

Pseudowire

This chapter describes the level of support that Cisco ANA provides for Pseudowire, as follows:

- [Technology Description, page 17-1](#)
- [Information Model Objects \(IMOs\), page 17-2](#)
- [Vendor-Specific Inventory and IMOs](#)
- [Service Alarms, page 17-3](#)

For information on network topology, see [Chapter 38, “Cisco ANA VNE Topology.”](#)

Technology Description

This section provides the following Pseudowire technology descriptions:

- [PWE3](#)
- [TDM PW](#)
- [ATM PW](#)
- [PW-to-TE Tunnel Mapping](#)
- [Multi-Segment PW](#)
- [PTP Layer 2 MPLS Tunnel Interface](#)

Please see Part 1: Cisco VNEs in this guide for information about which devices support the various technologies.

PWE3

PWE3 provides methods for carrying networking services (such as ATM, Ethernet, TDM, and SONET/SDH) over a packet-switched network (PSN) as outlined in RFC 3985. It is a point-to-point connection between pairs of PE routers. It emulates services like Ethernet over an underlying core MPLS network through encapsulation into a common MPLS format, thus allowing carriers to converge their services with an MPLS network.

TDM PW

TDM Pseudowire is a widely used method for carrying Time Division Multiplexed E1, T1, E3, or T3 circuits across PSNs. It enables:

- Enterprises to run voice, video, and legacy data over the PSN
- Service providers to provide revenue-generating legacy voice and data services over the PSN
- Data carriers to offer PSN-based leased and private lines

ATM PW

ATM Pseudowire (RFC 4816) is a transparent cell transport service that allows migration of ATM services to a PSN without having to provision the ATM subscriber or CE devices. ATM CEs view the ATM transparent cell transport service as if they were directly connected via a TDM leased line. This service is used as an internal function in an ATM service provider's network as a way to connect existing ATM switches via a higher-speed PSN, or to provide ATM backhaul services for remote access to existing ATM networks.

PW-to-TE Tunnel Mapping

PW-to-TE Tunnel Mapping (RFC 5602) permits operation of pseudowire services across MPLS PSNs by mapping pseudowires to MPLS TE tunnels.

Multi-Segment PW

A Multi-Segment Pseudowire (MS-PW) is a statically or dynamically configured set of two or more contiguous PW segments that behave and function as a single point-to-point PW. MS-PW thus extends PW across more than one packet switched network (PSN) domain, multiple provider domains, and different PSN types.

Information Model Objects (IMOs)

This section describes the following IMO:

- [PTP Layer 2 MPLS Tunnel Interface \(IPTPLayer2MplsTunnel\)](#)

PTP Layer 2 MPLS Tunnel Interface

The network/data link layer [PTP Layer 2 MPLS Tunnel Interface](#) object is bound by its Containing Termination Points attribute to a data link layer interface object. It is accessed primarily by [Label Switching Entity](#).

For multi-segment PW, at the VNE layer, ANA maintains stitching between two [IPTPLayer2MplsTunnel](#) (PW endpoints), as [Local Switching Entry](#) under [Local Switching Entity](#).

Table 17-1 PTP Layer 2 MPLS Tunnel Interface (IPTPLayer2MplsTunnel)

| Attribute Name | Attribute Description | Scheme | Polling Interval |
|--|--|--------|------------------|
| Local and Remote Router Addresses | Local and remote router IP addresses | IpCore | Configuration |
| Local and Remote Virtual Connection Labels | Local and remote virtual connection labels | IpCore | Configuration |
| Tunnel Identification | Tunnel identifier | IpCore | Configuration |
| Tunnel Status | Tunnel status (<i>Unknown, Up, Down</i>) | IpCore | Configuration |
| Local and Remote Tunnel Interface | Local and remote tunnel interface Object Identifier | IpCore | Configuration |
| IANA Type | Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) type of the sublayer | N/A | N/A |
| Containing Termination Points | Underlying termination points (connection or physical) | IpCore | N/A |
| Contained Connection Termination Points | Bound connection termination points (Tunnel Container) | IpCore | N/A |
| Pseudowire Type | The MPLS pseudowire type (for example, <i>Ethernet, SAToP</i> , and so on) | IpCore | Configuration |
| Preferred Path Tunnel | The Object Identifier of the preferred path | IpCore | Configuration |
| Local MTU | The local MTU | IpCore | Configuration |
| Remote MTU | The remote MTU | IpCore | Configuration |
| Peer Status | Status of the signaling peer | IpCore | Configuration |
| Signaling Protocol | The signaling protocol | IpCore | Configuration |
| VFI Name | The name of the VFI | IpCore | Configuration |

Vendor-Specific Inventory and IMOs

There are no vendor-specific inventory or IMOs for this technology.

Service Alarms

The following alarm is supported for this technology:

- [Layer 2 Tunnel Down](#), page 41-41

