



Topology

UI Navigation - Click **Topology**.

The **Topology** window displays color-encoded nodes and links that correspond to various network elements, including switches, links, fabric extenders, port-channel configurations, virtual port-channels, and more. Use this window to perform the following tasks:

- To view more information about each of these elements, hover your cursor over the corresponding element.
- To view your navigation in the topology, view the breadcrumb at the top.
- When you click the device or the element, a slide-in pane appears from the right that displays more information about the device or the element. To view more information in the topology, double-click a node to open the node topology. For example, to view the fabric topology and its components in the **Topology** window, double-click the fabric node and then double-click an element that you want to view such as a host, a multicast group or a multicast flow, as applicable to the fabric type, and view the respective topology.
- If you want to view the fabric summary for the fabrics, click the fabric node. From the **Fabric Summary** slide-in pane, open the **Fabric Overview** window. Alternatively, you can right-click a fabric and choose **Detailed View** to open the **Fabric Overview** window. For more information about fabric overview window, see [Fabric Overview](#).
- Similarly, you can click on a switch to display the configured switch name, IP address, switch model, and other summary information such as status, serial number, health, last-pollled CPU utilization, and last-pollled memory utilization in the **Switch** slide-in pane. To view more information, click the **Launch** icon to open the **Switch Overview** window. For more information about switch overview window, see [Switches](#).
- Choose an action from the **Actions** drop-down list to perform various actions based on the element you select in the topology.

For example, when you open the data center topology view, the only action available in the actions drop-down list is Add Fabric. However, when you open the fabric topology view, many more options are available in the drop-down list. For example, for LAN fabrics, the available actions are Detailed View, Edit Fabric, Add Switches, Recalculate Config, Preview Config, Deploy Config, Add Link, Deployment Disable, Backup Fabric, Restore Fabric, VXLAN OAM, and Delete Fabric.. Note that for IPFM fabrics, the available actions are Detailed View, Edit Fabric, Add Switches, Recalculate Config, Preview Config, Deploy Config, and Delete Fabric.

- To perform actions on the elements in the topology, other than the ones listed in the actions drop-down list, right-click the element. This opens the appropriate windows and allows you to perform tasks based on the elements. For example, if you right-click a fabric, you can perform tasks such as various configurations, delete the fabric, backup and restore, and many more.
- The VXLAN OAM option appears in the **Actions** drop-down list only for VXLAN Fabric, eBGP VXLAN Fabric, External, and Lan Classic fabric technologies, which support VXLAN OAM. For more instructions, see [VXLAN OAM](#).

The IPFM fabric topology is specific to the operations performed by Nexus Dashboard Fabric Controller IP for Media Fabric (IPFM) and applicable for both the IPFM and Generic Multicast modes .



Note In a flow topology that involves the Ingress and Egress nodes, the arrows in the node icon indicate the direction of the flow from the Ingress node or sender (indicated by **(S)**) to the Egress node or receiver (indicated by **(R)**).

This section contains the following:

- [Searching Topology, on page 2](#)
- [Viewing Topology, on page 3](#)

Searching Topology

Use a combination of search attributes and search criteria in the search bar for an effective search. As you enter a combination of search attribute and search criteria in the search bar, the corresponding devices are highlighted in the topology.

You can apply the search criteria such as equals (=), does not equal (!=), contains (**contains**), and does not contain (**!contains**).

The search attributes that you can use for LAN fabrics are ASN, Fabric Type, Fabric Name, and Fabric technology. The fabric type attributes that you can use for search include switch fabric, multi-fabric domain, external, and LAN monitor. The fabric technology attributes that you can use for search include fabricpath fabric, VXLAN fabric, VLAN fabric, external, LAN classic, IPFM classic, IPFM fabric, switch group, multi-fabric domain, eBGP VXLAN fabric, eBGP routed fabric, MSO site group, meta fabric, LAN monitor fabric, and IOS-XE VXLAN fabric.

For IPFM fabrics, the following fields are available to search on: switch or hostname, switch or host IP address, switch MAC, and switch serial number. In the Generic Multicast mode, also, you can search the receiver-interface name or IP addresses in this window.

When a device is displayed on the topology, double-click it to navigate further into the topology. For example, when the fabric that you searched is displayed on the topology, double-click on the fabric (cloud icon) to navigate inside its topology. Furthermore, after the fabric is displayed on the topology, you can continue to search based on a combination of a criteria and various search attributes such as VPC peer, IP address, model, mode, switch, switch role, discovery status, software version, up time, and serial.



Note Certain levels of the topology allow filters only, that is, filters take the place of Search. The topology listing for these levels display a limited number of entities. For example, Easy Fabric Networks are limited to 50 networks shown. Filters must be used to see additional elements or entities.

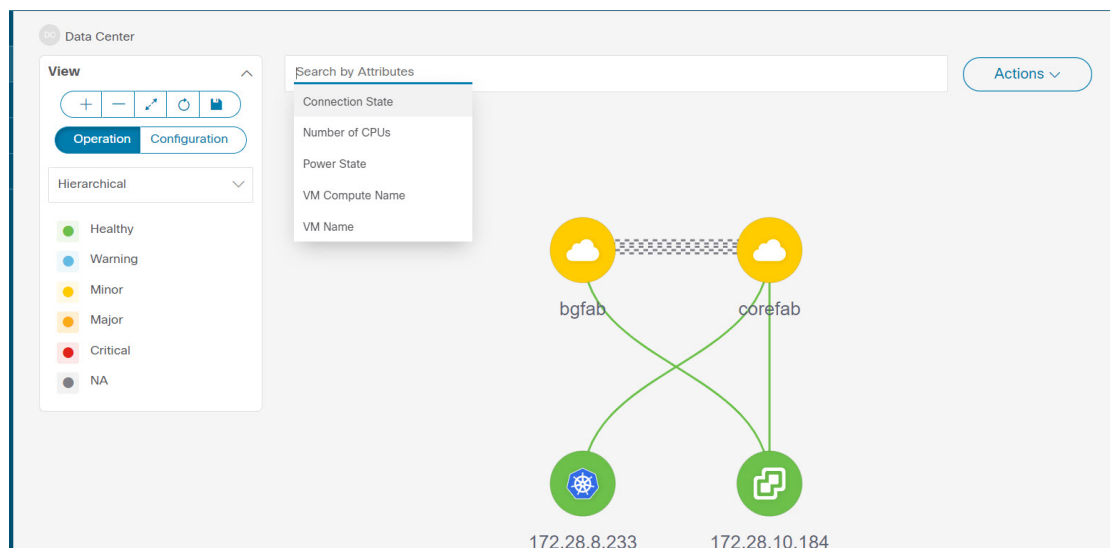
Viewing Topology

To pan, click and hold anywhere in the whitespace and drag the cursor up, down, left, or right. To drag switches, click, hold, and move the cursor around the whitespace region of the topology.

In case of multiple selection of switch, you must release the modifier keys (cmd/ctrl) before releasing mouse drag to end the switch selection.

You can view the following information of the devices and links in the **View** pane:

- Layout options - You can zoom in, zoom out, or adjust the layout to fit the screen. You can also refresh the topology or save any changes to the topology. For more information, see [Zooming, Panning, and Dragging, on page 18](#).
- Logical Links - For LAN topologies, you can view the logical links using the **Show Logical Links** toggle switch.
- Operation/Configuration - For LAN topologies, you can also select operation or configuration.
- Select Layout drop-down list - Choose the layout for your topology from this drop-down list, and click **Save Topology Layout** in the layout options. For more information, see [Layouts, on page 18](#).
- Status - The status of every device or link is represented by different colors. You can view the configurational status and operational status as well for LAN topologies. For more information, see [Status, on page 18](#).



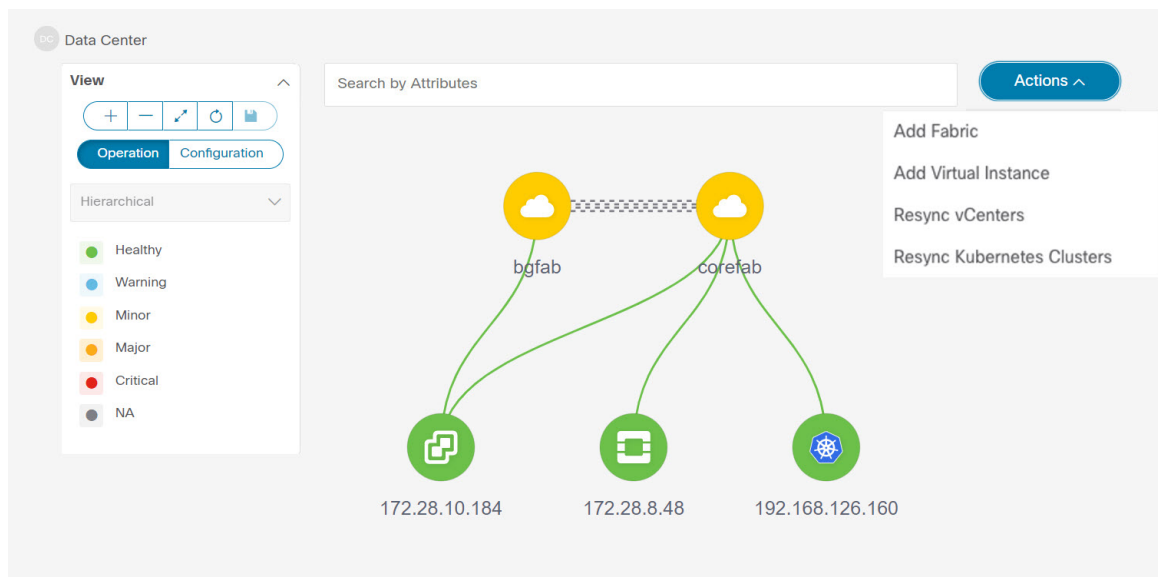
Topology for a node is displayed at multiple scope. Each scope is shown in the hierarchical order. The scope hierarchy is shown as breadcrumbs and can be navigated to required scope. Scopes are as follows:

- Data Center
- Cluster (vCenter)
- Resource List (DVS, Compute, and VM)
- Resource

**Note**

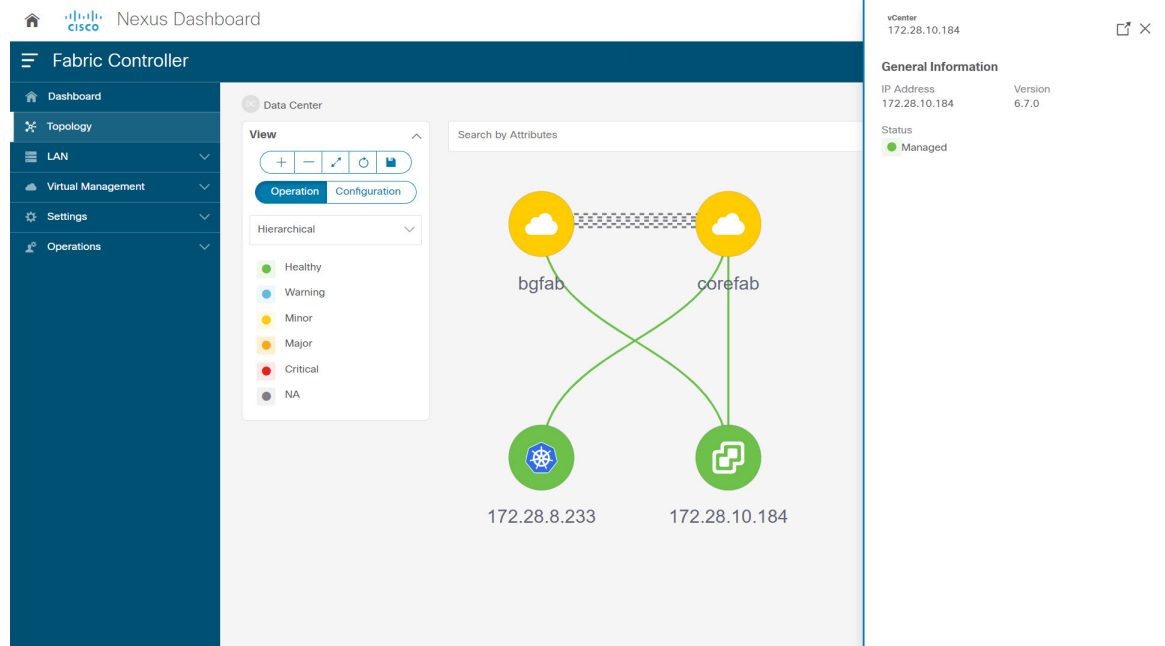
- In the **Topology** window, FEX appears in gray (**Unknown** or **NA**) because Operation and Configuration status is not calculated for FEX.
- After moving a cable from one port to another port, the old fabric link is retained in the **Topology** window, and it is shown in the red color indicating that the link is down. Right-click on the link and delete it if the removal was intentional. A manual Rediscover of the switch will also delete and re-learn all links to that switch.

When a Multi-Site Domain (MSD) fabric is deployed with the child fabrics, to view multi-site topology, double-click on a fabric node, and then choose MSD scope or double click on the gray MSD node to view the MSD topology.

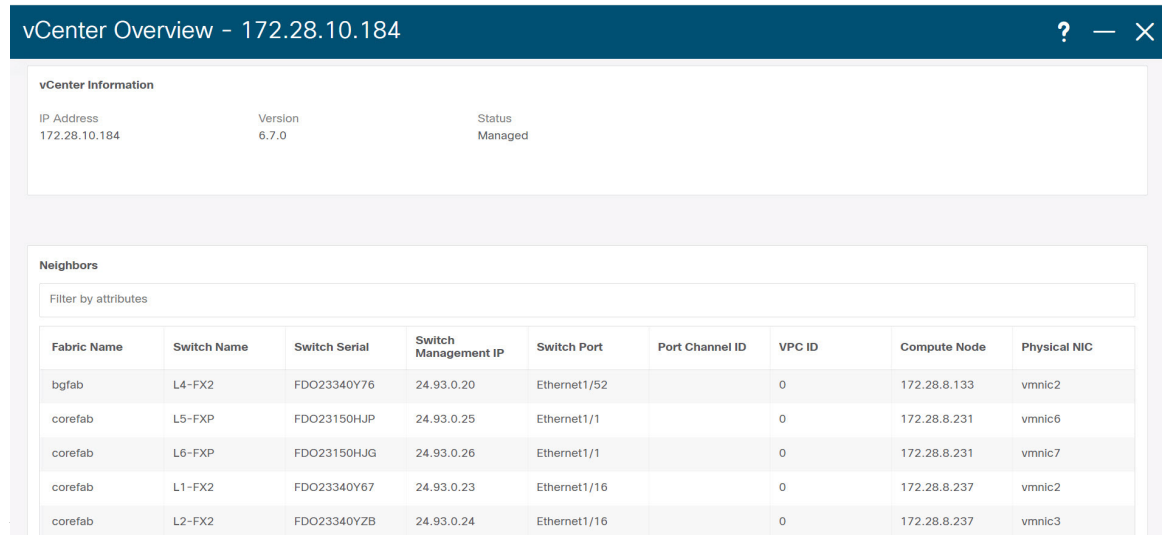


Viewing vCenter Visualization

Click on the vCenter visualization node, a slide-in panel appears, click on **Launch** icon to view vCenter Overview



This window has summarized data such as vCenter IP address, status of vCenter, fabric associated with the cluster, Switch name, Switch IP, Switch Port, VPC ID, Compute Node and Physical

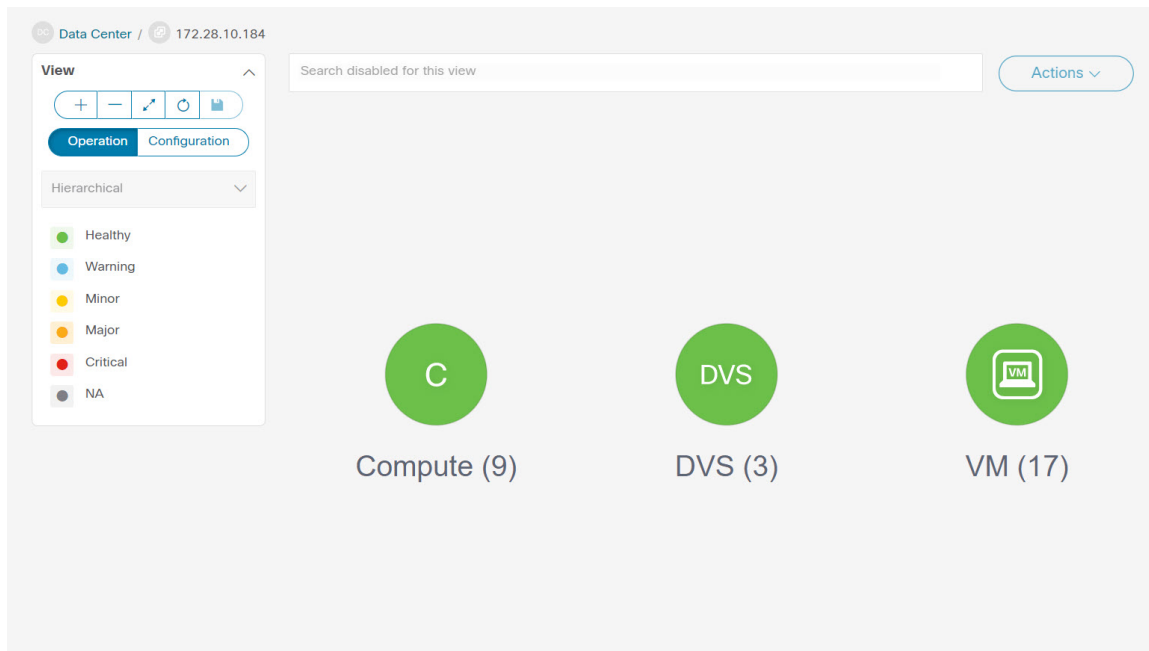


Double-click on the vCenter cluster node to view the associated vCenter cluster resources such as Compute, DVS, VMs. Each node has a number displayed in brackets, which indicates the number of specific nodes in the vCenter instance.

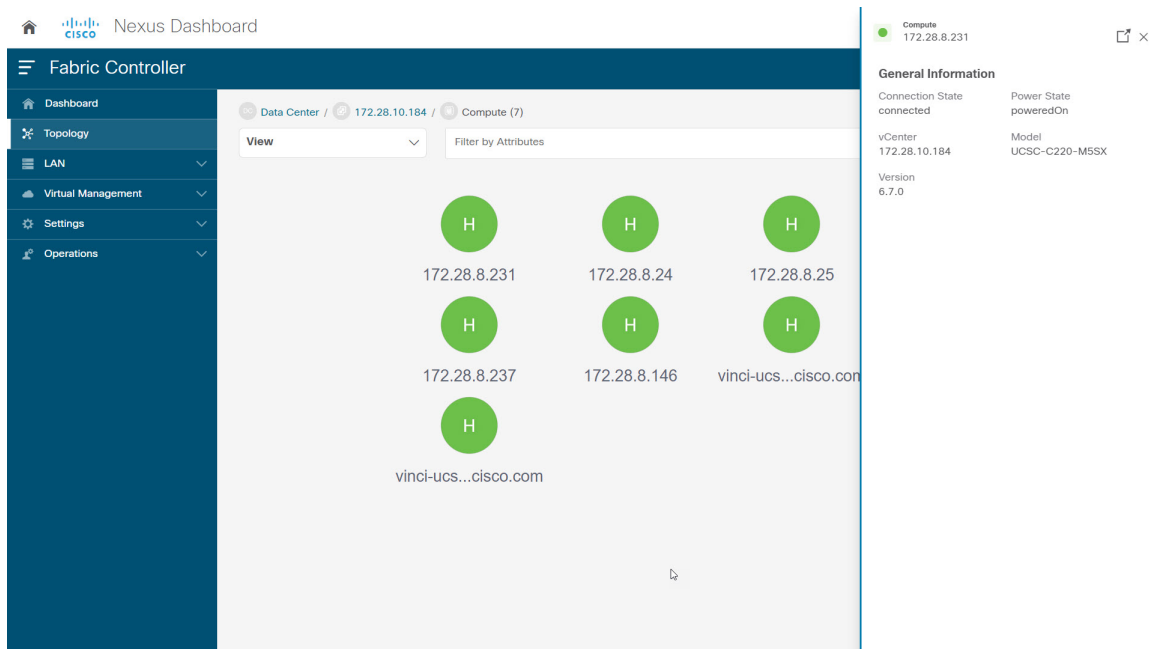
Double-click on Compute, or DVS, or VMs to view required list of resource type and its topology.



Note When you double-click on DVS, it displays the associated compute hosts under the DVS.



Click on a node, a slide-in panel appears, click on **Launch** icon to view **Compute Overview** window.



You can view the Compute information and Network details tabs which displays information such as power state, memory size, IP address, MAC address associated with the node.

Compute Overview - 172.28.8.231



Compute Information

Connectivity Status connected	Power State poweredOn	vCenter 172.28.10.184	Model UCSC-C220-M5SX	Version 6.7.0
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Network Details

- Physical NICs
- Virtual Switches
- Virtual Switch Port Groups
- Distributed Virtual Switches
- Distributed Virtual Switch Port Groups

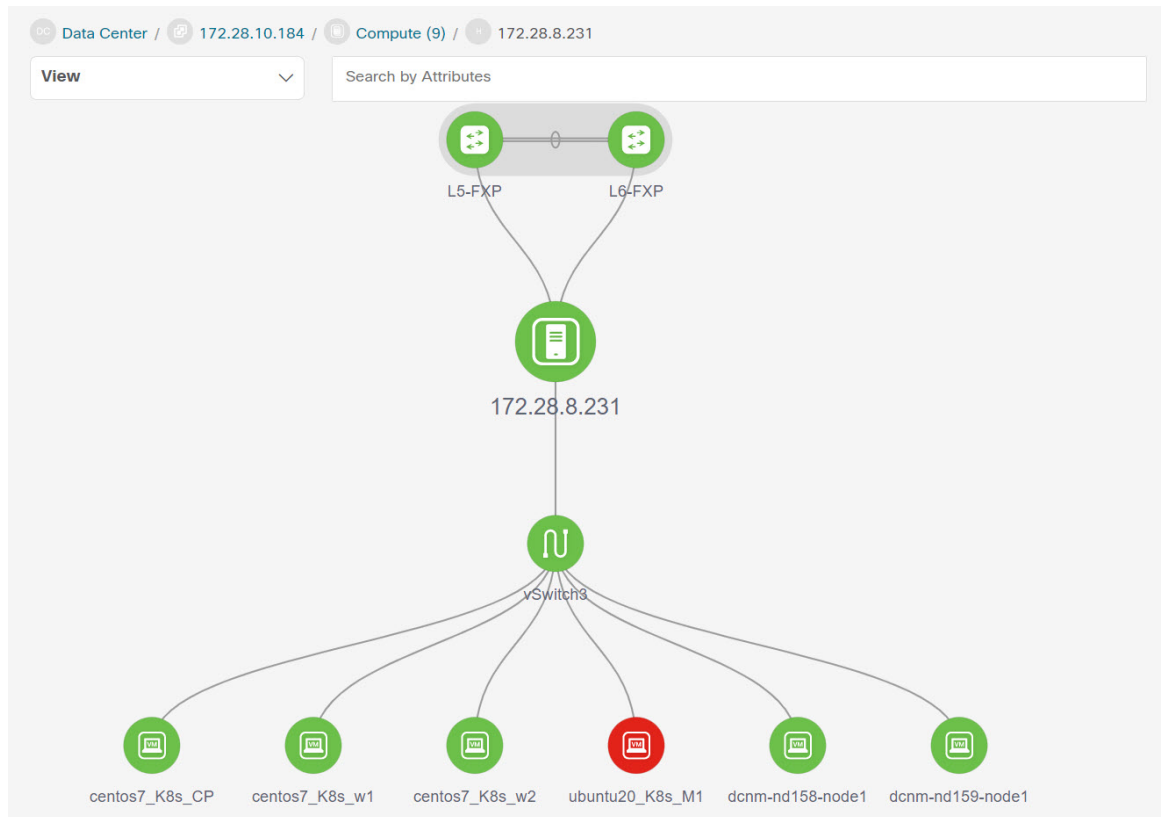
Filter by attributes

Name	MAC Address	Fabric Name	Switch Management Address	Port	Switch Serial	Source
vmnic0	70:f0:96:7d:e9:a2	-	10.193.88.10	GigabitEthernet0/43	-	cdp
vmnic1	70:f0:96:7d:e9:a3	-	0.0.0.0	GigabitEthernet0/11	-	cdp
vmnic2	bc:4a:56:f4:d4:6c					
vmnic3	bc:4a:56:f4:d4:6d					
vmnic4	40:a6:b7:36:f0:a0	-	192.168.126.152	Ethernet1/22	-	cdp
vmnic5	40:a6:b7:36:f0:a1	-	192.168.126.152	Ethernet1/23	-	cdp
vmnic6	40:a6:b7:36:f0:a2	corefab	24.93.0.25	Ethernet1/1	FDO23150HJP	cdp
vmnic7	40:a6:b7:36:f0:a3	corefab	24.93.0.26	Ethernet1/1	FDO23150HJG	cdp

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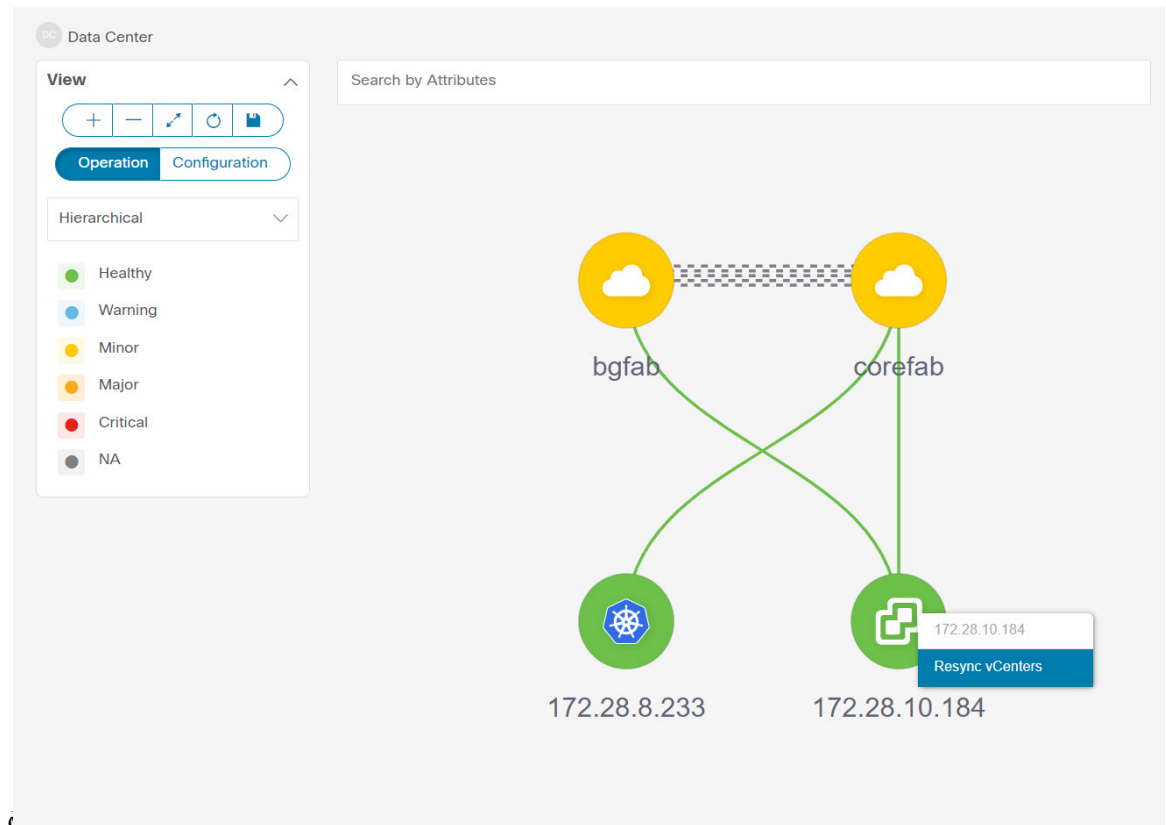
You can search using **Search by Attributes** to search required node. Double-click on the specific node to view the complete topology of vCenter



Resync vCenter

Resync synchronizes the state of all onboarded vCenter clusters. To resynchronize vCenter clusters, right-click on topology window, choose **Resync vCenters** and click **Confirm**. To synchronize individual vCenter cluster

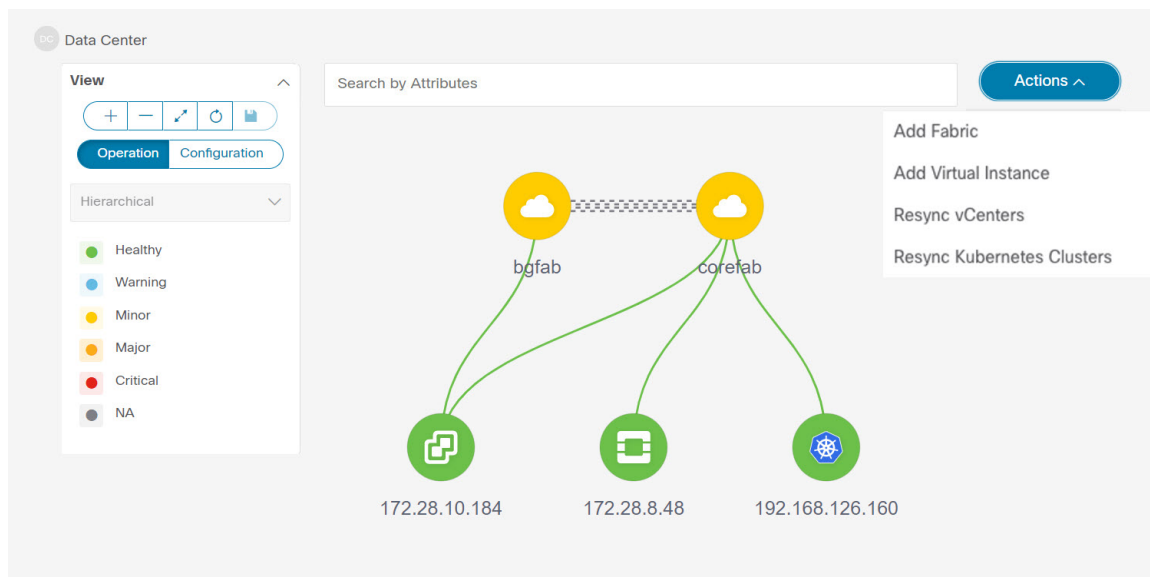
choose the Rediscover



Viewing Kubernetes Cluster

You can view topology in multiple scope, each scope is displayed in the hierarchical order and navigation breadcrumb. These scopes are:

- Data Center, Cluster (Kubernetes)
- Resource List (Compute, and Pod)
- Resource (Compute and Pod)



Kubernetes Clusters are of two types:

- VM based Kubernetes clusters are hosted on the VMs managed by the vCenter.
- Kubernetes installed on Bare metal, which is directly connected to a Switch.

Click on the Kubernetes cluster node, a slide-in panel appears, click on **Launch** icon to view **Kubernetes Overview**

This window has summarized data such as vCenter IP address, status of vCenter, fabric associated with the cluster, Switch name, Switch IP, Switch Port, VPC ID, Compute Node and Physical

Kubernetes Overview - 192.168.126.160

Kubernetes Information

IP Address	Version	Status
192.168.126.160	v1.18.1	Managed

Neighbors

Filter by attributes

Fabric Name	Switch Name	Switch Serial	Switch Management IP	Switch Port	Port Channel ID	VPC ID	Compute Node	Physical NIC
corefab	L6-FXP	FDO23150HJG				0		vmnic7

5 Rows Page 1 of 1

Double-click on the Kubernetes cluster node to view the associated Kubernetes cluster resources such as Computes and Pods. Each node as a number displayed in brackets, which indicates the number of specific nodes in the Kubernetes

Data Center / 192.168.126.160

View: + - ↗ ↻ 📄


Operation Configuration

Hierarchical


- In-Sync
- Pending
- In Progress
- Out-of-Sync
- NA

Search disabled for this view

Actions



Compute (3)



Pod (12)

Double-click on appropriate resource (computes or pods) group to display the list of computes and the pods in the Kubernetes cluster. You can search the specific node using **Filter by**

The screenshot shows the Nexus Dashboard Fabric Controller interface. The main view displays a topology of three nodes: centos7-k8s-w1, centos7-k8s-w2, and vm-k8s-master. A 'Filter by Attributes' search bar is visible at the top. A side panel on the right shows 'General Information' for the selected node 'vm-k8s-master'.

General Information	
Compute	IP Address
vm-k8s-master	192.168.126.160
Master IP	OsName
192.168.126.160	CentOS Linux 7 (Core)
Cluster Name	Container Runtime Version
192.168.126.160	docker://19.3.13
Created Time	UUID
2021-06-02 18:10:46 +0000 UTC	2b83b025-56a2-4fb9-a596-edb673de2555

Click on the Nodes to view details about the node. A side panel appears, showing the Node Summary. Click **Launch** icon to view Meta Data, Specifications, and Status information for the selected

The screenshot shows the 'Compute Overview - bm-k8s-controller' side panel. It displays 'Compute Information' and 'Additional Details' tabs. The 'Meta Data' tab is active, showing Kubernetes node or Pod name, namespace, and annotations.

Compute Information				
IP Address	Compute Name	Master IP	OS Name	Cluster Name
172.28.8.233	bm-k8s-controller	172.28.8.233	CentOS Linux 8	172.28.8.233
Container Version	Created Time			
docker://20.10.11	2021-12-06 06:40:48 +0000 UTC			

Additional Details

[Meta Data](#) [Specification](#) [Status](#)

```

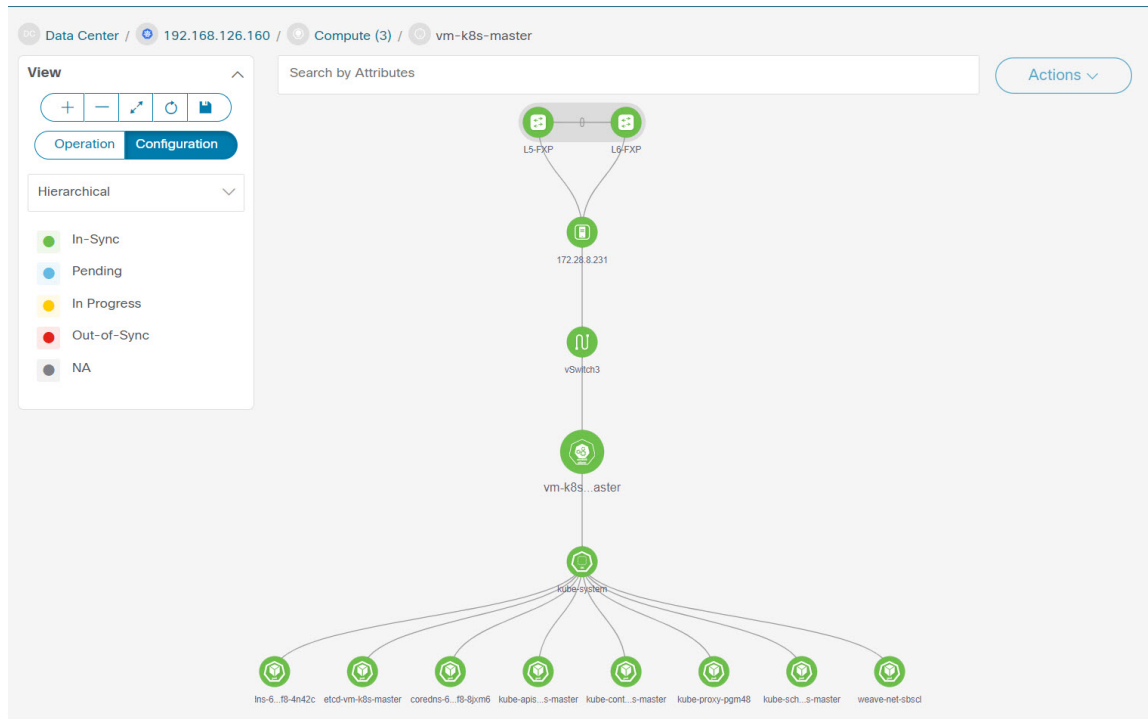
uuid: 2194f099-c202-42fd-9e48-e3b785f248d8
name: kube-scheduler-vm-k8s-master
namespace: kube-system
resourceversion: 23678792
createtime: 2021-06-02 18:10:55 +0000 UTC
labels:
  component: kube-scheduler
  tier: control-plane
annotations:
  kubernetes.io/config.hash: 3390495950d04a2cbd771af0fb734e16
  kubernetes.io/config.mirror: 3390495950d04a2cbd771af0fb734e16
  kubernetes.io/config.seen: 2021-06-02T11:10:49.17773803-07:00
  kubernetes.io/config.source: file

```

Meta data tab consists of Kubernetes node or Pod name. Specification tabs include the desired design or configuration of the node or the Pod. Status tab indicates the running state information of the node or the pod.

Click on Compute or Pod to view specific compute or pod node details. You can search using **Filter by Attributes** to search required node.

Double-click on the specific node to view the complete topology of vCenter



Click on a cluster node, a slide-in panel appears, click on **Launch** icon to view Kubernetes Cluster Node Overview window. To view the Compute information and Network details tabs.

Click on the pod node, a slide-in panel appears. Click on **Launch** icon to view the Kubernetes Pod Overview

General Information

Connection State	Power State
Connected	Powered On
vCenter	IP Address(es)
172.28.10.184	172.28.8.231
MAC Address(es)	Model
70:f0:96:7d:e9:a2, 70:f0:96:7d:e9:a3, bc:4a:56:f4:d4:6c, bc:4a:56:f4:d4:6d, 40:a6:b7:36:f0:a0,...	UCSC-C220-M5SX
Version	
6.7.0	

Compute Information – Displays connectivity status, Power state, vCenter IP, Model and Version.

Network Details – Displays tabular information such as Physical NICs, Virtual Switches, Virtual Switch Port Groups, Distributed Virtual Switches, Distributed Virtual Switch Port

Compute Overview - 172.28.8.231

Compute Information

Connectivity Status	Power State	vCenter	Model	Version
connected	poweredOn	172.28.10.184	UCSC-C220-M5SX	6.7.0

Network Details

Physical NICs | Virtual Switches | Virtual Switch Port Groups | Distributed Virtual Switches | Distributed Virtual Switch Port Groups

Filter by attributes

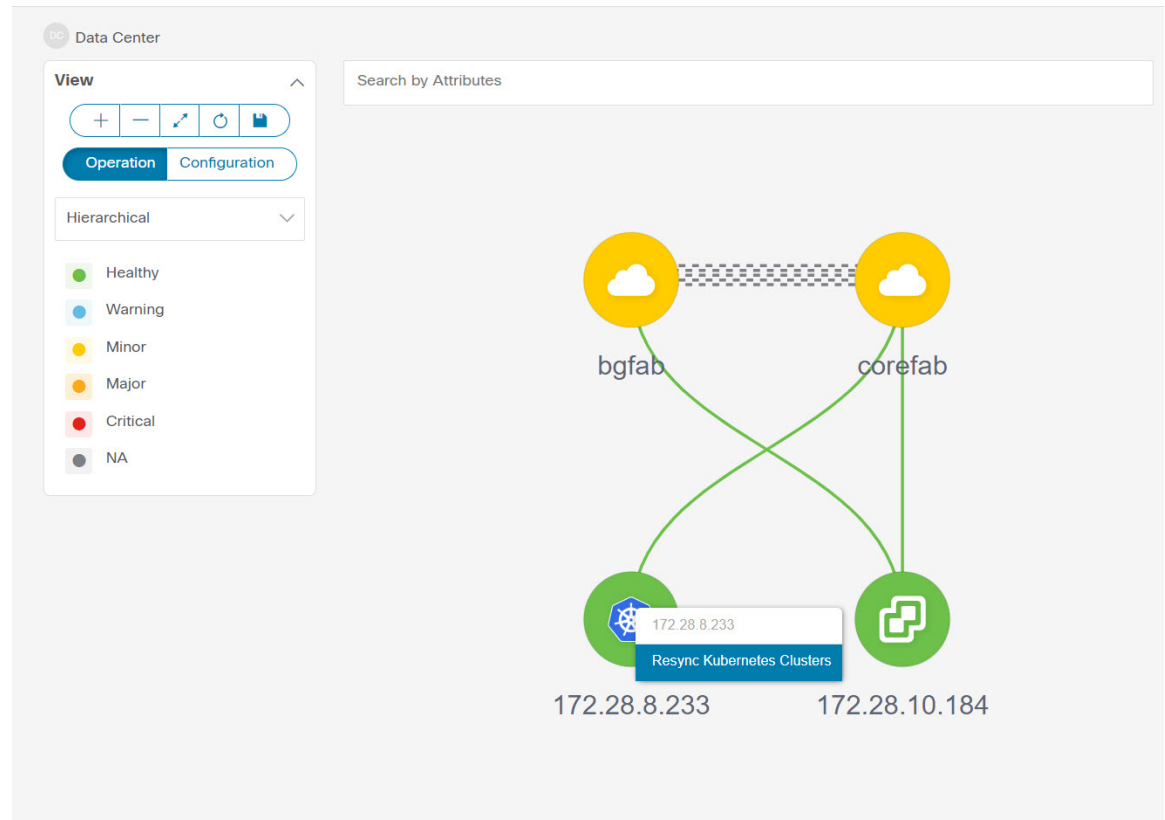
Name	MAC Address	Fabric Name	Switch Management Address	Port	Switch Serial	Source
vmnic0	70:f0:96:7d:e9:a2	-	10.193.88.10	GigabitEthernet0/43	-	cdp
vmnic1	70:f0:96:7d:e9:a3	-	0.0.0.0	GigabitEthernet0/11	-	cdp
vmnic2	bc:4a:56:f4:d4:6c					
vmnic3	bc:4a:56:f4:d4:6d					
vmnic4	40:a6:b7:36:f0:a0	-	192.168.126.152	Ethernet1/22	-	cdp

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Resync Kubernetes Clusters

To resynchronize kubernetes clusters, right-click on topology window, click **Resync Kubernetes Clusters** and click **Confirm**.

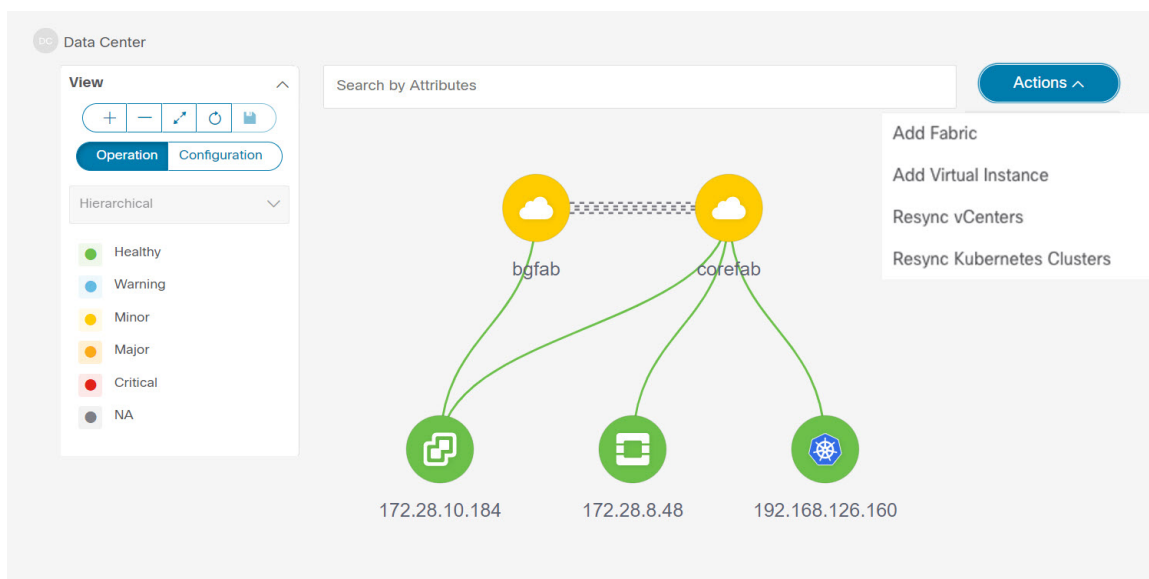
Resync synchronizes the state of all onboarded Kubernetes clusters.



Viewing OpenStack Cluster

Topology for a node is displayed at multiple scope. Each scope is shown in the hierarchical order. The scope hierarchy is shown as breadcrumbs and can be navigated to required scope. Scopes are as follows:

- Data Center
- Cluster (Openstack)
- Resource List (Compute, and VM)
- Cluster



Click on the Openstack cluster node, a slide-in panel appears, click on **Launch** icon to view Openstack cluster window.

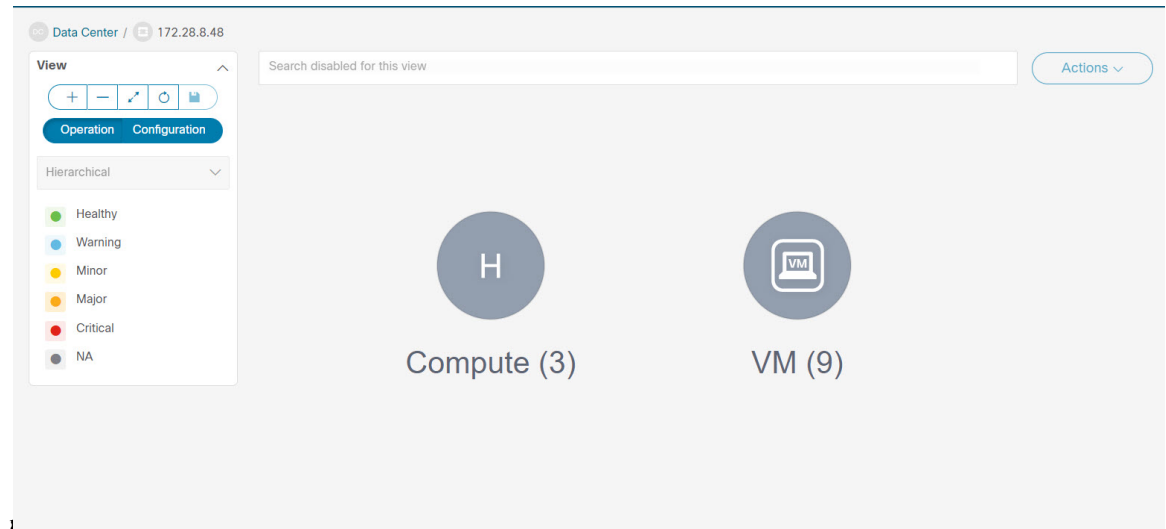
This window has summarized data such as Openstack cluster IP address, status of vCenter, fabric associated with the cluster, Switch name, Switch IP, Switch Port, VPC ID, Compute Node and Physical

openstack Overview - 172.28.8.48

openstack Information		
IP Address	Version	Status
172.28.8.48	1.1.0	Managed

Neighbors								
Filter by attributes								
Fabric Name	Switch Name	Switch Serial	Switch Management IP	Switch Port	Port Channel ID	VPC ID	Compute Node	Physical NIC
corefab	L1-FX2	FDO23340Y67	24.93.0.23	2c:f8:9b:79:bb:38		49		
corefab	L2-FX2	FDO23340YZB	24.93.0.24	2c:f8:9b:79:bb:39		49		
corefab	L5-FXP	FDO23150HJP	24.93.0.25	c4:f7:d5:08:3f:14		53		
corefab	L6-FXP	FDO23150HJG	24.93.0.26	c4:f7:d5:08:3f:0d		53		

Double-click Openstack cluster node, to view associated VMs and compute nodes. Each node has a number displayed in brackets, which indicates the number of specific nodes in the vCenter



Double-click on Compute or VM group icon to view list of specific compute or VMs in the cluster.

You can search using **Filter by Attributes** to search required node.

Double-click on the specific node to view the complete topology of Openstack cluster node.

IPFM - Multicast Flow

Generic Multicast is not limited to the two-tier spine or leaf topology. The flow classification and path tracing are not limited to any specific topology if all the involved switches are Cisco Nexus 9000 Series switches with the Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(5). Generic Multicast is supported for the default VRF.



Note

- If you remove a device from the Inventory, the Policy deployment status for that switch is removed. However, clear the policy configuration on the switch also.

To enable prefix for multicast, perform the following steps:

1. From Nexus Dashboard Fabric Controller Web UI, choose **Settings > Server Settings**.
2. Click **IPFM** tab, and check the check box **Enable mask/prefix for the multicast range in Host Policy**.
3. Click **Save**.

To view the multicast flows topology, perform the following steps:

1. Double-click the IPFM fabric in the **Topology** window.
2. Double-click the Multicast Flows node.
3. Double-click the required Multicast Flow.

The multicast flow topology is displayed.

A multicast flow topology involves spine, leaf, and sender and receiver hosts. The dotted moving lines depict the flow of traffic in the IPFM fabric topology. The arrows in the icon indicate the direction of the flow, and the IP address suffixed with **(S)** and **(R)** indicate the sender and receiver host respectively.

Zooming, Panning, and Dragging

You can zoom in and zoom out using the controls that are provided at the bottom left of the windows or by using your mouse's wheel.

To pan, click and hold anywhere in the whitespace and drag the cursor up, down, left, or right.

To drag switches, click, hold, and move the cursor around the whitespace region of the topology.

Layouts

The topology supports different layouts along with a **Save Layout** option that remembers how you positioned your topology.

- **Hierarchical** and **Hierarchical Left-Right** - Provide an architectural view of your topology. Various switch roles can be defined that will draw the nodes on how you configure your CLOS topology.



Note When running a large-scale setup, being able to easily view all your switches on a leaf-tier can become difficult. To mitigate this, Nexus Dashboard Fabric Controller splits your leaf-tier every 16 switches.

- **Circular** and **Tiered-Circular** - Draw nodes in a circular or concentric circular pattern.
- **Random** - Nodes are placed randomly on the window. Nexus Dashboard Fabric Controller tries to make a guess and intelligently place nodes that belong together in close proximity.
- **Custom saved layout** - Nodes can be dragged around according to your preference. After you position as required, click **Save** to retain the positions. The next time you come to the topology, Nexus Dashboard Fabric Controller will draw the nodes based on your last saved layout positions.

Before a layout is chosen, Nexus Dashboard Fabric Controller checks if a custom layout is applied. If a custom layout is applied, Nexus Dashboard Fabric Controller uses it. If a custom layout is not applied, Nexus Dashboard Fabric Controller checks if switches exist at different tiers, and chooses the Hierarchical layout or the Hierarchical Left-Right layout. Force-directed layout is chosen if all the other layouts fail.

Status

The color coding of each node and link corresponds to its state. The operational colors and what they indicate are described in the following list:

- Green - Indicates that the element is in good health and functioning as intended.
- Blue - Indicates that the element is in a warning state and requires attention to prevent any further problems.
- Yellow - Indicates that the element has minor issues.

- Orange - Indicates that the element has major issues and requires attention to prevent any further problems.
- Red - Indicates that the element is in critical state and requires immediate attention.
- Gray: Indicates lack of information to identify the element or the element has been discovered.

The configurational colors and what they indicate are described in the following list:

- Green - Indicates that the element is element is In-Sync with the intended configuration.
- Blue - Indicates that the element has pending deployments.
- Yellow - Indicates that active deployments are in-progress.
- Red - Indicates that the element is Out-of-Sync with the intended configuration.
- Gray: Indicates lack of information or no support for Configuration Sync calculation.



Note

- In the **Topology** window, FEX appears in gray (**Unknown** or **n/a**) because Operation and Configuration status is not calculated for FEX.
 - After moving a cable from one port to another port, the old fabric link is retained in the **Topology** window, and it is shown in the red color indicating that the link is down. Right-click on the link and delete it if the removal was intentional. A manual Rediscover of the switch will also delete and re-learn all links to that switch.
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