



# Mitigate Threats Using MITRE Framework in Snort 3 Intrusion Policies

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## About MITRE ATT&CK Framework

The MITRE ATT&CK Framework is a comprehensive knowledge base that outlines the tactics, techniques, and procedures (TTPs) used by threat actors to compromise systems. It organizes these TTPs into matrices for different operating systems and platforms, mapping each attack stage (tactics) to specific methods (techniques). Each technique includes information about execution, procedures, defenses, detections, and real-world examples.



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**Note** See <https://attack.mitre.org> for additional information about MITRE ATT&CK.

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The management center uses the MITRE ATT&CK Framework to enhance threat detection and response, incorporating the following capabilities:

- Intrusion events include TTPs, allowing administrators to manage traffic with greater granularity by grouping rules according to vulnerability type, target system, or threat category.
- Select malware events use TTPs, enhancing the ability to detect and respond to threats.
- Unified and Classic Event Viewers display tactics, techniques, attack lifecycle graphs, and contextual enrichments from the Talos taxonomy. These enrichments include MITRE tags and a hierarchical view of associated tactics, techniques, and sub-techniques. You can also filter events using MITRE identifiers.

## Benefits of MITRE Framework

- MITRE Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (TTPs) are added to intrusion events, which enable administrators to act on traffic, based on the MITRE ATT&CK framework. This enables administrators to view and handle traffic with more granularity, and group rules by vulnerability type, target system, or threat category.
- You can organize intrusion rules according to the MITRE ATT&CK framework. This allows you to customize policies according to specific attacker tactics and techniques.

## Sample Business Scenario for MITRE Network

A large corporate network uses Snort 3 as its primary intrusion detection and prevention system. In a rapidly evolving threat landscape, adoption of robust network security measures is necessary and important. Network administrators need to know if the configured policies are finding traffic of interest and if they are tracking a known attack group. For example, you may want to know if adversaries are attempting to take advantage of a weakness in your systems or applications in order to cause unanticipated behavior. The weakness in the system can be a bug, a glitch, or a design vulnerability. The applications may be websites, databases, standard services, such as Server Message Block (SMB) or Secure Shell (SSH), network device administration and management protocols or applications, such as web servers and related services.

The insights provided by the MITRE framework provides administrators with a more precise opportunity to specify protection for specific assets and protect their network from specific threat groups.

## Prerequisites for MITRE Framework

- You must be running Secure Firewall Management Center and Secure Firewall Threat Defence Version 7.3.0 or later with Snort 3.
- You must have at least one intrusion policy. See [Create a Custom Snort 3 Intrusion Policy](#).

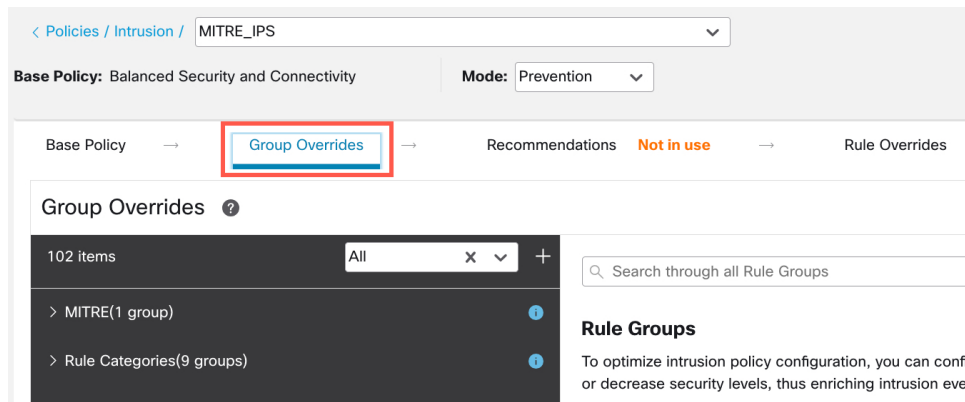
## View and Edit Your Snort 3 Intrusion Policy

### Procedure

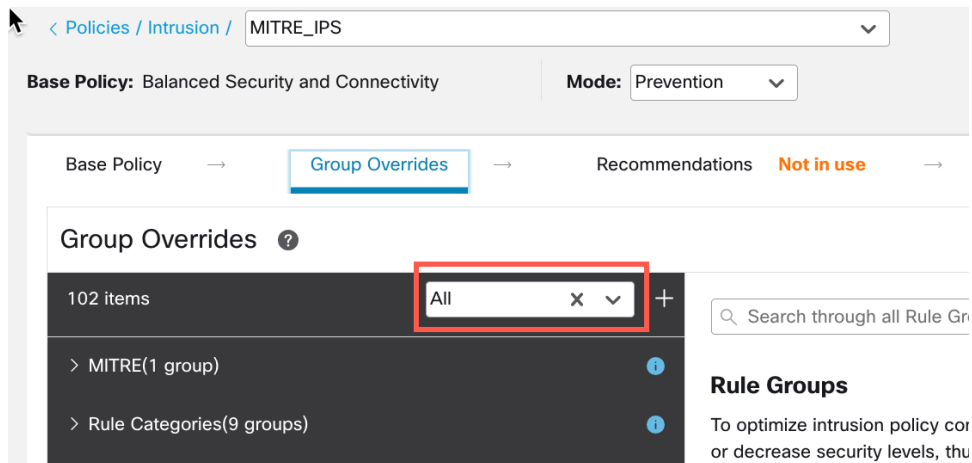
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- Step 1** Choose **Policies > Intrusion**.
- Step 2** Ensure that the **Intrusion Policies** tab is chosen.
- Step 3** Click **Snort 3 Version** next to the intrusion policy that you want to view or edit.
- Step 4** Close the Snort helper guide that is displayed.
- Step 5** Click the **Group Overrides** layer.

This layer lists all the categories of rule groups in an hierarchical structure. You can drill down to the last leaf rule group under each rule group.

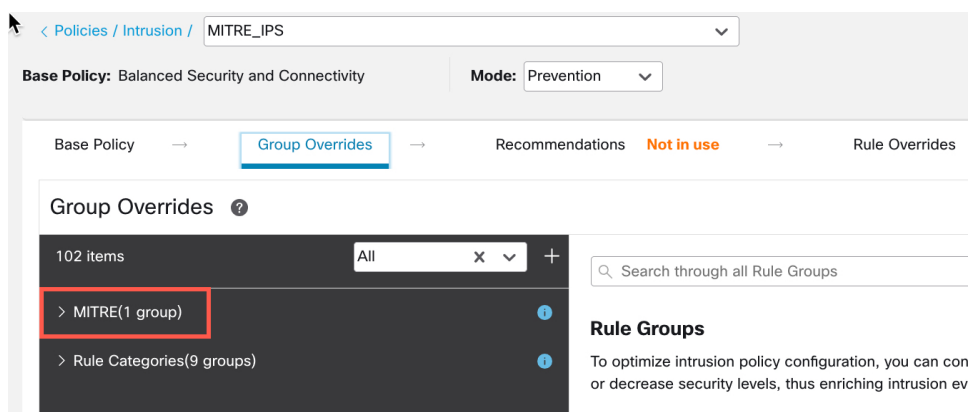


**Step 6** Under **Group Overrides**, ensure that **All** is chosen in the drop-down list, so that all the rule groups for the corresponding intrusion policy are visible in the left pane.



**Step 7** Click **MITRE** in the left pane.

**Note** Depending on your specific requirements, you can choose the **Rule Categories** rule group or any other rule group and subrule groups under it. All the rule groups use the MITRE framework.



**Step 8** Under **MITRE**, click **ATT&CK Framework** to drill down.

The screenshot shows the 'Group Overrides' section for the 'MITRE\_IPS' policy. The 'Base Policy' is 'Balanced Security and Connectivity' and the 'Mode' is 'Prevention'. The 'Group Overrides' section is active, showing a list of 102 items. The 'MITRE(1 group)' is expanded, and the 'ATT&CK Framework(1 group)' is highlighted with a red box. The 'Rule Categories(9 groups)' is also visible.

**Step 9** Under **ATT&CK Framework**, click **Enterprise** to expand it.

The screenshot shows the 'Group Overrides' section for the 'MITRE\_IPS' policy. The 'Base Policy' is 'Balanced Security and Connectivity' and the 'Mode' is 'Prevention'. The 'Group Overrides' section is active, showing a list of 102 items. The 'MITRE(1 group)' is expanded, and the 'ATT&CK Framework(1 group)' is expanded. The 'Enterprise(13 groups)' is highlighted with a red box. The 'Rule Categories(9 groups)' is also visible.

**Step 10** Click the **Edit** (✎) icon next to the **Security Level** of the rule group to make bulk changes to the security level of all the associated rule groups under the **Enterprise** rule group category.

The screenshot shows the 'Edit Security Level' window for the 'Enterprise' rule group. The 'Security Level' field is highlighted with a red box. The 'Security Level' is currently set to 1. The 'Override' field is also visible.

**Step 11** In the **Edit Security Level** window, choose a **Security Level** (in this example, 3), and click **Save**.

## Edit Security Level

## Bulk Group Security Level

Impacts 34 groups. This action will change the security level of all leaf groups within this group category.

Higher security with more detections for administrators who are willing to tolerate some network latency and low level of false positives, in an effort to catch more attacks

[← Revert to default](#)
[Cancel](#)
[Save](#)
**Step 12**

Under **Enterprise**, click **Initial Access** to expand it.

**Step 13**

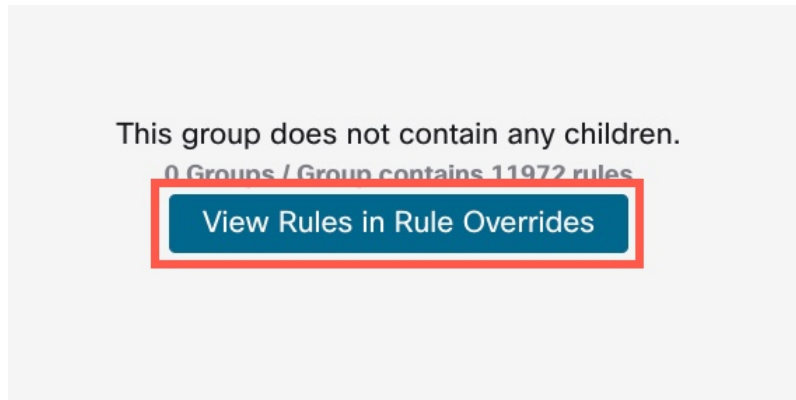
Under **Initial Access**, click **Exploit Public-Facing Application**, which is the last leaf group.

The screenshot shows the 'Group Overrides' interface. On the left, a tree view shows the hierarchy: Enterprise (13 groups) > Initial Access (5 groups) > Exploit Public-Facing Application. The 'Exploit Public-Facing Application' group is selected and highlighted with a red box. The main panel displays a table of rule groups for 'MITRE / ATT&CK Framework / Enterprise / Initial Access (TA0001)'. The table has columns for Group Name, Security Level, and Override. The 'Exploit Public-Facing Application' rule group is highlighted in the table.

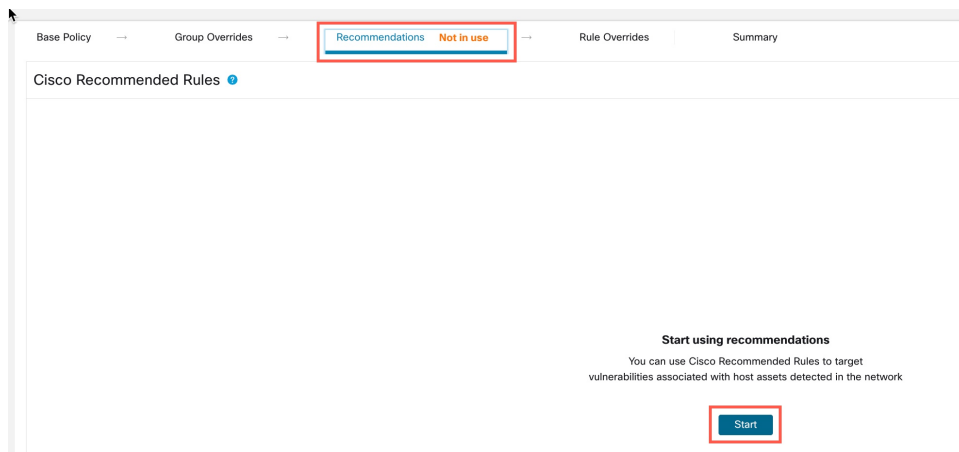
Group Name	Security Level	Override
<b>Drive-by Compromise</b> (T1189) Adversaries may gain access to a system through a user visiting a website over the normal course ...	■■■■■	⊕
<b>Exploit Public-Facing Application</b> (T1190) Adversaries may attempt to take advantage of a weakness in an Internet-facing computer or progr...	■■■■■	⊕
<b>External Remote Services</b> (T1133) Adversaries may leverage external-facing remote services to initially access and/or persist within a...	■■■■■	⊕
<b>Phishing</b> (T1566) Adversaries may send phishing messages to gain access to victim systems. All forms of phishing a...	■■■■■	⊕
<b>Valid Accounts</b> (T1078) Adversaries may obtain and abuse credentials of existing accounts as a means of gaining Initial Ac...	■■■■■	⊕

**Step 14**

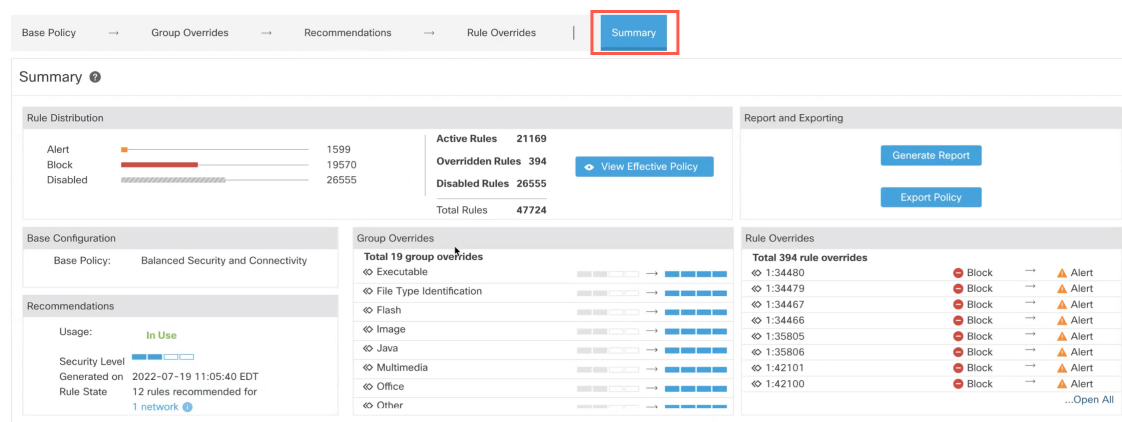
Click **View Rules in Rule Overrides** to view the different rules, rule details, rule actions, and so on, for the different rules. You can change the rule actions for one or multiple rules in the **Rule Overrides** layer.

**Step 15**

Click the **Recommendations** layer and then click **Start** to start using Cisco-recommended rules. You can use the intrusion rule recommendations to target the vulnerabilities that are associated with the host assets detected in the network. For more information, see [Generate New Secure Firewall Recommendations in Snort 3](#).

**Step 16**

Click the **Summary** layer for a holistic view of the current changes to the policy. Based on the rule overrides, security-level changes, and generation of Cisco-recommended rules, you can view the rule distribution of the policy, group overrides, rule overrides, rule recommendations, and so on, to verify your changes.



### What to do next

Deploy your intrusion policy to detect and log events that are triggered by the Snort rules. See [Deploy Configuration Changes](#).

## View Intrusion Events

You can view the MITRE ATT&CK techniques and rule groups in the intrusion events on the **Classic Event Viewer** and **Unified Event Viewer** pages. Talos provides mappings from Snort rules (GID:SID) to MITRE ATT&CK techniques and rule groups. These mappings are installed as part of the Lightweight Security Package (LSP).

### Procedure

**Step 1** Click **Analysis** and select **Events** under **Intrusions**.

**Step 2** Click the **Table View of Events** tab.

Events By Priority and Classification (switch workflow) || 2022-07-19 09:05:58 - 2022-07-19 09:05:58

No Search Constraints [\(Edit Search\)](#)

Drilldown of Event, Priority, and Classification Table View of Events Packets

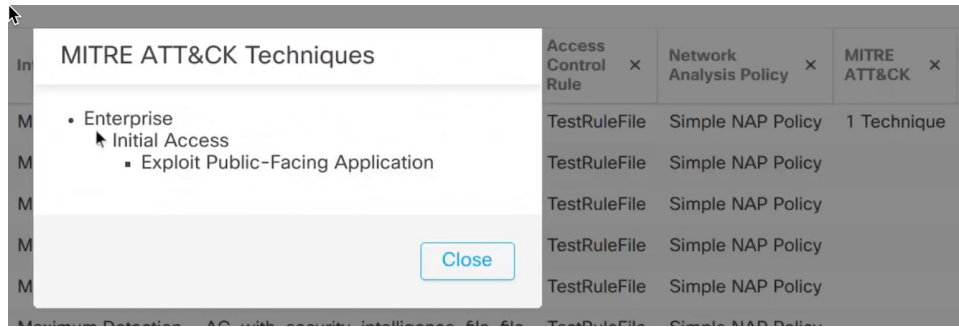
Jump to...

<input type="checkbox"/>	Time ×	Priority ×	Impact ×	Inline Result ×	Reason ×	Source IP ×	Source Country ×	Destination IP ×
▼ <input type="checkbox"/>	2022-07-19 11:17:10	high	2	Would block	Interface in Passive or Tap mode	192.168.0.227		146.112.255.69
▼ <input type="checkbox"/>	2022-07-19 11:17:06	medium	2	Would block	Interface in Passive or Tap mode	192.168.3.254		192.168.4.106
▼ <input type="checkbox"/>	2022-07-19 11:17:06	medium	3	Would block	Interface in Passive or Tap mode	54.68.177.240	USA	192.168.7.214
▼ <input type="checkbox"/>	2022-07-19 11:17:05	medium	2	Would block	Interface in Passive or Tap mode	192.168.3.254		192.168.7.241

**Step 3** Under **MITRE ATT&CK**, you can see the techniques for an intrusion event. Click **1 Technique** to view the MITRE ATT&CK techniques.

Access Control Policy ×	Access Control Rule ×	Network Analysis Policy ×	MITRE ATT&CK ×	Rule Group ×
AC_with_security_intelligence_file_file	TestRuleFile	Simple NAP Policy	1 Technique	1 Group
AC_with_security_intelligence_file_file	TestRuleFile	Simple NAP Policy		1 Group
AC_with_security_intelligence_file_file	TestRuleFile	Simple NAP Policy		1 Group
AC_with_security_intelligence_file_file	TestRuleFile	Simple NAP Policy		1 Group

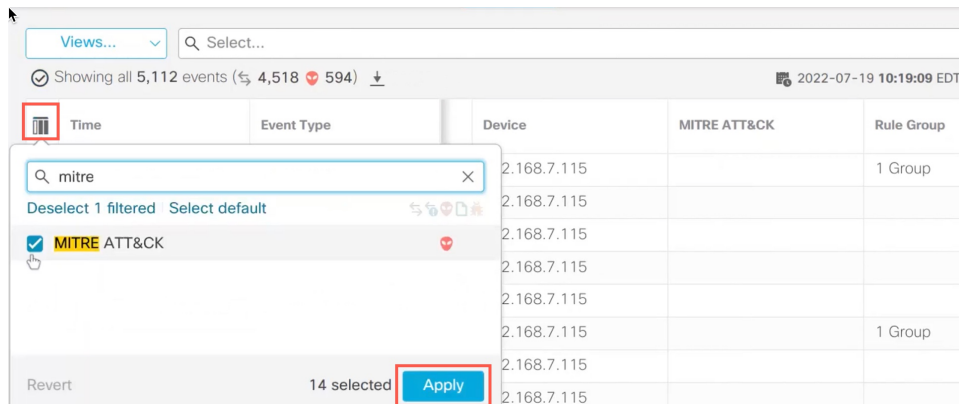
In this example, **Exploit Public-Facing Application** is the technique.



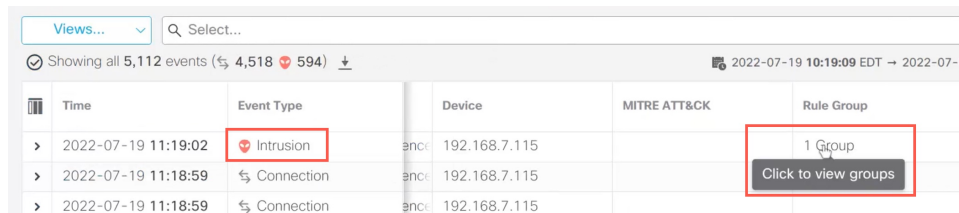
**Step 4** Click **Close**.

**Step 5** Click **Analysis** and select **Unified Events**.

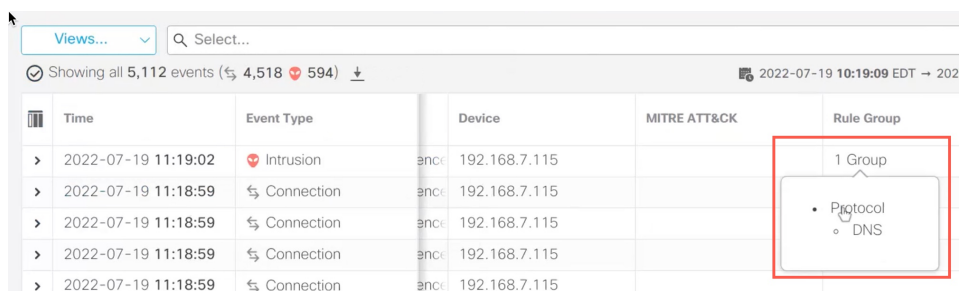
**Step 6** If not enabled, click the column selector icon to enable the **MITRE ATT&CK** and **Rule Group** columns.



**Step 7** In this example, the intrusion event is triggered by an event that is mapped to one rule group. Click **1 Group** under the **Rule Group** column.

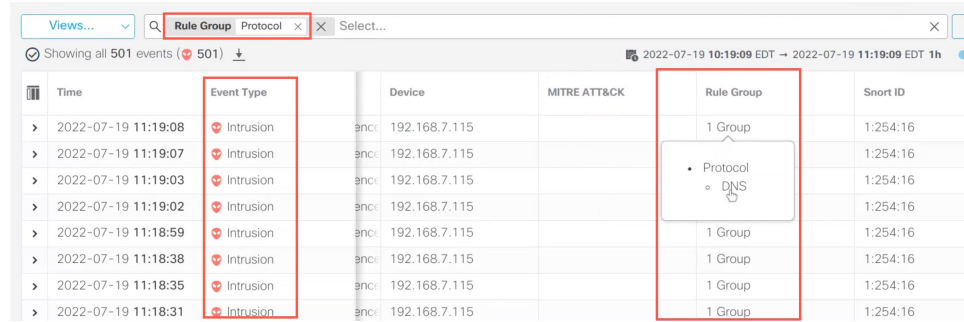


**Step 8** You can view **Protocol**, which is the parent rule group, and the DNS rule group under it. Choose **Protocol > DNS** to search for all the intrusion events that have at least one rule group that is .





The search results are displayed.



Time	Event Type	Device	MITRE ATT&CK	Rule Group	Snort ID
> 2022-07-19 11:19:08	Intrusion	enci: 192.168.7.115		1 Group	1:254:16
> 2022-07-19 11:19:07	Intrusion	enci: 192.168.7.115		1 Group	1:254:16
> 2022-07-19 11:19:03	Intrusion	enci: 192.168.7.115		1 Group	1:254:16
> 2022-07-19 11:19:02	Intrusion	enci: 192.168.7.115		1 Group	1:254:16
> 2022-07-19 11:18:59	Intrusion	enci: 192.168.7.115		1 Group	1:254:16
> 2022-07-19 11:18:38	Intrusion	enci: 192.168.7.115		1 Group	1:254:16
> 2022-07-19 11:18:35	Intrusion	enci: 192.168.7.115		1 Group	1:254:16
> 2022-07-19 11:18:31	Intrusion	enci: 192.168.7.115		1 Group	1:254:16

## Additional References

- [Intrusion Policy in Snort 3](#)
- [Edit Snort 3 Intrusion Policies](#)
- [MITRE Information in Malware Events](#)

