



# MPLS LDP Graceful Restart

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When a device is configured with Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) Graceful Restart (GR), it assists a neighboring device that has MPLS LDP Stateful Switchover/Nonstop Forwarding (SSO/NSF) Support and Graceful Restart to recover gracefully from an interruption in service. In this Cisco software release, MPLS LDP GR functions strictly in helper mode, which means it can only help other devices that are enabled with MPLS SSO/NSF and GR to recover. If the device with LDP GR fails, its peer devices cannot help it recover.

## Notes:

- MPLS LDP SSO/NSF Support and Graceful Restart feature is called LDP SSO/NSF in this document.
- The MPLS LDP GR feature described in this document refers to helper mode.

When you enable MPLS LDP GR on a device that peers with an MPLS LDP SSO/NSF-enabled device, the SSO/NSF-enabled device can maintain its forwarding state when the LDP session between them is interrupted. While the SSO/NSF-enabled device recovers, the peer device forwards packets using stale information. This enables the SSO/NSF-enabled device to become operational more quickly.

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## Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see [Bug Search Tool](#) and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to [www.cisco.com/go/cfn](http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn). An account on Cisco.com is not required.

## Restrictions for MPLS LDP Graceful Restart

- Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) Graceful Restart (GR) is supported in strict helper mode.
- Tag Distribution Protocol (TDP) sessions are not supported. Only LDP sessions are supported.
- MPLS LDP GR cannot be configured on label-controlled ATM (LC-ATM) interfaces.
- MPLS LDP SSO/NSF is supported in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(25)S. It is not supported in this release.

## Information About MPLS LDP Graceful Restart

### How MPLS LDP Graceful Restart Works

Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) Graceful Restart (GR) works in strict helper mode, which means it helps a neighboring route processor that has MPLS LDP SSO/NSF to recover from disruption in service without losing its MPLS forwarding state. The disruption in service could be the result of a TCP or UDP event or the stateful switchover of a route processor. When the neighboring device establishes a new session, the LDP bindings and MPLS forwarding states are recovered.

In the topology shown in the figure below, the following elements have been configured:

- LDP sessions are established between Device 1 and Device 2, as well as between Device 2 and Device 3.
- Device 2 has been configured with MPLS LDP SSO/NSF. Devices 1 and 3 have been configured with MPLS LDP GR.
- A label switched path (LSP) has been established between Device 1 and Device 3.

**Figure 1: Example of a Network Using LDP Graceful Restart**



The following process shows how Devices 1 and 3, which have been configured with LDP GR help Device 2, which has been configured with LDP SSO/NSF recover from a disruption in service:

- 1 Device 1 notices an interruption in service with Device 2. (Device 3 also performs the same actions in this process.)
- 2 Device 1 marks all the label bindings from Device 2 as stale, but it continues to use the bindings for MPLS forwarding.

Device 1 reestablishes an LDP session with Device 2, but keeps its stale label bindings. If you issue a **show mpls ldp neighbor graceful-restart** command, the output displays the recovering LDP sessions.

- 1 Both devices readvertise their label binding information. If Device 1 relearns a label from Device 2 after the session has been established, the stale flags are removed. The **show mpls forwarding-table** command displays the information in the MPLS forwarding table, including the local label, outgoing label or VC, prefix, label-switched bytes, outgoing interface, and next hop.

You can set various graceful restart timers. See the following commands for more information:

- **mpls ldp graceful-restart timers neighbor-liveness**
- **mpls ldp graceful-restart timers max-recovery**

## How a Route Processor Advertises That It Supports MPLS LDP Graceful Restart

A route processor that is configured to perform Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) Graceful Restart (GR) includes the Fault Tolerant (FT) Type Length Value (TLV) in the LDP initialization message. The route processor sends the LDP initialization message to a neighbor to establish an LDP session.

The FT session TLV includes the following information:

- The Learn from Network (L) flag is set to 1, which indicates that the route processor is configured to perform MPLS LDP GR.
- The Reconnect Timeout field shows the time (in milliseconds) that the neighbor should wait for a reconnection if the LDP session is lost. In this release, the timer is set to 0, which indicates that if the local device fails, its peers should not wait for it to recover. The timer setting indicates that the local device is working in helper mode.
- The Recovery Time field shows the time (in milliseconds) that the neighbor should retain the MPLS forwarding state during a recovery. If a neighbor did not preserve the MPLS forwarding state before the restart of the control plane, the neighbor sets the recovery time to 0.

## What Happens If a Route Processor Does Not Have LDP Graceful Restart

If two route processors establish a Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) session and one route processor is not configured for Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) LDP Graceful Restart (GR), the two route processors create a normal LDP session but do not have the ability to perform MPLS LDP GR. Both route processors must be configured for MPLS LDP GR.

## How to Configure MPLS LDP Graceful Restart

### Configuring MPLS LDP Graceful Restart

You must enable Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) Graceful Restart (GR) on all route processors for an LDP session to be preserved during an interruption in service.

MPLS LDP GR is enabled globally. When you enable MPLS LDP GR, it has no effect on existing LDP sessions. New LDP sessions that are established can perform MPLS LDP GR.

## SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **ip cef [distributed]**
4. **mpls ldp graceful-restart**
5. **interface *type number***
6. **mpls ip**
7. **mpls label protocol {ldp | tdp | both}**

## DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>enable</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>ip cef [distributed]</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# ip cef distributed	Enables Cisco Express Forwarding (CEF).
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>mpls ldp graceful-restart</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# mpls ldp graceful-restart	Enables the device to protect the LDP bindings and MPLS forwarding state during a disruption in service.
<b>Step 5</b>	<b>interface <i>type number</i></b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# interface pos 3/0	Specifies an interface and enters interface configuration mode.
<b>Step 6</b>	<b>mpls ip</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# mpls ip	Configures MPLS hop-by-hop forwarding for an interface.

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 7</b>	<b>mpls label protocol {ldp   tdp   both}</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# mpls label protocol ldp	Configures the use of LDP for an interface. You must use LDP.

### What to Do Next



#### Note

You can also issue the **mpls label protocol ldp** command in global configuration mode, which enables LDP on all interfaces configured for MPLS.

## Verifying the MPLS LDP Graceful Restart Configuration

The following commands help verify that Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) Graceful Restart (GR) has been configured correctly:

<b>show mpls ldp neighbor</b> with the <b>graceful-restart</b> keyword	Displays the Graceful Restart information for LDP sessions.
<b>show mpls ldp graceful-restart</b>	Displays Graceful Restart sessions and session parameters.

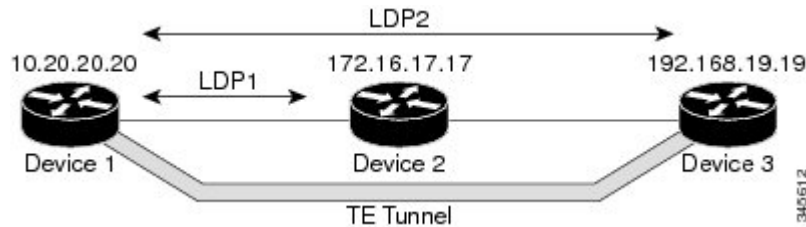
## Configuration Example for MPLS LDP Graceful Restart

### Example: MPLS LDP Graceful Restart Configuration

The figure below shows a configuration where MPLS LDP GR is enabled on Device 1 and MPLS LDP SSO/NSF is enabled on Devices 2 and 3. In this configuration example, Device 1 creates an LDP session with

Device 2. Device 1 also creates a targeted session with Device 3 through a traffic engineering tunnel using Device 2.

**Figure 2: MPLS LDP Graceful Restart Configuration Example**



**Device 1 configured with LDP GR:**

```
boot system slot0:rsp-pv-mz
hw-module slot 2 image slot0:rsp-pv-mz
hw-module slot 3 image slot0:rsp-pv-mz
!
ip subnet-zero
ip cef
mpls label range 16 10000 static 10001 1048575
mpls label protocol ldp
mpls ldp logging neighbor-changes
mpls ldp graceful-restart
mpls traffic-eng tunnels
no mpls traffic-eng auto-bw timers frequency 0
mpls ldp router-id Loopback0 force
!
interface Loopback0
 ip address 20.20.20.20 255.255.255.255
 no ip directed-broadcast
 no ip mroute-cache
!
interface Tunnell
 ip unnumbered Loopback0
 no ip directed-broadcast
 mpls label protocol ldp
 mpls ip
 tunnel destination 19.19.19.19
 tunnel mode mpls traffic-eng
 tunnel mpls traffic-eng autoroute announce
 tunnel mpls traffic-eng priority 7 7
 tunnel mpls traffic-eng bandwidth 500
 tunnel mpls traffic-eng path-option 1 dynamic
!
interface ATM5/1/0
 no ip address
 no ip directed-broadcast
 atm clock INTERNAL
 no atm enable-ilmi-trap
 no atm ilmi-keepalive
!
interface ATM5/1/0.5 point-to-point
 ip address 12.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
 no ip directed-broadcast
 no atm enable-ilmi-trap
 pvc 6/100
 encapsulation aal5snap
 mpls label protocol ldp
 mpls traffic-eng tunnels
 mpls ip
 ip rsvp bandwidth 1000
!
router ospf 100
```

```

log-adjacency-changes
redistribute connected
    network 12.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 100
network 20.20.20.20 0.0.0.0 area 100
mpls traffic-eng router-id Loopback0
mpls traffic-eng area 100

```

### Device 2 configured with LDP SSO/NSF:

```

boot system slot0:rsp-pv-mz
hw-module slot 2 image slot0:rsp-pv-mz
hw-module slot 3 image slot0:rsp-pv-mz
redundancy
    mode sso
!
ip cef
no ip domain-lookup
mpls label range 17 10000 static 10001 1048575
mpls label protocol ldp
mpls ldp logging neighbor-changes
mpls ldp graceful-restart
mpls traffic-eng tunnels
no mpls traffic-eng auto-bw timers frequency 0
no mpls advertise-labels
mpls ldp router-id Loopback0 force
!
interface Loopback0
    ip address 17.17.17.17 255.255.255.255
    no ip directed-broadcast
!
interface ATM4/0/0
    no ip address
    no ip directed-broadcast
    no ip mroute-cache
    atm clock INTERNAL
    atm sonet stm-1
    no atm enable-ilmi-trap
    no atm ilmi-keepalive
!
interface ATM4/0/0.5 point-to-point
    ip address 12.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
    no ip directed-broadcast
    no atm enable-ilmi-trap
    pvc 6/100
        encapsulation aal5snap
mpls label protocol ldp
mpls traffic-eng tunnels
mpls ip
ip rsvp bandwidth 1000
!
interface POS5/1/0
    ip address 11.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
    no ip directed-broadcast
    encapsulation ppp
    mpls label protocol ldp
    mpls traffic-eng tunnels
    mpls ip
    no peer neighbor-route
    clock source internal
    ip rsvp bandwidth 1000
!
router ospf 100
    log-adjacency-changes
    redistribute connected
    nsf enforce global
    network 11.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 100
    network 12.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 100
    network 17.17.17.17 0.0.0.0 area 100
    mpls traffic-eng router-id Loopback0
    mpls traffic-eng area 100

```

```
!
ip classless
```

### Device 3 configured with LDP SSO/NSF:

```
boot system slot0:rsp-pv-mz
hw-module slot 2 image slot0:rsp-pv-mz
hw-module slot 3 image slot0:rsp-pv-mz
redundancy
  mode sso
!
ip subnet-zero
ip cef
!
no ip finger
no ip domain-lookup
mpls label protocol ldp
mpls ldp neighbor 11.11.11.11 targeted ldp
mpls ldp logging neighbor-changes
mpls ldp graceful-restart
mpls traffic-eng tunnels
no mpls traffic-eng auto-bw timers frequency 0
mpls ldp discovery directed-hello interval 12
mpls ldp discovery directed-hello holdtime 130
mpls ldp discovery directed-hello accept
mpls ldp router-id Loopback0 force
!
interface Loopback0
  ip address 19.19.19.19 255.255.255.255
  no ip directed-broadcast
!
interface POS1/0
  ip address 11.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
  no ip directed-broadcast
  encapsulation ppp
  mpls label protocol ldp
  mpls traffic-eng tunnels
  mpls ip
  no peer neighbor-route
  clock source internal
  ip rsvp bandwidth 1000
!
router ospf 100
  log-adjacency-changes
  redistribute connected
  nsf enforce global
  network 11.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 100
  network 19.19.19.19 0.0.0.0 area 100
  mpls traffic-eng router-id Loopback0
  mpls traffic-eng area 100
!
ip classless
```

## Additional References

### Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	<a href="#">Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases</a>
MPLS commands	<a href="#">Cisco IOS Multiprotocol Label Switching Command Reference</a>



Related Topic	Document Title
MPLS Label Distribution Protocol	“MPLS Label Distribution Protocol” module in the <i>MPLS Label Distribution Protocol Configuration Guide</i>

### MIBs

MIBs	MIBs Link
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MPLS Label Distribution Protocol MIB Version 8 Upgrade</li> </ul>	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco software releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs">http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs</a>

### RFCs

RFCs	Title
RFC 3036	<i>LDP Specification</i>
RFC 3478	<i>Graceful Restart Mechanism for Label Distribution</i>

### Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	<a href="http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html">http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html</a>

## Feature Information for MPLS LDP Graceful Restart

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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**Table 1: Feature Information for MPLS LDP Graceful Restart**

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
MPLS LDP Graceful Restart	12.0(29)S 12.3(14)T 12.2(33)SRA	<p>The MPLS LDP Graceful Restart feature assists a neighboring device that has MPLS LDP Stateful Switchover/Nonstop Forwarding (SSO/NSF) Support and Graceful Restart to recover gracefully from an interruption in service.</p> <p>In Cisco IOS Release 12.0(29)S, this feature was introduced.</p> <p>This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(14)T.</p> <p>This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.</p> <p>The following commands were introduced or modified:</p> <p><b>debug mpls ldp graceful-restart, mpls ldp graceful-restart, mpls ldp graceful-restart timers max-recovery, mpls ldp graceful-restart timers neighbor-liveness, show mpls ip binding, show mpls ldp bindings, show mpls ldp graceful-restart, show mpls ldp neighbor.</b></p>