



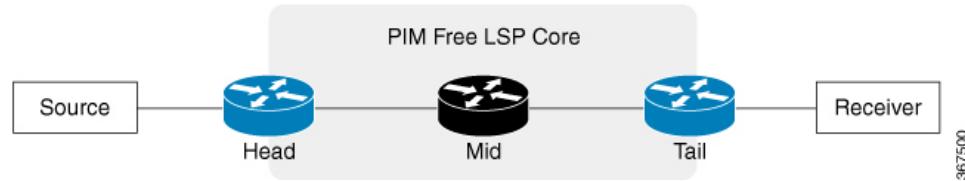
# Configuring Point to Multipoint Traffic Engineering

To carry multicast traffic in service provider networks, a multicast protocol like PIM needs to be deployed to set up forwarding paths in the service provider core. However for an MPLS backbone network, service providers can use label encapsulation instead of ip tunneling. This approach helps to reduce the control traffic overhead on the service provider core and also leverages the MPLS traffic engineering and protection features.

The label encapsulation could be either point-to-multipoint (P2MP) label switched paths (LSPs) or multipoint-to-multipoint (MP2MP) LSPs. For creating multicast LSPs, RSVP-TE protocol extensions can be used. The RSVP-TE protocol is extended to signal P2MP LSPs across the MPLS networks. P2MP-TE feature enables transporting multicast traffic through a PIM free service provider core using P2MP-TE tunnels.

The following figure explains the topology that is used in this feature.

**Figure 1: PIM Free LSP Core**



In this figure, the following terminologies are used:

- Head—A router on which a TE tunnel is configured.
- Tail—The router on which the TE tunnel terminates.
- Mid—A router through which the TE tunnel passes.

A Multicast VPN (mVPN) profile is configured for the global context or per VRF. Different mVPN profiles can be applied depending on where the multicast streams need to be transported.

The following mVPN profiles are supported for the P2MP-TE feature:

- mVPN profile 8 for global context
- mVPN profile 10 for L3VPN context

## Restrictions and Usage Guidelines

The following restrictions and guidelines apply for this feature:

- Only Source-Specific Multicast (SSM) traffic is supported.
- For profile 8, both IPv4 and IPv6 are supported.
- For profile 10, only IPv4 is supported.
- Fast Reroute (FRR) for P2MP-TE tunnel is not supported.
- BVI interface is not supported.

## Configuration Example: P2MP-TE Profile 8

This example shows the P2MP-TE configuration for profile 8. You need to configure the head, mid, and tail routers in the P2MP tunnel.

The head router configuration is given as follows. This configuration includes IGP, MPLS-TE tunnel, and multicast configurations. You should also configure LDP and RSVP while configuring this feature.

```

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router ospf 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-router)# area 0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# mpls traffic-eng
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-mpls-te)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# interface Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# cost 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# network point-to-point
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# cost 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# network point-to-point
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf)# mpls traffic-eng router-id loopback 0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface tunnel-mte 2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# ipv4 unnumbered Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# destination 10.2.2.2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if-p2mp-dest)# path-option 1 dynamic
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if-p2mp-dest)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# multicast-routing
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast)# address-family ipv4
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# interface Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4-if)# enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# interface tunnel-mte 2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4-if)# enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# mdt source Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# interface all enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# accounting per-prefix
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router igmp
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp)# interface tunnel-mte 2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-if)# static-group 232.0.0.2 10.0.0.100
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-if)# version 3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router pim
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim)# address-family ipv4
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-default-ipv4)# interface tunnel-mte 2

```

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-default-ipv4-if)# enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-default-ipv4-if)# exit
```

The running configuration for the head router is given as follows.

```
interface Loopback0
  ipv4 address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.255
!
interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
  ipv4 address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0
!
interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
  ipv4 address 10.2.0.1 255.255.255.0
!
router ospf 1
  area 0
    mpls traffic-eng
  !
  interface Loopback0
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
    cost 1
    network point-to-point
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
    cost 1
    network point-to-point
  !
  mpls traffic-eng router-id Loopback0
!
rsvp
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
    bandwidth percentage 100
  !
  !
  mpls traffic-eng
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
  !
mpls ldp
  discovery
    targeted-hello interval 10
  !
  router-id 10.1.1.1
  address-family ipv4
    discovery targeted-hello accept
  !
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
  !
  !
  !
  interface tunnel-mte2
    ipv4 unnumbered Loopback0
    destination 10.2.2.2
    path-option 1 dynamic
  !
  !
  !
  multicast-routing
    address-family ipv4
      interface Loopback0
        enable
      !
      interface tunnel-mte2
        enable
      !
      mdt source Loopback0
```

```

interface all enable
accounting per-prefix
!
!
!
router igmp
  interface tunnel-mte2
    static-group 232.0.0.2 10.0.0.100
  !
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
    version 3
  !
!
router pim
  address-family ipv4
    interface tunnel-mte2
      enable
  !
!
!
```

The mid router only requires MPLS-TE, RSVP and an IGP like OSPF configurations. The running configuration for the mid router is given as follows:

```

interface Loopback0
  ipv4 address 10.5.5.5 255.255.255.255
interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
  ipv4 address 10.10.0.5 255.255.255.0
interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
  ipv4 address 10.13.0.5 255.255.255.0
router ospf 1
area 0
  mpls traffic-eng
  interface Loopback0
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
    cost 1
    network point-to-point
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
    cost 1
    network point-to-point
  mpls traffic-eng router-id Loopback0
rsvp
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
    bandwidth percentage 100
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
    bandwidth percentage 100
  mpls traffic-eng
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
  mpls ldp
    discovery
      targeted-hello interval 10
  router-id 10.5.5.5
  address-family ipv4
    discovery targeted-hello accept
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
!
```

The tail router configuration is given as follows. This configuration includes IGP, MPLS-TE tunnel and multicast configurations. Similar to head router, you should also configure RSVP and LDP while configuring this feature.

```

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router ospf 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-router)# area 0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# mpls traffic-eng
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-mpls-te)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# interface Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# cost 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# network point-to-point
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf)# mpls traffic-eng router-id loopback 0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface tunnel-mte 2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# ipv4 unnumbered Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# destination 10.2.2.2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if-p2mp-dest)# path-option 1 dynamic
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if-p2mp-dest)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# multicast-routing
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast)# address-family ipv4
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# interface Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4-if)# enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# mdt source Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# core-tree-protocol rsvp-te
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# static-rpf 10.0.0.100 32 mpls 1.1.1.1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# rate-per-route
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# interface all enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# accounting per-prefix
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router igmp
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-if)# version 3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router pim
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim)# address-family ipv4
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-default-ipv4)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-default-ipv4-if)# enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-default-ipv4-if)# exit

```

The running configuration for the tail router is given as follows:

```

!
interface Loopback0
  ipv4 address 10.2.2.2 255.255.255.255
!
interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
  ipv4 address 10.3.0.2 255.255.255.0
!
interface TenGigE0/0/0/6
  ipv4 address 10.6.0.2 255.255.255.0
!
router ospf 1
  area 0
    mpls traffic-eng
    interface Loopback0
    !
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
      cost 1
      network point-to-point
    !
  mpls traffic-eng router-id Loopback0
  !
  rsvp
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/3

```

```

        bandwidth percentage 100
    !
    !
    mpls traffic-eng
        interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
    !
    mpls ldp
        discovery
            targeted-hello interval 10
        !
        router-id 10.2.2.2
        address-family ipv4
            discovery targeted-hello accept
        !
        interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
        !
    !
    multicast-routing
        address-family ipv4
    interface Loopback0
        enable
    !
    mdt source Loopback0
    core-tree-protocol rsvp-te
    static-rpf 10.0.0.100 32 mpls 10.1.1.1
    rate-per-route
    interface all enable
    accounting per-prefix
    !
    !
    !
    router igmp
    !
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/6
        version 3
    !
    !
    router pim
    !
    address-family ipv4
        interface TenGigE0/0/0/6
        enable
    !
    !
    !

```

### Configuration Example: P2MP-TE Profile 10

This example shows the P2MP-TE configuration for profile 10. You need to configure the head, mid, and tail routers.

The head router configuration is given as follows. This configuration includes IGP, L3VPN, and multicast configurations. You should also configure MPLS-TE, LDP, and RSVP while configuring this feature.

```

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router ospf 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-router)# area 0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# mpls traffic-eng
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-mpls-te)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# interface Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# cost 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# network point-to-point

```

```

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf)# mpls traffic-eng router-id loopback 0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# vrf vpn_2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-vrf)# address-family ipv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-vrf-af)# import route-target 100:2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-vrf-af)# export route-target 120:2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# vrf vpn_2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if-vrf)# ipv4 address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# route-policy pass-all
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# pass
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)#router bgp 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp)# bgp router-id 10.1.1.1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp)# address-family ipv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-af)# address-family vpnv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-af)# address-family ipv4 mvpn
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp)# neighbor 10.2.2.2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr)# remote-as 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr)# update-source Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr)# address-family ipv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# route-policy pass-all in
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# route-policy pass-all out
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr)# address-family vpnv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# route-policy pass-all in
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# route-policy pass-all out
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr)# address-family ipv4 mvpn
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp)# vrf vpn_2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-vrf)#rd 100:2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-vrf)#address-family ipv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-vrf-af)#label mode per-prefix
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-vrf-af)#redistribute connected
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-vrf-af)#exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-vrf)# address-family ipv4 mvpn
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# multicast-routing
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast)# address-family ipv4
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# interface Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4-if)# enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# mdt source Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast)# vrf vpn_2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-vpn_2)# address-family ipv4
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-vpn_2-ipv4)# mdt source loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-vpn_2-ipv4)# rate-per-route
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-vpn_2-ipv4)# interface all enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-vpn_2-ipv4)# bgp auto-discovery p2mp-te
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-vpn_2-ipv4-bgp-ad)# mdt static p2mp-te tunnel-mte2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router igmp
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp)# vrf vpn_2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-vpn_2)# interface tunnel-mte2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-vpn_2-if)# static-group 239.0.0.1 100.0.0.100
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-vpn_2-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-vpn_2)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-vpn_2-if)# version 3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-vpn_2-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-vpn_2)#
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router pim
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim)# vrf vpn_2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-vpn_2)# address-family ipv4
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-vpn_2-ipv4)# interface tunnel-mte2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-vpn_2-ipv4-if)# enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-vpn_2-ipv4-if)# exit

```

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-vpn_2-ipv4)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-vpn_2-ipv4-if)# enable
```

The running configuration for the head router is given as follows.

```
!
interface Loopback0
  ipv4 address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.255
!
interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
  ipv4 address 10.2.0.1 255.255.255.0
!
router ospf 1
  area 0
    mpls traffic-eng
    !
    interface Loopback0
    !
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
      cost 1
      network point-to-point
    !
    mpls traffic-eng router-id Loopback0
  !
rsvp
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
    bandwidth percentage 100
  !
  !
  mpls traffic-eng
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
  !
mpls ldp
  discovery
    targeted-hello interval 10
  !
  router-id 10.1.1.1
  address-family ipv4
    discovery targeted-hello accept
  !
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
  !
  !
vrf vpn_2
  address-family ipv4 unicast
    import route-target
      100:2
    export route-target
      100:2

  interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
    vrf vpn_2
      ipv4 address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0

    route-policy pass-all
      pass
    end-policy

  router bgp 1
    bgp router-id 10.1.1.1
    address-family ipv4 unicast
    address-family vpnv4 unicast
    address-family ipv4 mvpn
    neighbor 10.2.2.2
```

```

remote-as 1
update-source Loopback0
address-family ipv4 unicast
  route-policy pass-all in
  route-policy pass-all out
address-family vpnv4 unicast
  route-policy pass-all in
  route-policy pass-all out
address-family ipv4 mvpn
vrf vpn_2
rd 100:2
address-family ipv4 unicast
  label mode per-prefix
  redistribute connected
address-family ipv4 mvpn
hostname head
!
multicast-routing
address-family ipv4
  interface Loopback0
    enable
!
mdt source Loopback0
!
vrf vpn_2
address-family ipv4
  mdt source Loopback0
  rate-per-route
  interface all enable
  bgp auto-discovery p2mp-te
!
  mdt static p2mp-te tunnel-mte2
!
!
router igmp
vrf vpn_2
  interface tunnel-mte2
    static-group 239.0.0.1 100.0.0.100
!
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
    version 3
!
!
router pim
vrf vpn_2
address-family ipv4
  interface tunnel-mte2
    enable
!
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/0
    enable
!
!
```

The mid router only requires MPLS-TE, RSVP, and IGP configuration. The running configuration for the mid router is given as follows:

```

interface Loopback0
  ipv4 address 10.5.5.5 255.255.255.255

interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
  ipv4 address 10.0.0.5 255.255.255.0
```

```

interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
  ipv4 address 10.3.0.5 255.255.255.0

router ospf 1
  area 0
    mpls traffic-eng
    interface Loopback0
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
      cost 1
      network point-to-point
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
      cost 1
      network point-to-point
    mpls traffic-eng router-id Loopback0

rsvp
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
    bandwidth percentage 100
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
    bandwidth percentage 100

mpls traffic-eng
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/3

mpls ldp
  discovery
    targeted-hello interval 10
  router-id 10.5.5.5
  address-family ipv4
    discovery targeted-hello accept
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/2
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
!
!
```

The tail router configuration is given as follows. This configuration includes L3VPN, multicast, and IGP configurations. Similar to the head router, you should also configure MPLS-TE and RSVP before configuring this feature.

```

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router ospf 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-router)# area 0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# mpls traffic-eng
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-mpls-te)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# interface Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# cost 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# network point-to-point
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf-ar)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf)# mpls traffic-eng router-id loopback 0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-ospf)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# vrf vpn_2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-vrf)# address-family ipv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-vrf-af)# import route-target 100:2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-vrf-af)# export route-target 120:2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# interface TengigE0/0/0/6
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if)# vrf vpn_2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-if-vrf)# ipv4 address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# route-policy pass-all

```

```

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# pass
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# end-policy
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router bgp 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp)# bgp router-id 10.2.2.2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp)# address-family ipv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-af)# address-family vpnv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-af)# address-family ipv4 mvpn
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp)# neighbor 10.1.1.1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr)# remote-as 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr)# address-family ipv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# route-policy pass-all in
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# route-policy pass-all out
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr)# address-family vpnv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# route-policy pass-all in
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# route-policy pass-all out
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr)# address-family ipv4 mvpn
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# multicast-routing
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast)# address-family ipv4
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# interface Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4-if)# enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-default-ipv4)# mdt source Loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast)# vrf vpn_2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-vpn_2)# address-family ipv4
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-vpn_2-ipv4)# mdt source loopback0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-vpn_2-ipv4)# core-tree-protocol rsvp-te
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-vpn_2-ipv4)# rate-per-route
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-vpn_2-ipv4)# interface all enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-mcast-vpn_2-ipv4)# bgp auto-discovery p2mp-te
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router igmp
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp)# vrf vpn_2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-vpn_2)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/6
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-vpn_2-if)# version 3
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-igmp-vpn_2-if)# exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)# router pim
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim)# vrf vpn_2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-vpn_2)# address-family ipv4
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-vpn_2-ipv4)# interface TenGigE0/0/0/6
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-pim-vpn_2-ipv4-if)# enable
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config)#router bgp 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp)# bgp router-id 192.168.1.2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp)# address-family ipv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-af)# address-family vpnv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-af)# address-family ipv4 mvpn
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp)# neighbor 192.168.1.1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr)# remote-as 2002
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr)# address-family ipv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# route-policy pass-all in
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# route-policy pass-all out
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# address-family vpnv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# route-policy pass-all in
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# route-policy pass-all out
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-nbr)# address-family ipv4 mvpn
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp)# vrf vpn_2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-vrf)#rd 100:2
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-vrf)#address-family ipv4 unicast
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-vrf-af)#label mode per-prefix
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-vrf-af)#redistribute connected
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-vrf-af)#exit
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router(config-bgp-vrf)# address-family ipv4 mvpn

```

Running configuration for the tail router is given as follows:

```
interface Loopback0
```

```

    ipv4 address 10.2.2.2 255.255.255.255
!
interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
    ipv4 address 10.3.0.2 255.255.255.0
!
router ospf 1
area 0
    mpls traffic-eng
    interface Loopback0
    !
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
        cost 1
        network point-to-point
    !
!
mpls traffic-eng router-id Loopback0
!
rsvp
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
        bandwidth percentage 100
    !
    !
    mpls traffic-eng
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
    !
mpls ldp
    discovery
        targeted-hello interval 10
    !
    router-id 10.2.2.2
    address-family ipv4
        discovery targeted-hello accept
    !
    interface TenGigE0/0/0/3
    !
! vrf vpn_2
    address-family ipv4 unicast
        import route-target
            100:2
        export route-target
            100:2

interface TenGigE0/0/0/6
vrf vpn_2
    ipv4 address 10.6.0.2 255.255.255.0

route-policy pass-all
    pass
end-policy

router bgp 1
    bgp router-id 10.2.2.2
    address-family ipv4 unicast
    address-family vpnv4 unicast
    address-family ipv4 mvpn
    neighbor 10.1.1.1
        remote-as 1
        update-source Loopback0
        address-family ipv4 unicast
            route-policy pass-all in
            route-policy pass-all out
        address-family vpnv4 unicast
            route-policy pass-all in
            route-policy pass-all out

```

```

address-family ipv4 mvpn
vrf vpn_2
rd 100:2
address-family ipv4 unicast
  label mode per-prefix
  redistribute connected
address-family ipv4 mvpn
!
multicast-routing
address-family ipv4
  interface Loopback0
    enable
  !
  mdt source Loopback0
  !
vrf vpn_2
address-family ipv4
  mdt source Loopback0
  core-tree-protocol rsvp-te
  rate-per-route
  interface all enable
  bgp auto-discovery p2mp-te
  !
  !
router igmp
vrf vpn_2
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/6
  version 3
!
!
router pim
vrf vpn_2
address-family ipv4
  interface TenGigE0/0/0/6
  enable
  !
  !
!
```

### Verification: P2MP-TE

This example shows how to verify if the multicast control state is correct on the head router using the **show mrib vrf vpn\_2 route** command.

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show mrib vrf vpn_2 route
(10.0.0.100,232.0.0.1) RPF nbr: 10.0.0.100 Flags: RPF
Up: 00:00:38
Incoming Interface List
  TenGigE0/0/0/0 Flags: A, Up: 00:00:38
Outgoing Interface List
  Tunnel-mte2 Flags: F NS LI LVIF, Up: 00:00:38
```

You can also verify the multicast control state on the tail router.

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show mrib vrf vpn_2 route
(10.0.0.100,232.0.0.1) RPF nbr: 10.1.1.1 Flags: RPF
Up: 00:03:55
Outgoing Interface List
  TenGigE0/0/0/6 Flags: F NS LI, Up: 00:03:55
```

This example shows how to check if the TE tunnel is established on the head router by using the **show mpls traffic-eng tunnels p2mp** command.

```

RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show mpls traffic-eng tunnels p2mp 2

Name: tunnel-mte2
Signalled-Name: head_mt2
Status:
    Admin: up Oper: up (Up for 00:09:37)
    Config Parameters:
        Bandwidth: 0 kbps (CT0) Priority: 7 7 Affinity: 0x0/0xffff
        Interface Bandwidth: 0 kbps
        Metric Type: TE (global)
        Fast Reroute: Not Enabled, Protection Desired: None
        Record Route: Not Enabled
        Reoptimization after affinity failure: Enabled
        Destination summary: (1 up, 0 down, 0 disabled) Affinity: 0x0/0xffff
        Auto-bw: disabled
        Destination: 10.2.2.2
            State: Up for 00:09:37
            Path options:
                path-option 1 dynamic      [active]
        Current LSP:
            lsp-id: 10002 p2mp-id: 2 tun-id: 2 src: 10.1.1.1 extid: 10.1.1.1
            LSP up for: 00:09:37 (since Fri May 25 22:32:03 UTC 2018)
            Reroute Pending: No
            Inuse Bandwidth: 0 kbps (CT0)
            Number of S2Ls: 1 connected, 0 signaling proceeding, 0 down      S2L Sub LSP:
            Destination 2.2.2.2 Signaling Status: connected
            S2L up for: 00:09:37 (since Fri May 25 22:32:03 UTC 2018)
            Sub Group ID: 1 Sub Group Originator ID: 10.1.1.1
            Path option path-option 1 dynamic      (path weight 2)
            Path info (OSPF 1 area 0)
                10.0.0.5
                10.0.0.2
                10.2.2.2
            Reoptimized LSP (Install Timer Remaining 0 Seconds):
            None
            Cleaned LSP (Cleanup Timer Remaining 0 Seconds):
            None
            Displayed 1 (of 101) heads, 0 (of 0) midpoints, 0 (of 0) tails
            Displayed 1 up, 0 down, 0 recovering, 0 recovered heads

```

This example shows how to verify the label assignment on the head router using the **show mpls forwarding p2mp** command.

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:router# show mpls forwarding p2mp
```

Local Label	Outgoing Label	Prefix or ID	Outgoing Interface	Next Hop	Bytes Switched
64106	64008	P2MP TE: 2	TenGigE0/0/0/2	10.0.0.5	0