

# **Configuring RadSec**

This chapter describes how to configure RadSec over Transport Layer Security (TLS) and Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) servers.

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### **Restrictions for Configuring RadSec**

The following restrictions apply to the RadSec feature:

- A RADIUS client uses an ephemeral port as the source port. This source port should not be used for UDP, Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS), and Transport Layer Security (TLS) at the same time.
- Although there is no configuration restriction, we recommend that you use the same type—either only TLS or only DTLS—for a server under an AAA server group.
- RadSec is not supported on the DTLS port range 1 to 1024.



**Note** DTLS ports must be configured to work with the RADIUS server.

- RadSec is not supported with high availability.
- RADIUS Change of Authorization (CoA) reception of request and transmission of response over the same authentication channel is supported with RadSec over TLS only. It is not supported over DTLS or plain RADIUS.
- The tls watchdoginterval command is not applicable for Packet of Disconnect (PoD) use cases.
- FQDN configuration for CoA is not supported.

### Information About RadSec

RadSec provides encryption services over the RADIUS server transported over a secure tunnel. RadSec over TLS and DTLS is implemented in both client and device servers. While the client side controls RADIUS AAA, the device side controls CoA.

You can configure the following parameters:

- Individual client-specific idle timeout, client trustpoint, and server trustpoint.
- Global CoA-specific TLS or DTLS listening port and the corresponding list of source interfaces.



**Note** You can disable TLS or DTLS for a specific server by using the **no tls** or **no dtls** command in radius server configuration mode.

RadSec CoA request reception and CoA response transmission over the same authentication channel can be enabled by configuring the **tls watchdoginterval** command. The TLS watchdog timer must be lesser than the TLS idle timer so that the established tunnel remains active if RADIUS test authentication packets are seen before the idle timer expires. If the tunnel is torn down and **tls watchdoginterval** command is enabled, the tunnel gets re-established immediately. If **tls watchdoginterval** command is disabled, CoA requests on the same authentication channel are discarded.

# **How to Configure RadSec**

The following sections provide information about the various tasks that comprise RadSec configuration.

### **Configuring RadSec over TLS**

Pro	ced	lure
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	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example: Device> enable	Enter your password, if prompted.
Step 2	<pre>configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal</pre>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	<pre>radius server radius-server-name Example: Device(config)# radius server R1</pre>	Specifies the name for the RADIUS server configuration for Protected Access Credential (PAC) provisioning, and enters RADIUS server configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 4	Command or Action         tls [connectiontimeout         connection-timeout-value] [idletimeout         idle-timeout-value] [[ip   ipv6] {radius         source-interface interface-name  vrf         forwarding forwarding-table-name } ]         [match-server-identity {email-address         email-address   hostname host-name           ip-address ip-address }] [port port-number]         [retries number-of-connection-retries]         [trustpoint {client trustpoint name   server         trustpoint name }] [watchdoginterval interval]         Example:	<ul> <li>Purpose</li> <li>Configures the TLS parameters. You can configure the following parameters:</li> <li>connectiontimeout: Configures TLS connection timeout value. The default is 5 seconds.</li> <li>idletimeout: Configures the TLS idle timeout value. The default is 60 seconds.</li> <li>ip: Configures IP source parameters.</li> <li>ipv6: Configures IPv6 source parameters.</li> <li>match-server-identity: Configures</li> </ul>
	<pre>connectioning radius borror) # the connectiontimeout 10 Device(config-radius-server) # the idletimeout 75 Device(config-radius-server) # the ip radius source-interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/1 Device(config-radius-server) # the ipv6 vrf forwarding table-1 Device(config-radius-server) # the match-server-identity ip-address 10.1.1.10 Device(config-radius-server) # the port 10 Device(config-radius-server) # the trustpoint chient TP-self-signed-721943660 Device(config-radius-server) # the trustpoint server isetp Device(config-radius-server) # the watchdoginterval 10</pre>	<ul> <li>Note This is a mandatory configuration.</li> <li>port: Configures the TLS port number. The default is 2083.</li> <li>retries: Configures the number of TLS connection retries. The default is 5.</li> <li>trustpoint: Configures the TLS trustpoint for a client and a server. If the TLS trustpoint for the client and server are the same, the trustpoint name should also be the same for both.</li> <li>watchdoginterval: Configures the watchdog interval. This enables CoA requests to be received on the same authentication channel. It also serves as a keepalive to keep the TLS tunnel up, and re-establishes the tunnel if it is torn down.</li> <li>Note watchdoginterval value must be lesser than idletimeout, for the established tunnel to remain up.</li> </ul>
Step 5	<pre>end Example: Device(config-radius-server)# end</pre>	Exits RADIUS server configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

### **Configuring Dynamic Authorization for TLS CoA**

# Note

When the **tls watchdoginterval** command is enabled, the client IP configuration under **aaa server radius dynamic-author** command is not used. Instead, the key configured under **radius server** command is used for CoA transactions.

#### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password, if prompted.
	Device> <b>enable</b>	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	aaa server radius dynamic-author Example: Device (config) # aaa server radius dynamic-author	Enters dynamic authorization local server configuration mode and specifies the RADIUS client from which a device accepts CoA and disconnect requests. Configures the device as an AAA server to facilitate interaction with an external policy server.
Step 4	<pre>client {ip-addr   hostname} [tls [client-tp client-tp-name] [ idletimeout idletimeout-interval ] [server-key server-key] [server-tp server-tp-name]] Example: Device (config=locsvr-da-radius) # client 10.104.49.14 tls idletimeout 100 client-tp tls_ise server-tp tls_client server-key key1</pre>	<ul> <li>Configures the IP address or hostname of the AAA server client. You can configure the following optional parameters:</li> <li>tls: Enables TLS for the client.</li> <li>client-tp: Configures the client trustpoint.</li> <li>idletimeout: Configures the TLS idle timeout value.</li> <li>server-key: Configures a RADIUS client server key.</li> <li>server-tp: Configures the server trustpoint.</li> </ul>
Step 5	end Example: Device(config-locsvr-da-radius)# end	Exits dynamic authorization local server configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

# **Configuring RadSec over DTLS**

#### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	Enter your password, if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	radius server radius-server-name	Specifies the name for the RADIUS server	
	Example:	configuration for Protected Access Credential	
	• Device(config)# radius server R1	(PAC) provisioning, and enters RADIUS server	
	-		
Step 4	dtls [connectiontimeout	Configures DTLS parameters. You can	
	<i>connection-timeout-value</i> [Idletimeout	configure the following parameters:	
	source-interface interface-name vrf	• <b>connectiontimeout</b> : Configures the DTLS connection timeout value. The default is 5 seconds.	
	forwarding forwarding-table-name ]		
	[match-server-identity {email-address		
	email-address   hostname host-name	• idletimeout: Configures the DTLS idle	
<pre>ip-address ip-address}] [port port-number]</pre>		timeout value. The default is 60 seconds.	
	[retries number-of-connection-retries]	<b>Note</b> When the idle timeout expires	
	[ <b>trustpoint</b> { <b>client</b> <i>trustpoint name</i>   <b>server</b> <i>trustpoint name</i> }]	and there are no transactions after the last idle timeout the DTLS	
	Example:	session is closed. When the	
	Device(config-radius-server)# <b>dtls</b>	session is re-established, restart	
	connectiontimeout 10	the idle timer for the session to	
	Device(config-radius-server)# dtls idletimeout 75	work.	
	Device(config-radius-server)# dtls	If the configured idle timeout is	
	retries 15	30 seconds, when the timeout	
	radius source-interface GigabitEthernet	expires, the number of RADIUS	
	1/0/1	DTLS transactions are checked.	
	Device (config-radius-server) # dtls ipv6	If the RADIUS DILS packets are	
	Device(config-radius-server)# <b>tls</b>	counter is reset and the timer is	
	match-server-identity ip-address	started again.	
	10.1.1.10 Device(config-radius-server)# dtls port		
10		• ip: Configures IP source parameters.	
	Device(config-radius-server)# dtls		
	TP-self-signed-721943660	<ul> <li><b>ipvo</b>: Configures IPv6 source parameters.</li> <li><b>match-server-identity</b>: Configures</li> </ul>	
	Device(config-radius-server)# <b>dtls</b>		
	trustpoint server isetp	RadSec certification validation parameters.	
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	Command or Action	Purpose	
		<b>Note</b> This is a mandatory configuration.	
		• <b>port</b> : Configures the DTLS port number. The default is 2083.	
		• <b>retries</b> : Configures the number of DTLS connection retries. The default is 5.	
		• <b>trustpoint</b> : Configures the DTLS trustpoint for the client and the server. If the DTLS trustpoint for the client and server are the same, the trustpoint name should also be the same for both.	
Step 5	end	Exits RADIUS server configuration mode and	
	Example:	returns to privileged EXEC mode.	
	Device(config-radius-server)# <b>end</b>		

### **Configuring Dynamic Authorization for DTLS CoA**

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	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password, if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	aaa server radius dynamic-author Example: Device(config)# aaa server radius dynamic-author	Enters dynamic authorization local server configuration mode and specifies a RADIUS client from which the device accepts CoA and disconnect requests. Configures the device as an AAA server to facilitate interaction with an external policy server.
Step 4	<pre>client {ip-addr   hostname} [dtls [client-tp client-tp-name] [ idletimeout idletimeout-interval ] [server-key server-key] [server-tp server-tp-name]] Example: Device (config-locsvr-da-radius) # client 10.104.49.14 dtls idletimeout 100 client-tp</pre>	<ul> <li>Configures the IP address or hostname of the AAA server client. You can configure the following optional parameters:</li> <li>tls: Enables TLS for the client.</li> <li>client-tp: Configures the client trustpoint.</li> </ul>

	Command or Action	Purpose
	tls_ise server-tp tls_client server-key key1	<ul> <li>idletimeout: Configures the TLS idle timeout value.</li> <li>server-key: Configures a RADIUS client server key.</li> <li>server-tp: Configures the server trustpoint.</li> </ul>
Step 5	<pre>dtls {{ip   ipv6} radius source-interface interface-name   port radius-dtls-server-port-number} Example: Device(config=locsvr-da-radius)# dtls ip radius source-interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/24 Device(config=locsvr-da-radius)# dtls port 100</pre>	<ul> <li>Configures the RADIUS CoA server. You can configure the following parameters:</li> <li>{ip   ipv6} radius source-interface <i>interface-name</i>: Specifies the interface for the source address in the RADIUS CoA server.</li> <li>port radius-dtls-server-port-number: Specifies the port on which the local DTLS RADIUS server listens.</li> </ul>
Step 6	end Example: Device(config-locsvr-da-radius)# end	Exits dynamic authorization local server configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

# **Monitoring RadSec**

Use the following commands to monitor TLS and DTLS server statistics.

Table 1: Monitoring TLS and DTLS Server Statistics

Command	Purpose
show aaa servers	Displays information related to TLS and DTLS servers.
clear aaa counters servers radius {server id   all}	Clears the RADIUS TLS-specific or DTLS-specific statistics.
debug radius radsec	Enables RADIUS RadSec debugs.

# **Configuration Examples for RadSec**

The following examples help you understand the RadSec configuration better.

### Example: Configuring RadSec over TLS

The following example shows how to configure RadSec over TLS:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# radius server R1
Device(config-radius-server)# tls connectiontimeout 10
Device(config-radius-server)# tls idletimeout 75
Device(config-radius-server)# tls retries 15
Device(config-radius-server)# tls ip radius source-interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/1
Device(config-radius-server)# tls ip vrf forwarding table-1
Device(config-radius-server)# tls port 10
Device(config-radius-server)# tls trustpoint client TP-self-signed-721943660
Device(config-radius-server)# tls watchdoginterval 10
Device(config-radius-server)# tls watchdoginterval 10
Device(config-radius-server)# tls watchdoginterval 10
```

### Example: Configuring Dynamic Authorization for TLS CoA

The following example shows how to configure dynamic authorization for TLS CoA:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# aaa server radius dynamic-author
Device(config-locsvr-da-radius)# client 10.104.49.14 tls idletimeout 100
client-tp tls_ise server-tp tls_client
Device(config-locsvr-da-radius)# end
```

### Example: Configuring RadSec over DTLS

The following example shows how to configure RadSec over DTLS:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# radius server R1
Device(config-radius-server)# dtls connectiontimeout 10
Device(config-radius-server)# dtls idletimeout 75
Device(config-radius-server)# dtls retries 15
Device(config-radius-server)# dtls ip radius source-interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/1
Device(config-radius-server)# dtls ip vrf forwarding table-1
Device(config-radius-server)# dtls port 10
Device(config-radius-server)# dtls trustpoint client TP-self-signed-721943660
Device(config-radius-server)# dtls trustpoint server isetp
Device(config-radius-server)# end
```

### Example: Configuring Dynamic Authorization for DTLS CoA

The following example shows how to configure dynamic authorization for DTLS CoA:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# aaa server radius dynamic-author
Device(config-locsvr-da-radius)# client 10.104.49.14 dtls idletimeout 100
client-tp dtls_ise server-tp dtls_client
Device(config-locsvr-da-radius)# dtls ip radius source-interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/24
Device(config-locsvr-da-radius)# dtls port 100
Device(config-locsvr-da-radius)# end
```

# **Feature History for Configuring RadSec**

This table provides release and related information for the features explained in this module.

These features are available in all the releases subsequent to the one they were introduced in, unless noted otherwise.

Release	Feature	Feature Information
Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.4.1	Configuring RadSec	RadSec provides encryption services over the RADIUS server, which is transported over a secure tunnel.
Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.1	Radsec CoA over Same Tunnel	RadSec CoA request reception and CoA response transmission can be done over the same authentication channel.
Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1	Configuring RadSec	Support for this feature was introduced on the Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module (C9600X-SUP-2).

Use the Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform and software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to Cisco Feature Navigator.