

Management Plane Protection Commands

This module describes the commands used to configure management plane protection (MPP).

For detailed information about management plane protection concepts, configuration tasks, and examples, see the *Implementing Management Plane Protection* chapter in the System Security Configuration Guide for Cisco ASR 9000 Series RoutersSystem Security Configuration Guide for Cisco 8000 Series Routers.

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address ipv4 (MPP)

To configure the peer IPv4 or IPv6 address in which management traffic is allowed on the interface, use the **address ipv4** command in interface peer configuration mode. To remove the IP address that was previously configured on this interface, use the **no** form of this command.

address {ipv4 | ipv6} peer-ip-address |peer-ip-address/length no address {ipv4 | ipv6} peer-ip-address | peer-ip-address/length

Syntax Description

peer-ip-address

(Required) Peer IPv4 or IPv6 address in which management traffic is allowed on the interface. This address can effectively be the source address of the management traffic that is coming in on the configured interface.

peer ip-address/length (Required) Prefix of the peer IP address and IPv4 address or IPv6 format:

- IPv4—A.B.C.D/length
- IPv6—X.X:X.X

Command Default

If no specific peer is configured, all peers are allowed.

Command Modes

Interface peer configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
system	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to configure the peer address for management traffic:

```
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# control-plane
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-ctrl)# management-plane
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mpp)# inband
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mpp-inband)# interface all
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mpp-inbandoutband-all)# allow all peer
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-telnettftp-peer)# address ipv4 10.1.0.0/16
```

address ipv6 (MPP)

To configure the peer IPv6 address in which management traffic is allowed on the interface, use the **address ipv6** command in interface peer configuration mode. To remove the IP address that was previously configured on this interface, use the **no** form of this command.

address ipv6 {peer-ip-address | peer-ip-address / length}

Syntax Description

peer-ip-address

Peer IPv6 address in which management traffic is allowed on the interface. This address can effectively be the source address of the management traffic that is coming in on the configured interface.

speer ip-address/length Prefix of the peer IPv6 address.

Command Default

If no specific peer is configured, all peers are allowed.

Command Modes

Interface peer configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
system	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to configure the peer IPv6 address 33::33 for management traffic:

```
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# control-plane
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-ctrl)# management-plane
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mpp)# inband
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mpp-inband)# interface HundredGigabitEthernet 0/1/1/2
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mpp-inband-if)# allow TFTP peer
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-tftp-peer)# address ipv6 33::33
```

allow

To configure an interface as an inband or out-of-band interface to allow all peer addresses for a specified protocol or all protocols, use the **allow** command in management plane protection inband interface configuration mode or management plane protection out-of-band interface configuration.

To disallow a protocol on an interface, use the **no** form of this command.

```
allow {protocol | all} [peer]
no allow {protocol | all} [peer]
```

Syntax Description

protocol Interface configured to allow peer-filtering for the following specified protocol's traffic:

- HTTP(S)
- NETCONF (version 1.1 protocol)
- SNMP (also versions)
- Secure Shell (v1 and v2)
- TFTP
- Telnet
- XML

all Configures the interface to allow peer-filtering for all the management traffic that is specified in the list of protocols.

peer (Optional) Configures the peer address on the interface. Peer refers to the neighboring router interface in which traffic might arrive to the main router.

Command Default

By default, no management protocol is allowed on any interface except the management interfaces.

Command Modes

Management plane protection inband interface configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

If you permit or allow a specific protocol to an interface, traffic is allowed only for that protocol, and all other management traffic is dropped.

The IOS XR XML API provides a programmatic interface to the router for use by external management applications. This interface provides a mechanism for router configuration and monitoring utilizing XML formatted request and response streams. As one of the management services, XML should be capable of applying MPP. To secure XML MPP data, XML keyword has been added to the command.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
system	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to configure all management protocols for all inband interfaces:

```
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# control-plane
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-ctrl)# management-plane
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mpp)# inband
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mpp-inband)# interface all
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mpp-inband-all)# allow all
```

The following example shows how to configure MPP support on an XML peer in-band interface:

```
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router# configure
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config)# control-plane
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-ctrl)# management-plane
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-ctrl-mpp)# inband interface all allow xml peer address ipv4
172.10.10.1
```

control-plane

To enter the control plane configuration mode, use the **control-plane** command. To disable all the configurations under control plane mode, use the **no** form of this command.

control-plane no control-plane

Syntax Description

This command has no keywords or arguments.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Global Configuration modeXR Config mode

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **control-plane** command to enter control plane configuration mode.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations	
system	read, write	

Examples

The following example shows how to enter control plane configuration mode using the **control-plane** command:

RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# control-plane
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-ctrl)#

inband

To configure an inband interface and to enter management plane protection inband configuration mode, use the **inband** command in management plane protection configuration mode. To disable all configurations under inband configuration mode, use the **no** form of this command.

inband no inband

Syntax Description

This command has no keywords or arguments.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Management plane protection inband configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **inband** command to enter management plane protection inband configuration mode.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
system	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to enter management plane protection inband configuration mode using the **inband** command:

```
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router# configure
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config)# control-plane
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-ctrl)# management-plane
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-mpp)# inband
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-mpp-inband)#
```

interface (MPP)

To configure a specific interface or all interfaces as an inband or out-of-band interface, use the **interface** command in management plane protection inband configuration mode or management plane protection out-of-band configuration mode.

To disable all the configurations under an interface mode, use the **no** form of this command.

interface {type interface-path-id | all}
no interface {type interface-path-id | all}

Syntax Description

type	Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.	
interface-path-id	d Virtual interface instance. Number range varies depending on interface type.	
	Note	Use the show interfaces command in EXEC mode to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.
	For more in function.	iformation about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help
all	Configures all interfaces to allow for management traffic.	

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Management plane protection out-of-band configuration

Management plane protection inband configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **interface** command to enter management plane protection inband interface configuration mode or management plane protection out-of-band interface configuration mode.

For the *instance* argument, you cannot configure Management Ethernet interfaces as inband interfaces.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
system	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to configure all inband interfaces for MPP:

RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# control-plane
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-ctrl)# management-plane

```
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mpp) # inband
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mpp-inband) # interface all
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mpp-inband-all) #
```

The following example shows how to configure all out-of-band interfaces for MPP:

```
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router# configure
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config)# control-plane
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-ctrl)# management-plane
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-mpp)# out-of-band
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-mpp-outband)# interface all
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-mpp-outband-all)#
```

management-plane

To configure management plane protection to allow and disallow protocols, use the **management-plane** command in control plane configuration mode. To disable all configurations under management-plane mode, use the **no** form of this command.

management-plane no management-plane

Syntax Description

This command has no keywords or arguments.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Control plane configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **management-plane** command to enter the management plane protection configuration mode.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
system	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to enter management plane protection configuration mode using the **management-plane** command:

```
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router# configure
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config)# control-plane
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-ctrl)# management-plane
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-mpp)#
```

out-of-band

To configure out-of-band interfaces or protocols and to enter management plane protection out-of-band configuration mode, use the **out-of-band** command in management plane protection configuration mode. To disable all configurations under management plane protection out-of-band configuration mode, use the **no** form of this command.

out-of-band no out-of-band

Syntax Description

This command has no keywords or arguments.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Management plane protection out-of-band configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

Use the **out-of-band** command to enter management plane protection out-of-band configuration mode.

Out-of-band refers to an interface that allows only management protocol traffic to be forwarded or processed. An out-of-band management interface is defined by the network operator to specifically receive network management traffic. The advantage is that forwarding (or customer) traffic cannot interfere with the management of the router.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
system	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to enter management plane protection out-of-band configuration mode using the **out-of-band** command:

```
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router# configure
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config)# control-plane
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-ctrl)# management-plane
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-mpp)# out-of-band
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-mpp-outband)#
```

show mgmt-plane

To display information about the management plane such as type of interface and protocols enabled on the interface, use the **show mgmt-plane** command.

 $show \ \ mgmt-plane \ \ [\{inband \ | \ out-of-band\}] \ \ [\{interface \ \ \textit{type \ interface-path-id} \ | \ vrf\}]$

Syntax Description

inband	(Optional) Displays the inband management interface configurations that are the interfaces that process management packets as well as data-forwarding packets. An inband management interface is also called a <i>shared management interface</i> .	
out-of-band	(Optional) Displays the out-of-band interface configurations. Out-of-band interfaces are defined by the network operator to specifically receive network management traffic.	
interface	(Optional) Displays all the protocols that are allowed in the specified interface.	
type	Interface type. For more information, use the question mark (?) online help function.	
interface-path-id	Interface instance. Number range varies depending on interface type.	
		te show interfaces command to see a list of all interfaces currently gured on the router.
	For more informatifunction.	ion about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help
vrf	(Optional) Display of an out-of-band i	s the Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing and forwarding reference interface.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

EXEC modeXR EXEC mode

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

The **vrf** keyword is valid only for out-of-band VRF configurations.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
system	read

Examples

The following sample output displays all the interfaces that are configured as inband or out-of-band interfaces under MPP:

RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router# show mgmt-plane

```
Management Plane Protection
inband interfaces
______
interface - HundredGigabitEthernet0 1 1 0
      ssh configured -
              All peers allowed
       telnet configured -
              peer v4 allowed - 10.1.0.0/16
       all configured -
              All peers allowed
interface - HundredGigabitEthernet0_1_1_0
       telnet configured -
              peer v4 allowed - 10.1.0.0/16
interface - all
      all configured -
              All peers allowed
outband interfaces
interface - HundredGigabitEthernet0_1_1_0
       tftp configured -
               peer v6 allowed - 33::33
```

The following sample output displays the Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing and forwarding (VRF) reference of an out-of-band interface:

```
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router# show mgmt-plane out-of-band vrf
Management Plane Protection -
          out-of-band VRF - my out of band
```

vrf (MPP)

To configure a Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing and forwarding (VRF) reference of an out-of-band interface, use the **vrf** command in management plane protection out-of-band configuration mode. To remove the VRF definition before the VRF name is used, use the **no** form of this command.

vrf vrf-name
no vrf vrf-name

Syntax Description

vrf-name Name assigned to a VRF.

Command Default

The VRF concept must be used to configure interfaces as out-of-band. If no VRF is configured during an out-of-band configuration, the interface goes into a default VRF.

Command Modes

Management plane protection out-of-band configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 7.0.12	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

If the VRF reference is not configured, the default name MPP_OUTBAND_VRF is used.

If there is an out-of-band configuration that is referring to a VRF and the VRF is deleted, all the MPP bindings are removed.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
system	read

Examples

The following example shows how to configure the VRF:

```
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# vrf my_out_of_band
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-vrf)# address-family ipv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-vrf-af)# exit
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-vrf)# address-family ipv6 unicast
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-vrf-af)# commit
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router(config-vrf-af)# end
RP/0/RP0RSP0/CPU0:router#
```

The following example shows how to configure the VRF definition for MPP:

```
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router# configure
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config)# control-plane
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-ctrl)# management-plane
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-mpp)# out-of-band
RP/0/RPORSPO/CPUO:router(config-mpp-outband)# vrf my_out_of_band
```