	Type	Description	Mode	Reference Count	Updated By	Last Updated
cflowd-policy1	Cflowd	cflowd-policy1	-	1	admin	21 Aug 2023 11:25:35 PM

Syslog Configuration

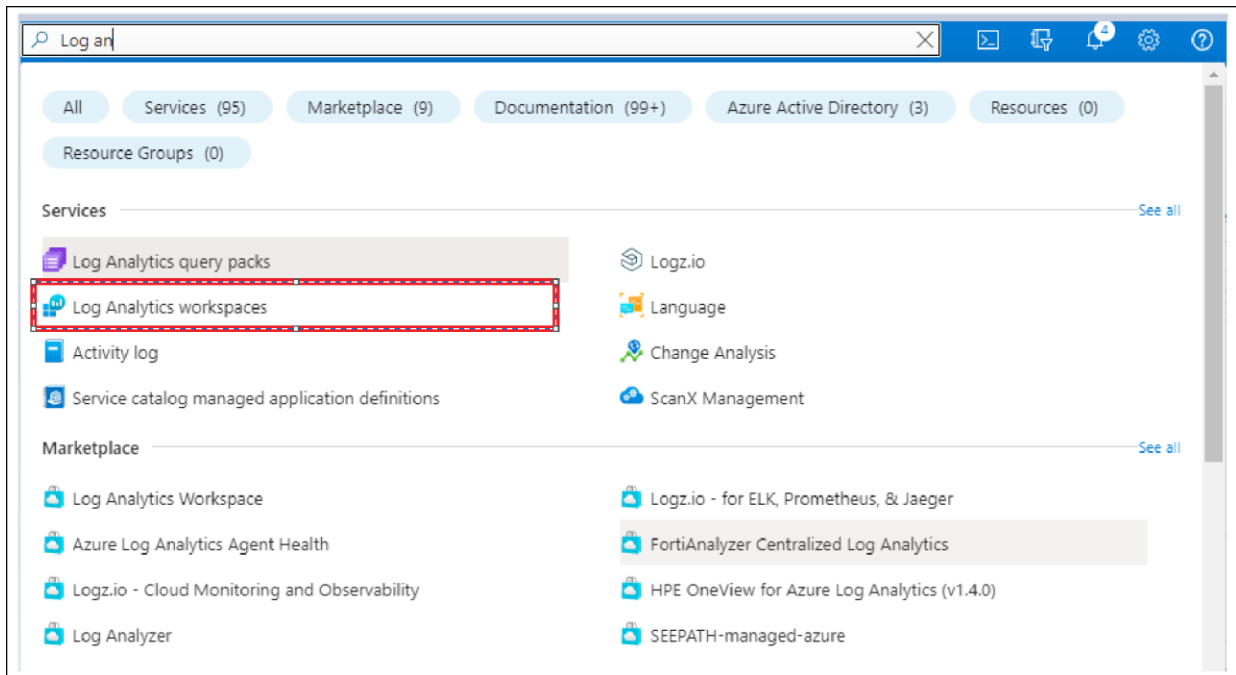
The 'Threat Inspection' uses Syslog records to populate the dashboard charts. To configure syslog, follow step 12 of the following link https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/routers/sdwan/configuration/security/ios-xe-17/security-book-xe/m-irewall-17.html#Cisco_Concept.dita_f1b319e6-ec37-49e7-b9ec-9720fa161fa6.

Intrusion Prevention and/or URL Filtering and/or Advanced Malware Protection configuration form with fields for External Syslog Server, VPN, Server IP, Source Interface, and Failure Mode.

Usage

Locate the workspace

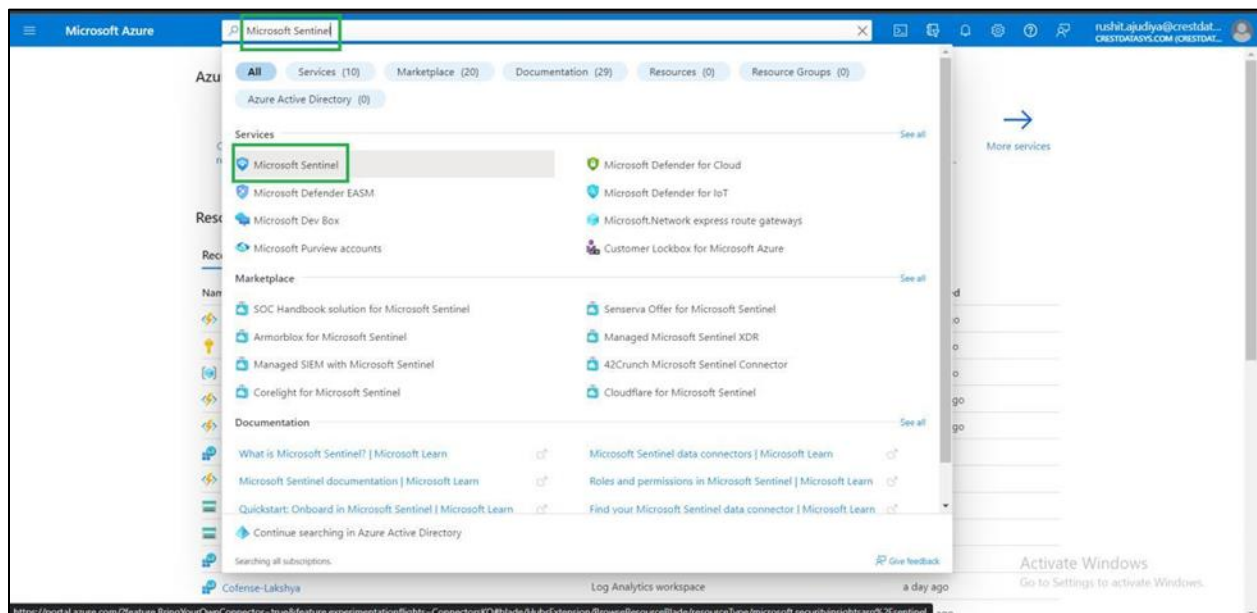
- Sign in to the Azure portal (<https://portal.azure.com/#home>).
- Search for the **Log Analytics workspaces** service in the Azure portal search bar and select it.



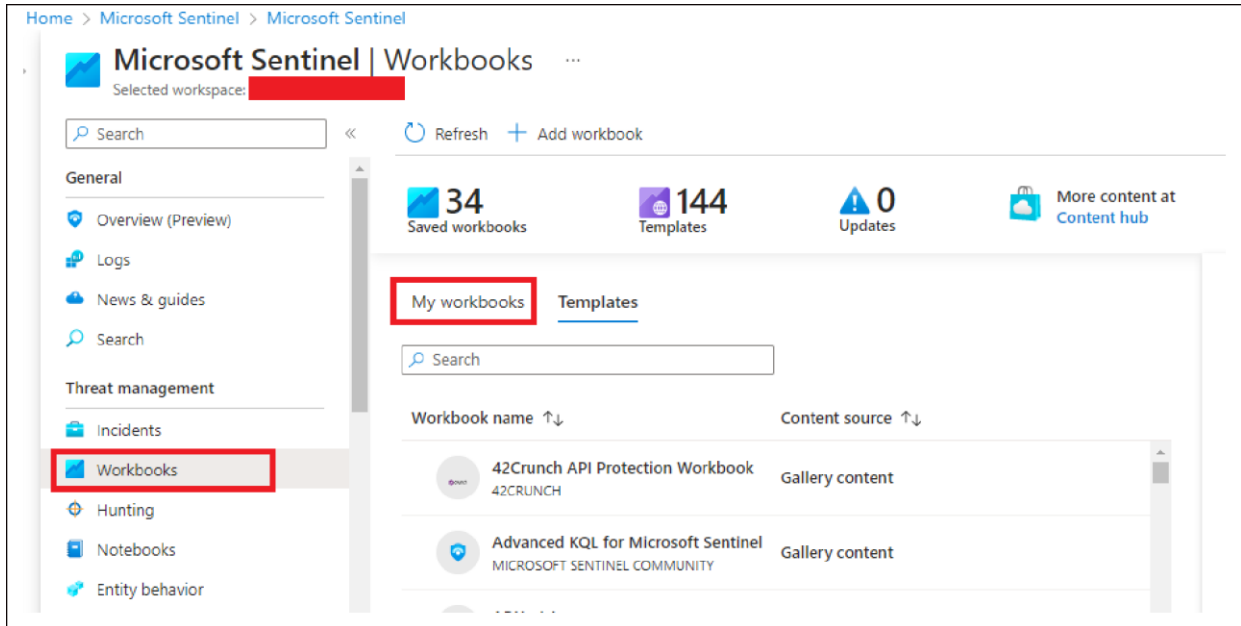
- Select the workspace where the NetFlow or syslog data is collected.

Locate the workbook

- Sign in to the Azure portal (<https://portal.azure.com/#home>).
- Search for the **Microsoft Sentinel** service in the Azure portal search bar and select it.

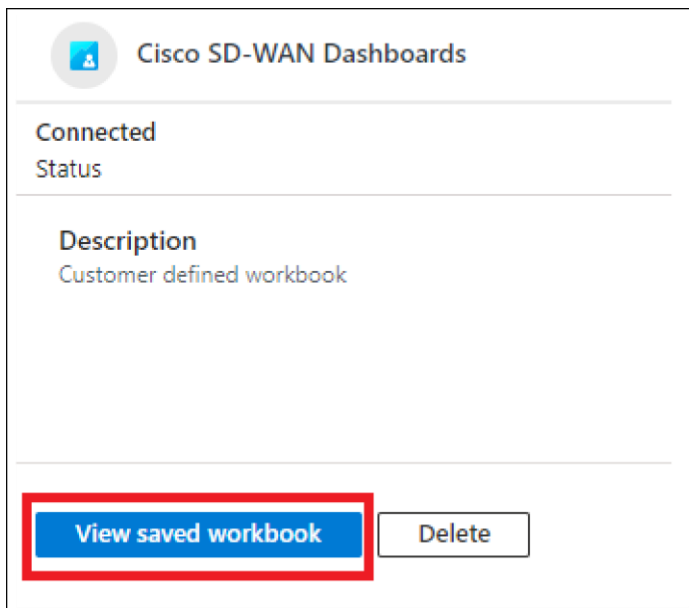


- Select the Microsoft Sentinel workspace in which you want to deploy the workbook.
- In the left panel, select **Workbooks** and then the **My Workbooks** tab.



- Select the created workbook and click on the saved workbook.

[SR] > This does make sense as ‘workbooks’ here is located in multiple locations on the app



Use the workbook

SOC Overview **Threat Inspection** Flow Analysis

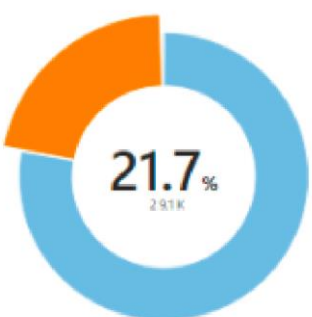
Threat Inspection

Provide tactical guidance and insights to detect, investigate and respond to the latest threats.

Time Range: Last 30 days Source Router: All **Global filters**

Click on the data points in the each of the below panels to view more details.

Blocked Connections Over IPS event



- A Network Trojan was Detected: 7.06K
- Attempted Administrator Privilege Gain: 1.97K
- Misc activity: 22
- Misc Attack: 16

21.7%
2.91K

Open Panel Query in Logs Refresh Panel Clear Selections

Classification details for 'Attempted Administrator Privilege Gain'

Device IP: All Device Name: All Action: All Source IP: Source Port: Destination IP: Destination Port: **Search bar**

Drilldown filters

Timestamp	Ts	Device IP	Ts	Device Name	Ts	Action	Ts	Source IP	Ts	Source Port	Ts	Destination IP	Ts	Destination Port	Ts	SystemMessage	Ts
4/6/2021 4:20:40 AM		19.254.101.1		bl-180-msh-1		Drop		182.168.101.102		38708		11.117.21.200		460		2023-04-05-22: 05:42:20380vUTC (1) [hostname: bl-180-msh-1]	
4/6/2021 4:27:06 AM		19.254.101.1		bl-180-msh-1		Drop		182.168.101.102		39278		11.117.21.200		460		2023-04-05-22: 07:10:54040vUTC (1) [hostname: bl-180-msh-1]	
4/6/2021 4:23:48 AM		19.254.101.1		bl-180-msh-1		Drop		182.168.101.102		41046		206.79.197.280		460		2023-04-05-22: 05:47:482179vUTC (1) [hostname: bl-180-msh-1]	
4/6/2021 4:28:14 AM		19.254.101.1		bl-180-msh-1		Drop		182.168.101.102		34600		11.117.21.200		460		2023-04-05-22: 06:10:49781vUTC (1) [hostname: bl-180-msh-1]	

Limitations

Workbook

Table 3. Workbook Limitations

Visualization/parameter	Limits
Grid	Grids can display a maximum of 10,000 rows. Any further items are ignored, and a warning appears.
Charts	Charts are limited to 100 series. Charts are limited to 10,000 data points.
Maps	Maps are limited to displaying 100 points. Any further items are ignored, and a warning appears.
Drop-down	Drop-down-based parameters are limited to 1000 items. Any items returned by a query after that are ignored.
Drop-down	Drop-down is reset if no results are found in a particular time range, even though the default value is set.
Pie chart	In pie charts, whichever portion has the highest coverage is overridden. If the selected value has the highest coverage, it does not get overridden.

References

- Tutorial: Forward Syslog Data to a Log Analytics Workspace with Microsoft Sentinel by Using Azure Monitor Agent: <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sentinel/forward-syslog-monitor-agent>
- Quickstart: Connect Hybrid Machines with Azure Arc-Enabled Servers: <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-arc/servers/learn/quick-enable-hybrid-vm>
- Workbooks Result Limits: <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/visualize/workbooks-limits>

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