

# Configure AAA and Cert Auth for Secure Client on FTD via FDM

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## Introduction

This document describes the steps for configuring Cisco Secure Client over SSL on FTD managed by FDM with AAA and certificate authentication.

## Prerequisites

### Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Cisco Firepower Device Manager (FDM) Virtual
- Firewall Threat Defense (FTD) Virtual
- VPN Authentication Flow

## Components Used

- Cisco Firepower Device Manager Virtual 7.2.8
- Cisco Firewall Threat Defense Virtual 7.2.8
- Cisco Secure Client 5.1.4.74

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

## Background Information

Firepower Device Manager (FDM) is a simplified, web-based management interface used for managing Cisco Firepower Threat Defense (FTD) devices. The Firepower Device Manager allows network administrators to configure and manage their FTD appliances without using the more complex Firepower Management Center (FMC). FDM provides an intuitive user interface for basic operations such as setting up network interfaces, security zones, access control policies, and VPNs, as well as for monitoring the device performance and security events. It is suitable for small to medium-sized deployments where simplified management is desired.

This document describes how to integrate pre-filled usernames with Cisco Secure Client on FTD managed by FDM.

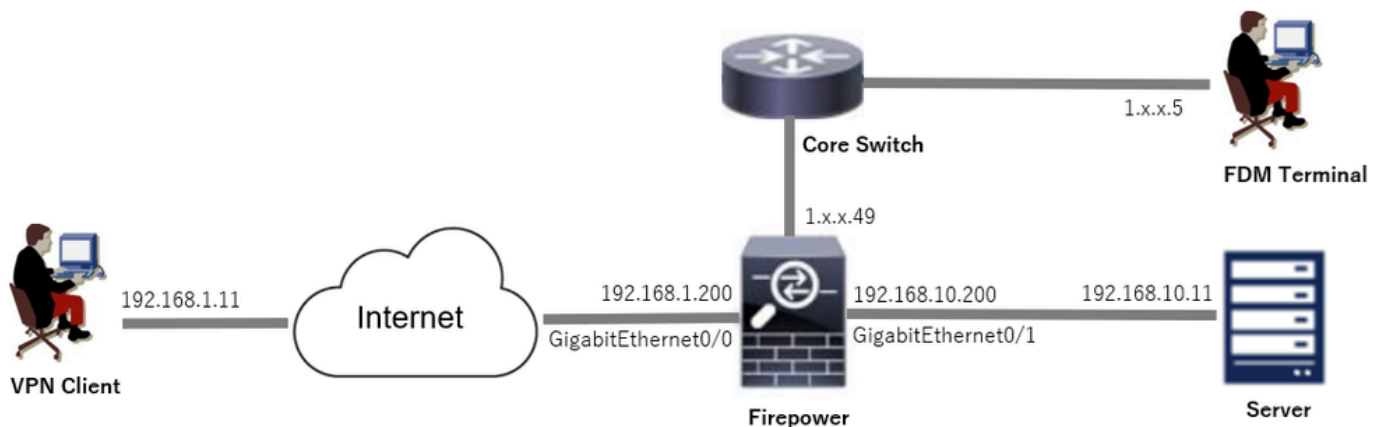
If you are managing FTD with FMC, please refer to the [Configure AAA and Cert Auth for Secure Client on FTD via FMC](#) guide.

This is the certificate chain with the common name of each certificate used in the document.

- CA: ftd-ra-ca-common-name
- Client Certificate: sslVPNClientCN
- Server Certificate: 192.168.1.200

## Network Diagram

This image shows the topology that is used for the example of this document.



# Configurations

## Configuration in FDM

### Step 1. Configure FTD Interface

Navigate to **Device > Interfaces > View All Interfaces**, configure inside and outside interface for FTD in **Interface** tab.

For GigabitEthernet0/0,

- Name: outside
- IP Address: 192.168.1.200/24

For GigabitEthernet0/1,

- Name: inside
- IP Address: 192.168.10.200/24

The screenshot shows the 'Interfaces' page in the Cisco Firepower Device Manager. The page title is 'Device Summary Interfaces'. Below the title, there is a 'Cisco Firepower Threat Defense for VMware' section with a 'MGMT' icon and a 'CONSOLE' icon. The main content is a table of interfaces. The table has columns: NAME, LOGICAL NAME, STATUS, MODE, IP ADDRESS, STANDBY ADDRESS, MONITOR FOR HA, and ACTIONS. Two rows are highlighted with a red box:

NAME	LOGICAL NAME	STATUS	MODE	IP ADDRESS	STANDBY ADDRESS	MONITOR FOR HA	ACTIONS
> GigabitEthernet0/0	outside	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Routed	192.168.1.200 <small>Static</small>		Enabled	
> GigabitEthernet0/1	inside	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Routed	192.168.10.200 <small>Static</small>		Enabled	

*FTD Interface*

### Step 2. Confirm Cisco Secure Client License

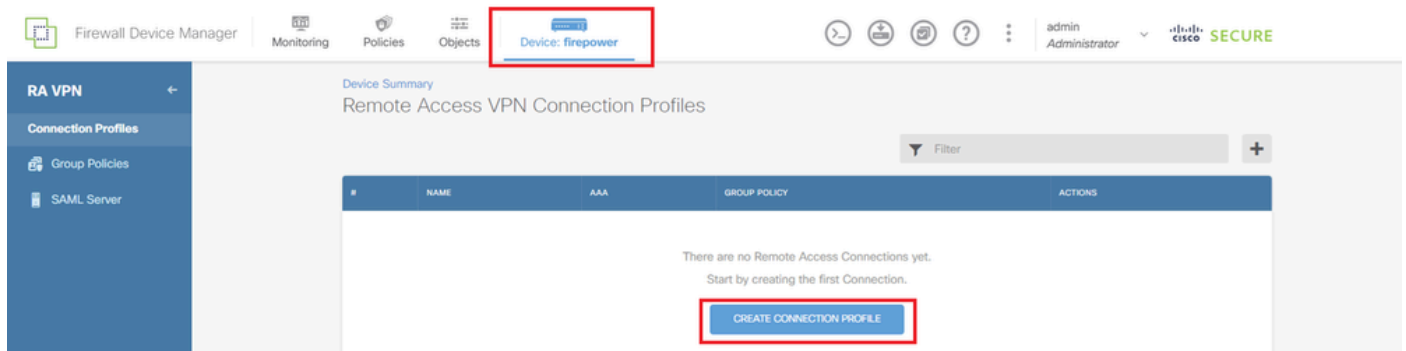
Navigate to **Device > Smart License > View Configuration**, confirm the Cisco Secure Client license in **RA VPN License** item.

The screenshot shows the 'SUBSCRIPTION LICENSES INCLUDED' page in the Cisco Firepower Device Manager. The page displays four license items, each with an 'ENABLE' button and a description. The 'RA VPN License' item is highlighted with a red box and is shown as 'Enabled'.

License Item	Status	Type
Threat	Disabled by user	
Malware	Disabled by user	
URL License	Disabled by user	
RA VPN License	Enabled	VPN ONLY

### Step 3. Add Remote Access VPN Connection Profile

Navigate to **Device > Remote Access VPN > View Configuration**, click **CREATE CONNECTION PROFILE** button.



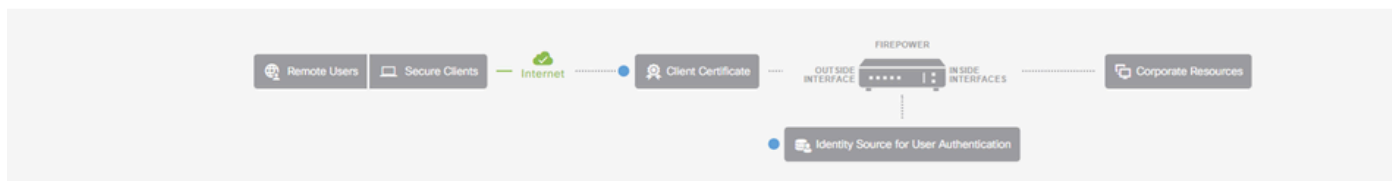
*Add Remote Access VPN Connection Profile*

Input necessary information for connection profile and click **Create new Network** button in the **IPv4 Address Pool** item.

- Connection Profile Name: ftdvpn-aaa-cert-auth
- Authentication Type: AAA and Client Certificate
- Primary Identity Source for User Authentication: LocalIdentitySource
- Client Certificate Advanced Settings: Prefill username from certificate on user login window

## Remote Access VPN

- 1 Connection and Client Configuration
- 2 Remote User Experience
- 3 Global Settings
- 4 Summary



### Connection and Client Configuration

Specify how to authenticate remote users and the secure clients they can use to connect to the inside network.

**Connection Profile Name**  
This name is configured as a connection alias, it can be used to connect to the VPN gateway

**Group Alias (one per line, up to 5)**

**Group URL (one per line, up to 5)**

**Primary Identity Source**

**Authentication Type**

**Primary Identity Source for User Authentication**

**Fallback Local Identity Source** ⚠️

**AAA Advanced Settings**

**Username from Certificate**

**Map Specific Field**

Primary Field  Secondary Field

Use entire DN (distinguished name) as username

**Client Certificate Advanced Settings**

Prefill username from certificate on user login window

Hide username in login window

**Client Address Pool Assignment**

**IPv4 Address Pool**  
Endpoints are provided an address from this pool

**IPv6 Address Pool**  
Endpoints are provided an address from this pool

Filter

- IPv4-Private-10.0.0.0-8 Network
- IPv4-Private-172.16.0.0-12 Network
- IPv4-Private-192.168.0.0-16 Network
- any-ipv4 Network

Details of VPN Connection Profile

### Step 4. Add Address Pool for Connection Profile

Input necessary information to add a new IPv4 address pool. Select new added IPv4 address pool for connection profile and click **Next** button.

- Name: ftdvpn-aaa-cert-pool
- Type: Range
- IP Range: 172.16.1.40-172.16.1.50

## Add Network Object



Name

ftdvpn-aaa-cert-pool

Description

Type



Network



Range

IP Range

172.16.1.40-172.16.1.50

e.g. 192.168.2.1-192.168.2.24 or 2001:068:0:CD30::10-2001:068:0:CD30::100

CANCEL

OK

*Details of IPv4 Address Pool*

### Step 5. Add Group Policy for Connection Profile

Click **Create new Group Policy** in the **View Group Policy** item.

### Remote User Experience

A group policy is a collection of user-oriented session attributes which are assigned to client when a VPN connection is established. Select or create a Group Policy object.

View Group Policy

Filter

DfltGrpPolicy

Create new Group Policy

**DNS + BANNER**

DNS Server: None

Banner Text for Authenticated Clients: None

**SESSION SETTINGS**

Maximum Connection Time / Alert Interval: Unlimited / 1 Minutes

BACK NEXT

#### Add Group Policy

Input necessary information to add a new group policy and click **OK** button. Select new added group policy for connection profile.

- Name: ftdvpn-aaa-cert-grp

### Edit Group Policy

Search for attribute

**Basic**

General

Session Settings

**Advanced**

Address Assignment

Split Tunneling

Secure Client

Traffic Filters

Windows Browser Proxy

Name: ftdvpn-aaa-cert-grp

Description

DNS Server: CustomDNSServerGroup

Banner Text for Authenticated Clients

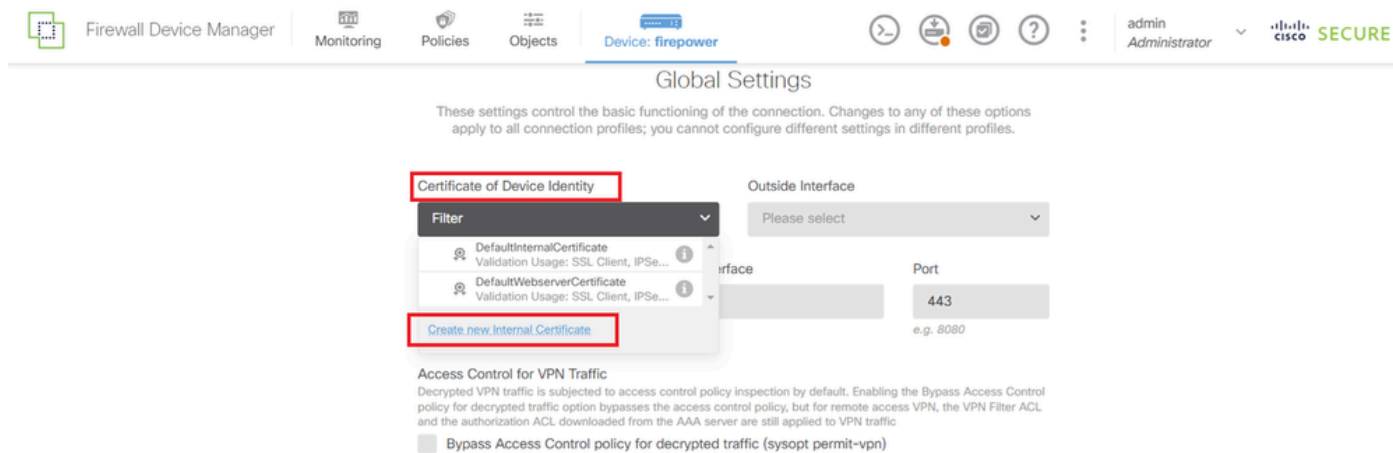
Default domain

Secure Client profiles

CANCEL OK

## Step 6. Configure Certificate of Device Identity and Outside Interface for Connection Profile

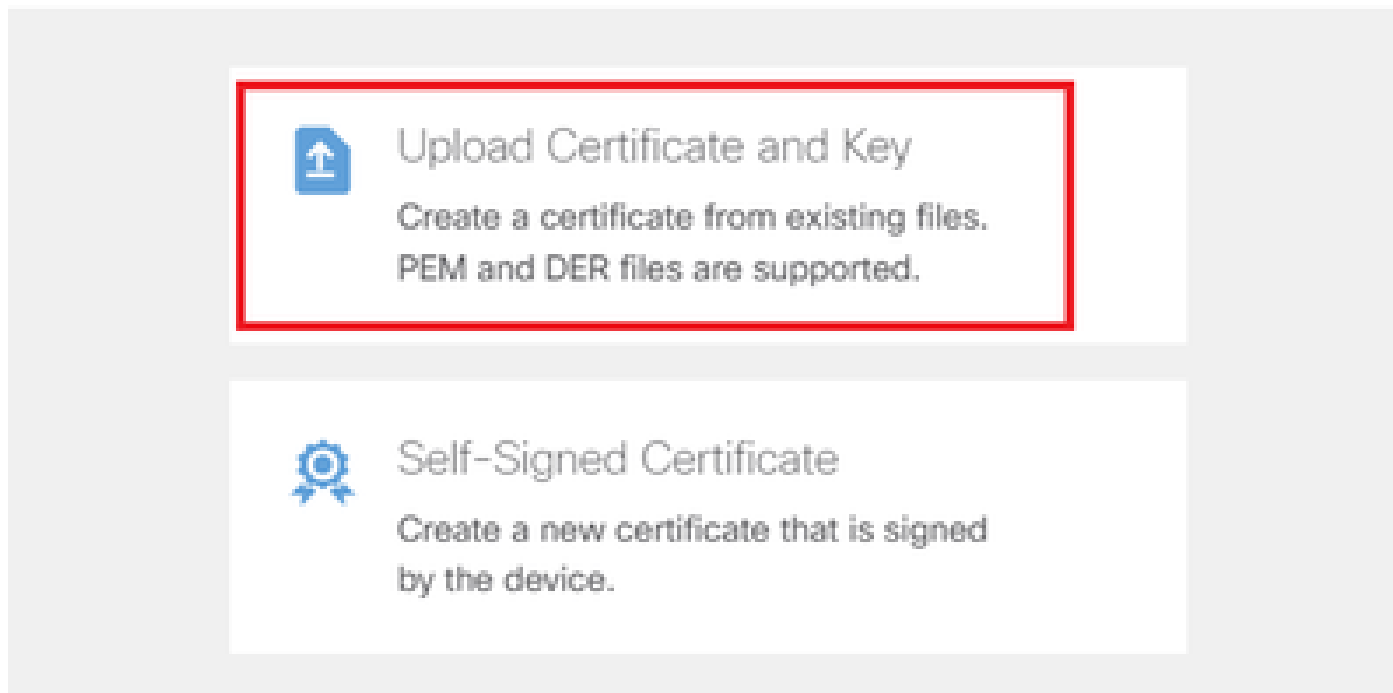
Click **Create new Internal certificate** in the **Certificate of Device Identity** item.



### Add Internal Certificate

Click **Upload Certificate and Key**.

Choose the type of internal certificate you want to create



### Upload Certificate and Key

Input necessary information for FTD certificate, import a certificate and a certificate key from local computer and then Click **OK** button.



- Name: ftdvpn-cert
- Validation Usage for Special Services: SSL Server

## Add Internal Certificate ? ✕

**Name**  
ftdvpn-cert

**Certificate** ftdCert.crt  
Paste certificate, or choose a file (DER, PEM, CRT, CER) Upload Certificate

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----  
MIIDfDCCAeSgAwIBAgIIIkE99YS2cmwwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQELBQAwbTELMAkGA1UE  
BhMCS1AxZDjAMBglNVBAGTBVRva31vMQ4wDAYDVQQHEwVUub2t5bzEOMAwGA1UEC  
NMFo31vMQ4wDAYDVQQDEwVUub2t5bzEOMAwGA1UECgQwY2t5bzEOMAwGA1UECgQw
```

**Certificate Key** ftdCertKey.pem  
Paste certificate key, or choose a file (KEY, PEM) Upload Certificate Key

```
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----  
MIIEogIBAAKCAQEAXdn5eTUngo5+GUG2Ng2FjI/+xHRkRr-f6o20ccGdzLYK1tzwB  
98MPu1YP0T/qwCfFKXuMQ9DEVGNIjLRX9nvXdBNoaKUbZVzc03qW3AjEB7p0h0t0  
=4Gh3YAC7=Jh011=1=0C3=+C=kyCF9=7UxH40=72F=7Ux0=8F7K=+7714=8=VC=C
```

**Validation Usage for Special Services**  
SSL Server ✕

CANCEL OK

*Details of Internal Certificate*

Select **Certificate of Device Identity** and **Outside Interface** for VPN connection.

- Certificate of Device Identity: ftdvpn-cert
- Outside Interface: outside (GigabitEthernet0/0)

### Global Settings

These settings control the basic functioning of the connection. Changes to any of these options apply to all connection profiles; you cannot configure different settings in different profiles.

Certificate of Device Identity ftdvpn-cert (Validation Usage: SSL Ser...)	Outside Interface outside (GigabitEthernet0/0)
Fully-qualified Domain Name for the Outside Interface e.g. ravn.example.com	Port 443 e.g. 8080

Details of Global Settings

## Step 7. Configure Secure Client Image for Connection Profile

Select **Windows** in **Packages** item

Secure Client Package

If a user does not already have the right secure client package installed, the system will launch the secure client installer when the client authenticates for the first time. The user can then install the package from the system.

You can download secure client packages from [software.cisco.com](https://software.cisco.com). You must have the necessary secure client software license.

Packages

- UPLOAD PACKAGE
- Windows
- Mac
- Linux

BACK NEXT

Upload Secure Client Image Package

Upload **secure client image** file from local computer and click **Next** button.



**Note:** The NAT Exempt feature is disabled in this document. By default, the Bypass Access Control policy for decrypted traffic (sysopt permit-vpn) option is disabled, which means that decrypted VPN traffic is subjected to access control policy inspection.

---

**Access Control for VPN Traffic**

Decrypted VPN traffic is subjected to access control policy inspection by default. Enabling the Bypass Access Control policy for decrypted traffic option bypasses the access control policy, but for remote access VPN, the VPN Filter ACL and the authorization ACL downloaded from the AAA server are still applied to VPN traffic

Bypass Access Control policy for decrypted traffic (sysopt permit-vpn)

**NAT Exempt****Secure Client Package**

If a user does not already have the right secure client package installed, the system will launch the secure client installer when the client authenticates for the first time. The user can then install the package from the system.

You can download secure client packages from [software.cisco.com](https://software.cisco.com)  
You must have the necessary secure client software license.

**Packages**

UPLOAD PACKAGE

Windows: cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.4.74-webdeploy-k9.pkg

BACK

NEXT

*Select Secure Client Image Package*

## Step 8. Confirm Summary for Connection Profile

Confirm the information entered for VPN connection and click **FINISH** button.

Summary

Review the summary of the Remote Access VPN configuration.

### Ftdvpn-Aaa-Cert-Auth

**STEP 1: CONNECTION AND CLIENT CONFIGURATION**

Primary Identity Source

Authentication Type: AAA and Client Certificate

Primary Identity Source: LocalIdentitySource

AAA Advanced Settings

Username from Certificate: Map Specific Field

Primary Field: CN (Common Name)

Secondary Field: OU (Organisational Unit)

Client Certificate Advanced Settings

Secondary Identity Source

Secondary Identity Source for User Authentication: -

Fallback Local Identity Source: -

Advanced

Authorization Server

Accounting Server

Client Address Pool Assignment

IPv4 Address Pool: ftdvpn-aaa-cert-pool

IPv6 Address Pool: -

DHCP Servers: -

**STEP 2: GROUP POLICY**

Group Policy Name: ftdvpn-aaa-cert-grp

Banner + DNS Server

DNS Server: CustomDNSServerGroup

Banner text for authenticated clients: -

Session Settings

Maximum Connection Time / Alert Interval: Unlimited / 1 minutes

Idle Timeout / Alert Interval: 30 / 1 minutes

Simultaneous Login per User: 3

Split Tunneling

IPv4 Split Tunneling: Allow all traffic over tunnel

IPv6 Split Tunneling: Allow all traffic over tunnel

Secure Client

Secure Client Profiles: -

**STEP 3: GLOBAL SETTINGS**

Certificate of Device Identity: ftdvpn-cert

Outside Interface: GigabitEthernet0/0 (outside)

Fully-qualified Domain Name for the Outside Interface: -

Port: 443

Access Control for VPN Traffic: No

NAT Exempt

NAT Exempt: No

Inside Interfaces: GigabitEthernet0/0 (outside)

Inside Networks: -

Secure Client Package

Packages: Windows: cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.4.74-webdeploy-k9.pkg

Instructions

Instructions for this step: [Click here for instructions](#)

BACK FINISH

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
speed auto
nameif outside
cts manual
propagate sgt preserve-untag
policy static sgt disabled trusted
security-level 0
ip address 192.168.1.200 255.255.255.0
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
speed auto
nameif inside
cts manual
propagate sgt preserve-untag
policy static sgt disabled trusted
security-level 0
ip address 192.168.10.200 255.255.255.0

// Defines a pool of addresses
ip local pool ftdvpn-aaa-cert-pool 172.16.1.40-172.16.1.50

// Defines a local user
username sslVPNClientCN password ***** pbkdf2

// Defines Trustpoint for Server Certificate
crypto ca trustpoint ftdvpn-cert
enrollment terminal
keypair ftdvpn-cert
validation-usage ssl-server
crl configure

// Server Certificate
crypto ca certificate chain ftdvpn-cert
certificate 22413df584b6726c
3082037c 30820264 a0030201 02020822 413df584 b6726c30 0d06092a 864886f7
.....
quit

// Defines Trustpoint for CA
crypto ca trustpoint ftdvpn-ca-cert
enrollment terminal
validation-usage ssl-client ssl-server
crl configure

// CA
crypto ca certificate chain ftdvpn-ca-cert
certificate ca 5242a02e0db6f7fd
3082036c 30820254 a0030201 02020852 42a02e0d b6f7fd30 0d06092a 864886f7
.....
quit

// Configures the FTD to allow Cisco Secure Client connections and the valid Cisco Secure Client images
webvpn
enable outside
http-headers
hsts-server
enable
max-age 31536000
include-sub-domains
no preload
hsts-client
```

```
enable
x-content-type-options
x-xss-protection
content-security-policy
anyconnect image disk0:/anyconnpkgs/cisco-secure-client-win-5.1.4.74-webdeploy-k9.pkg 2
anyconnect enable
tunnel-group-list enable
cache
disable
error-recovery disable
```

```
// Configures the group-policy to allow SSL connections
```

```
group-policy ftdvpn-aaa-cert-grp internal
group-policy ftdvpn-aaa-cert-grp attributes
dns-server value 64.x.x.245 64.x.x.184
dhcp-network-scope none
vpn-simultaneous-logins 3
vpn-idle-timeout 30
vpn-idle-timeout alert-interval 1
vpn-session-timeout none
vpn-session-timeout alert-interval 1
vpn-filter none
vpn-tunnel-protocol ssl-client
split-tunnel-policy tunnelall
ipv6-split-tunnel-policy tunnelall
split-dns none
split-tunnel-all-dns disable
client-bypass-protocol disable
msie-proxy method no-modify
vlan none
address-pools none
ipv6-address-pools none
webvpn
anyconnect ssl dtls none
anyconnect mtu 1406
anyconnect ssl keepalive none
anyconnect ssl rekey time none
anyconnect ssl rekey method none
anyconnect dpd-interval client none
anyconnect dpd-interval gateway none
anyconnect ssl compression none
anyconnect dtls compression none
anyconnect modules none
anyconnect profiles none
anyconnect ssl df-bit-ignore disable
always-on-vpn profile-setting
```

```
// Configures the tunnel-group to use the aaa & certificate authentication
```

```
tunnel-group ftdvpn-aaa-cert-auth type remote-access
tunnel-group ftdvpn-aaa-cert-auth general-attributes
address-pool ftdvpn-aaa-cert-pool
default-group-policy ftdvpn-aaa-cert-grp
// These settings are displayed in the 'show run all' command output. Start
authentication-server-group LOCAL
secondary-authentication-server-group none
no accounting-server-group
default-group-policy ftdvpn-aaa-cert-grp
username-from-certificate CN OU
secondary-username-from-certificate CN OU
authentication-attr-from-server primary
authenticated-session-username primary
username-from-certificate-choice second-certificate
```

```
secondary-username-from-certificate-choice second-certificate
// These settings are displayed in the 'show run all' command output. End
tunnel-group ftdvpn-aaa-cert-auth webvpn-attributes
authentication aaa certificate
pre-fill-username client
group-alias ftdvpn-aaa-cert-auth enable
```

## Confirm in VPN Client

### Step 1. Confirm Client Certificate

Navigate to **Certificates - Current User > Personal > Certificates**, check the client certificate used for authentication.

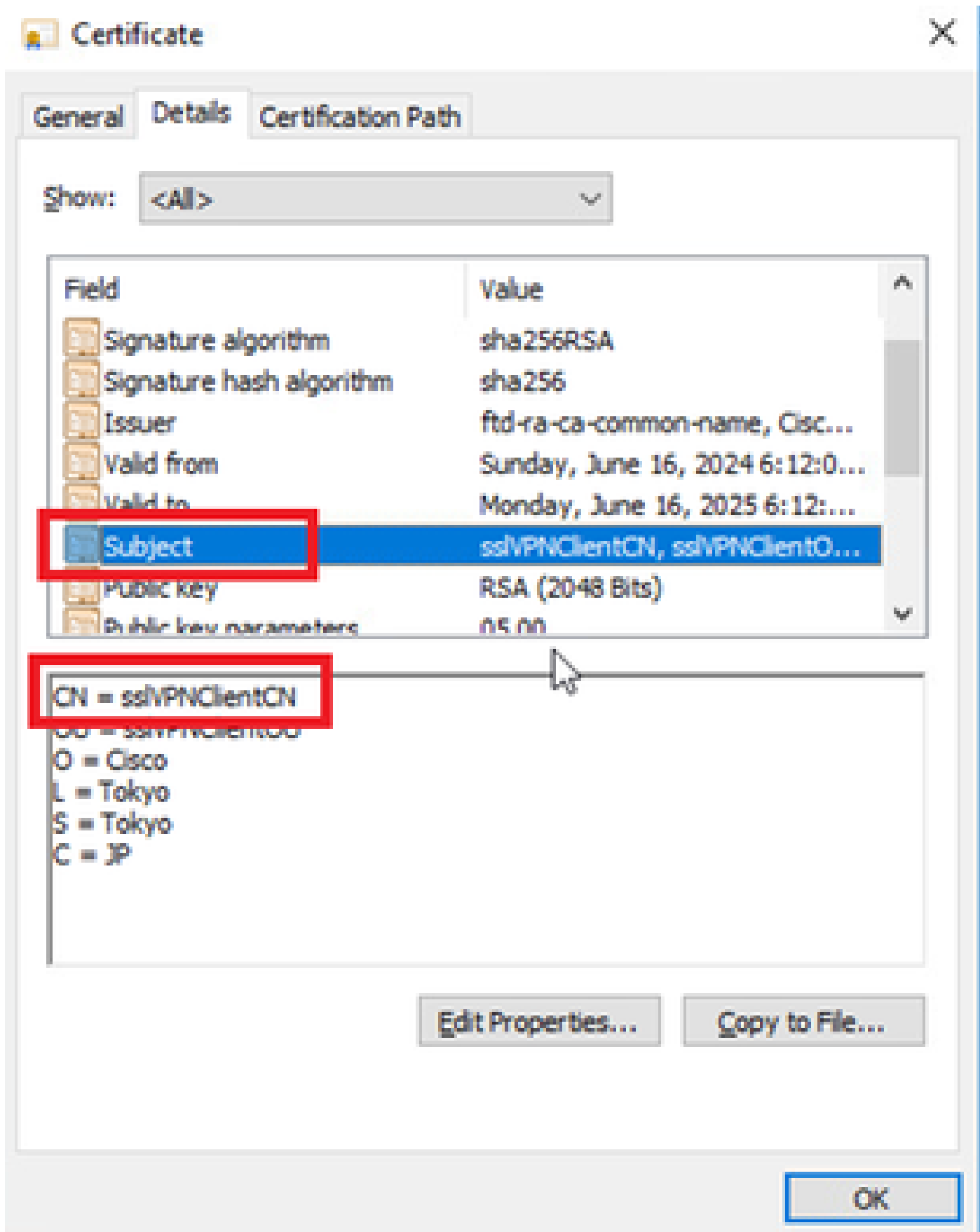


*Confirm Client Certificate*

Double click the **client certificate**, navigate to **Details**, check the detail of **Subject**.

- Subject: CN = ssIVPNClientCN





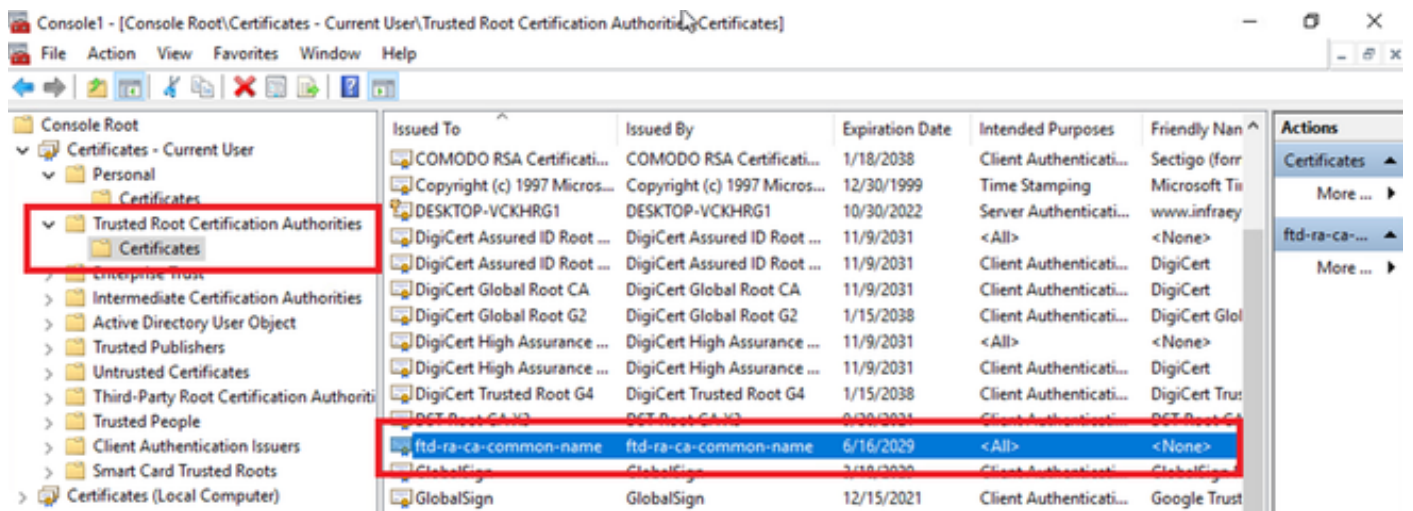
Details of Client Certificate

## Step 2. Confirm CA

Navigate to **Certificates - Current User > Trusted Root Certification Authorities > Certificates**, check

the CA used for authentication.

- Issued By: ftd-ra-ca-common-name



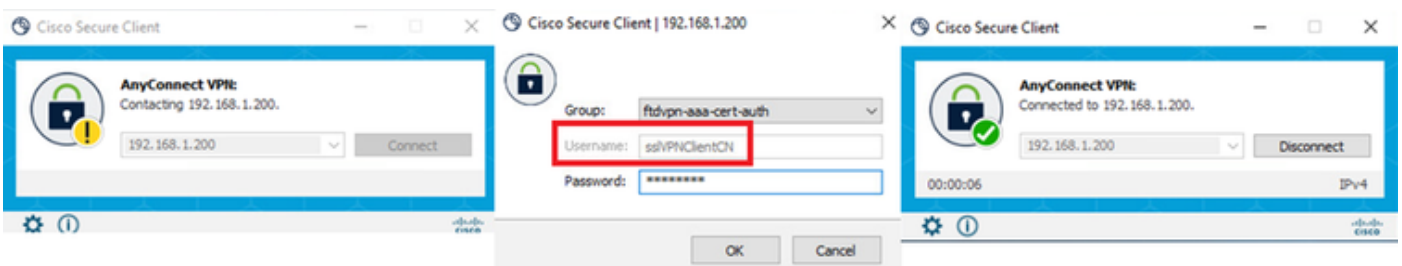
Confirm CA

## Verify

### Step 1. Initiate VPN Connection

On the endpoint, initiate the Cisco Secure Client connection. The username is extracted from the client certificate, you need to input the password for VPN authentication.

**Note:** The username is extracted from the Common Name (CN) field of the client certificate in this document.



*Initiate VPN Connection*

## Step 2. Confirm VPN Session in FTD CLI

Runshow vpn-sessiondb detail anyconnect command in FTD (Lina) CLI to confirm the VPN session.

```
firepower# show vpn-sessiondb detail anyconnect
```

Session Type: AnyConnect Detailed

Username : sslVPNClientCN Index : 4  
Assigned IP : 172.16.1.40 Public IP : 192.168.1.11  
Protocol : AnyConnect-Parent SSL-Tunnel  
License : AnyConnect Premium  
Encryption : AnyConnect-Parent: (1)none SSL-Tunnel: (1)AES-GCM-256  
Hashing : AnyConnect-Parent: (1)none SSL-Tunnel: (1)SHA384  
Bytes Tx : 29072 Bytes Rx : 44412  
Pkts Tx : 10 Pkts Rx : 442  
Pkts Tx Drop : 0 Pkts Rx Drop : 0  
Group Policy : ftdvpn-aaa-cert-grp Tunnel Group : ftdvpn-aaa-cert-auth  
Login Time : 11:47:42 UTC Sat Jun 29 2024  
Duration : 1h:09m:30s  
Inactivity : 0h:00m:00s  
VLAN Mapping : N/A VLAN : none  
Audt Sess ID : 0000000000004000667ff45e  
Security Grp : none Tunnel Zone : 0

AnyConnect-Parent Tunnels: 1  
SSL-Tunnel Tunnels: 1

AnyConnect-Parent:  
Tunnel ID : 4.1  
Public IP : 192.168.1.11  
Encryption : none Hashing : none  
TCP Src Port : 49779 TCP Dst Port : 443  
Auth Mode : Certificate and userPassword  
Idle Time Out: 30 Minutes Idle TO Left : 7 Minutes  
Client OS : win  
Client OS Ver: 10.0.17763  
Client Type : AnyConnect  
Client Ver : Cisco AnyConnect VPN Agent for Windows 5.1.4.74  
Bytes Tx : 14356 Bytes Rx : 0  
Pkts Tx : 2 Pkts Rx : 0  
Pkts Tx Drop : 0 Pkts Rx Drop : 0

SSL-Tunnel:  
Tunnel ID : 4.3  
Assigned IP : 172.16.1.40 Public IP : 192.168.1.11  
Encryption : AES-GCM-256 Hashing : SHA384  
Ciphersuite : ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384  
Encapsulation: TLSv1.2 TCP Src Port : 49788  
TCP Dst Port : 443 Auth Mode : Certificate and userPassword  
Idle Time Out: 30 Minutes Idle TO Left : 27 Minutes  
Client OS : Windows  
Client Type : SSL VPN Client  
Client Ver : Cisco AnyConnect VPN Agent for Windows 5.1.4.74  
Bytes Tx : 7178 Bytes Rx : 10358  
Pkts Tx : 1 Pkts Rx : 118  
Pkts Tx Drop : 0 Pkts Rx Drop : 0

### Step 3. Confirm Communication with Server

Initiate ping from VPN client to the Server, confirm that communication between the VPN client and the server is successful.



**Note:** Because the Bypass Access Control policy for decrypted traffic (sysopt permit-vpn) option is disabled in step 7, you need to create access control rules that allow your IPv4 address pool access to the server.

---

```
C:\Users\cisco>ping 192.168.10.11
```

```
Pinging 192.168.10.11 with 32 bytes of data:  
Reply from 192.168.10.11: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128  
Reply from 192.168.10.11: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128  
Reply from 192.168.10.11: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128  
Reply from 192.168.10.11: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
```

```
Ping statistics for 192.168.10.11:  
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),  
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:  
Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms
```

*Ping Succeeded*

Run capture in interface inside real-time command in FTD (Lina) CLI to confirm packet capture.

```
firepower# capture in interface inside real-time
```

Warning: using this option with a slow console connection may result in an excessive amount of non-displayed packets due to performance limitations.

Use ctrl-c to terminate real-time capture

```
1: 12:03:26.626691 172.16.1.40 > 192.168.10.11 icmp: echo request  
2: 12:03:26.627134 192.168.10.11 > 172.16.1.40 icmp: echo reply  
3: 12:03:27.634641 172.16.1.40 > 192.168.10.11 icmp: echo request  
4: 12:03:27.635144 192.168.10.11 > 172.16.1.40 icmp: echo reply  
5: 12:03:28.650189 172.16.1.40 > 192.168.10.11 icmp: echo request  
6: 12:03:28.650601 192.168.10.11 > 172.16.1.40 icmp: echo reply  
7: 12:03:29.665813 172.16.1.40 > 192.168.10.11 icmp: echo request  
8: 12:03:29.666332 192.168.10.11 > 172.16.1.40 icmp: echo reply
```

## Troubleshoot

You can expect to find information about VPN authentication in the debug syslog of Lina engine and in the DART file on Windows computer.

This is an example of debug logs in the Lina engine.

```
// Certificate Authentication
```

```
Jun 29 2024 11:29:37: %FTD-7-717029: Identified client certificate within certificate chain. serial number:  
Jun 29 2024 11:29:37: %FTD-6-717028: Certificate chain was successfully validated with warning, revocation:  
Jun 29 2024 11:29:37: %FTD-6-717022: Certificate was successfully validated. serial number: 6EC79930B23
```

```
// Extract username from the CN (Common Name) field
```

```
Jun 29 2024 11:29:53: %FTD-7-113028: Extraction of username from VPN client certificate has been requested
```

Jun 29 2024 11:29:53: %FTD-7-113028: Extraction of username from VPN client certificate has completed.

// AAA Authentication

Jun 29 2024 11:29:53: %FTD-6-113012: AAA user authentication Successful : local database : user = sslVPN

Jun 29 2024 11:29:53: %FTD-6-113009: AAA retrieved default group policy (ftdvpn-aaa-cert-grp) for user :

Jun 29 2024 11:29:53: %FTD-6-113008: AAA transaction status ACCEPT : user = sslVPNClientCN

These debugs can be run from the diagnostic CLI of the FTD, which provides information you can use in order to troubleshoot your configuration.

- debug crypto ca 14
- debug webvpn anyconnect 255
- debug crypto ike-common 255

## Related Information

[Configure FDM On-Box Management Service for Firepower 2100](#)

[Configure Remote Access VPN on FTD Managed by FDM](#)

[Configure and Verify Syslog in Firepower Device Manager](#)