# **Verify Native Multicast in SD-Access Fabric**

## Contents

Introduction
<u>Prerequisites</u>
Requirements
Components Used
Background Information
Topology
Configuration
Control Plane Verification
FHR(S,G) Creation
FHR (S.G) Registration
LHR IGMP Membership Report
LHR (*,G) Overlay Creation
LHR (*,G) Mapping in Underlay SSM Group
Border/RP Creates (*,G) in Overlay and (S,G) in Underlay
Border-1 Creates (S.G) from MSDP SA-Cache
Border Overlay (S.G) creates Underlay (S.G)
FHR Receives (S,G) Join in Overlay and Underlay
LHR Receives Multicast Traffc Along the Shared Tree
Data Plane Verification (Platform Independent)
FHR (S.G) Creation
Source Registration
Receiver Side Verification
LHR PIM (*,G) Verification
LHR PIM Shared Tree Verification
MFIB Forwarding - Native Multicast (Overlay) Source Side Verification
MFIB Forwarding - Native Multicast (Underlay) Source Side Verification
MFIB Forwarding - Native Multicast (Post-Decapsulation)
Data Plane Verification (Platform Dependent)
Mroute Hardware Programming - IOS mroute
Mroute Hardware Programming - IOS MFIB
Mroute Hardware Programming - FMAN RP
Mroute Hardware Programming - FMAN FP
Mroute Hardware Programming - FMAN FP Database
Mroute Hardware Programming - FED

## Introduction

This document describes how to verify Native Multicast in SD-Access (SDA) fabric.

## Prerequisites

## Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Internet Protocol (IP) Forwarding
- Locator ID/Separation Protocol (LISP)
- Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) Sparse-Mode

## **Components Used**

- C9000v on Cisco IOS® XE 17.10.1
- Cisco Catalyst Center Version 2.3.5.3

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

This document can also be used with these hardware and software versions:

- C9200
- C9300
- C9400
- C9500
- C9600
- Cisco IOS® XE 16.12 and later

## **Background Information**

SDA Native Multicast is a form of overlay multicast, which is used to carry multicast traffic between fabric devices, encapsulating multicast traffic into another multicast group. Native Multicast can route multicast traffic between sources and receivers that are either in the same VLAN or different VLAN (same-VLAN multicast can be routed). Multicast traffic between sources and receives on the same Fabric Edge (FE) are not forwarded using overlay multicast (VXLAN encapsulation), but is locally routed by the FE. Native multicast cannot route multicast traffic for groups that match 224.0.0.0/24 or a Time To Live (TTL) =1, these are handled via Layer 2 (L2) Flooding. Native Multicast can be configured to forward Any Source Multicast (ASM), Source Specific Multicast (SSM), or a combination of both. Native multicast relies on underlay multicast.



**Note**: Platform (fed) commands can vary. Command can be "**show platform fed** <**active**|**standby**>" versus "**show platform fed switch** <**active**|**standby**>". If the syntax noted in the examples do not parse out, please try the variant.

## Topology





#### In this topology:

- Remote Locator ID (RLOC) 10.47.1.10 and 10.47.1.10 are Collocated Anywhere Borders and also function as Anycast Rendezvous Point (RP) with Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) between the the two in the Virtual Network (VN) or Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF).
- 10.47.1.12 and 10.47.1.3 are FE nodes
- 10.47.7.4 is the multicast receiver
- 10.47.7.3 is the multicast source
- 239.0.0.5 is the multicast Group Destination Address (GDA)

## Configuration

It is assumed that Cisco Catalyst Center is used to provision the SDA fabric with these settings:

- Replication Mode Implementation is Native Multicast
- Multicast Mode is Any Source Multicast (ASM)
- Anycast Rendezvous Point (RP) with Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP) configured on the Collocated Anywhere Borders
- Underlay Multicast was either manually configured or configured as part of initial LAN Automation, Native Multicast relies on Underlay Multicast to function properly.

#### Fabric Edge (10.47.1.12) Configuration

ip access-list standard ASM\_ACL\_IPV4\_blue\_vn\_10.47.6.1 permit 239.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 ip multicast-routing vrf blue\_vn interface LISP0.4100 ip pim lisp transport multicast ip pim lisp core-group-range 232.0.0.1 1000 interface Vlan1025 ip pim passive exit interface Loopback4100 vrf forwarding blue\_vn ip address 10.47.6.4 255.255.255.255 ip pim sparse-mode ip pim vrf blue\_vn rp-address 10.47.6.1 ASM\_ACL\_IPV4\_blue\_vn\_10.47.6.1 ip pim vrf blue\_vn register-source Loopback4100 ip pim vrf blue\_vn ssm default router lisp service ipv4 etr map-server 10.47.1.11 key \*\*\*\*\*\* etr map-server 10.47.1.10 key \*\*\*\*\*\* etr map-server 10.47.1.10 proxy-reply etr map-server 10.47.1.11 proxy-reply service ethernet etr map-server 10.47.1.11 key \*\*\*\*\*\* etr map-server 10.47.1.10 key \*\*\*\*\*\* etr map-server 10.47.1.10 proxy-reply etr map-server 10.47.1.11 proxy-reply instance-id-range 8188 , 8190 , 8192 , 8193 override remote-rloc-probe on-route-change service ethernet eid-table vlan 1025 , 1026 , 1028 , 2727 database-mapping mac locator-set rloc\_222e1707-175d-4019-a783-060404f8bc2f instance-id 4099 service ipv4 sgt instance-id 4100 service ipv4 sgt database-mapping 10.47.6.4/32 locator-set rloc\_222e1707-175d-4019-a783-060404f8bc2f instance-id 8188 service ethernet eid-table vlan 1025 dynamic-eid detection multiple-addr bridged-vm instance-id 8190 service ethernet eid-table vlan 1026 dynamic-eid detection multiple-addr bridged-vm instance-id 8192 service ethernet eid-table vlan 1028 dynamic-eid detection multiple-addr bridged-vm ip domain lookup source-interface Loopback0 ip domain lookup ip multicast vrf blue\_vn multipath

Fabric Edge (10.47.1.13) Configuration

ip access-list standard ASM\_ACL\_IPV4\_blue\_vn\_10.47.6.1 permit 239.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 ip multicast-routing vrf blue\_vn interface LISP0.4100 ip pim lisp transport multicast ip pim lisp core-group-range 232.0.0.1 1000 interface Vlan1025 ip pim passive exit interface Loopback4100 vrf forwarding blue\_vn ip address 10.47.6.3 255.255.255.255 ip pim sparse-mode ip pim vrf blue\_vn rp-address 10.47.6.1 ASM\_ACL\_IPV4\_blue\_vn\_10.47.6.1 ip pim vrf blue\_vn register-source Loopback4100 ip pim vrf blue\_vn ssm default router lisp service ipv4 etr map-server 10.47.1.11 key \*\*\*\*\*\* etr map-server 10.47.1.10 key \*\*\*\*\*\* etr map-server 10.47.1.10 proxy-reply etr map-server 10.47.1.11 proxy-reply service ethernet etr map-server 10.47.1.11 key \*\*\*\*\*\* etr map-server 10.47.1.10 key \*\*\*\*\*\* etr map-server 10.47.1.10 proxy-reply etr map-server 10.47.1.11 proxy-reply instance-id-range 8188 , 8190 , 8192 , 8193 override remote-rloc-probe on-route-change service ethernet eid-table vlan 1025 , 1026 , 1028 , 2727 database-mapping mac locator-set rloc\_691b1fe4-5264-44c2-bb1b-0903b3eb2c51 instance-id 4099 service ipv4 sgt instance-id 4100 service ipv4 sgt database-mapping 10.47.6.3/32 locator-set rloc\_691b1fe4-5264-44c2-bb1b-0903b3eb2c51 instance-id 8188 service ethernet eid-table vlan 1025 dynamic-eid detection multiple-addr bridged-vm instance-id 8190 service ethernet eid-table vlan 1026 dynamic-eid detection multiple-addr bridged-vm instance-id 8192 service ethernet eid-table vlan 1028 dynamic-eid detection multiple-addr bridged-vm ip domain lookup source-interface Loopback0 ip domain lookup ip multicast vrf blue\_vn multipath

Collocated Anywhere Border/Anycast RP (10.47.1.10) Configuration

ip access-list standard ASM\_ACL\_IPV4\_blue\_vn\_10.47.6.1 permit 239.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 ip multicast-routing vrf blue\_vn interface LISP0.4100 ip pim lisp transport multicast ip pim lisp core-group-range 232.0.0.1 1000 interface Vlan3001 ip pim sparse-mode exit interface Loopback4100 vrf forwarding blue\_vn ip address 10.47.6.1 255.255.255.255 ip pim sparse-mode interface Loopback4600 vrf forwarding blue\_vn ip address 10.47.6.6 255.255.255.255 ip pim sparse-mode ip pim vrf blue\_vn rp-address 10.47.6.1 ASM\_ACL\_IPV4\_blue\_vn\_10.47.6.1 ip pim vrf blue\_vn register-source Loopback4100 ip pim vrf blue\_vn ssm default ip msdp vrf blue\_vn cache-sa-state ip msdp vrf blue\_vn originator-id Loopback4600 ip msdp vrf blue\_vn peer 10.47.6.7 connect-source Loopback4600 ip msdp originator-id Loopback4600 router bgp 69420 address-family ipv4 vrf blue\_vn aggregate-address 10.47.6.0 255.255.255.0 summary-only network 10.47.6.1 mask 255.255.255.255 router lisp service ipv4 etr map-server 10.47.1.11 key \*\*\*\*\*\* etr map-server 10.47.1.10 key \*\*\*\*\*\* etr map-server 10.47.1.10 proxy-reply etr map-server 10.47.1.11 proxy-reply service ethernet etr map-server 10.47.1.11 key \*\*\*\*\*\* etr map-server 10.47.1.10 key \*\*\*\*\*\* etr map-server 10.47.1.10 proxy-reply etr map-server 10.47.1.11 proxy-reply instance-id 4099 service ipv4 sgt route-export site-registrations route-import database bgp 69420 route-map DENY-red\_vn locator-set rloc\_9080ed56-a6c6-482d-9f46-28eda0e1 distance site-registrations 250 map-cache site-registration instance-id 4100 service ipv4 map-cache 10.47.6.7/32 10.47.1.11 priority 1 weight 100 sgt route-export site-registrations route-import database bgp 69420 route-map DENY-blue\_vn locator-set rloc\_9080ed56-a6c6-482d-9f46-28eda0e distance site-registrations 250 map-cache site-registration database-mapping 10.47.6.6/32 locator-set rloc\_9080ed56-a6c6-482d-9f46-28eda0e18501 database-mapping 10.47.6.1/32 locator-set rloc\_9080ed56-a6c6-482d-9f46-28eda0e18501 site site\_uci authentication-key \*\*\*\*\*\* eid-record instance-id 4100 10.47.6.0/24 accept-more-specifics

#### Collocated Anywhere Border/Anycast RP (10.47.1.10) Configuration

```
ip access-list standard ASM_ACL_IPV4_blue_vn_10.47.6.1
permit 239.0.0.0 0.0.0.255
ip multicast-routing vrf blue_vn
interface LISP0.4100
ip pim lisp transport multicast
ip pim lisp core-group-range 232.0.0.1 1000
interface Vlan3001
ip pim sparse-mode
exit
interface Loopback4100
vrf forwarding blue_vn
ip address 10.47.6.1 255.255.255.255
ip pim sparse-mode
interface Loopback4600
vrf forwarding blue_vn
ip address 10.47.6.6 255.255.255.255
ip pim sparse-mode
ip pim vrf blue_vn rp-address 10.47.6.1 ASM_ACL_IPV4_blue_vn_10.47.6.1
ip pim vrf blue_vn register-source Loopback4100
ip pim vrf blue_vn ssm default
ip msdp vrf blue_vn cache-sa-state
ip msdp vrf blue_vn originator-id Loopback4600
ip msdp vrf blue_vn peer 10.47.6.7 connect-source Loopback4600
ip msdp originator-id Loopback4600
router bgp 69420
address-family ipv4 vrf blue_vn
aggregate-address 10.47.6.0 255.255.255.0 summary-only
network 10.47.6.1 mask 255.255.255.255
router lisp
service ipv4
etr map-server 10.47.1.11 key ******
etr map-server 10.47.1.10 key ******
etr map-server 10.47.1.10 proxy-reply
etr map-server 10.47.1.11 proxy-reply
service ethernet
etr map-server 10.47.1.11 key ******
etr map-server 10.47.1.10 key ******
etr map-server 10.47.1.10 proxy-reply
etr map-server 10.47.1.11 proxy-reply
instance-id 4099
service ipv4
sgt
route-export site-registrations
route-import database bgp 69420 route-map DENY-red_vn locator-set rloc_9080ed56-a6c6-482d-9f46-28eda0e1
distance site-registrations 250
map-cache site-registration
instance-id 4100
service ipv4
map-cache 10.47.6.7/32 10.47.1.11 priority 1 weight 100
sat
route-export site-registrations
route-import database bgp 69420 route-map DENY-blue_vn locator-set rloc_9080ed56-a6c6-482d-9f46-28eda0e
distance site-registrations 250
map-cache site-registration
database-mapping 10.47.6.6/32 locator-set rloc_9080ed56-a6c6-482d-9f46-28eda0e18501
database-mapping 10.47.6.1/32 locator-set rloc_9080ed56-a6c6-482d-9f46-28eda0e18501
site site_uci
```

## **Control Plane Verification**

Verification of the Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) occurs in this section, beginning with validation of (S,G) creation on the First Hop Router (FHR)

### FHR (S,G) Creation

The multicast source, 10.47.7.3, sends UDP multicast packets to 239.0.0.5. Verify IP Device-Tracking (IPDT), Cisco Express Forwarding (CEF), and Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF), points correctly toward the multicast source. Additionally, ensure that the Anycast Gateway SVI is the PIM Designated Router (DR) for this segment.

Use the command "**show device-tracking database address** <**ip address**>" to ensure that there is a valid IPDT entry

<#root>

Edge-2#

show device-tracking database address 10.47.7.3

Codes: L - Local, S - Static, ND - Neighbor Discovery, ARP - Address Resolution Protocol, DH4 - IPv4 DH Preflevel flags (prlvl): 0001:MAC and LLA match 0002:Orig trunk 0004:Orig access 0008:Orig trusted trunk 0010:Orig trusted access 0020:DHCP assigned 0040:Cga authenticated 0080:Cert authenticated 0100:Statically assigned Network Layer Address Link Layer Address Interface vlan prlvl age state DH4 10.47.7.3 5254.0012.521d Gil/0/4 1025 0024 166s

REACHABLE

81 s try 0(2276 s)

Use the command "**show ip cef vrf <VN Name> <ip address>**" and ensure that the multicast source is directly connected

<#root>

Edge-2#

show ip cef vrf blue\_vn 10.47.7.3

10.47.7.3/32 nexthop 10.47.7.3 Vlan1025 Next, use the command "**show ip rpf vrf** <**VN**> <**ip address**>" to ensure that the RPF interface is the VLAN the source is in, not LISP.

<#root>
Edge-1#
show ip rpf vrf blue\_vn 10.47.7.3

RPF information for (10.47.7.2)
RPF interface: Vlan1025
RPF neighbor: ? (
10.47.7.3
) - directly connected
RPF route/mask: 10.47.7.3/32
RPF type:
unicast (lisp)

Doing distance-preferred lookups across tables
Multicast Multipath enabled.

RPF topology: ipv4 multicast base, originated from ipv4 unicast base

Use the command "**show ip pim vrf <VN name> interface vlan <vlan> detail | include DR|enabled**" to validate that the FE node is the PIM DR for the segment and is the FHR.

<#root>

Edge-2#

show ip pim vrf blue\_vn interface vlan 1025 detail | include DR enabled

PIM: enabled PIM DR: 10.47.7.1 (this system) PIM State-Refresh processing: enabled PIM Non-DR-Join: FALSE

Use the command "**show ip mroute vrf <VN name> <multicast group address>**" to validate (S,G) creation. (S,G) is going to have a Null Outgoing Interface List (OIL) because there has not been an interested receiver or PIM router that has joined the FHR.

<#root>

Edge-2#

show ip mroute vrf blue\_vn 239.0.0.5

IP Multicast Routing Table Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,

```
X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report,
Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender,
Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group,
G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry,
* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,
e - encap-helper tunnel flag, 1 - LISP decap ref count contributor
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(*, 239.0.0.5), 00:00:10/stopped, RP 10.47.6.1, flags: SPFl
Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.10
Outgoing interface list: Null
(
10.47.7.3
239.0.0.5
), 00:00:10/00:02:50, flags: PFT
Incoming interface: Vlan1025, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0
Outgoing interface list:
Null
```

#### FHR (S,G) Registration

The FHR registers the unicast source to the Anycast RP, using the interface configured as "registeredsource" PIM Register Messages.

- Outer Header, RLOC to RLOC (10.47.1.13 to 10.47.1.10)
- Inner Header, Loopback to Loopback (10.47.6.3 to 10.47.6.1)
- Real Multicast

<#root>

Edge-2#

show ip pim vrf blue\_vn tunnel

```
Tunnel1
Type : PIM Encap
RP : 10.47.6.1
Source : 10.47.6.3
State : UP
Last event : Created (00:42:43)
```

Edge-2#

show ip cef vrf blue\_vn 10.47.6.1

10.47.6.1/32 nexthop 10.47.1.10 LISP0.4100 <-- FHR happened to register to this RP</pre>

#### LHR IGMP Membership Report

nexthop 10.47.1.11 LISP0.4100

The multicast receiver sends an IGMP Membership Report/Join to indicate interest in receipt of multicast traffic, which creates IGMP Snooping and IGMP Group entries on the Last Hop Router (LHR). Use the command "**show ip igmp snooping groups vlan <vlan id> <group destination address>**" as well as "**show ip igmp vrf <VN Name> groups <group>**"

<#root>
Edge-1#
show ip igmp snooping groups vlan 1025 239.0.0.5
Vlan Group Type Version Port List
1025 239.0.0.5 igmp v2 Gi1/0/5
Edge-1#
show ip igmp vrf blue\_vn groups 239.0.0.5
IGMP Connected Group Membership
Group Address Interface Uptime Expires Last Reporter Group Accounted
239.0.0.5 Vlan1025 00:02:01 00:02:58 10.47.7.4

Next, ensure that the LHR is actually the PIM DR for this segment, use the command "**show ip pim vrf** <**VN name> interface vlan <vlan> detail | include DR|enabled**"

<#root>

Edge-1#

show ip pim vrf blue\_vn interface vlan 1025 detail | include DR | enabled

PIM: enabled

PIM DR: 10.47.7.1 (this system)

PIM State-Refresh processing: enabled PIM Non-DR-Join: FALSE

#### LHR (\*,G) Overlay Creation

<#root>

As the LHR receives the IGMP Membership Report, it also creates PIM state, specifically (\*,G) you can use the command "show ip mroute vrf <VN Name><overlay group> verbose" to see the (\*,G) state

Edge-1# show ip mroute vrf blue\_vn 239.0.0.5 verbose IP Multicast Routing Table Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet, X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report, Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender, Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group, G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute, N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed, Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route, V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route, x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry, \* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf, e - encap-helper tunnel flag, 1 - LISP decap ref count contributor Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join t - LISP transit group Timers: Uptime/Expires Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode (\*, 239.0.0.5), 1w3d/stopped, RP 10.47.6.1 , flags: SJCl <-- Anycast RP IP address Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.10 , LISP: [ 10.47.1.10 232.0.2.245 <-- RPF neighbor to reach the Anycast RP, Overlay Group 239.0.0.5 is mapped to Underlay Group 232.0.2.24 Outgoing interface list:

#### Vlan1025

]

, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 1w3d/00:02:31, Pkts:0, flags:

<-- IGMP Membership Report/PIM Join received in VLAN 1025, multicast traffic is sent into VLAN 1025</p>

#### LHR (\*,G) Mapping in Underlay SSM Group

show ip mroute 232.0.2.245 10.47.1.10

From the (\*,G) the underlay SSM (S,G) is derived. The source is RP RPF and Group is the Overlay Mapping.

```
<#root>
```

Edge-1#

IP Multicast Routing Table Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet, X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report, Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender, Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group, G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute, N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed, Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route, V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route, x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry, \* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf, e - encap-helper tunnel flag, 1 - LISP decap ref count contributor Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join t - LISP transit group Timers: Uptime/Expires Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode ( 10.47.1.10, 232.0.2.245 ), 2d01h/00:02:28, flags: sT <-- 10.47.1.10 in this example is the RPF IP/neighbor to get to the RP, 232.0.2.245 is the Underlay Grou Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/1 , RPF nbr 10.47.1.0 <-- RPF interface to reach 10.47.1.10 Outgoing interface list: Null0 , Forward/Dense, 2d01h/stopped, flags:

<-- The Outgoing Interface List (OIL) is Null0, and in Native Multicast, this is treated as a De-Encapsulation of the Statement of the Stat

### Border/RP Creates (\*,G) in Overlay and (S,G) in Underlay

The LHR sends a PIM (\*,G) Join in the Overlay, you can use the command "**show ip mroute vrf <VN** name> <overlay group> verbose" to view the (\*,G) within the Overlay

```
<#root>
Border-1#
show ip mroute vrf blue_vn 239.0.0.5 verbose
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,
X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report,
Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender,
Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group,
G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry,
* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,
e - encap-helper tunnel flag, 1 - LISP decap ref count contributor
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(
*, 239.0.0.5
), 2d01h/00:03:05, RP 10.47.6.1, flags: Sp
Incoming interface:
Null
RPF nbr 0.0.0.0
Outgoing interface list:
LISP0.4100, (
10.47.1.10, 232.0.2.245
), Forward/Sparse, 2d01h/stopped, Pkts:0, flags: p
10.47.1.12
, 2d01h/00:03:05
<-- This is the RLOC of Edge-1, which is the LHR
```

In the Underlay, you can use the command "show ip mroute <underlay group address> <RP RLOC>"

```
<#root>
```

Border-1#

show ip mroute 232.0.2.245 10.47.1.10

```
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,
X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report,
Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender,
Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group,
G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry,
* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,
e - encap-helper tunnel flag, 1 - LISP decap ref count contributor
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(
10.47.1.10
232.0.2.245
), 2d01h/00:03:13, flags: sT
Incoming interface:
Null0
RPF nbr 0.0.0.0
Outgoing interface list:
GigabitEthernet1/0/3
, Forward/Sparse, 2d01h/00:03:13, flags:
<-- Interface that connects to Edge-1, which is the LHR, a PIM Join was received off this interface
```

### Border-1 Creates (S,G) from MSDP SA-Cache

The FHR happened to register the multicast source to Border-2. Border-2 advertises the multicast source to Border-1 via MSDP. You can use the command "show ip msdp vrf <VN Name> summary" to view the MSDP status.

<#root>

Border-1#

show ip msdp vrf blue\_vn summary

<#root>

MSDP Peer Status Summary Peer Address AS State Uptime/ Reset SA Peer Name Downtime Count Count 10.47.6.7 23456 Up 2d02h 1 1

Use the command "**show ip msdp vrf <VN Name> peer <Peer Address> accepted-SAs**" to see the SAs accepted from the peer

<#root>
Border-1#
show ip msdp vrf blue\_vn peer 10.47.6.7 accepted-SAs
MSDP SA accepted from peer 10.47.6.7 (?)
239.0.0.5
10.47.7.3
(?) RP:
10.47.6.7 <-- 239.0.0.5 is the Overlay Group, 10.47.7.3 is the multicast source, 10.47.6.7 is the IP add</pre>

Use the command "**show ip mroute vrf <VN Name> <group destination address> verbose**" to see the (S,G)

```
Border-1#
show ip mroute vrf blue_vn 239.0.0.5 verbose
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,
X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report,
Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender,
Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group,
G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry,
* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,
e - encap-helper tunnel flag, l - LISP decap ref count contributor
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
```

```
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(*, 239.0.0.5), 2d02h/00:03:27, RP 10.47.6.1, flags: Sp
Incoming interface: Null, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0
Outgoing interface list:
LISP0.4100, (10.47.1.10, 232.0.2.245), Forward/Sparse, 2d02h/stopped, Pkts:0, flags: p
10.47.1.12, 2d02h/00:03:27
(
10.47.7.3
239.0.0.5
), 00:18:26/00:02:50, flags: PTA
<-- True multicast source
Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.13, LISP: [
10.47.1.13
232.0.2.245
٦
<-- RLOC of Edge-2, which is FHR, and 232.0.2.245 is the Underlay multicast group
Outgoing interface list:
10.47.1.12, 00:00:05/00:03:24
<-- RLOC of Edge-1
```

#### Border Overlay (S,G) creates Underlay (S,G)

Border-1 creates the Underlay (S,G) as a result of the Overlay (S,G) you can use the command "**show ip mroute** <**group destination address**>" to see additional information.

There are two (S,G)s, for the FHR, and for itself. The NullO OIL for 10.47.1.13, 232.0.2.245 indicates decapsulation, the NullO as an IIF for 10.47.1.10 indicates encapsulation.

```
<#root>
Border-1#
show ip mroute 232.0.2.245

IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,
X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report,
Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender,
```

```
Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group,
G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry,
* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,
e - encap-helper tunnel flag, 1 - LISP decap ref count contributor
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(
10.47.1.13
232.0.2.245
), 00:02:34/00:00:25, flags: sPT
<-- RLOC of the FHR, underlay multicast group IP
Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/4, RPF nbr 10.47.1.3 <-- RPF interface towards the FHR
Outgoing interface list: Null <-- Indicates decapsulation
(
10.47.1.10
232.0.2.245
), 2d02h/00:02:41, flags: sT
<-- RLOC of Border-1, underlay multicast group IP
Incoming interface: Null0, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0 <-- Indicates encapsulation
Outgoing interface list:
```

GigabitEthernet1/0/3, Forward/Sparse, 2d02h/00:02:41, flags: <-- where multicast traffic is sent

#### FHR Receives (S,G) Join in Overlay and Underlay

The Border/RP sends PIM (S,G) Joins towards the FHR, you can use the "**show ip mroute**" command to get information. In the Overlay, use "**show ip mroute vrf <VN Name> <overlay group address**"

<#root>

Edge-2#

show ip mroute vrf blue\_vn 239.0.0.5

```
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,
X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report,
Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender,
Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group,
G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry,
* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,
e - encap-helper tunnel flag, l - LISP decap ref count contributor
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(*, 239.0.0.5), 1w3d/stopped, RP 10.47.6.1, flags: SPFl
Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.10
Outgoing interface list: Null
(
10.47.7.3
239.0.0.5
), 1w3d/00:01:23, flags: FT
<-- Multicast source, true multicast group
Incoming interface: Vlan1025, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0
Outgoing interface list:
LISP0.4100, (
10.47.1.13
232.0.2.245
), Forward/Sparse, 19:12:56/stopped, flags:
<-- FHR RLOC, underlay group IP
10.47.1.10, 00:00:09/00:03:19 <-- Border/RP RLOC
```

In the Underlay, use "show ip mroute <underlay group address>"

<#root>

Edge-2#

show ip mroute 232.0.2.245

```
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,
X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report,
Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender,
Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group,
G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry,
* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,
e - encap-helper tunnel flag, 1 - LISP decap ref count contributor
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(
10.47.1.13
232.0.2.245
), 1w3d/00:03:01, flags: sT
<-- RLOC of the FHR, Underlay multicast group
Incoming interface: Null0, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0 <-- Indicates encapsulation
Outgoing interface list:
GigabitEthernet1/0/1
, Forward/Sparse, 00:01:42/00:03:01, flags:
<-- Where the multicast traffic is forwarded
```

### LHR Receives Multicast Traffc Along the Shared Tree

After the LHR receives the encapsulated multicast traffic along the Shared Tree from the RP, it decapsulates the multicast traffic as the OIL in the Underlay (S,G) is Null0, and then create an (S,G) entry in the Overlay. You can use the command "show ip mroute <underlay group address>" and "show ip mroute vrf <VN Name> <overlay group address"

<#root>

Edge-1#

```
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,
X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report,
Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender,
Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group,
G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry,
* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,
e - encap-helper tunnel flag, l - LISP decap ref count contributor
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(
10.47.1.10
232.0.2.245
), 2d03h/00:00:36, flags: sT
<-- RLOC of the RP, Underlay group
Incoming interface:
GigabitEthernet1/0/1, RPF nbr 10.47.1.0 <-- RPF interface towards the RP
Outgoing interface list:
Null0, Forward/Dense, 2d03h/stopped, flags: <-- Indicates Decapsulation
In the Overlay "show ip mroute vrf <VN Name> <overlay group address>"
<#root>
Edge-1#
show ip mroute vrf blue_vn 239.0.0.5
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,
X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
```

- U URD, I Received Source Specific Host Report,
- Z Multicast Tunnel, z MDT-data group sender,
- Y Joined MDT-data group, y Sending to MDT-data group,

```
G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry,
* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,
e - encap-helper tunnel flag, l - LISP decap ref count contributor
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(*, 239.0.0.5), 1w3d/stopped, RP 10.47.6.1, flags: SJCl
Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.10
Outgoing interface list:
Vlan1025, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 1w3d/00:02:03, flags:
(
10.47.7.3, 239.0.0.5
), 00:01:21/00:01:38, flags: JTl
<-- Multicast Source, Overlay Group
Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.13, LISP:
 Γ
10.47.1.13, 232.0.2.245
]
<-- RLOC of the FHR, Underlay Group
Outgoing interface list:
Vlan1025
, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 00:01:21/00:02:03, flags:
<-- Multicast traffic is fowarded into VLAN 1025
```

Now, the LHR joins the Shortest Path Tree (SPT) and prune the Shared Tree, via PIM (S,G) Joins in the Overlay and Underlay. After the LHR prunes the Shared Tree, the RP OIL for the (S,G) no longer includes the LHR. Go to the RP and use the command "show ip mroute vrf <VN Name> <overlay group address>"

```
<#root>
Border-1#
show ip mroute vrf blue_vn 239.0.0.5

IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,
X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report,
```

```
Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender,
Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group,
G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry,
* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,
e - encap-helper tunnel flag, l - LISP decap ref count contributor
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(*, 239.0.0.5), 2d04h/00:03:10, RP 10.47.6.1, flags: S
Incoming interface: Null, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0
Outgoing interface list:
LISP0.4100, (10.47.1.10, 232.0.2.245), Forward/Sparse, 2d04h/stopped, flags:
(10.47.7.3, 239.0.0.5), 00:14:17/00:02:42, flags: PT
Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.13
Outgoing interface list: Null
```

Since the (S,G) structure does not have an underlay mapping anymore, even if traffic to 239.0.0.5 is received via the Underlay, the RP does not re-encapsulate it down to any LHR, which prunes the shared-tree. However, the (S,G) structure for both the Source Tree and Shared Tree still exists. Go to the RP and check the Underlay group with the command "**show ip mroute <underlay group address>**"

<#root>

Border-1#

```
show ip mroute 232.0.2.245
```

```
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,
X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report,
Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender,
Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group,
G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry,
* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,
e - encap-helper tunnel flag, l - LISP decap ref count contributor
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(10.47.1.13, 232.0.2.245), 00:01:07/00:01:52, flags: sPT
Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/4, RPF nbr 10.47.1.3
Outgoing interface list: Null
```

(10.47.1.10, 232.0.2.245), 2d04h/00:03:23, flags: sT Incoming interface: Null0, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0 Outgoing interface list: GigabitEthernet1/0/3, Forward/Sparse, 2d04h/00:03:23, flags:

If the RP has removed all of its OIL(s), it also prunes itself from the FHR OIL, and the FHR OIL only includes LHR(s) Go to the FHR and use the command "**show ip mroute vrf <VN Name> <overlay group address>**"

<#root>

Edge-2#

show ip mroute vrf blue\_vn 239.0.0.5 IP Multicast Routing Table Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet, X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report, Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender, Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group, G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute, N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed, Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route, V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route, x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry, \* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf, e - encap-helper tunnel flag, 1 - LISP decap ref count contributor Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join t - LISP transit group Timers: Uptime/Expires Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode (\*, 239.0.0.5), 1w4d/stopped, RP 10.47.6.1, flags: SPFl Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.10 Outgoing interface list: Null ( 10.47.7.3 239.0.0.5 ), 1w3d/00:01:25, flags: FT <-- Multicast Source, Overlay Group Incoming interface: Vlan1025, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0 Outgoing interface list: LISP0.4100, ( 10.47.1.13, 232.0.2.245 ), Forward/Sparse, 20:16:48/stopped, flags: <-- RLOC of the LHR, Underlay Group

## **Data Plane Verification (Platform Independent)**

There can be various issues that can prevent the multicast source or multicast receiver from sending/receiving the traffic. This section focuses on validation of issues that can impact both the multicast source and multicast receiver, with emphasis on issues that are not related to hardware programming.

### FHR (S,G) Creation

In order for the FHR to create (S,G) verify that SISF, LISP, CEF, and RPF are all valid and correct, use the command "**show device-tracking database address <IPv4 address>**"

<#root>

Edge-2#

show device-tracking database address 10.47.7.3

Codes: L - Local, S - Static, ND - Neighbor Discovery, ARP - Address Resolution Protocol, DH4 - IPv4 DH Preflevel flags (prlvl): 0001:MAC and LLA match 0002:Orig trunk 0004:Orig access 0008:Orig trusted trunk 0010:Orig trusted access 0020:DHCP assigned 0040:Cga authenticated 0080:Cert authenticated 0100:Statically assigned Network Layer Address Link Layer Address Interface vlan prlvl age state Time left DH4 10.47.7.3 5254.0012.521d Gi1/0/4 1025 0024 16s REACHABLE 232 s try 0(84662 s)

SISF is leveraged by LISP, use the command "**show lisp instance-id <L3 LISP Instance ID> ipv4 database <IP/32>**"

<#root>

Edge-2#

show lisp instance-id 4100 ipv4 database 10.47.7.3/32

LISP ETR IPv4 Mapping Database for LISP 0 EID-table vrf blue\_vn (IID 4100), LSBs: 0x1 Entries total 1, no-route 0, inactive 0, do-not-register 1

10.47.7.3/32

, dynamic-eid blue-IPV4, inherited from default locator-set rloc\_691b1fe4-5264-44c2-bb1b-0903b3eb2c51 Uptime: 5w0d, Last-change: 5w0d Domain-ID: local Service-Insertion: N/A Locator Pri/Wgt Source State 10.47.1.13 10/10 cfg-intf site-self, reachable Map-server Uptime ACK Domain-ID 10.47.1.10 2d04h Yes 0 10.47.1.11 2d15h Yes 0

Edge-2#

show ip lisp instance-id 4100 forwarding eid local 10.47.7.3

Prefix 10.47.7.3/32

LISP programs CEF, use the command "**show ip cef vrf <VN Name> <ip address>**" and ensure that it is a next-hop in the VLAN, not pointing towards LISP.

<#root>

Edge-2#

```
show ip cef vrf blue_vn 10.47.7.3
```

10.47.7.3/32 nexthop 10.47.7.3 Vlan1025

Finally, ensure RPF is pointing correctly and says directly connected.

<#root>

Edge-2#

show ip rpf vrf blue\_vn 10.47.7.3

RPF information for (10.47.7.3) RPF interface: Vlan1025 RPF neighbor: ?

(10.47.7.3) - directly connected

RPF route/mask: 10.47.7.3/32
RPF type: unicast (lisp)
Doing distance-preferred lookups across tables
Multicast Multipath enabled.
RPF topology: ipv4 multicast base, originated from ipv4 unicast base

If there is no valid entry in SISF/IPDT, this results in no LISP database mapping on the FHR, which results in CEF and RPF pointing to the Border(s). If the multicast source sends traffic, RPF points to the incorrect interface, which results in RPF failure, (S,G) is not formed.

<#root>

Edge-2#

show device-tracking database address 10.47.7.3

Codes: L - Local, S - Static, ND - Neighbor Discovery, ARP - Address Resolution Protocol, DH4 - IPv4 DH Preflevel flags (prlvl): 0001:MAC and LLA match 0002:Orig trunk 0004:Orig access 0008:Orig trusted trunk 0010:Orig trusted access 0020:DHCP assigned 0040:Cga authenticated 0080:Cert authenticated 0100:Statically assigned Network Layer Address Link Layer Address Interface vlan prlvl age state Time left

```
Edge-2#
show lisp instance-id 4100 ipv4 database 10.47.7.3/32
% No database-mapping entry for 10.47.7.3/32.
Edge-2#
show ip cef vrf blue_vn 10.47.7.3
10.47.7.0/24
nexthop 10.47.1.10
LISP0.4100 <-- Result of a LISP Negative Map-Reply, so the LISP interface is now the RPF interface
nexthop 10.47.1.11
LISP0.4100 <-- Result of a LISP Negative Map-Reply, so the LISP interface is now the RPF interface
Edge-2#
show ip rpf vrf blue_vn 10.47.7.3
RPF information for (10.47.7.3)
RPF interface:
LISP0.4100
RPF neighbor: ? (
10.47.1.11
)
RPF route/mask: 10.47.7.3/32
RPF type: unicast ()
Doing distance-preferred lookups across tables
Multicast Multipath enabled.
RPF topology: ipv4 multicast base
```

To prevent this, treat the multicast source as a silent host, where IP Directed Broadcast, Flooding, Static SISF/IPDT bindings can overcome this issue.

#### **Source Registration**

PIM registration is a unicast packet flow, which uses LISP/VXLAN like any other unicast packet. There are several requisitechecks to validate that the FHR can properly register the multicast source to the Anycast RP.

First, ensure that the Anycast RP is configured correctly for the GDA.

<#root>

Edge-2#

```
show ip pim vrf blue_vn rp 239.0.0.5
```

Group: 239.0.0.5, RP: 10.47.6.1, uptime 1w4d, expires never

Ensure the PIM Register tunnel is formed.

<#root>

Edge-2#

show ip pim vrf blue\_vn tunnel

Tunnel1 Type : PIM Encap RP : 10.47.6.1 <-- This is from "ip pim vrf blue\_vn rp-address 10.47.6.1 ASM\_ACL\_IPV4\_blue\_vn\_10.47.6.1'

Source : 10.47.6.3 <-- This is from ip pim vrf blue\_vn register-source Loopback4100

```
State : UP
Last event : Created (1w4d)
```

Ensure there is IP reachability to the Anycast RP

<#root>

Edge-2#

show ip cef vrf blue\_vn 10.47.6.1

10.47.6.1/32 nexthop

10.47.1.10

LISP0.4100

<-- RLOC of Border-1

nexthop

10.47.1.11

LISP0.4100

<-- RLOC of Border-2

Edge-2#

ping vrf blue\_vn 10.47.6.1 source lo4100

```
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.47.6.1, timeout is 2 seconds:
Packet sent with a source address of 10.47.6.3
!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/3 ms
```

## **Receiver Side Verification**

- Ensure that the multicast receiver is sending an IGMP MR
- Ensure that IGMP Snooping is enabled. L2 only VNs are the only type of VN that do not have IGMP Snooping enabled
- Ensure there is no Port ACL, VLAN ACL, Routed Port ACL configured that would drop the IGMP MR
- Validate the version of the IGMP MR, by default it is IGMPv2, if the multicast receiver is IGMPv3, that requires "ip igmp version 3"
- Ensure "ip option drop" is not configured

## LHR PIM (\*,G) Verification

- Ensure that the LHR is the PIM DR for the receiver subnet/segment
- Ensure that there is no "ip multicast group-range" is configured
- Ensure there is no Port ACL, VLAN ACL, Routed Port ACL configured that would drop the IGMP MR
- Ensure there is no high CPU or Control-Plane Policing (CoPP) dropping the IGMP MR

### LHR PIM Shared Tree Verification

Ensure that there is a RP configured for the group

```
<#root>
Edge-1#
show ip mroute vrf blue_vn 239.0.0.5
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,
X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report,
Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender,
Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group,
G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry,
* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,
e - encap-helper tunnel flag, 1 - LISP decap ref count contributor
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
```

(\*, 239.0.0.5), 1w3d/stopped, RP 10.47.6.1 , flags: SJCl <-- Anycast RP address Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.10 Outgoing interface list: Vlan1025, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 1w3d/00:02:36, flags: Ensure that RPF to the Anycast RP is correct

<#root>

Edge-1#

show ip cef vrf blue\_vn 10.47.6.1

10.47.6.1/32 nexthop 10.47.1.10 LISP0.4100 nexthop 10.47.1.11 LISP0.4100

Edge-1#

show ip rpf vrf blue\_vn 10.47.6.1

RPF information for (10.47.6.1)
RPF interface: LISP0.4100
RPF neighbor: ? (10.47.1.10)
RPF route/mask: 10.47.6.1/32
RPF type: unicast ()
Doing distance-preferred lookups across tables
Multicast Multipath enabled.
RPF topology: ipv4 multicast base

#### MFIB Forwarding - Native Multicast (Overlay) Source Side Verification

You can use the command "**show ip mfib vrf <VN Name> <overlay group address> <unicast source> verbose**" to get additional information about packet forwarding.

<#root>

Edge-2#

show ip mfib vrf blue\_vn 239.0.0.5 10.47.7.3 verbose

Entry Flags: C - Directly Connected, S - Signal, IA - Inherit A flag, ET - Data Rate Exceeds Threshold, K - Keepalive DDE - Data Driven Event, HW - Hardware Installed ME - MoFRR ECMP entry, MNE - MoFRR Non-ECMP entry, MP - MFIB MoFRR Primary, RP - MRIB MoFRR Primary, P - MoFRR Primary MS - MoFRR Entry in Sync, MC - MoFRR entry in MoFRR Client,

```
e - Encap helper tunnel flag.
I/O Item Flags: IC - Internal Copy, NP - Not platform switched,
NS - Negate Signalling, SP - Signal Present,
A - Accept, F - Forward, RA - MRIB Accept, RF - MRIB Forward,
MA - MFIB Accept, A2 - Accept backup,
RA2 - MRIB Accept backup, MA2 - MFIB Accept backup
Forwarding Counts: Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kbits per second
Other counts: Total/RPF failed/Other drops
I/O Item Counts: HW Pkt Count/FS Pkt Count/PS Pkt Count Egress Rate in pps
VRF blue_vn
(10.47.7.3,239.0.0.5) Flags: K HW DDE
0x530 OIF-IC count: 0, OIF-A count: 1
SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
HW Forwarding: 352467143981268992/0/19/0, Other: 0/0/0
Vlan1025 Flags: RA A MA
LISP0.4100, (
10.47.1.13
232.0.2.245
) Flags: RF F NS
<-- RLOC of FHR, Underlay Group IP address
CEF: Adjacency with MAC:
450000000004000001184BC0A2F010DE80002F5000012B500000000840000000100400BA25CDF4AD38BA25CDF4AD380000
```

```
Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
```

#### MFIB Forwarding - Native Multicast (Underlay) Source Side Verification

Use "show ip mroute <underlay group address> <RLOC of FHR>" to view the Underlay group

<#root> Edge-2# show ip mroute 232.0.2.245 10.47.1.13 IP Multicast Routing Table Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet, X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report, Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender, Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group, G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute, N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed, Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route, V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route, x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry, \* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf,

e - encap-helper tunnel flag, 1 - LISP decap ref count contributor

```
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
t - LISP transit group
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(
10.47.1.13
232.0.2.245
), 1w4d/00:03:17, flags: sT
<-- RLOC of the FHR, Underlay Group
Incoming interface:
Null0
, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0
<-- Indicates Encapsulation
Outgoing interface list:
GigabitEthernet1/0/1, Forward/Sparse, 00:00:26/00:03:17, flags <-- Where the multicast traffic is forward
Edge-2#
show ip mfib 232.0.2.245 10.47.1.13 verbo
se
Entry Flags: C - Directly Connected, S - Signal, IA - Inherit A flag,
ET - Data Rate Exceeds Threshold, K - Keepalive
DDE - Data Driven Event, HW - Hardware Installed
ME - MoFRR ECMP entry, MNE - MoFRR Non-ECMP entry, MP - MFIB
MoFRR Primary, RP - MRIB MoFRR Primary, P - MoFRR Primary
MS - MoFRR Entry in Sync, MC - MoFRR entry in MoFRR Client,
e - Encap helper tunnel flag.
I/O Item Flags: IC - Internal Copy, NP - Not platform switched,
NS - Negate Signalling, SP - Signal Present,
A - Accept, F - Forward, RA - MRIB Accept, RF - MRIB Forward,
MA - MFIB Accept, A2 - Accept backup,
RA2 - MRIB Accept backup, MA2 - MFIB Accept backup
Forwarding Counts: Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kbits per second
Other counts: Total/RPF failed/Other drops
I/O Item Counts: HW Pkt Count/FS Pkt Count/PS Pkt Count Egress Rate in pps
Default
(
10.47.1.13,232.0.2.245
) Flags: K HW
0x348 OIF-IC count: 0, OIF-A count: 1
SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
HW Forwarding:
5268151634814304256
/0/1/0, Other: 0/0/0
Null0
```

Flags: RA A MA GigabitEthernet1/0/1 Flags: RF F NS CEF: Adjacency with MAC: 01005E0002F552540017FE730800 Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps

<#root>

#### **MFIB Forwarding - Native Multicast (Post-Decapsulation)**

When multicast traffic arrives at the LHR encapsulated with a source IP of 10.47.1.13 and destination address of 232.0.2.245, it is routed to the Null0 outgoing interface. This action triggers decapsulation of the packet.

Edge-1# show ip mroute 232.0.2.245 10.47.1.13 IP Multicast Routing Table Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet, X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report, Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender, Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group, G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute, N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed, Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route, V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route, x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry, \* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf, e - encap-helper tunnel flag, 1 - LISP decap ref count contributor Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join t - LISP transit group Timers: Uptime/Expires Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode 10.47.1.13 232.0.2.245 ), 00:38:22/00:00:37, flags: sT Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/2, RPF nbr 10.47.1.4 Outgoing interface list: Null0 , Forward/Dense, 00:01:12/stopped, flags: Edge-1# show ip mfib 232.0.2.245 10.47.1.13 verbose

Entry Flags: C - Directly Connected, S - Signal, IA - Inherit A flag,

ET - Data Rate Exceeds Threshold, K - Keepalive DDE - Data Driven Event, HW - Hardware Installed ME - MoFRR ECMP entry, MNE - MoFRR Non-ECMP entry, MP - MFIB MoFRR Primary, RP - MRIB MoFRR Primary, P - MoFRR Primary MS - MoFRR Entry in Sync, MC - MoFRR entry in MoFRR Client, e - Encap helper tunnel flag. I/O Item Flags: IC - Internal Copy, NP - Not platform switched, NS - Negate Signalling, SP - Signal Present, A - Accept, F - Forward, RA - MRIB Accept, RF - MRIB Forward, MA - MFIB Accept, A2 - Accept backup, RA2 - MRIB Accept backup, MA2 - MFIB Accept backup Forwarding Counts: Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kbits per second Other counts: Total/RPF failed/Other drops I/O Item Counts: HW Pkt Count/FS Pkt Count/PS Pkt Count Egress Rate in pps Default ( 10.47.1.13,232.0.2.245 ) Flags: K HW 0x77 OIF-IC count: 0, OIF-A count: 1 SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0 HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0 GigabitEthernet1/0/2 Flags: RA A MA Null0, LISPv4 Decap Flags: RF F NS CEF: OCE (lisp decap) Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps After decapsulation, the LHR identifies that the true destination IP address as 239.0.0.5 within VNI 4100, originating with a source IP of 10.47.7.3 <#root> Edge-1# show ip mroute vrf blue\_vn 239.0.0.5 IP Multicast Routing Table Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet, X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report, Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender, Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group, G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute, N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed, Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route, V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route, x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry, \* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf, e - encap-helper tunnel flag, 1 - LISP decap ref count contributor

Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join t - LISP transit group Timers: Uptime/Expires Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode (\*, 239.0.0.5), 1w3d/stopped, RP 10.47.6.1, flags: SJCl Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.10 Outgoing interface list: Vlan1025, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 1w3d/00:02:01, flags: ( 10.47.7.3 239.0.0.5 ), 00:01:29/00:01:30, flags: JTl Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.13 Outgoing interface list: Vlan1025 , Forward/Sparse-Dense, 00:01:29/00:02:01, flags: Edge-1# show ip mfib vrf blue\_vn 239.0.0.5 10.47.7.3 Entry Flags: C - Directly Connected, S - Signal, IA - Inherit A flag, ET - Data Rate Exceeds Threshold, K - Keepalive DDE - Data Driven Event, HW - Hardware Installed ME - MoFRR ECMP entry, MNE - MoFRR Non-ECMP entry, MP - MFIB MoFRR Primary, RP - MRIB MoFRR Primary, P - MoFRR Primary MS - MoFRR Entry in Sync, MC - MoFRR entry in MoFRR Client, e - Encap helper tunnel flag. I/O Item Flags: IC - Internal Copy, NP - Not platform switched, NS - Negate Signalling, SP - Signal Present, A - Accept, F - Forward, RA - MRIB Accept, RF - MRIB Forward, MA - MFIB Accept, A2 - Accept backup, RA2 - MRIB Accept backup, MA2 - MFIB Accept backup Forwarding Counts: Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kbits per second Other counts: Total/RPF failed/Other drops I/O Item Counts: HW Pkt Count/FS Pkt Count/PS Pkt Count Egress Rate in pps VRF blue\_vn ( 10.47.7.3,239.0.0.5 ) Flags: HW <-- Unicast Source and Overlay Group SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 2/1/1 HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0 LISP0.4100 Flags: A <-- Incoming Interface

Vlan1025 Flags: F NS <-- Outgoing Interface

Use the command "**show ip igmp snooping groups vlan <VLAN>**" to see which ports are going to receive multicast traffic.

## **Data Plane Verification (Platform Dependent)**

#### **Mroute Hardware Programming - IOS mroute**

Hardware programming uses this chain: IOS, then FMAN RP, to FMAN FP, and then FED. Verify IOS first, with the command "show ip mroute vrf <VN Name> <overlay group address> verbose" and "show ip mroute <underlay group address> verbose"

<#root> Edge-1# show ip mroute vrf blue\_vn 239.0.0.5 verbose IP Multicast Routing Table Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet, X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report, Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender, Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group, G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute, N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed, Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route, V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route, x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry, \* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf, e - encap-helper tunnel flag, l - LISP decap ref count contributor Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join t - LISP transit group Timers: Uptime/Expires Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode ( \*, 239.0.0.5

), 1w3d/stopped, RP 10.47.6.1, flags: SJCl Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.10, LISP: [10.47.1.10, 232.0.2.245] Outgoing interface list: Vlan1025, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 1w3d/00:02:58, Pkts:0, flags: ( 10.47.7.3, 239.0.0.5 ), 00:02:19/00:00:40, flags: JTl Incoming interface: LISP0.4100, RPF nbr 10.47.1.13, LISP: [10.47.1.13, 232.0.2.245] Outgoing interface list: Vlan1025, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 00:02:19/00:02:58, Pkts:0, flags: In the Underlay <#root> Edge-1# show ip mroute 232.0.2.245 verbose IP Multicast Routing Table Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet, X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report, Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender, Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group, G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute, N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed, Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route, V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route, x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry, \* - determined by Assert, # - iif-starg configured on rpf intf, e - encap-helper tunnel flag, l - LISP decap ref count contributor Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join t - LISP transit group Timers: Uptime/Expires Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode ( 10.47.1.13, 232.0.2.245 ), 01:18:55/00:02:04, flags: sT Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/2, RPF nbr 10.47.1.4 LISP EID ref count: 1, Underlay ref timer: 00:05:13 Outgoing interface list: Null0, Forward/Dense, 00:01:46/stopped, Pkts:0, flags: ( 10.47.1.10, 232.0.2.245 ), 2d06h/00:02:59, flags: sT Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/1, RPF nbr 10.47.1.0 LISP EID ref count: 1, Underlay ref timer: 00:05:12 Outgoing interface list: NullO, Forward/Dense, 2d06h/stopped, Pkts:O, flags:

#### **Mroute Hardware Programming - IOS MFIB**

Verify the Overlay and Underlay MFIB with the command "show ip mfib vrf <VN Name> <overlay group address> verbose" and "show ip mroute <underlay group address> verbose"

In the Overlay

```
<#root>
Edge-1#
show ip mfib vrf blue_vn 239.0.0.5 verbose
Entry Flags: C - Directly Connected, S - Signal, IA - Inherit A flag,
ET - Data Rate Exceeds Threshold, K - Keepalive
DDE - Data Driven Event, HW - Hardware Installed
ME - MoFRR ECMP entry, MNE - MoFRR Non-ECMP entry, MP - MFIB
MoFRR Primary, RP - MRIB MoFRR Primary, P - MoFRR Primary
MS - MoFRR Entry in Sync, MC - MoFRR entry in MoFRR Client,
e - Encap helper tunnel flag.
I/O Item Flags: IC - Internal Copy, NP - Not platform switched,
NS - Negate Signalling, SP - Signal Present,
A - Accept, F - Forward, RA - MRIB Accept, RF - MRIB Forward,
MA - MFIB Accept, A2 - Accept backup,
RA2 - MRIB Accept backup, MA2 - MFIB Accept backup
Forwarding Counts: Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kbits per second
Other counts: Total/RPF failed/Other drops
I/O Item Counts: HW Pkt Count/FS Pkt Count/PS Pkt Count Egress Rate in pps
VRF blue vn
(
*,239.0.0.5
) Flags: C K HW
0x6D OIF-IC count: 0, OIF-A count: 1
SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
HW Forwarding: 16218869633044709376/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
LISP0.4100 Flags: RA A MA NS
Vlan1025 Flags: RF F NS
CEF: Adjacency with MAC: 01005E00000500000C9FFB870800
Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
(
10.47.7.3,239.0.0.5
) Flags: K HW DDE
0x7B OIF-IC count: 0, OIF-A count: 1
SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 2/0/2
HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0
LISP0.4100 Flags: RA A MA
Vlan1025 Flags: RF F NS
CEF: Adjacency with MAC: 01005E00000500000C9FFB870800
Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps
```

In the Underlay

Edge-1#

show ip mfib 232.0.2.245 verbose

Entry Flags: C - Directly Connected, S - Signal, IA - Inherit A flag, ET - Data Rate Exceeds Threshold, K - Keepalive DDE - Data Driven Event, HW - Hardware Installed ME - MoFRR ECMP entry, MNE - MoFRR Non-ECMP entry, MP - MFIB MoFRR Primary, RP - MRIB MoFRR Primary, P - MoFRR Primary MS - MoFRR Entry in Sync, MC - MoFRR entry in MoFRR Client, e - Encap helper tunnel flag. I/O Item Flags: IC - Internal Copy, NP - Not platform switched, NS - Negate Signalling, SP - Signal Present, A - Accept, F - Forward, RA - MRIB Accept, RF - MRIB Forward, MA - MFIB Accept, A2 - Accept backup, RA2 - MRIB Accept backup, MA2 - MFIB Accept backup Forwarding Counts: Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kbits per second Other counts: Total/RPF failed/Other drops I/O Item Counts: HW Pkt Count/FS Pkt Count/PS Pkt Count Egress Rate in pps Default ( 10.47.1.10,232.0.2.245 ) Flags: K HW 0x18 OIF-IC count: 0, OIF-A count: 1 SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0 HW Forwarding: 8384858081233731584/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0 GigabitEthernet1/0/1 Flags: RA A MA NullO, LISPv4 Decap Flags: RF F NS CEF: OCE (lisp decap) Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps 10.47.1.13,232.0.2.245 ) Flags: K HW 0x77 OIF-IC count: 0, OIF-A count: 1 SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0 HW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 0/0/0 GigabitEthernet1/0/2 Flags: RA A MA NullO, LISPv4 Decap Flags: RF F NS CEF: OCE (lisp decap) Pkts: 0/0/0 Rate: 0 pps

#### **Mroute Hardware Programming - FMAN RP**

To validate FMAN RP, first capture the VRF ID.

<#root>

Edge-1#

show vrf detail blue\_vn | include Id

VRF blue\_vn (

VRF Id = 2

); default RD <not set>; default VPNID <not set>

Next, use the VRF index value for the next commands. To validate the Overlay (\*,G) use the command "show platform software ip switch active r0 mfib vrf index <VRF Index> group <overlay group address>/32"

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform software ip switch active r0 mfib vrf index 2 group 239.0.0.5/32

```
Route flags:
S - Signal; C - Directly connected;
IA - Inherit A Flag; L - Local;
BR - Bidir route
*, 239.0.0.5/32 --> OBJ_INTF_LIST (0x6d)
Obj id: 0x6d, Flags: C
OM handle: 0x348030b738
```

To validate the Overlay (S,G) use the command "show platform software ip switch active r0 mfib vrf index 2 group address <ovverlay group address> <unicast source>"

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform software ip switch active r0 mfib vrf index 2 group address 239.0.0.5 10.47.7.3

Route flags: S - Signal; C - Directly connected; IA - Inherit A Flag; L - Local; BR - Bidir route 239.0.0.5, 10.47.7.3/64 --> OBJ\_INTF\_LIST (0x7f) Obj id: 0x7f, Flags: unknown OM handle: 0x34803a3800

To validate the Underlay (S,G) for the Overlay (\*,G) use the command "show platform software ip switch active r0 mfib group address <underlay group address ><RP address>"

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform software ip switch active r0 mfib group address 232.0.2.245 10.47.1.10

```
Route flags:

S - Signal; C - Directly connected;

IA - Inherit A Flag; L - Local;

BR - Bidir route

232.0.2.245, 10.47.1.10/64 --> OBJ_INTF_LIST (0x18)
```

Obj id: 0x18, Flags: unknown OM handle: 0x34803b9be8

To validate the Underlay (S,G) for the Overlay (S,G) use the command "show platform software ip switch active r0 mfib group address <underlay group address <RLOC of FHR>"

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform software ip switch active r0 mfib group address 232.0.2.245 10.47.1.13

```
Route flags:
S - Signal; C - Directly connected;
IA - Inherit A Flag; L - Local;
BR - Bidir route
232.0.2.245, 10.47.1.13/64 --> OBJ_INTF_LIST (0x77)
Obj id: 0x77, Flags: unknown
OM handle: 0x348026b988
```

#### **Mroute Hardware Programming - FMAN FP**

To validate the Overlay (\*,G) use the command "**show platform software ip switch switch active f0 mfib vrf index <VRF ID> group <overlay group address>**"

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform software software ip switch active f0 mfib vrf index 2 group 239.0.0.5/32

```
Route flags:

S - Signal; C - Directly connected;

IA - Inherit A Flag; L - Local;

BR - Bidir route

*, 239.0.0.5/32 --> OBJ_INTF_LIST (0x6d)

Obj id: 0x6d, Flags: C

aom id:

100880
```

```
, HW handle: (nil) (created)
```

To validate the Overlay (S,G) use the command "show platform software ip switch switch active f0 mfib vrf index <VRF ID> group address <overlay group address> <unicast source>"

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform software ip switch active f0 mfib vrf index 2 group address 239.0.0.5 10.47.7.3

```
Route flags:
S - Signal; C - Directly connected;
IA - Inherit A Flag; L - Local;
BR - Bidir route
239.0.0.5, 10.47.7.3/64 --> OBJ_INTF_LIST (0x8f)
Obj id: 0x8f, Flags: unknown
aom id:
161855
```

, HW handle: (nil) (created)

To validate the Underlay (S,G) for the Overlay (\*,G) use the command ""show platform software ip switch active f0 mfib group address <underlay group address <RP address>"

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform ip switch active f0 mfib group address 232.0.2.245 10.47.1.10

```
Route flags:
S - Signal; C - Directly connected;
IA - Inherit A Flag; L - Local;
BR - Bidir route
232.0.2.245, 10.47.1.10/64 --> OBJ_INTF_LIST (0x18)
Obj id: 0x18, Flags: unknown
aom id:
138716
```

```
, HW handle: (nil) (created)
```

To validate the Underlay (S,G) for the Overlay (S,G) use the command "show platform software ip switch active f0 mfib group address <underlay group address <RLOC of FHR>"

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform software ip switch active f0 mfib group address 232.0.2.245 10.47.1.13

Route flags: S - Signal; C - Directly connected; IA - Inherit A Flag; L - Local; BR - Bidir route 232.0.2.245, 10.47.1.13/64 --> OBJ\_INTF\_LIST (0x5) Obj id: 0x5, Flags: unknown aom id:

161559

, HW handle: (nil) (created)

### **Mroute Hardware Programming - FMAN FP Database**

To validate FMAN FP object use the command "show platform software object-manager switch active f0 object <object ID> parents''

For example, to validate the Overlay (\*,G)

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform software object-manager switch active f0 object 100880 parents

Object identifier: 100605 Description: ipv4\_mcast table 2 (

blue\_vn

), vrf id 2 Status: Done Object identifier: 100878 Description:

mlist 109

Status: Done

To validate the Overlay (S,G)

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform software object-manager switch active f0 object 161855 parents

```
Object identifier: 100605
Description: ipv4_mcast table 2 (blue_vn), vrf id 2
Status: Done
Object identifier: 161854
Description:
mlist 143
```

Status: Done

The mlist is a combination of the incoming interface (IIF) and the outgoing interface list (OIL) separated from the mroute in a different object. To validate the mlist, use the command "**show platform software mlist switch active f0 index <index>''** 

<#root>

Edge-1#

```
Multicast List entries
OCE Flags:
NS - Negate Signalling; IC - Internal copy;
A - Accept; F - Forward;
OCE Type OCE Flags Interface
_____
0xf8000171 OBJ_ADJACENCY NS, A LISP0.4100
<-- Incoming Interface for (*,G)
0xf80001f1 OBJ_ADJACENCY NS, F Vlan1025
<-- Outgoing Interface for (S,G)
<#root>
Edge-1#
show platform software mlist switch active f0 index 143
Multicast List entries
OCE Flags:
NS - Negate Signalling; IC - Internal copy;
A - Accept; F - Forward;
OCE Type OCE Flags Interface
_____
0xf8000171 OBJ_ADJACENCY A LISP0.4100
<-- Outgoing Interface for (S,G)
0xf80001f1 OBJ_ADJACENCY NS, F Vlan1025
<-- Incoming Interface for (S,G)
```

#### **Mroute Hardware Programming - FED**

show platform software mlist switch active f0 index 109

To validate the Overlay (S,G) use the command "show platform software fed switch active ip mfib vrf <VN Name> <overlay group address> <Unicast Source>"

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform software fed switch active ip mfib vrf blue\_vn 239.0.0.5 10.47.7.3

```
Multicast (S,G) Information
VRF : 2
Source Address : 10.47.7.3
HTM Handler : 0x7f0efe53a638
SI Handler : 0x7f0efe50ec68
DI Handler :
```

0x7f0efe530768

REP RI handler : 0x7f0efe5387e8 Flags : Packet count : 0 State : 4 RPF : LISP0.4100 A OIF : Vlan1025 F NS LISP0.4100 A (Adj: 0xf8000171 )

To validate the Underlay (S,G) use the command "show platform software fed switch active ip mfib <underlay group address> <RLOC of FHR>"

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform software fed switch active ip mfib 232.0.2.245 10.47.1.13

Multicast (S,G) Information VRF : 0 Source Address : 10.47.1.13 HTM Handler : 0x7f0efe512408 SI Handler : 0x7f0efe5158f8 DI Handler :

0x7f0efe525538

REP RI handler : 0x7f0efe52ca18 Flags : Packet count : 0 State : 4 RPF : GigabitEthernet1/0/2 A OIF : LISPO LISP Decap F NS GigabitEthernet1/0/2 A

Next, the Destination Index (DI) is validated for both the Overlay and Underlay (S,G) you can use the command "show platform hardware fed switch active fwd-asic abstraction print-resource-handle <DI Handler> 1"

For the Overlay (S,G)

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform hardware fed switch active fwd-asic abs print-resource-handle 0x7f0efe512408 1

Handle:0x7f0efe530768 Res-Type:ASIC\_RSC\_DI Res-Switch-Num:255 Asic-Num:255 Feature-ID:AL\_FID\_L3\_MULTICA priv\_ri/priv\_si Handle: (nil)Hardware Indices/Handles: index0:0x5279 mtu\_index/l3u\_ri\_index0:0x0 index1 Cookie length: 56 Detailed Resource Information (ASIC\_INSTANCE# 0) \_\_\_\_\_ Destination index = 0x5279pmap = 0x0000000 0x0000010pmap\_intf : [GigabitEthernet1/0/5] <-- From IGMP Snooping</pre> cmi = 0x0 $rcp_pmap = 0x0$ al\_rsc\_cmi CPU Map Index (CMI) [0] ctiLo0 = 0ctiLo1 = 0ctiLo2 = 0cpuQNum0 = 0cpuQNum1 = 0cpuQNum2 = 0npuIndex = 0stripSeg = 0 copySeg = 0Detailed Resource Information (ASIC\_INSTANCE# 1) -----Destination index = 0x5279pmap = 0x0000000 0x0000000cmi = 0x0 $rcp_pmap = 0x0$ al\_rsc\_cmi CPU Map Index (CMI) [0] ctiLo0 = 0ctiLo1 = 0ctiLo2 = 0cpuQNum0 = 0cpuQNum1 = 0cpuQNum2 = 0npuIndex = 0stripSeg = 0copySeg = 0

\_\_\_\_\_

For the Underlay (S,G)

<#root>

Edge-1#

show platform hardware fed switch active fwd-asic abs print-resource-handle 0x7f0efe525538 1

Destination index = 0x5284

pmap = 0x00000000 0x00000000 <-- Expected since this is the Underlay, and recirculation is required to s

cmi = 0x0

```
al_rsc_cmi
CPU Map Index (CMI) [0]
ctiLo0 = 0
ctiLo1 = 0
ctiLo2 = 0
cpuQNum0 = 0
cpuQNum1 = 0
cpuQNum2 = 0
npuIndex = 0
stripSeg = 0
copySeg = 0
Detailed Resource Information (ASIC_INSTANCE# 1)
-----
Destination index = 0x5284
pmap = 0x0000000 0x0000000
cmi = 0x0
rcp_pmap = 0x0
al_rsc_cmi
CPU Map Index (CMI) [0]
ctiLo0 = 0
ctiLo1 = 0
ctiLo2 = 0
cpuQNum0 = 0
cpuQNum1 = 0
cpuQNum2 = 0
npuIndex = 0
stripSeg = 0
copySeg = 0
```