Configure the Static Network Address Translation (NAT) on the RV34x Series Router

Objective

Static Network Address Translation (NAT) is used to conserve IP addresses. It allows private IP networks with unregistered IP addresses to connect to the Internet. NAT translates the private (not globally unique) addresses in the internal network into legal addresses before they are forwarded to another network. Sites that already have registered IP addresses for clients on an internal network may want to hide those addresses from the Internet so that hackers cannot directly attack clients. With client addresses hidden, a degree of security is established.

With dynamic NAT and Public Address Translation (PAT), each host uses a different address or port for each subsequent translation. Because the mapped address is the same for each consecutive connection with static NAT, and a persistent translation rule exists, static NAT allows hosts on the destination network to initiate traffic to a translated host

This document aims to show you how to configure the static NAT on the RV34x Series router.

Applicable Devices

• RV34x Series

Software Version

• 1.0.01.11

Configure Static NAT

Step 1. Log in to the web-based utility of the router and choose Firewall > Static NAT.



Step 2. In the Static NAT table, click Add to create a new entry.

Static NAT Table						
Enable	Private IP Range	Public IP Range	Range Length	Services		
Add	Edit	Delete Serv	ice Management			

Step 3. In the *Private IP Range Begin* field, enter the starting IP address of the IP address range to be mapped to the public range.

Note: For this example, 192.168.2.100 is used.

Private IP Range Begin 192.168.2.100

Step 4. In the *Public IP Range Begin* field, enter the starting IP address range provided by the Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Note: For this example, 182.132.7.128 is used.



Step 5. Enter the number of IP addresses to be mapped to the public IP address in the *Range Length* field.

Note: The range length must not exceed the number of valid IP addresses. For this example, 7 is used.



Step 6. From the Services IP drop-down list, choose the type of service or protocol to apply to the static NAT.

Note: For this example, All Traffic is chosen.

Services	Interfaces
✓ All Traffic	1
BGP	
DNS-TCP	
DNS-UDP	
ESP	
FTP	
HTTP	
HTTPS	
ICMP Destination Unreach	able
ICMP Ping Reply	
ICMP Ping Request	
ICMP Redirect Message	
ICMP Router Advertisemen	nt
ICMP Router Solicitation	
ICMP Source Quench	
ICMP Time Exceeded	
ICMP Timestamp	
ICMP Type-6	
ICMP Type-7	
IMAP	
IMAP2	
IMAP3	

Step 7. From the Interfaces drop-down list, choose a source or port to map the static NAT.

Note: Choose the port where the Internet service is coming in. For this example, WAN1 is chosen.

Interfaces	
✓ WAN1	
WAN2	
USB1	
USB2	

Step 8. Click **Apply** to save the settings.

	Static NAT Table						
		Enable	Private IP R	Public IP R	Range Length	Services	Interfaces
		\checkmark	192.168.2.100	182.132.7.128	7	All Traffic	WAN1
	Add		Edit	Delete	Service Management		
L							
C	Ap	oply	Cancel				

Step 9. (Optional) To add protocols to the Service Management settings, click here.

Step 10. (Optional) To save the configuration to the startup configuration file, go to the

Copy/Save Configuration page or click the save icon at the upper portion of the page.

You should now have successfully configured Static NAT on the RV34x Series Router.

Sta	tic NAT					
Success. To permanently save the configuration. Go to Configuration Management page or click Save icon.						
S	tatic NAT Ta	ble				
	Enable	Private IP Range	Public IP Range B	Range Length	Services	Interfaces
		192.168.2.100	182.132.7.128	7	All Traffic	WAN1
	Add	Edit	Delete Service	Management		
Apply Cancel						