



Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics

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Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics Overview

Visibility is the first step towards securing an endpoint. Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics is an endpoint visibility solution that helps you identify and profile endpoints and Internet of Things (IoT) devices. The Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics engine enables you to assign labels to endpoints, using the telemetry information received from the network from various sources.

The profiling labels that are available in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics are endpoint type, hardware model, manufacturer, and operating system type. This is called multifactor classification.

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics provides nuanced visibility and enforcement in your network with features like Trust Scores that allow you to identify and act upon potentially risky endpoints and devices. You can also manage potential risks by applying ANC policies through Cisco ISE, from the Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics GUI. You can monitor and work around the issue of random and changing MAC addresses from endpoints in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics and accurately identify endpoints through a unique attribute called the DUID instead of MAC addresses.

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics helps you gather endpoint telemetry from different sources. The primary source is the Network-Based Application Recognition (NBAR) mechanism. The NBAR mechanism is embedded in Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series switches (access devices) and performs deep packet inspection (DPI). Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics can also receive telemetry from Cisco DNA Traffic Telemetry Appliances.

You can gather endpoint context information from various sources such as Cisco ISE, self-registration portals, and configuration management database (CMDB) software such as ServiceNow.

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics allows data inflow from a wide range of network devices, expanding your ability to easily identify and profile endpoints with greater accuracy, and act upon any anomalies. You can aggregate

varied endpoint information and use the data to profile endpoints in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. After endpoints are profiled, AI and machine learning algorithms can also be used to reduce the number of unknown endpoints by intuitively leveraging different methods.

Key Features of Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics

- **Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics dashboard**

The Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics dashboard gives you a comprehensive view of the endpoints that are connected to your network. You can view the number of known, unknown, profiled, and unprofiled endpoints, endpoints with low Trust Scores, and endpoints that use random MAC addresses. The AI Proposals dashlet displays intelligent profiling suggestions to enhance endpoint profiling and management.

- **Trust Scores to flag potentially risky endpoints**

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics assigns Trust Scores to endpoints to allow you to easily monitor and act on potentially risky endpoints in your network. Behavioral anomalies are monitored and tracked, and a Trust Score is assigned based on the number and frequency of the anomalies tracked. See [Trust Scores for Endpoints, on page 15](#).

- **Detect endpoints that use random MAC addresses**

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics enables you to handle the issue of random and changing MAC addresses by receiving from Cisco ISE a unique endpoint identifier called the DUID (also known as GUID in Cisco ISE). Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics then uses the DUID as the identifier for an endpoint, instead of its MAC address.

- **Reduce net unknowns with machine learning capabilities**

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics provides profiling suggestions based on learnings from endpoint groupings. You can use these suggestions to reduce the number of unknown or unprofiled endpoints in your network.

- **Manage endpoints with system and custom profiling rules**

Use Cisco-provided system rules and custom rules of your design to reliably profile and manage the endpoints connected to your network.

- **Registration of endpoints through Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics**

You can onboard and profile endpoints using Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. The endpoint attribute data that is collected through this registration process is used to profile the endpoints.

- **Registration of endpoints using external sources**

You can connect some external sources of endpoint data, such as Configuration Management Databases (CMDB), to Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. This allows you to easily register, manage, and profile endpoints in your network.

- **Purge endpoints after a defined period of inactivity**

Define an Endpoint Purge Policy to remove from your network the endpoints that have been inactive for a defined time. You can define the period of inactivity after which an endpoint must be removed. You can also customize a purge policy to act on a particular set of endpoints based on a profiling attribute.

Set Up Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics in Cisco DNA Center

Set Up Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics

Software Updates

Download and install the following software packages:

- Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics
- AI Network Analytics (Optional)
- Application Visibility Service

Join and Configure Data Sources

Join and configure the following data sources:

- Cisco Identity Services Engine
- Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series Access Devices for wired endpoints visibility
- (Optional) Cisco DNA Traffic Telemetry Appliances (DN-APL-TTA-M) for wired and wireless endpoints visibility, and for third-party network devices visibility
- (Optional) Cisco Catalyst 9800 Series Wireless Controllers for wireless endpoints visibility
- (Optional) CMDB

Install Software Updates

Install software updates in Cisco DNA Center to use Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics, as described in the following procedure.

-
- Step 1** Log in to Cisco DNA Center.
- Step 2** Click the menu icon (☰) and choose **System** > **Software Updates**.
- Step 3** In the **Updates** tab, check if **Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics**, **AI Network Analytics**, and **Application Visibility Service** are listed in the **Application Updates** section. If these application updates are visible, click the **Install All** button.
- Install the **Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics** update to access the endpoint profiling solution in your Cisco DNA Center.
 - Install the **AI Network Analytics** update to use machine learning and AI capabilities to receive intelligent profiling suggestions.
 - Install the **Application Visibility Service** update to use NBAR and Controller-Based Application Recognition (CBAR) techniques to inform endpoint profiling.
- Step 4** If any of these updates are not listed in the **Updates** tab, click **Installed Apps** tab to check if the updates are already installed and are available for use. The **Installed Apps** tab also confirms if the software installation has been successful.
-

Connect and Enable Data Sources



Note The data sources that Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics uses may already be connected to your Cisco DNA Center. If the data sources are connected, see the following instructions to ensure that the data sources are available for use by Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics.

You must add Cisco ISE or Catalyst 9000 Series access devices to Cisco DNA Center for Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics to provide results.

1. Connect Cisco ISE to Cisco DNA Center.

See the "Integrate Cisco ISE with Cisco DNA Center" section in "Complete First-Time Setup" in the [Cisco DNA Center Appliance Installation Guide](#).

The following Cisco ISE releases support Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics:

- 2.4 Patch 11 and later
- 2.6 Patch 5 and later
- 2.7 Patch 1 and later
- 3.0 and later releases

In your Cisco ISE administration portal:

- a. Choose **Work Centers > Profiler > Settings**.
- b. In the **Endpoint Analytics Settings** area, check the following check boxes:
 - **Publish Endpoint Attributes to AI Endpoint Analytics**
 - **Consume Endpoint Profiles from AI Endpoint Analytics**

After Cisco ISE authenticates endpoints through 802.1X or MAB authentication methods, the endpoint attributes collected are made available to Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. Cisco ISE also shares telemetry data with Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics.

2. Connect Cisco 9000 Series access devices to Cisco DNA Center for wired endpoints visibility.

See "Discover Your Network" in the [Cisco DNA Center User Guide](#).

To enable Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics features, upgrade your Cisco 9000 Series access devices to Cisco IOS-XE Release 17.6 or later.

To enable CBAR for the required access devices, click the menu icon (☰) in Cisco DNA Center:

- a. Choose **Provision > Services > Application Visibility**.
- b. Select the Cisco Catalyst 9000 access device that you need data from. Check the check box next to the device name in the **Site Devices** section.
- c. Click **Enable CBAR**.
- d. Click **Yes** in the subsequent confirmation window
- e. In the **Enable CBAR** slide-in pane, check the check box next to the supported SSID type.

f. Click **Enable**.

3. (Optional) Connect Cisco Catalyst 9800 Series Wireless Controllers to Cisco DNA Center for wireless endpoints visibility.

The following Cisco Catalyst 9800 Series Wireless Controller models are supported by Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics:

- 9800-CL
- 9800-40
- 9800-80
- 9800-L

Cisco DNA Center Release 2.3.2 and later releases support FlexConnect in Cisco Catalyst 9800 Series Wireless Controllers with Cisco IOS XE Release 17.7.1 and later releases. SD-AVC version 6 is not supported.

To configure and provision a Cisco Catalyst 9800 Series Wireless Controller in Cisco DNA Center, see [Cisco Catalyst 9800 Series Wireless Controller Overview](#).

4. (Optional) Connect Cisco DNA Traffic Telemetry Appliances to Cisco DNA Center for wired and wireless endpoints visibility, and for third-party network device visibility.

Cisco DNA Traffic Telemetry Appliances (DN-APL-TTA-M) generate telemetry from mirrored network traffic for endpoint analytics. This appliance enables Network-Based Application Recognition (NBAR)-based protocol inspection and endpoint attribute extraction.

To receive endpoint attributes collected through the telemetry appliance in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics, you must integrate Cisco ISE with Cisco DNA Center.

See [Cisco DNA Traffic Telemetry Appliances](#) for information on installing the appliances, connectivity configurations, and managing the appliances in Cisco DNA Center.

Enable CBAR on Switched Port Analyzer (SPAN)-receiving ports of access switches connected to Cisco DNA Traffic Telemetry Appliances with the following command:

```
ip nbar protocol-discovery
```

Not all endpoints that are connected to the telemetry appliances are visible in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. Only endpoints that are also connected to Network Access Devices (NADs) which are managed in Cisco DNA Assurance, are visible in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics.

5. (Optional) Enable ServiceNow in Cisco DNA Center.

After connecting ServiceNow to Cisco DNA Center, click the menu icon in Cisco DNA Center and choose **Platform > Manage > Bundles**.

If the **Status** of the bundle **Endpoint Attribute Retrieval with ITSM (ServiceNow)** is **New**, click **Enable** for the bundle.

6. (Optional) Enable Cisco AI Analytics in Cisco DNA Center.

To receive suggestions about AI-based endpoint groupings, automated custom profiling rules, and endpoint labels, and to detect potentially spoofed devices in your network, you must enable the required settings in the **Cisco AI Analytics** window.

You must install the AI Network Analytics software to receive these AI-based suggestions.

- a. From the main menu of Cisco DNA Center, choose **System > Settings > External Services > Cisco AI Analytics**.
- b. Click the toggle button for each of the following services that you want to enable:
 - **AI Endpoint Analytics:** AI Network Analytics leverages machine learning to drive intelligence in the network and enables you to effectively improve network performance and accelerate issue resolution. AI Network Analytics significantly reduces noise and false positives by analyzing network behavior and adapting to your network environment.
 - **Endpoint Smart Grouping:** Using AI and Machine Learning, Endpoint Smart Grouping reduces the number of unknown endpoints in your network by providing AI-based endpoint groupings, automated custom profiling rules, and crowdsourced endpoint labels.
 - **AI Spoofing Detection:** AI Spoofing Detection identifies spoofed endpoints based on behavioral models. Models are currently being built using collected flow information from devices. You can also enable data collection by Cisco by enabling the **Send data to help Cisco improve the model** toggle button, to help Cisco further enhance behavioral models.

Endpoint Telemetry Sources

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics receives telemetry data in the following ways.

- **Deep Packet Inspection**

Deep packet inspection is an advanced method of packet analysis that is carried out by Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series access devices. These access devices run NBAR, which inspects application traffic and performs protocol analysis to discover, identify, and profile endpoints with high fidelity.

Deep packet inspection profiling is based on various attributes that are collected from endpoint traffic to the network. These attributes are collected across multiple protocols, from packet header layers 4 to 7.

- **Configuration Management Database Connection**

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics receives endpoint data from your Configuration Management Database Connection (CMDB) for greater accuracy in endpoint profiling. The connection with ServiceNow enables you to receive information from the CMDB to Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics.

- **Machine Learning Capabilities**

Data collected for profiling is anonymized and sent to a Cisco cloud location that serves as a device data lake. Here, machine learning algorithms analyze the data available to create profiling rules that you can evaluate and apply, as needed. Smart profiling rules are suggested through Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics to help make endpoint profiling and management simpler and more efficient for you. Existing rules too are evaluated and improvement suggestions provided based on this continuous learning.

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics Overview Window

Click the menu icon (☰) and choose **Policy > AI Endpoint Analytics**.

The **Overview** window displays the following dashlets:

- **Total Endpoints**

This dashlet displays the total number of endpoints in your network in two groups, **Fully Profiled** and **Missing Profiles**. Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics profiles endpoints based on four factors, Endpoint Type, OS Type, Hardware Model, and Hardware Manufacturer. If one or more of these factors are missing for an endpoint, it is profiled in the **Missing Profiles** group.

Click **Missing Profiles Labels** to view the number of endpoints in your network with missing profiles, categorized by profile label type. To check the endpoints with a specific missing profile label, click the number next to the profile label. The **Endpoint Inventory** tab is displayed with the corresponding list of endpoints.

• **AI Proposals**

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics uses smart grouping algorithms to group unknown endpoints in your network that have similar profiling data. If you have enabled AI Endpoint Analytics, you will receive the following types of rule proposals. These rule proposals are based on learnings from endpoint clusters:

- New rules for profiling endpoints that may be similar.
- Modification proposals for previously accepted rules.
- Review of profiling rules that are no longer needed.

For more details, see [Cisco AI Rules or Smart Grouping, on page 35](#).

• **Trust Scores**

The Trust Scores dashlet provides an overall view of the Trust Scores assigned to the endpoints in your network. See [Trust Scores for Endpoints, on page 15](#).

• **Configuration**

Click the **Configuration** link in the top-right corner of the Overview area to access the following configurations:

- **Profile Rule Settings:** Schedule automatic updates for system profile rules. See [Automatic System Rule Updates for Endpoint Profiling, on page 32](#).
- **ISE Integration:** See [Publish Authorization Attributes to Cisco ISE, on page 8](#).
- **Trust Score Sources:** Click the toggle buttons to enable or disable Trust Score sources. You cannot disable the **Authentication Method** source. If an active Cisco ISE integration is configured, the authentication method used by the endpoint and its posture status will inform the Trust Score of an endpoint. You can enable or disable other sources of Trust Score data such as **AI Spoofing Detection Changed Profile Labels**, **NAT Mode Detection**, **Concurrent MAC Addresses**, and **Security Sensor**.
See [Trust Scores for Endpoints, on page 15](#).
- **Endpoint Purge Policy:** See [Endpoint Purge Policies, on page 9](#).
- **Endpoint Subnet Inspection:** See [Configure Endpoint Subnet Inspection, on page 10](#).

• **Endpoint MAC Randomization**

The Endpoint MAC Randomization displays the number of static MAC addresses and random and changing MAC addresses in the network. See [Trust Scores For Endpoints with Random and Changing MAC Addresses, on page 20](#).

Publish Authorization Attributes to Cisco ISE

Publish Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics profile data to Cisco ISE to authorize endpoint access to the network and for endpoint control. The attribute information that is shared by Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics is then easily accessible to a Cisco ISE administrator through the AI Endpoint Analytics dictionary. A Cisco ISE administrator can easily create authorization policies in Cisco ISE. The following attributes are shared with Cisco ISE:

1. The overall trust score and the score for each anomaly that is recorded.
2. CMDB attributes.
3. Multifactor profiling attributes—Hardware Manufacturer, Hardware Model, Operating System, and Endpoint Type.

If your Cisco DNA Center has an active integration with Cisco ISE Release 3.1 and later releases, and you want to publish authorization attributes to Cisco ISE, carry out the following tasks.

Enable Attribute Sharing in Cisco DNA Center

1. In the Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics **Overview** window, click **Configurations**.
2. Click **ISE Integration** from the left panel.
3. Click the **Enable Profile Publishing to ISE** toggle button to enable the feature.
4. Check the **Asset Topic Based Integration** or **Enhanced Authorization Integration** check boxes, or both, depending on which type of topic you want to use to publish attribute information to Cisco ISE.
5. Click **Save**.

Enable pxGrid Subscription in Cisco ISE

1. In the Cisco ISE GUI, click the menu icon and choose **Work Center > Profiler > Settings**.
2. If you are connected to Cisco ISE Release 3.1, in the **Endpoint Analytics Settings** area, check the following check boxes:
 - **Publish Endpoint Attributes to AI Endpoint Analytics**
 - **Consume Endpoint Profiles from AI Endpoint Analytics**

Verification

From the Cisco ISE main menu, choose **Administration > pxGrid Services > Diagnostics > WebSocket > Clients**. The newly created subscription containing "com.cisco.ea.data.ise-<Cisco ISE node>" is displayed in the **Subscription** column of the PSN nodes.

In the Cisco ISE **Policy > Policy Sets** window, a new dictionary that is named **Endpoint-Analytics** is visible in the Conditions Studio.

In the Cisco ISE **Context Visibility > Endpoints** window, click **MAC Address** for endpoint details. The attributes area of the details displays attributes that contain "EA-" prefixes for the attributes that are received from Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics.

Endpoint Purge Policies

Define an Endpoint Purge Policy to remove from your network the endpoints that have been inactive for a defined time. You can define the period of inactivity after which an endpoint must be removed. You can also customize a purge policy to act on a particular set of endpoints based on a profiling attribute. Purge policies are executed at 2 A.M. (server time) every day, and the endpoints that meet the defined purge requirements are removed from your network.

Registered endpoints and static endpoints that are imported into Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics are not affected by endpoint purge policies.

The Backup and Restore operation in your Cisco DNA Center and the endpoint purge activity cannot run simultaneously. If a Backup and Restore operation is in progress at 2 A.M., the purge activity is not initiated. If a Backup and Restore operation starts while an endpoint activity is in progress, the endpoint purge stops running, and the purge activity is left incomplete. The remaining endpoints are not acted on until the next purge is executed at 2 A.M. (server time) the next day.

To view, edit, or add endpoint purge policies, click the menu icon (☰) and choose **Policy > AI Endpoint Analytics > Configurations > Endpoint Purge Policy**. The following policies are available by default:

- **Default**
- **Random MAC Default**

You cannot edit these default policies. You can only enable or disable them.

Create a Purge Policy

- Step 1** Click the menu icon (☰) and choose **Policy > AI Endpoint Analytics > Configurations > Endpoint Purge Policy**.
- Step 2** Click **Add Endpoint Purge Policy**.
- Step 3** In the **Add Endpoint Purge Policy** dialog box, click **Let's Do It** to start with the workflow.
- Step 4** In the **Define Policy Details** window:
- Enter a name for your policy in the **Rule Name** field.
 - From the **Select Status** drop-down list, choose **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
 - Define the time of inactivity after which an endpoint must be purged. Enter a value (in days) in the **Elapsed Greater than or Equal to** field. The accepted value range is from 5 to 180 days.
- Step 5** Click **Next**.
- Step 6** (Optional) In the **Define Additional Policy Conditions** window, choose the profiling attributes by which to filter the endpoints that are impacted by this purge policy. Check the check box next to the attribute you want to select and choose the required values in the drop-down lists displayed for the attribute.
- Step 7** Click **Next**.
- Step 8** The **Summary** window displays your Purge Policy configuration. Review the details that are displayed and click **Done** to create the policy.
-

What to do next**Audit Logs of Endpoint Purge Activities**

After you enable an Endpoint Purge Policy and a purge activity is executed, you can view the audit logs of an endpoint purge activity:

1. Click the menu icon (☰) and choose **Activities > Audit Logs**.
2. Check the description fields of the audit logs to find the logs related to the execution of a purge policy.
3. Click the appropriate audit logs to view the details of the Purge Policy that was executed.

Configure Endpoint Subnet Inspection

In a deployment, devices at the access layer and devices above the access layer have different IP subnets. In the case of Cisco TTA devices, endpoint profiling accuracy is optimum when only southbound traffic is analyzed by Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. To allow better endpoint profiling, configure specific IP subnets or subnet ranges that must be analyzed by Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics.

This configuration of filtered subnets is then shared with Cisco SD-AVC servers. The configuration is applied on Cisco TTA devices through Cisco SD-AVC servers.

-
- Step 1** Click the menu icon (☰) and choose **Policy > AI Endpoint Analytics > Configurations > Endpoint Subnet Inspection**.
- Step 2** Enter the required value in the **IP Subnet** field.
- Step 3** Click + to add another IP subnet. You can add multiple subnets or subnet ranges in this window.
-

Endpoint Inventory

The endpoints that are connected to Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics through the data sources, in the **Endpoint Inventory** tab. The tab contains two views that you can choose from using the **Focus** drop-down list:

- **All Endpoints:** This is the default view for the Endpoint Inventory tab. This view displays the profiling information of all the connected endpoints.

The **All Endpoints** view displays profiling information such as **Endpoint Type**, **OS Type**, **Is Random Mac**, **Trust Score**, and so on. To select the profiling information you want to view for the endpoints, click the vertical ellipsis icon at the top-right corner of the table. Choose one of the following sets of profiling information and click **Apply**:

- **All:** All the profiling information that are available is displayed. You cannot edit this set.
- **General:** This is a selection of profiling information that gives you a generic view of the endpoints. This is the set of columns displayed by default. You cannot edit this set.
- **Detailed:** This is a selection of profiling information that provides a deeper view of the endpoints. You cannot edit this set.
- **Custom:** This is the only set that you can edit. Check or uncheck the profiling information you want to view in the **Endpoint Inventory** window.

You can also filter the list endpoints displayed in the **All Endpoints** view by clicking the required **View Known Profiles** buttons. You can filter the list of endpoints by **Endpoint Type**, **Hardware Manufacturer**, **Hardware Model**, and **OS Type**.

- **Trust Score:** This view filters the endpoint inventory list to display only the endpoints with a Trust Score assigned to them.

The **Trust Score** view displays columns for the various factors that inform the overall Trust Score of an endpoint. The Trust Score helps you identify the endpoints in which behavioral anomalies have been detected, so you can examine the details of the endpoint and take the necessary remediation actions. If you apply an ANC policy to an endpoint to manage its low Trust Score, the Trust Score view also displays the name of the ANC policy applied and when the policy was applied. See [Trust Scores for Endpoints, on page 15](#).

You can easily filter a set of endpoints based on your requirement. You can register endpoints, and edit, delete, and profile registered endpoints. You can select single or multiple endpoints by checking the check box adjacent to the MAC addresses to filter and perform a particular action on the chosen endpoints from the **Actions** drop-down list.

To see the complete profiling details of an endpoint, click the **MAC Address** of the endpoint. A slide-in dialog box is displayed which contains user details, endpoint details, and attribute details of the endpoint.

In the **Details** tab, the following new fields are displayed in Cisco DNA Center Release 2.2.2 and later releases, with the details received from Cisco ISE:

- **Authentication Status:** This field displays **Started** when an endpoint is authenticated through Cisco ISE, and **Disconnected** when it is not.
- **Authorization Profile:** The authorization policies configured for an endpoint in Cisco ISE are displayed here.
- **Scalable Group Tag:** The Scalable Group Tags configured for an endpoint in Cisco ISE are displayed here.

For information on these attributes, see the [Cisco ISE Administrator Guide](#) for the Cisco ISE release that you use.

In Cisco DNA Center Release 2.2.2 and later releases, the **Trust Score** tab is available in the slide-in dialog box for endpoint details. This tab displays details of the various factors that inform trust score of an endpoint. See [Trust Scores for Endpoints, on page 15](#).

In Cisco DNA Center Release 2.2.3 and later releases, the **Details** tab contains the **Previous MAC Addresses** area, which displays the MAC addresses that have been used by an endpoint which has the MAC Randomization feature enabled on it. See [Trust Scores For Endpoints with Random and Changing MAC Addresses, on page 20](#).

Export Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics Data

To export a list of endpoints and their details from this window, click **Export**. If you apply any filters in the **Endpoint Inventory** window, only the filtered endpoints will be processed for export. To export the details of all the endpoints, ensure that no filters are applied when you click **Export**.

When you click **Export**, a new tab opens with the **Reports** window. The **Generated Reports** window contains a list of exports initiated, with the latest export request at the top of the list. A report generated from the Endpoint Inventory window contains **AI Endpoint Analytics** in its **Template Category** column. Report generation takes a few minutes. When a report is ready for download, the value in the **Last Run** column

changes from **Not Initiated** to a timestamp with a download icon next to it. The timestamp refers to the time at which the export list was generated. Click the download icon to download a CSV file of the list of endpoints to your system.

You can also export Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics data from the **Reports** window, through the following steps:



Note You must run your first export of AI Endpoint Analytics data for endpoints from the **Endpoint Inventory** window. Then you can generate AI Endpoint Analytics reports directly from the **Reports** window.

1. Choose **Reports** from the main menu.
2. Click **Report Templates**, and choose **AI Endpoint Analytics** from the menu.
3. Click **Let's Do It** in the **Generate a New Report** dialog box.
4. In the **Select Report Template** window, the template **Endpoint Profiling** is applied by default. Click **Next**.
5. In the **Setup Report Scope** window, enter a value in the **Report Name** field. Define the filters that you want to apply to the list of endpoints to be exported from the **Endpoint Inventory** window. To export the details of all endpoints, do not choose any values in the **Scope** area. Click **Next**.
6. In the **Select File Type** window, the **Client Details** area allows you to review the chosen parameters. Edit the information to be exported by checking or unchecking the check boxes next to the relevant fields. Click **Next**.
7. In the **Schedule Report** window, click the radio button for **Run Now**, **Run Later (One-Time)**, or **Run Recurring**. The **Run Later (One-Time)** and **Run Recurring** options display scheduling fields to define the time of export. Click **Next**.
8. In the **Delivery and Notification** window, do not check the **Email Report** check box. Click **Next**.
9. In the **Summary** window, review all the configurations chosen in this workflow. To edit any configurations click the corresponding **Edit** option. Click **Next**.
10. The final window of the workflow informs you that your report is being generated. Click the **View Reports** link in this window for a list of generated reports. It takes a few minutes for the report to be generated and displayed in this window.

Filter Endpoints

Using the filter option, you can view and action upon a set of endpoints. These endpoints can you be filtered based their profiling data, primary profiling labels, known profiles, and health status.

In order to filter the endpoints, follow the below steps:

1. In the **Endpoint Inventory** window, click **Filter**.
2. Define the following filters by choosing a value from the corresponding drop-down list or clicking the radio button for the required value, as applicable:
 - **Mac Address**
 - **Trust Score**

- **Endpoint Type**
- **Hardware Model**
- **Hardware Manufacturer**
- **OS Type**
- **Registered**
- **Is Random Mac**

3. Click **Apply**.

You can also filter the profiled endpoints displayed by the four primary profiling labels. Click one or more of the labels in the **View Known Profiles** section.

The health status of endpoints is updated every five minutes.

Attribute Glossary

Attribute glossary is a list of all the profiling attributes available from Cisco ISE probe data.

In order to view all the profiling attributes, follow these steps:

1. In the **Endpoint Inventory** window, click the MAC address of an endpoint.
2. In the new area that is displayed on the right side, click **View Attribute Glossary**.

The **Attribute Glossary** window displays the following information for each attribute:

- **Key profiling attributes**
- **Description**
- **Associated Profile Labels**
- **Source**
- **Dictionary**
- **Discovery Method**

The glossary gives you a detailed view of all the profiling attributes. If a profiling attribute is frequently used to create a profile label, the label is listed in the **Associated Profile Labels** column.

You can also view the attribute glossary in the **Choose Attribute Condition** window while creating a logical condition for the rules. For more information, see [Create a Custom Rule](#).

Register Endpoints

You can onboard and profile new endpoints by registering them in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. The profiling information of an endpoint is the source of truth for classification. You can also update new profile information for a registered endpoint using the **Register Endpoint** option.

Step 1 Choose **Actions > Register Endpoints**.

Step 2 Choose whether you want to register a single endpoint or multiple endpoints, by clicking the **Single** or **Bulk** radio button.

Option	Steps
Single	Enter the MAC Address , Endpoint Type , Hardware Model and Hardware Manufacturer for the endpoint.
Bulk	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Download a .csv template by clicking the Download .csv Template option. In the downloaded .csv file, enter the following details for each endpoint you must register: MAC address, endpoint type, hardware model, and hardware manufacturer. Save this file. Upload the .csv file using the Choose a File option. <p>You can register a maximum of 500 endpoints at a time using the Bulk option.</p>

Step 3 Click **Next**.

Step 4 Review the endpoint details in the **Review Endpoint** window. You can also edit the endpoint details, if changes are required.

Note While registering an existing endpoint, the profile label changes of the endpoint are reflected in purple color and can be edited.

Step 5 Click **Next** to continue with the registration process.

Step 6 Click **Register**.

Edit Registered Endpoints

You can update the profiling information of registered endpoints from the **Endpoint Inventory** window.

Step 1 Check the check box adjacent to the MAC address of the endpoint that you want to edit.

Step 2 Click **Actions**.

Step 3 Click **Edit Endpoint**.

Step 4 Enter the **Endpoint Type**, **Hardware Model**, and **Hardware Manufacturer** details.

Step 5 Click **Save**.

Delete Registered Endpoints

If there are registered endpoints that are no a longer part of your network, you can delete them from Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics.

Step 1 Check the check box adjacent to the MAC address of the endpoints that you want to delete.

Step 2 Click **Actions**.

Step 3 Click **Delete Endpoint**.

The following message is displayed:

```
Do you really want to delete the selected endpoint(s)?
```

Step 4 Click **Yes** to permanently delete the endpoint from Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics.

Trust Scores for Endpoints

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics assigns Trust Scores to endpoints to allow you to easily monitor and act on potentially risky endpoints in your network. Behavioral anomalies are monitored and tracked, and a Trust Score is assigned based on the number and frequency of the anomalies tracked.

To choose the sources that must be included in the calculation of Trust Scores, from the Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics **Overview** window, choose **Configuration > Enable Trust Sources**. Click the toggle button for each of the sources you want to enable.

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics generates historical Trust Scores based on the following factors:

- The history of anomalies associated with an endpoint—how many anomalies have been detected for this endpoint?
- The severity of each anomaly detected for the endpoint.

In Cisco DNA Center Release 2.2.3 and later releases, the overall Trust Score calculation for an endpoint factors in the following anomalies and scores are displayed for each anomaly that is detected (if the corresponding source is enabled):

- **AI Spoofing Detection**

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics analyzes NetFlow telemetry data, and network probe data from Cisco ISE and SD-AVC devices, to detect spoofed endpoints. For more information on how to configure NetFlow Collector servers, see [Configure Syslog, SNMP Traps, NetFlow Collector Servers, and Wired Client Data Collection Using Telemetry](#). In Cisco DNA Center Release 2.3.2 and later releases, probe and NetFlow data from Cisco DNA Traffic Telemetry Appliances (DN-APL-TTA-M) is also analyzed. Configure inbound span of traffic toward your Cisco DNA Traffic Telemetry Appliances so the endpoint traffic data is then available to Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics for spoofing detection.

Each endpoint type has a behavior model that is developed using machine learning algorithms. Based on the data received for an endpoint, if an endpoint's behavior is unexpected of its endpoint type profile, the endpoint is assigned a low Trust Score in the AI Spoofing Detection area. The applications and server ports that are used by an endpoint are analyzed in this spoofing detection process. For example, if an endpoint profiled as a printer uses a video calling application, it is identified as a spoofed endpoint and assigned a Trust Score.

AI Spoofing Detection currently covers the following device types:

- IP Phones
- Printers
- Cameras

- Building automation devices with the following hardware model attributes:
 - Automated-Logic-Device
 - Honeywell-Device
 - Johnson-Controls-Device
 - Rockwell-Automation-Device
 - Schneider-Electric-Device
 - Siemens-Automation-Device
 - Siemens-Building-Device
 - Trane-Device

- **Changed Profile Labels**

When a device joins a network, and then through periodic probing while the device is active, the profiling data for an endpoint is continuously monitored and updated. Certain changes in the profiling data that is received from an endpoint are flagged as anomalies in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. For example, if an endpoint was first profiled as a Linux device and is then profiled as a macOS device, this is flagged as a high-severity anomaly. A score is assigned in the Changed Profile Label column for the endpoint and the endpoint's overall Trust Score is also updated to reflect this change.

However, if there is a change in the version of macOS and the endpoint appears to have downgraded from a later release to an earlier release, such a change is flagged as a lower priority anomaly and the corresponding scores are updated accordingly.

- **NAT Mode Detection**

If you have a NAT-enabled router in your network, an endpoint that is connected to a NAT router is recognized by the IP or MAC addresses of the router instead of the IP or MAC addresses of the specific endpoint. Information on NAT-enabled routers is collected from the Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series devices they are connected to.

- **Concurrent MAC Addresses**

Identify the endpoints that share the same MAC addresses and are connected to Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series devices. The endpoints with shared MAC addresses are assigned a Concurrent MAC Address score, and you can easily identify these endpoints and examine their details.

- **Security Sensor**

The Security Sensor source is available from Cisco DNA Center Release 2.3.2. You can install active probes on specific Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series switches, and configure Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics to scan endpoints for open ports that are not expected to be open, for credential vulnerabilities or both.

The Trust Score of an endpoint is also informed by the following events that are collected from Cisco ISE. Every endpoint that authenticates through Cisco ISE receives an initial Trust Score based on the following events:

- **Authentication Method**
- **Posture**



Note For the Trust Score sources that receive data from Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series devices, you must enable CBAR on the devices and upgrade the devices to Cisco IOS-XE Release 17.6 or later.

The Trust Score that is displayed in the **Endpoint Inventory** window is the overall trust score that takes the history and severity of anomalies for an endpoint. Click the **MAC Address** to view the details of the causes for the Trust Score that is assigned to an endpoint. This means that if a low-level anomaly was detected for an endpoint, and this is the only instance of an anomaly, the overall Trust Score for the endpoint would be a 9, even if the actual Trust Score for with the anomalous event is a 7.

If multiple low-level anomalies are detected, the overall Trust Score would further decrease to account for the number of anomalies.

The trust scores assigned range from 1 through 10, and are categorized as follows:

Trust Score Category	Range	Threat Level of Endpoint
Low	1–3	High
Medium	4–6	Moderate
High	7–10	Low

You can then apply Adaptive Network Control (ANC) policies from Cisco ISE to enforce appropriate remediation actions on the endpoints. See section “Adaptive Network Control” in Chapter “Cisco ISE Admin Guide: Maintain and Monitor” of the [Cisco ISE Administrator Guide](#).

The ANC policies are defined in Cisco ISE and allow you to apply remediation actions on chosen endpoints. You can apply ANC policies to quarantine, shut down, or port bounce an endpoint, or force endpoint reauthentication. When you apply an ANC policy to an endpoint with an undesirable Trust Score in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics, a Change of Authorization (CoA) is sent to the endpoint from Cisco ISE.

An endpoint is identified by its MAC address. Cisco ISE sends the CoA to the endpoints that hold an active session for the identified MAC address at the time of the ANC application. Any endpoint with the same MAC address that does not have an active session in Cisco ISE at the time matches the ANC policy when a new session starts or when it must reauthenticate at the end of the configured reauthentication timer.

To verify which endpoint is being acted upon by the ANC policy, log in to your Cisco ISE administration portal. From the main menu, choose **Operations > RADIUS > Live Sessions**. Enter the MAC address of the spoofed endpoint in the **Endpoint ID** column, to filter the endpoints that share the same MAC address and currently have live sessions in Cisco ISE. These are the endpoints that will be affected by the ANC policy.

To view a historic log of the RADIUS sessions in Cisco ISE, from the main menu, choose **Operations > Reports > Reports > Endpoints and Users > RADIUS Authentications**.

To view or modify ANC policy application on endpoints in Cisco ISE, from the main menu, choose **Context Visibility > Endpoints**. Check the check box next to the MAC address of an endpoint and click the options that are displayed at the top of the list, as required.

Prerequisites

Prerequisites for receiving Trust Scores for endpoints:

- Cisco DNA Center is upgraded to Release 2.2.2 or later.

- Cisco ISE is connected to your on-premise Cisco DNA Center.
- Network access devices are managed by both Cisco DNA Assurance and Cisco ISE.



Note The endpoint spoofing detection feature supports a maximum of 500 network access devices with NetFlow export flows, as Cisco DNA Assurance supports only 500 NetFlow exporters.

- Endpoints connected to network access devices are authenticated through Cisco ISE.
- Enable the required sources for Trust Score calculation in the Trust Score Sources window (**Policy > AI Endpoint Analytics > Configurations > Trust Score Sources**).

Changed Profile Labels

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics collects data from multiple probes from different sources continually to derive accurate profile labels for endpoints. Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics collects the following data from the following sources:

From Cisco ISE:

- RADIUS probes.
- User details from Directory.
- VPN details like AnyConnect availability.
- Optionally, other data if port forwarding is configured. For example, DHCP details.

From switches:

- Device connection messages. For example, DHCP and NetBIOS messages.
- Deep packet inspection
- Switch telemetry

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics creates system rules based on the information received from these sources. When a device joins a network, and then through periodic probing while the device is active, the profiling data for an endpoint is continuously monitored and updated.

Certain changes in the profiling data received from the endpoint are flagged as anomalies in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. For example, if an endpoint was first profiled as a Linux device and is then profiled as a macOS device, this is flagged as a high-severity anomaly. A score is assigned in the Changed Profile Label column for the endpoint and the endpoint's overall Trust Score is also updated to reflect this change.

However, if there is a change in the sub-version of macOS and the endpoint appears to have downgraded from a later release to an earlier release, such a change is flagged as a lower priority anomaly and the corresponding scores are updated accordingly.

In the **Endpoint Inventory** window, click the MAC Address of an endpoint with a **Changed Profile Label** score to view the profiling data changes recorded. The old and new profiles for the endpoints are displayed here. If the profiling changes are not of concern for any reason, or if you think the profiling change detected

is erroneous, reset the score by clicking the corresponding button in the **Changed Profile Label** area of the endpoint's details.

You can also disable Changed Profile Label detection for a specific endpoint by clicking the toggle button in the **Changed Profile Label** area of the endpoint's details.

Data regarding this anomaly is sent to Cisco ISE if the affected endpoint is connected to Cisco ISE. The data is available as an Endpoint Analytics dictionary attribute that a Cisco ISE administrator can easily use to define policies.

Changed Profile Label detection is not available for the endpoints that have Custom Rules applied to them.

NAT Mode Detection

Network Address Translation (NAT) allows private IP internetworks that use nonregistered IP addresses to connect to the Internet. NAT can be configured to advertise to the outside world only one address for the entire network. If you have a NAT-enabled router in your network, an endpoint connected to a NAT router is recognized by the IP or MAC addresses of the router instead of the IP or MAC addresses of the specific endpoint. Information on NAT-enabled routers is collected from the Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series devices they are connected to.

NAT detection is included in Trust Score calculation as a device acting as a NAC-enabled router could allow unauthorized endpoints to connect to your network. For the endpoints that are assigned a NAT Mode Detection score, in the **Endpoint Inventory** tab, click the MAC Address to view the details of the endpoint in a slide-in window. If you are certain that the identity of the endpoint corresponds to a NAT-enabled router in your network:

1. Click **NAT Mode Detection** in the Trust Score tab of the details slide-in window.
2. Click the toggle button to disable NAT Detection for this specific endpoint.

Endpoints With Concurrent MAC Addresses Connected to Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series Devices

Identify the endpoints that share the same MAC addresses and are connected to Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series devices. The issue of endpoints with concurrent MAC addresses occurs in wired environments and in hybrid environments that contain wired and wireless deployments. In a wireless environment, concurrent MAC addresses do not occur as only one endpoint with a specific MAC address is allowed to access the network at any time.

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics allows you to identify the endpoints with concurrent MAC addresses by assigning a Concurrent MAC Address score to the endpoints. To detect endpoints with shared MAC addresses in your network, you must enable CBAR in the connected Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series devices.

When devices with the same MAC Address connect to a Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series device, the endpoints are recognized as concurrent endpoints and a low score is assigned to the MAC Address. Endpoints with concurrent MAC addresses may be connected to:

- The same Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series device from different VLANs
- Different Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series devices

Table 1: Environments In Which The Concurrent MAC Address Issue Occurs

Deployment 1	Deployment 2	Can Concurrent MAC Addresses Occur In The Network?	Concurrent MAC Addresses Detection Support in This Environment
Wired	Wired	Yes	Yes
Wired	Wireless	Yes	Yes
Wireless	Wired	Yes	Yes
Wireless	Wireless	No	No

In Cisco DNA Center Release 2.2.3 and later releases, the **Trust Scores** view of the **Endpoint Inventory** tab contains the **Concurrent MAC Address** column. Shared MAC addresses are detected as an anomaly and a low score is assigned in the **Concurrent MAC Address** column. Click the MAC Address to view a slide-in window with the details of the MAC Address. Click **Concurrent MAC Address** and the field expands to display information regarding the various sources of the MAC address.

In the **Concurrent MAC Address** area, the **Network Device Name** column displays the name of the Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series device to which an endpoint is connected. The **Interface** and **VLAN** columns display the corresponding values to help you identify how the endpoint is connected to the network.

Initial Trust Score Assessment using Posture and Authentication Values from Cisco ISE

When an endpoint authenticates through Cisco ISE, a Trust Score is immediately assigned to the endpoint based on its authentication and posture details. Authentication Method score is assigned by default and you cannot disable or act upon this score. You can choose to enable or disable Posture-based scores, either at a global level from the **Configurations** window, or for a particular endpoint in the **Endpoint Inventory** tab. The Trust Score that is assigned based on the Authentication Method and Posture values becomes the initial Trust Score for the endpoint.

Any other anomalous behaviors detected for this endpoint would then impact this initial Trust Score and drive it lower based on the severity and number of the anomalies.

The **Authentication Method** score, displayed in the details of an endpoint in the **Endpoint Inventory** tab, is based on the perceived security level of the authentication method used. For example, WebAuth Over HTTPS, certificate-based authentication, and authentication using secure tunnels receive high Trust Scores.

The **Posture** score is based on whether or not the connect endpoint is posture compliant.

If an endpoint's Trust Score consists of only the Authentication Method score, the **Reset Trust Score** button is inactive. When a Trust Score source other than the Authentication Method displays a score, you can use the reset option.

Trust Scores For Endpoints with Random and Changing MAC Addresses

As a privacy measure, mobile devices increasingly use random and changing MAC addresses for each SSID that they connect to. Some desktop operating systems offer users the ability to randomize MAC addresses at regular intervals as well. This means that an endpoint presents different MAC addresses every time they connect to a different SSID.

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics enables you to handle the issue of random and changing MAC addresses by receiving from Cisco ISE a unique endpoint identifier called the DUID (also known as GUID in Cisco ISE). Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics then uses the DUID as the identifier for an endpoint, instead of its MAC address. For more information how GUIDs are assigned in Cisco ISE, see Cisco ISE Administration Guide, Release 3.1.

The Endpoint MAC Randomization dashlet in the Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics **Overview** window displays a graphical representation of how many endpoints in your network are using random and changing MAC addresses.

For the endpoints that are connected to Cisco ISE and have DUID information available, this information is displayed in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics as well. The following columns display the required information in the **Endpoint Inventory** window in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics:

- **DUID:** The DUID value for the endpoint.
- **Previous MAC Addresses:** The random and changing MAC addresses with which the endpoint previously connected to the network.

Using the DUID value, Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics is now able to reliably identify an endpoint and track the various MAC addresses that the endpoint has previously used. This means that the Trust Score for an endpoint with random and changing MAC addresses still has high fidelity. The Trust Score of the endpoint from a previous MAC addresses is carried forward to the current MAC address that the endpoint is presenting and continues to be impacted by the probe data received for the same endpoint.

If a device has the **Private Address** setting enabled, the **Is MAC Random** column for this device displays the value **Yes**. This device is then recognized as a random and changing MAC address. However, whether or not a DUID value is available for this device depends on whether or not the endpoint was authenticated through Cisco ISE and if a GUID was generated for this endpoint in Cisco ISE.

Sensor Scans to Check for Open Ports and Credential Vulnerabilities

Install an active probes container to gain more information about the endpoints in your network. When you enable security sensor scans, the Trust Score that is assigned to an endpoint takes into account any anomalies in open ports and endpoint login credentials.

The sensor scan feature is supported by the following switches:

- Cisco Catalyst 9300 Series switches
- Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series switches



Note Cisco Catalyst 9800 Series switches do not support the sensor scan feature.

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics uses the Application Hosting capability that is available on the switches to enable scans for open ports and weak credentials.

Enable and Monitor Sensor Scans

Before you begin

- Connection to Cisco ISE Release 3.1 or later releases, if you want to enforce endpoint policies based on the scan results.
- Connection to Cisco Catalyst 9200, 9300, or 9400 Series devices
- Ensure that the switches are upgraded to Cisco IOS XE Release 17.7.1 or later releases.

-
- Step 1** Log in to your Cisco DNA Center.
- Step 2** From the main menu, choose **Policy > AI Endpoint Analytics**.
- Step 3** In the **Overview** window that is displayed, click **Configurations**.
- Step 4** From the left pane, choose **Trust Score Sources**.
- Step 5** In the **Security Sensor** area, the prerequisites for using the sensor scans feature to identify open ports and weak endpoint credentials are displayed. Click the corresponding links in this area to carry out the following tasks:
- a. Verify the supported Cisco DNA Center and Cisco IOS-XE releases from the release notes for Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series devices. Download the security sensor container from software.cisco.com for the relevant Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series device. A .tar file downloads to your system.
 - b. Install App Hosting in your Cisco DNA Center. See [Application Hosting](#) for instructions.
 - c. Upload the .tar file in your Cisco DNA Center App Hosting window. The link to the App Hosting window is displayed in the **Security Sensor** area.
 - d. Install and enable the .tar file in each Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series device that you want to enable sensor scans on.
In your Cisco DNA Center App Hosting window, check that the **App Hosting Status** is active for least one of the Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series devices on which you enabled the .tar file.
- Step 6** After the active probes container is installed and enabled as explained in the previous step, in the **Security Sensor** area, you can configure Trust Score settings in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics to scan for open ports and weak credentials on endpoints that are connected to Cisco ISE and the Cisco Catalyst devices on which the active probes application is enabled.
- Click the **Open Port Scan** toggle button to enable Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics to proactively run port scans to detect and close possible vulnerabilities on defined endpoints on the network.
 - Click the **Credential Vulnerability Scan** toggle button to enable Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics to proactively detect when endpoints on your network are using weak credentials in order to prevent malicious activity.
- Step 7** (Optional) If you choose to enable scanning for open ports, you can define the scan by clicking **Scan Configuration** in the **Open Port Scan** area.
- a) In the **Scan Configuration** window, in the **Defined Scans** tab, click the **Define Scan** button.
 - b) A dialog box is displayed that allows you to define the scope of a port scan:
 - To scan each endpoint at the time of endpoint enrollment, choose the **On enrollment, scan all endpoints** radio button.
 - To define the scope of the open port scan by subnet, profiling attributes, and more, choose the **Create a Custom Scan** radio button.

In both types of port scan, you define a list of unauthorized ports to specify the ports that must always be closed. This list allows Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics to recognize anomalous port activity on an endpoint and assign it a low trust score. For both port scan types, the minimum frequency of scan that you can configure is 12 hours.

- c) In the **Scan Configuration** window, in the **Open Ports List** tab, specify the type and range of ports, or individual ports, that must be scanned.
- d) In the **Scan Configuration** window, in the **Unauthorized Ports** tab, define by port number and port type, the ports that are unauthorized in your network. If Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics detects these ports as active, the endpoint is given a low trust score for the anomaly of an active unauthorized port.

Step 8

(Optional) If you choose to enable the detection of weak credentials, you can define the scan by clicking **Scan Configuration** in the **Credential Vulnerability Scan** area. SSH and TELNET protocols are supported by this feature.

- a) In the **Credential Vulnerability Scan** window, in the **Scan** tab, define a list of credentials that you want to identify as weak credentials. Define lists of usernames and passwords that are considered vulnerable according to your enterprise requirements.
- b) In the **Credentials** tab, a default list of more than 3500 weak credentials is available by default. You can use this default list to create a credential vulnerability scan. To add a new list of vulnerable credentials, click **Create New List**.

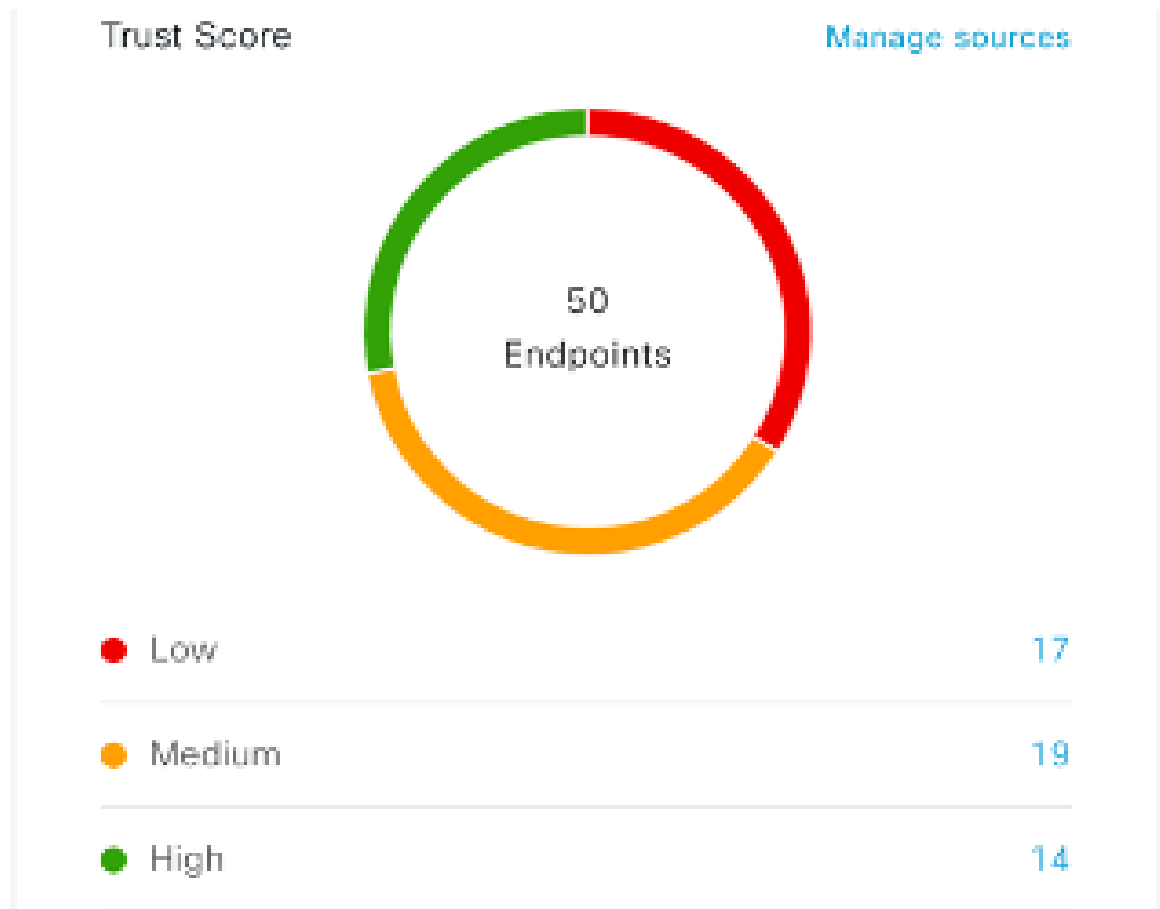
The minimum frequency of credential vulnerability scan that you can configure is 12 hours.

Step 9

For the scans that you enable in the **Security Sensor**, the relevant endpoints are scanned and if anomalies are detected in open ports or credential checks, the Trust Score for these endpoints is adjusted accordingly. In the **Endpoint Inventory** tab, where applicable, the **Trust Score** tab for an endpoint displays the list of unauthorized ports that are open on the endpoint, or weak usernames, or both.

View and Manage Trust Scores for Endpoints

Figure 1: Trust Score Dashlet in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics Overview Tab



After Cisco DNA Center is upgraded and necessary Trust Score sources are enabled, the Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics **Overview** tab (main menu > **Policy** > **AI Endpoint Analytics**) displays the **Trust Scores** dashlet. This dashlet contains the following information:

- The total number of endpoints that have been assigned a Trust Score.
- A donut chart and a list of the number of endpoints with low, medium, and high trust scores.

To view the details of endpoints in a trust score category, click its endpoint count in the **Trust Scores** dashlet. The **Trust Score** view of the **Endpoint Inventory** tab is displayed with the appropriate filters applied.

In the **Endpoint Inventory** tab, you can view endpoints with Trust Scores in two ways:

- Click the **Focus:** drop-down list and choose **Trust Score** to see all the endpoints with Trust Scores assigned.

- Click **View endpoints in Trust Score View** from the caution message that is displayed, to see endpoints with Low and Medium scores.

You can perform the following actions on endpoints with Trust Scores:

- **Apply an ANC Policy**

×

Apply ANC Policy

Choose an ANC Policy to apply to **00:15:49:21:2B:76**. Doing so will affect the endpoints accessibility to your network based on the ANC Policy applied.

Apply ANC Policy ▼ [ⓘ Don't see a policy you like?](#)

CancelApply

Click the **Apply ANC Policy** button to choose an ANC policy to be applied to an endpoint. The endpoint's access to the network is modified accordingly. ANC policies are imported from Cisco ISE and displayed in the drop-down list in the pop-up window displayed.

- **Replace an ANC Policy**

Change ANC Policy

Choose an ANC Policy to apply to 6 endpoints. Doing so will affect the endpoints accessibility to your network based on the ANC Policy applied.

Change ANC Policy ⌵ [Don't see a policy you like?](#)

No results found

[Cancel](#) [Change](#)

Click **Change ANC Policy** button to replace an existing ANC policy of an endpoint with another ANC policy. From the pop-up window displayed, choose the new policy to be applied from the **Change ANC Policy** drop-down list.

- **Remove an ANC Policy**



Remove ANC Policy

Removing the ANC Policy will restore the endpoints connectivity back to its normal state. Do you want to remove?

Cancel

Remove

Click the **Remove ANC Policy** button to remove an applied ANC policy from an endpoint. In the pop-up window displayed, click **Remove**. This removes the remediation policy that was applied to the endpoint, and allows the endpoint to connect to the network normally.

- **Reset Trust Score**

Figure 2: Reset Trust Score for an Endpoint Without an ANC Policy

Reset Trust Score

By resetting, you are acknowledging the low trust score of the endpoint. We recommend leaving a description below of any actions you took to address the low trust score.

Enter Description

Optional


Cancel

Reset

Figure 3: Reset Trust Score for an Endpoint with an ANC Policy

Reset Trust Score

By resetting, you are acknowledging the low trust score of the endpoint. We recommend leaving a description below of any actions you took to address the low trust score.

Enter Description 
Optional

Remove ANC policy when trust score is reset. By unselecting, you are acknowledging that the ANC policy will remain and you will have to navigate to Cisco ISE in order to remove the policy.

Cancel Reset

Click **Reset Trust Score** button to remove an endpoint from the Trust Score inventory. In the pop-up window displayed, click **Reset**.

If you choose this option for an endpoint after applying an ANC policy, you will not see this endpoint in the Trust Score inventory again. In this case, to modify the ANC policy for such an endpoint, you must remove the policy from Cisco ISE instead.

If you reset the score for an endpoint without applying an ANC policy, you may see the endpoint in the Trust Score inventory again with the next automatic refresh of Trust Score data.

The buttons for each of the actions are displayed in two locations in the **Endpoint Inventory** tab. The actions can be performed a single endpoint, or on multiple endpoints.

- **Manage Trust Score for Single Endpoint**

Figure 4: Trust Score Options for an Endpoint Without an ANC Policy

The screenshot shows the Cisco DNA Center interface for AI Endpoint Analytics. The main table lists endpoints with their MAC addresses, Trust Scores (ranging from 1 to 7), and the date the trust score was reported. A red box highlights a MAC address, and an arrow points to the 'Trust Score 4' details pane. The details pane shows 'AI Spoofing Detection: Medium Probability' and lists application types like IP Phone and Printer. The 'Date ANC Policy' column is empty for all endpoints, indicating they do not have an ANC policy.

Figure 5: Trust Score Options for an Endpoint with an ANC Policy

The screenshot shows the Cisco DNA Center interface for AI Endpoint Analytics. The main table lists endpoints with their MAC addresses, Trust Scores (ranging from 1 to 7), and the date the trust score was reported. A red box highlights a MAC address, and an arrow points to the 'Trust Score 4' details pane. The details pane shows 'AI Spoofing Detection: Medium Probability' and lists application types like IP Phone and Printer. The 'Date ANC Policy' column is populated with dates, indicating that the endpoints have an ANC policy.

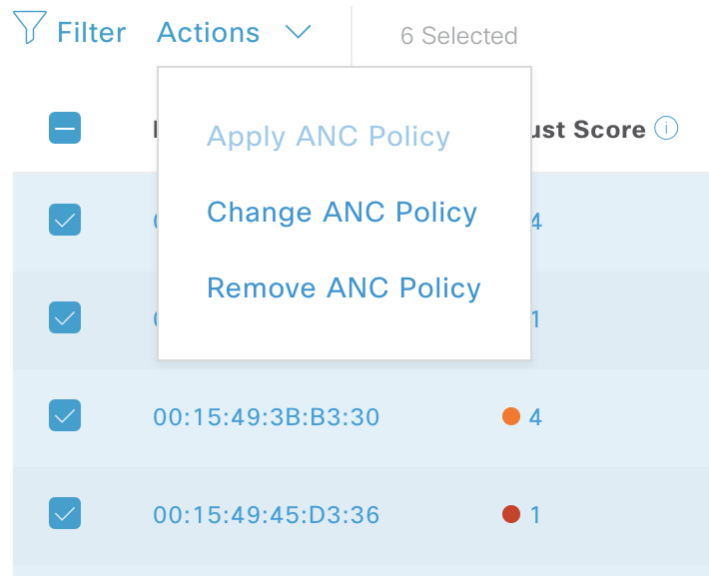
From the list of endpoints with a Trust Score, click the MAC Address of the endpoint you want to manage. In the endpoints details pane that is displayed, click the **Trust Score** tab.

Here, **Expected Endpoint Type** and **Likely Endpoint Type** values are displayed. The **Applications Used** field lists the applications that are used by the endpoint, that are unusual for the expected endpoint type.

This pane includes buttons to start the workflows of accepting and removing ANC policies, and to reset the Trust Score. Click the button for the intended task.

Alternatively, you can check the check box for an individual endpoint on the **Endpoint Inventory** window, click **Actions**, and choose the required option from the drop-down list.

- **Manage Trust Score for Multiple Endpoints**



In the **Endpoint Inventory** tab, check the check boxes for all the endpoints you must perform a specific action on. Click **Actions** and choose the required action from the drop-down list.

Profiling Rules

Profiling rules in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics enable you to group endpoints with a combination of common attributes. These attributes allow endpoint identification by Endpoint Type, OS Type, Hardware model, and Hardware Manufacturer. The profiling rules help you administer and manage many endpoints with ease.

Cisco AI Endpoints Analytics receives profiling data from network devices through DPI, media protocols, medical industry protocols, and more. Profiling data from Cisco ISE is communicated through pxGrid. These profiling attributes are then available in the device dictionary for authoring profile rules.

You can view the profiling rules in the **Profiling Rules** tab of Cisco AI Endpoints Analytics. In the table that is displayed under this tab, click a **Rule Name** entry to view the assigned profiles and attributes used.

The profiling rules that are used to profile the endpoints in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics are:

- System Rules
- Custom Rules
- Cisco AI Rules

Rule Prioritization

The profiling rules in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics have an order of priority. Profiling rule execution follows this rule priority to profile endpoints with high fidelity.

As user inputs are primary in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics, the priority of the profiling rules is as follows:

- Administrator-created static profiles, for example, profiles added using the **Register Endpoints** option.
- Administrator-created custom rules.
- Cisco-provided system rules that are available by default.
- Auto-generated rules through the machine learning-enabled Smart Grouping workflow.

To view the set rule priority, click **Rule Prioritization** in the **Profiling Rules** window.

A registered endpoint can be profiled by multiple Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics rules for different profiling labels. The following table shows the design of profiling rules for two endpoints.

Endpoint 1	Endpoint 2
Hardware Model profiled by System Rule	Hardware Model profiled by System Rule
OS Type profiled by Cisco AI Rule	Hardware Model profiled by Custom Rule
Hardware Manufacturer profiled by Custom Rule	Hardware Model profiled by Cisco AI Rule

For Endpoint 2, rule priority results in the precedence of the custom rule over the others. The Hardware Model label for Endpoint 2 is profiled by the custom rule.

For Endpoint 1, different rules define different profile labels, and each label is profiled accordingly.

Filter Profiling Rules

-
- Step 1** In the **Profiling Rules** window, click **Filter**.
 - Step 2** Enter a name in the **Rule Name** field.
 - Step 3** Select values for endpoint attributes from the corresponding drop-down lists, to filter for a set of endpoints.
 - Step 4** Click **Apply**.
-

View Updated Profiling Rules

-
- Step 1** Go to the **Endpoint Inventory** window.
 - Step 2** Click the check box adjacent to the MAC Address of the endpoint to view the profiling details of the endpoint.
 - Step 3** Click the information icon next to profile labels, and click the rule name to view the assigned profile and attributes details.
-

System Rules

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics provides predefined rules called System rules for profiling endpoints. When Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics is deployed, it provides day zero visibility into endpoints without any need to configure specific rules.

Newly onboarded endpoints are profiled using system rules by default.

Network devices are managed in Cisco DNA Center in the **Provision > Network Devices > Inventory** window.

These network devices are profiled by the system rules and are not visible in the Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics **Endpoint Inventory** window. However, you can view the endpoints profiled by custom rules because the custom rules are created with network device as **Device Type**.

Automatic System Rule Updates for Endpoint Profiling

The system rules that are used for endpoint profiling in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics are regularly updated to enhance profiling accuracy. Schedule automatic updates to receive updates in endpoint profiling system rules from Cisco. Your Cisco DNA Center receives updates at the configured time, and the changes are applied in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. In the **Profiling Rules** window (**Policy > AI Endpoint Analytics > Profiling Rules**), review the details of the changes in endpoint profiles, and accept or decline the system rule update.

If an endpoint's hardware model value changes due to an accepted system rule update, when you view the endpoint's details in the **Endpoint Inventory** tab, the **Hardware Model** field contains the name of the system rule update.

Before you begin

Configure and enable NBAR Cloud. See [Configure the NBAR Cloud Connector](#).

To check the status of NBAR Cloud, choose **Policy > AI Endpoint Analytics > Overview**, and click **Configuration**.

-
- Step 1** From the main menu, choose **System > Settings > Cisco Accounts > Profile Rule Settings**. The **Enabled** toggle button in the **Schedule Automatic Updates** area is set to active by default.
- Step 2** Click the buttons for the days of the week on which you want to schedule updates. You can choose multiple days. Then, use the **Time Slot** text fields to select the time for the update. It takes 30 minutes for the updates to be received by Cisco DNA Center. The second time slot area is not editable and displays the time when the scheduled update is expected to complete.
- Step 3** When your Cisco DNA Center receives a system rule update, a notification is displayed in the **Profiling Rules** window (**Policy > AI Endpoint Analytics > Profiling Rules**). The following notification is displayed when you click **Expand** in the dialog box:
- You are updated to the latest version *Name of Latest Version* and a recent Cisco profiling rule has changed the profiles of some endpoints. Review Update.
- Click **Review Update**
- Step 4** The **Endpoint Profile Update Review** dialog box is displayed. The dialog box contains information on the current stable update applied, the latest update received, and more. It also contains the following sections that you can click to view the related endpoint profile updates:

- a. **Major Updates:** Lists the endpoints whose profiles have had major changes, such as a Windows endpoint that is now recorded as a Linux endpoint.
- b. **Minor Updates:** Lists the endpoints whose profiles have had minor changes, such as an updated version of Windows OS.
- c. **Newly Profiled:** Lists the endpoints that were unprofiled previously and have now been assigned profile information.

Step 5 After you review the endpoint profile changes, to accept the profile update, click **Mark As Approved Version** in the **Endpoint Profile Update Review** dialog box. If you do not agree with the endpoint profile changes, click **Rollback**.

When you choose rollback, you must choose if you want to roll back to the last running version, or the last approved version, by clicking the corresponding option.

You can also perform the accept and rollback actions from the **AI Endpoint Analytics > Overview > Configuration** window.

Step 6 Click **X** to close the dialog box.

Custom Rules

In addition to the system rules, you can also create custom rules for profiling endpoints using a combination of endpoint attributes. Custom rules precede all the other endpoint profiling rules in Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics.

Logic and Conditions for Profiling Rules

You can create custom profiling rules in the **Endpoint Inventory** window. To create a custom profiling rule, you must create a logical condition based on endpoint attributes and values. These attributes are collected from network probe data and are different from the classification attributes available in the **Attribute Glossary** window.

A value is a user input that uniquely identifies the group of endpoints. The attributes and values create a regular expression with the help of the following operators.

Operators	Description
Contains	Attribute has the selected value.
Equals	Attribute is strictly mapped to the selected value.
Matches	Attribute should match the regular expression pattern of the selected value.
Starts With	Attribute should start with the selected value.



Note Contains, Equals, and Starts With are case-sensitive operators. For case-insensitive values, use the Matches operator.

These conditions can be further combined with the help of logic (**AND** and **OR**) to create a nested rule.

Create and Edit a Logical Condition

Follow the below instruction to create a logical condition.

-
- Step 1** In the **Choose Attribute Conditions** window, check the check box adjacent to the **Attribute** that you want to update.
 - Step 2** Choose a option from the **Operator** drop-down lists.
 - Step 3** Enter the value in the **Value** field.
 - Step 4** Click **Next**.
 - Step 5** In the **Add Logic to Conditions** window that is displayed, drag and drop the **AND** logic or the **OR** logic between the conditions in order to create a logical sequence of conditions for a custom rule.
 - Note** You can also add or edit an attribute condition in the **Add Logical Conditions** window using the vertical ellipsis next to a condition.
 - Step 6** Click **Next**.
-

Create a Custom Rule

-
- Step 1** In the **Endpoint Inventory** window, check the check box adjacent to the MAC address of the endpoints that you want to profile.
 - Step 2** Click **Actions** and select **Profile with Custom Rules**.
 - Step 3** In the **Name Rule and Type** window that is displayed, in the **Rule Name** field, enter a name for the rule, and from the **Profile Label** drop-down list, choose a label.

Depending on what you choose from the **Profile Label** drop-down list, a corresponding field, whose name is dynamically updated, is displayed. For example, if you choose **Endpoint Type**, the **Endpoint Type** field appears.
 - Step 4** Enter a value in the new field that is displayed. As you start entering information, matching options are displayed. If an option matches your requirements, select the same. Otherwise, enter the complete type name.
 - Step 5** Click **Next**.
 - Step 6** In the **Choose Attribute Conditions** window that is displayed, create a logical condition.

For more information, see [Logic and Conditions for Profiling Rules](#)
 - Step 7** In the **Review Rule** window, review the list of endpoints that are going to be profiled with this custom rule.
 - Step 8** Click **Next**.
 - Step 9** Click **Profile**.
-

Edit a Custom Rule

-
- Step 1** In the **Profiling Rules** window, check the check box adjacent to the admin rule you want to edit.
 - Step 2** Click **Actions** and select **Edit**.
 - Step 3** In the **Edit** window that is displayed, in the **Rule Name** field, enter a name for the rule, and select or enter the profile details based on the **Profile Label** selected during the rule creation.

- Step 4** In the **Logic and Conditions** section, click on the vertical ellipsis and select **Edit** to update the logic and conditions for profiling rules. For more information, see [Logic and Conditions for Profiling Rules](#).
- Step 5** Click **Next**.
- Step 6** Click **Apply**.
After the existing rule is updated with new profiling details, the endpoints profiled with this rule are updated with new profiling details.
-

Delete a Custom Rule

- Step 1** In the **Profiling Rules** window, check the check box next to the rule that you want to delete.
- Step 2** Click **Actions** and choose **Delete**.
The following message is displayed:
`Do you really want to delete the selected Rule(s)?`
- Step 3** Click **Yes** to permanently delete the rule from Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics.
-

After the custom rule is deleted, the endpoints profiled with this rule are updated with system rules.

Export and Import Custom Profiling Rules Across Deployments Using APIs

Cisco DNA Center contains Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics APIs through which you can import, export, edit, and delete custom profiling rules.

To enable the Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics API bundle:

1. Click the menu icon (☰) and choose **Platform > Manage > Bundles**.
2. Find the bundle named **AI Endpoint Analytics** and click **Enable**.
3. The value in the **Status** column changes from **Disabled** to **Active**, and the list of APIs is displayed. You can also view the expected request and response payloads for each API.
4. After you enable the API bundle, the Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics APIs are added to the Cisco DNA Center Developer Toolkit. You can then access the APIs from the **Developer Toolkit** window (**Platform > Developer Toolkit**).

From both the **Bundles** and **Developer Toolkit** windows, you can:

- Generate code preview to view the API code that you can use in a different tool to run the API.
- Click **Try It** to run the API from the Cisco DNA Center GUI. You will receive a JSON response that you can copy and paste into a text editor of your choice to continue working with.

Cisco AI Rules or Smart Grouping

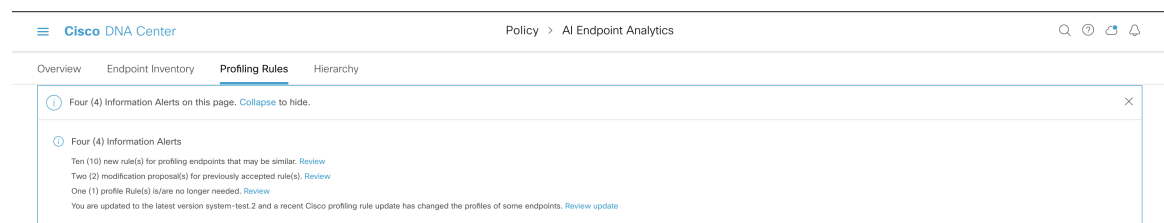
The Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics' AI algorithm analyzes data about endpoint profiling labels and groups across deployments and provides you with smart profiling rules suggestions.

The **AI Proposal** dashlet in the Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics **Overview** tab displays the following rule suggestions based on the learnings from endpoint clusters:

- New profiling rules for unprofiled or unlabeled endpoints in your network. For more information, see [New Profiling Suggestions for Similar Endpoints in Your Network, on page 36](#)
- Modification suggestions for existing profiling rules in your network that are based on the endpoint profiling data changes that AI algorithm has learned across deployments. For more information, see [Smart Modification Suggestions for Your Endpoint Profiling Rules, on page 38](#).
- Deletion suggestions for profiling rule that contain an incorrect label that are based on the endpoint profiling data changes that AI algorithm has learned across deployments. When you accept a deletion rule, the incorrect profiling label is removed from the impacted endpoints. The profiling type value for the endpoints is then either empty or returns to a previously assigned label. For more information, see [Smart Suggestions to Delete Profiling Rules, on page 40](#).

You can also initiate the workflows to review and apply proposals for changes to endpoint profiling rules from the **Profiling Rules** tab of Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. The **Profiling Rules** displays a dialog box with information alerts. In the information alert dialog box, click **Expand** to view the available proposals for changes to endpoint profiling rules. Click **Review** next to the information alert that you want to examine to initiate the corresponding workflow.

Figure 6: Information Alerts in the Profiling Rules Tab



New Profiling Suggestions for Similar Endpoints in Your Network

Step 1 In the **AI Proposals** dashlet, click the **Review** button next to **New rule(s) for profiling endpoints that many be similar**. The **Smart Group Profile** workflow is launched.

Step 2 The **Choose an Endpoint Group** window that is displayed contains a list of new profiling rules suggestions in the left pane. Click an entry in the list to view the details of the profiling rule in the right pane.

Figure 7: The Choose an Endpoint Group Window of the Smart Group Profile Workflow

The screenshot shows the 'Choose an Endpoint Group' window in Cisco DNA Center. The window is titled 'Smart Group Profile' and contains the following elements:

- Suggested Endpoint Groups Table:**

Number of Endpoints	Number of Common Attributes
191	7
121	3
- Endpoints (191) Summary:**
 - Summary (selected), Profile rule, Endpoints
 - Common Attributes:

Attribute Name	Attribute Values
OUI	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX (100%)
Network Access Device Type	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX (100%)
DHCP Fingerprint	XXXXXX (70%)
NMAP Operating System Result	XXXXXX (46.29%) + 3 more
http	XXXX (46.51%)
SNMP daemon on the endpoint	XXXX (46.29%)
SNMP trap on endpoint	XXXXXX (46.29%)
- Navigation:** Exit, Reject Grouping, Next buttons.

The right pane contains the **Summary**, **Profile Rule**, and **Endpoints** tabs that provide a quick view of the details of the profiling rule that is suggested.

Step 3 Click **Next** to create the suggested profiling rule.

Step 4 In the **Name Profiling Rules and Labels** window that is displayed, in the **Rule Name** field, enter a name for the rule.

Figure 8: The Name Profiling Rules and Labels Window of the Smart Group Profile Workflow

The screenshot shows the 'Name Profiling Rules and Labels' window in Cisco DNA Center. The window is titled 'Smart Group Profile' and contains the following elements:

- Rule Name***: A required text input field with a red asterisk and the text 'This field is required' below it.
- Endpoint Type**: A text input field with the placeholder text 'Enter or select type'.
- Hardware Manufacturer**: A text input field with the placeholder text 'XXXXXXXXXXXX - Suggested' and 'Enter or select type' below it.
- Hardware Model**: A text input field with the placeholder text 'XXXXXXXXXX - Suggested' and 'Enter or select type' below it.
- OS Type**: A text input field with the placeholder text 'Enter or select type'.
- Navigation:** Exit, Back, Next buttons.

Step 5 In one or more of the following fields, enter the required values. You must enter a value in at least of the fields to proceed to the next step.

- **Endpoint Type**
- **Hardware Manufacturer**
- **Hardware Model**
- **OS Type**

If the AI algorithm identifies a profiling label for the endpoints, the label is displayed as a suggestion in the corresponding field. You can choose to proceed with the suggested label or select a different label.

Step 6 Click **Next** to continue.

Step 7 In the **Summary** window that is displayed, review the details of your profiling rule. To edit any details, click the **Edit** option that is displayed in the corresponding area of the window.

Figure 9: The Summary Window of the Smart Group Profile Workflow

Summary

If you are satisfied, profile the endpoints now.

Endpoint Group [Edit](#)

Number of Endpoints: 191

RULES AND CONDITIONS

Attribute	Operator	Value
udp161	Matches	XXXXXXXXXXXX
out	Equals	XXXXXXXXXXXX.

Endpoint Profile Labels [Edit](#)

Rule Name: XXXX

Endpoint Type: XXXX

OS Type: -

[Exit](#) All changes saved [Back](#) [Done](#)

Step 8 To create the profiling rule, click **Done**.

Smart Modification Suggestions for Your Endpoint Profiling Rules

Step 1 In the **AI Proposals** dashlet, click the **Review** button next to **Modification proposal(s)** for previously accepted rule(s). The **Smart Group Profile** workflow is launched.

Step 2 The **Review modified proposals** window that is displayed contains a list of modification proposals for existing profiling rules. Click an entry in the list to view the details of the modification suggestion in the right pane.

Figure 10: The Review Modified Proposals Window of the Review AI Proposals Workflow

Review modified proposals

Review modified proposals below to reject or click Next to accept.

Modified Proposals (2)	
Number of Endpoints	Modified Type
0	Profile Labels
0	Profile Rule

Endpoints (0)

Profile Labels Profile Rule Endpoints

PROPOSED

Endpoint Type	Workstation	Hardware Model	-
Hardware Manufacturer	Intel Corporation	OS Type	Windows NT X

CURRENT

Endpoint Type	Workstation	Hardware Model	-
Hardware Manufacturer	Intel Corporation	OS Type	Windows NT X

2 Records 1 - 2

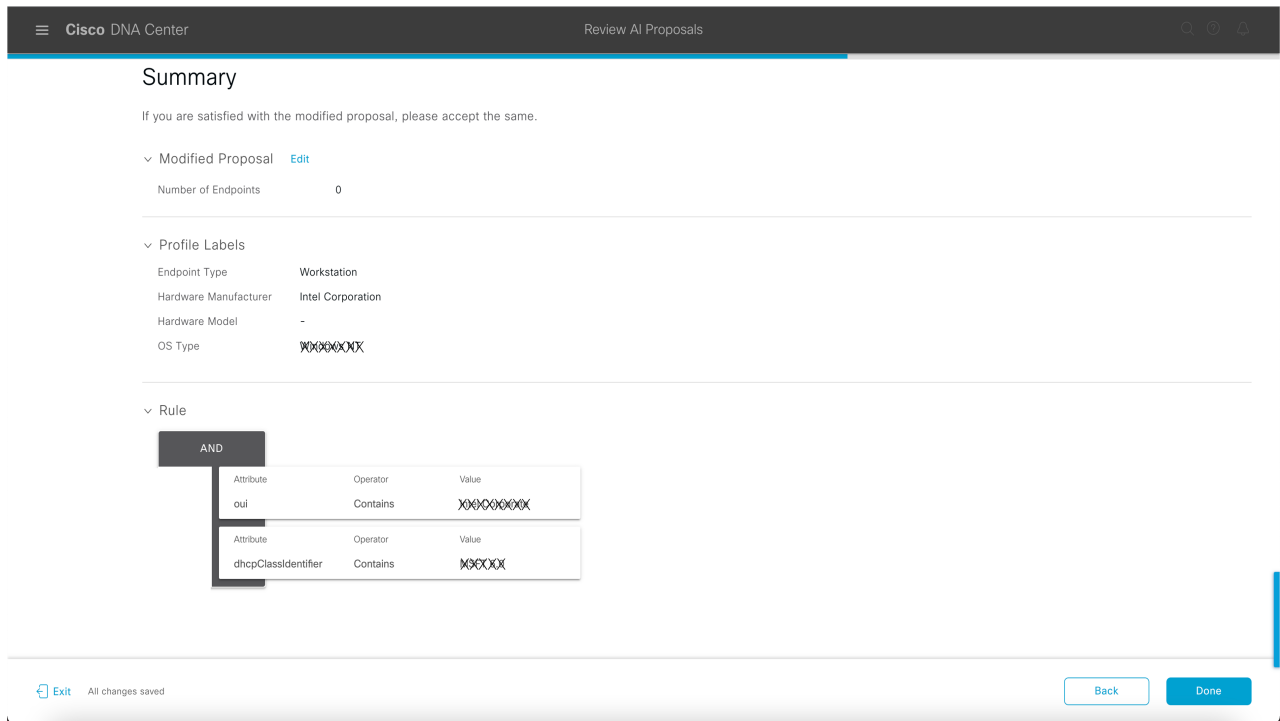
Exit Reject Next

The right pane contains the **Profile Labels**, **Profile Rule**, and **Endpoints** tabs that provide a quick view of the details of the modified profiling rule that is suggested.

Step 3 Click **Next** to update the profiling rule as suggested.

Step 4 In the **Summary** window that is displayed, review the details of the profiling rule.

Figure 11: The Summary Window of the Review AI Proposals Workflow



Step 5 To update the profiling rule, click **Done**.

Smart Suggestions to Delete Profiling Rules

- Step 1** In the **AI Proposals** dashlet, click the **Review** button next to **Profiling Rules(s) is/are no longer needed**. The **Review AI Proposals** workflow is launched.
- Step 2** The **Review deletion proposals** window that is displayed contains a list of deletion proposals for existing profiling rules. Click an entry in the list to view the details of the deletion suggestion in the right pane.

Figure 12: The Review Deletion Proposals Window of the Review AI Proposals Workflow

The screenshot shows the 'Review AI Proposals' window in Cisco DNA Center. The main heading is 'Review deletion proposals'. Below the heading, there is a note: 'Review the rules proposed for deletion below to reject or click Next to accept. Keep in mind, this action will not affect endpoints, only rules proposed!'. The interface is divided into two main panes. The left pane, titled 'Deletion Proposals (1)', contains a table with the following data:

Number of Endpoints	Rule Name
0	ML0101

The right pane, titled 'Endpoints (0)', has three tabs: 'Profile Labels', 'Profile Rule', and 'Endpoints'. The 'Profile Labels' tab is active, showing the following details:

Endpoint Type	IP Phone	Hardware Model	Cisco IP Phone 8865
Hardware Manufacturer	Cisco Systems, Inc.	OS Type	-

At the bottom of the window, there are buttons for 'Exit', 'Reject', and 'Next'.

The right pane contains the **Profile Labels**, **Profile Rule**, and **Endpoints** tabs that provide a quick view of the details of the modified profiling rule that is suggested.

Step 3 Click **Next** to update the profiling rule as suggested.

Step 4 In the **Summary** window that is displayed, review the details of the profiling rule.

Figure 13: The Summary Window of the Review AI Proposals Workflow

The screenshot shows the 'Summary' window in Cisco DNA Center. The heading is 'Summary'. Below the heading, there is a note: 'If you are satisfied with the deletion proposal, please accept the same.'. The interface is divided into three main sections:

- Deletion Proposal**: Shows 'Number of Endpoints' as 0. There is an 'Edit' link next to it.
- Profile Labels**: Shows the following details:

Endpoint Type	IP Phone
Hardware Manufacturer	Cisco Systems, Inc.
Hardware Model	Cisco IP Phone 8865
OS Type	-
- Rule**: Shows a table with the following data:

Attribute	Operator	Value
assetDeviceType	Contains	IOT

At the bottom of the window, there are buttons for 'Exit', 'Back', and 'Done'. The text 'All changes saved' is displayed next to the 'Exit' button.

Step 5 Click **Done** to accept the deletion proposal.

Import Profiling Rules

You can migrate your custom profiling rules and Cisco AI rules by importing the .json files.

- Step 1** In the **Profiling Rule** window, click **Actions**
- Step 2** Choose **Import Profiling Rules**.
- Step 3** Click **Choose a file** and browse to the .json file in your system.
- Step 4** Click **Ok**.
-

Export Profiling Rules

You can export and back up custom rules and Cisco AI profiling rules from Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics. The **Export Profiling Rules** option exports all the available custom rules and Cisco AI profiling rules. You cannot selectively export rules.

- Step 1** In the **Profiling Rules** window, click **Actions**.
- Step 2** Choose **Export Profiling Rules**.
- Step 3** Click **Yes** to export all the custom and ML profiling rules. Click **No** to exit.
- Note** You can import the same file again into Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics.
-

Hierarchy

Cisco AI Endpoint Analytics hierarchy helps you create logical groupings of endpoints, based on the endpoint types. Creating categories and subcategories for the endpoints focuses on endpoint visibility and simplifies the authorization process.

You can create categories from the **All Endpoints** default parent category. The category details such as total number of endpoints, endpoint types, and subcategories are listed within individual boxes in the **Hierarchy** window.

You can create, edit, and delete the categories to reorder the hierarchy.

Create Category and Subcategory

- Step 1** In the **Hierarchy** window, click the horizontal ellipsis of the parent category.
- Step 2** Click **Create Category**.

Step 3 Enter a category name.

Step 4 Click **Enter**.

What to do next

After you create a category, you can drag and drop endpoint types from the **Endpoint Type** window, or edit the category to add endpoints to it.

Edit a Category or Subcategory

Step 1 In the **Hierarchy** window, click on the horizontal ellipsis of the category.

Step 2 Click **Edit**.

Step 3 In the **Edit** window that is displayed, enter the **Category Name**.

Step 4 Enter the **Parent Category** from the drop-down menu, if you want to reassign the category.

Step 5 Click the **Endpoint Type** tab.

Step 6 Click **Actions** and select **Add Endpoint Type**.

Step 7 Choose the endpoint type from the **Search Dropdown** list.

Step 8 Click **Save**.

What to do next

In the Endpoint Type window, you can filter the endpoint types as **All**, **Available**, and **Assigned**.

Delete Endpoint Types from Category

Step 1 In the **Hierarchy** window, click the horizontal ellipsis of the category that you want to delete.

Step 2 Click **Edit**.

Step 3 In the **Edit** window, click the **Endpoint Type** tab.

Step 4 Check the check box adjacent to the endpoint type that you want to delete.

Step 5 Click **Actions** and choose **Remove From Category**.

The following message displays:

Are you sure you want to delete this category?

Step 6 Click **Yes** to delete the endpoint from the category. Click **No** to exit.

Reassign Endpoint Types from Category

Step 1 In the **Hierarchy** window, click the horizontal ellipsis of the category.

- Step 2** Click **Edit**.
- Step 3** In the **Edit** window, click the **Endpoint Type** tab.
- Step 4** Check the check box adjacent to the endpoint type that you want to reassign.
- Step 5** Click **Actions** and choose **Re-assign to existing category** or **Re-assign to a new category**.

Option	Steps
Re-assign to existing category	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. In the Reassign window, choose an existing category from the Category drop down list. b. Click Save.
Re-assign to a new category	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. In the Reassign window, choose New Category from the Category drop down list. b. Choose a parent category from the Parent Category drop down list. c. Enter the category name in the New Category field. d. Click Save

Delete a Category

Before you begin

Before you delete a parent category, check its subcategories. You can reassign the subcategories to another existing category or to a new category. Otherwise, all the subcategories are deleted along with the parent category. You can also reassign the subcategories while you are deleting a category.

- Step 1** In the **Hierarchy** window, click the horizontal ellipsis of the category.
- Step 2** Click **Delete**.

If you are deleting a category that has subcategories assigned to it, the **Reassign Relationships** dialog box is displayed. Choose one of the following options:

Option	Condition	Steps
Reassign to an existing category	Reassign the subcategories to an existing category.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Select a category from the Category drop-down list. b. Click Reassign. <p>The parent category is deleted and its subcategories will be reassigned to the selected category.</p>

Option	Condition	Steps
Reassign to a new category	Reassign the subcategories to an existing category.	<p>a. Select a category from the Parent Category drop-down list.</p> <p>b. Enter the category name in the New Category field.</p> <p>c. Click Reassign.</p> <p>The parent category is deleted and its subcategories are reassigned to the new category.</p>
Remove from category	Delete the subcategories along with the parent category.	<p>Click Reassign.</p> <p>The parent category and its subcategories are deleted.</p>
