Configuring EIGRP MPLS VPN PE-CE

Prerequisites for MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE

- Configure MPLS Layer 3 VPNs.

- Configure the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) in the network core.

Information About MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE

How to Configure MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE

Configuring EIGRP as the Routing Protocol Between the PE and CE Devices

To configure PE-to-CE routing sessions that use EIGRP, perform this task.

Before you begin

Configure the PE device with the same routing protocol that the CE device uses.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **router bgp** *as-number*
4. **no synchronization**
5. **neighbor** *ip-address* **remote-as** *as-number*
6. **neighbor** *ip-address* **update-source loopback** *interface-number*
7. **address-family vpnv4**
8. **neighbor** *ip-address* **activate**
9. **neighbor** *ip-address* **send-community extended**
10. **exit-address-family**
11. **address-family ipv4 vrf** *vrf-name*
12. **redistribute eigrp** *as-number* [**metric** *metric-value*] [**route-map** *map-name*]
13. **no synchronization**
14. **exit-address-family**
15. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	**Purpose**
Step 1	**enable** **Example:** Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	**configure terminal** **Example:** Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	**router bgp** *as-number* **Example:** Device(config)# router bgp 10	Enters router configuration mode, and creates a BGP routing process.
Step 4	**no synchronization** **Example:** Device(config-router)# no synchronization	Configures BGP to send advertisements without waiting to synchronize with the IGP.
Step 5	**neighbor** *ip-address* **remote-as** *as-number* **Example:** Device(config-router)# neighbor 10.0.0.1 remote-as 10	Establishes peering with the specified neighbor or peer group. • In this step, you are establishing an iBGP session with the PE device that is connected to the CE device at the other CE site.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	**neighbor** *ip-address* **update-source loopback** *interface-number* **Example:** `Device(config-router)# neighbor 10.0.0.1 update-source loopback 0`	Configures BGP to use any operational interface for TCP connections. • This configuration step is not required. However, the BGP routing process will be less susceptible to the effects of interface or link flapping.
Step 7	**address-family vpnv4** **Example:** `Device(config-router)# address-family vpnv4`	Enters address family configuration mode for configuring routing sessions that use standard IPv4 address prefixes, such as BGP, RIP, and static routing sessions.
Step 8	**neighbor** *ip-address* **activate** **Example:** `Device(config-router-af)# neighbor 10.0.0.1 activate`	Establishes peering with the specified neighbor or peer group. • In this step, you are activating the exchange of VPNv4 routing information between the PE devices.
Step 9	**neighbor** *ip-address* **send-community extended** **Example:** `Device(config-router-af)# neighbor 10.0.0.1 send-community extended`	Configures the local device to send extended community attribute information to the specified neighbor. • This step is required for the exchange of EIGRP extended community attributes.
Step 10	**exit-address-family** **Example:** `Device(config-router-af)# exit-address-family`	Exits address family configuration mode and enters router configuration mode.
Step 11	**address-family ipv4 vrf** *vrf-name* **Example:** `Device(config-router)# address-family ipv4 vrf RED`	Configures an IPv4 address family for the EIGRP VRF and enters address family configuration mode. • An address-family VRF needs to be configured for each EIGRP VRF that runs between the PE and CE devices.
Step 12	**redistribute eigrp** *as-number* [**metric** *metric-value*] [**route-map** *map-name*] **Example:** `Device(config-router-af)# redistribute eigrp 101`	Redistributes the EIGRP VRF into BGP. • The autonomous system number from the CE network is configured in this step.
Step 13	**no synchronization** **Example:** `Device(config-router-af)# no synchronization`	Configures BGP to send advertisements without waiting to synchronize with the IGP.

	Command or Action	**Purpose**
Step 14	**exit-address-family** **Example:** `Device(config-router-af)# exit-address-family`	Exits address family configuration mode and enters router configuration mode.
Step 15	**end** **Example:** `Device(config-router)# end`	Exits router configuration mode and enters privileged EXEC mode.

Configuring EIGRP Redistribution in the MPLS VPN

Perform this task on every PE device that provides VPN services to enable EIGRP redistribution in the MPLS VPN.

Before you begin

The metric must be configured for routes from external EIGRP autonomous systems and non-EIGRP networks before these routes can be redistributed into an EIGRP CE device. The metric can be configured in the redistribute statement using the **redistribute** (IP) command or can be configured with the **default-metric** (EIGRP) command. If an external route is received from another EIGRP autonomous system or a non-EIGRP network without a configured metric, the route will not be advertised to the CE device.

Note Redistribution between native EIGRP VRFs is not supported. This is designed behavior.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **router eigrp** *as-number*
4. **address-family ipv4** [**multicast** | **unicast** | **vrf** *vrf-name*]
5. **network** *ip-address wildcard-mask*
6. **redistribute bgp** {*as-number*} [**metric** *bandwidth delay reliability load mtu*] [**route-map** *map-name*]
7. **autonomous-system** *as-number*
8. **exit-address-family**
9. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	**Purpose**
Step 1	**enable** **Example:** `Device> enable`	Enables privileged EXEC mode. • Enter your password if prompted.

	Command or Action	**Purpose**
Step 2	**configure terminal** **Example:** Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	**router eigrp** *as-number* **Example:** Device(config)# router eigrp 1	Enters router configuration mode and creates an EIGRP routing process. • The EIGRP routing process for the PE device is created in this step.
Step 4	**address-family ipv4** [**multicast**	**unicast**	**vrf** *vrf-name*] **Example:** Device(config-router)# address-family ipv4 vrf RED	Enters address-family configuration mode and creates a VRF. • The VRF name must match the VRF name that was created in the previous section.
Step 5	**network** *ip-address wildcard-mask* **Example:** Device(config-router-af)# network 172.16.0.0 0.0.255.255	Specifies the network for the VRF. • The network statement is used to identify which interfaces to include in EIGRP. The VRF must be configured with addresses that fall within the wildcard-mask range of the network statement.
Step 6	**redistribute bgp** {*as-number*} [**metric** *bandwidth delay reliability load mtu*] [**route-map** *map-name*] **Example:** Device(config-router-af)# redistribute bgp 10 metric 10000 100 255 1 1500	Redistributes BGP into the EIGRP. • The autonomous system number and metric of the BGP network are configured in this step. BGP must be redistributed into EIGRP for the CE site to accept the BGP routes that carry the EIGRP information. A metric must also be specified for the BGP network and is configured in this step.
Step 7	**autonomous-system** *as-number* **Example:** Device(config-router-af)# autonomous-system 101	Specifies the autonomous system number of the EIGRP network for the customer site.
Step 8	**exit-address-family** **Example:** Device(config-router-af)# exit-address-family	Exits address family configuration mode and enters router configuration mode.
Step 9	**end** **Example:** Device(config-router)# end	Exits router configuration mode and enters privileged EXEC mode.

Verifying Connectivity Between MPLS Virtual Private Network Sites

To verify that the local and remote customer edge (CE) devices can communicate across the Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) core, perform the following tasks:

Verifying IP Connectivity from CE Device to CE Device Across the MPLS Core

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **ping** [*protocol*] {*host-name* | *system-address*}
3. **trace** [*protocol*] [*destination*]
4. **show ip route** [*ip-address* [*mask*] [**longer-prefixes**]] | *protocol* [*process-id*]] | [**list** [*access-list-name* | *access-list-number*]

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1   **enable**

Enables privileged EXEC mode.

Step 2   **ping** [*protocol*] {*host-name* | *system-address*}

Diagnoses basic network connectivity on AppleTalk, Connectionless-mode Network Service (CLNS), IP, Novell, Apollo, Virtual Integrated Network Service (VINES), DECnet, or Xerox Network Service (XNS) networks. Use the **ping** command to verify the connectivity from one CE device to another.

Step 3   **trace** [*protocol*] [*destination*]

Discovers the routes that packets take when traveling to their destination. The **trace** command can help isolate a trouble spot if two devices cannot communicate.

Step 4   **show ip route** [*ip-address* [*mask*] [**longer-prefixes**]] | *protocol* [*process-id*]] | [**list** [*access-list-name* | *access-list-number*]

Displays the current state of the routing table. Use the *ip-address* argument to verify that CE1 has a route to CE2. Verify the routes learned by CE1. Make sure that the route for CE2 is listed.

Verifying That the Local and Remote CE Devices Are in the PE Routing Table

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **show ip route vrf** *vrf-name* [*prefix*]
3. **show ip cef vrf** *vrf-name* [*ip-prefix*]

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1   **enable**

Enables privileged EXEC mode.

Step 2 **show ip route vrf** *vrf-name* [*prefix*]

Displays the IP routing table that is associated with a virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance. Check that the loopback addresses of the local and remote customer edge (CE) devices are in the routing table of the provider edge (PE) devices.

Step 3 **show ip cef vrf** *vrf-name* [*ip-prefix*]

Displays the Cisco Express Forwarding forwarding table that is associated with a VRF. Check that the prefix of the remote CE device is in the Cisco Express Forwarding table.

Configuration Examples for MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE

Example: Configuring an MPLS VPN Using EIGRP

PE Configuration	CE Configuration
| | ```
ip cef

mpls ldp router-id Loopback0 force
mpls label protocol ldp
!
interface Loopback0
 ip address 10.0.0.9 255.255.255.255
!
interface FastEthernet0/0/0
 ip address 34.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
 no cdp enable
!
router eigrp 1000
 network 34.0.0.0
 auto-summary
``` |

PE Configuration	CE Configuration
| ```
ip vrf vpn1


 rd 100:1
 route-target export 100:1
 route-target import 100:1
!
ip cef
mpls ldp router-id Loopback0 force
mpls label protocol ldp
!
interface Loopback0
 ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.255
interface FastEthernet0/0/0
 ip vrf forwarding vpn1
 ip address 34.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
 no cdp enable
interface FastEthernet1/1/0
ip address 30.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
mpls label protocol ldp
mpls ip
router eigrp 1000
 auto-summary
!
address-family ipv4 vrf vpn1
 redistribute bgp 100 metric 10000 100 255 1 1500

 network 34.0.0.0
 distribute-list 20 in
 no auto-summary
 autonomous-system 1000
 exit-address-family
!
router bgp 100
no synchronization
bgp log-neighbor changes
neighbor 10.0.0.3 remote-as 100
neighbor 10.0.0.3 update-source Loopback0
no auto-summary
 !
address-family vpnv4
 neighbor 10.0.0.3 activate
 neighbor 10.0.0.3 send-community extended
 bgp scan-time import 5
 exit-address-family
 !
address-family ipv4 vrf vpn1
 redistribute connected
 redistribute eigrp
 no auto-summary
 no synchronization
 exit-address-family
``` | |

Feature Information for MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Table 1: Feature Information for MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	The MPLS VPN Support for EIGRP Between PE and CE feature allows service providers to configure the Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP) between provider edge (PE) and customer edge (CE) devices in a Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) virtual private network (VPN) and offer MPLS VPN services to those customers that require native support for EIGRP.