



# Configure the Global Navigation Satellite System

This chapter describes the Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) and how to configure it.

In typical telecom networks, network synchronization works in a hierarchical manner where the core network is connected to a stratum-1 clock. The timing from the stratum-1 clock is then distributed along the network in a tree-like structure. However, with a GNSS receiver, clocking is changed to a flat architecture, where access networks can directly take clock from the satellites by using an on-board GPS chip.

Router now uses a satellite receiver, also called the Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS), as the new timing interface.

This capability simplifies network synchronization planning and provides flexibility and resilience in resolving network synchronization issues in the hierarchical network.

- [Overview of GNSS, on page 1](#)
- [Operation of GNSS Module , on page 2](#)
- [Prerequisites for GNSS, on page 4](#)
- [Restrictions for GNSS, on page 4](#)
- [Configure GNSS, on page 4](#)

## Overview of GNSS

Effective Cisco IOS XR Release 7.1.1, the following Cisco NCS 540 variants support GNSS receiver:

- N540X-16Z4G8Q2C-A
- N540X-16Z4G8Q2C-D
- N540X-12Z16G-SYS-A
- N540X-12Z16G-SYS-D
- N540-24Z8Q2C-SYS
- N540-28Z4C-SYS
- N540-ACC-SYS
- N540X-ACC-SYS

Effective Cisco IOS XR Release 7.3.1, the following Cisco NCS 540 variants support GNSS receiver:

- N540-24Z8Q2C-SYS
- N540-28Z4C-SYS
- N540-ACC-SYS
- N540X-ACC-SYS

No license is required to enable the GNSS module. The GNSS LED on the front panel indicates the status of the module. The following table describes the different status of GNSS LED:

LED Status	Description
Green	GNSS NormalState.Selfsurvey is complete.
Amber	GNSS not shut and not locked
OFF	If GNSS is not configured or is shut.

When connected to an external antenna, the module can acquire satellite signals and track up to 32 GNSS satellites, and compute location, speed, heading, and time. GNSS provides an accurate one pulse-per-second (PPS), a stable 10 MHz frequency output to synchronize broadband wireless, aggregation and pre-aggregation routers, and an accurate time-of-day (ToD).



**Note** NCS540X can also receive 1PPS, 10 MHz, and ToD signals from an external clocking and timing source. However, the timing signals from the GNSS module (when enabled) take precedence over those of the external source.



**Note** We do not recommend that you configure both the front panel (10M, 1PPS and ToD) input configuration and the GNSS input configuration.

By default, anti-jamming is enabled on the GNSS module.

## Operation of GNSS Module

### Operation of GNSS Module on the N540-24Z8Q2C-SYS, N540-28Z4C-SYS, N540-ACC-SYS, and N540X-ACC-SYS Routers

The GNSS module has the following stages of acquiring and providing timing signals to the Cisco router:

- Self-survey mode - When the router is reset, the GNSS module comes up in self-survey mode. It tries to lock on to a minimum of four different satellites and computes approximately 2000 different positions of the satellites to obtain a 3-D location (Latitude, Longitude, and Height) of its current position. This operation takes about 35 to 40 minutes. During this stage, the module is also able to generate accurate timing signals and achieve a Normal or Phase-locked state.

When GNSS moves into Normal state, you can start using the 1PPS, 10 MHz, and ToD inputs from GNSS. The quality of the signal in self-survey mode with Normal state is considered good enough to lock to GNSS.

- Over determined clock mode - The router switches to over determined (OD) mode when the self-survey mode is complete, and the position information is stored in non-volatile memory on the router. In this mode, the module only processes the timing information based on satellite positions captured in self-survey mode.

The router saves the tracking data, which is retained even when the router is reloaded.

The GNSS module stays in OD mode until one of the following conditions occur:

- A position relocation of the antenna of more than 100 meters is detected. This detection causes an automatic restart of the self-survey mode.
- A manual restart of the self-survey mode or when the stored reference position is deleted.
- A worst-case recovery option after a jamming-detection condition that cannot be resolved with other methods.

You can configure the GNSS module to automatically track any satellite or configure it to explicitly use a specific constellation. However, the module uses configured satellites in only the OD mode.




---

**Note** GLONASS and BeiDou satellites cannot be enabled simultaneously.

---

When the router is reloaded, it always comes up in OD mode unless:

- the router is reloaded when the self-survey mode is in progress.
- the physical location of the router is changed to more than 100 meters from its pre-reloaded condition.

When the system restarts the GNSS self-survey by using the default gnss slot R0/R1 command in config mode, the 10MHz, 1PPS, and ToD signals are not changed and remain up.

**Operation of GNSS Module on the N540X-16Z4G8Q2C-A, N540X-16Z4G8Q2C-D, N540X-12Z16G-SYS-A, and N540X-12Z16G-SYS-D Routers, N540X-6Z18G-SYS-A, N540X-6Z18G-SYS-D, N540X-8Z16G-SYS - A, N540X-8Z16G-SYS - D**

The GNSS module has the following stages of acquiring and providing timing signals to the Cisco router:

- Self-survey mode - Self-survey is the procedure that is performed prior to using time mode. It determines the position of a stationary receiver by building a weighted mean of all valid 3D position solutions.

To stop self-survey mode, the following two requirements must be met:

- The minimum observation time defines a minimum amount of observation time regardless of the actual number of valid fixes that are used for position calculation. Reasonable values range from one day for high accuracy position calculation to a few minutes for coarse position determination.
- The required 3D position standard deviation defines a limit on the spread of positions that contribute to the calculated mean. As the position error translates into a time error when using time mode, you should carefully evaluate the time accuracy requirements and choose an appropriate value.

Self-survey ends when both requirements are met. After self-survey is completed successfully, the receiver automatically enters time-fix mode.

**Recommendations**

- Self-survey must run for at least twenty-four hours because it is important to cover a full constellation run and a day-night cycle.
- CNO or signal strength for achieving time-fix during self-survey is 35dB.
- Time-fix mode - In order to use the time-fix mode, the exact position of the receiver must be known. The exact position of the receiver is determined by using self-survey. Errors in the fixed position translate into time errors depending on the satellite constellation.

There is no minimum and maximum value (Time) in the self-survey process and the receiver makes the best effort to achieve the time-fix mode.

For achieving the time-fix mode, a minimum of four satellites are required and it may take several days to get into the time-fix mode.

If the position is already known, the module can achieve time-fix mode even if there is only one satellite received.

You can configure the GNSS module to automatically track any satellite or configure it to explicitly use a specific constellation.

When the router is reloaded, it always comes up in the time-fix mode unless the router is reloaded when the self-survey mode is in progress.

## Prerequisites for GNSS

To use GNSS, the antenna must see as much as possible from the sky. For proper timing, a minimum of four satellites must be locked. For more information, see the *Cisco NCS 540 Series Router Hardware Installation Guide*.

## Restrictions for GNSS

- The GNSS module is not supported through SNMP; all configurations are performed through commands.
- The GNSS holdover performance is one microsecond in two hours of holdover after twelve hours of GNSS lock time.
- GNSS module is not supported in default profile mode.

## Configure GNSS

### Configuration Example

This section describes how you can configure GNSS for a router.

```
/* Enable the GNSS receiver and enter the gnss-receiver submode */

Router(config)# gnss-receiver 0 location 0/RP0/CPU0
Router(config-gnss)# no shutdown
Router(config-gnss)# frequency synchronization
Router(config-gnss-freqsync)# selection input
```

```
Router(config-gnss-freqsync)# commit
```

### Optional Configuration Example

```
Router(config)# gnss-receiver 0 location 0/RP0/CPU0
Router(config-gnss)# anti-jam disable
Router(config-gnss)# constellation GPS
Router(config-gnss)# snr threshold 10
Router(config-gnss)# frequency synchronization
Router(config-gnss-freqsync)# selection input
Router(config-gnss-freqsync)# priority 5
Router(config-gnss-freqsync)# wait-to-restore 0
```

### Running Configuration

```
gnss-receiver 0 location 0/RP0/CPU0
frequency synchronization
  selection input
  priority 1
  wait-to-restore 0
quality receive exact itu-t option 1 PRC
!
```

### Verification

The following is the output of the **show gnss-receiver** command on the router models.

The following is the output of the **show gnss-receiver** command on the router models - N540-24Z8Q2C-SYS, N540-28Z4C-SYS, N540-ACC-SYS, and N540X-ACC-SYS.

```
RP0/RP0/CPU0:R6# show gnss-receiver
Fri Jan 17 07:27:34.804 UTC
GNSS-receiver 0 location 0/RP0/CPU0
Status: Available, Up
Position: 12:56.18 N 77:41.77 E 0.823km
Time: 2020:01:17 07:31:41 (UTC offset: 0s)
Locked at: 2020:01:15 17:15:28
Firmware version: TIM 1.10
Lock Status: Phase Locked, Receiver Mode: Time fix only
Survey Progress: 100, Holdover Duration: Unknown
Major Alarms: Unknown
Minor Alarms: Unknown
Anti-jam: Enabled, Cable-delay compensation: 0
1PPS polarity: Positive
PDOP: 99.990, HDOP: 99.990, VDOP: 99.990, TDOP: 0.240
Constellation: GPS, Satellite Count: 17
Satellite Thresholds:
  SNR - 0 dB-Hz, Elevation - 0 degrees, PDOP - 0, TRAIM - 0 us
Satellite Info:
CHN: Channel, AQUN: Aquisition, EPH: Ephemeris
PRN  CHN  AQUN  EPH  SV      Signal
No.  No.  Flag  Flag  Type      Strength  Elevat'n  Azimuth
---  ---  ---  ---  -----  -
  1  n/a  On    On    GPS      44.000    19.000    220.000
  3  n/a  On    On    GPS      48.000    62.000    299.000
  4  n/a  On    On    GPS      46.000    30.000    338.000
  7  n/a  On    On    GPS      47.000     9.000    261.000
  8  n/a  On    On    GPS      41.000    17.000    172.000
  9  n/a  On    On    GPS      44.000     7.000    317.000
 11  n/a  On    On    GPS      42.000    10.000    202.000
```

14	n/a	On	On	GPS	42.000	22.000	90.000
16	n/a	On	On	GPS	46.000	66.000	59.000
22	n/a	On	On	GPS	47.000	71.000	238.000
23	n/a	On	On	GPS	46.000	27.000	332.000
26	n/a	On	On	GPS	48.000	40.000	40.000

The following is the output of the **show gnss-receiver** command on the router models - N540X-16Z4G8Q2C-A, N540X-16Z4G8Q2C-D, N540X-12Z16G-SYS-A, N540X-12Z16G-SYS-D, N540X-6Z18G-SYS-A, N540X-6Z18G-SYS-D, N540X-8Z16G-SYS - A, N540X-8Z16G-SYS - D.

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:ios#show gnss-receiver
Sun Sep 29 09:25:29.477 UTC
GNSS-receiver 0 location 0/RP0/CPU0
  Status: Available, Up
  Position: 12:56.18 N 77:41.77 E 0.823km
  Time: 2019:10:24 11:32:21 (UTC offset: 0s)
  Locked at: 2019:09:29 09:19:20
  Firmware version: TIM 1.10
  Lock Status: Phase Locked, Receiver Mode: Time fix only
  Survey Progress: 100, Holdover Duration: Unknown
  Major Alarms: Unknown
  Minor Alarms: Unknown
  Anti-jam: Enabled, Cable-delay compensation: 0
  1PPS polarity: Positive
  PDOP: 99.990, HDOP: 99.990, VDOP: 99.990, TDOP: 0.450
  Constellation: Auto, Satellite Count: 5
  Satellite Thresholds:
    SNR - 0 dB-Hz, Elevation - 0 degrees, PDOP - 0, TRAIM - 0 us
  Satellite Info:
    CHN: Channel, AQUN: Aquisition, EPH: Ephemeris
    PRN  CHN  AQUN  EPH  SV      Signal
    No.  No.   Flag  Flag  Type    Strength  Elevat'n  Azimuth
    ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  -----  -
    1    n/a   On    On    GLONASS  28.000    19.000    342.000
    7    n/a   On    On    GLONASS  25.000    30.000    91.000
    8    n/a   On    On    GLONASS  25.000    42.000    28.000
    10   n/a   On    On    GLONASS  33.000    54.000    211.000
    11   n/a   On    On    GLONASS  33.000    78.000    217.000
```