

# **Configuring TCP MSS Adjustment**

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# **Restrictions for TCP MSS Adjustment**

- Subinterfaces do not support TCP MSS Adjust.
- TCP MSS adjustment configuration works only if applied on an ingress interface. This configuration
  does not work if applied on an egress interface.

## Information about TCP MSS Adjustment

The Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) Maximum Segment Size (MSS) Adjustment feature enables the configuration of the maximum segment size for transient packets that traverse a router, specifically TCP segments with the SYN bit set. Use the **ip tcp adjust-mss** command in interface configuration mode to specify the MSS value on the intermediate router of the SYN packets to avoid truncation.

When a host (usually a PC) initiates a TCP session with a server, it negotiates the IP segment size by using the MSS option field in the TCP SYN packet. The value of the MSS field is determined by the MTU configuration on the host. The default MSS value for a PC is 1500 bytes.

The PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) standard supports an MTU of only 1492 bytes. The disparity between the host and PPPoE MTU size can cause the router in between the host and the server to drop 1500-byte packets and terminate TCP sessions over the PPPoE network. Even if the path MTU (which detects the correct MTU across the path) is enabled on the host, sessions may be dropped because system administrators sometimes disable the ICMP error messages that must be relayed from the host in order for path MTU to work.

The **ip tcp adjust-mss** command helps prevent TCP sessions from being dropped by adjusting the MSS value of the TCP SYN packets.

The **ip tcp adjust-mss** command is effective only for TCP connections passing through the router.

In most cases, the optimum value for the *max-segment-size* argument of the **ip tcp adjust-mss** command is 1452 bytes. This value plus the 20-byte IP header, the 20-byte TCP header, and the 8-byte PPPoE header add up to a 1500-byte packet that matches the MTU size for the Ethernet link.



Note

TCP MSS adjustment-based traffic is always software switched.

#### **Supported Interfaces**

TCP MSS Adjust is supported only on the following interfaces:

- Physical Layer 3 interface
- SVI
- · Layer 3 port channel
- Layer 3 GRE tunnel

# **How to Configure TCP MSS Adjustment**

The following sections provide configuration information for TCP MSS adjustment.

### **Configuring the MSS Value for Transient TCP SYN Packets**

#### Before you begin

Perform this task to configure the MSS for transient packets that traverse a router, specifically TCP segments with the SYN bit set.

We recommend that you use **ip tcp adjust-mss 1452** command.

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted
	Device>enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters the global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device#config terminal	
Step 3	interface type number	Configures an interface type and enters interface configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)#interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/0	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 4	ip tcp adjust-mss max-segment-size	Adjusts the MSS value of TCP SYN packets going through a router.  The max-segment-size argument is the maximum segment size, in bytes. The range is from 500 to 1460.
	Example:	
	Device(config-if) #ip tcp adjust-mss 1452	
Step 5	end	Exits to global configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-if)#end</pre>	

### **Configuring the MSS Value for IPv6 Traffic**

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted
	Device>enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters the global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device#config terminal	
Step 3	interface type number	Configures an interface type and enters interface configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config) #interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/0	
Step 4	ipv6 tcp adjust-mss max-segment-size	Adjusts the MSS value of TCP DF packets going through a device.  The max-segment-size argument is the maximum segment size, in bytes. The range is from 40 to 1440.
	Example:	
	Device(config-if)#ipv6 tcp adjust-mss 1440	
Step 5	end	Exits interface configuration mode and return to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-if)#end	
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# **Configuration Examples for TCP MSS Adjustment**

The following sections provide configuration examples for TCP MSS adjustment.

### **Example: Configuring the TCP MSS Adjustment for IPv6 traffic**

Device>enable
Device#configure terminal
Device(config)#interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/0
Device(config)#ipv6 tcp adjust-mss 1440
Device(config)#end

# **Feature History for TCP MSS Adjustment**

This table provides release and related information for the features explained in this module.

These features are available in all the releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.2	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) Maximum Segment Size (MSS) Adjustment	The TCP MSS Adjustment feature enables the configuration of the maximum segment size for transient packets that traverse a router, specifically TCP segments with the SYN bitset. This feature helps prevent TCP sessions from being dropped by adjusting the MSS value of the TCP SYN packets.
Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) Maximum Segment Size (MSS) Adjustment	This feature was implemented on C9200CX-12P-2X2G, C9200CX-8P-2X2G, and C9200CX-12T-2X2G models of the Cisco Catalyst 9200CX Series Switches, which were introduced in this release.

Use the Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support.