



Programmability Command Reference for Cisco 8000 Series Routers

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Preface

This preface contains these sections:

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- [Communications, Services, and Additional Information, on page v](#)

Changes to This Document

This table lists the technical changes made to this document since it was first released.

Table 1: Changes to This Document

Date	Summary
May 2024	Initial release of this document.

Communications, Services, and Additional Information

- To receive timely, relevant information from Cisco, sign up at [Cisco Profile Manager](#).
- To get the business impact you're looking for with the technologies that matter, visit [Cisco Services](#).
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gRPC Commands

This module describes the commands used to use the gRPC Protocol to define network operations with data models.

For detailed information about gRPC concepts, configuration tasks, and examples, see the *Use gRPC Protocol to Define Network Operations with Data Models in the Cisco 8000 Series Router* module in the *Programmability Configuration Guide for Cisco 8000 Series Routers*.

gRPC encodes requests and responses in binary. gRPC is extensible to other content types along with Protobuf. The Protobuf binary data object in gRPC is transported over HTTP/2.

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clear gnsi path authorization counters

clear gnsi path authorization counters

To clear the gNSI path authorization counters, use the **clear gnsi path authorization counters** command in Global Configuration mode.

clear gnsi path authorization counters [{ path XPath | server-name server-name }]

Syntax Description	<p><i>XPath</i> Provide the XPath for which authorization counters can be cleared.</p> <p><i>server-name</i> The server's IP address from where authorization counters can be cleared.</p>				
Command Default	Enabled, by default				
Command Modes	Global Configuration mode				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 24.2.1</td><td>The command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 24.2.1	The command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 24.2.1	The command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th><th>Operation</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>config-services</td><td>read</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	config-services	read
Task ID	Operation				
config-services	read				

This example displays the clearing of gNSI path authorization counters on the router:

```
Router# clear gnsi path authorization counters
Router#
```

grpc

To configure network devices and view operational data, use the **grpc** command in the XR Config mode. To remove the **grpc** protocol, use the **no** form of this command.

```
grpc { address-family | certificate-authentication | dscp | max-concurrent-streams |
max-request-per-user | max-request-total | max-streams | max-streams-per-user | no-tls | tlsv1-disable |
tls-cipher | tls-mutual | tls-trustpoint | service-layer | vrf }
```

Syntax Description					
address-family	Specifies the address family identifier type.				
certificate-authentication	It enables certificate-based authentication.				
dscp	Specifies QoS marking DSCP on transmitted gRPC.				
max-concurrent-streams	Specifies the limit on the maximum concurrent streams per gRPC connection to be applied on the server.				
max-request-per-user	Specifies the maximum concurrent requests per user.				
max-request-total	Specifies the maximum concurrent requests in total.				
max-streams	Specifies the maximum number of concurrent gRPC requests. The maximum subscription limit is 128 requests. The default is 32 requests.				
max-streams-per-user	Specifies the maximum concurrent gRPC requests for each user. The maximum subscription limit is 128 requests. The default is 32 requests.				
no-tls	It disable transport layer security (TLS). The TLS is enabled by default.				
tlsv1-disable	It disable TLS version 1.0				
tls-cipher	It enable the gRPC TLS cipher suites.				
tls-mutual	Specifies the mutual authentication.				
tls-trustpoint	It configure trustpoint.				
service-layer	It enable the grpc service layer configuration.				
vrf	It enable server vrf.				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	XR Config mode				
Command History	<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 24.1.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 24.1.1	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 24.1.1	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	This command is supported on Cisco IOS XR 64-bit OS.				

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	config-services	read

The following example shows how to enable gRPC over an HTTP/2 connection:

```
Router#configure
Router(config)#grpc
Router(config-grpc)#port <port-number>
```

gnmi

To create a gRPC listener with the default or IANA ratified gNMI port of 9339, use the **gnmi** command in Global Configuration Mode.

gnmi port *portnum*

Syntax Description	<i>portnum</i>	Specifies the server listening port for the gRPC service. • gNMI service port: default: 9339, range: 57344-57999
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Global Configuration Mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 24.1.1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Unconfiguring gNMI will disable requests on port 9339. The allowed ports within this range are 9339 (IANA ratified port) and 57344-57999 (Linux application port range)	
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	config-services	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to configure gNMI as a submode under gRPC and committing this configuration would create a gRPC listener with the default or IANA ratified gNMI port of 9339.

```
Router(config-grpc)#gnmi
Router(config-grpc-gnmi)#commit
```

Verify the submode configuration.

```
Router#show running-config grpc
grpc
  gnmi
!
```

The **port** command under gNMI submode allows the port to be modified in the port range or IANA ratified port.

```
Router(config-grpc)#gnmi
Router(config-grpc-gnmi)#port 9339
Router(config-grpc-gnmi)#commit
```

Verify the port number.

```
Router#show running-config grpc
grpc
```

gnmi

```
gnmi
  port 9339
!
```

grpc max-concurrent-streams

To specify a limit on the number of concurrent streams per gRPC connection to be applied on the server, use the **grpc max-concurrent-streams** command in the XR Config mode. To restore the default value, use the **no** form of this command.

grpc max-concurrent-streams *limit*

Syntax Description	max-concurrent-streams <i>limit</i>	Specifies the limit on the number of concurrent streams per gRPC connection to be applied on the server. The range is from 1 to 128. The command default is 32.
Command Default	By default, the maximum concurrent streams per gRPC connection is 32.	
Command Modes	XR Config mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 24.1.1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.	
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	config-services	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to set the limit of the number of concurrent streams per gRPC connection to 40:

```
Router#configure
Router(config)#grpc max-concurrent-streams 40
```

grpc certificate common-name

grpc certificate common-name

To allow the router (tunnel client) to dial out to a collector (tunnel server), use the **grpc** command in the XR Config mode. To remove the gRPC service, use the **no** form of this command.

grpc certificate common-name WORD

Syntax Description	<i>WORD</i>	Specifies the common name when certificate is generated, default: ems.cisco.com .
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	XR Config mode	
Command History	Release Release 24.1.1	Modification This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.	
Task ID	Task ID config-services	Operations read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to specify a common-name:

```
Router(config)#grpc
Router(config-grpc)#certificate common-name
Router(config-grpc)#commit
```

grpc tunnel

To allow the router (tunnel client) to dial out to a collector (tunnel server), use the **grpc tunnel** command in the . To remove the **gRPC tunnel** service, use the **no** form of this command.

```
grpc tunnel { destination IP-address domain name | port port-ID | address-family ipv4 ipv6
| target address | source ipv4 virtual ipv6 virtual }
```

Syntax Description

destination <i>IP-address or domain name</i>	Specifies the gRPC tunnel destination.
port <i>port-ID</i>	Specifies the destination port.
address-family <i>ipv4 or ipv6</i>	Specifies the address-family (AF) for the returned addresses from DNS. Only applicable to domain name.
target <i>address</i>	Specifies the target name to register the tunnel service.
source <i>ipv4 virtual or ipv6 virtual</i>	Specifies the virtual IP address family.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Command History

	Release	Modification
	Release 7.10.1	Keywords source ipv4 virtual address , source ipv6 virtual address , address-family ipv4 , and address-family ipv6 were added to this command.
	Release 7.5.1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
config-services	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to set up a virtual IPv4 or IPv6 or both as source address:

```
Router(config)#grpc
Router(config-grpc)#tunnel
Router(config-grpc-tunnel)#destination 192.168.0.1 port 59500
Router(config-grpc-tunnel-dest)#target xr
Router(config-grpc-tunnel-dest)#source ipv4 virtual address
Router(config-grpc-tunnel-dest)#source ipv6 virtual address
Router(config-grpc-tunnel-dest)#source-interface MgmtEth 0/RP0/CPU0/0
```

The following example shows how to set up FQDN as gRPC tunnel destination (IPv4):

```
Router#config
Router(config)#grpc
```

grpc tunnel

```
Router(config-grpc) #tunnel
Router(config-grpc-tunnel) #destination test.tunnel.dn port 59500
Router(config-grpc-tunnel-dest) #address-family ipv4
Router(config-grpc-tunnel-dest) #target xr
Router(config-grpc-tunnel-dest) #commit
```

grpc p4rt

To enable programming the data plane elements using Programming Protocol-independent Packet Processors (P4) Runtime API, use the **grpc p4rt** command in the . To remove the P4Runtime API, use the **no** form of this command.

grpc p4rt

Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.
---------------------------	--

Command Default	None
------------------------	------

Command Modes	
----------------------	--

Command History	Release	Modification
------------------------	----------------	---------------------

	Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.
--	----------------	------------------------------

Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.
-------------------------	--

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	config-services	read, write

Examples	The following example shows how to enable P4Runtime service:
-----------------	--

```
RP/0/# configure
RP/0/(config)# grpc p4rt
RP/0/(config-grpc-p4rt)# commit
```

grpc p4rt interface

To assign unique port identifiers to configure P4Runtime programming on the router, use the **grpc p4rt interface** command in the XR Config mode. To remove the P4Runtime port identifier configuration for the interfaces, use the **no** form of this command.

grpc p4rt interface type location port-id port-identifier

Syntax Description	<table border="0"> <tr> <td><i>type</i></td><td>Specifies the interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>location</i></td><td>Specifies the physical or virtual interface in <i>rack/slot-instance/port/breakout</i> or <i>rack/slot/interface/port</i> format.</td></tr> <tr> <td>port-id <i>port-identifier</i></td><td>Assigns a unique numeric identifier to each physical port on the router. The port ID is a unique 32-bit identifier. The range is 1 to 4294967039.</td></tr> </table>	<i>type</i>	Specifies the interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.	<i>location</i>	Specifies the physical or virtual interface in <i>rack/slot-instance/port/breakout</i> or <i>rack/slot/interface/port</i> format.	port-id <i>port-identifier</i>	Assigns a unique numeric identifier to each physical port on the router. The port ID is a unique 32-bit identifier. The range is 1 to 4294967039.
<i>type</i>	Specifies the interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.						
<i>location</i>	Specifies the physical or virtual interface in <i>rack/slot-instance/port/breakout</i> or <i>rack/slot/interface/port</i> format.						
port-id <i>port-identifier</i>	Assigns a unique numeric identifier to each physical port on the router. The port ID is a unique 32-bit identifier. The range is 1 to 4294967039.						
Command Default	None						
Command Modes	XR Config mode						
Command History	<table border="0"> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Release 7.10.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.		
Release	Modification						
Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.						
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.						
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th> <th>Operations</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>config-services</td> <td>read, write</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operations	config-services	read, write		
Task ID	Operations						
config-services	read, write						

Examples

The following example shows how to configure the interfaces HundredGigE0/0/0/24, HundredGigE0/0/0/25 and HundredGigE0/0/0/26 with port IDs 3, 6 and 7 respectively for P4Runtime:

```
RP/0/# configure
RP/0/(config)# grpc p4rt
RP/0/(config-grpc-p4rt)# location 0/0/CPU0 npu-id 0 device-id 1000000
RP/0/(config-grpc-p4rt)#location 0/0/CPU0 npu-id 1 device-id 1000001
RP/0/(config-grpc-p4rt)#location 0/1/CPU0 npu-id 2 device-id 1000002
RP/0/(config-grpc-p4rt)#location 0/1/CPU0 npu-id 3 device-id 1000011
```

grpc p4rt location

To assign unique identifiers for each Network Processing Unit (NPU) in the system to configure P4Runtime programming on the router, use the **grpc p4rt location** command in the XR Config mode. To remove the P4Runtime device identifier configuration for the NPUs, use the **no** form of this command.

grpc **p4rt** **location** *node-id* **npu-id** *npu-identifier* **device-id** *device-identifier*

Syntax Description	<p>node-id Specifies the card location on the specified node in <i>rack/slot/module</i> notation.</p> <p>npu-id npu-identifier Specifies the NPU identifier on the card. The <i>npu-id</i> is a unique value in the range of 0 to 7.</p> <p>device-id device-identifier Assigns a unique device identifier to each device in the system. The <i>device-id</i> is a unique 64-bit identifier. The range is 1 to 18446744073709551615.</p>				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	XR Config mode				
Command History	<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 7.10.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.				
Task ID	<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th><th>Operations</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>config-services</td><td>read, write</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operations	config-services	read, write
Task ID	Operations				
config-services	read, write				

The following example shows how to configure the NPU ID and device ID for nodes 0/0/CPU0 and 0/1/CPU0:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router## configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# grpc p4rt
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-grpc-p4rt)# location 0/0/CPU0 npu-id 0 device-id 1000000
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-grpc-p4rt)# location 0/0/CPU0 npu-id 1 device-id 1000001
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-grpc-p4rt)# location 0/1/CPU0 npu-id 2 device-id 1000002
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-grpc-p4rt)# location 0/1/CPU0 npu-id 3 device-id 1000011
```

gnsi load service authorization policy

To instruct the router to load the service authorization policy file into its memory and update the policy, use the **gnsi load service authorization policy** command in Global Configuration Mode.

gnsi load service authorization policy *file_path*

Syntax Description	<i>file-path</i> Specifies the path of the policy file.	
Command Default	Enabled, by default	
Command Modes	Global Configuration Mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 7.11.1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	A policy file which has no specified or the policy is invalid, the default behavior will transition to the zero-policy behavior. Zero-policy allows all gRPC services to all the users if their profiles are configured.	
Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	config-services	read, write

This example shows how to activate the authorization policy test.json in the router.

```
Router(config)#gnsi load service authorization policy /disk0:/test.json
Successfully loaded policy
```

grpc gnsi service certz ssl-profile-id

To instruct the router to load the certz.proto, use the **grpc gnsi service certz ssl-profile-id** command in Global Configuration Mode. To disable the SSL profiles configured with certz.proto, use the no form of the command.

grpc gnsi service certz ssl-profile-id *ssl-profile name*

Syntax Description	<i>ssl-profile name</i> Specifies the SSL-profile name for which certz.proto needs to be activated.
---------------------------	---

Command Default	None
------------------------	------

Command Modes	Global Configuration Mode
----------------------	---------------------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 24.1.1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	If Certz.proto is not active, then gNOI cert.proto is taken into consideration. If neither certz.proto nor cert.proto is active, then TLS trustpoint's data is considered.
-------------------------	--

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	config-services	read, write

This example shows how to activate the certz.proto in the router.

```
Router(config)#grpc gnsi service certz ssl-profile-id gNxi
Router(config)#commit
```

port (gRPC)

To set custom ports for gNMI, gRIBI, and P4RT services within the defined range, including default IANA ports like 9339, 9340, and 9559 (respectively), use the **port** command under the service submode.

port portnum

Syntax Description	<i>portnum</i>	Specifies the server listening port for the gRPC service. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • gNMI service port: default: 9339, range: 57344-57999 • gRIBI service port: default: 9340, range: 57344-57999 • p4RT service port: default: 9559, range: 57344-57999
Command Default	None	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 24.1.1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	Disabling the port command will cause the service to use the default or IANA port.	
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	config-services	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to configure a port for any available gRPC service (gNMI, P4RT, gRIBI) :

For P4RT service:

```
Router(config-grpc)#p4rt
Router(config-grpc-p4rt)#port 9559
Router(config-grpc-p4rt)#commit
```

Verify the port number.

```
Router#show running-config grpc
grpc
  p4rt
    port 9559
!
```

show grpc certificate

To display the active gRPC certificate management policies on the router, use the **show grpc certificate** command in EXEC mode.

show grpc certificate

Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.	
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	EXEC mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 24.1.1	The command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.	
Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	config-services	read

This example displays the active gRPC certificate management policies on the router. The below-mentioned command output is truncated version.

```
Router#show grpc certificate
Certificate:
Data:
  Version: 3 (0x2)
  Serial Number: 32 (0x20)
  Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption
  Issuer: CN=localhost,O=OpenConfig,C=US
  Validity
    Not Before: Nov 8 08:49:38 2023 GMT
    Not After : Mar 22 08:49:38 2025 GMT
  Subject: CN=ems,O=OpenConfig,C=US
  Subject Public Key Info:
    Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption
      RSA Public-Key: (4096 bit)
        Modulus:
          00:ea:6a:6c:25:be:9f:15:71:ce:74:89:03:ec:ef:
          0b:3b:de:58:a8:7e:28:b8:cf:b3:82:91:b4:5c:42:
          e7:d8:28:98:35:bd:35:60:a7:4e:f8:77:02:46:5f:
          27:a4:16:cf:3c:e3:24:28:69:9c:22:1e:e3:52:96:
          71:87:7c:40:0c:1f:dd:30:ea:dc:40:ca:93:00:54:
          5e:de:20:54:5b:f4:2f:9f:19:6f:71:61:28:69:3d:
          97:26:ab:e1:5f:53:3c:f1:a2:c3:14:f4:01:90:1a:
        .
        .
        .

```

show grpc certificate

```
        Exponent: 65537 (0x10001)
X509v3 extensions:
    X509v3 Key Usage: critical
        Digital Signature
    X509v3 Extended Key Usage:
        TLS Web Client Authentication, TLS Web Server Authentication
    X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
        keyid:0A:A8:9A:6A:23:34:AE:CA:96:00:2C:F3:04:38:14:E3:D4:8D:77:BD

    X509v3 Subject Alternative Name:
        DNS, IP Address:64.103.223.56
Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption
b9:89:ec:60:3d:8d:7d:9c:dc:08:56:89:99:44:92:98:45:b6:
97:ba:e3:e5:f2:48:b2:44:8d:db:23:bb:a1:c0:62:79:78:18:
d7:55:f6:4a:67:5b:75:e0:c0:0b:52:51:07:36:d5:6c:c7:67:
48:86:8d:dd:70:1c:9f:7c:a1:7b:aa:a5:4e:e1:ad:cf:4c:e5:
81:db:92:cf:88:70:5a:1c:8d:de:0d:e8:b3:05:de:b9:04:4d:
23:e1:de:66:e5:08:bd:2e:31:0a:07:a6:c0:00:3a:38:2f:00:
.
.
.
```

show gnsi service authorization policy

To display the active gRPC service authorization policies on the router, use the **show gnsi service authorization policy** command in Global Configuration mode.

show gnsi service authorization policy

Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.	
Command Default	Enabled, by default	
Command Modes	Global Configuration mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	7.11.1	The command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.	
Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	config-services read	

This example displays the policy which is active on the router:

```
Router#show gnsi service authorization policy
Wed Jul 19 10:56:14.509 UTC{
    "version": "1.0",
    "created_on": 1700816204,
    "policy": {
        "name": "authz",
        "allow_rules": [
            {
                "name": "allow all gNMI for all users",
                "request": {
                    "paths": [
                        "*"
                    ]
                },
                "source": {
                    "principals": [
                        "*"
                    ]
                }
            }
        ],
        "deny_rules": [
            {
                "name": "deny gNMI set for oper users",
                "request": {
                    "paths": [
                        "/gnmi.gNMI/*"
                    ]
                }
            }
        ]
    }
}
```

show gnsi service authorization policy

```
        ]
    },
    "source": {
        "principals": [
            "User1"
        ]
    }
}
]
```

show p4rt devices

To view the status of P4Runtime devices, use the **show p4rt devices** command in EXEC mode.

show p4rt devices *device-id* *location* *npu-id* *npu-id*

Syntax Description	<i>device-id</i>	Specifies the 64-bit device identifier as a decimal value in the range of 1 to 18446744073709551615.
	location <i>npu-location</i>	Specifies the location of the Network Processing Unit (NPU) device.
	npu-id <i>npu-id</i>	Specifies the unique NPU identifier in the range of 0 to 7.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	EXEC mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.	
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
	config-services	read

This example shows how to view the status of devices configured for P4Runtime:

```
RP/0/# show p4rt devices
Wed May 17 17:11:43.670 UTC
-----P4RT Devices-----
Device Id : 1000000
    Node Id : 0/0/CPU0 (0x0)
    NPU Id : 0x0
    Internal Tx State : 1
    Max Election Id : 0,0
    Shutdown Requested : no
    Sessions count : 0
    P4Info Hash Value : 0x0
    P4Info Ref Count : 0
    Protocol Stats:
        New Primary Count : 0
        Last Session Id : 0
        Successfull FwdConfig : 0
        Unsuccessfull FwdConfig : 0
        Not Primary FwdConfig : 0
    Write Stats:
        Successfull Write : 0
        Unsuccessfull Write : 0
        Not Primary Write : 0
        Failed Precondition Write : 0
```

show p4rt devices

```

Successfull Write Entries      : 0
Unsuccessfull Write Entries   : 0
Read Stats:
  Successfull Read            : 0
  Unsuccessfull Read          : 0
  Failed Precondition Read    : 0
  Successfull Read Entries    : 0
Inject Stats:
  Primary Packets             : 0
  Primary Drops                : 0
  Failed Precondition          : 0
  Non Primary Drops           : 0
  Bad Packet Length            : 0
  Bad Packet Metadata          : 0
Punt Queue Stats:
  Size                         : 0
  Inserted                      : 0
  Removed                       : 0
  Full Drops                    : 0
  Drained Drops                 : 0
Punt Stats:
  Total Primary Packets        : 0
  Primary Packet Errors         : 0
Table Entries                  : 0
Sessions:
  None found

Device Id                      : 1000001
Node Id                        : 0/1/CPU0 (0x100)
NPU Id                         : 0x3
Internal Tx State              : 1
Max Election Id                : 0,0
Shutdown Requested              : no
----- Truncated for brevity -----

```

show p4rt interfaces

To view the status of P4Runtime interfaces, use the **show p4rt interfaces** command in .

show p4rt interfaces type location

Syntax Description	<i>type</i> Specifies the interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.				
	<i>location</i> Specifies the physical or virtual interface in <i>rack/slot-instance/port/breakout</i> or <i>rack/slot/interface/port</i> format.				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode				
Command History	<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 7.10.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.				
Task ID	<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th><th>Operations</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>config-services</td><td>read</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operations	config-services	read
Task ID	Operations				
config-services	read				

This example shows how to view the status of interfaces configured for P4Runtime:

```
RP/0/# show p4rt interfaces
Wed May 17 16:53:01.459 UTC
-----P4RT Interface-----
Interface Name      : HundredGigE0/0/0/24
    Handle        : 0x250
    P4RT Port-id  : 3
    Node-id       : 0/0/CPU0 (0x0)
    NPU-id        : 0x0
    FSM State     : SPIO_ATTACHED
    RefCnt        : 3
    Flags         : 0xd

Interface Name      : HundredGigE0/0/0/25
    Handle        : 0x258
    P4RT Port-id  : 6
    Node-id       : 0/0/CPU0 (0x0)
    NPU-id        : 0x1
    FSM State     : SPIO_ATTACHED
    RefCnt        : 3
    Flags         : 0xd

Interface Name      : HundredGigE0/0/0/26
    Handle        : 0x260
    P4RT Port-id  : 7
    Node-id       : 0/0/CPU0 (0x0)
    NPU-id        : 0x1
```

```
show p4rt interfaces
```

```
FSM State      : SPIO_ATTACHED
RefCnt        : 3
Flags         : 0xd
```

show p4rt state

To view the global state of P4Runtime gRPC service configured on the router, use the **show p4rt state** command in .

show p4rt state

Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.
---------------------------	--

Command Default	None
------------------------	------

Command Modes	XR EXEC mode
----------------------	--------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.
-------------------------	--

Task ID	Task ID	Operations
		config-services read

This example shows how to view the global state of P4Runtime service configured on the router:

```
RP/0/# show p4rt state
Wed May 17 17:24:56.802 UTC
-----P4RT state-----
Global:
    Thread cerrno          : Success
    State                  : CONFIGURED
    Configured             : Yes

Interface Manager:
    Connected             : Yes

SPIO:
    Initialized           : Yes
    Thread cerrno          : Success
    Thread running          : Yes
    Thread asked to stop    : No
    Resync in Progress      : No

NETIO:
    Connected             : Yes

LPTS:
    Client cerrno          : Success
```

show p4rt stats

show p4rt stats

To view the P4Runtime statistics, use the **show p4rt stats** command in .

show p4rt stats

Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.	
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.	
Task ID	Task ID	Operations
		config-services read

This example shows how to view the global state of P4Runtime services configured on the router:

```
RP/0/# show p4rt stats
Wed May 17 17:34:14.611 UTC
-----P4RT stats-----
Global:
  Ifname Objects      : 3
  ID Objects          : 3
  IfHandle Objects    : 3
  Stale Interface Objects : 0
Inject Stats:
  Added to Internal Queue   : 0
  Internal Queue Full Drops : 0

SPIO:
  Interface Attach OK      : 3
  Interface Attach Error    : 0
  Interface Resync OK       : 0
  Interface Resync Error    : 0
Punt Stats:
  Packets                 : 0
  Added to Device Queue    : 0
  Ifhandle Errors          : 0
  Egress Ifhandle Lookup Errors: 0
  Egress Ifhandle Errors   : 0
  Packet Len Errors        : 0
  Bad Punt Reason Errors   : 0
  Packet Buf Errors        : 0
  Bad Device Errors        : 0
  Device Queue Full Drops  : 0
Inject Stats:
  SPIO Errors              : 0
```

```
SPIO Delivered : 0

NETIO:
  Inject Stats:
    Bad Packet Len Errors : 0
    Packet Buffer Memory Error : 0
    Bad IP Packet Error : 0
    Pak API Error : 0
    Netio Send Error : 0
    Netio Down Error : 0
    Netio Delivered : 0

LPTS:
  Write:
    Attempts : 0
    Errors : 0
    Entries:
      Attempts : 0
      Errors : 0
      Skipped (gRPC Parse) : 0
      Opcode Errors : 0
      Punt type Errors : 0
      Not Suppported Punt type : 0
      LPTS Client Errors : 0
      LPTS Client Success : 0
  Read:
    Attempts : 0
    Errors : 0
    Entries:
      Destination Errors : 0
      Node_id Errors : 0
      Npu_id Errors : 0
      Attribute Errors : 0
      Read : 0
```

show p4rt trace

show p4rt trace

To view the trace information of P4Runtime configuration, use the **show p4rt trace** command in .

show p4rt trace { all | lib }

Syntax Description	all Displays trace data for all P4Runtime library. lib Displays trace data for general P4Runtime library.				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	XR EXEC mode				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 7.10.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th> <th>Operations</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>config-services read</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operations	config-services read	
Task ID	Operations				
config-services read					

This example shows how to view the trace information for P4Runtime configuration:

```
RP/0/# show p4rt trace all
Wed May 17 17:40:28.774 UTC
111 wrapping entries (6528 possible, 896 allocated, 0 filtered, 111 total)
May 17 15:08:47.499 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18073 Code(224) Thread Init: 'Slow Trace Started'
May 17 15:08:47.499 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18073 Code(249) Thread Init: Parent 'thread Barrier WAITING'
May 17 15:08:47.502 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(218) Thread Init: 'p4rt thread EVMGR ok'
May 17 15:08:47.502 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(219) Thread Init: 'Role pulse handler attached'
May 17 15:08:47.502 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(256) Role changed to: 'ACTIVE'
May 17 15:08:47.502 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(226) Thread Init: 'p4rt thread debug ok'
May 17 15:08:47.502 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(240) DB: 'DB Initialized ok'
May 17 15:08:47.512 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(232) EDM Init: 'EDM sysdb reg ok'
May 17 15:08:47.512 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(233) EDM Init: 'EDM conn id ok'
May 17 15:08:47.512 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(356) OC EDM: OC EDM connect
May 17 15:08:47.522 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(359) OC EDM: Interface EDM registration successful
May 17 15:08:47.522 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(360) OC EDM: Platform EDM register
May 17 15:08:47.529 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(361) OC EDM: Platform EDM registration successful
May 17 15:08:47.529 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(238) OC EDM: Conn Success
May 17 15:08:47.532 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(269) LPTS: 'LPTS client init OK'
May 17 15:08:47.532 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(257) Event: 'Client Connections Init'
```

```
May 17 15:08:47.535 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(236) IfMgr: 'IM callback registered'
May 17 15:08:47.535 p4rt/lib_event 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 IfMgr: Code(4) - 'Connection UP'
May 17 15:08:47.535 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(238) IfMgr: 'Conn Success'
May 17 15:08:47.535 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(243) SPIO: 'spio Mutex ok'
May 17 15:08:47.535 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(244) SPIO: 'spio thread EVMGR ok'
May 17 15:08:47.535 p4rt/lib_slow 0/RP0/CPU0 t18092 Code(227) Thread Init: 'Stop pulse
handler attached'
----- Truncated for brevity -----
```

show ssh server

show ssh server

To view the SSH server configuration and the host-certs, use the **show ssh server** command in the EXEC mode.

```
show ssh server { vrf vrf-name | configuration | gnsi configuration | authorized_keys user user-name | authorized_principals user user-name | ca_keys | host_keys | host-certs }
```

Syntax Description	vrf vrf-name gnsi authorized_keys user user-name authorized_principals user user-name ca_keys user-name host_keys host-certs	Displays all the active configurations on the router for a given VRF Displays all the finalized configurations on the router for a given VRF. Displays a user's public keys for authentication. Displays the list of accepted principal names for a user's certificate authentication. Displays the trusted certificate authorities' public keys for user authentication. Displays various SSH private host keys (rsa, ecda, dsa, ed25519) if set up. Displays different public host certificates that match with the private host keys shown in host_keys .
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	EXEC mode	
Command History	Release Release 24.2.1	Modification This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.	

Example

The following example shows the gNSI configurations on the router:

```
Router# config
Router(config)# grpc port 57888
Router(config)# grpc no-tls
Router(config)# commit
Router(config)# end
```

To view the gNSI configuration on the router, use the **show ssh server gnsi configuration** command.

```
Router# show ssh server gnsi configuration
Wed May 1 14:45:29.008 UTC
-----
AuthorizedKeysFile /etc/ciscossh/authorized_list/%u/authorized_keys
AuthorizedPrincipalsFile /etc/ciscossh/authorized_list/%u/authorized_principals
HostCertificate /etc/ciscossh/host_certs/ecdsa-sha2-nistp256-cert.pub
HostCertificate /etc/ciscossh/host_certs/ecdsa-sha2-nistp521-cert.pub
HostCertificate /etc/ciscossh/host_certs/ed25519-cert.pub
-----
```

The following example shows the VRF configurations on the router:

```
Router# config
Router(config)# ssh server vrf default
Router(config)# commit
Router(config)# end
```

To view the server VRF configuration on the router, use the **show ssh server vrf** command.

```
Router# show ssh server vrf default configuration
-----
UsePAM yes
HostKeyAlgorithms
x509v3-ssh-rsa,ssh-rsa-cert-v01@openssh.com,ssh-ed25519-cert-v01@openssh.com,
ecdsa-sha2-nistp521-cert-v01@openssh.com,ecdsa-sha2-nistp256-cert-v01@openssh.com,
ecdsa-sha2-nistp256,ecdsa-sha2-nistp384,ecdsa-sha2-nistp521,ssh-ed25519,rsa-sha2-512,
rsa-sha2-256,ssh-rsa,ssh-dss
PermitRootLogin yes
MaxAuthTries 20
MaxSessions 16
RekeyLimit 1024M 60m
Subsystem sftp /pkg/bin/sftp-server
MACs hmac-sha2-512,hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha1
LoginGraceTime 30
ClientAliveInterval 60
AllowTcpForwarding no
MaxStartups 150
LogLevel DEBUG
IPQoS 0x40
HostKey /pkg/ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
HostKey /pkg/ecdsa-sha2-nistp384
HostKey /pkg/ecdsa-sha2-nistp521
HostKey /pkg/ed25519
HostKey /pkg/rsa
HostKey /pkg/dsa
HostKey /pkg/x509v3-ssh-rsa
HostKey /pkg/ssh-rsa-cert-v01
AcceptedAlgorithms x509v3-ssh-rsa,x509v3-ecdsa-sha2-nistp256,x509v3-ecdsa-sha2-nistp384,
x509v3-ecdsa-sha2-nistp521,x509v3-ssh-dss,ssh-rsa,ssh-rsa-cert-v01@openssh.com,
rsa-sha2-256-cert-v01@openssh.com,rsa-sha2-512-cert-v01@openssh.com,
ecdsa-sha2-nistp256-cert-v01@openssh.com,ecdsa-sha2-nistp384-cert-v01@openssh.com,
ecdsa-sha2-nistp521-cert-v01@openssh.com,ssh-dss-cert-v01@openssh.com,ssh-ed25519-cert-v01@openssh.com,
ecdsa-sha2-nistp256,ecdsa-sha2-nistp384,ecdsa-sha2-nistp521,ssh-ed25519,rsa-sha2-256,rsa-sha2-512,ssh-rsa
Port 22
PidFile /var/run/sshd_default.pid
```

To view the server host-keys on the router, use the **show ssh server host-keys** command.

```
Router# show ssh server host-keys
Wed May 1 14:39:36.746 UTC
-----
Key label: the_default
Type      : ED25519
Data      : ssh-ed25519 AAAAC3NzaC1lZDI1NTE5AAAIIMXlhKk4HixCE/HGwKGkbGwgLAT7ecm0fze7ZsQQIjw
```

show ssh server

```

xxxx@vxr-slurm-146.xxxx.com

Key label: the_default
Type      : ECDSA General Curve Nistp256
Degree    : 256
Data      : ecdsa-sha2-nistp256 AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHAyNTYAAAIBmlzdHAyNTYAAABBA9mwnz501+
ov5m6Zdo3Mqmc6IjkxrCbt+E/vhK67/B8mEaGE05JfFcJ7zHp905HsiLm0mYijS4zQCZNYRMcvNk=
xxxx@vxr-slurm-146.xxxx.com

Key label: the_default
Type      : ECDSA General Curve Nistp521
Degree    : 521
Data      : ecdsa-sha2-nistp521
AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHA1MjEAAAACFBABjiqUtIXeBAf0
sur6xhCaX0865nf6Gp0gIQC/DzBNC1AJTtqZfQl4FMHPTkixAshZ/7OVSh70tMgk4VzCHH+EmpAB5zIrz7fSzJFXSs9Djqw
75DxtOsjb/mcovLnHU2wfSiDD7qOjhyznL/VlAkKRq60aFK9w4r0qWW5L/infNDoDfvg==
xxxx@vxr-slurm-146.xxxx.com
-----
```

Router#

To view the host certificates on the router, use the **show ssh server host-certs** command.

```

Router# show ssh server host-certs
Wed May  1 13:56:21.596 UTC
-----
Type : ecdsa-sha2-nistp521-cert
Data : ecdsa-sha2-nistp521-cert-v01@openssh.com AAAAKGVjZHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHA1MjEt
Y2Vydc12MDFAb3B1bnNzaC5jb20AAAAGkjh4uPFNKir4uZV5maPUoOfyyys/ncTyMpBbQZX+7KMAAAA
bmlzdHA1MjEAAAACFBABjiqUtIXeBAfOsur6xhCaX0865nf6Gp0gIQC/DzBNC1AJTtqZfQl4FMHPTk
ixAshZ/7OVSh70tMgk4VzCHH+EmpAB5zIrz7fSzJFXSs9Djqw75DxtOsjb/mcovLnHU2wfSiDD7qOjhyznL/
VlAkKRq60aFK9w4r0qWW5L/infNDoDfvgAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGAAAavjaXnjbwAAAAAAAAAAZdQxHgAAAB
n1loeAAAAAAAAAAAAAAABFwAAAAdzc2gtcnNhAAAAAWEAQAAQEA26xFTM/0hzcDKmg6q17s81k+
UqOqEm6FUytpKw/aPd4cBNFxGWO5BaiTQjTWSDLik9+rxmBF+vpBh4fScT64WFDHUX0OX9URaD14cyK21
z1KUP7L607ypurZDqmsLuNHYH+nQgwCBJKQzd6/Ph2iuYx5xhDCG8FzSrxyo1tHrL7gCey9fdO8+J1
dTMDqp8SCvJjJcKu0GJ68ut3pII4j0xZCTIMvQQ6ZmWSJgemN7xJLMUN4ZzJjGT1o1Dkq5kMEVP8pok8
y1LIQkOyRcmuNLBW126D/W58ydxY5z/OcyWzTBQ1SSIE+Lwtb0RktJfVqrYn1aNq/f38KdyYVQAAARQAAAAM
cnNhLXNoYTItNTEyAAABAIC35ctjmPfOb3RRc3bD9gvHzKzIO5mGbHxeH06qrNFyDxjPx/A02Qyd11RU1qjeH/
REAi38/RhUIInEj75Iwi+f349xZx0bGacULZHMJWPYy2cGgx3e4WLFA4Z3Zu09xSNzVCCUea71d21JhJGUAMWG1
ak86RLbOBvAESyYCCUG+jdNDBg7dfiaeJ05DvY33RRszfEf/4Cy6X8GyzyB/V0bmjrC11Ukb56JNscNYweWC
je2da5BwqxSbQUaLkd97Lad1Jjjeo8A/qrXMWVm71e9AAm1htKt1UusqEAwW1KmeZ4rbUkyTOJ3NaxdW/gEs4
uuAh58oweCaZyav3ay= lavms@vxr-slurm-146.cisco.com

Type : ecdsa-sha2-nistp256-cert
Data : ecdsa-sha2-nistp256-cert-v01@openssh.com AAAAKGVjZHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHAyNTYtY2Vyd
C12MDFAb3B1bnNzaC5jb20AAAAGQDMsG2AcMkoXfaK9SGTTyuJ65sd0GuR70371kt6Yo9IAAAIBmlzdHAyNTYAAABBA9
mwnz501+ov5m6Zdo3Mqmc6IjkxrCbt+E/vhK67/B8mEaGE05JfFcJ7zHp905HsiLm0mYijS4zQCZNYRMcvNk
AAAAAAAAAAAAAAIAAAFY2lzy28AAAAJAAABWNpc2NvAAAAAAAAAD//////////wAAAAAAAAAAAAAAZ
cAAAAAHc3nOLXjzYQAAAAMBAAEAAAGBAoiOhEHxz1mQXR84w/IoKLOsfq/XI0aFqHdQ4ysQu3nTx1QeqRJtdVsSlQM2OZF+
iExpM14E1Z9Y1p01BbrMynRhSywx+vtfypBIONfqI+z+jj3uea9i8tf7XF4311t1zE/SuwG9koUb+UI/MhSjL4AUefc9
u4qqY1+OVjKvZe4OfSzQglbNAQWHzhngs1pTjEeYAM5w3zv1DN4SjkPaA41/cRYLj29LJOMhD8NuATfpKxjU55Ja/
cISsfQdQrsTX1+2cF13vnVYL6J1qjBR9vX36fuKurlZLfx95y7D71RAb0Nh8D1kbqM8H94LLod850XFDC/ygOjthkh
MrKipBwX9NnHOE3pwXR7RLaVXNqso04rQCJjmliQ6ujTfGbtBhvvh+v+uTghIIcsnJ3ZPIjrsI4KoqaIWPsOkhHbzq
JGcM1Jcs6DqfkT16P/AUOCgo2ssUwaXirG6sn9plipd27pq0JvTrIcPdNce0hpr9jAWNpx9UGHeGGFXdXKWqSQh
wAAAQAAAAMcnNhLXNoYTItNTEyAAABgJXLxFmLOFZUU01hb/c10F8NEe951865wZ1GKPgF08so5B0yeufjcHuAGkvCC
a061YW6jmnfROF48kgmZ03Ri83fIs0McNk9Q0/bz6t2AcWGI/cZtzM2WxQJ0C9Szs1XMGvAK+jnG2CG8Ca7Pa25hCLyhm
Rt22ysGKyCAws1buFI+1AAhnIgoUkBpUia9kwIBtZPT9dn5vezcmYfJfTgsa/X7mnSm6sfvrFprz6R4Zv6AtRqi6GkWA
g47UXPmo71ajsIBgzryN1VpHm0uveWAIzu6zOLCCTiKTfqcitaIEbV0az5e0g72ub7T6RLhvhyhwWaiZ3hqfgAifqitzo
omScKzM5+XT0wgW4stT5n8PqTxYXH3okHA1NH29ne8JcnFm9hxWgK8Ru9YxfTRqD09sb2Z5XtSEuBr9bUclfmez4ZeY
ptRxm5tXYMhAevqrRovtMcRMyOsZCLqYANwEh+6n0J/xgkohFEFY2G0W0gc+a9/AglQoQvqyDocYa42N9NLEg==
xxxxx@vxr-slurm-146.cisco.com

Type : ed25519-cert
Data : ssh-ed25519-cert-v01@openssh.com AAAAIHNzaC11ZDI1NTE5LWN1cnQtdjAxQG9wZW5zc2guY29t
AAAAIAHRCCKOCw1xUots9LsmH05SeyxMolxYumXSaHygo9ffAAAALMx1hKk4HixCE/HgwgKGkbGwgLAT7ecm0fze7zsQqij
```

```
wAAAAAAAAAAAAACAAAABWNpc2NvAAAAAAAAAB11DE2AAAAAGfWWjYAAAAAAAAAAAAEXAAAAB3NzaC1yc2
EAAAADAQABAAQDbrEVMz//SHOVwMqaDqrXuzyWT5So6oSboVTK2krD9o93hwEU3EZy7kFqJNCNNZIMuKT36vGYEX6+
kGH9JxPrhYMUdTHQ5f1RFoOXhzIrbXPUpQ/svrTvKm6tkOqawu40dgf6QDAIEkpDN3r8+HaK5jFjnGEMIBwXNKvHKgyW0
esvuAj7L1907z4mV1MwAOqnIXK8mM1wq6QYnry63ekgjiPTFkJMgy9BDpmZ2ImB6Y3vEksxQ3hnMmZPwUOSrmQwRU/
yk6TzKUhCQ7JFya42UFbXboP9bnx1hd1jnP85xhZ1MFDVJ1gT4vBu3RGS019WqtifVo2r9/fwoPJhVAABFAAAAAxyc
2Etc2hhMi01MTIAAAEAFZeqNRF3YT9K+/Zqkh17fnh+TIT2GYPkt1VmyZ364EQ9igkKeOTuvqg/TNCt3BBsdRMAPShxOWr+
qcvkU+Amk3u5oP3TbWKvqMA91T3t/ZP3Mo+C+7OnE2zcvC9Rj2JgMn0tcVFI464vNEnyqUcs2AAAs/hppiCwdyXbm4kQKxxk
IukonW7E9PuBkv939L4K1VTvEn4S0nTRVPX0tFX073dIW+BhjDec9NSE/+tJY0SuvqlL80QV73K/gHv6cJ2QaNinMSbg84Eu/
SghQJO+092ocZSWqe4MiEg4Cgz/KjJhg4I4yyLbBNaL76aAt7k4VTh1830ZFLDMU1a4UuT5g==xxxxx@vxr-slurm-146.cisco.com
```

To view the certificate authority keys on the router, use the **show ssh server ca-keys** command.

```
Router# show ssh server ca-keys
Wed May 1 15:06:21.094 UTC
-----
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQCB83fcxKGF2i5umMS5Xc74mUxfRIMJLkawJk/BzRc1t+
/1EbD8G+eIMrwRTZ5c60mI/B0Cy1hzgAKKw5KXouBPDEVyIn3BBmYlqzHzenj1RXZYmUlS01qcB2K2jFL7qzS9+Q+vv31+
+fHvDRMW5sJnsdPatdY8X1ZodN1Uqwa6C/WcQ4b2FkEp4FctmrJfXv81Mbe+KqiPA1+fjXWH7douS7FDUj2bNET
f35gcxcDptbLS8oCGvJ4fQCB9kkGpKBe20a+WUkwsorhDz5Y2e4PUfWFV5AsgbegZmnPrXkqGb7Kmf2L1uJgcyxZT+
HZilvSY5gP7FawbkEYTOmgWJEv3f sabgupta@bg1-ads-4100
-----
Router#
```

To view the authorized keys for a user on the router, use the **server authorized-keys user** command.

```
Router# show ssh server authorized-keys user user1
Wed May 1 14:29:48.644 UTC
-----
pty ssh-rsa
AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQCB83fcxKGF2i5umMS5Xc74mUxfRIMJLkawJk/BzRc1t+/1EbD8G+eIMrwRTZ5c60mI/
B0Cy1hzgAKKw5KXouBPDEVyIn3BBmYlqzHzenj1RXZYmUlS01qcB2K2jFL7qzS9+Q+vv31+fHvDRMW5sJnsdPatdY8X1ZodN1Uqwa6C/
WcQ4b2FkEp4FctmrJfXv81Mbe+KqiPA1+fjXWH7douS7FDUj2bNETf35gcxcDptbLS8oCGvJ4fQCB9kkGpKBe20a+WUkwsorhDz5Y2e4PU
fWFV5AsgbegZmnPrXkqGb7Kmf2L1uJgcyxZT+HZilvSY5gP7FawbkEYTOmgWJEv3f rsavalue
from="192.0.2.1,192.0.2.22,192.0.2.33" ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQCB83fcxKGF2i5umMS5Xc74mUxfRIMJLkawJk/BzRc1t+/1EbD8G+eIMrwRTZ5c60mI/B0Cy1hzgAKKw5KXouBPDEVyIn3BBmYlqzHzenj1RXZYmUlS01qcB2K2jFL7qzS9+Q+vv31+fHvDRMW5sJnsdPatdY8X1ZodN1Uqwa6C/WcQ4b2FkEp4FctmrJfXv81Mbe+KqiPA1+fjXWH7douS7FDUj2bNETf35gcxcDptbLS8oCGvJ4fQCB9kkGpKBe20a+WUkwsorhDz5Y2e4PUfWFV5AsgbegZmnPrXkqGb7Kmf2L1uJgcyxZT+HZilvSY5gP7FawbkEYTOmgWJEv3f rsavalue
expiry-time="20241001" ssh-rsa
AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQCB83fcxKGF2i5umMS5Xc74mUxfRIMJLkawJk/BzRc1t+/1EbD8G+eIMrwRTZ5c60mI/B0Cy1hzgAKKw5KXouBPDEVyIn3BBmYlqzHzenj1RXZYmUlS01qcB2K2jFL7qzS9+Q+vv31+fHvDRMW5sJnsdPatdY8X1ZodN1Uqwa6C/WcQ4b2FkEp4FctmrJfXv81Mbe+KqiPA1+fjXWH7douS7FDUj2bNETf35gcxcDptbLS8oCGvJ4fQCB9kkGpKBe20a+WUkwsorhDz5Y2e4PUfWFV5AsgbegZmnPrXkqGb7Kmf2L1uJgcyxZT+HZilvSY5gP7FawbkEYTOmgWJEv3f rsavalue
expiry-time="20241001" ssh-rsa
AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQCB83fcxKGF2i5umMS5Xc74mUxfRIMJLkawJk/BzRc1t+/1EbD8G+eIMrwRTZ5c60mI/B0Cy1hzgAKKw5KXouBPDEVyIn3BBmYlqzHzenj1RXZYmUlS01qcB2K2jFL7qzS9+Q+vv31+fHvDRMW5sJnsdPatdY8X1ZodN1Uqwa6C/WcQ4b2FkEp4FctmrJfXv81Mbe+KqiPA1+fjXWH7douS7FDUj2bNETf35gcxcDptbLS8oCGvJ4fQCB9kkGpKBe20a+WUkwsorhDz5Y2e4PUfWFV5AsgbegZmnPrXkqGb7Kmf2L1uJgcyxZT+HZilvSY5gP7FawbkEYTOmgWJEv3f rsavalue
from="abcd" ssh-rsa
AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQCB83fcxKGF2i5umMS5Xc74mUxfRIMJLkawJk/BzRc1t+/1EbD8G+eIMrwRTZ5c60mI/B0Cy1hzgAKKw5KXouBPDEVyIn3BBmYlqzHzenj1RXZYmUlS01qcB2K2jFL7qzS9+Q+vv31+fHvDRMW5sJnsdPatdY8X1ZodN1Uqwa6C/WcQ4b2FkEp4FctmrJfXv81Mbe+KqiPA1+fjXWH7douS7FDUj2bNETf35gcxcDptbLS8oCGvJ4fQCB9kkGpKBe20a+WUkwsorhDz5Y2e4PUfWFV5AsgbegZmnPrXkqGb7Kmf2L1uJgcyxZT+HZilvSY5gP7FawbkEYTOmgWJEv3f rsavalue
-----
```

To view the list of principals (identities) that are authorized for SSH access, use the **show ssh server authorized-principals user** command.

```
Router# show ssh server authorized-principals user user1
Wed May 1 14:37:37.933 UTC
-----
pty cisco
from="192.0.2.1,192.0.2.22,192.0.2.32" lab
expiry-time="20241001" one
```

```
show ssh server
```

```
-----
```

show tech-support gnsi

To collect diagnostic information of gNSI on the router, use the **show tech-support gnsi** command in Global Configuration mode.

show tech-support gnsi

Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.	
Command Default	Enabled, by default	
Command Modes	Global Configuration mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 24.2.1	The command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.	
Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	config-services read	

This example displays the gNSI tech-support:

```
Router# show tech-support gnsi
Mon Apr  1 06:55:51.482 UTC
++ Show tech start time: 2024-Apr-01.065551.UTC ++
Mon Apr  1 06:55:52 UTC 2024 Waiting for gathering to complete
...
Mon Apr  1 06:56:01 UTC 2024 Compressing show tech output
Show tech output available at Router#:
/harddisk:/showtech/showtech-mtb_sf2-gnsi-2024-Apr-01.065551.UTC.tgz
++ Show tech end time: 2024-Apr-01.065601.UTC ++
```

show tech-support gnsi command places the collected diagnostic information in a file, example
Router#: /harddisk:/showtech/showtech-mtb_sf2-gnsi-2024-Apr-01.065551.

show gnsi trace pathz

show gnsi trace pathz

To trace the configured gNSI policy on the router, use the **show gnsi trace pathz** command in Global Configuration mode.

show gnsi trace pathz

Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.
---------------------------	--

Command Default	Enabled, by default
------------------------	---------------------

Command Modes	Global Configuration mode
----------------------	---------------------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	24.2.1	The command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.
-------------------------	--

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
		config-services read

This example displays the gNSI trace data on the router:

```
Router# show gnsi trace pathz all
Mon Apr  1 04:31:26.689 UTC
61 wrapping entries (21760 possible, 512 allocated, 0 filtered, 61 total)
Apr  1 04:07:09.681 gnsi/pathz 0/RP0/CPU0 t11383 Pathz: Code(178) 'Trying to load policy'
'./mnt/rdsfs/ems/gnsi/pathz_policy.txt'
Apr  1 04:07:09.685 gnsi/pathz 0/RP0/CPU0 t11383 Pathz: Code(173) 'Set Sandbox policy'
'1(54251382-02-18 11:34:58 +0000 UTC)'
Apr  1 04:07:09.685 gnsi/pathz 0/RP0/CPU0 t11383 Pathz: Code(179) 'Set Policy from'
'./mnt/rdsfs/ems/gnsi/pathz_policy.txt'
Apr  1 04:07:09.685 gnsi/pathz 0/RP0/CPU0 t11383 Pathz: Code(249) 'Pathz Policy Clearing
Counters'
Apr  1 04:07:09.685 gnsi/pathz 0/RP0/CPU0 t11383 Pathz: Code (79): 'Engine Initialized'
Apr  1 04:08:05.761 gnsi/pathz 0/RP0/CPU0 t11794 Pathz: Code(63) 'Pathz.Get()'
'5.38.4.111:52126'
Apr  1 04:08:05.761 gnsi/pathz_err 0/RP0/CPU0 t11794 Pathz ERROR: Code (65): 'Nil Policy'
Apr  1 04:08:05.788 gnsi/pathz 0/RP0/CPU0 t11480 Pathz: Code(63) 'Pathz.Get()'
'5.38.4.111:52126'
Apr  1 04:08:05.788 gnsi/pathz 0/RP0/CPU0 t11480 Pathz: Code(176) 'Get'
'POLICY_INSTANCE_ACTIVE 1(1711946094752098)'
Apr  1 04:08:05.791 gnsi/pathz_deny 0/RP0/CPU0 t11481 Pathz DENY: Code(235) 'Upd/Rep Denied
path' 'cafyauto@/system/config(hostname,|1,1711946094752098'
Apr  1 04:08:05.808 gnsi/pathz_deny 0/RP0/CPU0 t11383 Pathz DENY: Code(234) 'Del Denied
path' 'cafyauto@/system/config(hostname,|1,1711946094752098'
Apr  1 04:08:05.821 gnsi/pathz_deny 0/RP0/CPU0 t11480 Pathz DENY: Code(235) 'Upd/Rep Denied
path' 'cafyauto@/system/config(hostname,|1,1711946094752098'
Apr  1 04:08:07.348 gnsi/pathz_deny 0/RP0/CPU0 t11383 Pathz DENY: Code(235) 'Upd/Rep Denied
path' 'cafyauto@/lldp/config/enabled,|1,1711946094752098'
```

```
Apr 1 04:08:08.205 gnsi/pathz 0/RP0/CPU0 t11383 Pathz: Code(63) 'Pathz.Get()'  
'5.38.4.111:52126'  
Apr 1 04:08:08.205 gnsi/pathz_err 0/RP0/CPU0 t11383 Pathz ERROR: Code (65): 'Nil Policy'  
Apr 1 04:08:08.221 gnsi/pathz 0/RP0/CPU0 t11480 Pathz: Code(63) 'Pathz.Get()'  
'5.38.4.111:52126'  
Apr 1 04:08:08.221 gnsi/pathz 0/RP0/CPU0 t11480 Pathz: Code(176) 'Get'  
'POLICY_INSTANCE_ACTIVE 1(1711946094752098)'  
Apr 1 04:08:08.238 gnsi/pathz_deny 0/RP0/CPU0 t11481 Pathz DENY: Code(235) 'Upd/Rep Denied  
path' 'cafyauto@/system/config/hostname,|1,1711946094752098'  
Apr 1 04:08:08.281 gnsi/pathz_deny 0/RP0/CPU0 t11480 Pathz DENY: Code(234) 'Del Denied  
path' 'cafyauto@/system/config/hostname,|1,1711946094752098'  
Router#
```

```
show gnsi trace pathz
```



NETCONF Commands

- [netconf-yang agent, on page 40](#)

netconf-yang agent

To set the netconf-yang agent details such as netconf-yang version and netconf-yang session limits, use the **netconf-yang agent** command in the Global Configuration mode.

To remove the configured session version and limits, use the **no** form of the command.

```
netconf-yang agent { netconf1.0 | session { limit value } }
```

Syntax Description	limit value Sets the maximum count for concurrent netconf-yang sessions. The range is 1–1024. session Netconf -yang-agent session. You can provide the session settings, such as absolute, idle session time, number of sessions using this command. netconf1.0 Provides NETCONF version 1.0 support as per the RFC-4741 and RFC-4742.
---------------------------	---

Command Default	By default, no limits are set
------------------------	-------------------------------

Command Modes	Global Configuration mode
----------------------	---------------------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.3.1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.
-------------------------	--

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	config-services	read, write

Example

This command shows how to use the **netconf-yang agent** command:

```
Router# config
Router(config)# netconf-yang agent netconf1.0
Router(config)# netconf-yang agent session limit 10
/*limit value sets the maximum count for concurrent netconf-yang sessions. The range is from 1 to 128.*/
Router# end
```