

Provider Backbone Bridge Commands

The IEEE 802.1ah standard (Ref [4]) provides a means for interconnecting multiple provider bridged networks inorder to build a large scale end-to-end Layer 2 provider bridged network.

For detailed information about PBB concepts, configuration tasks, and examples, see the L2VPN and Ethernet Services Configuration Guide for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers.

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backbone-source-mac

To configure the backbone source MAC address, use the **backbone-source-mac** command in pbb configuration mode or in the EVPN Interface Ethernet segment configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

Note	If the backbone source MAC address is not configured then one of the reserved addresses from the Chassis MAC pool is chosen automatically. To view the reserved address, use the show l2vpn pbb backbone-source-mac command.
	backbone-source-mac mac-address no backbone-source-mac mac-address
Syntax Description	mac address Backbone source MAC address in hexadecimal format.
Command Default	None
Command Modes	PBB configuration
	EVPN Interface Ethernet segment configuration
Command History	Release Modification
	Release 3.9.1 This command was introduced.
	Release 4.3.2 Support for this command in the EVPN Interface Ethernet segment configuration was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.
	The command default in the EVPN Interface Ethernet segment configuration is the CE system-id with administrative bit flip. Use this command to overwrite the CE-system id of an Ethernet Segment. The backbone source MAC can be configured only on a bundle interface.
Task ID	Task Operations ID
	l2vpn read, write
Examples	In the following example, the backbone source MAC address is set to 0045.1200.04:
	config 12vpn

```
pbb
backbone-source-mac 0045.1200.0400
!
!
```

This example shows how to set the backbone source MAC address in the EVPN Interface Ethernet segment configuration mode:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac)# ethernet segment
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac-es)# backbone-source-mac 0045.1200.0400
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac-es)#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	pbb, on page 34	Configures the provider backbone bridge core or edge.
	evpn, on page 15	Enters EVPN configuration mode.
	interface (EVPN), on page 25	Enters the EVPN Interface configuration mode.
	ethernet-segment, on page 11	Enters EVPN interface ethernet segment configuration mode.

bgp (EVPN)

To enable Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) in the PBB EVPN configuration, use the **bgp** command in the EVPN configuration or EVPN EVI configuration mode. To disable the BGP configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

bgp [rd] bgp [{rd | route-target }] no bgp

Syntax Description	rd	Sets the Route Distinguisher.	_
	route-targ	et Sets the Route Target.	-
Command Default	None.		
Command Modes	EVPN con	figuration	
	EVPN EVI	configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification	_
	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	To use this IDs. If the for assistan	command, you must be in a use user group assignment is preven ce.	r group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task ating you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
	The keywo	rd route-target is supported or	ly in the EVPN EVI BGP configuration.
Task ID	Task Op ID	eration	
	l2vpn rea wr	id, ite	
	This examp	ble shows how to enable BGP i	n the EVPN configuration mode:
	RP/0/RSP0 RP/0/RSP0 RP/0/RSP0 RP/0/RSP0	/CPU0:router# configure /CPU0:router(config)# evpn /CPU0:router(config-evpn)# /CPU0:router(config-evpn-b	bgp gp) #
	This examp	ble shows how to enable BGP i	n the EVPN EVI configuration mode:
	RP/0/RSP0	/CPU0:router# configure	

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# evi 2
```

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RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-evi) # bgp RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-evi-bgp) #

Related Commands	Command	Description
	evpn, on page 15	Enters EVPN configuration mode.
	evi, on page 14	Enters the EVPN EVI configuration mode to configure optional BGP settings for a bridge domain or EVI.
	route-target	Specifies a route target for the VFI, PBB EVPN or EVPN bridge domain.
	rd	

clear mmrp-flood-optimization statistics

To clear the stored MRP protocol statistics on all the pseudowires or a specific pseudowire, use the **clear mmrp-flood-optimization statistics** command in the EXEC mode.

clear mmrp-flood-optimization statistics {all | pw pw-ID neighbor}

Syntax Description	all		Clear the stored MRP protocol statistics on all the pseudowires.
	pw		Indicates a specific pseudowire.
	neighbor		Indicates the IP address of the neighbor.
	pw-id		Indicates the pseudowire ID.
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	-
	Release 5.1.2	This command was introduced.	-
Usage Guidelines	To use this con IDs. If the use for assistance.	mmand, you must be in a user g er group assignment is preventir	roup associated with a task group that includes appropriate tasl g you from using a command, contact your AAA administrato
Task ID	Task ID	Operation	
	ethernet-servi	ces read, write	
	The fellowing		the MMDD flood antimization statistics

The following command shows how to clear the MMRP flood optimization statistics:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#clear mmrp-flood-optimization statistics all

clear I2vpn forwarding counters bridge-domain mmrp location

To clear the MMRP flood statistics on a given bridge-domain on a specified location, use the **clear l2vpn** forwarding counters bridge-domain mmrp location command in the EXEC command.

clear l2vpn forwarding counters bridge-domain mmrp location location

Syntax Description	location S	Specifies the location in rack/slot/n	odule notation.
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 5.1.2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	To use this c IDs. If the us for assistanc	command, you must be in a user gr ser group assignment is preventing se.	bup associated with a task group that includes appropriate task you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task ID	Operation	
	ethernet-serv	vices read, write	
	The followin a specified b	ng command shows how to clear t	ne mmrp flood statistics on a given bridge-domain on

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#clear l2vpn forwarding counters bridge-domain mmrp location 0/1/1

debug mmrp-flood-optimization packets

To debug the flood optimization for PBB VPLS feature at the packet level, use the **debug mmrp-flood-optimization packets** command in the EXEC mode.

debug mmrp-flood-optimization packets {brief | full | hexdump} [direction {received | sent}] [pw neighbor pw-id]

Syntax Description	brief	Brief packet debu	g.				
	full	Full packet debug	•				
	hexdump	Raw packet output	t.	_			
	direction	Restricts output to	a packet direction	 1.			
	received	Packets received.		_			
	sent	Packets sent.					
	pw	Specifies a pseudo	owire to filter.				
	neighbor	neighbor IP address of the neighbor					
	pw-id	Pseudowire ID.		_			
Command Default	None			_			
Command Modes	EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification					
	Release 5.1.2	This command	was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	To use this of IDs. If the use for assistant	command, you mus iser group assignme ce.	at be in a user grou ent is preventing y	p associated with a ou from using a co	task group that in mmand, contact yo	cludes appropriate task our AAA administrator	
Task ID	Task ID	Operation					
	ethernet-ser	vices read, write					

The following command shows how to use the **debug mmrp-flood-optimization packets** command:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#debug mmrp-flood-optimization packets brief

debug mmrp-flood-optimization protocol

To debug the flood optimization for PBB VPLS feature at the protocol level, use the **debug mmrp-flood-optimization protocol** command in the EXEC mode.

	debug mm	rp-flood-optimization protocol	[isid isid]
Syntax Description	isid Spec	ifies the service instance identifier.	-
	isid Serv	ice instance identifier.	-
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 5.1.2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	To use this c IDs. If the u for assistanc	command, you must be in a user gr ser group assignment is preventing ce.	oup associated with a task group that includes appropriate task you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task ID	Operation	
	ethernet-ser	vices read, write	
	The following	ng command shows how to use the	debug mmrp-flood-optimization protocol command:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#debug mmrp-flood-optimization protocol isid 3

ethernet-segment

To enter the EVPN interface ethernet segment configuration mode, use the **ethernet-segment** command in the EVPN interface configuration mode. To disable the Ethernet segment configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

ethernet-segment [{backbone-source-mac | identifier | load-balancing-mode | service-carving}] no ethernet-segment [{backbone-source-mac | identifier | load-balancing-mode | service-carving}]

Syntax Description	backbone-	source-mac	Specifies Backbon	e Source MAC.	
	identifier		Specifies Ethernet	Segment Identifier.	
	load-balan	cing-mode	Specifies load bala	incing mode.	
	service-car	ving	Specifies service c	arving.	
Command Default	None.				
Command Modes	EVPN inter	face configu	ration		
Command History	Release	Modifica	tion	_	
	Release 4.3.2	This com	mand was introduced.	_	
Usage Guidelines	To use this c IDs. If the us for assistanc	ommand, yo ser group as e.	ou must be in a user g signment is preventin	roup associated witl g you from using a	h a task group that includes appropriate task command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task Ope ID	eration			
	l2vpn rea wri	d, te			
	This example shows how to enter the EVPN interface ethernet segment configuration mode:				
	RP/0/RSP0/ RP/0/RSP0/ RP/0/RSP0/ RP/0/RSP0/ RP/0/RSP0/	CPU0:route CPU0:route CPU0:route CPU0:route CPU0:route	r# configure r(config)# evpn r(config-evpn)# in r(config-evpn-ac)# r(config-evpn-ac-e	terface bundle-e ethernet-segmen es)#	ther 1 t
Related Commands	Command			Description	
	interface (E	VPN), on pa	ge 25	Enters the EVPN I	nterface configuration mode.
	backbone-s	ource-mac,	on page 3	Configures the ba	ckbone source MAC address.

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Command	Description
load-balancing-mode, on page 29	Sets the load balancing mode of a physical port or bundle to active-active.
service-carving, on page 45	Specifies the list of service identifiers as active and standby services.

ethernet-segment (evpn)

To disable ESI auto-generation value for LACP ESI type 1, use the **ethernet-segment** command in the EVPN configuration mode. To enable ESI auto-generation, use the **no** form of this command.

ethernet-segmenttype 1 auto-generation-disable no ethernet-segmenttype 1 auto-generation-disable

Syntax Description	type 1	Specifies LACP E	SI-auto-generation for ESI type 1.	
	auto-gener	ration-disable Disables ESI auto	-generation.	
Command Default	By default,	EVPN auto-generates an ESI value	e for the bundle interfaces by retriev	ving LACP information.
Command Modes	EVPN conf	iguration mode		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Release 6.3.2	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	This comma	and allows mLACP to decide to eit	her forward or stop EVPN multipath	n resolution on remote ESI.
Task ID	Task Op ID	eration		
	l2vpn rea wr	id,		

Example

This example shows how to disable auto-generation ESI type 1:

Router# configure Router(config)# evpn Router(config-evpn)#ethernet-segment Router(config-evpn-es)#type 1 auto-generation-disable

evi

evi

	To enter the EVPN EVI configuration mode and configure optional BGP settings for a bridge domain or EVI, use the evi command in the EVPN configuration mode. To return to the EVPN configuration mode, use the				
	no form of this commaevi evi-idno evi evi-id	nd.			
Syntax Description	evi-id Specifies the E	Ethernet VPN ID to se	et. The range is from 1 to 65534.		
Command Default	None.				
Command Modes	EVPN configuration m	node			
Command History	Release Modifica	ation	_		
	ReleaseThis con4.3.2introduct	nmand was ed.	_		
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. Use this command to configure static BGP route distinguisher or BGP route target for an EVI.				
Task ID	Task IDOperation12vpnread, write				
	Example				
	This example shows how to enter the EVPN EVI configuration mode:				
	RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:rout RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:rout RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:rout RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:rout	er# configure er(config)# evpn er(config-evpn)# er(config-evpn-ev	evi 2 i)#		
Related Commands	Command		Description		
	evpn, on page 15		Enters EVPN configuration mode.		
	bgp (EVPN), on page 5	;	Enables BGP in the PBB EVPN configuration.		

evpn

To enter EVPN configuration mode, use the **evpn** command in the global configuration mode. To return to the global configuration mode, use the **no** form of this command.

evpn [{bgp | evi | interface | timers}]
no evpn [{bgp | evi | interface | timers}]

bgp (EVPN), on page 5

Syntax Description	bgp	Configures BGP.				
	evi	Configures Ethernet VPN ID (EVI).			
	interface	Assigns an interface to EVPN				
	timers	Configures global EVPN time	ers.			
Command Default	None.					
Command Modes	Global con	figuration				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	To use this IDs. If the u for assistan	command, you must be in a us user group assignment is preve ce.	ser group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task enting you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator			
Task ID	Task Op ID	eration				
	l2vpn rea wr	d, ite				
	Example					
	This example shows how to enter the EVPN configuration mode:					
	RP/0/RSP0, RP/0/RSP0, RP/0/RSP0,	/CPU0:router# configure /CPU0:router(config)# evp /CPU0:router(config-evpn)	n #			
Related Commands	Command		Description			
	evi, on pag	e 14	Enters the EVPN EVI configuration mode to configure optional BGP settings for a bridge domain or EVI.			

Enables BGP in the PBB EVPN configuration.

Command	Description Enters the EVPN Interface configuration mode.			
interface (EVPN), on page 25				
timers, on page 71	Configures timers that affect the convergence of PBB EVPN in failure scenarios.			

evpn evi

To enable PBB EVPN and set the EVI for the bridge, use the **evpn** evi command in the L2VPN bridge group bridge domain PBB-core configuration mode. To disable PBB EVPN and reset the EVI, use the **no** form of this command.

evpn evi evi-id no evpn evi evi-id

Syntax Description	<i>evi-id</i> Sp	ecifies the Ethernet VPN ID to set.	The range is from 1 to 65534.
Command Default	None.		
Command Modes	L2VPN brie	dge group bridge domain PBB cor	e configuration
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	To use this IDs. If the u for assistant	command, you must be in a user grues assignment is preventing ce.	oup associated with a task group that includes appropriate task g you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator

The VPN ID must be unique globally per network.

Task ID	Task ID	Operation		
	l2vpn	read, write		

This example shows how to enable PBB EVPN and set the EVI for the bridge:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# l2vpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-l2vpn)# bridge group 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-l2vpn-bg)# bridge-domain 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-l2vpn-bg-bd)# pbb core
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-l2vpn-bg-bd-pbb-core)# evpn evi 2
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-l2vpn-bg-bd-pbb-core)#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description			
	evpn, on page 15	Enters EVPN configuration mode.			
	l2vpn	Enters L2VPN configuration mode.			
	pbb, on page 34	Configures the provider backbone bridge core or edge.			

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flushagain

	To configure the MAC flush again timer, use the flushagain command in the EVPN Interface Timers configuration or in the EVPN Timers configuration mode. To reset the MAC flushagain timer, use the no form of this command.				
	flushagain seconds no flushagain seconds				
Syntax Description	<i>seconds</i> Specifies the value in seconds ranging from 0 to 120 seconds. The default value is 60 seconds.				
Command Default	None.				
Command Modes	EVPN Interface Timers configuration EVPN Timers configuration				
Command History	Release Modification				
	ReleaseThis command was4.3.2introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate tas IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrate for assistance.	k or			
Task ID	Task Operation ID				
	l2vpn read, write				
	This example shows how to configure the MAC flushagain timer in the EVPN Interface Timers configuration mode:				
	<pre>RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac)# timers RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac-timers)# flushagain 20 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac-timers)#</pre>				
	This example shows how to configure the MAC flushagain timer in the EVPN Timers configuration mode:				
	RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# timers				

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-timers)# flushagain 30 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-timers)#

Related Commands

Command	Description			
evpn, on page 15	Enters EVPN configuration mode.			
interface (EVPN), on page 25	Enters the EVPN Interface configuration mode.			
timers, on page 71	Configures timers that affect the convergence of PBB EVPN in failure scenarios.			
recovery, on page 41	Configures the recovery timer.			
peering, on page 36	Configures the peering timer.			
programming, on page 39	Configures the programming timer.			

flood-time

To enable flooding of traffic to the entire core bridge when the PBB-VPLS Flood Optimization feature is enabled on the core bridge, use the **flood-time** command in the flood optimization for PBB over VPLS global configuration submode.

flood-time seconds

Syntax Description Specifies the flood-time in seconds. Range is from 3 to 600 seconds. seconds Flooding is disabled during convergence events. **Command Default** Flood optimization for PBB over VPLS global configuration submode. **Command Modes Command History** Release Modification Release This command was introduced. 5.1.2 To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task **Usage Guidelines** IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Enables flooding of traffic on the entire core bridge when flood-time is enabled on the core bridge. This provides time for MMRP to converge with the affected peer(s) before pruning the traffic. Flooding will be disabled and the core bridge will start pruning the traffic when the flood-time has expired.

Task ID	Task ID	Operation	
	ethernet-services	read,	
		write	

The following example shows how to set the flood-time:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# mmrp-flood-optimization
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mmrp-flood-opt)# flood-time 80

force single-homed

To configure force single-homed, use **force single-homed** command in the global configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

force single-homed no force single-homed

Command Default	None					
Command Modes	Global conf	iguration				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	All EVPN-t	based access redundancy (EVLAG LAG access protection protocol.	designated forwarder elections are disregarded in favor of the			
	When CE is directly connected to a PE through a physical or bundle port and the redundant connection to another PE is operating an MCLAG redundancy group.					
	Specifically protection r	Specifically, the ESI assignment to the interface is no longer used for EVPN-based access redundancy and protection mechanisms and the MCLAG redundancy protocol will control the state of this interface.				
	With this co including an to the interf EVPN core	With this command only the access protection is relinquished, and EVPN core mechanisms remain operational including any core functionality requiring the use of an ESI. This command is different than assigning ESI-0 to the interface, and functions also with an assigned ESI. With MCLAG control of the interface state, those EVPN core procedures that depend on interface state remain the same.				
	Use this command to force the interface into single homed EVPN mode and interoperate with MCLAG access protection.					
	The following example shows how to configure force single-homed.					
	Router# co Router(con Router(con Router(con	onfigure fig)# evpn fig-evpn)# interface Gigabit fig-evpn-ac)# ethernet-segmen	thernet0/0/0/0 t force single-homed			

identifier

To set the Ethernet segment identifier value of an interface, use the **identifier** command in the EVPN interface Ethernet-segment configuration mode. To delete the Ethernet segment identifier value, use the **no** form of this command.

identifier system-priority priority-value system-id system-id no identifier system-priority priority-value system-id system-id

Syntax Description	system-priority	Specifies the CE system priority (LACP).
	priority-value	Specifies the LACP system-priority value. The range is from 0 to ffff.
	system-id	Specifies the CE system ID (LACP).
	system-id	Specifies the LACP system ID in the H.H.H format.
Command Default	None.	
Command Modes	EVPN interface E	thernet segment configuration mode
Command History	Release Mo	dification
	Release Th 4.3.2	is command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	To use this comm IDs. If the user gr for assistance.	and, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task oup assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
	Use this command value of an interfa	to overwrite computed Ethernet segment identifier value or to set Ethernet segment identifier ace which is not a bundle. The concatenated value is unique per PE.
Task ID	Task Operatio	n
	l2vpn read, write	_
	Example	_

This example shows how to set the Ethernet segment identifier value of an interface in the EVPN interface Ethernet segment configuration mode:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1
```

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac)# ethernet segment
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac-es)# identifier system-priority 2 system-id 1.1.1

Related Commands

Command	Description
ethernet-segment, on page 11	Enters EVPN interface ethernet segment configuration mode.
load-balancing-mode, on page 29	Sets the load balancing mode of a physical port or bundle to active-active.
service-carving, on page 45	Specifies the list of service identifiers as active and standby services.
backbone-source-mac, on page 3	Configures the backbone source MAC address.

join-time (PBB)

To set the join-time for all active ports, use the **join-time** command in the flood optimization for PBB over VPLS global configuration submode.

join-time milliseconds

Syntax Description	<i>milliseconds</i> Specifies the maximum time for the join timer parameter for all active ports in milliseconds. Range is from 100 to 1000 milliseconds.						
Command Default	200 milliseco	nds					
Command Modes	Flood optimiz	zation for PBB o	over VPLS globa	al configuration	n submode.		
Command History	Release	Modification		-			
	Release 5.1.2	This command	was introduced.	-			
Usage Guidelines	To use this co IDs. If the use for assistance	mmand, you mu er group assignm	st be in a user g nent is preventin	roup associated g you from usin	l with a task g ng a comman	group that in d, contact y	ncludes appropriate task your AAA administrator
	The join-time transmitted me Transmit oppe	parameter is us essages to take ir ortunities are act	ed to jitter the south to account receit tually uniformly	ending of MMF ved MMRPDU jittered within	RPDUs on m s from multip the range of	ulti-point L le peers if th 0 to join-tin	ANs, allowing any hey arrive close together. me.
Task ID	Task ID	Operation					
	ethernet-servi	ces read, write					
	The following	g example shows	s how to set the	join time on all	active ports	:	

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# mmrp-flood-optimization
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mmrp-flood-opt)# join-time 300

interface (EVPN)

To enter the physical port interface or the bundle name interface configuration mode, use the **interface** command in the EVPN configuration mode. To return to the EVPN configuration mode, use the **no** form of this command.

interface *type interface path-id* **no interface** *type interface path-id*

Syntax Description	type		Specifietherne	es the physical ethernet interface or bundle t Interface type connected to the CE device.	
			For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.		
	interface p	path-id	Physica	al port name or main bundle name.	
			The rar	nge for the bundle name is from 1 to 65535.	
			Note	Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.	
			For mo use the	re information about the syntax for the router, question mark (?) online help function.	
Command Default	None.				
Command Modes	EVPN cont	figuration mode			
Command History	Release	Modification	_		
	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.	_		
Usage Guidelines	To use this IDs. If the u for assistan	command, you must be in a user user group assignment is prevent ce.	group associated w ing you from using	vith a task group that includes appropriate task a command, contact your AAA administrator	
	To specify between va is as follow	a physical interface, the notation lues is required as part of the not s:	for the <i>interface-p</i> tation. An explanation	<i>ath-id</i> is <i>rack/slot/module/port</i> . The slash fon of each component of the naming notation	
	• <i>rack</i> : Chassis number of the rack.				
	• <i>slot</i> : Physical slot number of the line card.				
	• module: Module number. A physical layer interface module (PLIM) is always 0.				
	• port: I	Physical port number of the inter-	face.		
	-				

Task ID Task Operation ID

l2vpn read, write

Example

This example shows how to enter the EVPN Interface configuration mode for bundle-ether 1:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac)#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	evpn, on page 15	Enters EVPN configuration mode.		
	ethernet-segment, on page 11	Enters EVPN interface ethernet segment configuration mode.		
	mac-flush mvrp, on page 32	Performs a MAC flush on an Ethernet-segment.		
	timers, on page 71	Configures timers that affect the convergence of PBB EVPN in failure scenarios.		

leaveall-time (PBB)

To set the leave-all-time for all active ports, use the **leaveall-time** command in the flood optimization for PBB over VPLS global configuration submode.

leaveall-time seconds

Syntax Description	seconds Sets t from	he minimum 5 to 30 secon	time in seconds ds.	s for the lea	ave-all tim	er parame	ter for all a	active ports. R	ange is
Command Default	10 seconds								
Command Modes	Flood optimizati	on for PBB o	ver VPLS glob	al configur	ration subn	node.			
Command History	Release M	lodification		_					
	Release T 5.1.2	his command	was introduced						
Usage Guidelines	To use this comm IDs. If the user g for assistance.	nand, you mu roup assignm	st be in a user g lent is preventir	group assoc ng you fron	viated with n using a c	a task gro ommand,	up that inc contact yo	ludes appropri ur AAA admiı	ate task istrator
	The leave-all tim re-declare all the	ner parameter e attributes, th	controls how o ereby replaying	often the lea g any regist	ave-all me trations or	ssages are deregistra	sent. This tions that 1	forces all the may be lost.	peers to
Task ID	Task ID	Operation							
	ethernet-services	read, write							
	The following ex	kample shows	s how to set the	e leave-all ti	ime on all	active por	ts:		
	RP/0/RSP0/CPU0 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0	:router# co :router(con	n figure (fig)# mmrp-f:	lood-optir	mization				

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mmrp-flood-opt)# leaveall-time 20

leave-time (PBB)

To set the leave-time for all active ports, use the **leave-time** command in the flood optimization for PBB over VPLS global configuration submode.

leave-time seconds

Syntax Description	seconds Sets the leave time for all active ports. Range is from 1 to 90 seconds.			
Command Default	30 seconds			
Command Modes	Flood optimization for PBB over VPLS global configuration submode.			
Command History	Release Modification			
	ReleaseThis command was introduced.5.1.2			
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.			
	The leave-time command controls how long registrations stay in the leaving state before being removed; that is, it controls when the garbage collection of stale registrations is performed after unregistration.			
	The leaveall-time and the leave-time commands together control the garbage collection.			
	The IEEE specification states that the value of the leave-time command must be less than the value of the leaveall-time command.			
	However, in Cisco IOS-XR, processing outages of several seconds can occur during a process restart or Router Processor Fail-Over (RPFO) leading to a loss of messages.			
	Therefore, a greater default leave-time <i>value</i> (thrice that of the leaveall-time <i>value</i> command) increases the robustness of the Multiple MAC Registration Protocol (MMRP) during packet loss or system outage.			
Task ID	Task ID Operation			
	ethernet-services read, write			
	The following example shows how to set the leave-time on all active ports:			

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# mmrp-flood-optimization
DP/0/DSP0/CPU0:router(config)# mmrp-flood-optimization

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mmrp-flood-opt)# leave-time 80

load-balancing-mode

To set the load balancing mode of a physical port or bundle to active-active, use the **load-balancing-mode** command in the EVPN Interface Ethernet segment configuration mode. To disable the load balancing mode from active-active, use the **no** form of this command.

load-balancing-mode per-service no load-balancing-mode per-service

Syntax Description	per-serv	vice Sp	becifies the per-service load	balancing.	
Command Default	Active-ac	ctive per	-flow		
Command Modes	EVPN in	terface H	Ethernet segment configurat	ion mode	
Command History	Release	Мо	odification	_	
	Release 4.3.2	Th	is command was introduced	_	
Usage Guidelines	To use the IDs. If the for assista	is comm e user gr ance.	and, you must be in a user g oup assignment is prevention	group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task ng you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator	
	Use this c	comman	d in a multi-homing config	uration to set the redundancy mode to active-active per service.	
	In this mo by an ISI	ode, serv D in cas	vices that are active on one F e of PBB EVPN.	oA are not active on the other PoA. Services can be represented	
Task ID	Task ID	Operatio	n		
	l2vpn	read, write	_		
	Example				
	This example shows how to set the load balancing mode of a physical port or bundle to active-active:				
	RP/0/RSE RP/0/RSE RP/0/RSE RP/0/RSE RP/0/RSE	20/CPU0: 20/CPU0: 20/CPU0: 20/CPU0: 20/CPU0: 20/CPU0:	router# configure router(config)# evpn router(config-evpn)# i: router(config-evpn-ac) router(config-evpn-ac- router(config-evpn-ac-	nterface bundle-ether 1 # ethernet segment es)# load-balancing-mode per-service es)#	
Related Commands	Comman	ıd		Description	

ethernet-segment, on page 11	Enters EVPN interface ethernet segment configuration mode

Command	Description
service-carving, on page 45	Specifies the list of service identifiers as active and standby services.
backbone-source-mac, on page 3	Configures the backbone source MAC address.

mmrp-flood-optimization

To enable flood optimization for PBB over VPLS, use the **mmrp-flood-optimization** command on the core bridge in the PBB core configuration submode. To disable the flood optimization for PBB over VPLS, use the **no** form of this command.

mmrp-flood-optimization no mmrp-flood-optimization

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Command Default Disabled.

Command Modes PBB core configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.1.2	This command was introduced

Usage Guidelines Flood optimization is enabled on all the pseudo-wires in the VFI associated with the core bridge domain. This feature is supported only in the standard full mesh topology of a VPLS network.

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	l2vpn	read, write

The following example shows how to enable flood optimization for PBB over VPLS:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# 12vpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-12vpn)# bridge group pbb
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-12vpn-bg)# bridge-domain pbb-core
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-12vpn-bg-bd)# pbb core
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-12vpn-bg-bd-pbb-core)# mmrp-flood-optimization
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-12vpn-bg-bd-pbb-core)# end
```

Command Default

mac-flush mvrp

To perform a MAC flush on an Ethernet-segment, use the **mac-flush** command in the EVPN interface configuration mode. To disable the MAC flush setting, use the **no** form of this command.

mac-flush mvrp no mac-flush mvrp

Syntax Description mvrp Specifies the MAC flush over MVRP.

Command Modes EVPN interface configuration

STP-TCN

Command History	Release	Modification	
	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.	

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

 Task ID
 Task ID
 Operation

 12vpn
 read, write

This example shows how to perform the MAC flush over MVRP on an Ethernet segment:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac)# mac-flush mvrp
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac)#
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	interface (EVPN), on page 25	Enters the EVPN Interface configuration mode.

mode singleton

To enable singleton ICCP mode, use the **mode** singleton command in the Redundancy ICCP group configuration mode. To disable singleton ICCP mode, use the **no** form of this command.

mode singleton no mode singleton

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default None.

Command Modes Redundancy ICCP group configuration

Command History Release Modification

Release This command was introduced. 4.3.2

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	l2vpn	read, write

This example shows how to enable singleton ICCP mode:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# redundancy
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-redundancy)# iccp
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-redundancy-iccp)# group 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-redundancy-iccp-group)# mode singleton
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-redundancy-iccp-group)#
```

pbb

To configure the provider backbone bridge core or edge, use the **pbb** command in the bridge domain configuration submode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

pbb {edge i-sid service-id core-bridge core-bridge-domain-name | core}
no pbb {edge i-sid service-id core-bridge core-bridge-domain-name | core}

Syntax Description	edge		Configures the PBB edge.							
	i-sid		Specifies the service instance identifier. The ranges is from 256 to 16777214.							
	service-id core-bridge core-bridge-domain-name core		Note	The 16777215 (0xFFFFFF) service instance identifier is reserved for wildcard.						
			Service instance identifier.							
			Specifies the name of the core-bridge domain connected to that edge-bridge domain. Core bridge domain name. Configures the PBB core.							
						Command Default	None			
						Command Modes	L2VPN bridge group bridge domain configuration			
Command History	Release	Modificatio	n							
	Release 3.9.1	This comma introduced.	and was							
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.									
	This command allows you to enter pbb edge configuration mode or pbb core configuration mode.									
Task ID	Task Operatio	ons								
	l2vpn read, write									
Examples	The following example shows how to configure the PBB edge component:									
	config 12vpn									

```
bridge group PBB
bridge-domain PBB-EDGE
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0/38.100
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2/0/30.150
!
pbb edge i-sid 1000 core-bridge PBB-CORE
!
!
```

The following example shows how to configure the PBB core component:

```
config
l2vpn
bridge group PBB
bridge-domain PBB-CORE
interface G0/5/0/10.100
!
interface G0/2/0/20.200
!
pbb core
!
!
```

Related Commands					
	Command	Description			
	bridge-domain (VPLS)	Establishes a bridge domain, and enters L2VPN bridge group bridge domain configuration mode.			
	bridge group (VPLS)	Creates a bridge group so that it can contain bridge domains and then to assign network interfaces to the bridge domain.			
	l2vpn	Enters L2VPN configuration mode.			

peering

	To configure the peering timer, use the peering command in the EVPN Timers configuration mode. To delete the peering timer, use the no form of this command. peering seconds no peering seconds seconds Specifies the value in seconds ranging from 0 to 300 seconds. The default value is 45 seconds.					
Syntax Description						
Command Default	None.					
Command Modes	EVPN Timers configuration					
Command History	Release	Modification	-			
	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.	-			
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.					
	In a single homed Ethernet segment, wait for this timer to expire before advertising BGP route target, Ethernet segment identifier (ESI), and local MAC.					
Task ID	Task Op ID	eration				
	l2vpn rea wr	nd, ite				
	This example shows how to configure the peering timer in the EVPN Timers configuration mode:					
	RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# timers RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-timers)# peering 30 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-timers)#					
Related Commands	Command		Description			
	evpn, on p	age 15	Enters EVPN configuration mode.			
	timers, on page 71		Configures timers that affect the convergence of PBB EVPN in failure scenarios.			
	flushagain, on page 18		Configures the MAC flushagain timer.			
	recovery,	on page 41	Configures the recovery timer.			
Command	Description					
-------------------------	-----------------------------------					
programming, on page 39	Configures the programming timer.					

periodic transmit (PBB)

To enable periodic Multiple MAC Registration Protocol Data Units (MMRPDUs), use the **periodic transmit** command in the flood optimization for PBB over VPLS global configuration submode.

periodic transmit [interval seconds]

Syntax Description interval *seconds* Specifies the periodic transmit interval in seconds. Range is from 2 to 10. If the interval keyword is not specified, then the value defaults to 3 seconds.

Command Default Periodic MMRPDUs are disabled.

Command Modes Flood optimization for PBB over VPLS global configuration submode.

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 5.1.2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

This command can optionally be used to configure the protocol to replay data periodically. This is in addition to the periodic replay triggered by the leave-all timer. The use of this command will not be necessary in the vast majority of deployments and enabling it can cause a significant increase in CPU usage.

Task ID Task ID Operation ethernet-services read, write

The following example shows how to enable periodic MMRPDUs transmitted on all active ports:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# mmrp-flood-optimization
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-mmrp-flood-opt)# periodic transmit interval 3

programming

To configure the programming timer, use the **programming** command in the EVPN Timers configuration mode. To delete the programming timer, use the **no** form of this command.

programming microseconds no programming microseconds

Syntax Description	<i>microseconds</i> Specifies the value in microseconds ranging from 0 to 100000 seconds. The default value is 1500 microseconds.			
Command Default	None.			
Command Modes	EVPN Tim	ers configuration		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	To use this IDs. If the u for assistan	command, you must be in a u iser group assignment is prev ce.	user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task venting you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator	
	Every time by the hard restarting th	the ES Manager runs DF ele ware to apply the new carvin ne timer.	ection, it starts a programming timer to account for the time needed .g. At the expiry time, the next ES route object is processed or carved,	
Task ID	Task Op ID	eration		
	l2vpn rea wr	d, ite		
	This example shows how to configure the programming timer in the EVPN Timers configuration mode:			
	RP/0/RSP0, RP/0/RSP0, RP/0/RSP0, RP/0/RSP0, RP/0/RSP0,	/CPU0:router# configure /CPU0:router(config)# ev /CPU0:router(config-evpn /CPU0:router(config-evpn /CPU0:router(config-evpn	pn)# timers timers)# programming 5000 timers)#	
Related Commands	Command		Description	
	evpn, on p	age 15	Enters EVPN configuration mode.	
	timers, on	page 71	Configures timers that affect the convergence of PBB EVPN in failure scenarios.	

I

Command	Description
flushagain, on page 18	Configures the MAC flushagain timer.
recovery, on page 41	Configures the recovery timer.
peering, on page 36	Configures the peering timer.

recovery

I

	To configure the recovery timer, use the recovery command in the EVPN Interface Timers configuration or in the EVPN Timers configuration mode. To delete the recovery timer, use the no form of this command. recovery <i>seconds</i> no recovery <i>seconds</i>		
Syntax Description	<i>seconds</i> Specifies the value in seconds ranging from 20 to 3600 seconds. The default value is 20 seconds.		
Command Default	None.		
Command Modes	EVPN Interface Timers configuration		
	EVPN Timers configuration		
Command History	Release Modification		
	ReleaseThis command was4.3.2introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	 To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance. This timer is used to wait before processing the port state UP event in order to give the CE running STP to converge. If the interface is up and all conditions are already met, this timer is skipped to not add any more delays. 		
Task ID	Task Operation ID ID 12vpn read, write		
	This example shows how to configure the recovery timer in the EVPN Interface Timers configuration mode:		
	<pre>RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac)# timers RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac-timers)# recovery 50 RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac-timers)# This example shows how to configure the recovery timer in the EVPN Timers configuration mode: RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure</pre>		
	RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# timers		

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-timers)# recovery 300
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-timers)#

Related Commands Cor

Command	Description
evpn, on page 15	Enters EVPN configuration mode.
interface (EVPN), on page 25	Enters the EVPN Interface configuration mode.
timers, on page 71	Configures timers that affect the convergence of PBB EVPN in failure scenarios.
flushagain, on page 18	Configures the MAC flushagain timer.
peering, on page 36	Configures the peering timer.
programming, on page 39	Configures the programming timer.

rewrite ingress tag push

To configure the backbone VLAN ID for a PBB core bridge, use the **rewrite ingress tag push** command in the PBB core configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

	rewrite ingress tag push dot1ad vlan-id symmetric	
Syntax Description	dot1ad Indicates that the IEEE 802.1ad provider bridges encapsulation ty	pe is used.
	<i>vlan-id</i> VLAN ID. Range is from 1 to 4094.	
	symmetric Specifies that all rewrites must be symmetric.	
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	PBB core configuration	
Command History	Release Modification	
	Release 3.9.1 This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task grou IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, co for assistance.	p that includes appropriate task ontact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task Operations ID	
	l2vpn read, write	
Examples	The following example shows how to configure the backbone VLAN ID for	he PBB core bridge:
	<pre>config l2vpn bridge group PBB bridge-domain PBB-CORE interface G0/5/0/10.100 ! interface G0/2/0/20.200 ! pbb core rewrite ingress tag push dotlad 100 symmetric</pre>	

! !

Related Commands

Command	Description
bridge-domain (VPLS)	Establishes a bridge domain, and enters L2VPN bridge group bridge domain configuration mode.
bridge group (VPLS)	Creates a bridge group so that it can contain bridge domains and then to assign network interfaces to the bridge domain.
l2vpn	Enters L2VPN configuration mode.
pbb, on page 34	Configures the provider backbone bridge core or edge.

service-carving

To specify a list of service identifiers as active and standby services, use the **service-carving** command in the EVPN Interface Ethernet segment configuration mode. To delete service carving of a list of service identifiers, use the **no** form of this command.

service-carving manual[**primary** *service-id -range* **secondary** *service-id-range*] **no service-carving manual**[**primary** *service-id-range* **secondary** *service-id-range*]

Syntax Description	manual Specifies service identifiers or EVI-list services manually.		
	primary	Specifies the primary services list.	
	secondary	Specifies the secondary services list.	
	<i>service-id-range</i> Specifies the services list notation in the range 100, 201-300, 401. The range is wit 256 to 16777214.		
Command Default	Automatic service	carving	
Command Modes	EVPN interface E	thernet segment configuration mode	
Command History	Release Mo	dification	
	Release Thi 4.3.2	s command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	To use this comma IDs. If the user gro for assistance.	and, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task oup assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator	
Task ID	Task Operation	_ 1	
	l2vpn read, write	_	
	Example	_	

This example shows how to specify a list of service identifiers as active and standby services:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac)# ethernet segment
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac-es)# service-carving manual primary 201-300 secondary
```

400-500

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac-es)#

Related Commands Command _

Command	Description
ethernet-segment, on page 11	Enters EVPN interface ethernet segment configuration mode
load-balancing-mode, on page 29	Sets the load balancing mode of a physical port or bundle to active-active.
backbone-source-mac, on page 3	Configures the backbone source MAC address.

show evpn ethernet-segment

To display the EVPN Ethernet segment information, use the **show evpn ethernet-segment** command in the EXEC mode.

show evpn ethernet-segment[{detail | esi | interface | location | private | standby }]

Syntax Description	detail Displays detailed information.		
	esi	Filters by Ethernet Segment ident	fier.
	interface	Filters by interface name.	
	location	Displays location specific information	tion.
	private	Displays private information.	
	standby	Displays standby node specific info	ormation.
Command Default	None.		
Command Modes	EXEC		
Command History	and History Release Modification		
	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	To use this IDs. If the for assistar	command, you must be in a user gr user group assignment is preventing nce.	oup associated with a task group that includes appropriate task you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task O _l ID	peration	
	l2vpn re	ad	
	Example		
	This sampl	e output shows the EVPN Ethernet	segment with interface filter:
	RP/0/RSP0	/CPU0:router#show evpn etherned	et-segment interface gigabitethernet 0/3/0/0 detail

Ethernet Segment Id Interface Nexthops

0210.0300.9e00.0210.0000 Gi0/3/0/0

be01.0300.be01.ce00.0001 BE1

be02.0300.be02.0101.0002 BE2

1.100.100.100 2.100.100.100

1.100.100.100 2.100.100.100

1.100.100.100 2.100.100.100 N/A Gi0/3/0/3 N/A

This sample output shows the EVPN Ethernet segment detailed information:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn ethernet-segment detail
Tue Jun 25 14:17:09.610 EDT
Legend:
 A- PBB-EVPN load-balancing mode and Access Protection incompatible,
 B- no Bridge Ports PBB-EVPN enabled,
 C- Backbone Source MAC missing,
 E- ESI missing,
 H- Interface handle missing,
 I- Interface name missing,
 M- Interface in Down state,
 O- BGP End of Download missing,
 P- Interface already Access Protected,
 Pf-Interface forced single-homed,
 R- BGP RID not received,
 S- Interface in redundancy standby state,
 X- ESI-extracted MAC Conflict
Ethernet Segment Id
                     Interface
                                    Nexthops
_____
0210.0300.9e00.0210.0000 Gi0/3/0/0
                                    1.100.100.100
                                    2.100.100.100
 ES to BGP Gates : Ready
 ES to L2FIB Gates : Ready
 Main port
    Interface name : GigabitEthernet0/3/0/0
    IfHandle : 0x1800300
    State
                 : Up
    Redundancy : Not Defined
  Source MAC
                  : 0001.ed9e.0001 (PBB BSA)
 Topology
    Operational : MHN
    Configured : A/A per service (default)
 Primary Services : Auto-selection
 Secondary Services: Auto-selection
  Service Carving Results:
    Bridge ports : 3
    Elected : 0
    Not Elected : 3
        I-Sid NE : 1450101, 1650205, 1850309
  MAC Flushing mode : STP-TCN
 Peering timer : 45 sec [not running]
Recovery timer : 20 sec [not running]
  Flushagain timer : 60 sec
be01.0300.be01.ce00.0001 BE1
                                    1.100.100.100
                                     2.100.100.100
 ES to BGP Gates : Ready
 ES to L2FIB Gates : Ready
 Main port
                 :
    Interface name : Bundle-Ether1
    IfHandle : 0x000480
    State
                  : Up
    Redundancy : Active
 Source MAC
                : 0024.be01.ce00 (Local)
 Topology
                 :
    Operational
               : MHN
: A/A per flow (default)
    Configured
  Primary Services : Auto-selection
  Secondary Services: Auto-selection
```

Service Carving Re	sι	ults:
Bridge ports	:	3
Elected	:	3
I-Sid E	:	1450102, 1650206, 1850310
Not Elected	:	0
MAC Flushing mode	:	STP-TCN
Peering timer	:	45 sec [not running]
Recovery timer	:	20 sec [not running]
Flushagain timer	:	60 sec

Related Commands

ds	Command	Description
	evpn, on page 15	Enters EVPN configuration mode.
	ethernet-segment, on page 11	Enters EVPN interface ethernet segment configuration mode.

show evpn evi

To display the EVPN E-VPN ID information, use the show evpn evi command in the EXEC mode.

show evpn evi ac-id[{bridge-domain | detail | inclusive-multicast | location | mac | standby | vpn-id
}]

Syntax Description	ac-id		Specifies the attachment circuit id.	
	bridge-do	omain	Displays information for a specified bridge-domain	
	detail		Displays detailed information.	
	inclusive	multicast	Displays EVPN Inclusive Multicast information.	
	location		Displays location specific information.	
	mac		Displays EVI MAC route associated configuration information.	
	standby		Displays standby node specific information.	
	vpn-id		Displays information for a specified E-VPN Identifier.	
Command Default	None.			
Command Modes	EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modifi	ication	
	Release 4.3.2	This c	ommand was introduced.	
	Release 6.0.0	The va	ariable <i>ac-id</i> was added	
	Release 6.1.2	The sh	now command output is enhanced to display the Service Path Prefe	rence parameters.
Usage Guidelines	To use con appropriat AAA adm	nmands of e task IDs. inistrator fo	this module, you must be in a user group associated with a task g If the user group assignment is preventing you from using any co or assistance.	roup that includes mmand, contact your
Task ID	Task O ID	peration		
	l2vpn re	ead		

Example

This sample output shows the EVPN EVI information with the VPN-ID and MAC address filter:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:	router# show evpn evi vpn-id 185 mac ()024.be03.ce()1
MAC address	Nexthop	Label	vpn-id
0024.be03.ce01	3.100.100.100	16004	185
	4.100.100.100	16004	185
ESI port key	y : 0x0000		
Source	: Remote		
Flush Count	: 0		

This sample output shows the EVPN EVI information with the VPN-ID and inclusive-multicast filter:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn evi vpn-id 185 inclusive-multicast service-id 1850312 orig-ip
1.100.100.100

ISID	Originating IP	vpn-id	_
1850312	1.100.100.100		185
1850312	2.100.100.100		185
1850312	3.100.100.100		185
1850312	4.100.100.100		185

This sample output shows the EVPN EVI inclusive-multicast information:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show evpn evi inclusive-multicast detail	
ISID: 1850312, Originating IP: 1.100.100.100	185
Nexthop: ::	
Label : 16005	
Source : Local	
ISID: 1850312, Originating IP: 2.100.100.100	185
Nexthop: 2.100.100.100	
Label : 16005	
Source : Remote	
ISID: 1850312, Originating IP: 3.100.100.100	185
Nexthop: 3.100.100.100	
Label : 16005	
Source : Remote	
ISID: 1850312, Originating IP: 4.100.100.100	185
Nexthop: 4.100.100.100	
Label : 16005	
Source : Remote	

This sample output shows the EVPN EVI information with the bridge-domain filter:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn evi bridge-domain tb1-core1 detail

EVI	Bridge Domain	Туре
145	tb1-core1	PBB
165	tb1-core2	PBB
185	tb1-core3	PBB
65535	ES:GLOBAL	BD

This sample output shows the EVPN EVI detailed information:

RP/0/RSP0/0	CPU0:rou	uter# show	evpn e	vi det	ail
EVI	Bridge	Domain			Туре
145	tb1-con	re1			PBB

```
Unicast Label : 16000
  Multicast Label: 16001
  RD Config: none
  RD Auto : (auto) 1.100.100.100:145
  RT Auto : 100:145
  Route Targets in Use
                            Type
  _____
                            Import
  100:145
  100:145
                           Export
165
     tb1-core2
                                PBB
  Unicast Label : 16002
  Multicast Label: 16003
  RD Config: none
  RD Auto : (auto) 1.100.100.100:165
  RT Auto : 100:165
  Route Targets in Use
                            Type
   ----- -----
  100:165
                            Import
  100:165
                           Export
                                PBB
185
      tb1-core3
  Unicast Label : 16004
  Multicast Label: 16005
  RD Config: none
  RD Auto : (auto) 1.100.100.100:185
  RT Auto : 100:185
  Route Targets in Use
                            Туре
  ----- -----
  100:185
                            Import
  100:185
                            Export
65535
       ES:GLOBAL
                                BD
  Unicast Label : 0
  Multicast Label: 0
  RD Config: none
  RD Auto : (auto) 1.100.100.100:0
  RT Auto : none
  Route Targets in Use
                            Tvpe
  ----- -----
  0100.9e00.0210
                            Import
  0100.be01.ce00
                            Import
  0100.be02.0101
                            Import
```

This example displays the detailed information about show evpn evi command. The output provides an overview of the state of the globally configured features.

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show evpn evi ac-id detail Mon Apr 18 13:16:46.597 EDT VPN ID Source AC ID Target AC ID -----_____ 11010302001320046 200 200

This sample output shows the EVPN EVI detailed information with service path preference parameters:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn evi vpn-id 1 detail Mon Jun 20 21:28:42.413 EDT

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EVI	Bridge Domain	Туре
1 Unicast Multicas Flow Lak Control-	corel Label : 24000 st Label: 24001 bel: N -Word: Enabled	PBB
Table-po	olicy Name: fwd2	
Forward-	-class: 2	
RD Confi	g: none	
RD Auto	: none	
RT Auto	: none	
Route Ta	argets in Use	Туре

Related Commands	Command	Description
	evpn, on page 15	Enters EVPN configuration mode.
	evi, on page 14	Enters the EVPN EVI configuration mode to configure optional BGP settings for a bridge domain or EVI.

show evpn summary

To display the EVPN summary, use the **show evpn summary** command in the EXEC mode.

	show evp	on summary[{location private standby}]
Syntax Description	location	Displays location specific information.
	private	Displays private information.
	standby	Displays standby node specific information.
Command Default	None.	
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	l2vpn	read

Example

This sample output shows the EVPN summary:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn summary
Thu Jul 4 01:34:58.838 DST
------
Global Information
_____
Number of EVIs : 1
Number of Local MAC Routes : 1
Number of Remote MAC Routes : 0
Number of Local IMCAST Routes : 0
Number of Remote IMCAST Routes: 0
Number of Internal Labels : 0
Number of ES Entries
                               : 0
BGP Router ID
                              : ::
BGP ASN
                              : Invalid
BGP ASN: InvalidPBB BSA MAC address: f866.f214.abd7Global peering timer: 45 secondsGlobal recovery timer: 20 seconds
```

Global programming timer Global flushagain timer	: :	1500 60	microseconds seconds
High Availability Information			
BGP EOD	: 1	N	
Number of Marked MAC Routes	:	0	
Number of Swept MAC Routes	:	0	
Number of Marked IMCAST Routes	:	0	
Number of Swept IMCAST Routes	:	0	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	evpn, on page 15	Enters EVPN configuration mode.

show I2vpn bridge-domain pbb

To display the provider backbone bridge details, use the **show l2vpn bridge-domain pbb** command in EXEC mode.

show l2vpn bridge-domain pbb {core [{brief|detail|hardware|private}]|edge [{brief|core-bridge
| detail | hardware | private}]|i-sid service-id [{brief|detail | hardware | private}]}

Syntax Description	core	Displays the PBB core.
	edge	Displays the PBB edge.
	i-sid	Displays the service instance identifier.
	service-id	Service ID.
	brief	Displays brief information about the PBB core, edge or service instance identifier.
	detail	Displays detailed information about the PBB core, edge or service instance identifier.
	hardware	Displays hardware information.
	private	Displays private information about the PBB core, edge or service instance identifier.
	core-bridge	Displays the name of the core-bridge domain connected to the edge-bridge domain.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	l2vpn	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 3.9.1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	To use this con IDs. If the use for assistance.	nmand, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task r group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task Opera ID	itions
	l2vpn read	
Examples	The following	examples shows the output from the show l2vpn bridge-domain pbb command:
	#show l2vpn Bridge group Type: pbk Aging: 300	bridge-domain isid 1234 ; g2, bridge-domain: pbb-bd1, id: 1, state: up, ShgId: 0, MSTi: 0 p-edge, I-SID: 1234 o s, MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog

```
Filter MAC addresses: 0
ACs: 1 (1 up), VFIs: 0, PWs: 0 (0 up), PBBs: 1 (1 up)
List of PBBs:
    PBB Edge, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 0
    List of ACs:
    Gi0/2/0/0, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 2, MSTi: 0
```

For IOS-XR 5.3.1 and earlier releases.

```
#show l2vpn bridge-domain detail isid 1234
Bridge group: g2, bridge-domain: pbb-bd1, id: 1, state: up, ShgId: 0, MSTi: 0
  Type: pbb-edge, I-SID: 1234
  Core-bridge: pbb-bd2
 MAC learning: enabled
 MAC withdraw: disabled
  Flooding:
   Broadcast & Multicast: enabled
   Unknown unicast: enabled
  MAC aging time: 300 s, Type: inactivity
  MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
  MAC limit reached: yes
  Security: disabled
  DHCPv4 snooping: disabled
 MTU: 1500
 Filter MAC addresses:
ACs: 1 (1 up), VFIs: 0, PWs: 0 (0 up), PBBs: 1 (1 up)
List of PBBs:
    PBB Edge, state is up
     XC ID 0x2000001
     MAC learning: enabled
     Flooding:
       Broadcast & Multicast: enabled
       Unknown unicast: enabled
     MAC aging time: 300 s, Type: inactivity
     MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
     MAC limit reached: yes
      Split Horizon Group: none
     DHCPv4 snooping: disabled
      IGMP Snooping profile:
      Storm Control: disabled
     Unknown-unicast-bmac: 666.777.888
      CMAC to BMAC Mapping Table:
                 | BMAC
        CMAC
         _____
                             _____
                                           -----
         222.333.444 | 777.888.999
333.444.555 | 888.999.111
        333,444,555
      Statistics:
       packet totals: receive 3919680, send 9328
       byte totals: receive 305735040, send 15022146
  List of ACs:
    AC: GigabitEthernet0/1/0/0, state is up
      Type Ethernet
     MTU 1500; XC ID 0x2000001; interworking none; MSTi 0
     MAC learning: enabled
     Flooding:
       Broadcast & Multicast: enabled
       Unknown unicast: enabled
     MAC aging time: 300 s, Type: inactivity
     MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
     MAC limit reached: yes
     Security: disabled
     DHCPv4 snooping: disabled
     Static MAC addresses:
```

```
0000.0000.0000
0001.0002.0003
Statistics:
packet totals: receive 3919680,send 9328
byte totals: receive 305735040,send 15022146
```

For IOS-XR 5.3.2 release.

```
#show l2vpn bridge-domain detail isid 1234
Bridge group: g2, bridge-domain: pbb-bd1, id: 1, state: up, ShgId: 0, MSTi: 0
 Type: pbb-edge, I-SID: 1234
  Core-bridge: pbb-bd2
 MAC learning: enabled
 MAC withdraw: disabled
 Flooding:
   Broadcast & Multicast: enabled
   Unknown unicast: enabled
 MAC aging time: 300 s, Type: inactivity
 MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
 MAC limit reached: yes
 Security: disabled
 DHCPv4 snooping: disabled
 MTU: 1500
 Filter MAC addresses:
ACs: 1 (1 up), VFIs: 0, PWs: 0 (0 up), PBBs: 1 (1 up)
List of PBBs:
   PBB Edge, state is up
     XC ID 0x2000001
     MAC learning: enabled
     Flooding:
       Broadcast & Multicast: enabled
       Unknown unicast: enabled
     MAC aging time: 300 s, Type: inactivity
     MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
     MAC limit reached: yes
     Split Horizon Group: none
     DHCPv4 snooping: disabled
     IGMP Snooping profile:
     Storm Control: disabled
     Unknown-unicast-bmac: 666.777.888
     CMAC to BMAC Mapping Table:
        CMAC
                | BMAC
        _____
                    | 777.888.999
        222.333.444
        333.444.555
                            888.999.111
                       Statistics:
       packets: received 1000 (unicast 1000), sent 0
       bytes: received 128000 (unicast 128000), sent 0
       MAC move: 10
 List of ACs:
   AC: GigabitEthernet0/1/0/0, state is up
     Type Ethernet
     MTU 1500; XC ID 0x2000001; interworking none; MSTi 0
     MAC learning: enabled
     Flooding:
       Broadcast & Multicast: enabled
       Unknown unicast: enabled
     MAC aging time: 300 s, Type: inactivity
     MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
     MAC limit reached: yes
     Security: disabled
     DHCPv4 snooping: disabled
     Static MAC addresses:
```

```
0000.0000.0000
        0001.0002.0003
     Statistics:
        packets: received 3919680, (multicast 0, broadcast 0, unknown unicast 0, unicast
3919680,), sent 9328
         bytes: received 305735040 (multicast 0, broadcast 0, unknown unicast 0, unicast
0), sent 15022146
        MAC move: 0
#show 12vpn bridge-domain pbb edge
Bridge group: g2, bridge-domain: pbb-bd1, id: 1, state: up, ShgId: 0, MSTi: 0
 Type: pbb-edge, I-SID: 1234
 Aging: 300 s, MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
 Filter MAC addresses: 0
ACs: 1 (1 up), VFIs: 0, PWs: 0 (0 up), PBBs: 1 (1 up)
List of PBBs:
    PBB Edge, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 2
List of ACs:
    Gi0/2/0/0, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 2, MSTi: 0
Bridge group: g2, bridge-domain: pbb-bd3, id: 3, state: up, ShgId: 0, MSTi: 0
  Type: pbb-edge, I-SID: 2345
  Aging: 300 s, MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
 Filter MAC addresses: 0
ACs: 1 (1 up), VFIs: 0, PWs: 0 (0 up), PBBs: 1 (1 up)
List of PBBs:
    EDGE, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 2
List of ACs:
    Gi0/2/0/0, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 2, MSTi: 0
Bridge group: g2, bridge-domain: pbb-bd4, id: 4, state: up, ShgId: 0, MSTi: 0
  Type: pbb-edge, I-SID: 3456
  Aging: 300 s, MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
 Filter MAC addresses: 0
ACs: 1 (1 up), VFIs: 0, PWs: 0 (0 up), PBBs: 1 (1 up)
List of PBBs:
     PBB Edge, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 2
List of ACs:
    Gi0/2/0/0, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 2, MSTi: 0
For IOS-XR 5.3.2 release.
#show 12vpn bridge-domain pbb-edge detail
Bridge group: g2, bridge-domain: pbb-bd1, id: 1, state: up, ShgId: 0, MSTi: 0
  Type: pbb-edge, I-SID: 1234
  Core-bridge: pbb-bd2
 MAC learning: enabled
  MAC withdraw: disabled
 Flooding:
   Broadcast & Multicast: enabled
   Unknown unicast: enabled
  MAC aging time: 300 s, Type: inactivity
  MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
  MAC limit reached: yes
  Security: disabled
  DHCPv4 snooping: disabled
  MTU: 1500
```

Filter MAC addresses:

List of PBBs:

ACs: 1 (1 up), VFIs: 0, PWs: 0 (0 up), PBBs: 1 (1 up

PBB Edge, state is up

```
XC ID 0x2000001
     MAC learning: enabled
     Flooding:
       Broadcast & Multicast: enabled
       Unknown unicast: enabled
     MAC aging time: 300 s, Type: inactivity
     MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
     MAC limit reached: yes
      Split Horizon Group: none
     DHCPv4 snooping: disabled
      IGMP Snooping profile:
     Storm Control: disabled
     Unknown-unicast-bmac: 666.777.888
     CMAC to BMAC Mapping Table:
        CMAC
              | BMAC
         _____
                      _ _ _ _ _ _ _
         222.333.444 | 777.888.999
                     | 888.999.111
        333.444.555
     Statistics:
       packets: received 1000 (unicast 1000), sent 0
        bytes: received 128000 (unicast 128000), sent 0
       MAC move: 10
  List of ACs:
   AC: GigabitEthernet0/1/0/0, state is up
     Type Ethernet
     MTU 1500; XC ID 0x2000001; interworking none; MSTi 0
     MAC learning: enabled
     Flooding:
       Broadcast & Multicast: enabled
       Unknown unicast: enabled
     MAC aging time: 300 s, Type: inactivity
     MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
     MAC limit reached: yes
     Security: disabled
     DHCPv4 snooping: disabled
     Static MAC addresses:
       0000.0000.0000
       0001.0002.0003
      Statistics:
       packets: received 1000 (unicast 1000), sent 0
       bytes: received 128000 (unicast 128000), sent 0
       MAC move: 10
#show 12vpn bridge-domain pbb-core
Bridge group: g2, bridge-domain: pbb-bd2, id: 2, state: up, ShqId: 0, MSTi: 0
  Type: pbb-core
 Number of associated pbb-edge BDs: 1
 Aging: 300 s, MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
 Filter MAC addresses: 0
 ACs: 1 (1 up), VFIs: 0, PWs: 0 (0 up), PBBs: 1 (1 up
 List of PBBs:
   PBB Core, state: up
 List of ACs:
   Gi0/2/0/0, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 2, MSTi: 0
#show l2vpn bridge-domain pbb-core detail
Bridge group: g2, bridge-domain: pbb-bd2, id: 2, state: up, ShqId: 0, MSTi: 0
  Type: pbb-core
  Number of associated pbb-edge BDs: 1
 MAC learning: enabled
```

MAC withdraw: disabled

Flooding: Broadcast & Multicast: enabled Unknown unicast: enabled MAC aging time: 300 s, Type: inactivity MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog MAC limit reached: yes Security: disabled DHCPv4 snooping: disabled MTU: 1500 Filter MAC addresses: ACs: 1 (1 up), PBB: 1 List of PBBs: PBB Core, state is up Vlan-id: 1; XC ID 0x2000001 MAC learning: enabled Flooding: Broadcast & Multicast: enabled Unknown unicast: enabled MAC aging time: 300 s, Type: inactivity MAC limit: 600, Action: none, Notification: syslog MAC limit reached: no Security: disabled Split Horizon Group: none DHCPv4 snooping: profile foo IGMP Snooping profile: Storm Control: disabled List of ACs: AC: GigabitEthernet0/1/0/0, state is up Type Ethernet MTU 1500; XC ID 0x2000001; interworking none; MSTi 0 MAC learning: enabled Flooding: Broadcast & Multicast: enabled Unknown unicast: enabled MAC aging time: 300 s, Type: inactivity MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog MAC limit reached: yes Security: disabled DHCPv4 snooping: disabled Static MAC addresses: 0000.0000.0000 0001.0002.0003 Statistics: packet totals: receive 3919680, send 9328 byte totals: receive 305735040, send 15022146 #show l2vpn bridge-domain pbb-edge core-bridge core-bd brief Bridge Group/??????????????????? ID State Num ACs/up Num PWs/up Bridge-Domain Name _____ ____ bg/pbb-bd1 ????????????????????? up 0/0 ????????0/0 bg/pbb-bd2 ????????????????????????????? 0/0 ?????????0/0 up up bg/pbb-bd3 ?????????????????????????????? 0/0 ????????0/0 RP/0/0/CPU0:ios#show 12vpn bridge-domain pbb edge core-bridge bd Bridge group: bg, bridge-domain: pbb-bdl, id: 1, state: up, ShgId: 0, MSTi: 0 Type: pbb-edge, I-SID: 4001 Aging: 300 s, MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog Filter MAC addresses: 0 ACs: 0 (0 up), VFIs: 0, PWs: 0 (0 up), PBBs: 1 (1 up) List of PBBs: PBB Edge, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 2

....

Bridge group: bg, bridge-domain: pbb-bd2, id: 2, state: up, ShgId: 0, MSTi: 0
Type: pbb-edge, I-SID: 4002
Aging: 300 s, MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
Filter MAC addresses: 0
ACs: 0 (0 up), VFIs: 0, PWs: 0 (0 up), PBBs: 1 (1 up)
List of PBBs:
 PBB Edge, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 1
...
Bridge group: bg, bridge-domain: pbb-bd3, id: 3, state: up, ShgId: 0, MSTi: 0
Type: pbb-edge, I-SID: 4003
Aging: 300 s, MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
Filter MAC addresses: 0
ACs: 0 (0 up), VFIs: 0, PWs: 0 (0 up), PBBs: 1 (1 up)
List of PBBs:
 PBB Edge, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 1
...
Bridge group: bg, bridge-domain: pbb-bd3, id: 3, state: up, ShgId: 0, MSTi: 0
Type: pbb-edge, I-SID: 4003
Aging: 300 s, MAC limit: 4000, Action: none, Notification: syslog
Filter MAC addresses: 0
ACs: 0 (0 up), VFIs: 0, PWs: 0 (0 up), PBBs: 1 (1 up)
List of PBBs:
 PBB Edge, state: up, Static MAC addresses: 0

Related Commands	Command	Description
	pbb, on page 34	Configures the provider backbone bridge core or edge.

show I2vpn forwarding bridge pbb

To display the PBB bridge forwarding information, use the **show l2vpn forwarding bridge pbb** command in EXEC mode.

show l2vpn forwarding bridge pbb core [{debug|detail|hardware|location|private}]|edge
[{core-bridge|debug|detail|hardware|location|private}]|i-sid service-id [{debug|detail|hardware
|location|private}]

Syntax Description	cription debug Displays the debug information.				
	core	Displays the PBB core.			
	edge	Displays the PBB edge.			
	i-sid service-id	Displays the service instance ident	ifier.		
	brief	Displays brief information about the	ne PBB core, edge or service instance identifier.		
	detail	Displays detailed information about	t the PBB core, edge or service instance identifier.		
	hardware	Displays hardware information.			
	private	Displays private information about	the PBB core, edge or service instance identifier.		
	core-bridge	Displays the name of the core-brid	ge domain connected to the edge-bridge domain.		
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Release 3.9.1	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	To use this con IDs. If the use for assistance.	nmand, you must be in a user group r group assignment is preventing you	associated with a task group that includes appropriate task a from using a command, contact your AAA administrator		
Task ID	Task Operat ID	ions			
	l2vpn read				
Examples	The following backbone-sou	example shows the output from the urce-mac command:	show l2vpn forwarding pbb		

#show l2vpn forwarding backbone-source-mac location 0/1/CPU0
333.444.555

The following example shows the output from the **show l2vpn forwarding bridge-domain pbb edge location** command:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show 12vpn forwarding bridge-domain pbb edge location 0/1/CPU0

	Bridge		MAC			
Bridge-Domain Name	ID	Ports	addr	Flooding	Learning	State
bg1:bd2	1	1	0	Enabled	Enabled	UP
bg1:bd4	3	1	0	Enabled	Enabled	UP
bg1:bd5	4	1	0	Enabled	Enabled	UP

The following example shows the output from the **show l2vpn forwarding bridge-domain pbb edge core-bridge bg1:bd3 location** command:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show 12vpn forwarding bridge-domain pbb edge core-bridge bg1:bd3 location 0/1/CPU0

Bridge-Domain Name	Bridge ID	Ports	MAC addr	Flooding	Learning	State
bg1:bd2	1	1	0	Enabled	Enabled	UP
bg1:bd4	3	1	0	Enabled	Enabled	UP
bg1:bd5	4	1	0	Enabled	Enabled	UP

The following example shows the output from the **show l2vpn forwarding bridge-domain pbb core location** command:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show 12vg	on forwa	rding	bridge-	domain pb	b core l	ocation	0/1/CPU0
	Bridge		MAC				
Bridge-Domain Name	ID	Ports	addr	Flooding	Learnin	ng State	
bg1:bd3	1	1	0	Enabled	Enabled	 l UP	

The following example shows the output from the **show l2vpn forwarding bridge-domain pbb i-sid 1000 location** command:

RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show 12vpn forwarding bridge-domain pbb i-sid 1000 location 0/0/CPU0 Thu Aug 13 12:08:16.492 EDT

	Bridge		MAC				
Bridge-Domain Name	ID	Ports	addr	Flooding	Learning	State	
PBB.PBB-FDCF	1	Л	2	Enabled	Fnabled	TID	

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	pbb, on page 34	Configures the provider backbone bridge core or edge.		

show I2vpn forwarding pbb backbone-source-mac

To display the provider backbone source MAC forwarding information, use the **show l2vpn forwarding pbb backbone-source-mac** command in EXEC mode.

show l2vpn forwarding pbb backbone-source-mac {debug [{detail | location | private}]] detail [{debug | location node-id}] | location node-id | private}

Related Commands	Command	Description
	#show l2vpn forwarding ba 333.444.555	ckbone-source-mac location 0/1/CPU0
Examples	The following example shows backbone-source-mac comm	the output from the show l2vpn forwarding pbb and:
	l2vpn read	
Task ID	Task Operations ID	
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you mu IDs. If the user group assignm for assistance.	st be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task ent is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
	Release 3.9.1 This command introduced.	was
Command History	Release Modification	
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command Default	None	
	private Displays private inf	formation.
	node-id Node ID.	
	location Specifies the location	Dn.
	detail Displays the detailed	d PBB forwarding information.
Syntax Description	debug Displays the debug	information.

show I2vpn pbb backbone-source-mac

To display the provider backbone source MAC information, use the **show l2vpn pbb backbone-source-mac** command in EXEC mode.

	show l2vpn	pbb backbone-source-mac	
Syntax Description	This comman	nd has no keywords or argumen	ts.
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	_
	Release 3.9.1	This command was introduced.	_
Usage Guidelines	To use this co IDs. If the use for assistance	ommand, you must be in a user a er group assignment is preventi e.	group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task ng you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator
Task ID	Task Opera ID	ntions	
	12vpn read		
Examples	The following	g example shows the output from	the show l2vpn pbb backbone-source-mac command:
	#show l2vpn 0111.0222.0	pbb backbone-source-mac 333	
Related Commands	Command	D	escription
	pbb, on page	e 34 Co	onfigures the provider backbone bridge core or edge.

show mmrp-flood-optimization

To display the MMRP flood optimization information, use the **show mmrp-flood-optimization** command in the EXEC mode.

show mmrp-flood-optimization [{**summary** | **mad** [**pw** *neighbor pw-id*] | **statistics** [**pw** *neighbor pw-id*] | **registrations** [**received**] [**core-bridge** *bridge-domain-name* : *group-name*] [**isid** *isid*]}]

Syntax Description	summary	Displays the summary of the current timer values, total number of core bridges, pseudowires, I-SIDs configured, declarations, and registrations.
	mad	Displays the current state of the MRP Attribute Declaration (MAD) component on a pseudowire, for each active attribute value (that is, group B-MAC).
	pw	Indicates the pseudowire.
	neighbor	Indicates the IP address of the neighbor.
	pw-id	Indicates the pseudowire ID.
	statistics	Displays the packet statistics per pseudowire.
	registrations	Displays the I-SIDs that are declared and a list of peers that have made registrations for those I-SIDs
	received	Displays all the I-SIDs where registrations have been received, even if those I-SIDs are not configured locally.
	core-bridge	Displays the information about a specific core-bridge.
	bridge-domain-name	Core bridge domain name.
	group-name	Group name.
	isid	Displays information of a specific service instance identifier.
	isid	Service instance identifier.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	EXEC	

I

Command History	Release	Modification					
	Release 5.1.2	This command v	vas introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	To use this c IDs. If the us for assistanc	command, you mus ser group assignme se.	t be in a user group associat ent is preventing you from u	ed with a task group that includes appropriate task sing a command, contact your AAA administrator			
Task ID	Task ID	Operation					
	ethernet-ser	vices read, write					
	The following example shows the output from the show mmrp-flood-optimization summary command.						
	RP/0/RSP0/ Core Bridg Pseudowire I-SIDs con Total MMRP Registrati	CPU0:router# show es: 4 s: 1 figured: 2 declarations: 2 ons received: 2	mmrp-flood-optimizatio 00 2000 200000 220000	on summary			
	Flood Time Leaveall T Leave Time Join Time: Transmit P	: disabled ime: 10000 ms : 30000 ms 200 ms eriod: 1000 ms					
	The following example shows the output from the show mmrp-flood-optimization mad command.						
	RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# show mmrp-flood-optimization mad Core-Bridge: PBB-VPLS-Core1 PW: neighbor 1.2.3.4, pwid 87 Participant Type: Full; Point-to-Point: Yes Admin Control: Applicant Normal; Registrar Normal						
	LeaveAll Leave in Last pee	Passive (next i 25.70s; Join nc r 0293.6926.9585	n 5.92s); periodic disa ot running ; failed registrations;	abled : 0			
	I-SID	B-MAC	Applicant	Registrar			
	1 16777216	001E.8300.0001 001E.83FF.FFFF	Very Anxious Observer Quiet Passive	Leaving Empty			

static-mac-address

To map a customer destination MAC address to backbone destination MAC address, use the **static-mac-address** command in the PBB edge configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

static-mac-address cust-mac-address bmac bmac-mac-address no static-mac-address cust-mac-address bmac bmac-mac-address

Syntax Description	<i>cust-mac-address</i> Customer destination MAC address in hexadecimal format.					
	bmac	Specifies that the static backbone MAC address must be mapped with the customer MAC address.				
	bmac-mac-address	bmac-mac-address Static backbone MAC address in hexadecimal format.				
Command Default	None					
Command Modes	PBB edge configuration mode					
Command History	Release Moo	lification				
	Release 3.9.1 This intro	command was oduced.				
Usage Guidelines	To use this commar IDs. If the user grou for assistance.	Id, you must be in a user group a ap assignment is preventing you	associated with a task group that includes appropriate task from using a command, contact your AAA administrator			
Task ID	Task Operations ID					
	l2vpn read, write					
Examples	The following exam address:	pple shows how to map the cust	omer MAC address with the backbone MAC			
	interface Gigabi interface Gigabi interface Gigabi shutdown !	tEthernet0/0/0/0.1 l2transp tEthernet0/0/0/0.2 l2transp tEthernet0/0/0/1	port encapsulation dotlq 10 ! port encapsulation dotlq 2 !			
	interface Gigabi shutdown !	tEthernet0/0/0/2				
	interface Gigabi shutdown !	tEthernet0/0/0/3				
	interface Gigabi	tEthernet0/0/0/4				

```
shutdown
1
l2vpn
bridge group bg12
 bridge-domain bd1
  interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0/0.1
    static-mac-address 0002.0003.0004
   1
   interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0/0.2
   !
   pbb edge i-sid 1000 core-bridge bd2
   static-mac-address 0006.0007.0008 bmac 0004.0005.0006
   !
  !
 !
!
end
!
```

The following example shows the output of the show l2vpn bridge-domain command:

##sh l2vpn bridge-domain m mac-address mroute

Mac Address	Type Filtered	Learned : on	from/ Resync	LC Age	learned	Mapped	to	
0002.0003.000	4 static 8 static	Gi0/0/0/ BD id: 0	0.1		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A 0004.0005.0006	

Note To resynchronize the MAC table from the network processors, use the l2vpn resynchronize forwarding mac-address-table location $\langle r/s/i \rangle$ command.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	bridge-domain (VPLS)	Establishes a bridge domain, and enters L2VPN bridge group bridge domain configuration mode.
	bridge group (VPLS)	Creates a bridge group so that it can contain bridge domains and then to assign network interfaces to the bridge domain.
	pbb, on page 34	Configures the provider backbone bridge core or edge.
	l2vpn	Enters L2VPN configuration mode.

timers

To configure timers that affect the convergence of PBB EVPN in failure scenarios, use the **timers** command in the EVPN interface configuration or in the EVPN configuration mode. To delete the timer configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

timers [{flushagain | recovery | peering | programming}] no timers [{flushagain | recovery | peering | programming}]

Syntax Description	flushagain Specifies the MAC flush again timer.		n timer.		
	recovery Specifies the recovery timer.				
	peering	Specifies the peering timer.			
	programminą	g Specifies the programming t	imer.		
Command Default	None.				
Command Modes	EVPN interfac	e configuration			
	EVPN configu	iration			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	To use this con IDs. If the user for assistance.	nmand, you must be in a user g group assignment is preventin	roup associated with a task group that includes appropriate task g you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator		
	The timers are configured globally in the EVPN configuration mode whereas in the EVPN interface configuration mode, the timers are configured per Ethernet.				
	The keywords peering and programming are supported only in the EVPN configuration mode.				
Task ID	Task Operat ID	ion			
	l2vpn read, write				

This example shows how to configure timers in the EVPN Interface configuration mode:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac)# timers
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac-timers)#
```

This example shows how to configure timers in the EVPN configuration mode:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# timers
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-timers)#
```

Related Commands Comm

Command	Description
evpn, on page 15	Enters EVPN configuration mode.
interface (EVPN), on page 25	Enters the EVPN Interface configuration mode.
recovery, on page 41	Configures the recovery timer.
flushagain, on page 18	Configures the MAC flushagain timer.
peering, on page 36	Configures the peering timer.
programming, on page 39	Configures the programming timer.
unknown-unicast-bmac

To configure the unknown unicast backbone MAC address for a PBB edge bridge, use the **unknown-unicast-bmac** command in the PBB edge configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

unknown-unicast-bmac mac-address no unknown-unicast-bmac mac-address

Modification

 Syntax Description
 mac-address
 Unknown unicast backbone MAC address in hexadecimal format.

 Command Default
 None

 Command Modes
 PBB edge configuration

Release 3.9.1 This command was introduced.

Release

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

```
    Task ID
    Task
ID
    Operations

    12vpn
    read,
write
```

Examples

Command History

The following example shows how to configure the unknown unicast backbone MAC address for a PBB edge bridge:

```
config
l2vpn
bridge group PBB
bridge-domain PBB-EDGE
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0/38.100
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2/0/30.150
!
pbb edge i-sid 1000 core-bridge PBB-CORE
unknown-unicast-bmac 0123.8888.8888
!
```

! !

Related Commands

Command	Description
bridge-domain (VPLS)	Establishes a bridge domain, and enters L2VPN bridge group bridge domain configuration mode.
bridge group (VPLS)	Creates a bridge group so that it can contain bridge domains and then to assign network interfaces to the bridge domain.
l2vpn	Enters L2VPN configuration mode.
pbb, on page 34	Configures the provider backbone bridge core or edge.