

# Deploy the ASA Container in a Kubernetes Environment

You can deploy the ASA container (ASAc) in an open source Kubernetes environment running on any cloud platform.

- Overview, on page 1
- Guidelines and Limitations to Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment, on page 1
- Licenses to Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment, on page 2
- Components of Solution to Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment, on page 2
- Sample Topology to Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment, on page 3
- Prerequisites to Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment, on page 3
- Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment, on page 4
- Validate ASA Container Deployment in Kubernetes Environment, on page 7
- Access ASA Container Deployment Logs in Kubernetes Environment, on page 7
- Access the ASA Container Pod in Kubernetes Environment, on page 8

#### **Overview**

A container is a software package that bundles up code and associated requirements such as system libraries, system tools, default settings, runtime, and so on, to ensure that the application runs successfully in a computing environment. From Secure Firewall ASA version 9.22, you can deploy the ASAc in an open-source Kubernetes environment. In this solution, the ASAc is integrated with the Container Network Interface (CNI) and is deployed as an Infrastructure-as-Code (IaC) solution. The integration with CNI provides improved flexibility in deployment of network infrastructure.

### Guidelines and Limitations to Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment

- The ASA container solution is validated on open-source Kubernetes and Docker environments only.
- Other Kubernetes frameworks such as EKS, GKE, AKS, OpenShift, are not validated yet.
- The following features are not validated:

- Upgrade
- High Availability
- Cluster
- IPv6
- Transparent mode

#### Licenses to Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment

Use one of the following licenses to enable deployment of ASA container on Kubernetes:

- ASAc5 1 vCPU, 2 GB RAM, and 100 Mbps rate limit
- ASAc10 1 vCPU, 2 GB RAM, and 1 Gbps rate limit

### Components of Solution to Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment

- Operating system
  - Ubuntu 20.04.6
  - Kubernetes version v1.26
  - Helm version v3.13.1
- Kubernetes cluster nodes master and worker nodes
- Kubernetes CNI
  - POD management CNI Calico
  - ASAc network CNI Multus macvlan
- Helm charts provided as yaml files are used to set up Infrastructure-as-Code (IaC)

## Sample Topology to Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment



In this sample topology, the ASA container (ASAc) pod has three virtual network interfaces – net1, net2, and net3, that are connected to the following worker node interfaces – ens192, ens224, and ens256. The worker node interfaces are mapped to the ASAc mgmt, data1, and data2 networks. The interface ens160 is the node management interface. The interface eth0 is derived from the Calico CNI. The interfaces net1, net2, and net3, are derived from the multus macvlan CNI.

### Prerequisites to Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment

- Ensure that Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS is installed on both master and worker nodes.
- Allocate three virtual interfaces on the worker node for ASA container (ASAc) operations.
- Set up the worker node's management interface to be used for ssh access to the worker node.
- Enable Hugepages on the worker node.
- Set up the Calico CNI to be used as POD management.

• Set up Multus with macvlan CNI to be used for managing ASAc interfaces.

For more information on general Kubernetes operations mentioned in these prerequisites, see Kubernetes documentation.

#### **Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment**

Perform the procedure given below to deploy ASA container (ASAc) in Kubernetes environment.

- **Step 1** Set up the requirements mentioned in the Prerequisites to Deploy ASA Container in Kubernetes Environment.
- **Step 2** Run the **kubectl get nodes**, **kubectl get pods**, and **kubectl get all** commands, to display the status of all nodes, pods, and all resources, respectively. Ensure that the Kubernetes pods and nodes are in ready state.

**Note** The outputs given below are sample outputs only.

ubuntu@k8s-m NAME k8s-master k8s-worker	aster:~\$ STATUS Ready Ready	kubectl get node ROLES control-plane <none></none>	es -o w AGE 94d 94d	vide VERSION v1.26.9 v1.26.9	INTERNAL 10.10.4. 10.10.4.	IP .17 .14	EXTER <none <none< th=""><th>NAL-IP &gt; &gt;</th><th>OS- Ubu Ubu</th><th>IMAGE ntu 20 ntu 20</th><th>.04.6 LTS .04.6 LTS</th><th>KERN 5.4. 5.4.</th><th>IEL-VERSION 0-164-generi 0-169-generi</th><th>CONTAINER-F c containerd</th><th>RUNTIME 2//1.7.2 2//1.7.2</th></none<></none 	NAL-IP > >	OS- Ubu Ubu	IMAGE ntu 20 ntu 20	.04.6 LTS .04.6 LTS	KERN 5.4. 5.4.	IEL-VERSION 0-164-generi 0-169-generi	CONTAINER-F c containerd	RUNTIME 2//1.7.2 2//1.7.2
ubuntu@k8s-mas	<b>ter:~</b> \$ ku	bectl get pods -A	-o wide												
NAMESPACE	NAME	0 F	-		READY	STATUS	R	STARTS		AGE	IP		NODE	NOMINATED NODE	READINESS
calico-apiserv	ver cali	co-apiserver-648b8	8b9c5-6	mlsx	1/1	Runnin	g 0			94d	10.244.235	.198	k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
calico-apiserv	ver cali	co-apiserver-648b8	8b9c5-z	d5xz	1/1	Runnin	ig 0			94d	10.244.235	.197	k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
calico-system	cali	co-kube-controller	s-6cd4d	8dd54-8wtzf	1/1	Runnin	ig 0			94d	10.244.235	. 195	k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
calico-system	cali	co-node-2c9bl			1/1	Runnin	ig 0			94d	10.10.4.17		k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
calico-system	cali	co-node-fvqpk			1/1	Runnin	ig 1	7 (8m18	s ago)	94d	10.10.4.14		k8s-worker	<none></none>	<none></none>
calico-system	cali	co-typha-656cc4f7d	4-xwp6m		1/1	Runnin	g O			94d	10.10.4.17		k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
calico-system	csi-	node-driver-8cdc8			2/2	Runnin	ig 3-	4 (8m18	s ago)	94d	10.244.254	.159	k8s-worker	<none></none>	<none></none>
calico-system	csi-	node-driver-w6hk9			2/2	Runnin	g O			94d	10.244.235	.193	k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-system	core	dns-787d4945fb-dxp	mp		1/1	Runnin	g O			94d	10.244.235	.196	k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-system	core	dns-787d4945fb-vnx	WS		1/1	Runnin	g O			94d	10.244.235	.194	k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-system	etco	-k8s-master			1/1	Runnin	1g 0			94d	10.10.4.17		k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-system	kube	-apiserver-k8s-mas	ter		1/1	Runnin	1g 0			94d	10.10.4.17		k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-system	kube	-controller-manage	r-k8s-m	laster	1/1	Runnin	1g 0			94d	10.10.4.17		k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-system	kube	-multus-ds-tbjhf			1/1	Runnin	g O			94d	10.10.4.17		k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-system	kube	-multus-ds-v5kxm			1/1	Runnin	ig 1	8 (8m18	s ago)	94d	10.10.4.14		k8s-worker	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-system	kube	-proxy-9qvdc			1/1	Runnin	1g 0			94d	10.10.4.17		k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-system	kube	-proxy-wcj8t			1/1	Runnin	ig 1	7 (8m18	s ago)	94d	10.10.4.14		k8s-worker	<none></none>	<none></none>
kube-system	kube	-scheduler-k8s-mas	ter		1/1	Runnin	ig O			94d	10.10.4.17		k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>
tigera-operato	or tige	ra-operator-776b7d	494d-j6	6m4	1/1	Runnin	ig O			94d	10.10.4.17		k8s-master	<none></none>	<none></none>

ubuntu@k8s-maste	r:~\$ kubectl get all -A									
NAMESPACE	NAME		RE	ADY	STATUS	RESTAR	TS	AGE		
calico-apiserver	pod/calico-apiserver-648b88b	pod/calico-apiserver-648b88b9c5-6mlsx 1/1				0		94d		
calico-apiserver	pod/calico-apiserver-648b88b9c5-zd5xz 1/1				Running	Θ		94d		
calico-system	pod/calico-kube-controllers-	pod/calico-kube-controllers-6cd4d8dd54-8wtzf 1/1				Θ		94d		
calico-system	pod/calico-node-2c9bl		1/	1	Running	0		94d		
calico-system	pod/calico-node-fvopk		1/	1	Running	17 (11	m ago)	94d		
calico-system	pod/calico-typha-656cc4f7d4-	xwp6m	1/	1	Running	0	-8-7	94d		
calico-system	pod/csi-node-driver-8cdc8		2/	2	Running	34 (11	m ago)	94d		
calico-system	pod/csi-node-driver-w6hk9		2/	2	Running	0	in ago,	94d		
kube-system	pod/coredns-787d4945fb-dypmp		1/	1	Running	0		94d		
kube-system	pod/coredns-787d4945fb-vnxws		1/	1	Running	0		94d		
kubo-system	pod/otcd=kgs=master		1/	1	Running	0		044		
kube-system	pod/kuba-anisarvar-k8s-masta	r	1/	1	Running	0		0Ad		
kubo-system	pod/kube-controllor-managor-	ke-mactor	1/	1	Running	0		044		
kube-system	pod/kube-controtter-manager-	kos-illas ter	1/	1	Running	0		940 04d		
kube-system	pod/kube-multus-ds-tbjnt		1/.	1	Running	0	>	940		
kube-system	pod/kube-multus-ds-v5kxm		1/.	1	Running	18 (11	m ago)	940		
kube-system	pod/kube-proxy-9qvac		1/.	1	Running	0	>	940		
kube-system	pod/kube-proxy-wcj8t		1/.	1	Running	17 (11	m ago)	94d		
kube-system	pod/kube-scheduler-k8s-maste	r	1/.	1	Running	0		94d		
tigera-operator	pod/tigera-operator-776b7d49	4d-j66m4	1/.	1	Running	Θ		94d		
NAMESPACE	NAME		TYPE		CLUSTER-IF	Р	EXTERNAL-	IP	PORT(S)	AGE
calico-apiserver	service/calico-api		Cluster	IP	10.100.134	4.232	<none></none>		443/TCP	94d
calico-system	service/calico-kube-controll	ers-metrics	Cluster	IP	None		<none></none>		9094/TCP	94d
calico-system	service/calico-typha		Cluster	IP	10.98.48.3	33	<none></none>		5473/TCP	94d
default	service/kubernetes		Cluster	IP	10.96.0.1		<none></none>		443/TCP	94d
kube-system	service/kube-dns		Cluster	IP	10.96.0.10	Ð	<none></none>		53/UDP,53/TCP,9153/TCP	94d
NAMESPACE	NAME	DESTRED	CURRENT	READ	V ПБ-ТО-	-DATE	AVATI ARI F	N		AGE
calico-system	daemonset apps/calico-pode	2	2	2	2	DATE	2	kı	ubernetes io/os=linux	94d
calico-system	daemonset apps/csi-node-driver	2	2	2	2		2	k	ubernetes io/os=linux	94d
kubo-system	daemonset apps/cst node univer	2	2	2	2		2	~		04d
kubo-system	daemonset.apps/kube-muttus us	2	2	2	2		2	k	ubornatas ja/as-linuv	94d
Kube-system (	daemonset.apps/kube-proxy	2	2	2	2		2	K	abernetes. 10/05-tinux	94u
NAMESPACE	NAME		READY	UP-T	O-DATE A	AVAILABL	E AGE			
calico-apiserver	deployment.apps/calico-apise	rver	2/2	2	2	2	94d			
calico-system	deployment.apps/calico-kube-	controllers	1/1	1	1	1	94d			
calico-system	deployment.apps/calico-typha		1/1	1	1	1	94d			
kube-system	deployment.apps/coredns		2/2	2		2	94d			
tigera-operator	deployment.apps/tigera-opera	tor	1/1	1	1	1	94d			
engena openator	acp cojmenerappo, erger a opera		-/-	-	-	-	010			
NAMESPACE	NAME			D	ESIRED (	CURRENT	READY	AGE		
calico-apiserver	replicaset.apps/calico-apise	rver-648b88	b9c5	2	2	2	2	94d		
calico-system	replicaset.apps/calico-kube-	controllers	-6cd4d8dd5	4 1	1	1	1	94d		
calico-system	replicaset.apps/calico-typha	-656cc4f7d4		1	1	1	1	94d		
kube-system	replicaset.apps/coredns-787d	4945fb		2	1	2	2	94d		
tigera-operator	replicaset.apps/tigera-opera	tor-776b7d4	94d	1	1	1	1	94d		

**Step 3** Run the **route -n** command to verify the network interface configuration. In this example, ens160 is the node's management interface. The nodes ens192, ens224, and ens256, are mapped to the ASAc interfaces.

ubuntu@k8s-worker:~\$ route -n Kernel IP routing table									
Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	Metric	Ref l	Jse	Iface		
0.0.0.0	10.10.4.1	0.0.0.0	UG	100	Θ	0	ens160		
10.10.4.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.224	U	Θ	0	0	ens160		
10.10.4.1	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	100	0	0	ens160		
10.10.4.32	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.224	U	0	0	0	ens192		
10.10.4.64	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.224	U	0	0	0	ens224		
10.10.4.96	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.224	U	0	0	0	ens256		
10.244.235.192	10.244.235.192	255.255.255.192	UG	0	0	0	vxlan.calico		
10.244.254.128	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.192	U	Θ	0	0	*		
172.17.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.0.0	U	Θ	Θ	0	docker0		

Step 4

Run the **cat** command given below to verify hugepage configuration.

ubuntu@k8s-worker:~\$ cat /proc/meminfo | grep -E 'HugePages\_Total|HugePages\_Free'
HugePages\_Total: 2048
HugePages\_Free: 2048

- **Step 5** Download the ASA docker tar bundle that includes the ASA container image from software.cisco.com to the local docker registry.
- **Step 6** Load the downloaded ASA container image into the local docker registry.
- **Step 7** Download the templates and other files from the **helm** folder in the ASAc GitHub repository.
- **Step 8** Enter the required parameter values in the values.yaml file.

```
Default values for helm.
This is a YAML-formatted file.
Declare variables to be passed into your templates.
replicas: 1
image:
repository: localhost:5000/asac:9.22.1.1
persistVolPath: /home/ubuntu/pod-path
asacMgmtInterface: "ens192"
asacInsideInterface: "ens224"
asacOutsideInterface: "ens256"
```

The parameter names along with descriptions for the parameters in the values.yaml file are given below.

Variable Name	Description
repository	ASAc image path from the local docker registry.
persistVolPath	Valid path from the worker node in which the persistent configuration file from the ASAc is stored.
asacMgmtInterface	Name of the worker node interface that is used as the ASAc management interface.
asacInsideInterface	Name of the worker node interface that is used as the ASAc inside data interface.
asacOutsideInterface	Name of the worker node interface that is used as the ASAc outside data interface.

- **Step 9** Verify the default parameter values present in the **day0-config** file. You can also update these values as per your requirement.
- **Step 10** Run the **helm install** command to deploy the helm charts and deploy ASAc in the Kubernetes framework.

```
$ helm install test-asac helm
NAME: test-asac
LAST DEPLOYED: Sun Jan 21 07:41:03 2024
NAMESPACE: default
STATUS: deployed
REVISION: 1
TEST SUITE: None
```

**Step 11** Run the **helm list -all** command to list the deployed resources and check the status of the ASAc deployment.

\$ helm lis	t -all						
NAME	NAMESPACE	REVISION	UPDATED			STATUS	CHART
Al	PP VERSION						
test-asac	default	1	2024-01-21	07:41:03.175728953	+0000 UTC	deployed	helm-0.1.0
1.1	16.0						

#### Validate ASA Container Deployment in Kubernetes Environment

Validate successful ASA container (ASAc) deployment by checking the status of the helm chart, ASAc pod, and by going through the pod events.

```
ubuntu@k8s-master:~$ helm status test-asac
NAME: test-asac
LAST DEPLOYED: Sun Jan 21 07:41:03 2024
NAMESPACE: default
STATUS: deployed
REVISION: 1
TEST SUITE: None
```

ubuntu@k8s-master:~\$ ku	ubectl ge	et pod		
NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479	1/1	Running	0	43m

ubuntu@k8s-	master:~\$	kubectl events asac-5d	8c4d547f-6k479	
LAST SEEN	TYPE	REASON	OBJECT	MESSAGE
52m	Normal	SuccessfulCreate	ReplicaSet/asac-5d8c4d547f	Created pod:
asac-5d8c4	d547f-6k4	79		
52m	Normal	ScalingReplicaSet	Deployment/asac	Scaled up
replica set	asac-5d8	c4d547f to 1		
52m	Normal	WaitForFirstConsumer	PersistentVolumeClaim/local-pvc	waiting for
first consu	mer to be	created before binding		
51m	Normal	Scheduled	Pod/asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479	Successfully
assigned d	efault/as	ac-5d8c4d547f-6k479 to 1	k8s-worker	
51m	Normal	AddedInterface	Pod/asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479	Add eth0
[10.244.254	.160/32]	from k8s-pod-network		
51m	Normal	AddedInterface	Pod/asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479	Add net1 []
from defaul	t/macvlan	-mgmt-bridge		
51m	Normal	AddedInterface	Pod/asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479	Add net2 []
from defaul	t/macvlan	-in-bridge		
51m	Normal	AddedInterface	Pod/asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479	Add net3 []
from defaul	t/macvlan	-out-bridge		
51m	Normal	Pulling	Pod/asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479	Pulling image
"dockerhub	.cisco.com	m/asac-dev-docker/asac:	9.22.x.x"	
50m	Normal	Pulled	Pod/asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479	Successfully
pulled ima	ge "docke	rhub.cisco.com/asac-dev	-docker/asac:9.22.x.x" in 1m10.641	397525s
(1m10.64142	8591s inc	luding waiting)		
50m	Normal	Created	Pod/asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479	Created
container a	sac			
50m	Normal	Started	Pod/asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479	Started
container a	sac			

### Access ASA Container Deployment Logs in Kubernetes Environment

Check the pod logs and container logs for troubleshooting any issues that may occur.

To display pod logs:

ubuntu@k8s-master:~\$ kubectl describe pod asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479

To display container logs:

ubuntu@k8s-master:~\$ kubectl logs asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479

#### **Access the ASA Container Pod in Kubernetes Environment**

Run the **kubectl attach** command to access the CLI of the ASA container (ASAc) pod and obtain required outputs. In this example, we access the CLI of the ASAc pod and run the **show version** command.



Note

You can also use ASDM to access ASAc in a Kubernetes environment.

```
ubuntu@k8s-master:~$ kubectl attach -it asac-5d8c4d547f-6k479
If you don't see a command prompt, try pressing enter.
ciscoasa> show version
Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance Software Version 9.22
SSP Operating System Version 82.16(0.179i)
Device Manager Version 7.20
Compiled on Thu 02-Nov-23 13:30 GMT by builders
System image file is "Unknown, monitor mode tftp booted image"
Config file at boot was "startup-config"
ciscoasa up 55 mins 53 secs
Start-up time 12 secs
Hardware: ASAc, 2048 MB RAM, CPU Xeon E5 series 2100 MHz, 1 CPU (1 core)
BIOS Flash Firmware Hub @ 0x0, 0KB
0: Ext: Management0/0 : address is ae15.c291.86b1, irq 0
1: Ext: GigabitEthernet0/0 : address is faff.65b8.73a9, irq 0
2: Ext: GigabitEthernet0/1 : address is be89.078a.a560, irq 0
3: Int: Internal-Data0/0 : address is 0000.0100.0001, irq 0
```