

Advanced Access Control Settings for Network Analysis and Intrusion Policies

The following topics describe how to configure advanced settings for network analysis and intrusion policies:

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About Advanced Access Control Settings for Network Analysis and Intrusion Policies

Many of the advanced settings in an access control policy govern intrusion detection and prevention configurations that require specific expertise to configure. Advanced settings typically require little or no modification and are not common to every deployment.

Requirements and Prerequisites for Advanced Access Control Settings for Network Analysis and Intrusion Policies

Model Support

Any.

Supported Domains

Any

User Roles

- Admin
- Access Admin

• Network Admin

Inspection of Packets That Pass Before Traffic Is Identified

For some features, including URL filtering, application detection, rate limiting, and Intelligent Application Bypass, a few packets must pass in order for the connection to be established, and to enable the system to identify the traffic and determine which access control rule (if any) will handle that traffic.

You must explicitly configure your access control policy to inspect these packets, prevent them from reaching their destination, and generate any events. See Specify a Policy to Handle Packets That Pass Before Traffic Identification, on page 2.

As soon as the system identifies the access control rule or default action that should handle the connection, the remaining packets in the connection are handled and inspected accordingly.

Best Practices for Handling Packets That Pass Before Traffic Identification

- The default action specified for an access control policy is NOT applied to these packets.
- Instead, use the following guidelines to choose a value for the **Intrusion Policy used before Access Control rule is determined** setting in the Advanced settings of the access control policy.
 - You can choose a system-created or custom intrusion policy. For example, you can choose **Balanced Security and Connectivity**.
 - For performance reasons, unless you have good reason to do otherwise, this setting should match the default action set for your access control policy.
 - If your system does not perform intrusion inspection (for example, in a discovery-only deployment), select **No Rules Active**. The system will not inspect these initial packets, and they will be allowed to pass.
 - By default, this setting uses the default variable set. Ensure that this is suitable for your purposes. For information, see Variable Sets.
 - The network analysis policy associated with the first matching network analysis rule preprocesses traffic for the policy you select. If there are no network analysis rules, or none match, the default network analysis policy is used.

Specify a Policy to Handle Packets That Pass Before Traffic Identification



This setting is sometimes referred to as the *default intrusion policy*. (This is distinct from the default action for an access control policy.)

Before you begin

Review best practices for these settings. See Best Practices for Handling Packets That Pass Before Traffic Identification, on page 2.

	In the access control policy editor, click Advanced , then click Edit (<i>P</i>) next to the Network Analy Intrusion Policies section.
	If View (\bigcirc) appears instead, settings are inherited from an ancestor policy, or you do not have permismodify the settings. If the configuration is unlocked, uncheck Inherit from base policy to enable ed
	Select an intrusion policy from the Intrusion Policy used before Access Control rule is determined drop-down list.
	If you choose a user-created policy, you can click Edit (<i>P</i>) to edit the policy in a new window. You edit system-provided policies.
	Optionally, select a different variable set from the Intrusion Policy Variable Set drop-down list. You
	also select Edit (\mathscr{P}) next to the variable set to create and edit variable sets. If you do not change the v set, the system uses a default set.
	Click OK .
	Click Save to save the policy.

What to do next

• Deploy configuration changes; see Deploy Configuration Changes.

Related Topics

Variable Sets

Advanced Settings for Network Analysis Policies

Network analysis policies govern how traffic is decoded and preprocessed so that it can be further evaluated, especially for anomalous traffic that might signal an intrusion attempt. This traffic preprocessing occurs after Security Intelligence matching and traffic decryption, but before intrusion policies inspect packets in detail. By default, the system-provided Balanced Security and Connectivity network analysis policy is the default network analysis policy.

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Tip The system-provided Balanced Security and Connectivity network analysis policy and the Balanced Security and Connectivity intrusion policy work together and can both be updated in intrusion rule updates. However, the network analysis policy governs mostly preprocessing options, whereas the intrusion policy governs mostly intrusion rules.

A simple way to tune preprocessing is to create and use a custom network analysis policy as the default. For advanced users with complex deployments, you can create multiple network analysis policies, each tailored to preprocess traffic differently. Then, you can configure the system to use those policies to govern the preprocessing of traffic using different security zones, networks, or VLANs.

To accomplish this, you add custom *network analysis rules* to your access control policy. A network analysis rule is simply a set of configurations and conditions that specifies how you preprocess traffic that matches those qualifications. You create and edit network analysis rules in the advanced options in an existing access control policy. Each rule belongs to only one policy.

Each rule has:

- a set of rule conditions that identifies the specific traffic you want to preprocess
- an associated network analysis policy that you want to use to preprocess traffic that meets all the rules' conditions

When it is time for the system to preprocess traffic, it matches packets to network analysis rules in top-down order by rule number. Traffic that does not match any network analysis rules is preprocessed by the default network analysis policy.

Setting the Default Network Analysis Policy

You can choose a system- or user-created policy.



Note

If you disable a preprocessor but the system needs to evaluate preprocessed packets against an enabled intrusion or preprocessor rule, the system automatically enables and uses the preprocessor although it remains disabled in the network analysis policy web interface. Tailoring preprocessing, especially using multiple custom network analysis policies, is an **advanced** task. Because preprocessing and intrusion inspection are so closely related, you **must** be careful that you allow the network analysis and intrusion policies examining a single packet to complement each other.

Procedure

Step 1 In the access control policy editor, click **Advanced**, then click **Edit** (*I*) next to the Network Analysis and Intrusion Policies section.

If **View** (\triangleleft) appears instead, settings are inherited from an ancestor policy, or you do not have permission to modify the settings. If the configuration is unlocked, uncheck **Inherit from base policy** to enable editing.

Step 2 From the Default Network Analysis Policy drop-down list, select a default network analysis policy.

If you choose a user-created policy, you can click **Edit** (\swarrow) to edit the policy in a new window. You cannot edit system-provided policies.

Step 3 Click OK.

Step 4 Click **Save** to save the policy.

What to do next

• Deploy configuration changes; see Deploy Configuration Changes.

Related Topics

Limitations of Custom Policies

Network Analysis Rules

Within your access control policy's advanced settings, you can use network analysis rules to tailor preprocessing configurations to network traffic.

Network analysis rules are numbered, starting at 1. When it is time for the system to preprocess traffic, it matches packets to network analysis rules in top-down order by ascending rule number, and preprocesses traffic according to the first rule where all the rule's conditions match.

You can add zone, network, and VLAN tag conditions to a rule. If you do not configure a particular condition for a rule, the system does not match traffic based on that criterion. For example, a rule with a network condition but no zone condition evaluates traffic based on its source or destination IP address, regardless of its ingress or egress interface. Traffic that does not match any network analysis rules is preprocessed by the default network analysis policy.

Configuring Network Analysis Rules

Procedure

In the access control policy editor, click Advanced, then click Edit (🥙) next to the Network Analysis and Step 1 Intrusion Policies section. If View () appears instead, settings are inherited from an ancestor policy, or you do not have permission to modify the settings. If the configuration is unlocked, uncheck **Inherit from base policy** to enable editing. Tip Click **Network Analysis Policy List** to view and edit existing custom network analysis policies. Step 2 Next to **Network Analysis Rules**, click the statement that indicates how many custom rules you have. Step 3 Click Add Rule. Step 4 Configure the rule's conditions by clicking the conditions you want to add; see Rule Condition Types. Step 5 Click Network Analysis and choose the Network Analysis Policy you want to use to preprocess the traffic matching this rule.) to edit a custom policy in a new window. You cannot edit system-provided policies. Click Edit (Step 6 Click Add.

What to do next

• Deploy configuration changes; see Deploy Configuration Changes.

Managing Network Analysis Rules

A network analysis rule is simply a set of configurations and conditions that specifies how you preprocess traffic that matches those qualifications. You create and edit network analysis rules in the advanced options in an existing access control policy. Each rule belongs to only one policy.

Procedure

Step 1 In the access control policy editor, click **Advanced**, then click **Edit** () next to the Intrusion and Network Analysis Policies section.

If **View** (\triangleleft) appears instead, settings are inherited from an ancestor policy, or you do not have permission to modify the settings. If the configuration is unlocked, uncheck **Inherit from base policy** to enable editing.

Step 2 Next to Network Analysis Rules, click the statement that indicates how many custom rules you have.

Step 3 Edit your custom rules. You have the following options:

- To edit a rule's conditions, or change the network analysis policy invoked by the rule, click Edit (
- To change a rule's order of evaluation, click and drag the rule to the correct location. To select multiple rules, use the Shift and Ctrl keys.
- To delete a rule, click **Delete** (¹¹) next to the rule.
- **Tip** Right-clicking a rule displays a context menu that allows you to cut, copy, paste, edit, delete, and add new network analysis rules.

Step 4 Click OK.

Step 5 Click **Save** to save the policy.

What to do next

• Deploy configuration changes; see Deploy Configuration Changes.