

Configure Secure Access with Sophos XG Firewall

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Introduction

This document describes how to configure Secure Access with Sophos XG Firewall.

Prerequisites

- [Configure User Provisioning](#)
- [ZTNA SSO Authentication Configuration](#)
- [Configure Remote Access VPN Secure Access](#)

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Sophos XG Firewall
- Secure Access
- Cisco Secure Client - VPN
- Cisco Secure Client - ZTNA
- Clientless ZTNA

Components Used

The information in this document is based on:

- Sophos XG Firewall
- Secure Access
- Cisco Secure Client - VPN
- Cisco Secure Client - ZTNA

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Background Information



CISCO

Secure

Access

SOPHOS

Secure Access - Sophos

Cisco has designed Secure Access to ensure the protection and provision of access to private applications, both on-premise and cloud-based. It also safeguards the connection from the network to the internet. This is achieved through the implementation of multiple security methods and layers, all aimed at preserving the information as they access it via the cloud.

Configure

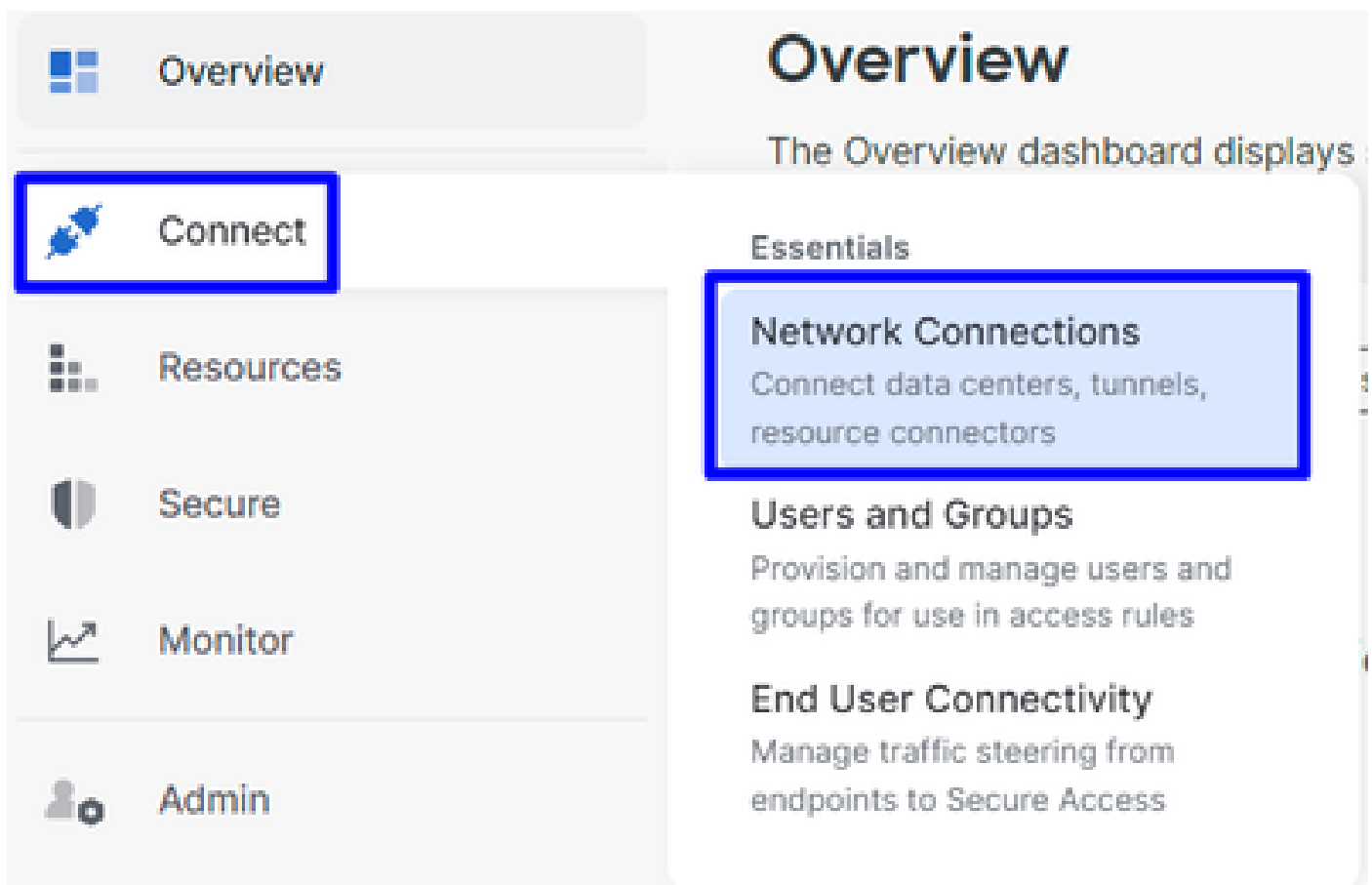
Configure the Tunnel on Secure Access

Navigate to the admin panel of [Secure Access](#).



Secure Access - Main Page

- Click on **Connect > Network Connections**.



Secure Access - Network Connections

- Under **Network Tunnel Groups** click on **+ Add**.

Connector Groups **Beta** **Network Tunnel Groups**

Network Tunnel Groups 2 total

1 Disconnected ❗ 1 Warning ⚠️ 0 Connected ✅

Network Tunnel Groups

A network tunnel group provides a framework for establishing tunnel redundancy and high availability. Connect tunnels to the hubs within a network tunnel group to securely control user access to the Internet and private resources. [Help](#)

Q Search Region Status 2 Tunnel Groups + Add

Network Tunnel Group	Status	Region	Primary Hub Data Center	Primary Tunnels	Secondary Hub Data Center	Secondary Tunnels
HOME	❗ Disconnected	Europe (Germany)	sse-euc-1-1-0	0	sse-euc-1-1-1	0
SAD	⚠️ Warning	Europe (Germany)	sse-euc-1-1-0	1	sse-euc-1-1-1	0

Rows per page 10 < 1 >

Secure Access - Network Tunnel Groups

- **Configure** Tunnel Group Name, Region **and** Device Type.
- **Click Next.**

General Settings

Give your network tunnel group a good meaningful name, choose a region through which it will connect to Secure Access, and choose the device type this tunnel group will use.

Tunnel Group Name

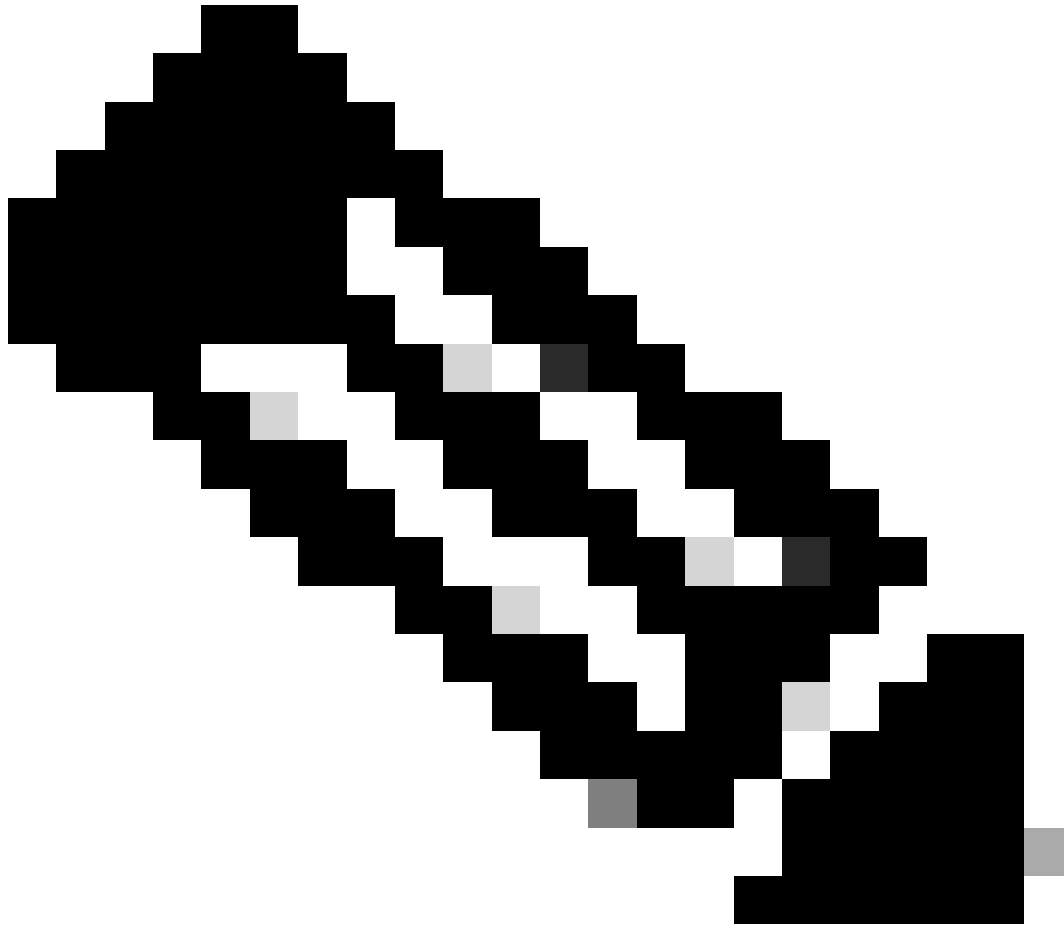
Region

Device Type

Cancel

Next

Secure Access - Tunnel Groups - General Settings



Note: Choose the region nearest to the location of your firewall.

-
- Configure the Tunnel ID Format and Passphrase.
 - Click Next.

Tunnel ID and Passphrase

Configure the tunnel ID and passphrase that devices will use to connect to this tunnel group.

Tunnel ID Format

Email IP Address

Tunnel ID

csasophos @<org><hub>.sse.cisco.com

Passphrase

..... Show

The passphrase must be between 16 and 64 characters long. It must include at least one upper case letter, one lower case letter, one number, and cannot include any special characters.

Confirm Passphrase

..... Show

Cancel

Back

Next

Secure Access - Tunnel Groups - Tunnel ID and Passphrase

- Configure the IP address ranges or hosts that you have configured on your network and want to pass the traffic through Secure Access.
- Click **Save**.

Routing option

Static routing

Use this option to manually add IP address ranges for this tunnel group.

IP Address Ranges

Add all public and private address ranges used internally by your organization. For example, 128.66.0.0/16, 192.0.2.0/24.

128.66.0.0/16, 192.0.2.0/24 Add

192.168.0.0/24 X

192.168.10.0/24 X

Dynamic routing

Use this option when you have a BGP peer for your on-premise router.

Cancel

Back

Save

Secure Access - Tunnel Groups - Routing Options

After you click on **Save** the information about the tunnel gets displayed, please save that information for the next step, **Configure the tunnel on Sophos**.

Tunnel Data

Data for Tunnel Setup

Review and save the following information for use when setting up your network tunnel devices. This is the only time that your passphrase is displayed.

Primary Tunnel ID:	csasophcs@	-sse.cisco.com	📄
Primary Data Center IP Address:	18.156.145.74		📄
Secondary Tunnel ID:	csasophcs@	-sse.cisco.com	📄
Secondary Data Center IP Address:	3.120.45.23		📄
Passphrase:	<div style="background-color: red; width: 150px; height: 15px;"></div>		📄

[Download CSV](#)

[Done](#)

Secure Access - Tunnel Groups - Resume of configuration

Configure the Tunnel on Sophos

Configure IPsec Profile

In order to configure the IPsec Profile, navigate to your Sophos XG Firewall.

You obtain something similar to this:

Sophos - Admin Panel

- Navigate to Profiles
- Click on **IPsec Profiles** and after that click on Add

Sophos - IPsec Profiles

Under **General Settings** configure:

- **Name:** A reference name to the Cisco Secure Access Policy
- **Key Exchange:** IKEv2
- **Authentication Mode:** Main Mode
- **Key Negotiation Tries:** 0
- **Re-Key connection:** Check the option

General settings

The screenshot shows the 'General settings' configuration page. The 'Name' field is set to 'CSA'. The 'Key exchange' is set to 'IKEv2'. The 'Authentication mode' is set to 'Main mode'. The 'Key negotiation tries' field is set to '0'. The 'Re-key connection' checkbox is checked. There are also checkboxes for 'Pass data in compressed format' and 'SHA2 with 96-bit truncation', which are currently unchecked.

Sophos - IPsec Profiles - General Settings

Under **Phase 1** configure:

- **Key Life:** 28800
- **DH group(key group):** Select 19 and 20
- **Encryption:** AES256
- **Authentication:** SHA2 256
- **Re-key margin:** 360 (Default)
- **Randomize re-keying margin by:** 50 (Default)

Phase 1

The screenshot shows the 'Phase 1' configuration page. The 'Key life' is set to 28800 seconds. The 'Re-key margin' is set to 360 seconds. The 'Randomize re-keying margin by' is set to 50%. The 'DH group (key group)' is set to '2 selected'. The 'Encryption' is set to 'AES256' and the 'Authentication' is set to 'SHA2 256'. There is a note at the bottom: '+ You can add up to 3 different algorithm combinations'.

Sophos - IPsec Profiles - Phase 1

Under **Phase 2** configure:

- **PFS group (DH group):** Same as phase-I
- **Key life:** 3600
- **Encryption:** AES 256
- **Authentication:** SHA2 256

Phase 2

PFS group (DH group)

Same as phase-1

Key life

3600

Seconds

Encryption

AES256

Authentication

SHA2 256

+ You can add up to 3 different algorithm combinations

Sophos - IPsec Profiles - Phase 2

Under **Dead Peer Detection** configure:

- **Dead Peer Detection:** Check the option
- **Check peer after every:** 10
- **Wait for response up to:** 120 (Default)
- **When peer unreachable:** Re-initiate (Default)

BEFORE

Dead Peer Detection

Dead Peer Detection

Check peer after every: 10 Seconds

Wait for response up to: 120 Seconds

When peer unreachable: Re-initiate

AFTER

Dead Peer Detection

Check peer after every: 10 Seconds

Wait for response up to: 120 Seconds

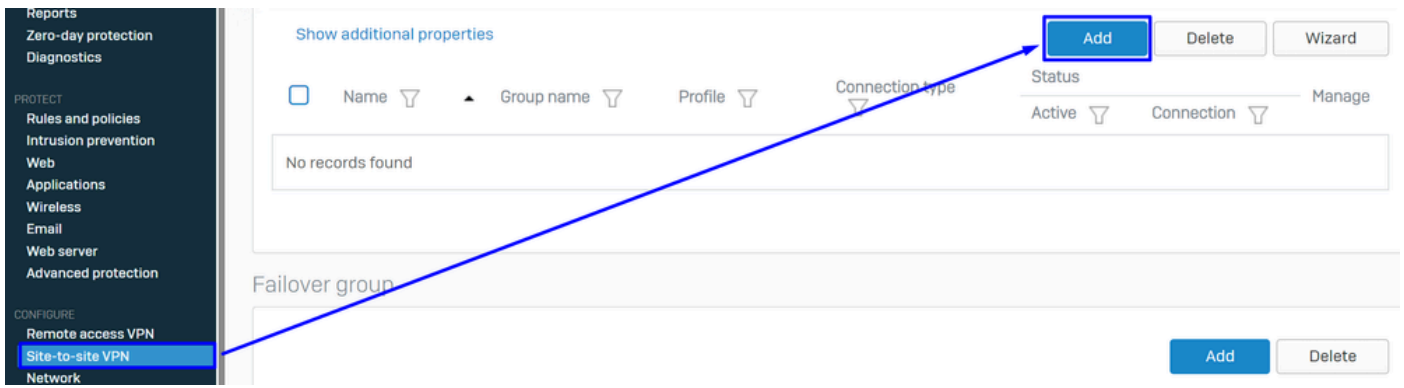
When peer unreachable: Re-initiate

Sophos - IPsec Profiles - Dead Peer Detection

After that click on **Save** and proceed with the next step, Configure Site-to-site VPN.

Configure Site-to-site VPN

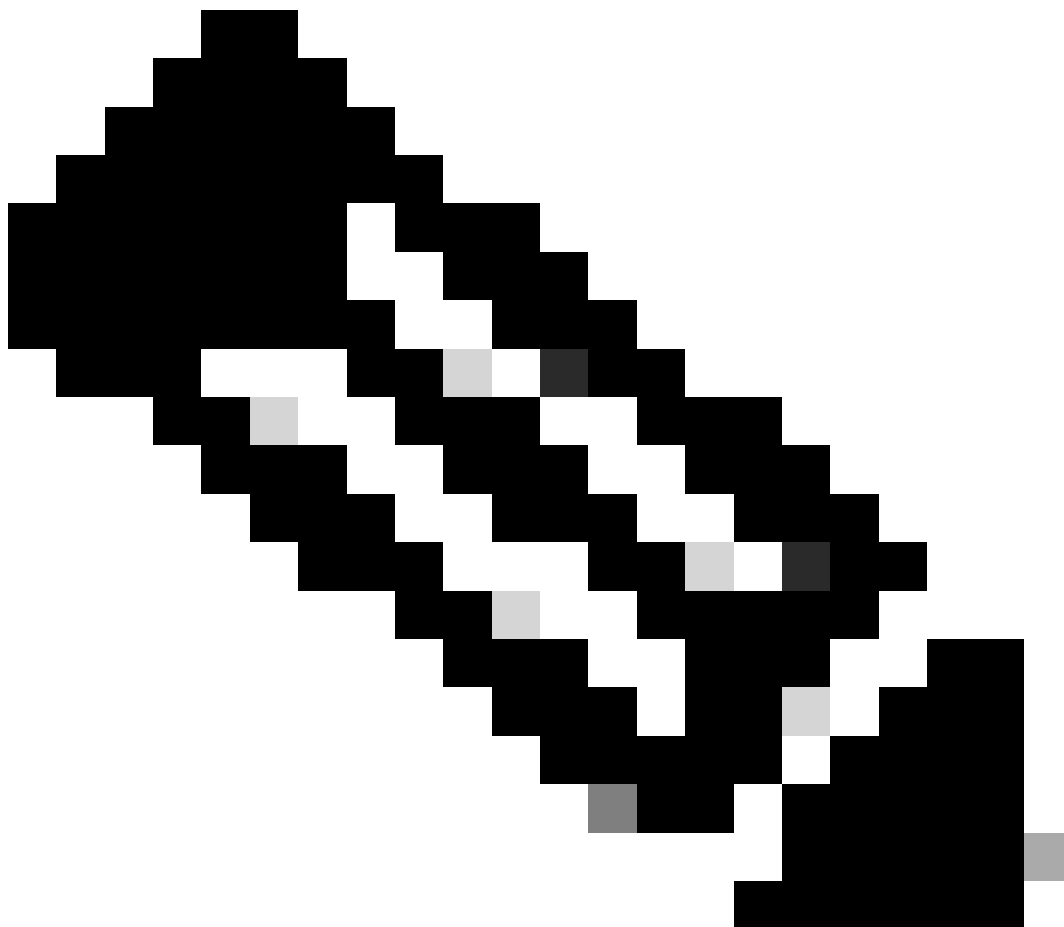
To initiate the configuration of the VPN, click on **Site-to-site VPN** and click on **Add**.



Sophos - Site-to-site VPN

Under **General Settings** configure:

- **Name:** A reference name to the Cisco Secure Access IPsec Policy
- **IP version:** IPv4
- **Connection type:** Tunnel interface
- **Gateway type:** Initiate the connection
- **Active on save:** Check the option

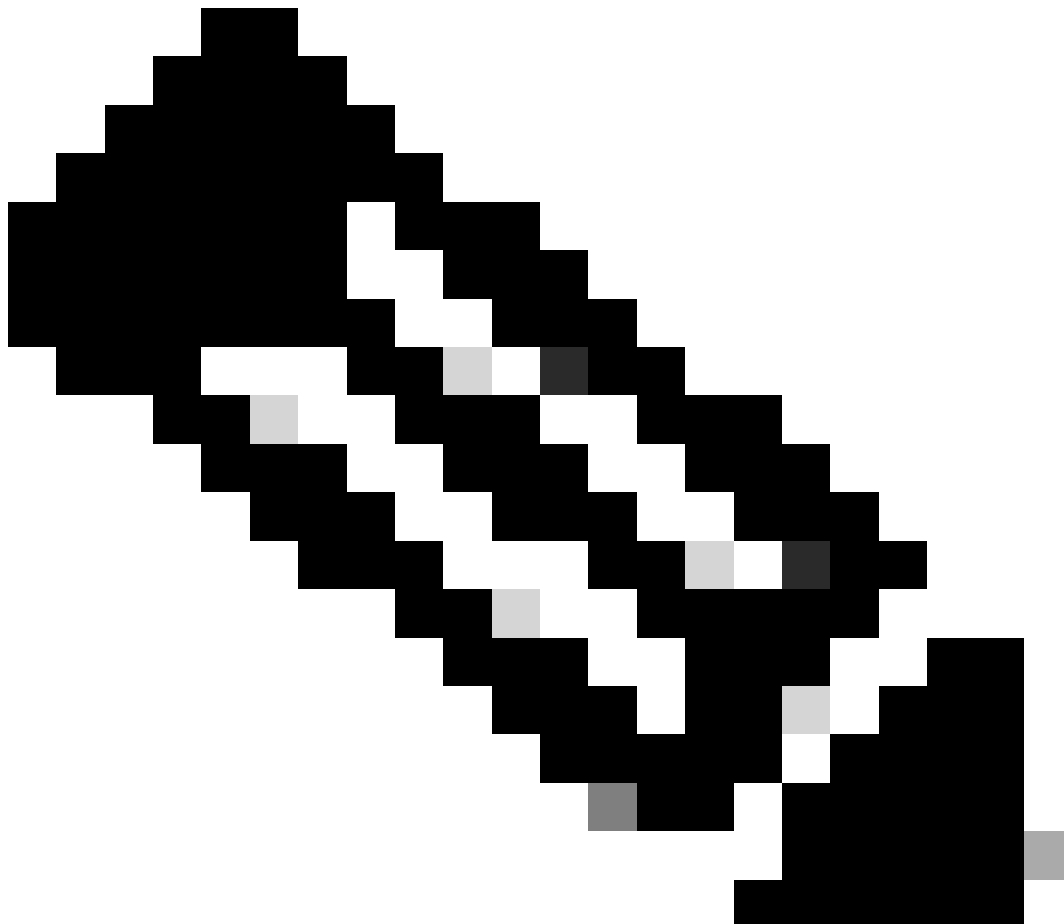


Note: The option **Active on save** enables the VPN automatically after you end up configuring the site-to-site VPN.

General settings

Name SecureAccessS ✓	IP version <input checked="" type="radio"/> IPv4 <input type="radio"/> IPv6 <input type="radio"/> Dual	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Activate on save <input type="checkbox"/> Create firewall rule
Description This is the IPsec Policy for Sophos	Connection type Tunnel interface ✓	
	Gateway type Initiate the connection ✓	

Sophos - Site-to-site VPN - General Settings



Note: The option **Tunnel interface** creates a virtual tunnel interface for the Sophos XG Firewall

with the name XFRM.

Under **Encryption** configure:

- **Profile:** The profile that you create on the step, [Configure IPsec Profile](#)
- **Authentication type:** Preshared key
- **Preshared key:** The key that you configure on the step, [Configure the Tunnel on Secure Access](#)
- **Repeat preshared key:** Preshared key

Encryption

Profile	Authentication type
CSA	Preshared key
	Preshared key
	Repeat preshared key

Sophos - Site-to-site VPN - Encryption

Under **Gateway Settings** configure Local Gateway and Remote Gateway options, use this table as a reference.

Local Gateway	Remote Gateway
Listening interface Your Wan-Internet Interface	Gateway address The public IP generated under the step, Tunnel Data
Local ID type Email	Remote ID type IP address
Local ID The Email generated under the step, Tunnel Data	Remote ID The public IP generated under the step, Tunnel Data
Local subnet Any	Remote Subnet Any

Gateway settings

Local gateway	Remote gateway
Listening interface PortB - 192.168.0.33 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Gateway address 18.156.145.74 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Local ID type Email <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Remote ID type IP address <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Local ID csasophos@ -sse.cisco.com <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Remote ID 18.156.145.74 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Local subnet Any <input type="checkbox"/>	Remote subnet Any <input type="checkbox"/>
Add new item	Add new item

Sophos - Site-to-site VPN - Gateway Settings

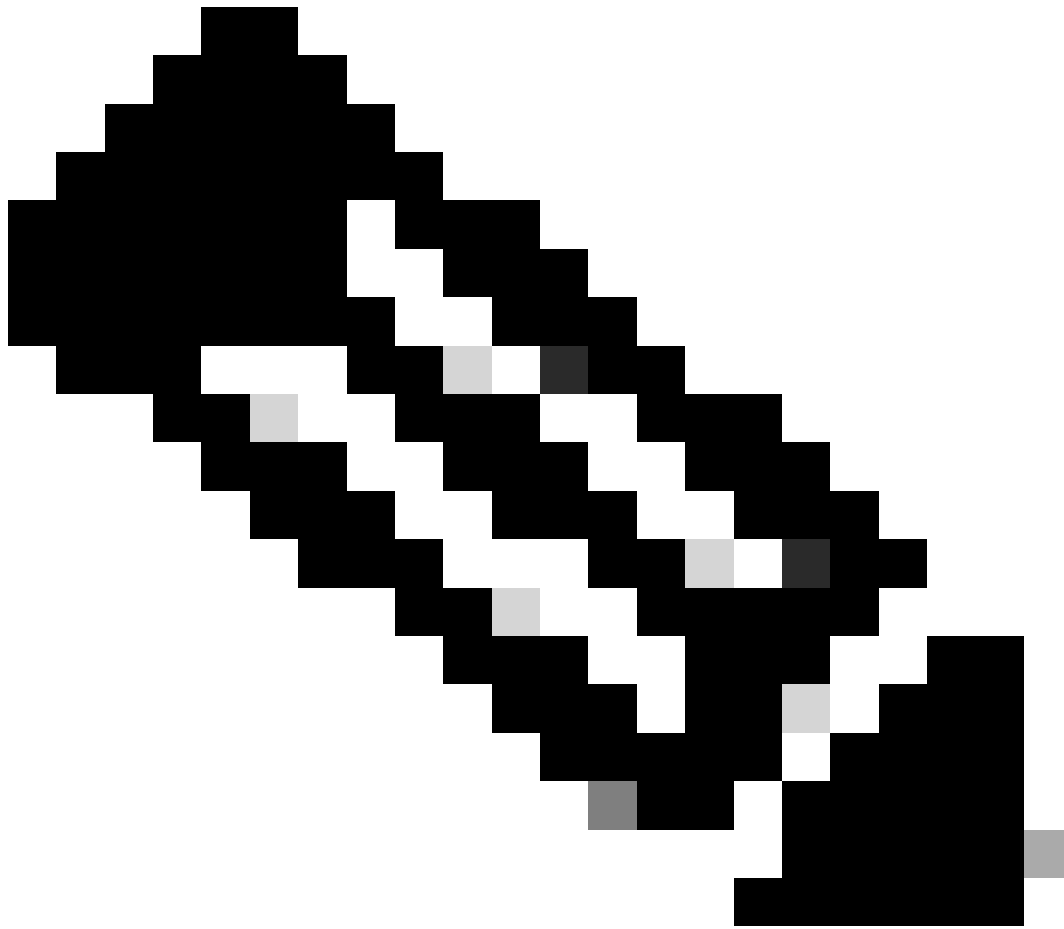
After that click on **save**, and you can see that the tunnel was created.

IPsec connections

[Show additional properties](#) [Add](#) [Delete](#) [Wizard](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ▾	Group name ▾	Profile ▾	Connection type ▾	Status	Connection ▾	Manage
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>SecureAccessS</u>	-	CSA	Tunnel interface	●	● i	✎ 🔌 🗑️

Sophos - Site-to-site VPN - IPsec Connections



Note: To check if the tunnel is correctly enabled on the last image you can check **Connection** status, if it is green, the tunnel is connected if it is not green the tunnel is not connected.

To check if a tunnel is established navigate to **Current Activities > IPsec Connections**.

MONITOR & ANALYZE

Control center

Current activities

Reports

Zero-day protection

Diagnostics

Sophos - Monitor and Analyze - IPsec

Live users	Live connections	Live connections IPv6	IPsec connections	Remote users			
No tunnel established to Secure Access							
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ▾	Local server ▾	Local subnet ▾	Username ▾	Remote server/host ▾	Remote subnet ▾	Manage
No records found							
Tunnel established to Secure Access							
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ▾	Local server ▾	Local subnet ▾	Username ▾	Remote server/host ▾	Remote subnet ▾	Manage
<input type="checkbox"/>	SecureAccesS-1	192.168.0.33	0.0.0.0/0	-	18.156.145.74	0.0.0.0/0	

Sophos - Monitor and Analyze - IPsec before and after

After that, we can continue with the step, **Configure Tunnel Interface Gateway**.

Configure Tunnel Interface

Navigate to **Network** and check your WAN interface configured on the VPN to edit the virtual tunnel interface with the name `xfrm`.

- Click on the `xfrm` interface.



Sophos - Network - Tunnel Interface

- Configure the interface with an IP non-routable in your network, for example, you can use 169.254.x.x/30 which is an IP in a non-routable space usually, in our example we use 169.254.0.1/30

General settings

Name *	<input type="text" value="xfrm1"/>
Hardware	xfrm1
IPsec connection	SecureAccessS
Network zone	VPN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPv4 configuration	
IPv4/netmask *	<input type="text" value="169.254.0.1"/> <input type="text" value="/30 (255.255.255.252)"/>

Sophos - Network - Tunnel Interface - Configuration

Configure the Gateways

In order to configure the gateway for the virtual interface (xfrm)

- Navigate to Routing > Gateways
- Click Add

The screenshot shows the Sophos Gateway configuration interface. The 'Gateways' tab is selected. Under the 'IPv4 gateway' section, there is a table with the following data:

Name	IP address	Interface	Health check	Status	Manage
DHCP_PortB_GW	192.168.0.1	WAN	On	●	

Sophos - Routing - Gateways

Under **Gateway host** configure:

- **Name:** A name that makes reference to the virtual interface created for the VPN
- **Gateway IP:** In our case 169.254.0.2, that is the IP under the network 169.254.0.1/30 that already we assigned under the step, [Configure Tunnel Interface](#)
- **Interface:** VPN Virtual Interface
- **Zone:** None (Default)

The screenshot shows the 'Gateway host' configuration form with the following fields:

- Name *:** CSA_GW
- Gateway IP:** 169.254.0.2
- Interface:** xfrm1-169.254.0.1
- Zone:** None

Sophos - Routing - Gateways - Gateway Host

- Under **Health check** disable the check
- Click **Save**

Health check

Health check



Sophos - Routing - Gateways - Health-check

You can observe the status of the gateway after you save the configuration:

IPv4 gateway

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name <input type="text"/>	IP address <input type="text"/>	Interface <input type="text"/>	Health check <input type="text"/>	Status <input type="text"/>	Manage
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>CSA_GW</u>	169.254.0.2	xfrm1	Off	●	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>DHCP_PortB_GW</u>	192.168.0.1	WAN	On	●	

Sophos - Routing - Gateways - Status

Configure the SD-WAN Route

To finalize the process of configuration, you need to create the route that permits you to forward the traffic to Secure Access.

Navigate to **Routing > SD-WAN routes**.

- Click on **Add**

The screenshot displays the Sophos management console interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs for 'SD-WAN routes', 'SD-WAN profiles', 'Gateways', 'Static routes', 'BGP', 'OSPF', and 'OSF'. The 'SD-WAN routes' tab is currently selected. Below the navigation bar, there is an information banner about routing precedence. The main content area is titled 'IPv4 SD-WAN route' and includes a video player for 'Watch: How to use SD-WAN routes'. At the bottom right of the main content area, there is an 'Add' button highlighted with a blue box. A blue arrow points from this 'Add' button to the 'SD-WAN routes' tab in the navigation bar. On the left side, there is a dark sidebar menu with various categories like 'Diagnostics', 'PROTECT', and 'CONFIGURE'. Under 'CONFIGURE', 'Routing' is selected and highlighted.

Under **Traffic Selector** configure:

- **Incoming interface:** Select the interface from where you want to send the traffic or the users that access from RA-VPN, ZTNA, or Clientless-ZTNA
- **DSCP marking:** Nothing for this example
- **Source networks:** Select the address that you want to route through the tunnel
- **Destination networks:** Any or you can specify a destination
- **Services:** Any or you can specify the services
- **Application object:** An application if you have the object configured
- **User or groups:** If you want to add a specific group of users to route the traffic to Secure Access

Traffic selector

Incoming interface: LAN-192.168.0.203

DSCP marking: Select DSCP marking

Source networks: Any

Destination networks: Any

Services: Any

Application object: Any

User or groups: Any

Under **Link selection settings** configure the gateway:

- **Primary and Backup gateways:** Check the option
- **Primary gateway:** Select the gateway configured under the step, [Configure the Gateways](#)
- Click on **Save**

Link selection settings

Select SD-WAN profile *i* Primary and Backup gateways

Primary gateway: CSA_GW

Backup gateway: None

Route only through specified gateways *i*

Save Cancel

After you finalize the configuration on the Sophos XG Firewall you can proceed with the step, **Configure Private App**.

Configure Private App

In order to configure the Private App access, log in to the [Admin Portal](#).

- Navigate to **Resources > Private Resources**

The screenshot displays the 'Private Resources' configuration page in the Sophos XG Firewall Admin Portal. On the left sidebar, the 'Resources' menu item is highlighted with a blue box. The main content area features a heading 'Private Resources' and a sub-heading 'Sources and destinations'. Below this, a list of resource types is shown, with 'Private Resources' highlighted by a blue box. The other resource types listed are 'Registered Networks', 'Internal Networks', 'Internet and SaaS Resources', and 'Roaming Devices'.

Secure Access - Private Resources

- Click on + Add

Private Resources

Last 24 Hours

Q Search by resource name

Private Resource Group

Connection Method

4 Private Resources

+ Add

Private Resource

↕

Private Resource
GroupConnection
Method

Accessed by

Rules

Total Requests

Secure Access - Private Resources 2

- Under **General** Configure the **Private Resource Name**

General

Private Resource Name

SplunkSophos

Description (optional)

*Secure Access - Private Resources - General*Under **Communication with Secure Access Cloud** configure:

- **Internally reachable address (FQDN, Wildcard FQDN, IP Address, CIDR):** Select the resource that you want to access

Note: Remember the internally reachable address was assigned on the step, [Configure the Tunnel on Secure Access](#).

- **Protocol:** Select the protocol that you use to access that resource
- **Port / Ranges :** Select the ports that you need to enable to access the app

Communication with Secure Access Cloud

Specify one or more addresses that will be used for communication between this resource and Secure Access. Secure Access will route traffic to this address. [Help](#)

Internally reachable address (FQDN, Wildcard FQDN, IP Address, CIDR) ⓘ

192.168.0.40

Protocol

TCP - (HTTP/HTTPS)

Port / Ranges

8000

[+ Protocol & Port](#)

[+ IP Address or FQDN](#)

Use internal DNS server to resolve the domain

Secure Access - Private Resources - Communications with Secure Access Cloud

Within **Endpoint Connection Methods**, you configure all the ways possible to access private resources via Secure

Access, and choose the methods that you want to use for your environment:

- **Zero-trust connections:** Check the box to enable ZTNA access.
 - **Client-based connection:** Enable the button to permit client base ZTNA
 - **Remotely Reachable Address:** Configure the IP of your private App
 - **Browser-based connection:** Enable the button to permit browser-based ZTNA
 - **Public URL for this resource:** Add a name to use in conjunction with the domain `ztna.sse.cisco.com`
 - **Protocol:** Choose HTTP or HTTPS as a protocol to access through the browser
 - **VPN connections:** Check the box to enable RA-VPN Access.
- Click **Save**

Zero-trust connections

Allow endpoints to connect to this resource from outside your network without requiring a VPN connection. [Help](#)

Client-based connection

Allow connections from endpoints that have the Secure Client installed. Enable this option for maximum control over

Remotely Reachable Address (FQDN, Wildcard FQDN, IP Address) ⓘ


192.168.0.40

+ FQDN or IP Address

Browser-based connection

Allow browser-based connections from endpoints that do not have the Secure Client installed. Enable this option when endpoint security checks are possible.

Public URL for this resource ⓘ

https:// splunksophos -8195126.ztna.sse.cisco.com 

Protocol **Server Name Indication (SNI)** (optional) ⓘ

HTTP

Validate Application Certificate ⓘ

VPN connections

Allow endpoints to connect to this resource when connected to the network using VPN.

Save Cancel

After the configuration is complete, this is the result:

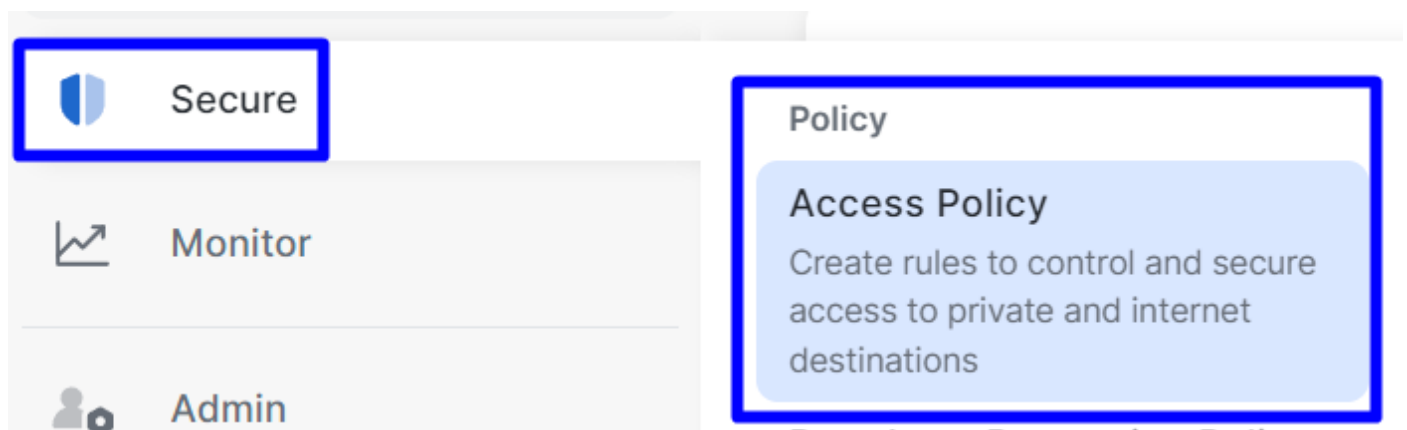
Private Resource	Private Resource Group	Connection Method	Accessed by	Rules	Total Requests
SplunkSophos	-	VPN Browser-based ZTNA Client-based ZTNA	1	2	16

Secure Access - Private Resources Configured

Now you can proceed with the step, **Configure the Access Policy**.

Configure the Access Policy

In order to configure the access policy navigate to **Secure > Access Policy**.



Secure Access - Access Policy

- Click **Add Rule > Private Access**

Add Rule ^

Private Access

Control and secure access to resources and applications that cannot be accessed by the general public.

Internet Access

Control and secure access to public destinations from within your network and from managed devices

Secure Access - Access Policy - Private Access

Configure the next options to provide access through multiple methods of authentication:

- 1. Specify Access
 - Action: Allow
 - **Rule name:** Specify a name for your access rule
 - **From:** The users that you grant access to
 - **To:** The application that you wanted to permit access
 - Endpoint Requirements: (Default)
- Click Next

1 Specify Access

Specify which users and endpoints can access which resources. [Help](#)

Action



Allow

Allow specified traffic if security requirements are met.



Block

Block specified traffic.

From

Specify one or more sources.

Any

Information about sources, including selecting multiple sources. [Help](#)

To

Specify one or more destinations.

Private Resources • SplunkSophos

Information about destinations, including selecting multiple destinations. [Help](#)

Endpoint Requirements

If endpoints do not meet the specified requirements for zero-trust connections, this rule will not match the traffic. [Help](#)



Zero-Trust Client-based Posture Profile

[Rule Defaults](#)

Requirements for end-user devices on which the Cisco Secure Client is installed.

Profile: **System provided (Client-based)** | Requirements: **Disk encryption, Operating System, Endpoint security agent, Firewall**

Private Resources: **SplunkSophos**



Zero Trust Browser-based Posture Profile

[Rule Defaults](#)

Requirements for end-user devices on which the Cisco Secure Client is NOT installed.

Profile: **System provided (Browser-based)** | Requirements: **Operating System, Browser**

Private Resources: **SplunkSophos**

Secure Access - Access Policy - Specify Access

Note: For step 2. Configure Security as needed, but in this case, you did not enable the **Intrusion Prevention (IPS)**, or **Tenant Control Profile**.

- Click Save, and you have:

<input type="checkbox"/>	# ⓘ	Rule name	Access	Action	Sources	Destinations	Security	Status
<input type="checkbox"/>	6	Splunksophos	Private	✓ Allow	Any	SplunkSophos	-	✓ ...

Secure Access - Access Policy Configured

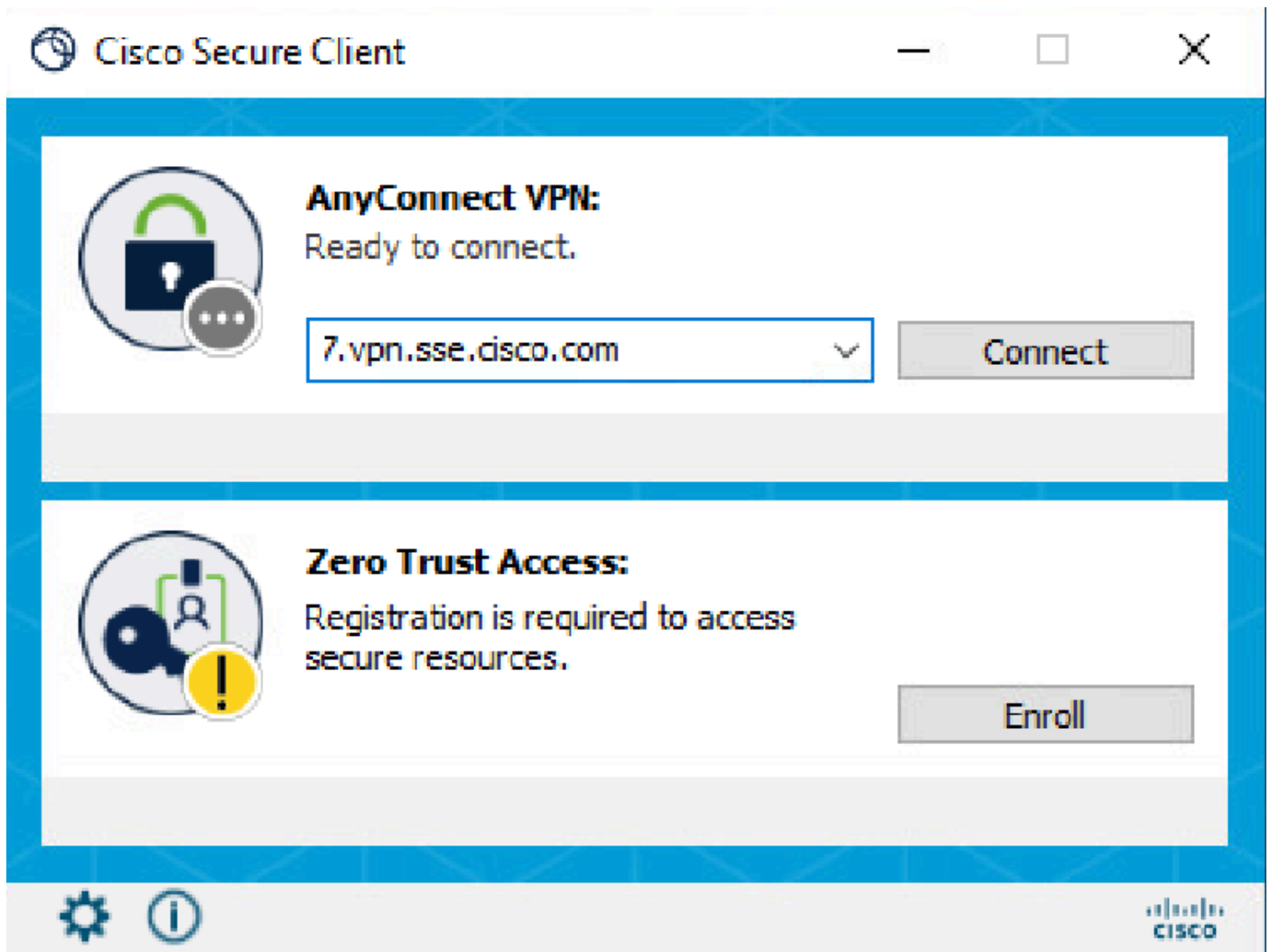
After that, you can proceed with the step Verify.

Verify

In order to verify the access you must have installed the agent of Cisco Secure Client that you can download from [Software Download - Cisco Secure Client](#).

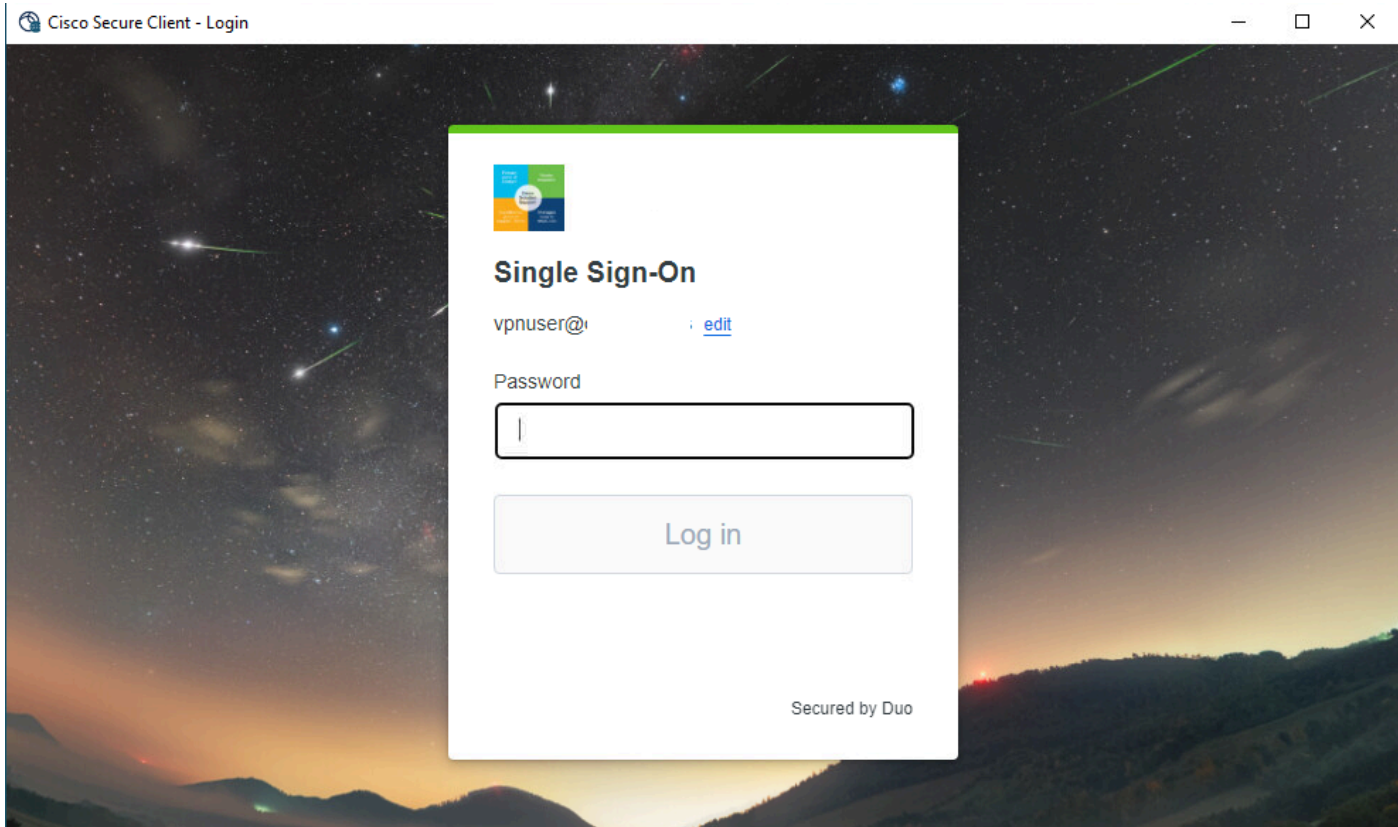
RA-VPN

Login through Cisco Secure Client Agent-VPN.



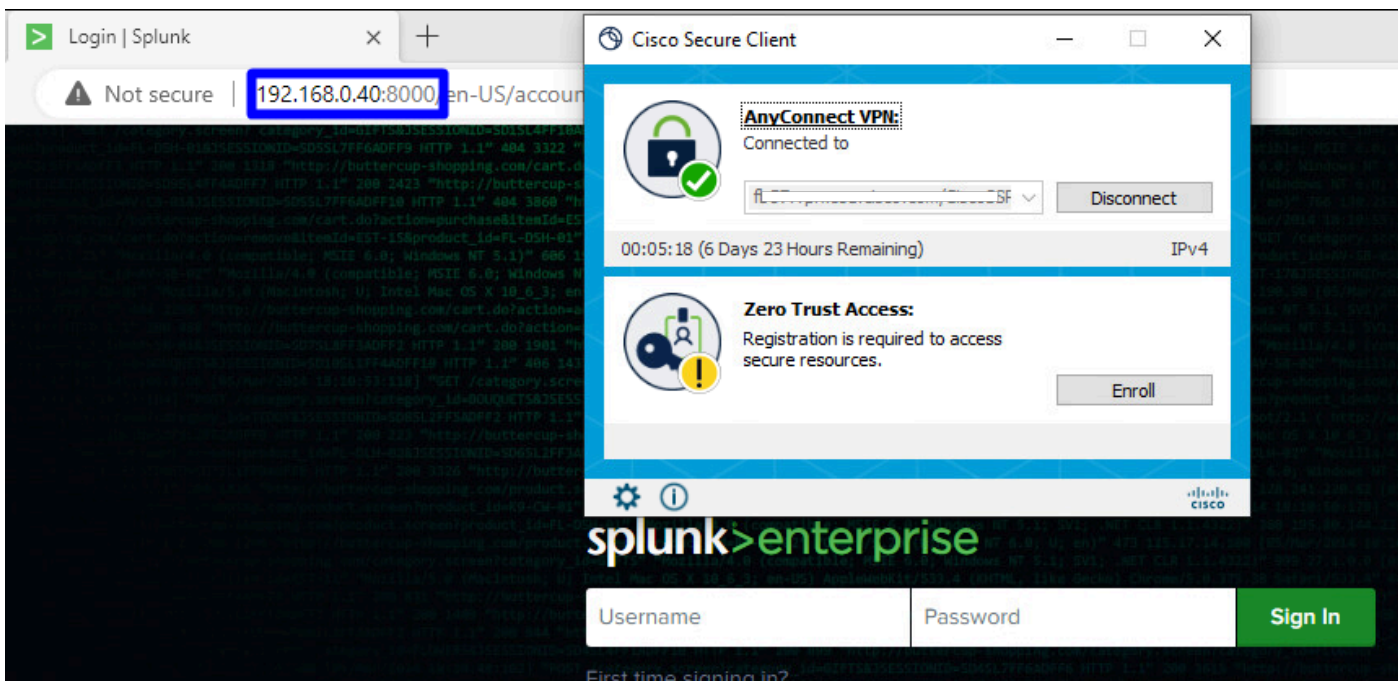
Secure Client - VPN

- Authenticate through your SSO provider



Secure Access - VPN - SSO

- After you get authenticated, access to the resource:



Secure Access - VPN - Authenticated

Navigate to Monitor > Activity Search:

42 Total Viewing activity from Nov 22, 2023 1:09 AM to Nov 23, 2023 1:09 AM Page: 1 Results per page: 50 1 - 42 of 42

Request	Source	Rule Identity	Destination	Destination IP
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)	192.168.0.4	...

Event Details

Action: Allowed

Time: Nov 23, 2023 1:09 AM

Rule Name: RDP (373192)

Source: vpn user (vpnuser@ciscospt.es)

Source IP: 192.168.50.130

Destination IP: 192.168.0.40

Source Port: 50226

Destination Port: 8000

Categories: Uncategorized, Dispute Categorization

Secure Access - Activity Search - RA-VPN

You are able to see the user was allowed to authenticate through RA-VPN.

Client-Base ZTNA

Login through Cisco Secure Client Agent - ZTNA.

The screenshot shows a Windows Command Prompt window with the following text:

```

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3693]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\falas>ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Ethernet0:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : 
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::3c3b:a6aa:6cc9:c1c6%15
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 10.10.10.120
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 10.10.10.1

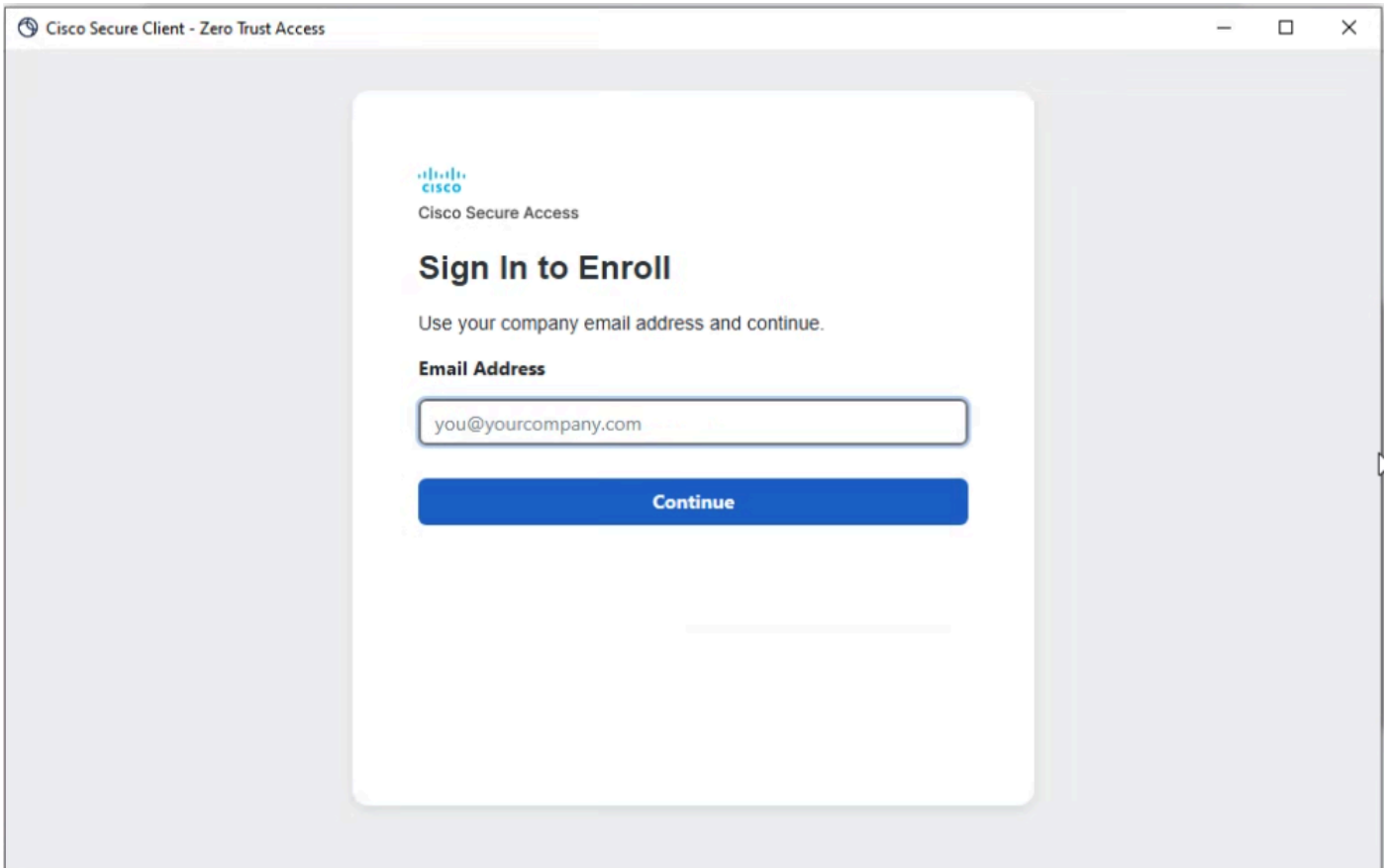
C:\Users\falas>
  
```

Overlaid on the Command Prompt is the Cisco Secure Client application window. It features two main sections:

- AnyConnect VPN:** Labeled "Ready to connect." It includes a dropdown menu and a "Connect" button.
- Zero Trust Access:** Labeled "Registration is required to access secure resources." It includes an "Enroll" button.

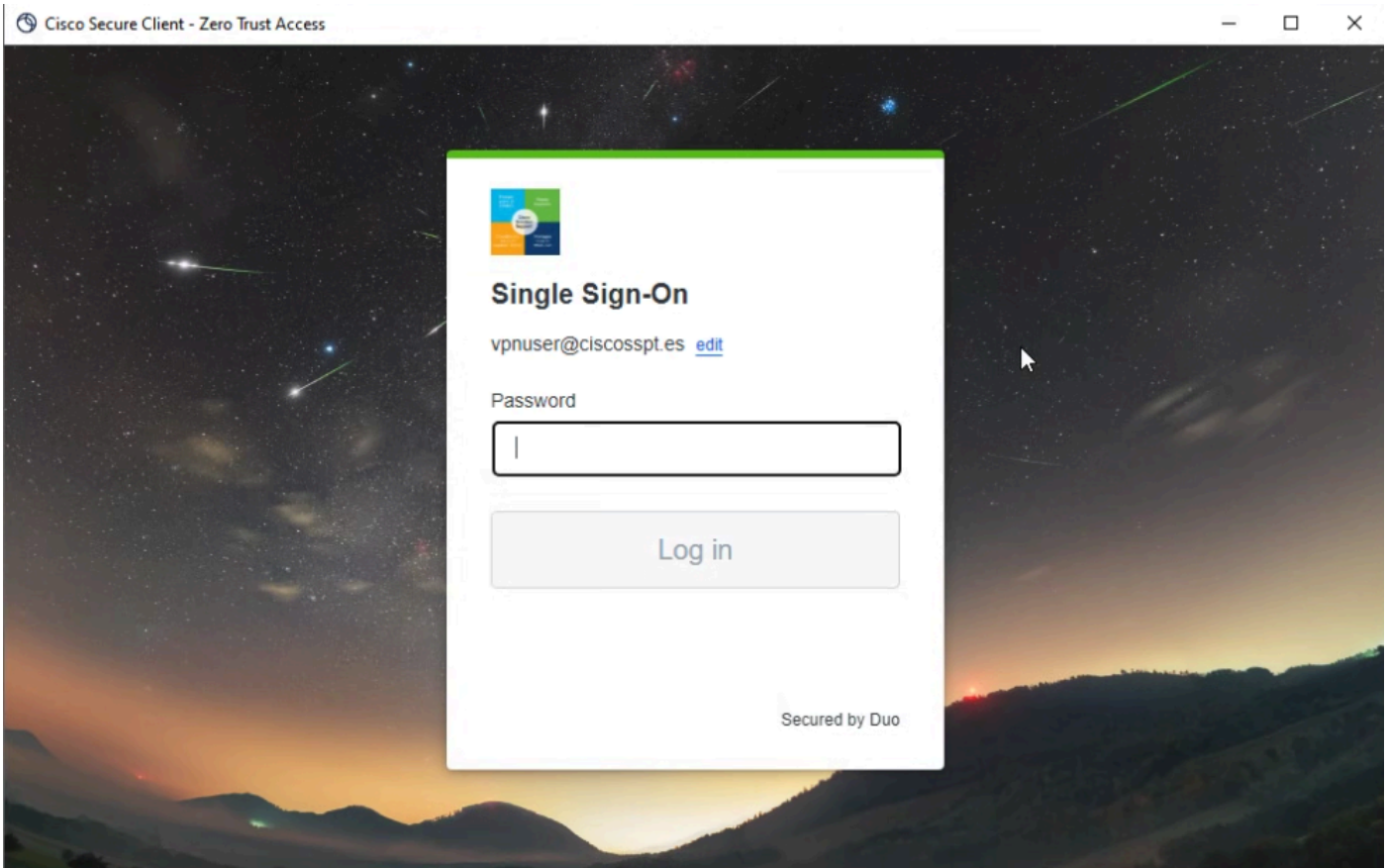
Secure Client - ZTNA

- Enroll with your username.



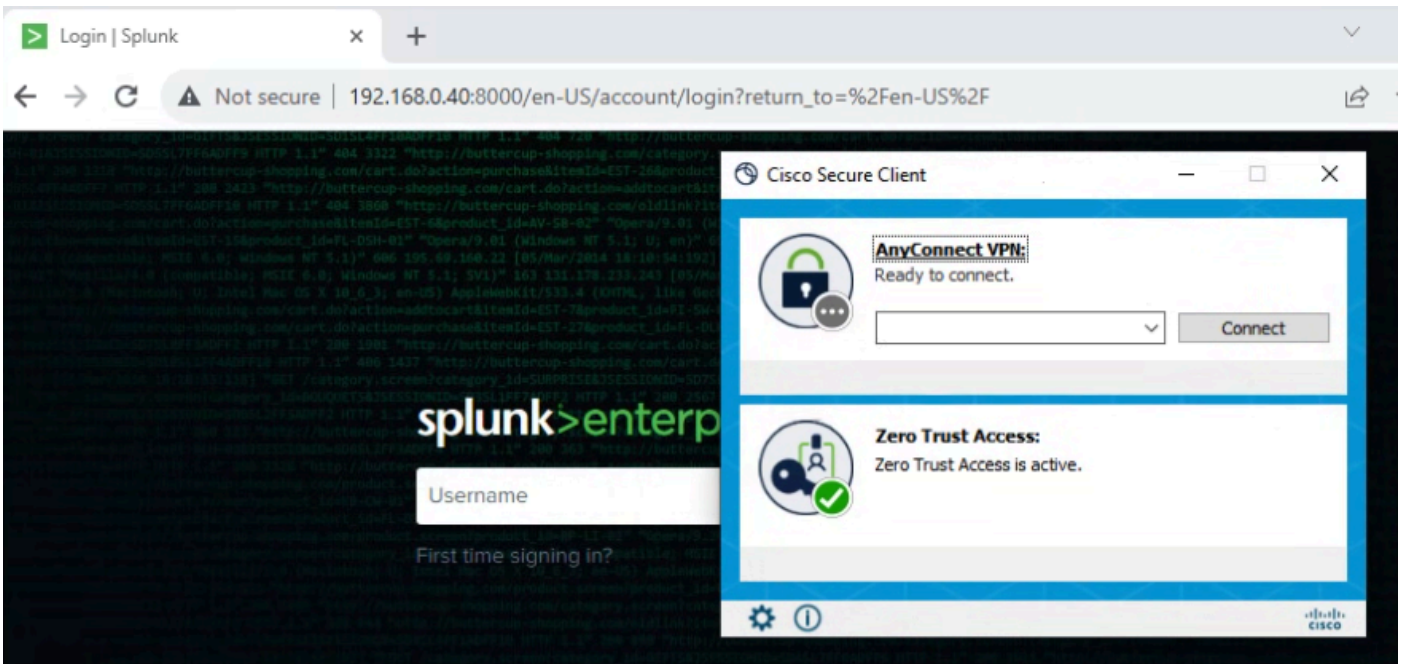
Secure Client - ZTNA - Enroll

- Authenticate in your SSO Provider



Secure Client - ZTNA - SSO Login

- After you get authenticated, access to the resource:



Secure Access - ZTNA - Logged

Navigate to Monitor > Activity Search:

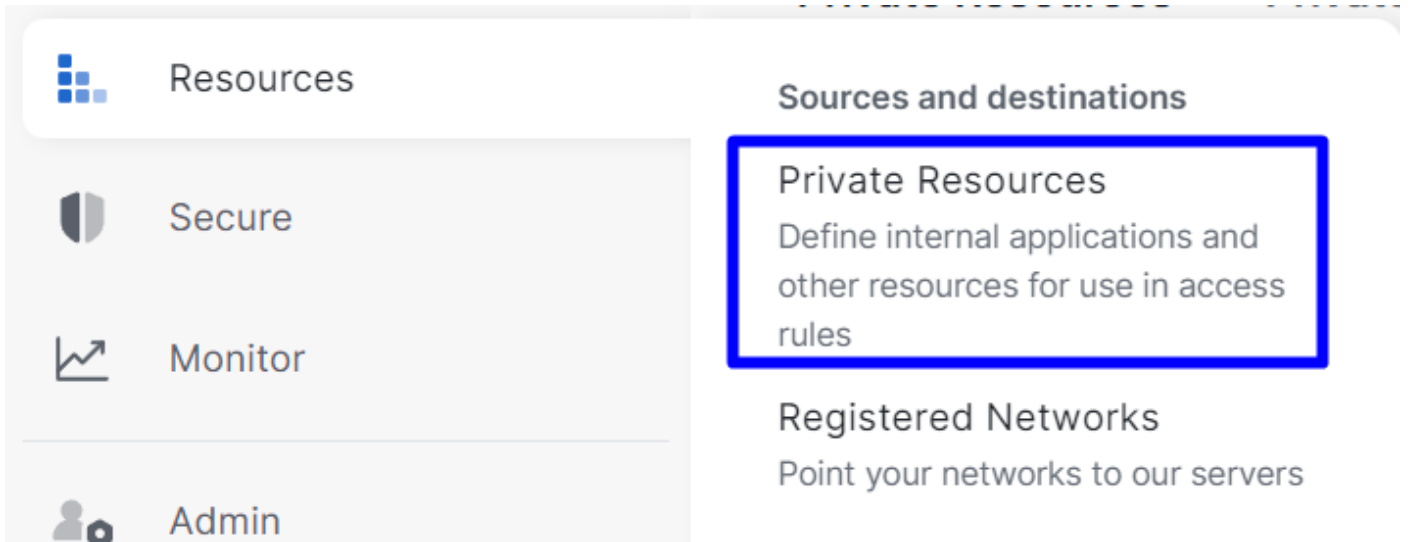
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	Action	Allowed
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	Time	Nov 23, 2023 1:27 AM
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	Rule Name	Splunksophos
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	Identity	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	Policy or Ruleset Identity	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	Resource/Application	SplunkSophos
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	OS	win 10.0.19045.3693
ZTNA CLIENT-BASED	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	Location	US
ZTNA CLIENT-BASED	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	Location IP	47.185.249.220
ZTNA CLIENT-BASED	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	Endpoint Security Agent	windows-defender[]
ZTNA CLIENT-BASED	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	Firewall	System
ZTNA CLIENT-BASED	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	System Password	enabled[]
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)	Disk Encryption	None
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)		
FW	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)		
WEB	vpn user (vpnuser@ciscosst.es)		

Secure Access - Activity Search - ZTNA Client-Based

You are able to see the user was allowed to authenticate through client-based ZTNA.

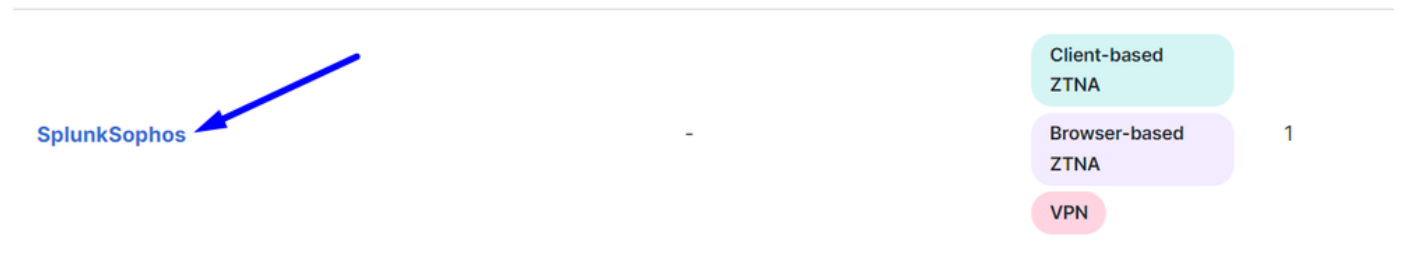
Browser-based ZTNA

In order to get the URL, you need to go to **Resources > Private Resources**.



Secure Access - Private Resource

- Click on your Policy



Secure Access - Private Resource - SplunkSophos

- Scroll down

SplunkSophos

Client-based ZTNA

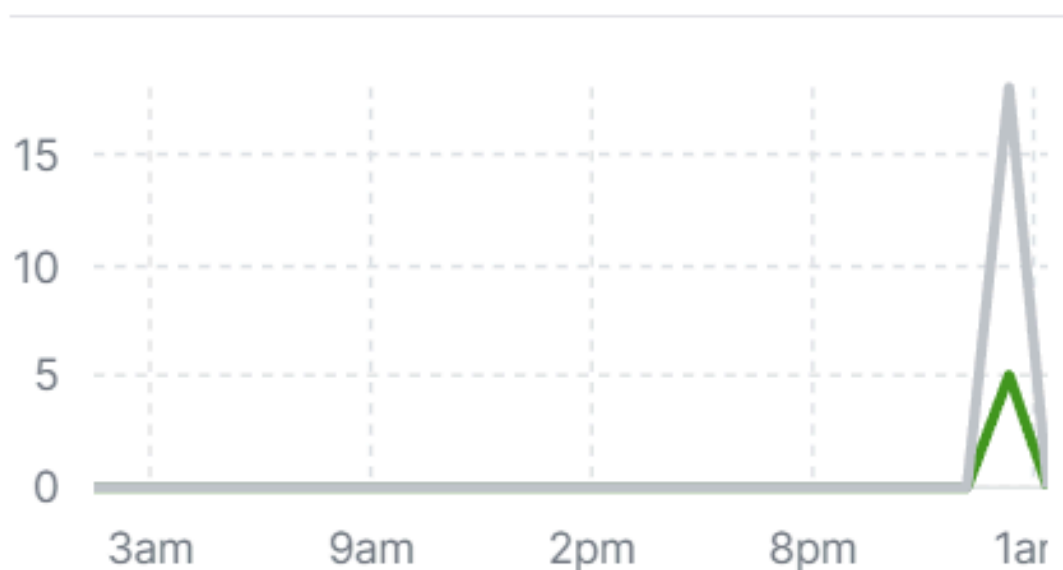
Browser-based ZTNA



VPN

Total Requests

23 ↗ 44% from previous 24 hours



TOTAL REQUESTS BY STATUS

Status

✓	Success	5
⊘	Blocked	18