# IEEE 802.1x Authentication with Catalyst 6500/6000 Running CatOS Software Configuration Example

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This document explains how to configure IEEE 802.1x on a Catalyst 6500/6000 that runs in hybrid mode (CatOS on the Supervisor Engine and Cisco IOS® Software on the MSFC) and a Remote Authentication Dial–In User Service (RADIUS) server for authentication and VLAN assignment.

# Prerequisites

### Requirements

Readers of this document should have knowledge of these topics:

- Installation Guide for Cisco Secure ACS for Windows 4.1
- User Guide for Cisco Secure Access Control Server 4.1
- How Does RADIUS Work?
- Catalyst Switching and ACS Deployment Guide

### **Components Used**

The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

• Catalyst 6500 that runs CatOS Software Release 8.5(6) on the Supervisor Engine and Cisco IOS Software Release 12.2(18)SXF on the MSFC

Note: You need CatOS Release 6.2 or later to support 802.1x port-based authentication.

**Note:** Before software release 7.2(2), once the 802.1x host is authenticated, it joins an NVRAM–configured VLAN. With software release 7.2(2) and later releases, after authentication, an 802.1x host can receive its VLAN assignment from the RADIUS server.

• This example uses Cisco Secure Access Control Server (ACS) 4.1 as the RADIUS server.

Note: A RADIUS server must be specified before enabling 802.1x on the switch.

• PC clients that supports 802.1x authentication.

Note: This example uses Microsoft Windows XP clients.

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, make sure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

### Conventions

Refer to Cisco Technical Tips Conventions for more information on document conventions.

# **Background Information**

The IEEE 802.1x standard defines a client-server-based access control and authentication protocol that restricts unauthorized devices from connecting to a LAN through publicly accessible ports. 802.1x controls network access by creating two distinct virtual access points at each port. One access point is an uncontrolled port; the other is a controlled port. All traffic through the single port is available to both access points. 802.1x authenticates each user device that is connected to a switch port and assigns the port to a VLAN before making available any services that are offered by the switch or the LAN. Until the device is authenticated, 802.1x access control allows only Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) over LAN (EAPOL) traffic through the port to which the device is connected. After authentication is successful, normal traffic can pass through the port.

# Configure

In this section, you are presented with the information to configure the 802.1x feature described in this document.

**Note:** Use the Command Lookup Tool (registered customers only) to obtain more information on the commands used in this section.

This configuration requires these steps:

- Configure the Catalyst Switch for 802.1x Authentication
- Configure the RADIUS Server
- Configure the PC Clients to Use 802.1x Authentication

#### **Network Diagram**

This document uses this network setup:



- RADIUS server Performs the actual authentication of the client. The RADIUS server validates the identity of the client and notifies the switch whether or not the client is authorized to access the LAN and switch services. Here, the RADIUS server is configured for authentication and VLAN assignment.
- Switch Controls the physical access to the network based on the authentication status of the client. The switch acts as an intermediary (proxy) between the client and the RADIUS server, requesting identity information from the client, verifying that information with the RADIUS server, and relaying a response to the client. Here, the Catalyst 6500 switch is also configured as a DHCP server. The 802.1x authentication support for the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) allows the DHCP server to assign the IP addresses to the different classes of end users by adding the authenticated user identity into the DHCP discovery process.
- Clients The devices (workstations) that request access to the LAN and switch services and respond to requests from the switch. Here, PCs 1 to 4 are the clients that request an authenticated network access. PCs 1 and 2 will use the same logon credential to be in VLAN 2. Similarly, PCs 3 and 4 will use a logon credential for VLAN 3. PC clients are configured to attain the IP address from a DHCP server.

**Note:** In this configuration, any client that fails the authentication or any non-802.1x capable client connecting to the switch is denied network access by moving them to an unused VLAN (VLAN 4 or 5) using the authentication failure and guest VLAN features.

#### Configure the Catalyst Switch for 802.1x Authentication

This sample switch configuration includes:

- Enable 802.1x authentication and associated features on FastEthernet ports.
- Connect RADIUS server to VLAN 10 behind FastEthernet port 3/1.
- DHCP server configuration for two IP pools, one for clients in VLAN 2 and other for clients in VLAN 3.
- Inter-VLAN routing to have connectivity between clients after authentication.

Refer to Authentication Configuration Guidelines for the guidelines on how to configure 802.1x authentication.

Note: Make sure that the RADIUS server always connects behind an authorized port.

Catalyst 6500 Console (enable) set system name Cat6K System name set. !--- Sets the hostname for the switch. Cat6K> (enable) set localuser user admin password cisco Added local user admin. Cat6K> (enable) set localuser authentication enable LocalUser authentication enabled !--- Uses local user authentication to access the switch. Cat6K> (enable) set vtp domain cisco VTP domain cisco modified !--- Domain name must be configured for VLAN configuration. Cat6K> (enable) set vlan 2 name VLAN2 VTP advertisements transmitting temporarily stopped, and will resume after the command finishes. Vlan 2 configuration successful !--- VLAN should be existing in the switch !--- for a successsful authentication. Cat6K> (enable) set vlan 3 name VLAN3 VTP advertisements transmitting temporarily stopped, and will resume after the command finishes. Vlan 3 configuration successful !--- VLAN names will be used in RADIUS server for VLAN assignment. Cat6K> (enable) set vlan 4 name AUTHFAIL\_VLAN VTP advertisements transmitting temporarily stopped, and will resume after the command finishes. Vlan 4 configuration successful !--- A VLAN for non-802.1x capable hosts. Cat6K> (enable) set vlan 5 name GUEST VLAN VTP advertisements transmitting temporarily stopped, and will resume after the command finishes. Vlan 4 configuration successful !--- A VLAN for failed authentication hosts. Cat6K> (enable) set vlan 10 name RADIUS\_SERVER VTP advertisements transmitting temporarily stopped, and will resume after the command finishes. Vlan 10 configuration successful !--- This is a dedicated VLAN for the RADIUS Server. Cat6K> (enable) set interface sc0 10 172.16.1.2 255.255.255.0 Interface sc0 vlan set, IP address and netmask set. !--- Note: 802.1x authentication always uses the *!--- sc0 interface as the identifier for the authenticator* 

!--- when communicating with the RADIUS server. Cat6K> (enable) set vlan 10 3/1 VLAN 10 modified. VLAN 1 modified. VLAN Mod/Ports \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ 10 3/1 !--- Assigns port connecting to RADIUS server to VLAN 10. Cat6K> (enable) set radius server 172.16.1.1 primary 172.16.1.1 with auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813 added to radius server table as primary server. !--- Sets the IP address of the RADIUS server. Cat6K> (enable) set radius key cisco Radius key set to cisco !--- The key must match the key used on the RADIUS server. Cat6K> (enable) set dot1x system-auth-control enable dot1x system-auth-control enabled. Configured RADIUS servers will be used for dot1x authentication. !--- Globally enables 802.1x. !--- You must specify at least one RADIUS server before !--- you can enable 802.1x authentication on the switch. Cat6K> (enable) set port dot1x 3/2-48 port-control auto Port 3/2-48 dot1x port-control is set to auto. Trunking disabled for port 3/2-48 due to Dot1x feature. Spantree port fast start option enabled for port 3/2-48. !--- Enables 802.1x on all FastEthernet ports. !--- This disables trunking and enables portfast automatically. Cat6K> (enable) set port dot1x 3/2-48 auth-fail-vlan 4 Port 3/2-48 Auth Fail Vlan is set to 4 !--- Ports will be put in VLAN 4 after three *!--- failed authentication attempts.* Cat6K> (enable) set port dot1x 3/2-48 guest-vlan 5 Ports 3/2-48 Guest Vlan is set to 5 !--- Any non-802.1x capable host connecting or 802.1x !--- capable host failing to respond to the username and password !--- authentication requests from the Authenticator is placed in the !--- quest VLAN after 60 seconds. !--- Note: An authentication failure VLAN is independent !--- of the guest VLAN. However, the guest VLAN can be the same !--- VLAN as the authentication failure VLAN. If you do not want to !--- differentiate between the non-802.1x capable hosts and the !--- authentication failed hosts, you can configure both hosts to !--- the same VLAN (either a guest VLAN or an authentication failure VLAN). !--- For more information, refer to !--- Understanding How 802.1x Authentication for the Guest VLAN Works. Cat6K> (enable) switch console Trying Router-16... Connected to Router-16. Type ^C^C^C to switch back... !--- Transfers control to the routing module (MSFC).

```
Router>enable
Router#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#interface vlan 10
Router(config-if)#ip address 172.16.1.3 255.255.255.0
!--- This is used as the gateway address in RADIUS server.
Router(config-if) #no shut
Router(config-if)#interface vlan 2
Router(config-if)#ip address 172.16.2.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#no shut
!--- This is the gateway address for clients in VLAN 2.
Router(config-if)#interface vlan 3
Router(config-if)#ip address 172.16.3.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#no shut
!--- This is the gateway address for clients in VLAN 3.
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#ip dhcp pool vlan2_clients
Router(dhcp-config)#network 172.16.2.0 255.255.255.0
Router(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.16.2.1
!--- This pool assigns ip address for clients in VLAN 2.
Router(dhcp-config)#ip dhcp pool vlan3_clients
Router(dhcp-config)#network 172.16.3.0 255.255.255.0
Router(dhcp-config)#default-router 172.16.3.1
!--- This pool assigns ip address for clients in VLAN 3.
Router(dhcp-config)#exit
Router(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.16.2.1
Router(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 172.16.3.1
!--- In order to go back to the Switching module,
!--- enter Ctrl-C three times.
Router#
Router#^C
Cat6K> (enable)
Cat6K> (enable) show vlan
                    Status IfIndex Mod/Ports, Vlans
VLAN Name
_____ _____
1 default
                                    active 6
                                                   2/1-2
                                                    3/2-48
                                   active 83
2
  VLAN2
    VLAN3
                                   active
3
                                             84
4
   AUTHFAIL_VLAN
                                   active
                                             85
5
                                   active
    GUEST_VLAN
                                             86
   RADIUS_SERVER
                                   active
                                             87
                                                 3/1
10
1002 fddi-default
                                             78
                                   active
1003 token-ring-default
                                             81
                                  active
1004 fddinet-default
                                             79
                                  active
1005 trnet-default
                                   active
                                             80
!--- Output suppressed.
!--- All active ports will be in VLAN 1 (except 3/1) before authentication.
Cat6K> (enable) show dot1x
```

PAE Capability Protocol Version system-auth-control	Authenticator Only 1 enabled	
max-reg	2	
quiet-period	60 seconds	
re-authperiod	3600 seconds	
server-timeout	30 seconds	
shutdown-timeout	300 seconds	
supp-timeout	30 seconds	
tx-period	30 seconds	
! Verifies dot1x status before authentication.		
Cat6K> (enable)		

### **Configure the RADIUS Server**

The RADIUS server is configured with a static IP address of 172.16.1.1/24. Complete these steps in order to configure the RADIUS server for an AAA client:

- 1. In order to configure an AAA client, click **Network Configuration** on the ACS administration window.
- 2. Click **Add Entry** under the AAA clients section.

Cisco Systems	Network Configuration		
and the second the second	Select		
User Setup			
Greup Setup	<b>%</b> Q	AAA Clients	?
Shared Profile Components	AAA Client Hostname	AAA Client IP Address	Authenticate Using
Network Configuration	None Defined		
System Configuration		Add Entry Search	

- 3. Configure the AAA client hostname, IP address, shared secret key and authentication type as:
  - ♦ AAA client hostname = Switch Hostname (**Cat6K**).
  - ♦ AAA client IP address = Management interface (sc0)IP address of the switch (172.16.1.2).
  - Shared Secret = Radius Key configured on the switch (cisco).
  - ◆ Authenticate Using = **RADIUS IETF**.

**Note:** For correct operation, the shared secret key must be identical on the AAA client and ACS. Keys are case sensitive.

4. Click **Submit + Apply** to make these changes effective, as this example shows:

CISCO SYSTEMS	Network Configuration				
Latillin.atillina.	Add AAA Client				
User Setup Setup Setup Shared Profile Components	AAA Client Hostname Cat6K AAA Client IP Address 172.16.1.2				
System Configuration Interface Configuration Administration Control	RADIUS Key Wrap         Key Encryption Key         Message Authenticator Code Key         Key Input Format         C ASCII         Hexadecimal				
External User     Databases      Posture     Validation      Network Access      Reports and     Activity      Online     Documentation	Authenticate Using RADIUS (IETF)  Single Connect TACACS+ AAA Client (Record stop in accounting on failure) Log Update/Watchdog Packets from this AAA Client Log RADIUS Tunneling Packets from this AAA Client Replace RADIUS Port info with Username from this AAA Client Match Framed-IP-Address with user IP address for accounting packets from this AAA Client				
	Submit Submit + Apply Cancel				

Complete these steps in order to configure the RADIUS server for authentication, VLAN and IP address assignment:

Two user names have to be created separately for clients that connect to VLAN 2 as well as for VLAN 3. Here, a user **user\_vlan2** for clients connecting to VLAN 2 and another user **user\_vlan3** for clients connecting to VLAN 3 are created for this purpose.

**Note:** Here, user configuration is shown for clients that connect to VLAN 2 only. For users that connect to VLAN 3, complete the same procedure.

1. In order to add and configure users, click **User Setup** and define the username and password.

CISCO SYSTEMS	User Setup
IlliuIlliu	Select
User Setup	
Group Setup	User: user_vlan2
Shared Profile Components	Find Add/Edit
Network Configuration	List users beginning with letter/number:
System Configuration	<u>A B C D E F G H I J K L M</u> N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
Interface Configuration	
Administration Control	List all users
Databases	Remove Dynamic Users
Posture Validation	
Network Access Profiles	Back to Help
CISCO SYSTEMS	User Setun
User	EUIL
Group	User: user_vlan2 (New User)
(In I Shared Profile	Account Disabled
Components	
Network Configuration	Supplementary User Info 🔋
Sustem Configuration	Real Name user_vlan2
Interface Configuration	Description Client in VLAN 2
Administration	5
Control	
External User Databases	User Setup ?
External User Databases Posture Validation	User Setup ?
Control External User Databases Posture Validation Network Access Profiles	User Setup ? Password Authentication: ACS Internal Database CiscoSecure PAP (Also used for CHAP/MS-CHAP/ARAP, if the
Control External User Databases Posture Validation Network Access Profiles Reports and Activity	User Setup ? Password Authentication: ACS Internal Database CiscoSecure PAP (Also used for CHAP/MS-CHAP/ARAP, if the Separate field is not checked.) Password

2. Define the client IP address assignment as Assigned by AAA client pool. Enter the name of the IP address pool configured on the switch for VLAN 2 clients.

CISCO SYSTEMS	User Setup				
	Password I				
User Setup Group Setup	When a token server is used for authentication, supplying a separate CHAP password for a token card user allows CHAP authentication. This is especially useful when token caching is enabled.				
Shared Profile	Group to which the user is assigned:				
Network Configuration	Default Group				
System Configuration	Callback				
Interface	Our Section Use group setting				
Configuration	C No callback allowed				
Administration Control	C Callback using this number				
= External User	O Dialup client specifies callback number				
913   Databases	C Use Windows Database callback settings				
Validation					
Network Access	Client IP Address Assignment				
	C Use group settings				
Activity	O No IP address assignment				
Documentation	O Assigned by dialup client				
	C Assign static IP address				
	Assigned by AAA client pool vlan2_clients				

**Note:** Select this option and type the AAA client IP pool name in the box, only if this user is to have the IP address assigned by an IP address pool configured on the AAA client.

3. Define the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) attributes 64 and 65.

Make sure that the Tags of the Values are set to 1, as this example shows. Catalyst ignores any tag other than 1. In order to assign a user to a specific VLAN, you must also define attribute 81 with a VLAN *name* that corresponds.

Note: The VLAN name should be exactly same as the one configured in the switch.

Note: VLAN assignment based on VLAN number is not supported with CatOS.



Refer to RFC 2868: RADIUS Attributes for Tunnel Protocol Support  $\square$  for more information on these IETF attributes.

**Note:** In the initial configuration of the ACS server, IETF RADIUS attributes can fail to display in **User Setup**. Choose **Interface configuration > RADIUS (IETF)** in order to enable IETF attributes in user configuration screen. Then, check attributes **64**, **65**, and **81** in the User and Group columns.

#### Configure the PC Clients to Use 802.1x Authentication

This example is specific to the Microsoft Windows XP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) over LAN (EAPOL) client. Complete these steps:

- 1. Choose Start > Control Panel > Network Connections, then right-click on your Local Area Connection and choose Properties.
- 2. Check **Show icon in notification area when connected** under the General tab.
- 3. Under the Authentication tab, check Enable IEEE 802.1x authentication for this network.
- 4. Set the EAP type to MD5-Challenge, as this example shows:

Local Area Connection Properties
General Authentication Advanced
Select this option to provide authenticated network access for Ethernet networks.
Enable IEEE 802.1x authentication for this network
EAP type: MD5-Challenge
Properties Authenticate as computer when computer information is available Authenticate as guest when user or computer information is unavailable
OK Cancel

Complete these steps in order to configure the clients to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server:

- 1. Choose Start > Control Panel > Network Connections, then right-click on your Local Area Connection and choose Properties.
- 2. Under the General tab, click Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and then Properties.
- 3. Choose Obtain an IP address automatically.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Propertie	es <u>? ×</u>
General	
You can get IP settings assigned autor this capability. Otherwise, you need to the appropriate IP settings.	matically if your network supports ask your network administrator for
Obtain an IP address automatical	li i
$\square^{O}$ Use the following IP address: —	
[P address:	
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address autor	matically
OUse the following DNS server add	dresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:	
	Ad <u>v</u> anced
	OK Cancel

# Verify

Use this section to confirm that your configuration works properly.

The Output Interpreter Tool (registered customers only) (OIT) supports certain **show** commands. Use the OIT to view an analysis of **show** command output.

### **PC Clients**

If you have correctly completed the configuration, the PC clients displays a popup prompt to enter a username and password.

1. Click on the prompt, which this example shows:



A username and password entry window displays.

2. Enter the username and password.

Local Area Conn	ection		<u>?</u> ×
		P	Z
<u>U</u> ser name:	user_vlan2		
<u>P</u> assword:	•••••		
Logon domain:			
	ОК	Cancel	

Note: In PC 1 and 2, enter VLAN 2 user credentials. In PC 3 and 4, enter VLAN 3 user credentials.

3. If no error messages appear, verify connectivity with the usual methods, such as through access of the network resources and with the **ping** command. This is an output from PC 1, which shows a successful **ping** to PC 4:

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>ipconfig Windows IP Configuration Ethernet adapter Wireless Network Connection: Media State . . . . . . . . . . . Media disconnected Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection: Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . . . . : 172.16.2.2 . . . . . : 255.255.255.0 . . . . . . : 172.16.2.1 Default Gateway . . C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>ping 172.16.2.1 Pinging 172.16.2.1 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.16.2.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255 Ping statistics for 172.16.2.1: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>ping 172.16.1.1 Pinging 172.16.1.1 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.16.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127 Ping statistics for 172.16.1.1: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>ping 172.16.3.2 Pinging 172.16.3.2 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.16.3.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127 Ping statistics for 172.16.3.2: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>

If this error appears, verify that the username and password are correct:



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If the password and username appear to be correct, verify the 802.1x port state on the switch.

#### 1. Look for a port status that indicates authorized.

 Cat6K> (enable) show port dotlx 3/1-5

 Port Auth-State
 BEnd-State Port-Control
 Port-Status

 3/1 force-authorized
 idle
 force-authorized
 authorized

 1
 force-authorized
 idle
 force-authorized
 authorized

 3/1 force-authorized
 idle
 auto
 authorized

 3/2 authenticated
 idle
 auto
 authorized

 3/3 authenticated
 idle
 auto
 authorized

 3/4 authenticated
 idle
 auto
 authorized

 3/5 authenticated
 idle
 auto
 authorized

 90rt
 Port-Mode
 Re-authentication
 Shutdown-timeout

 9/1 SingleAuth
 disabled
 disabled
 disabled

 3/2 SingleAuth
 disabled
 disabled
 disabled

 3/4 SingleAuth
 disabled
 disabled
 disabled

Verify the VLAN status after successful authentication.

Cat6K> (enable) <b>show vlan</b>					
VLAN	Name	Status	IfIndex	Mod/Ports,	Vlans
1	default	active	6	2/1-2	
				3/6-48	
2	VLAN2	active	83	3/2-3	
3	VLAN3	active	84	3/4-5	
4	AUTHFAIL_VLAN	active	85		
5	GUEST_VLAN	active	86		
10	RADIUS_SERVER	active	87	3/1	
1002	fddi-default	active	78		
1003	token-ring-default	active	81		
1004	fddinet-default	active	79		
1005	trnet-default	active	80		

!--- Output suppressed.

2. Verify the DHCP binding status from the routing module (MSFC) after successful authentication.

Router# <b>show</b>	ip dhcp binding		
IP address	Hardware address	Lease expiration	Туре
172.16.2.2	0100.1636.3333.9c	Feb 14 2007 03:00 AM	Automatic
172.16.2.3	0100.166F.3CA3.42	Feb 14 2007 03:03 AM	Automatic
172.16.3.2	0100.145e.945f.99	Feb 14 2007 03:05 AM	Automatic
172.16.3.3	0100.1185.8D9A.F9	Feb 14 2007 03:07 AM	Automatic

### Troubleshoot

There is currently no specific troubleshooting information available for this configuration.

### **Related Information**

- IEEE 802.1x Authentication with Catalyst 6500/6000 Running Cisco IOS Software Configuration Example
- Catalyst Switching and ACS Deployment Guide

- RFC 2868: RADIUS Attributes for Tunnel Protocol Support
- Configuring 802.1x Authentication
- LAN Product Support Pages
- LAN Switching Support Page
- Technical Support & Documentation Cisco Systems

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