

# **Troubleshooting SD-AVC**

This section provides several SD-AVC troubleshooting scenarios. If this information does not provide a solution, contact Cisco TAC for assistance.

- Troubleshooting Overview, on page 1
- Troubleshooting SD-AVC Network Service Issues, on page 4
- Troubleshooting SD-AVC Agent Issues, on page 10
- Troubleshooting SD-AVC Connectivity Issues, on page 11
- Troubleshooting Protocol Pack Issues, on page 14

## **Troubleshooting Overview**

The following tables describe troubleshooting for issues with:

• SD-AVC network service

(operates on a dedicated host)

• SD-AVC agent

(operates on each participating device in the network)

Connectivity

(between network service and one or more devices in the network)

Problem	How it appears	Troubleshooting
SD-AVC network	SD-AVC not active, <b>sd-avc status</b> shows installation failure.	Summary
service: installation failure		Diagnose with <b>sd-avc status</b> and then <b>service sd-avc trace</b> .
		Possible issues:
		• Not enough memory: see system requirements
		• Not enough disk space: see system requirements
		Troubleshooting Details
		Troubleshooting Commands for Network Service Issues, on page 4
		System Requirements: SD-AVC Network Service Host
SD-AVC network	SD-AVC not active, <b>sd-avc status</b> shows activation failure.	Summary
service: activation failure		Diagnose with <b>sd-avc status</b> and then <b>service sd-avc trace</b> .
		Possible issue: Something may be using CPU resources. Ensure that nothing is using CPU resources.
		Troubleshooting Details
		Troubleshooting Commands for Network Service Issues, on page 4
		Activation Failure Caused by Shared CPU Resources, on page 7
SD-AVC network	SD-AVC not active, <b>sd-avc status</b> shows configuration failure.	Summary
service: configuration failure		A VRF is attached to the interface used as the management interface on the device hosting the SD-AVC network service. Remove the VRF assignment from the management interface using:
		interface interface no ip vrf forwarding
		Troubleshooting Details
		Configuration Failure Caused by VRF, on page 9

#### Table 1: Troubleshooting: SD-AVC Network Service

Problem	How it appears	Troubleshooting
NBAR2 is not	On the <b>Dashboard</b> > <b>Application</b>	Summary
activated on the device	<b>Visibility</b> page, the <b>Timeline</b> graph of bandwidth shows no activity.	NBAR2 is not active: Activate NBAR2 on the device.
		Troubleshooting Details
		NBAR2 Not Activated on Interfaces, on page 10
Error: More than	When attempting to enable the agent, an	Summary
one active session	error message indicates that there is an active session already.	Close any interfering sessions.
	Example:	Troubleshooting Details
	Device(config-sd-service)# controller %% NBAR Error: There is an active session already in sd-service-controller submode	Active Sessions Preventing Agent Configuration, on page 10

Table 2: Troubleshooting: SD-AVC Agent (	Operating on Devices in the Network

Table 3: Troubleshooting: Connectivity between SD-AVC Network Service and Devices in the Network

Problem	How it appears	Troubleshooting
UDP	Warning in:	Summary
	Dashboard > Application Visibility page	Check UDP connectivity.
	> <b>SD-AVC Monitoring</b> pane	Troubleshooting Details
		Problem with UDP Communication with Devices, on page 11
ТСР	Warning in:	Summary
	Dashboard > Application Visibility page	Check TCP connectivity.
	> <b>SD-AVC Monitoring</b> pane	Troubleshooting Details
		Problem with TCP Communication with Devices , on page 12

Problem	How it appears	Troubleshooting
FTP and HTTP	Warning in:	Summary
	Dashboard > Application Visibility page > SD-AVC Monitoring pane	<ol> <li>Check FTP/HTTP connectivity: show avc sd-service info summary</li> <li>Verify FTP/HTTP connectivity between the SD-AVC network service and the network device. This includes checking ACL, firewalls, and so on.</li> <li>On the device, ensure that FTP/HTTP connectivity is possible from the routable interface to the SD-AVC network service. To enable FTP/HTTP connections from a specific interface, use: ip ftp source-interface interface-name ip http client source-interface interface-name</li> <li>Troubleshooting Details Problem with FTP/HTTP Communication with Devices, on page 12</li> </ol>

Table 4: Troubleshooting: Protocol Packs

Problem	How it appears	Troubleshooting
Failure to load Protocol Pack on a device	When deploying Protocol Packs to one or more devices, results page shows error, such as "out of sync."	<b>Summary</b> Load the Protocol Pack manually on the device to determine whether the Protocol Pack is valid.
		Troubleshooting Details
		Failure to Deploy Protocol Pack to Device, on page 14

## **Troubleshooting SD-AVC Network Service Issues**

## **Troubleshooting Commands for Network Service Issues**

The following commands are helpful for troubleshooting SD-AVC network service issues. Execute the commands on the network service host device. The output may indicate any installation or configuration problems.

#### Table 5: Summary

Command	Description
service sd-avc status	Status of SD-AVC network service installation, configuration, and activation
service sd-avc trace	Memory or disk problems
show virtual-service list	Activation errors
show virtual-service global	CPU and memory usage

#### **Command Details: service sd-avc status**

Execute the command on the network service host device.

Output indicates status of SD-AVC installation, configuration, and activation.

• Installation error:

Service SDAVC is uninstalled, not configured and deactivated

Activation error:

Service SDAVC is installed, configured and Activate Failed

#### **Command Details: service sd-avc trace**

Execute the command on the network service host device.

Output indicates memory or disk problems.

• Memory problem (shown in bold below):

```
service sd-avc trace
2017/11/27 02:06:42.384 [errmsg] [3071]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (noise):(2):
%VMAN-2-MACH_PARSE_FAILURE: Virtual Service[SDAVC]::Parsing::XML parsing failure::Unable
to parse VM machin
e definition::Requests 3072 MB of memory which exceeds the maximum of
1024
2017/11/27 02:06:42.383 [errmsg] [3071]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (noise):(2):
%VMAN-2-MEMORY_LIMIT_WARN: Virtual service (SDAVC) defines 3072 MB of Memory
exceeding the maximum 1024 MB.
...
```

#### • **Disk** problem (shown in bold below):

2017/11/27 03:36:52.500 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Failed to get
per-VM mac address binding from FDB
2017/11/27 03:36:52.500 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Failed to get mac
binding from persistent DB file
2017/11/27 03:36:52.500 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Could not retrieve
HA disk info for VM 'SDAVC'
2017/11/27 03:36:52.500 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Unable to locate
fdb attributes for vm(SDAVC)
2017/11/27 03:36:52.500 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Failed to get
per-VM storage info list from FDB
2017/11/27 03:36:52.500 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Failed to get

```
storage pool from persistent DB file
2017/11/27 03:36:52.499 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Virtual Service
failure log[SDAVC]::Install::The installation of the virtual service failed
```

#### **Command Details: show virtual-service list**

Execute the command on the network service host device.

Output indicates activation status (failed in this example):

Virtual Service List:		
Name	Status	Package Name
SDAVC	Activate Failed	avc iosxe 221533.ova

#### **Command Details: show virtual-service global**

Execute the command on the network service host device.

Output indicates virtual service CPU and memory usage:

Example showing a service using 5% of CPU:

#### show virtual-service global

Maximum VCPUs per virtual service	: 1		
Resource virtualization limits:			
Name	Quota	Committed	Available
system CPU (%)	75	5	70
system CPU (%) memory (MB)	75 3072	5 800	70 2272

### Installation Failure Caused by Memory or Disk

#### Component(s)

Device hosting the SD-AVC network service

#### Background

Memory or disk allocation issues can prevent successful installation of the SD-AVC network service.

#### Troubleshooting

1. Use service sd-avc status on the network service host device to check status of installation. If installation is unsuccessful, the output shows "Service SDAVC is uninstalled."

```
service sd-avc status
Service SDAVC is uninstalled, not configured and deactivated
```

- 2. Use service sd-avc trace on the network service host device to indicate whether the installation problem is due to memory or disk.
  - Memory problem:

service sd-avc trace

2017/11/27 02:06:42.384 [errmsg] [3071]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (noise):(2): %VMAN-2-MACH\_PARSE\_FAILURE: Virtual Service[SDAVC]::Parsing::XML parsing failure::Unable to parse VM machin e definition::Requests 3072 MB of memory which exceeds the maximum of

1024

2017/11/27 02:06:42.383 [errmsg] [3071]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (noise):(2): %VMAN-2-MEMORY\_LIMIT\_WARN: Virtual service (SDAVC) defines 3072 MB of Memory exceeding the maximum 1024 MB.

• • •

#### Disk problem:

2017/11/27 03:36:52.500 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Failed to get per-VM mac address binding from FDB 2017/11/27 03:36:52.500 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Failed to get mac binding from persistent DB file 2017/11/27 03:36:52.500 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Could not retrieve HA disk info for VM 'SDAVC' 2017/11/27 03:36:52.500 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Unable to locate fdb attributes for vm(SDAVC) 2017/11/27 03:36:52.500 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Failed to get per-VM storage info list from FDB 2017/11/27 03:36:52.500 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Failed to get storage pool from persistent DB file 2017/11/27 03:36:52.499 [vman] [3222]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Virtual Service failure log[SDAVC]::Install::The installation of the virtual service failed

#### Solutions

Table 6: Resolving Memory or Disk Errors

Problem	Solution
Memory error	Increase the device memory to the amount specified in System Requirements: SD-AVC Network Service Host.
Disk error	Increase the size of the harddisk or bootflash (for CSR) device according to the requirements specified in System Requirements: SD-AVC Network Service Host.

## **Activation Failure Caused by Shared CPU Resources**

#### Component(s)

Device hosting the SD-AVC network service

#### Background

The platform hosting the SD-AVC network service should not have other virtual services operating. Sharing CPU resources with other virtual services can prevent successful activation.

Use **service sd-avc status** on the network service host device to check status of installation. If installation has succeeded, but activation is unsuccessful, the output shows "Activate Failed."

service sd-avc status
Service SDAVC is installed, configured and Activate Failed

#### Troubleshooting

Use **service sd-avc trace** on the network service host device to troubleshoot. The following output shows a problem (shown in bold) with activation, due to shared CPU.

#### service sd-avc trace

```
2017/11/26 15:46:49.133 [vman] [2224]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Failed to find domain
SDAVC - state query
2017/11/26 15:46:49.133 [vman] [2224]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Domain not found: No
domain with matching name 'SDAVC'
2017/11/26 15:46:49.133 [vman] [2224]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Error from libvirt:
code=42
2017/11/26 15:46:48.131 [vman] [2224]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (note): VM (SDAVC) State
Transition: next state: LIFECYCLE ACTIVATE FAILED
2017/11/26 15:46:48.131 [vman] [2224]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Virtual Service failure
log[SDAVC]::Activate::Internal error::Machine definition customization failed
2017/11/26 15:46:48.131 [vman] [2224]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Machine definition
customization failed
2017/11/26 15:46:48.131 [vman] [2224]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Customization of common
XML parameters failed
2017/11/26 15:46:48.131 [vman] [2224]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (ERR): Customize CPU tunes:
Cannot commit CPU tunes
2017/11/26 15:46:48.131 [errmsg] [2224]: UUID: 0, ra: 0, TID: 0 (noise):(2):
%VMAN-2-CPUSHARES LIMIT: Virtual Service[SDAVC]::CPU shares limit::The virtual
 service definition exceeds the maximum number of CPU shares::Defined:
```

#### 75, available: 70

Use **show virtual-service global** to provide details. In this example, another process is using 5% of the CPU resources (shown in **bold**).

```
show virtual-service global
Maximum VCPUs per virtual service : 1
Resource virtualization limits:
Name
                               Quota Committed
                                                    Available
                                         5
                            75
system CPU (%)
                                                      70
                                             2272
10672
                           3072
                                        800
memory (MB)
                          20000
                                        6764
bootflash (MB)
```

#### Solutions

#### **Deactivate Interface Using CPU Resources**

1. Check the running configuration using **show run** on the network service host device. If an active interface is using CPU resources, deactivate the interface.

#### Example

GigabitEthernet1 is using CPU resources.

```
show run | section csr_mgmt
virtual-service csr_mgmt
ip shared host-interface GigabitEthernet1
```

activate

2. Deactivate the interface.

#### Example

```
conf t
virtual-service csr_mgmt
no activate
no ip shared host-interface GigabitEthernet1
```

3. Repeat the installation of the SD-AVC network service.

## **Configuration Failure Caused by VRF**

#### Component(s)

Device hosting the SD-AVC network service

#### Background

If the host interface that is used as a gateway interface for the SD-AVC network service is attached to a VRF, the SD-AVC network service installation may be successful, but a configuration step may fail.

#### Troubleshooting

1. Check VRF status of the SD-AVC network service gateway interface.

Example showing a VRF configured on the gateway interface GigabitEthernet1:

```
interface GigabitEthernet1
ip vrf forwarding Mgt
ip address 10.56.196.177 255.255.252.0
```

```
service sd-avc configure gateway interface gigabitEthernet 1 service-ip 10.56.196.180
% Error: VRF 'Mgt' is configured on gateway. This type of configuration is not
supported.
```

#### Solutions

Remove the VRF assignment from the management interface. Example:

interface GigabitEthernet1
no ip vrf forwarding

## **Troubleshooting SD-AVC Agent Issues**

## NBAR2 Not Activated on Interfaces

#### Component(s)

Devices in the network that are using SD-AVC

#### Background

The NBAR2 component must be active on any interface that processes network traffic, in order to report on traffic handled by the interface. For details, see Configuration Prerequisites: Network Devices Using SD-AVC.

If NBAR2 is not active on an interface processing network traffic:

- The device will not report on any traffic on that interface.
- On the **Dashboard** > **Application Visibility** page, the **Timeline** graph of bandwidth will show no activity.

≁ Timeline		Bandwidth	•
	Bandwidth (bps)		
1.0			
0.8			
0.6			
0.4			
0.2			
0			112
1			12:32 6

• The device will not receive application rules packs from the SD-AVC network service.

#### Troubleshooting

Verify that NBAR2 is active on interfaces that process network traffic.

#### Solutions

If necessary, activate NBAR2 on the interface(s).

### **Active Sessions Preventing Agent Configuration**

#### Component(s)

Devices in the network that are using SD-AVC

#### Background

The SD-AVC agent must be enabled on any device participating with SD-AVC. This requires entering sd-service-controller submode on the device.

It is possible to connect to the device through multiple sessions. An error may occur in the following conditions, with an error message indicating the problem:

- One active session is in sd-service-controller submode.
- You attempt to open sd-service-controller submode in a new session.

#### Example:

```
Device(config)#avc sd-service
Device(config-sd-service)# segment sdavc
Device(config-sd-service)# controller
%% NBAR Error: There is an active session already in sd-service-controller submode
```

#### Solutions

Close any interfering active sessions.

- 1. On the device, use show users to display active sessions.
- 2. In the command output, note the line number of a session to close. Use **clear line** *line-number* to close a session.

#### Example:

Device# <b>sh</b>	ow users			
Line	User	Host(s)	Idle	Location
* 1	vty O	prod	idle	00:00:00
				dhcp-10-11-12-13-14-15.cisco.com
3	vty 2	prod	idle	1d04h 198.51.100.10
Device# <b>cl</b> [confirm] [OK]	ear line	3		
Device# <b>sh</b>	ow users			
Line	User	Host(s)	Idle	Location
* 1	vty O	prod	idle	00:00:00
				dhcp-10-11-12-13-14-15.cisco.com

## **Troubleshooting SD-AVC Connectivity Issues**

## **Problem with UDP Communication with Devices**

#### Component(s)

SD-AVC network service Devices in the network that use SD-AVC

#### Background

The SD-AVC Network Service uses UDP over port 50000 to communicate with the devices that it manages.

#### Troubleshooting

1. If a **Connection** warning appears in the SD-AVC Dashboard, for a specific device in the network, check connectivity on UDP port 50000. Warnings appear here:

#### SD-AVC Dashboard > Application Visibility page > SD-AVC Monitoring pane

2. If no problem is found, contact Cisco TAC.

#### Solutions

Ensure that UDP connectivity is possible on port 50000 between the affected device and the SD-AVC network service.

### **Problem with TCP Communication with Devices**

#### Component(s)

SD-AVC network service

Devices in the network that use SD-AVC

#### Background

The SD-AVC network service communicates with SD-AVC agents in the network using:

- TCP over port 21 (FTP) for devices using Cisco IOS XE 16.11.x Gibraltar or earlier
- TCP over port 8080 (HTTP) for devices using Cisco IOS XE 16.12.1 Gibraltar or later

(See System Requirements: Network Devices Using SD-AVC.)

#### Troubleshooting

1. If an FTP warning appears in the SD-AVC Dashboard, for a specific device in the network, check connectivity on TCP port 21 (FTP) or port 8080 (HTTP). Warnings appear here:

#### SD-AVC Dashboard > Application Visibility page > SD-AVC Monitoring pane

2. If no problem is found, contact Cisco TAC.

#### Solutions

Ensure that TCP communication is possible over port 21 (FTP) and port 8080 (HTTP) between the affected device and the SD-AVC network service.

### **Problem with FTP/HTTP Communication with Devices**

#### Component(s)

SD-AVC network service Devices in the network that use SD-AVC

#### Background

The SD-AVC network service uses FTP/HTTP to communicate with the devices that it manages.

A device with partial connectivity, but problems specific to FTP/HTTP may show a warning in the SD-AVC Dashboard.

For FTP/HTTP issues caused by connecting a device to an internal FTP/HTTP server for non-SD-AVC FTP/HTTP traffic, see Scenario: Internal FTP/HTTP Server.

#### Troubleshooting

1. If an FTP warning appears in the SD-AVC Dashboard while the **Connection** status is green, for a specific device in the network, check the FTP/HTTP connection status. Warnings appear here:

```
SD-AVC Dashboard > Application Visibility page > SD-AVC Monitoring pane
```

2. On the device with the connectivity issue, use **show avc sd-service info summary** to check the FTP/HTTP connection status. "Status: DISCONNECTED" in the output below shows an FTP/HTTP connectivity problem.

show avc sd-service info summary

#### Status: DISCONNECTED

```
Device ID: csi-mcp-asrlk-4ru-32
Device segment name: cisco
Device address: 10.56.192.31
Active controller:
Type : Primary
IP : 64.103.125.30
Status: Disconnected
Last connection: Never
```

#### Solutions

Ensure that FTP/HTTP communication is possible between the affected device and the SD-AVC network service.

- 1. Verify that nothing is preventing FTP/HTTP network connectivity between the SD-AVC network service and the network device. This includes checking ACL, firewalls, and so on.
- **2.** To determine whether communication with the SD-AVC network service uses FTP or HTTP, execute the following command on the device. The example shows HTTP.

show avc sd-service info detailed | inc Transport for file copy:

Transport for file copy: http

**3.** On the device with the FTP/HTTP warning, ensure that FTP/HTTP connectivity is possible from the routable interface to the SD-AVC network service. To enable FTP/HTTP connections from a specific interface, use:

ip ftp source-interface interface-name

Example:

```
ip ftp source-interface GigabitEthernet1
ip http client source-interface g1
```

## **Troubleshooting Protocol Pack Issues**

## **Failure to Deploy Protocol Pack to Device**

#### Component(s)

SD-AVC network service

Cisco NBAR2 Protocol Packs

#### Background

Use the SD-AVC network service to deploy Protocol Packs to one or more devices. See Deploying Protocol Packs to Devices. When deploying Protocol Packs to one or more devices, if the deployment fails, the results page may show an error.

#### Troubleshooting

1. Operating an excessive number of services on a router simultaneously can cause insufficient Quantum Forwarding Processor (QFP) memory to be available to load a new Protocol Pack. In this case, SD-AVC may display a "Low Memory" error message when you try to update a Protocol Pack.

You can use the **show platform hardware qfp active infrastructure exmem statistics** command on a router to check the status of QFP memory resources. If less than 50 MB are available, you can reload the router to free memory, and attempt to load the Protocol Pack again. If it fails a second time, you can use the **show platform hardware qfp active infrastructure exmem statistics user** command to display the individual processes using QFP memory.

2. Load the Protocol Pack manually on the device indicated by the error to verfiy that the Protocol Pack is valid and can be loaded onto the device. This rules out any problems with the Protocol Pack file.

(config) #ip nbar protocol-pack bootflash:pack\_file\_name.pack

3. If no problem is found, contact Cisco TAC.