



Configuring DMM over VPLS

Delay Measurement Message (DMM) is part of the ITU-T Y.1731 standard. It can be used to periodically measure Frame Delay and Frame Delay Variation between a pair of point to point MEPs. Measurements are made between two MEPs belonging to the same domain and MA.

- [Restrictions for DMM support over VPLS, on page 1](#)
- [Configuring DMM over VPLS, on page 1](#)
- [Configuration Example for DMM over VPLS, on page 2](#)

Restrictions for DMM support over VPLS

- With *SR_5_label_push* template, IP SLA DMM is not supported on RSP3 module.
- Only Up MEP(Maintenance End Point) on EVC(ethernet virtual circuit) BD(bridge domain) with VPLS towards the core is supported. Down MEP on VFI is not supported.
- To send unicast packets (LBR, LTM/R, Y1731 packets), port-emulation method is used. The access interface (the interface where Up MEP is configured) needs to be up to send unicast packets.

Configuring DMM over VPLS

SUMMARY STEPS

1. Configure CFM on PE Device.
2. Configure CFM over VPLS using **l2 vfi *vfi-name* manual *evc*** command or **l2vpn vfi context *vfi-name*** command.
3. Configure a Sender MEP.

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	Configure CFM on PE Device.	For configuration details see, Configuring Ethernet Connectivity Fault Management in a Service Provider Network .

Configuration Example for DMM over VPLS

	Command or Action	Purpose
		In case of H-VPLS configuration, see, CFM Configuration over EFP Interface with Cross Connect Feature .
Step 2	Configure CFM over VPLS using l2 vfi vfi-name manual <i>evc</i> command or l2vpn vfi context <i>vfi-name</i> command.	The evc should be the EVC name used in the CFM on PE device configuration. For configuration details, see, Configuring the VFI in the PE .
Step 3	Configure a Sender MEP.	For configuration details see, Configuring a Sender MEP for a Single-Ended Ethernet Delay or Delay Variation Operation .

Configuration Example for DMM over VPLS

The following sample output shows the configuration of DMM over VPLS:

```

ethernet evc EVC_100
  ethernet cfm global
    ethernet cfm domain CFM-VPLS level 5
      service ser1 evc EVC_100 vlan 100
        continuity-check
        continuity-check interval 1s
        l2 vfi VPLS-CFM manual EVC_100
        vpn id 100
        bridge-domain 100
        neighbor 2.2.2.2 encapsulation mpls
        interface GigabitEthernet0/4/4
        service instance 100 ethernet EVC_100
        encapsulation dot1q 100
      cfm mep domain CFM-VPLS mpid 1001
      bridge-domain 100
      ip sla 200
      ip sla 200
      ethernet y1731 delay DMM domain CFM-VPLS evc EVC_100 mpid 1002 cos 7 source mpid 1001
      ip sla schedule 200 start-time now
    
```

The following sample output shows the configuration of DMM over VPLS using the **l2vpn vfi context** command:

```

ethernet evc EVC_100
  ethernet cfm global
    ethernet cfm domain CFM-VPLS level 5
      service ser1 evc EVC_100 vlan 100
        continuity-check
        continuity-check interval 1s
        l2vpn vfi context VPLS-CFM
        vpn id 100
        evc EVC_100
        neighbor 2.2.2.2 encapsulation mpls
        interface GigabitEthernet0/4/4
        service instance 100 ethernet EVC_100
        encapsulation dot1q 100
      cfm mep domain CFM-VPLS mpid 1001
      bridge-domain 100
      member GigabitEthernet0/4/4 service-instance 100
      member vfi VPLS-CFM
      ip sla 200
      ethernet y1731 delay DMM domain CFM-VPLS evc EVC_100 mpid 1002 cos 7 source mpid 1001
      ip sla schedule 200 start-time now
    
```



Note The EVC name is mandatory and should be the same as the one configured in CFM.

Configuration Verification Example for DMM over VPLS

The following sample output shows the configuration verification of DMM over VPLS:

```
Router#sh ip sla configuration
IP SLAs Infrastructure Engine-III
Entry number: 200
Owner:
Tag:
Operation timeout (milliseconds): 5000
Ethernet Y1731 Delay Operation
Frame Type: DMM
Domain: CFM_VPLS
Evc: EVC_100
Target Mpid: 1002
Source Mpid: 1001
CoS: 7
    Max Delay: 5000
    Request size (Padding portion): 64
    Frame Interval: 1000
    Clock: Not In Sync
Threshold (milliseconds): 5000
Schedule:
    Operation frequency (seconds): 900 (not considered if randomly scheduled)
    Next Scheduled Start Time: Start Time already passed
    Group Scheduled : FALSE
    Randomly Scheduled : FALSE
    Life (seconds): 3600
    Entry Ageout (seconds): never
    Recurring (Starting Everyday): FALSE
    Status of entry (SNMP RowStatus): Active
Statistics Parameters
Frame offset: 1
Distribution Delay Two-Way:
    Number of Bins 10
    Bin Boundaries: 5000,10000,15000,20000,25000,30000,35000,40000,45000,-1
Distribution Delay-Variation Two-Way:
    Number of Bins 10
    Bin Boundaries: 5000,10000,15000,20000,25000,30000,35000,40000,45000,-1
Aggregation Period: 900
History
    Number of intervals: 2

Router#
```

