

Install Cisco Crosswork Network Controller on AWS EC2

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Installation Overview

This section provides an overview of how Cisco Crosswork is installed on Amazon EC2.

Cisco Crosswork uses the CloudFormation (CF) templates to deploy the cluster stacks. The CF process is faster and less error-prone than the manual procedure to build the cluster, however you must have the necessary skills to prepare a CF template with details of the cluster deployment.

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Note

The terms 'stack' and 'instance' refers to cluster and VM respectively.

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Important The CF templates (.yaml file) provided are samples that must be customized according to your production preferences and executed as per the steps mentioned in this chapter.

Extract CF Template Image

This section explains the procedure to extract and validate the Cisco Crosswork CF template image.



Customize the CF templates in the directory to install Cisco Crosswork on Amazon EC2.

What to do next

Return to the installation workflow: Install Cisco Crosswork Network Controller on AWS EC2

Roles and Policy Permissions

This section describes the roles and the policy permissions that you must have when deploying the CF template on Amazon. For information on how to create and manage the roles, refer to the Amazon documentation.

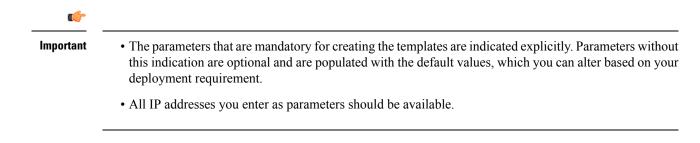
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Role	Actions
EC2	DescribeInternetGateways, DescribeNetworkInterfaces, DescribeImages, DeleteLaunchTemplate, DescribeSubnets, DescribeAccountAttributes, DescribeSecurityGroups, RunInstances, DescribeVpcs, DescribeInstances, CreateNetworkInterface, CreateTags, DescribeKeyPairs, CreateLaunchTemplate, DeleteNetworkInterface, TerminateInstances
ELB	DescribeLoadBalancers, CreateLoadBalancer, ModifyLoadBalancerAttributes, AddTags, DeleteLoadBalancer
ELB v2	DescribeLoadBalancers, CreateLoadBalancer, AddTags, DeleteLoadBalancer, CreateTargetGroup, CreateListener, DeleteListener, DescribeTargetGroups, ModifyLoadBalancerAttributes, DescribeListeners, RegisterTargets, DeleteTargetGroup, ModifyTargetGroupAttributes, DescribeTargetHealth
IAM	CreateNodegroup, DescribeNodegroup, DeleteNodegroup

Configure the CloudFormation (CF) Template Parameters

This section explains the important parameters that must be specified for module deployments.

- CF Template Parameters for Installing Cisco Crosswork Cluster VMs, on page 4
- CF Template Parameters for Installing Crosswork Data Gateway, on page 10
- CF Template Parameters for Installing NSO, on page 13
- CF Template Parameters for Installing Single Hybrid Cluster or Worker Node, on page 14



CF Template Parameters for Installing Cisco Crosswork Cluster VMs

This section describes the parameters that are required for deploying Cisco Crosswork Cluster VMs with 3 hybrid VMs on Amazon EC2. It also describes the Management and Data NLB parameters.

Once you have determined the subnet for your cluster nodes and any other virtual machines you are going to deploy, confirm that there are enough available IP addresses to support the number of VMs (and virtual IP addresses) needed.

Parameter	Description
VpcId	The virtual private cloud (VPC) ID of your existing VPC. For example, vpc-0f83aac74690101a3.
SecGroup	Precreated security group that must be applied to the stack. For example, sg-096ff4bc355af16a0. The group must allow ingress access to ports 22, 30160:31560.
CwSSHPassword	The SSH password of the Crosswork Network Controller.
	Important We recommend using an external secret store for the password.
CwAmild	The Crosswork AMI ID.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwMgmtSubnet1Id	Management subnet for Crosswork VM 1.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwMgmtSubnet2Id	Management subnet for Crosswork VM 2.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwMgmtSubnet3Id	Management subnet for Crosswork VM 3.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwMgmtSubnet1Netmask	The first management subnet netmask in the dotted-decimal form. For example, 255.255.255.0. This parameter is ignored when deploying on a single interface.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwMgmtSubnet2Netmask	The second management subnet netmask in the dotted-decimal form. For example, 255.255.255.0. This parameter is ignored when deploying on a single interface.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwMgmtSubnet3Netmask	The third management subnet netmask in the dotted-decimal form. For example, 255.255.255.0. This parameter is ignored when deploying on a single interface.
	This is a mandatory parameter.

Table 2: Cisco Crosswork Cluster VMs Deployment Parameters

Parameter	Description
CwMgmtSubnet1Gateway	The management default gateway on the selected data subnet. Typically, the first address on the subnet. This parameter is ignored when deployed on single interface mode.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwMgmtSubnet2Gateway	The management default gateway on the selected data subnet. Typically, the first address on the subnet. This parameter is ignored when deployed on single interface mode.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwMgmtSubnet3Gateway	The management default gateway on the selected data subnet. Typically, the first address on the subnet. This parameter is ignored when deployed on single interface mode.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
ManagementVIPName	Crosswork Management VIP name. For example, dev1-cwmgnt.
	This will be the host name to access the Crosswork cluster.
DataVIPName	Crosswork Data VIP name. For example, dev1-cwdata.
Route53DomainName	Domain name used for all Route53 objects.
	This is the DNS domain name for the Crosswork cluster.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
HostedZoneId	The Hosted Zone ID provided with the domain name (Route53DomainName). The Network Load Balancer (NLB) deployments require a predefined Route53 hosted zone.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
UseExternalNLB	Determines whether to use an external NLB for the Crosswork cluster (multi-AZ or subnet) or a Crosswork VIP (only single AZ or subnet). Options are True or False.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwClusterPlacementStrategy	The EC2 instance placement strategy that is valid for single availability zone. Default 'cluster' ensures maximum throughput. Options are:
	• cluster
	• partition
	• spread

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Parameter	Description
CwNodeType	The Crosswork Node Type for deployment. Options are Hybrid or Worker.
	A replacement Hybrid node must reuse the same IP addresses as the Hybrid node it is replacing.
	Default value is Worker.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
InterfaceDeploymentMode	The deployment mode.
	Options are 1 to deploy the Management interface or 2 to deploy the Management and Data interface.
CwDataSubnet1Id	Data subnet of Crosswork VM 1.
	In a single interface, the deployments happen on the subnet where the Management interface is deployed.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwDataSubnet2Id	Data subnet of Crosswork VM 2.
	In a single interface, the deployments happen on the subnet where the Management interface is deployed.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwDataSubnet3Id	Data subnet of Crosswork VM 3.
	In a single interface, the deployments happen on the subnet where the Management interface is deployed.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwDataSubnet1Netmask	The first data subnet netmask in the dotted-decimal form. For example, 255.255.255.0. This parameter is ignored when deploying in a single interface mode.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwDataSubnet1Gateway	The first default data gateway on the selected data subnet. Typically, the value is the first address on the subnet. This parameter is ignored when deploying in a single interface mode.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwDataSubnet2Netmask	The second data subnet netmask in the dotted-decimal form. For example, 255.255.255.0. This parameter is ignored when deploying in a single interface mode.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwDataSubnet2Gateway	The second data subnet netmask in the dotted-decimal form. This parameter is ignored when deploying in a single interface mode.
	This is a mandatory parameter.

Parameter	Description	
CwDataSubnet3Netmask	The third data subnet netmask in the dotted-decimal form. For example, 255.255.255.0. This parameter is ignored when deploying in a single interface mode.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CwDataSubnet3Gateway	The third data subnet netmask in the dotted-decimal form. This parameter is ignored when deploying in a single interface mode.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CwMgmtVIP	The current Crosswork Management VIP address.	
CwDataVIP	The current Crosswork Data VIP address. When using an external NLB, you can leave this parameter empty.	
Cw1MgmtIP	A free address on the management subnet. If not specified, an address is automatically assigned.	
CwlDataIP	A free address on the data subnet. If not specified, an address is automatically assigned.	
Cw2MgmtIP	A free address on the management subnet. If not specified, an address is automatically assigned .	
Cw2DataIP	A free address on the data subnet. If not specified, an address is automatically assigned.	
Cw3MgmtIP	A free address on the management subnet. If not specified, an address is automatically assigned.	
Cw3DataIP	A free address on the data subnet. If not specified, an address is automatically assigned .	
OtherCwMgmtIP1	The Management IP address \#1 of the existing Crosswork node. This is used when the deployment happens with an external load balancer.	
OtherCwMgmtIP2	The Management IP address \#2 of the existing Crosswork node. This parameter is used when the deployment happens with an external load balancer.	
OtherCwDataIP1	The Data IP address \#1 of the existing Crosswork node. This parameter is used when the deployment happens with an external load balancer.	
OtherCwDataIP2	CwDataIP2 The Data IP address \#2 of the existing Crosswork node. This part is used when the deployment happens with an external load balar	

Parameter	Description
InstanceType	The EC2 instance type for the node instances.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
RunAsSpotInstance	A spot instance.
	Options are:
	• True: to enable the feature
	• False: to disable the feature
	Default value is False.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
DataDiskSize	Crosswork data disk size. The default is 450 GB and should be fine for most deployments. Enter the default unless otherwise directed by Cisco Customer Experience team.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
K8sServiceNetwork	The network address for the Kubernetes service network. The CIDR range is fixed to '/16'. If not provided, the default will be taken, that is, 10.96.0.0.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
K8sPodNetwork	The network address for the Kubernetes pod network. The CIDR range is fixed to '/16'."
	This is a mandatory parameter.
SkipAutoInstall	Configures the Skip Auto Install feature. Options are:
	• True: to enable the feature
	• False: to disable the feature
	Default value is False.
	This is a mandatory parameter.

Table 3: Crosswork VM Customization

Table 4: Cisco Crosswork Cluster Management NLB Deployment Parameters

Parameter	Description
VpcId	The virtual private cloud (VPC) ID of your existing VPC. For example, vpc-0f83aac74690101a3.
CwTargetSubnetIdList	This is a list of the Crosswork management subnets.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwTargetIP1	This is a Crosswork VM management IP. In this template, this is a mandatory parameter.

Parameter	Description
CwTargetIP2	This is a Crosswork VM management IP. In this template, this is a mandatory parameter.
CwTargetIP3	This is a Crosswork VM management IP. In this template, this is a mandatory parameter.
Route53DomainName	Domain name used for all Route53 objects.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
HostName	The domain name used for all Route53 objects.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
HostedZoneId	The hosted zone ID.
	This is a mandatory parameter.

Table 5: Data NLB Deployment Parameters

Parameter	Description
VpcId	The virtual private cloud (VPC) ID of your existing VPC. For example, vpc-0f83aac74690101a3.
CwTargetSubnetIdList	The first management subnet for the Crosswork VMs.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
CwTargetIP1	A free address on the management subnet. If not specified, an address is automatically assigned.
CwTargetIP2	A free address on the management subnet. If not specified, an address is automatically assigned.
CwTargetIP3	A free address on the management subnet. If not specified, an address is automatically assigned.
Route53DomainName	Domain name used for all Route53 objects.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
HostName	The domain name used for all Route53 objects.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
HostedZoneId	The hosted zone ID.
	This is a mandatory parameter.

CF Template Parameters for Installing Crosswork Data Gateway

This section describes the parameters that are required when creating the data gateway control plane, node, pool, and other important containers. It also has parameters that are required for creating EC2 Crosswork Data Gateway NLB stack.

Parameter	Description	
AwsIamRole	The Amazon Web Services IAM role name for the EC2 VIP update.	
VpcId	The virtual private cloud (VPC) ID of your existing VPC. For example, vpc-0f83aac74690101a3.	
SecGroup	A pre-created security group that must be applied to the stack. For example, sg-096ff4bc355af16a0. The group must allow ingress access to all ports that Crosswork, NSO, Crosswork Data Gateway, and IOS-XR uses.	
CDGSSHPassword	The SSH password to be configured on the data gateway node.	
CDGOperPassword	The password to be configured on data gateway for Dg-Oper user.	
CDGAmiId	The Crosswork Data Gateway AMI ID.	
InstanceType	The EC2 instance type for the node instances.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CNCControllerIP	Host address or name of the data gateway controller. In a multi-AZ deployment, this value must be the name.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CNCControllerPassword	The cw-admin user password used to access Crosswork or CNC Controller.	
InterfaceDeploymentMode	Crosswork Data Gateway deployment mode.	
	The options are:	
	• 1: to deploy all the interfaces.	
	• 2: to deploy the Management and Data interfaces.	
	• 3: to deploy the Management, Data, and Control interfaces.	
CDGInterface0IPAddress	A free IP address on the subnet. If set to 0.0.0.0, the IP address is automatically allocated.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CDGInterface0SubnetId	The first interface subnet for the data gateway VM.	
CDGInterface0Gateway	The default gateway on the selected subnet. Typically, the first address on the subnet.	

Table 6: Crosswork Data Gateway Deployment Parameters

Parameter	Description	
CDGInterface0SubnetNetmask	The first interface subnet netmask in the dotted-decimal form. For example, 255.255.255.0.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CDGInterfacelIPAddress	A free IP address on the first subnet. If set to 0.0.0, the IP address is automatically allocated.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CDGInterface1SubnetId	The second interface subnet for the data gateway. The subnet must be in the same availability zone as the CDGInterfaceOSubnetId.	
CDGInterfacelGateway	The second interface default gateway on the selected subnet. Typically, the first address on the subnet.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CDGInterfacelSubnetNetmask	The second interface subnet netmask in the dotted-decimal form. For example, 255.255.255.0. This parameter is ignored when dual interface mode is not used.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CDGInterface2IPAddress	A free IP address on the second subnet. If set to 0.0.0.0, the IP address is automatically allocated.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CDGInterface2SubnetId	The third interface subnet for the data gateway VM. The subnet must be in the same availability zone as the CDGInterface0SubnetId.	
CDGInterface2Gateway	The third interface default gateway on the selected subnet. Typically, the first address on the subnet.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CDGInterface2SubnetNetmask	The third interface subnet netmask in the dotted-decimal form. For example, 255.255.255.0. This parameter is ignored when triple interface mode is not used.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CNCControllerIP	Host address of the data gateway controller.	

Parameter	Description	
HANetworkMode	The data gateway HA mode.	
	The pool mode options are:	
	• L2: Use this option when you specify IP addresses for creating the HA pool.	
	• L3: Use this option when you specify FQDN for creating the HA pool and for multi-subnet deployment.	
	For information on the pool types, refer to the <i>Create a Cisco Crosswork</i> Data Gateway Pool section in Cisco Crosswork Network Controller 7.0 Administration Guide.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
DataDiskSize	Size of the Crosswork data disk. The minimum size is 20. Default size is 50.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CDGProfile	The deployment profile of data gateway.	
	• Standard	
	• Extended	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CdgInstanceHostname	The data gateway instance name, for example CDG-01.	
az_id	The physical location of Availability Zone 1 and 2.	
region_id	The physical location of the data gateway VM.	
site_location	The location of the primary and second Crosswork sites.	
	During enrollment, Crosswork sends this value to cdg-manager to preset the cluster affiliation of the instance.	

Table 7: Crosswork Data Gateway and Network Load Balancer (NLB) Stack Parameters

Parameter	Description
VpcId	The VPC ID of the worker instances.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
SubnetId1	The management ID of subnet 1.
	This is a mandatory parameter.
SubnetId2	The management ID of subnet 2.
	This is a mandatory parameter.

Parameter	Description	
DomainName	The domain name.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
HostedZoneId	The hosted zone ID.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CdgPoolHostname	Name of the Route53 record.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CdgTargetIP1	The IP address 1 of the Management node.	
	In the event of a single data gateway, one target IP must be configured.	
CdgTargetIP2	The IP address 2 of the Management node.	
LBIPaddress1	The first LB IP address on subnet.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
LBIPaddress2	The second LB IP address on subnet.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	

CF Template Parameters for Installing NSO

This section describes the parameters that are required for deploying NSO on Amazon EC2.

Table 8: NSO Deployment Parameters

Parameter	Description	
VpcId	The virtual private cloud (VPC) ID of your existing VPC. For example, vpc-0f83aac74690101a3.	
SecGroup	A pre-created security group that must be applied to the stack. For example, sg-096ff4bc355af16a0. The group must allow ingress access to ports 22, 30160:31560.	
NSOSubnetId	The subnet for the NSO VM.	
KeyName	Name of an existing EC2 Key Pair to enable SSH access to the instance.	
NSOAmild	The NSO AMI ID.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
NSOInterface0IPAddress	A free IP address on the second subnet. If set to 0.0.0.0, the IP address is automatically allocated.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	

Parameter	Description	
InstanceType	The EC2 instance type for the node instances.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	

CF Template Parameters for Installing Single Hybrid Cluster or Worker Node

This section describes the parameters that are required for deploying a single cluster node (Hybrid or Worker).

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Attention

• A replacement hybrid node must reuse the same IP addresses as the hybrid VM it is replacing.

• As you will be adding another node (worker or hybrid) to the existing cluster determine the subnet that is being used and find an additional available IP on that subnet.

Parameter	Description	
VpcId	The virtual private cloud (VPC) ID of your existing VPC. For example, vpc-0f83aac74690101a3.	
SecGroup	A pre-created security group that must be applied to the stack. For example, sg-096ff4bc355af16a0. The group must allow ingress access to ports 22, 30160:31560.	
EC2ENIRole	Existing role name for the Crosswork cluster. The role must permit EC2 access.	
CwAmild	The Crosswork AMI ID.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CwSSHPassword	The SSH password of the Crosswork Network Controller.	
	Important We recommend using an external secret store for the password.	
InstanceType	The EC2 instance type for the node instances.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
ManagementVIPName	Crosswork Management VIP name. For example, dev1-cwmgnt.	
DataVIPName	Crosswork Data VIP name. For example, dev1-cwdata.	
Route53DomainName	Domain name used for all Route53 objects.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	

Table 9: Single Hybrid Cluster or Worker Cisco Crosswork Nodes Deployment Parameters

Parameter	Description	
UseExternalNLB	Determines whether to use an external NLB for the Crosswork cluster (multi-AZ or subnet) or a Crosswork VIP (only single AZ or subnet). Options are True or False.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CwMgmtSubnetId	The management subnet for the Crosswork VMs.	
CwMgmtSubnetNetmask	The management subnet netmask in dotted decimal form. For example, 255.255.255.0. This parameter is ignored when deploying in a single interface mode.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CwDataSubnetGateway	The management default gateway on the selected data subnet. Typically, the first address on the subnet. This parameter is ignored when deployed on single interface mode.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CwDataSubnetId	The data subnet for the Crosswork VMs.	
CwDataSubnetNetmask	The data subnet netmask in dotted decimal form. For example, 255.255.255.0. This parameter is ignored when deploying in a single interface mode.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CwDataSubnetGateway	The data default gateway on the selected data subnet. Typically, the first address on the subnet. This parameter is ignored when deployed on single interface mode.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
CwNodeType	The Crosswork Node Type for deployment. Options are Hybrid or Worker.	
	A replacement Hybrid node must reuse the same IP addresses as the Hybrid node it is replacing.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
DataDiskSize	Crosswork data disk size. The default is 450 (in GB) and should be fine for most deployments. Enter the default unless otherwise directed by Cisco Customer Experience team.	
	This is a mandatory parameter.	
K8sServiceNetwork	The network address for the Kubernetes service network. The CIDR range is fixed to '/16'. If not provided, the default (10.96.0.0) is taken.	
K8sPodNetwork	The network address for the Kubernetes pod network. The CIDR range is fixed to '/16'. If not provided, the default (10.244.0.0) is taken.	

Parameters	Description	
CwMgmtVIP	The current Crosswork Management VIP address.	
CwDataVIP	The current Crosswork Data VIP address. When using an external NLB, you can leave this parameter empty.	
CwlMgmtIP	A free address on the management subnet. If not specified, an address is automatically assigned.	
CwlDataIP	A free address on the data subnet. If not specified, an address is automatically assigned.	
OtherCwMgmtIP1	The first Management IP address of the existing Crosswork node. This is used when the deployment happens with an external load balancer.	
OtherCwMgmtIP2	The second Management IP address of the existing Crosswork node. This parameter is used when the deployment happens with an external load balancer.	
OtherCwDataIP1	The first Data IP address of the existing Crosswork node. This parameter is used when the deployment happens with an external load balancer.	
OtherCwDataIP2	The second Data IP address of the existing Crosswork node. This parameter is used when the deployment happens with an external load balancer.	

Table 10: Optional VM parameters

Install Using Module Deployment Method

The module-based deployment procedures involve deploying each resource separately. Each resource has its own template file, which can be used to deploy them individually. For more information, see the following topics:

- Install Cisco Crosswork Cluster on Amazon EC2, on page 16
- Install Crosswork Data Gateway on Amazon EC2, on page 17
- Install Cisco NSO on Amazon EC2, on page 22
- Deploy an Additional Crosswork Cluster Node, on page 23

Install Cisco Crosswork Cluster on Amazon EC2

This section provides an overview of how Cisco Crosswork cluster is installed on Amazon EC2.

Cisco Crosswork uses a set of CF templates to deploy Crosswork cluster.

Crosswork Cluster Deployment Workflow

The Crosswork cluster deployment procedure involves deploying various Crosswork resources using the corresponding YAML files.

Table 11: Resources Deployed During Crosswork Cluster Deployment

Resource	Description
EC2 Cluster	The main stack (cw-cluster.yaml) which will deploy other nested stacks for creating EC2 CW NLBs.
Management NLB	The cw-mgmt-nlb.yaml file creates Network Load Balancer, Target Groups, Listeners and Route53Record for EC2 CW Management Nodes.
Data NLB	The cw-data-nlb.yaml file creates Network Load Balancer, Target Groups, Listeners and Route53Record for EC2 CW Data Nodes

Installation Parameters

For list of important parameters that you must specify in the CF templates that are used to deploy Crosswork cluster, see CF Template Parameters for Installing Cisco Crosswork Cluster VMs, on page 4. Crosswork cluster is deployed on Amazon EC2 based on the parameters specified in the templates.



Note Once you have determined the subnet for your cluster nodes and any other virtual machines you are going to deploy, confirm that there are enough available IP addresses to support the number of VMs (and virtual IP addresses) needed.

Deploy the CF Templates

You can install the Crosswork cluster on Amazon EC2 by customizing the CF templates. For the list of CF templates that are used for Crosswork cluster deployment, see Crosswork Cluster Deployment Workflow, on page 16.

For instructions on how to deploy the CF templates on Amazon EC2, see Deploy a CF Template, on page 24.

Verify the Installation

Verify that the Crosswork cluster installation is successful by following the steps in Monitor the Installation, on page 25.

Deploy an Additional Crosswork Cluster Node

For instructions on how to deploy an additional worker/hybrid node on the Crosswork cluster, see Deploy an Additional Crosswork Cluster Node, on page 23.

What to do next

Return to the installation workflow: Install Cisco Crosswork Network Controller on AWS EC2

Install Crosswork Data Gateway on Amazon EC2

This section provides an overview of how Crosswork Data Gateway is installed on Amazon EC2.

Crosswork Data Gateway Deployment Workflow

Crosswork Data Gateway deployment procedure involves deploying various Crosswork resources using the corresponding YAML files.

The main file **cdg-stack-ec2.yaml** deploys the stacks for a single data gateway NLB (**cdg-nlb.yaml**) and two data gateways (**cdg.yaml**).

- An additional data gateway VM to the data gateway high availability pool is deployed using the **cdg.yaml** file. For each additional VM deployment, you must repeat the deployment procedure.
- An additional NLB and data gateway high availability pool is deployed using the cdg-nlb.yaml file.

The following table provides information about the components are installed:

Table 12: Resources Deployed During Crosswork Data Gateway Deployment

Resource	Description
EC2 Crosswork Data Gateway	The resources related to EC2 node are created by deploying the cdg.yaml file.
Crosswork Data Gateway Network Load Balancer	The EC2 NLB components (target groups, network load balancer, data listeners, and NLB route 53 record) are created by deploying the cdg-nlb.yaml file.

Installation Parameters

For list of important parameters in the Crosswork Data Gateway CF templates, see CF Template Parameters for Installing Crosswork Data Gateway, on page 10.

The data gateway is deployed on Amazon EC2 based on the parameters specified in the CF templates. For list of CF templates that are used for data gateway deployment, see #unique_100 unique_100_Connect_42_section_rpb_cpy_pxb.

Deploy the CF Templates

For instructions on how to deploy the CF templates on Amazon EC2, see Deploy a CF Template, on page 24.

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Note Amazon EC2 mandates entering an IP address for the vNIC2 interface when data gateway is deployed using 3 NICs. This is an AWS EC2 requirement and not imposed by Crosswork.

Verify the Installation

Verify that the Crosswork Data Gateway installation is successful by following the steps in Monitor the Installation, on page 25.

What to do next

Return to the installation workflow: Install Cisco Crosswork Network Controller on AWS EC2

Auto-Configuration for Deploying Crosswork Data Gateway

The auto-configuration procedure discovers the configuration parameters that are missing, and it automatically defines the mandatory parameters to install Base VM. The configuration parameters are passed using the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) framework. In the Day 0 configuration, the auto-configuration mechanism defines only the essential parameters with the default values.

A default password is provided during the auto-configuration to comply with the security policies. On the initial log in, the dg-admin and dg-oper users must change the default password. The Crosswork Data Gateway services are inactive until the default password is changed.

The auto-configuration process supports the default 3 NIC deployment. In particular, only eth0 is configured for the Management network.

The DHCP interaction takes place over the eth0 interface. The auto-configuration procedure uses the default values stored on the DHCP server. After Base VM is deployed, you can configure or modify the default values using the Interactive Console. For more information about the console, see *Cisco Crosswork Network Controller* 7.0 Administration Guide.



Important The auto-configuration mechanism is not supported for deploying data gateway on the VMware platform.

How does Auto-configuration Work

- 1. Install the Base VM.
- 2. Crosswork Data Gateway searches for the Day 0 config.txt file.
- 3. If the config.txt file is not found, the Crosswork Data Gateway starts the auto-configuration process, and the required parameters are set with the default values. In the background, the Crosswork Data Gateway sends a request to the DHCP server to obtain the default parameter values. Once the response is received, the parameters are configured accordingly.

Parameters used during Auto-Configuration

The auto-configuration utility configures the following parameters with the default values. For more information about these parameters, see Crosswork Data Gateway Parameters and Deployment Scenarios.

Name	Parameter	Default Value
AllowRFC8190	AllowRFC8190	The default value is Yes.
Auditd Server Port	AuditdPort	The default port is 60.
Crosswork Controller Port	ControllerPort	The default port is 30607.
Description	Description	The default value is CDG auto configure.

Table 13: Cisco Crosswork Data Gateway Mandatory Deployment Parameters

Parameter	Default Value	
dg-adminPassword	The default password is changeme.	
	Reset the default value with the password that you have chosen for the dg-admin user.	
	Password must be 8-64 characters.	
dg-operPassword	The default password is changeme.	
	Reset the default value with the password you have chosen for the dg-oper user.	
	Password must be 8-64 characters.	
DGAppdataDisk	The default value of this parameter is 5.	
DNS	The default values of this parameter are	
	208.67.222.222	
	208.67.220.220	
DNSSEC	The default value of this parameter is False.	
DNSTLS	The default value of this parameter is False.	
Domain	The default value of this parameter is localdomain.	
HANetworkMode	The default value of this parameter is L2.	
Hostname	The default value of this parameter is dg- <eth0 address="">.</eth0>	
	Where < eth0-address > is the address of vNIC0.	
LLMNR	The default value of this parameter is False.	
mDNS	The default value of this parameter is False.	
NicAdministration	The default value of this parameter is eth0.	
NicControl	The default value of this parameter is eth1.	
NicDefaultGateway	The default value of this parameter is eth0.	
NicExternalLogging	The default value of this parameter is eth0.	
NicManagement	The default value of this parameter is eth0.	
NicNBExternalData	The default value of this parameter is eth1.	
NicNBSystemData	The default value of this parameter is eth1.	
	dg-adminPassword dg-operPassword DGAppdataDisk DNS DNSSEC DNSTLS Domain HANetworkMode Hostname Hostname LLMNR mDNS NicAdministration NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl NicControl	

Name	Parameter	Default Value
NicSBData	NicSBData	The default value of this parameter is the last active interface such as eth0 for 1-NIC deployment, eth1 for 2-NIC.
NTPv4 Servers	NTP	The default values of this parameter are
		162.159.200.1
		65.100.46.164
		40.76.132.147
		104.131.139.195
Use NTPv4 Authentication	NTPAuth	The default value of this parameter is False.
Profile	Profile	The default value of this parameter is standard.
Syslog Multiserver Mode	SyslogMultiserverMode	The default value of this parameter is Simultaneous.
Syslog Server Port	SyslogPort	The default value of this parameter is 514.
Syslog Server Protocol	SyslogProtocol	The default value of this parameter is UDP.
Use Syslog over TLS	SyslogTLS	The default value of this parameter is False.
Use Remote Auditd Server	UseRemoteAuditd	The default value of this parameter is False.
Use Remote Syslog Server	UseRemoteSyslog	The default value of this parameter is False.
vNIC IPv4 Method	Vnic0IPv4Method	The default value of this parameter is DHCP.
vNIC IPv4 Skip Gateway	Vnic0IPv4SkipGateway	The default value of this parameter is False.
vNIC IPv6 Method	Vnic0IPv6Method	The default value is None.
vNIC IPv6 Skip Gateway	Vnic0IPv6SkipGateway	The default value is False.
vNIC IPv4 Method	VniclIPv4Method	The default value is DHCP.
vNIC IPv4 Skip Gateway	Vnic1IPv4SkipGateway	The default value is False.
vNIC IPv6 Method	Vnic1IPv6Method	The default value is None.
vNIC IPv6 Skip Gateway	VniclIPv6SkipGateway	The default value is False.
vNIC IPv4 Method	Vnic2IPv4Method	The default value is DHCP.
vNIC IPv4 Skip Gateway	Vnic2IPv4SkipGateway	The default value is False.
vNIC IPv6 Method	Vnic2IPv6Method	The default value is None.
vNIC IPv6 Skip Gateway	Vnic2IPv6SkipGateway	The default vale is False.

Install Cisco NSO on Amazon EC2

This section provides an overview of how Cisco NSO is installed on Amazon EC2.

Cisco Crosswork uses a set of CF templates to deploy NSO.

NSO Deployment Workflow

The NSO deployment procedure involves deploying various Crosswork resources using the corresponding YAML files.

The **nso-stack-ec2.yaml** file deploys stacks for one NSO NLB (**nso-nlb-ec2.yaml**) and two NSOs (**nso.yaml**). See below table for more information.

Table 14: Resources Deployed During NSO Deployment

Resource	Description
EC2 NSO	The nso.yaml file is deployed to create the EC2 node resources (network interface and an instance) in the stack.
NSO NLB	The nso-nlb-ec2.yaml file is deployed to create the EC2 NLB resources (target groups, network load balancer, data listeners, and NLB route 53 record) in the stack.

Installation Parameters

For list of important parameters that you must specify in the CF templates that are used to deploy NSO, see CF Template Parameters for Installing NSO, on page 13. NSO is deployed on Amazon EC2 based on the parameters specified in the templates.

Note

While deleting the NSO setup, delete the NSO Route53 Record (NsoRoute53RecordName) manually.

Deploy the CF Templates

You can install NSO on Amazon EC2 by customizing the CF templates. For list of CF templates that are used for NSO deployment, see NSO Deployment Workflow, on page 22.

For instructions on how to deploy the CF templates on Amazon EC2, see Deploy a CF Template, on page 24.

Verify the Installation

Verify that the NSO installation is successful by following the steps in Monitor the Installation, on page 25.

What to do next

Return to the installation workflow: Install Cisco Crosswork Network Controller on AWS EC2

Deploy an Additional Crosswork Cluster Node

This section explains how to deploy an additional worker/hybrid node on the Crosswork cluster.

Deploying an additional node on the Crosswork cluster involves deploying the Crosswork network configuration and VM customization resources using the **cw-add-vm.yaml** file.

Important

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Before deploying an additional worker node, ensure that the Crosswork cluster and Crosswork application have been created.



Note

A new hybrid node MUST reuse the same IP addresses as the hybrid VM it is replacing, and a maximum of 3 hybrid nodes are allowed.

Installation Parameters

For list of important parameters that you must specify in the CF template that is used to deploy an additional node on the Crosswork cluster, see CF Template Parameters for Installing Single Hybrid Cluster or Worker Node, on page 14. Additional nodes are deployed on the Crosswork cluster based on the parameters specified in the templates.

Deploy the CF Templates

You can install an additional worker/hybrid node on the Crosswork cluster by customizing the CF template.

For instructions on how to deploy the CF templates on Amazon EC2, see Deploy a CF Template, on page 24.

Verify the Installation

Verify that the nodes are attached to the Crosswork cluster. On the EC2 console, select the Crosswork cluster and make sure that the nodes that you added appear under the **Compute** section. For more information, see Monitor the Installation, on page 25.

What to do next

Return to the installation workflow: Install Cisco Crosswork Network Controller on AWS EC2

Manage CF Template Deployment

The following sections explain how to deploy a CF template on Amazon EC2 and verify its installation:

- Deploy a CF Template, on page 24
- Monitor the Installation, on page 25

Deploy a CF Template

You can install Crosswork on Amazon EC2 with custom resources. Depending on the configured parameters, the needed components with the capabilities are also installed.

Before you begin

- Make sure that you have met the Resource Requirements and Prerequisites prescribed for installing Crosswork on Amazon EC2.
- Ensure that you have access to the CloudFormation templates that are stored in the S3 bucket or on your local machine. If the template is in Amazon S3, keep the URL of the template file copied.
- **Step 1** Log in to the AWS account and navigate to the S3 bucket. If the CF template is on your local computer, you can upload the template.
- Step 2 In the AWS CloudFormation console, navigate to the Stacks page and choose Create stack > With new resources (standard). The Create stack page opens.
- **Step 3** Enter the following details:
 - a. Under Prerequisite Prepare template, select Template is ready.
 - **b.** Under Specify template > Template source, select one of the following options:
 - If you have the YAML or JSON file URL directing to the S3 bucket where the CF template is located, select **Amazon S3 URL**. In the **Amazon S3 URL** field, enter the URL and click **Next**.
 - If the CF template is saved on your local computer, select **Upload a template file** and click **Choose File** to select the file that you want to upload. After you have selected the template, Amazon uploads the file and displays the S3 URL. Click **Next**.
 - Note (Optional) Click View in Designer to view a visual representation of the execution flow in your CF template.
- **Step 4** In the **Specify stack details** page, enter the relevant values for the stack name and parameter values. Click **Next**.

Note The parameter field names visible in this window are defined by the parameters in the CF template.

- **Step 5** Review the parameter values that you have configured.
- **Step 6** Under the **Capabilities**, select the check boxes next to:
 - I acknowledge that AWS CloudFormation might create IAM resources with custom names.
 - I acknowledge that AWS CloudFormation might require the following capability: CAPABILITY_AUTO_EXPAND.
- Step 7 Click Submit.

What to do next

The time taken to create the cluster can vary based on the size of your deployment profile and the performance characteristics of your hardware. See Monitor the Installation, on page 25 to know how you can check the status of the installation.

Monitor the Installation

This section describes how to verify if the deployment is complete without errors.

Step 1 In the CloudFormation console, from the left-hand side **Stacks** pane, select the stack that you have deployed.

- **Step 2** The stack details are displayed on the right. Click on each tab in this window to view details of the stack. If the stack creation is in progress, the status of the stack in the **Events** tab is CREATE_IN_PROGRESS.
- **Step 3** After the stack is created:
 - The status of the stack changes to CREATE_COMPLETE and the Logical ID displays the stack name.
 - The **Resources** tab displays details of the all the resources that the CF template has created, including the physical IDs.
 - The Outputs tab has details of the VM's interface IP addresses.

What to do next

After the stack creation is complete, you can access the Crosswork UI and monitor the health of your cluster. For more information on how to log in to the Crosswork UI, see Accessing the Crosswork UI, on page 25.

Accessing the Crosswork UI

After the stacks are created, you can check if all the nodes are up and running in the cluster from the Cisco Crosswork UI.

Before you begin

- Ensure that you have a spare Network Load Balancer (NLB). To access Crosswork UI, use an external NLB that routes requests to its targets using the protocol DNS and port number that you specify.
- Verify that the Crosswork cluster and pods are in the running state. For information on how to view the status of the cluster, see Monitor the Installation, on page 25.
- Make sure to keep the IP address of the Management node copied. This IP address is used to access the Crosswork UI. You can copy the IP address from the **Outputs** tab of the CloudFormation console. For information on accessing the **Outputs** tab, see Monitor the Installation, on page 25.

Step 1 Log in to the AWS console and navigate to **Target Groups** to register the targets.

Step 2 Under Targets, click Register targets. The Register targets page opens.

- **Step 3** In the **IPv4 address**, specify the Management IP address that you copied from the CloudFormation console.
- **Step 4** Specify the port as 30603. Click **Include as pending below**
- Step 5 Click Register pending targets.

To deregister the targets that are no longer in use, select the target and click **Deregister**.

- **Step 6** After the target is in the healthy state, click on the load balancer name under **Details**. The **Load balancer** page opens.
- **Step 7** Copy the DNS name from the **DNS name** column.
- Step 8 Launch a supported browser and enter the following in the address bar: https://<DNS name>:30603/
 - **Note** When you access Cisco Crosswork for the first time, some browsers display a warning that the site is untrusted. When this happens, follow the prompts to add a security exception and download the self-signed certificate from Cisco Crosswork server. After you add a security exception, the browser accepts the server as a trusted site in all future login attempts. If you want to use a CA signed certificate, see the *Manage Certificates* section in *Crosswork Network Controller 7.0 Administration Guide*.
- **Step 9** Log in to Cisco Crosswork as follows:
 - a. Enter the Cisco Crosswork administrator username admin and the default password admin.
 - b. Click Log In.
 - c. When prompted to change the administrator's default password, enter the new password in the fields provided, and then click OK.
 - **Note** Use a strong VM Password (minimum 8 characters long, including upper & lower case letters, numbers, and one special character). Avoid using passwords similar to dictionary words (for example, "Pa55w0rd!") or relatable words.
- **Step 10** (Optional) Click on the **Crosswork Health** tab, and click on the Crosswork Infrastructure tile to view the health status of the microservices running on Cisco Crosswork.

What to do next

Return to the installation workflow: Install Cisco Crosswork Network Controller on AWS EC2

Crosswork Data Gateway Post-installation Tasks

This section lists the steps that you can complete after you have deployed Crosswork Data Gateway.

Configure Timezone of the Data Gateway VM

In general, the data gateway VM launches with the default timezone as UTC. Cisco recommends that you configure the timezone to match your geographical area. With this configuration, all the Crosswork Data Gateway processes including the Showtech logs use the same configured timezone.

- **Step 1** In the data gateway VM interactive menu, select **Change Current System Settings**.
- Step 2 Select 9 Timezone.

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Step 3 Select the geographic area in which you live.

Figure 1: Timezone Settings - Geographic Area Selection

```
Configuring tzdata
Please select the geographic area in which you live. Subsequent
configuration questions will narrow this down by presenting a list of
cities, representing the time zones in which they are located.
Geographic area:
                         Asia
                         Atlantic Ocean
                                               Europe
                                               Indian Ocean
                         Pacific Ocean
                                               System V timezones
                        US
                                               None of the above
                  <0k>
                                             <Cancel>
```

Step 4 Select the city or region corresponding to your timezone.

Figure 2: Timezone Settings - Region Selection

Please select the city	Configuring or region co		g to	your	time	zone.
Time zone:						
	laska Leutian					
Ce Ea Ha St Mi Pa	rizona entral astern awaii tarke County ichigan buntain acific Ocean amoa	(Indiana)				
<0k>		<can< td=""><td>cel></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></can<>	cel>			

- **Step 5** Select **OK** to save the settings.
- **Step 6** Reboot the data gateway VM so that all processes pick up the new timezone.

Step 7 Log out of the data gateway VM.

Log in and Log out of the Data Gateway VM

This section describes how to log in and out to the data gateway VM.

Follow these steps to access and log out of the data gateway VM:

- Access Crosswork Data Gateway VM from SSH, on page 28
- Log out of Crosswork Data Gateway VM, on page 28

Access Crosswork Data Gateway VM from SSH

Secure Shell (SSH) offers a protection from brute force attacks by blocking the client IP after several login failures. Failures such as incorrect username or password, connection disconnect, or algorithm mismatch are counted against the IP. Up to 4 failures within a 20 minute window causes the client IP to be blocked for at least 7 minutes. Continuing to accumulate failures cause the blocked time to be increased. Each client IP is tracked separately.

Follow these steps to log in to the data gateway VM from SSH.

Step 1 From your work station with network access to the data gateway management IP, run the following command:

ssh <username>@<ManagementNetworkIP>

where ManagementNetworkIP is the management network IP address.

For example,

To login as administrator user: ssh dg-admin@<ManagementNetworkIP>

To log in as operator user: ssh dg-oper@<ManagementNetworkIP>

The Crosswork Data Gateway flash screen opens prompting for password.

Step 2 Input the corresponding password (the one that you created during installation process) and press **Enter**.

If you are unable to access the data gateway VM, there is an issue with your network configuration settings. From the console, check the network settings. If they are incorrect, it is best to delete the data gateway VM and reinstall with the correct network settings.

Log out of Crosswork Data Gateway VM

To log out of the data gateway VM, from the Main Menu, select I Logout and press Enter or click OK.

Troubleshoot Crosswork Data Gateway Installation and Enrollment

If Crosswork Data Gateway fails to autoenroll with Crosswork Network Controller, you can collect Crosswork Data Gateway show-tech (**Main menu** > **5 Troubleshooting** > **2 Run show-tech**) and check for the reason in controller-gateway logs. For more information on how to collect show-tech logs, see the *Collect show-tech*

logs from the Interactive Console section in Cisco Crosswork Network Controller 7.0 Administration Guide. If there are session establishment or certificate-related issues, ensure that the controller.pem certificate is uploaded using the Interactive Console.

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Important When using an IPv6 address, it must be surrounded by square brackets ([1::1]).

The following table lists common problems that might be experienced while installing or enrolling Crosswork Data Gateway, and provides approaches to identifying the source of the problem and solving it.

Table 15: Troubleshooting the Installation/Enrollment

Issue	Action
Crosswork Data Gateway cannot be enrolled with	1. Log in to the data gateway VM.
Crosswork Network Controller due to an NTP issue, that is, there is a clock-drift between the two.	2. From the main menu, select 5 Troubleshooting > 2 Run show-tech .
The clock-drift might be with either Crosswork Data Gateway or Crosswork Network Controller.	Enter the destination to save the tarball containing logs and vitals and click OK .
Also, on the NTP servers for Crosswork Network Controller and Crosswork Data Gateway, the initial time is set to the ESXi server. For this	The show-tech is now encrypted with a file extension ending with .tar.xz.
reason, the ESXi server must also have NTP configured.	3. Run the following command to decrypt the show-tech file.
Sync the clock time on the host and retry.	openssl enc -d -AES-256-CBC -pbkdf2 -md sha512 -iter 100000 -in <showtech file=""> -out <decrypted filename=""> -pass pass:<encrypt string></encrypt </decrypted></showtech>
	In the show-tech logs (in file session.log at location /opt/dg/log/controller-gateway/session.log), if you see the error UNAUTHENTICATED:invalid certificate. reason: x509: certificate has expired or is not yet valid, then there is a clock-drift between Crosswork Data Gateway and Crosswork Network Controller.
	3. From the main menu, go to 3 Change Current System Settings > 1 Configure NTP.
	Configure NTP to sync with the clock time on the Crosswork Network Controller server and try reenrolling Crosswork Data Gateway.

Issue	Action		
Crosswork Data Gateway remains in degraded	1. Log in to the data gateway VM.		
state for more than 10 minutes with reason stated as "Could not collect vitals" due to certificate errors.	2. From the main menu, select 5 Troubleshooting > 2 Run show-tech .		
	Enter the destination to save the tarball containing logs and vitals and click OK .		
	The show-tech is now encrypted with a file extension ending with .tar.xz.		
	3. Run the following command to decrypt the show-tech file.		
	openssl enc -d -AES-256-CBC -pbkdf2 -md sha512 -iter 100000 -in <showtech file=""> -out <decrypted filename=""> -pass pass:<encrypt string></encrypt </decrypted></showtech>		
	In the show-tech logs (in file gateway.log at location /opt/dg/log/controller-gateway/gateway.log), if you see certificate errors, then reupload the Controller Signing Certificate, as explained in the steps below:		
	1. From the main menu, select 3 Change Current System Settings > 7 Import Certificate .		
	2. From the Import Certificates menu, select 1 Controller Signing Certificate File and click OK .		
	3. Enter the SCP URI for the certificate file and click OK .		
Crosswork Data Gateway remains in degraded state for more than 10 minutes with reason stated	1. Reupload the certificate file using the following steps:		
as "gRPC connection cannot be established" due to certificate errors.	a. From the main menu, select 3 Change Current System Settings > 7 Import Certificate.		
	b. From the Import Certificates menu, select 1 Controller Signing Certificate File and click OK .		
	c. Enter the SCP URI for the certificate file and click OK .		
	2. Reboot the data gateway VM following the steps below:		
	a. From the main menu, select 5 Troubleshooting and click OK .		
	b. From the Troubleshooting menu, select 4 Reboot VM and click OK .		
	c. Once the reboot is complete, check if the data gateway's operational status is Up .		

Issue	Action
During a Crosswork upgrade, some of the Crosswork Data Gateways may not get upgraded or reenrolled leading to logging multiple error messages in the dg-manager logs.	Reenroll or redeploy the data gateways. For more information, see the <i>Redeploy a Crosswork Data</i> <i>Gateway Instance</i> and <i>Reenroll Crosswork Data</i> <i>Gateway</i> sections in <i>Cisco Crosswork Network</i> <i>Controller 7.0 Administration Guide</i> .
If a Crosswork Data Gateway instance that was previously attached to Crosswork is now reattached to a different Crosswork version 4.x or 5.0, the operational state of the instance may be Degraded with the robot-astack-influxdb error.	 Log in to the Crosswork UI from the SSH. Run the Docker executive commands to access the robot-astack-influxdb pod. In the pod, navigate to the following directory and delete it: /mnt/datafs/influxdb Restart the service using the following command: supervisorctl restart all
If Data Gateway is redeployed without moving the gateway to the Maintenance mode, Crosswork enrollment will be unsuccessful and errors will be logged in the dg-manager and controller-gateway logs.	Move the Data Gateway to the Maintenance mode or manually reenroll the gateway. For more information, see the <i>Reenroll Crosswork Data</i> <i>Gateway</i> section in <i>Cisco Crosswork Network</i> <i>Controller 7.0 Administration Guide</i> .

Import Controller Signing Certificate File

The Controller Certificate file is automatically imported after the VM boots. If there is an import failure, the data gateway VM makes several attempts to import the certificate while giving you the option to manually import it.

- You have not specified the **Controller Signing Certificate File URI** under the **Controller Settings** during installation.
- Cisco Crosswork was upgraded or reinstalled and you need to authenticate and enroll Crosswork Data Gateway with Cisco Crosswork.
- Cisco Crosswork configuration is in-progress when Crosswork Data Gateway tries to import the Controller Certificate file.
- The Cisco Crosswork Controller IP address in unreachable or incorrect.
- The Cisco Crosswork username or password is incorrect.

Follow these steps to import the controller signing certificate file:

Step 1From the data gateway VM's Interactive Menu, select 3 Change Current System Settings.

The Change System Settings menu opens.

- Step 2 Select 7 Import Certificate.
- Step 3 From the Import Certificates menu, select 1 Controller Signing Certificate File.

Step 4	Enter the SCP URI for the certificate file.
	An example URI is given below:
	<pre>cw-admin@{server ip}:/home/cw-admin/controller.pem</pre>
Step 5	Enter the SCP passphrase (the SCP user password).
	The certificate file is imported.

Step 6 Verify that the certificate was installed successfully. See View the Controller Signing Certificate File.

View the Controller Signing Certificate File

Follow these steps to view the signing certificate:

- Step 1 From the data gateway VM's interactive menu, select 2 Show System Settings.
- Step 2 From the Show Current System Settings menu, select 7 Certificates.
- **Step 3** Select 2 Controller Signing Certificate File.

Crosswork Data Gateway displays the default certificate if no new certificate has been imported. Otherwise, it displays the new certificate if it was successfully imported.