



Configuring COAP Proxy Server

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Restrictions for the COAP Proxy Server

The following restrictions apply to COAP proxy server:

- Switch cannot advertise itself as CoAP client using ipv6 broadcast (CSCuw26467).
- Support for Observe Not Implemented.
- Blockwise requests are not supported. We handle block-wise responses and can generate block-wise responses.
- DTLS Support is for the following modes only RawPublicKey and Certificate Based.
- Switch does not act as DTLS client. DTLS for endpoints only.
- Endpoints are expected to handle and respond with CBOR payloads.
- Client side requests are expected to be in JSON.
- Switch cannot advertise itself to other Resource Directories as IPv6, due to an IPv6 broadcast issue.

Information About the COAP Proxy Server

The COAP protocol is designed for use with constrained devices. COAP works in the same way on constrained devices as HTTP works on servers in accessing information.

The comparison of COAP and HTTP is shown below:

- In the case of a webserver: **HTTP** is the protocol; **TCP** is the transport; and **HTML** is the most common information format transported.

- In case of a constrained device: **COAP** is the protocol; **UDP** is the transport; and **JSON/link-format/CBOR** is the popular information format.

COAP provides a means to access and control device using a similar **GET/POST** metaphor and restful API as in HTTP.

How to Configure the COAP Proxy Server

To configure the COAP proxy server, you can configure the COAP Proxy and COAP Endpoints in the Configuration mode.

The commands are: **coap [proxy | endpoints]**.

Configuring the COAP Proxy

To start or stop the COAP proxy on the switch, perform the steps given below:

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **coap proxy**
4. **security** [none [[**ipv4** | **ipv6**] {*ip-address ip-mask/prefix*} | **list** {*ipv4-list name* / *ipv6-list-name*}] | **dtls** [**id-trustpoint** {*identity-trustpoint label*}] [**verification-trustpoint** {*verification-trustpoint*} | [**ipv4** | **ipv6** {*ip-address ip-mask/prefix*}] | **list** {*ipv4-list name* | *ipv6-list-name*}]]
5. **max-endpoints** {*number*}
6. **port-unsecure** {*port-num*}
7. **port-dtls** {*port-num*}
8. **resource-directory** [**ipv4** | **ipv6**] {*ip-address* }]
9. **list** [**ipv4** | **ipv6**] {*list-name*}
10. **start**
11. **stop**
12. **exit**
13. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example:	Enters global configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device# <code>configure terminal</code>	
Step 3	<p>coap proxy</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config)# coap proxy</pre>	<p>Enters the COAP proxy sub mode.</p> <p>Note To stop the coap proxy and delete all configurations under coap proxy, use the no coap proxy command.</p>
Step 4	<p>security [none [[ipv4 ipv6] {<i>ip-address ip-mask/prefix</i>} list {<i>ipv4-list name</i> <i>ipv6-list-name</i>}] dtls [id-trustpoint {<i>identity-trustpoint label</i>}] verification-trustpoint {<i>verification-trustpoint</i>} [ipv4 ipv6] {<i>ip-address ip-mask/prefix</i>}] list {<i>ipv4-list name</i> <i>ipv6-list-name</i>}]]</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-coap-proxy)# security none ipv4 1.1.0.0 255.255.0.0</pre>	<p>Takes the encryption type as argument. The two security modes supported are none and dtls</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • none - Indicates no security on that port. With security none, a maximum of 5 ipv4 and 5 ipv6 addresses can be associated. • dtls - The DTLS security takes RSA trustpoint and Verification trustpoint which are optional. Without Verification trustpoint it does the normal Public Key Exchange. With security dtls, a maximum of 5 ipv4 and 5 ipv6 addresses can be associated. <p>Note To delete all security configurations under coap proxy, use the no security command.</p>
Step 5	<p>max-endpoints {<i>number</i>}</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-coap-proxy)#max-endpoints 10</pre>	<p>(Optional) Specifies the maximum number of endpoints that can be learnt on the switch. The default value is 10. The range is 1 to 500.</p> <p>Note To delete all max-endpoints configured under coap proxy, use the no max-endpoints command.</p>
Step 6	<p>port-unsecure {<i>port-num</i>}</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-coap-proxy)#port-unsecure 5683</pre>	<p>(Optional) Configures a port other than the default 5683. The range is 1 to 65000.</p> <p>Note To delete all port configurations under coap proxy, use the no port-unsecure command.</p>
Step 7	<p>port-dtls {<i>port-num</i>}</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-coap-proxy)#port-dtls 5864</pre>	<p>(Optional) Configures a port other than the default 5684.</p> <p>Note To delete all dtls port configurations under coap proxy, use the no port-dtls command.</p>
Step 8	<p>resource-directory [ipv4 ipv6] {<i>ip-address</i>}]</p> <p>Example:</p>	<p>Configures a unicast upstream resource directory server to which the switch can act as a COAP client.</p>

	Command or Action	Purpose
	<pre>Device (config-coap-proxy) #resource-directory ipv4 192.168.1.1</pre>	<p>With resource-directory, a maximum of 5 of ipv4 and 5 ipv6, ip addresses can be configured.</p> <p>Note To delete all resource directory configurations under coap proxy, use the no resource-directory command.</p>
Step 9	<p>list [ipv4 ipv6] {list-name}</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device (config-coap-proxy) #list ipv4 trial_list</pre>	<p>(Optional) Restricts the IP address range where the lights and their resources can be learnt. Creates a named list of ip address/masks, to be used in the security [none dtls] command options above.</p> <p>With list, a maximum of 5 ip-lists can be configured, irrespective of ipv4 or ipv6. We can configure a max of 5 ip addresses per ip-list.</p> <p>Note To delete any ip list on the COAP proxy server, use the no list [ipv4 ipv6] {list-name} command.</p>
Step 10	<p>start</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device (config-coap-proxy) #start</pre>	Starts the COAP proxy on this switch.
Step 11	<p>stop</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device (config-coap-proxy) #stop</pre>	Stops the COAP proxy on this switch.
Step 12	<p>exit</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device (config-coap-proxy) # exit</pre>	Exits the COAP proxy sub mode.
Step 13	<p>end</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device (config) # end</pre>	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Configuring COAP Endpoints

To configure the COAP Proxy to support multiple IPv4/IPv6 static-endpoints, perform the steps given below:

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **coap endpoint [ipv4 | ipv6] {ip-address}**
4. **exit**
5. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	coap endpoint [ipv4 ipv6] {ip-address} Example: Device(config)# coap endpoint ipv4 1.1.1.1 Device(config)# coap endpoint ipv6 2001::1	Configures the static endpoints on the switch. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ipv4 - Configures the IPv4 Static endpoints. • ipv6 - Configures the IPv6 Static endpoints. <p>Note To stop the coap proxy on any endpoint, use the no coap endpoint [ipv4 ipv6] {ip-address} command.</p>
Step 4	exit Example: Device(config-coap-endpoint)# exit	Exits the COAP endpoint sub mode.
Step 5	end Example: Device(config)# end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Configuration Examples for the COAP Proxy Server

Examples: Configuring the COAP Proxy Server

This example shows how you can configure the port number 5683 to support a maximum of 10 endpoints.

```
Device#coap proxy security none ipv4 2.2.2.2 255.255.255.0 port 5683 max-endpoints 10
```

This example shows how to configure COAP proxy on *ipv4 1.1.0.0 255.255.0.0* with **no** security settings.

```
Device (config-coap-proxy) # security ?
  dtls dtls
  none no security

Device (config-coap-proxy) #security none ?
  ipv4 IP address range on which to learn lights
  ipv6 IPv6 address range on which to learn lights
  list IP address range on which to learn lights

Device (config-coap-proxy) #security none ipv4 ?
  A.B.C.D {/nn || A.B.C.D} IP address range on which to learn lights

Device (config-coap-proxy) #security none ipv4 1.1.0.0 255.255.0.0
```

This example shows how to configure COAP proxy on *ipv4 1.1.0.0 255.255.0.0* with **dtls id trustpoint** security settings.

```
Device (config-coap-proxy) #security dtls ?
  id-trustpoint DTLS RSA and X.509 Trustpoint Labels
  ipv4 IP address range on which to learn lights
  ipv6 IPv6 address range on which to learn lights
  list IP address range on which to learn lights

Device (config-coap-proxy) #security dtls id-trustpoint ?
  WORD Identity TrustPoint Label

Device (config-coap-proxy) #security dtls id-trustpoint RSA-TRUSTPOINT ?
  verification-trustpoint Certificate Verification Label
  <cr>

Device (config-coap-proxy) #security dtls id-trustpoint RSA-TRUSTPOINT

Device (config-coap-proxy) #security dtls ?
  id-trustpoint DTLS RSA and X.509 Trustpoint Labels
  ipv4 IP address range on which to learn lights
  ipv6 IPv6 address range on which to learn lights
  list IP address range on which to learn lights

Device (config-coap-proxy) # security dtls ipv4 1.1.0.0 255.255.0.0
```



Note For configuring **ipv4 / ipv6 / list**, the **id-trustpoint** and (optional) **verification-trustpoint**, should be pre-configured, else the system shows an error.

This example shows how to configure a Trustpoint. This is a pre-requisite for COAP **security dtls** with **id trustpoint** configurations.

```
ip domain-name myDomain
crypto key generate rsa general-keys exportable label MyLabel modulus 2048

Device(config)#crypto pki trustpoint MY_TRUSTPOINT
Device(ca-trustpoint)#rsakeypair MyLabel 2048
Device(ca-trustpoint)#enrollment selfsigned
Device(ca-trustpoint)#exit

Device(config)#crypto pki enroll MY_TRUSTPOINT
% Include the router serial number in the subject name? [yes/no]: no
% Include an IP address in the subject name? [no]: no
Generate Self Signed Router Certificate? [yes/no]: yes
```

This example shows how to configure COAP proxy on *ipv4 1.1.0.0 255.255.0.0* with **dtls verification trustpoint** (DTLS with certificates or verification trustpoints)

```
Device(config-coap-proxy)#security dtls ?
  id-trustpoint DTLS RSA and X.509 Trustpoint Labels
  ipv4 IP address range on which to learn lights
  ipv6 IPv6 address range on which to learn lights
  list IP address range on which to learn lights

Device(config-coap-proxy)#security dtls id-trustpoint ?
  WORD Identity TrustPoint Label

Device(config-coap-proxy)#security dtls id-trustpoint RSA-TRUSTPOINT ?
  verification-trustpoint Certificate Verification Label
  <cr>

Device(config-coap-proxy)#security dtls id-trustpoint RSA-TRUSTPOINT verification-trustpoint
?
  WORD Identity TrustPoint Label

Device(config-coap-proxy)#security dtls id-trustpoint RSA-TRUSTPOINT verification-trustpoint
CA-TRUSTPOINT ?
  <cr>
```

This example shows how to configure Verification Trustpoint. This is a pre-requisite for COAP **security dtls** with **verification trustpoint** configurations.

```
Device(config)#crypto pki import CA-TRUSTPOINT pkcs12 flash:hostA.p12 password cisco123
% Importing pkcs12...
```

```
Source filename [hostA.pl2]?
Reading file from flash:hostA.pl2
CRYPTO_PKI: Imported PKCS12 file successfully.
```

This example shows how to create a list named trial-list, to be used in the security [none | dtls] command options.

```
Device(config-coap-proxy)#list ipv4 trial_list
Device (config-coap-proxy-iplist)#1.1.0.0 255.255.255.0
Device (config-coap-proxy-iplist)#2.2.0.0 255.255.255.0
Device (config-coap-proxy-iplist)#3.3.0.0 255.255.255.0
Device (config-coap-proxy-iplist)#exit
Device (config-coap-proxy)#security none list trial_list
```

This example shows all the negation commands available in the coap-proxy sub mode.

```
Device(config-coap-proxy)#no ?
  ip-list           Configure IP-List
  max-endpoints     maximum number of endpoints supported
  port-unsecure     Specify a port number to use
  port-dtls         Specify a dtls-port number to use
  resource-discovery Resource Discovery Server
  security          CoAP Security features
```

This example shows how you can configure multiple IPv4/IPv6 static-endpoints on the coap proxy.

```
Device (config)# coap endpoint ipv4 1.1.1.1
Device (config)# coap endpoint ipv4 2.1.1.1
Device (config)# coap endpoint ipv6 2001::1
```

This example shows how you can display the COAP protocol details.

```
Device#show coap version
CoAP version 1.0.0
RFC 7252
```

```
Device#show coap resources
Link format data =
</>
</1.1.1.6/cisco/context>
</1.1.1.6/cisco/actuator>
</1.1.1.6/cisco/sensor>
</1.1.1.6/cisco/lldp>
</1.1.1.5/cisco/context>
</1.1.1.5/cisco/actuator>
</1.1.1.5/cisco/sensor>
</1.1.1.5/cisco/lldp>
</cisco/flood>
</cisco/context>
</cisco/showtech>
</cisco/lldp>
```

```

Device#show coap globals
Coap System Timer Values :
  Discovery   : 120 sec
  Cache Exp  : 5 sec
  Keep Alive  : 120 sec
  Client DB   : 60 sec
  Query Queue: 500 ms
  Ack delay   : 500 ms
  Timeout     : 5 sec

Max Endpoints      : 10
Resource Disc Mode : POST

```

```

-----
Device#show coap stats
Coap Stats :
Endpoints : 2
Requests : 20
Ext Queries : 0

```

```

-----
Device#show coap endpoints
List of all endpoints :

```

```

Code : D - Discovered , N - New
#    Status  Age(s)  LastWKC(s)  IP
-----
1    D       10      94          1.1.1.6
2    D        6      34          1.1.1.5

```

```

Endpoints - Total : 2 Discovered : 2 New : 0

```

```

-----
Device#show coap dtls-endpoints
#    Index State  String State  Value  Port IP
-----
1    3    SSLOK    3            48969  20.1.1.30
2    2    SSLOK    3            53430  20.1.1.31
3    4    SSLOK    3            54133  20.1.1.32
4    7    SSLOK    3            48236  20.1.1.33

```

This example shows all options available to debug the COAP protocol.

```

Device#debug coap ?
all          Debug CoAP all
database     Debug CoAP Database
errors       Debug CoAP errors
events       Debug CoAP events
packet       Debug CoAP packet
trace        Debug CoAP Trace
warnings     Debug CoAP warnings

```

Monitoring COAP Proxy Server

To display the COAP protocol details, use the commands in the following table:

Table 1: Commands to Display to COAP specific data

show coap version	Shows the IOS COAP version and the RFC information.
show coap resources	Shows the resources of the switch and those learnt by it.
show coap endpoints	Shows the endpoints which are discovered and learnt.
show coap globals	Shows the timer values and end point values.
show coap stats	Shows the message counts for endpoints, requests and external queries.
show coap dtls-endpoints	Shows the dtls endpoint status.

Table 2: Commands to Clear COAP Commands

clear coap database	Clears the COAP learnt on the switch, and the internal database of endpoint information.
----------------------------	--

To debug the COAP protocol, use the commands in the following table:

Table 3: Commands to Debug COAP protocol

debug coap database	Debugs the COAP database output.
debug coap errors	Debugs the COAP errors output.
debug coap events	Debugs the COAP events output.
debug coap packets	Debugs the COAP packets output.
debug coap trace	Debugs the COAP traces output.
debug coap warnings	Debugs the COAP warnings output.
debug coap all	Debugs all the COAP output.



Note If you wish to disable the debugs, prepend the command with a "no" keyword.

Feature History for COAP

This table provides release and related information for features explained in this module.

These features are available on all releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1	COAP	The COAP protocol is designed for use with constrained devices. COAP works in the same way on constrained devices as HTTP works on servers in accessing information.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn>.

