



## Troubleshooting Information

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## Feature Summary and Revision History

### Summary Data

**Table 1: Summary Data**

Applicable Product(s) or FunctionalArea	SMF
Applicable Platform(s)	SMI
Feature Default Setting	Not Applicable
Related Changes in this Release	Not Applicable
Related Documentation	Not Applicable

### Revision History

**Table 2: Revision History**

Revision Details	Release
Added the wait time display for ongoing bulk clear subscriber CLI and blocking the consecutive CLI.	2023.04.0

Revision Details	Release
<p>Added the following support:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enabling UPF Monitor Subscriber from SMF.</li> <li>• Session Count per slice and NSSAI.</li> </ul>	2023.03.0
<p>As part of the IP pool allocation per slice and DNN feature, added example configuration to configure NSSAI labels of smf_service_stats metrics.</p>	2022.04.0
<p>Introduced support for classification and configuration of application metrics</p>	2021.02.3
<p>Added support for the following enhancements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The <b>show subscriber nf-service smf smf_url</b> command to show subscriber details based on the IP address value of the vSMF or hSMF.</li> <li>• The <b>clear subscriber nf-service smf smf_url</b> command to clear subscriber details based on the IP address value of the vSMF or hSMF.</li> <li>• The <b>clear subscriber nf-service smf smf_url</b> command to clear subscriber details based on the IP address value of the vSMF or hSMF.</li> <li>• The <b>show subscriber supi supi_id nf-service smf psid psid_value full</b> command to show detailed subscriber information for roaming-specific use case as hSMF and vSMF.</li> <li>• The <b>show subscriber supi supi_id nf-service smf psid psid_value summary</b> command to show detailed information about subscriber sessions for roaming-specific use case as hSMF and vSMF.</li> </ul>	2021.02.2
<p>Added support for the following enhancements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The <b>show subscriber supi supi_value nf-service smf psid psid_value summary</b> command to provide detailed information about subscriber sessions.</li> <li>• The <b>clear subscriber nf-service smf</b> and <b>show subscriber nf-service smf</b> commands with supported keywords and filters.</li> <li>• The <b>clear subscriber</b> and <b>clear subscriber nf-service smf</b> commands to support the <b>reactivation</b> keyword to clear sessions when release cause as reactivation-required is configured. This enhancement also supports disconnect and release reasons.</li> <li>• The <b>imei</b> keyword for <b>monitor subscriber</b>, <b>clear subscriber</b>, and <b>show subscriber</b> CLI commands.</li> </ul>	2021.02.0
<p>First introduced.</p>	Pre-2020.02.0

# Description

This chapter provides information on using the command line interface (CLI) commands, alerts, metrics, monitor tools, and logs for troubleshooting any issues that may arise during system operation.

## Using CLI Data

This section describes the show and clear commands and the monitor commands that are used for troubleshooting.

## Show and Clear Commands

### show Commands

This section lists some of the key show commands that are available for troubleshooting the issues. The output of these show commands provides specific configuration and status information.

#### show config-error

Use this command to display the configuration error-related information for all pods in the cluster. The following sample output is for the **show config-error** command:

```
[smf] smf# show config-error
ERROR
COMPONENT          ERROR DESCRIPTION
-----
RuleBase           Default bandwidth policy does not exist in rulebase <rba1> for charging
action <ca1> .Dropping ruleDef <rd1>
RuleBase           Default bandwidth policy does not exist in rulebase <rba6> for charging
action <ca1>.Dropping ruleDef <rda60>
RuleBase           Default bandwidth policy does not exist in rulebase <rba6> for charging
action <ca1>.Dropping ruleDef <rda61>
ChargingAction     Packet filter <pkt1234> configured for charging action <ca4> associated
with rulebase <rbl> does not exist
BandwidthPolicy    Uplink peak data rate less than committed data rate in charging action
<ca6>Dropping ruleDef <rd6>
```

**Table 3: Output Field Descriptions for the show config-error Command**

Field	Description
Error Component	Specifies the error component.
Error Description	Specifies the description of the Error.

### show diagnostics

Use this command to display the diagnostics information. The following sample output is for the **show diagnostics** command:

```
[smf] smf# show diagnostics
```

POD INSTANCE	DIAGNOSTIC	COMPONENT	START TIME	STATUS	RETRIES
bgpspeaker-pod-1	Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:24.674	Success	0
bgpspeaker-pod-1	System Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:24.676	Success	0
sgw-service-0	Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:17.152	Success	0
sgw-service-0	System Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:17.154	Success	0
sgw-service-0	Cache Pod	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:27.223	Success	0
sgw-service-0	SESSION_DB Datastore	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:17.155	Success	0
li-ep-0	Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:20.743	Success	0
li-ep-0	System Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:20.741	Success	0
smf-service-1	Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:19.216	Success	0
smf-service-1	System Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:19.218	Success	0
smf-service-1	Cache Pod	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:26.276	Success	0
smf-service-1	SESSION_DB Datastore	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:19.220	Success	0
dns-proxy-0	Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:21.885	Success	0
dns-proxy-0	System Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:21.887	Success	0
protocol2-1	System Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:24.858	Success	0
protocol2-1	Cache Pod	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:25.937	Success	0
protocol2-1	Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:24.856	Success	0
nodemgr-0	System Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:14.831	Success	0
nodemgr-0	Cache Pod	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:26.485	Success	0
nodemgr-0	SESSION_DB Datastore	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:14.833	Success	0
nodemgr-0	Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:14.835	Success	0
nodemgr-1	Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:23.068	Success	0
nodemgr-1	System Topology	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:23.071	Success	0
nodemgr-1	Cache Pod	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:26.690	Success	0
nodemgr-1	SESSION_DB Datastore	AppInfra	2022/03/08 20:36:23.066	Success	0

**Table 4: Output Field Descriptions for the show diagnostics Command**

Field	Description
Component	Specifies the component name.
Diagnostics	Specifies the diagnostics details.
Pod Instance	Specifies the instance information of the pod.
Retries	Specifies the retry count.
Start Time	Specifies the start time of the application.
Status	Specifies if the diagnostics status is successful or not.

### show endpoint all

Use this command to display the list of all internal and external endpoints running on all pods in the cluster. The following sample output is for the **show endpoint all** command:

```
[smf] smf# show endpoint all
```

GR INSTANCE	ENDPOINT	START TIME	STOPPED TIME	ADDRESS	TYPE	STATUS
INTERFACE	INTERNAL	TIME	TIME			

```

cache-pod          xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Grpc  Started  cache-pod
  true            4 weeks <none>  0
cache-pod          xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Grpc  Started  cache-pod
  true            4 weeks <none>  0
internal-admin-ep  xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Rest  Started  internal-admin-ep
  true            4 weeks 4 weeks  0
internal-admin-ep  xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Rest  Started  internal-admin-ep
  true            4 weeks <none>  0
internal-admin-ep  xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Rest  Started  internal-admin-ep
  true            4 weeks <none>  0
:
:
keep-alived-ep     xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Tcp   Started  keep-alived-ep
  true            2 weeks <none>  0
keep-alived-ep     xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Tcp   Started  keep-alived-ep
  true            2 weeks <none>  0
oam-grpc-ep        xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Grpc  Started  oam-grpc-ep
  true            4 weeks <none>  0
oam-rest-ep        xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Rest  Started  oam-rest-ep
  true            4 weeks <none>  0

```

**Table 5: Output Field Descriptions for the show endpoint all Command**

Field	Description
Address	Specifies the host and port of the endpoint.
Endpoint	Specifies the name of the endpoint.
GR Instance	Specifies the GR instance.
Interface	Specifies the interface name of the endpoint.
Internal	Specifies the type of the endpoint (Internal or External).
Start Time	Specifies the start time of the endpoint.
Status	Specifies current status of the endpoint.
Stopped Time	Specifies the end time of the endpoint.
Type	Specifies the type of the endpoint.

### show endpoint info

Use this command to display the list of endpoints running on all pods in the cluster. The following sample output is for the **show endpoint info** command:

```

[smf] smf# show endpoint info
                                     START
STOPPED GR
ENDPOINT ADDRESS TYPE STATUS INTERFACE INTERNAL TIME
TIME INSTANCE
-----
sbi          xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:0000 Rest Started rest      false  2 weeks
<none>      0
sbi          xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:0000 Rest Started rest      false  2 weeks
<none>      0

```

**Table 6: Output Field Descriptions for the *show endpoint all* Command**

Field	Description
Address	Specifies the host and port of the endpoint.
Endpoint	Specifies the name of the endpoint.
GR Instance	Specifies the GR instance.
Interface	Specifies the interface name of the endpoint.
Internal	Specifies the type of the endpoint (Internal or External).
Start Time	Specifies the start time of the endpoint.
Status	Specifies current status of the endpoint.
Stopped Time	Specifies the end time of the endpoint.
Type	Specifies the type of the endpoint.

### show geo-maintenance-mode

Use this command to display whether the maintenance mode is enabled or disabled. The following sample output is for the **show geo-maintenance-mode** command:

```
[smf] smf# show geo-maintenance-mode
result "geo-maintenance-mode is disabled"

[smf] smf# show geo-maintenance-mode
result "geo-maintenance-mode is enabled"
```

### show georeplication checksum instance-id

Use this command to display replication details for etcd and cache-pod data. The following sample output is for the **show georeplication checksum instance-id** command:

```
[smf] smf# show georeplication checksum instance-id
Value for 'instance-id' (<string>): 1
checksum-details
--      ----  -----
ID      Type   Checksum
--      ----  -----
1       ETCD   1646812528
IPAM    CACHE 1646812528
NRFMgmt CACHE 1646812528
```

### show georeplication-status

Use this command to display the replication status between two racks in a Geo setup.

The following sample output displays, if the connection is successful:

```
[smf] smf# show georeplication-status
result "pass"
```

The following sample output displays, if there is an error:

```
[smf] smf# show georeplication-status
result "fail: [424] checksum mismatch"
```

**show helm**

The **show helm** command displays the version information for the SMF system image.

**show ipam pool**

Field	Description
PoolName	Name of the Address Pool.
Ipv4Utilization	Utilization percentage for IPv4 address for this pool.
Ipv6AddrUtilization	Utilization percentage for IPv6 address for this pool.
Ipv6PrefixUtilization	Utilization percentage for IPv6 prefix address for this pool.

**show ipam pool <pool-name>**

Field	Description
Ipv4Addr [Total/Used/Utilization]	Total IPv4 address available(configured for this pool) / Number of used address / Utilization percentage for IPv4 address.
Ipv6Addr [Total/Used/Utilization]	Total IPv6 address available(configured for this pool) / Number of used address / Utilization percentage for IPv6 address.
Ipv6Prefix [Total/Used/Utilization]	Total IPv6 prefix address available(configured for this pool) / Number of used address / Utilization percentage for IPv6 prefix

**show ipam pool <pool-name> ipv4-addr**

Field	Description
StartAddress	Start address of the range.
EndAddress	End address of the range.
AllocContext	Name of data plane to which this address range is allocated.
Flag	Flag Indicate weather pool is Static or if it is offline.

**show ipam pool <pool-name> ipv6-addr**

Field	Description
StartAddress	Start address of the range.

**show ipam pool <pool-name> ipv6-prefix**

Field	Description
EndAddress	End address of the range.
AllocContext	Name of data plane to which this address range is allocated.
Flag	Flag Indicate weather pool is Static or if it is offline.

**show ipam pool <pool-name> ipv6-prefix**

Field	Description
StartAddress	Start address of the range.
EndAddress	End address of the range.
AllocContext	Name of data plane this address range is allocated.
Flag	Flag Indicates whether pool is Static or if it is offline, S(Static) and O(Offline).

**show ipam dp**

Field	Description
DpName	Name of the data plane which is registered.
Ipv4Utilization	Utilization percentage for IPv4 by this data plane.
Ipv6AddrUtilization	Utilization percentage for Ipv6 address by this data plane.
Ipv6PrefixUtilization	Utilization percentage for Ipv6 prefix by this data plane.

**show ipam dp <dataplane-name>**

Field	Description
Ipv4Addr [Total/Used/Utilization]	Total IPv4 address available(configured for this data plane) / Number of used address / Utilization percentage for IPv4.
Ipv6Addr [Total/Used/Utilization]	Total IPv6 address available(configured for this data plane) / Number of used address / Utilization percentage for IPv6.
Ipv6Prefix [Total/Used/Utilization]	Total IPv6 prefix address available(configured for this data plane) / Number of used address / Utilization percentage for IPv6 prefix.



**show ipam dp <dataplane-name> ipv4-address**

Field	Description
StartAddress	Start address of the range.
EndAddress	End address of the range.
Route	Route allocated for this data plane.
N/P	Display the NodeMgr instance IDs from which it received routes Flag Indication S(Static) and O(Offline).

**show ipam pool <pool-name> ipv6-addr**

Field	Description
StartAddress	Start address of the range.
EndAddress	End address of the range.
AllocContext	Name of data plane to which this address range is allocated.
Flag	Flag Indicate weather pool is Static or if it is offline.

**show ipam**

Field	Description
PoolName	Displays Ipv4Utilization, Ipv6AddrUtilization, and Ipv6PrefixUtilization.
DpName	Displays Ipv4Utilization, Ipv6AddrUtilization, and Ipv6PrefixUtilization.

**show nrf registration-info**

*Table 7: show nrf registration-info Command Output Description*

Field	Description
NF Status	Displays the NRF registration information.
Registration Time	Displays the time of registration with NRF.
Active MgmtEP Name	Displays the active NRF management endpoint name.
Heartbeat Duration	Displays the heartbeat duration.
Uri	Displays the Uri information.

Field	Description
Host Type	Displays the NRF host type information.
GR Instance ID	Displays the GR instance ID.

**show nrf subscription-info**

*Table 8: show nrf subscription-info Command Output Description*

Field	Description
NF Instance Id	Displays the NF instance identity.
SubscriptionID	Displays the subscription identity information.
Actual Validity Time	Displays the actual validity time received from NRF server.
Requested Validity Time	Displays NF requested validity subscription time.
GR Instance ID	Displays the GR instance ID.

**show nrf discovery info**

*Table 9: show nrf discovery info Command Output Description*

Field	Description
NF Type	Displays the NF type information.
Number of Discovery Filters	Displays the number of discovery filters.
Number of NF Profiles	Displays the number of NF profiles.
GR Instance ID	Displays the GR instance ID.

**show nrf discovery-info AMF discovery-filter**

*Table 10: show nrf discovery-info AMF discovery-filter Command Output Description*

Step	Description
Discovery Filter	Displays the discovery filter information.
Expiry Time	Displays the expiry time for discovery filter.
GR Instance ID	Displays the GR instance ID.

**show nrf discovery-info AMF discovery-filter <discovery\_filter>**

*Table 11: show nrf discovery-info AMF discovery-filter <discovery\_filter> Command Description*

Field	Description
NF InstanceId	Displays the NF Instance Identity.
NF Type	Displays the NF Type Information.
Discovery Filter	Displays the Discovery Filter Information.
NF Status	Displays the NF Status Information.
Priority	Displays the Priority Information.
Capacity	Displays the NF Profile Capacity Information.
Load	Displays the Load Information.
Locality	Displays the Locality Information.
ipv4 address	Displays IPv4 Address received from the discovery response for this NF profile.
ipv6 address	Displays the IPv6 Address received from the discovery response for this NF profile.

**show nrf discovery-info AMF discovery-filter <discovery\_name> nf-discovery-profile <nf\_discovery\_profile> nf-service**

*Table 12: show nrf discovery-info AMF discovery-filter <discovery\_name> nf-discovery-profile <nf\_discovery\_profile> nf-service Command Output Description*

Field	Description
ServiceInstanceId	Displays the NF Service Instance ID.
ServiceName	Displays the NF Service Name.
UriScheme	Displays the Uri Scheme Information.

**show peers all**

Use this command to display the list all external inbound and outbound connections that are established by SMF. Only the key information is displayed. The following sample output is for the **show peers all** command:

```
[smf] smf# show peers all
GR
CONNECTED
INSTANCE  ENDPOINT          LOCAL ADDRESS  PEER ADDRESS  DIRECTION  INSTANCE  TYPE  TIME
          RPC        ADDITIONAL DETAILS  NAME          VRF
-----
1         <none>           xx.xx.xx.xx   xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Outbound   rest-ep-0  Rest  25
hours    UDM              <none>
1         <none>           xx.xx.xx.xx   xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Outbound   rest-ep-0  Rest  25
hours    UDM              <none>
1         <none>           xx.xx.xx.xx   xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Outbound   rest-ep-0  Rest  25
hours    CHF              <none>
1         <none>           xx.xx.xx.xx   xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Outbound   rest-ep-0  Rest  25
```

```

hours   PCF      <none>                n7
1       <none>    xx.xx.xx.xx          xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Outbound  rest-ep-0  Rest  25
hours   PCF      <none>                n7
1       <none>    xx.xx.xx.xx          xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  Outbound  rest-ep-0  Rest  25
hours   AMF      <none>                n11
    
```

**Table 13: Output Fields Description for the `show peers all` Command**

Field	Description
Additional Details	Specifies the additional details for the peer such as status or type.
Connected Time	Specifies the duration of the connected peer.
Direction	Specifies if peer connection direction is inbound or outbound.
Endpoint	Specifies the name of the endpoint.
GR Instance	Specifies the GR instance.
Interface Name	Specifies the interface name for the endpoint.
Local Address	Specifies the local IP address and port of the instance. For endpoint, it is the endpoint address and port. For RPC, it is the instance IP.
Peer Address	Specifies the host and port of peer address.
Pod Instance	Specifies the pod for the peer.
RPC	Specifies the rpc of the specific peer.
Type	Specifies the type of peer.

**show resources**

Use this command to display the list of resource information for all pods in the cluster. The following sample output is for the `show resources` command:

```

[smf] show resources
          TOTAL   USED   DISK
          NODE   POD   USAGE  GO      GC
          CPU   MEMORY MEMORY IN    ROUTINES GC    PAUSE
POD INSTANCE  USAGE IN MB  IN MB  KBPS  COUNT  COUNT IN NS
-----
bfdmgr-1      0    32117  56    0    56    1950  56
bfdmgr-2      0    32117  55    0    56    1935  55
bfdmgr-3      1    32117  54    0    56    2636  54
bfdmgr-4      0    32117  55    0    56    1946  55
bgpspeaker-pod-1  1    32117  104   0    94    9315  104
bgpspeaker-pod-2  1    32117  102   0    78    9300  102
cache-pod-1    4    7962   96    0    325   778   96
cache-pod-2   10   32117  91    0    325   778   91
gtpc-ep-0     2    32117  82    0    160   777   82
internal-gr-pod-1  2    32117  124   0    317   63    124
internal-gr-pod-2  1    32117  93    0    182   63    93
li-ep-0       0    32117  64    0    68    2723  64
nodemgr-0     3    32117  113   0    270   784   113
nodemgr-1     2    32117  115   0    252   784   115
oam-pod-0     3    7962   121   0    249   2110  121
    
```

protocol-0	2	32117	82	0	159	777	82
radius-ep-0	5	32117	76	0	145	782	76
rest-ep-0	3	32117	105	0	298	779	105
sgw-service-0	9	32117	138	0	262	779	138
smf-service-0	3	32117	228	0	347	2645	228
udp-proxy-0	0	32117	72	0	112	778	72
udp-proxy-1	0	32117	72	0	112	778	72

Table 14: Output Field Descriptions for the **show resources** Command

Field	Description
CPU Usage	Specifies CPU Usage In Percentage.
Disk Usage In Kbps	Specifies disk usage in Kbps.
GC Count	Specifies garbage collection cycle count.
GC Pause In NS	Specifies garbage collection pause in nanoseconds.
Go Routines Count	Specifies count of go routines.
Pod Instance	Specifies the instance info of the pod.
Total Node Memory In MB	Specifies total node memory usage in MB.
Used Pod Memory In MB	Specifies the consumption of pod memory in MB.

**show rpc all**

Use the **show rpc all** command to display the list of all the RPCs from all the pods with RPC and remote host information.

The following sample output is for the **show rpc all** command:

```
[smf] smf# show rpc all | tab | nomore

PROCESSING

INSTANCE                                     CONNECTED  DISCONNECTED  MONITOR
POD INSTANCE      NAME          SET NAME      REMOTE ADDRESS      REMOTE HOST
  TYPE              TYPE              STATUS   TIME              TIME              RPHOST
INFO              VERSION
-----
cache-pod-1      cache-pod-affinity  cache-pod_2  xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  cache-pod_20
  Grpc                                     Started  4 weeks  <none>          false
<none>                                     <none>
cache-pod-1      cache-pod-affinity  cache-pod_1  xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  cache-pod_10
  Grpc                                     Started  4 weeks  <none>          false
```

```

<none>                                <none>
cache-pod-1      stream_cache-pod-affinity  xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  cache-pod_10
  GrpcServerClientStream  cache-pod_1  Started  4 weeks  <none>      false
<none>                                <none>
cache-pod-1      stream_cache-pod-affinity  xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  cache-pod_20
  GrpcServerClientStream  cache-pod_2  Started  4 weeks  <none>      false
<none>                                <none>
cache-pod-1      oam-pod                        xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  oam-pod
  GrpcStream            <none>          Started  4 weeks  <none>      false
<none>                                <none>
cache-pod-1      Replication                    xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  cachepod_1
  GrpcStream            <none>          Started  3 weeks  <none>      false
<none>                                <none>
cache-pod-1      Replication                    xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  cachepod_2
  GrpcStream            <none>          Started  3 weeks  <none>      false
<none>                                <none>
cache-pod-2      cache-pod-affinity            xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  cache-pod_10
  Grpc                  cache-pod_1  Started  4 weeks  <none>      false
<none>                                <none>
:
:
cache-pod-2      cache-pod-affinity            xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  cache-pod_20
  Grpc                  cache-pod_2  Started  4 weeks  <none>      false
<none>                                <none>
cache-pod-2      stream_cache-pod-affinity  xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  cache-pod_20
  GrpcServerClientStream  cache-pod_2  Started  4 weeks  <none>      false
<none>                                <none>
cache-pod-2      stream_cache-pod-affinity  xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  cache-pod_10
  GrpcServerClientStream  cache-pod_1  Started  4 weeks  <none>      false
<none>                                <none>
cache-pod-2      oam-pod                        xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  oam-pod
  GrpcStream            <none>          Started  4 weeks  <none>      false
<none>                                <none>
cache-pod-2      Replication                    xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  cachepod_1
  GrpcStream            <none>          Started  3 weeks  <none>      false
<none>                                <none>
cache-pod-2      Replication                    xx.xx.xx.xx:0000  cachepod_2
  GrpcStream            <none>          Started  3 weeks  <none>      false
<none>                                <none>
example-rest-ep-1  example-service                example-service:0000  example-service0
  Grpc                  example-service  Started  2 weeks  <none>      true
example.example-service.cluster1.example-data.12 <none>

```

**Table 15: Output Field Descriptions for the `show rpc` Command**

Field	Description
Connected Time	Specifies the duration when the RPC host is connected.
Disconnected Time	Specifies the duration when the RPC host is disconnected.
Monitor RPC Host	Indicates whether the RPC host is being monitored for connection status.
Name	Displays the name of the RPC registered in pod.
Pod Instance	Displays the instance information of the pod.
Processing Instance Info	Indicates the processing instance name, if available.

Field	Description
Remote Address	Displays IP address and port of remote endpoint.
Remote Host	Displays the name of the RPC host.
Set Name	Displays the RPC set name for a group of RPC hosts.
Status	Displays the current status of the RPC host. The status values are Started, Starting, and Stopped.
Type	Displays the type of connection such as Rest, Grpc, and GrpcStream.
Version	Displays the version of the RPC host API, if available.

**show running-status**

Use this command to display the running status related information for all the pods in system. The following sample output is for the **show running-status** command:

```
[smf] smf# show running-status
          RUNNING  SYSTEM  START
POD INSTANCE  STATUS  HEALTH  TIME
-----
bfdmgr-1      Started Normal  2 hours
bfdmgr-2      Started Normal  2 hours
bgpspeaker-pod-1 Started Normal  2 hours
bgpspeaker-pod-2 Started Normal  2 hours
cache-pod-1   Started Normal  2 hours
cache-pod-2   Started Normal  2 hours
dns-proxy-0   Started Normal  2 hours
dns-proxy-1   Started Normal  2 hours
gtpc-ep1-1    Started Normal  2 hours
gtpc-ep1-2    Started Normal  2 hours
gtpc-ep2-1    Started Normal  2 hours
gtpc-ep2-2    Started Normal  2 hours
internal-gr-pod-1 Started Normal  2 hours
internal-gr-pod-2 Started Normal  2 hours
li-ep-0       Started Normal  2 hours
li-ep-1       Started Normal  2 hours
nodemgr-0     Started Normal  2 hours
nodemgr-1     Started Normal  2 hours
oam-pod-0     Started Normal  2 hours
protocol1-1   Started Normal  2 hours
protocol1-2   Started Normal  2 hours
protocol2-1   Started Normal  2 hours
protocol2-2   Started Normal  2 hours
radius-ep-0   Started Normal  2 hours
radius-ep-1   Started Normal  2 hours
rest-ep-0     Started Normal  2 hours
rest-ep-1     Started Normal  2 hours
sgw-service-0 Started Normal  2 hours
sgw-service-1 Started Normal  2 hours
sgw-service-2 Started Normal  2 hours
sgw-service-3 Started Normal  2 hours
sgw-service-4 Started Normal  2 hours
sgw-service-5 Started Normal  2 hours
smf-service-0 Started Normal  2 hours
smf-service-1 Started Normal  2 hours
smf-service-2 Started Normal  2 hours
```

show sessions affinity

```
smf-service-3      Started Normal 2 hours
smf-service-4      Started Normal 2 hours
smf-service-5      Started Normal 2 hours
udp-proxy-0        Started Normal 2 hours
udp-proxy-1        Started Normal 2 hours
```

**Table 16: Output Field Descriptions for the `show running-status` Command**

Field	Description
Pod Instance	Specifies the instance info of the pod.
Running Status	Specifies the system running status (Starting, Started, Stopping, or Stopped).
Start Time	Specifies the start time of the application.
System Health	Specifies the health status of the application.

show sessions affinity

Use this command to display affinity count, pod instance wise. This affinity count defines the affinity of sessions toward the pod. The following sample output is for the `show sessions affinity` command:

```
[smf] smf# show sessions affinity
POD
INSTANCE      COUNT
-----
service-1     10
service-11    12
service-12    15
service-13    12
service-14    15
service-2     15
service-3     14
service-4     19
```

**Table 17: Output Field Descriptions for the `show sessions affinity` Command**

Field	Description
Count	Specifies the affinity count.
Pod Instance	Specifies the instance info of the pod.

show sessions commit-pending

Use this command to display the current number of sessions per pod along with the sessions that are pending commit in the database. The following sample output is for the `show sessions commit-pending` command:

```
[smf] smf# show sessions commit-pending
                                DB
                                PENDING  BINARY  LAST DB SYNC
                                COMMIT    SIZE    TIME
-----
sgw-service-1  1          0        0        0        Less than a second
sgw-service-1  2          0        0        0        Less than a second
sgw-service-2  1          0        0        0        Less than a second
sgw-service-2  2          0        0        0        Less than a second
sgw-service-4  1          0        0        0        Less than a second
```



```

sgw-service-4 2      0      0      0      Less than a second
sgw-service-5 1      0      0      0      Less than a second
sgw-service-5 2      0      0      0      Less than a second
smf-service-0 1      0      0      0      Less than a second
smf-service-0 2      0      0      0      Less than a second
smf-service-1 1      0      0      0      Less than a second
smf-service-1 2      0      0      0      Less than a second
smf-service-2 1      0      0      0      Less than a second
smf-service-2 2      0      0      0      Less than a second
smf-service-4 1      0      0      0      Less than a second
smf-service-4 2      0      0      0      Less than a second
smf-service-5 1      0      0      0      Less than a second
smf-service-5 2      0      0      0      Less than a second
    
```

**Table 18: Output Field Descriptions for the `show sessions commit-pending` Command**

Field	Description
Count	Specifies the count.
DB Binary Size	Specifies the DB binary Size.
GR Instance	Specifies the GR Instance ID.
Last DB Sync Time	Specifies the previous DB sync time.
Pod Instance	Specifies the instance info of the pod.

**show subscriber**

This commands displays the existing show subscriber CLI output with the newly added CLI output.

**Table 19: show subscriber Command Output Description**

Field	Description
all	Displays the information for all SUPIs or IMEIs.
amf	Displays the AMF address.
chf	Displays the CHF address.
count	Displays the number of sessions.
debug	Displays the debugging information.
dnn	Displays the DNN value.
gr-instance	Displays the Geographic Redundancy (GR) instance.
gtp-peer	Displays the GTP-peer address.
imei	Displays the IMEI containing 15 or 16 digits.

Field	Description
namespace	<b>Important</b> This keyword is deprecated in release 2021.02.0 and replaced with the <b>nf-service</b> keyword.  Displays the product namespace under which to search. Default: none.
nf-service { none   sgw   smf }	Displays the network function service under which to search. Default: none.  <b>Important</b> This keyword is mandatory with the <b>show subscriber</b> command to display the output.
pcf	Displays the PCF address.
rat	Displays the RAT type as 4G or 5G.
roaming-status	Displays the UE roaming status—homer, visitor-lbo, visitor-hr, roamer.
supi	Displays the SUPI value.
udm	Displays the UDM address.
upf	Displays the UPF address.
rulebase	Displays the subscriber using the rulebase.
	The output modifiers.

**show subscriber all**

Use this command to display all the sessions for all the SUPIs and NF services. The following sample output is for the **show subscriber all** command:

```
[smf] smf# show subscriber all
subscriber-details
{
  "subResponses": [
    [
      ""
    ],
    [
      "id-index:1:0:32768",
      "id-value:16777505",
      "imsi:imsi-123456123456123",
      "msisdn:msisdn-123456123456123",
      "imei:imei-310220000000000",
      "upf:xx.xx.xx.xx",
      "upfEpKey: xx.xx.xx.xx: xx.xx.xx.xx ",
      "s5s8Ipv4: xx.xx.xx.xx ",
      "s11Ipv4: xx.xx.xx.xx",
      "namespace:sgw",
      "nf-service:sgw"
    ],
    [
      "roaming-status:roamer",
      "ue-type:4g-only",
      "supi:imsi-123456123456123",
      "gpsi:msisdn-123456123456123",
      "pei:imei-310220000000000",
    ]
  ]
}
```

```

        "psid:69",
        "dnn:papn1.com",
        "emergency:false",
        "rat:e-utran",
        "access:3gpp access",
        "connectivity:4g",
        "auth-status:authenticated",
        "pcfGroupId:PCF-*",
        "policy:2",
        "pcf: xx.xx.xx.xx",
        "ipv4-addr:pool-static1-v4/xx.xx.xx.xx",
        "ipv4-pool:pool-static1-v4",
        "ipv4-range:pool-static1-v4/xx.xx.xx.xx",
        "ipv4-startrange:pool-static1-v4/",
        "id-index:1:0:32768",
        "id-value:8/310",
        "upf:xx.xx.xx.xx",
        "chfGroupId:CHF-*",
        "chf:209.165.202.133",
        "gtp-peer:xx.xx.xx.xx",
        "peerGtpuEpKey:xx.xx.xx.xx:xx.xx.xx.xx",
        "namespace:smf",
        "nf-service:smf"
    ],
    [
        ""
    ]
}

```

**Table 20: show subscriber Command Output Description**

Field	Description
subscriber-details	Displays the details for all subscribers in JSON format.

**show subscriber count**

This command displays the CLI options for the count CLI command.

**Table 21: show subscriber count Command Output Description**

Field	Description
all	Displays all the SUPIs.
amf	Displays the AMF address.
apn	Displays the APN value.
auth-status	Displays the RADIUS Authentication Status - authenticated or unauth status.
chf	Displays the CHF address.
connectivity	Displays the connectivity - 4g or 5g.
dnn	Displays the DNN value.
emergency	Displays the Emergency Session indication - true or false.

Field	Description
gpsi	Displays the GPSI value.
gr-instance	Displays the subscriber's from the provided GR Instance.
gtp-peer	Displays the GTP peer address.
ipv4-addr	Displays IPv4 address in the format:- <poolName> or <ipv4-addr>.
ipv4-pool	Displays the IPv4 pool name.
ipv4-range	Displays the IPv4 address range.
ipv6-pfx	Displays IPv6 prefix in the format <poolName> or <ipv6-pfx>
ipv6-pool	Displays the IPv6 pool name.
ipv6-range	Displays the IPv6 prefix range.
msid	Displays the MSID value.
msisdn	Displays the MSISDN value
namespace	Displays the deprecated option, use nf-service instead (default: none).
nf-service	Displays the network function service (SMF, S-GW) under which to search (default: none). This parameter can be used with the slice name or the NSSAI filter for SMF in the following format: <b>nf-service smf slice-name</b> or <b>nf-service smf nssai</b> .
pcf	Displays the PCF address.
peerGtpuEpKey	Displays the GTPU peer address in <upf_addr:gtpu-peer-addr> format.
pei	Displays the PEI - Permanent Equipment Identifier.
policy	Displays the Subscriber Policy Information.
rat	Displays the RAT type as 4G or 5G.
roaming-status	Displays the UE roaming status – homer/roamer/visitor-hr/lbo-visitor.
smf	Displays the SMF address.
supi	Displays the specific SUPI value.
udm-sdm	Displays the UDM-SDM Address.
udm-uecm	Displays the UDM-UECM Address.
ue-type	Displays the device capability - 4g-only or nr-capable.
upf	Displays the UPF address.

Field	Description
rulebase	Displays the subscriber using the rulebase.
	Displays the output modifiers.

**show subscriber count all**

Use this command to display the total number of sessions for all the SUPIs. The following sample output is for the **show subscriber count all** command:

```
[smf] smf# show subscriber count all
subscriber-details
{
  "sessionCount": 20
}
```

**Table 22: Output Field Descriptions for the show subscriber count all Command**

Field	Description
subscriber-details	Displays the count for all subscribers in JSON format.

**show subscriber debug-info**

This command displays the debug information for the specific SUPI value where the PSID value is optional.

**Table 23: show subscriber debug-info Command Output Description**

Field	Description
gpsi	Displays GPSI value.
gr-instance	Displays the subscriber's from the provided GR Instance.
imsi	Displays the IMSI value.
msid	Displays the MSID value.
msisdn	Displays the MSISDN value.
namespace	Deprecated option, Use nf-service instead (default: none)
nf-service	Displays the network function service (SMF, SGW) under which to search (default: none).
pei	Displays the PEI or IMEI value.
supi	Displays the SUPI value, value must include the imsi- prefix.
	Displays the output modifiers.

## show subscriber gpsi

Table 24: show subscriber gpsi

Field	Description
policy	Displays the policy information.
ipv4-addr	Displays the IPv4 pool name.
dnn	Displays the DNN value.
pcf	Displays the PCF Address.
rat	Displays the RAT Type—nr, e-utran, or wlan information.
connectivity	Displays the connectivity—4G or 5G.
ipv4-range	Displays the IPv4 address range.
chf	Displays the CHF address.
pei	Displays the Permanent Equipment Identifier (PEI).
udm	Displays the UDM address.
upfEpKey	Displays the UPF address EP key information.
ipv6-pfx	Displays the IPv6 prefix information.
ipv6-pool	Displays the IPv6 pool name.
chfGroupId	Displays the CHF address group ID information.
gpsi	Displays the Generic Public Subscription Identifier (GPSI).
pcfGroupId	Specifies PCF Address group ID.
upf	Displays the UPF address.
ipv4-pool	Displays the IPv4 pool name.
ipv6-range	Displays the IPv4 address range.
amf	Displays the AMF address.
supi	Displays the SUPI value.
access	Displays the access information.
gr-instance	Displays the GR instance.

### show subscriber nf-service smf



**Important** The wildcard input is not supported with the listed filters.

*Table 25: show subscriber nf-service smf Command Output Description*

Field	Description
apn	Displays the APN value.
msid	Displays the MSID value.
msisdn	Displays the MSISDN value.
roaming-status	Displays the UE roaming status—homer, visitor-lbo, visitor-hr, roamer.
smf	Displays the subscriber details based on the IP address value of the vSMF or hSMF. For example: <pre>[smf] smf# show subscriber nf-service smf smf &lt;smf_url&gt;                                      subscriber-details {}</pre>
rulebase	Displays the subscriber using the rulebase.

### show subscriber pei

*Table 26: show subscriber pei*

Field	Description
policy	Displays the policy information.
ipv4-addr	Displays the IPv4 pool name.
dnn	Displays the DNN value.
pcf	Displays the PCF Address.
rat	Displays the RAT Type—nr, e-utran, or wlan information.
connectivity	Displays the connectivity—4G or 5G.
ipv4-range	Displays the IPv4 address range.
chf	Displays the CHF address.
pei	Displays the Permanent Equipment Identifier (PEI).
udm	Displays the UDM address.
upfEpKey	Displays the UPF address EP key information.

**show subscriber supi <supi\_value> nf-service smf psid <psid\_value> full**

Field	Description
ipv6-pfx	Displays the IPv6 prefix information.
ipv6-pool	Displays the IPv6 Pool name.
chfGroupId	Displays the CHF address group ID information.
gpsi	Displays the Generic Public Subscription Identifier (GPSI).
pcfGroupId	Displays the PCF address group ID.
upf	Displays the UPF address.
ipv4-pool	Displays the IPv4 pool name.
ipv6-range	Displays the IPv4 address range.
amf	Displays the AMF address.
supi	Displays the SUPI value.
access	Displays the access information.
gr-instance	Displays the GR instance.
rulebase	Displays the subscriber using the rulebase.

**show subscriber supi <supi\_value> nf-service smf psid <psid\_value> full**

This command displays detailed subscriber information.

**Table 27: show subscriber supi <supi\_value> nf-service smf psid <psid\_value> full Command Output Description**

Field	Description
sessTimeStamp	Displays the connected time of the session.
callDuration	Displays the call duration.
commonId	Displays the call ID equivalent for the session (common ID).
ipPool, ipv6Pool	Displays the IP pool from which the address has been allocated.
linkedEbi	Displays the linked EBI for a session.
snsai	Displays the sNssai details.
smflwkEpsInd	Displays the SMF EPS IWK decision based on AMF and UDM data.
TotalNumberOfPdrs	Displays the number of associated PDRs.
TotalNumberOfFars	Displays the number of associated FARs.
TotalNumberOfQers	Displays the number of associated QERs.



Field	Description
TotalNumberOfUrrs	Displays the number of associated URRs.
upfSeid	Displays the remote SEID for a particular UPF session.
epsInterworking Indication	Displays the EPS interworking indication status of AMF.
ebi	Displays the ERAB ID allocated for each flow.
revalidationTime	Displays the revalidation timer information for a session.

**show subscriber supi <supi\_value> nf-service smfpsid <psid\_value> summary**

This command displays detailed information about subscriber sessions. This command improves usability and can be used for debugging purposes.

*Table 28: show subscriber supi <supi\_value> nf-service smf psid <psid\_value> summary Command Output Description*

Field	Description
supi	Displays the 5G Subscription Permanent Identifier.
pduSessionId	Displays the PDU session identifier.
pduSesstype	Displays the PDU session type.
accessType	Displays the access type.
dnn	Displays the DNN profile name.
allocatedIp/ allocatedIpv6	Displays the allocated IP address details.
ratType	Displays the RAT type.
sessTimeStamp	Displays the connected Time of the session.
TotalDynamicRules/ TotalStaticRules/ TotalPredefinedRules	Displays the number of Dynamic rules or Static rules or Predefined rules.
TotalGBRFlows/ TotalNonGBRFlows	Displays the number of GBR flows or non-GBR flows.
pcfInteraction	Displays the PCF interaction status.
ruleBase	Displays the rulebase name.
chargingId	Displays the charging descriptor name.
offlineConverted	Displays the online charging parameters converted to offline.
chargingDisabled	Displays the charging parameters when charging is disabled.
dropTraffic	Displays the charging parameters when traffic is dropped.

Field	Description
gtpGrp	Displays the EGCDR configuration for GTPP name.
profileName	Displays the charging profile name.
deferredUsageCount	Displays the number of deferred multi-unit usages.
smfSeid	Displays the local SEID for a particular UPF session.
upfSeid	Displays the remote SEID for a particular UPF session.
TunnelID	Displays the GTPU peer tunnel ID.
TunnelName	Displays the GTPU peer tunnel name.
RemoteTeid (teid/ipAddr)	Displays the GTPU peer TEID and IP address.
TotalNumberOfPdrs	Displays the number of associated PDRs.
TotalNumberOfFars	Displays the number of associated FARs.
TotalNumberOfQers	Displays the number of associated QERs.
TotalNumberOfUrrs	Displays the number of associated URRs.

## clear Commands

This section lists some of the key clear commands that are available for troubleshooting the issues.



### Important

The SMF Ops center allows you to issue only one **clear subscriber all** command at a time. The Ops center restricts the subsequent **clear subscriber all** and other variants of **clear subscriber** commands until the ongoing **clear subscriber all** command is complete.



### Note

The Ops Center displays the expected waiting time for an ongoing bulk **clear subscriber** CLI command. In addition, the clear subscriber CLI gets blocked while the processing of the earlier CLI is in progress.

## clear subscriber

"clear subscriber" command displays the list of subscriber SMF fields.

**Table 29: clear subscriber Command Output Description**

Field	Description
all	Clears all the sessions information.
amf	Clears subscriber based on AMF address information.
chf	Clears subscriber based on CHF address information.

Field	Description
dnn	Clears subscriber based on DNN value.
gr-instance	Clears subscriber based on the specified Geographic Redundancy (GR) instance information.
gtp-peer	Clears subscriber based on GTP-PEER address information.
ipv4-pool	Clears subscriber based on IPv4 pool name.
ipv4-range	Clears subscriber based on IPv4 address-range value.
ipv6-pool	Clears subscriber based on IPv6 pool name information.
ipv4-range	Clears subscriber based on IPv6 prefix-range value.
ipv6-range	Clears subscriber based on IPv6 prefix-range value.
namespace	<b>Important</b> This keyword is deprecated in release 2021.02.0 and is replaced with the <b>nf-service</b> keyword.  Clears subscriber based on the respective namespace. Default: none.
nf-service { none   sgw   smf }	Clears subscriber based on the specified network function service. Default: none. <b>Important</b> This keyword is mandatory with the <b>clear subscriber</b> command to display the output.
pcf	Clears subscriber based on PCF address information.
policy	Clears subscriber information based on policy.
purge	Clears true, if purged locally.
reactivation [ true   false ]	Clears subscriber based on the Reactivation Required cause value. This option is set to true if reactivation is requested.
roaming-status	Clears subscriber based on the UE roaming status—homer, visitor-lbo, visitor-hr, roamer values.
sgw	Clears subscriber information based on the S-GW address information.
smf	Clears subscriber information based on the SMF address information.
supi	Clears subscriber based on the SUPI value.
rulebase	Clears subscriber using the rulebase.
	The output modifiers.

**clear subscriber nf-service smf**



**Important** The wildcard input is not supported with the listed filters.

"clear subscriber nf-service smf " command displays the list of nf-service SMF fields.

**Table 30: clear subscriber nf-service smf Command Output Description**

Field	Description
apn	Clears subscriber based on the APN value.
dnn	Clears subscriber based on the DNN value.
msid	Clears subscriber based on the MSID value.
msisdn	Clears subscriber based on the MSISDN value.
reactivation [ true   false ]	Clears subscriber based on the Reactivation Required cause. This option is set to true if reactivation is requested.
roaming-status	Clears subscriber based on the UE roaming status—homer, visitor-lbo, visitor-hr, roamer.
rulebase	<p>Clears subscriber based on the rulebase value.</p> <p>This keyword is used as a secondary filter. Ensure that the rulebase value includes the rulebase prefix.</p> <p>For example:</p> <pre>[smf] smf# clear subscriber nf-service smf dnn &lt;dnn_val&gt; rulebase &lt;rulebase_value&gt; result ClearSubscriber Request submitted</pre>
rulename	<p>Modifies session based on the rulename value.</p> <p>This keyword is used as a secondary filter. Ensure that the rulename value includes the rulename prefix.</p> <p>For example:</p> <pre>[smf] smf# clear subscriber nf-service smf dnn &lt;dnn_val&gt; rulename &lt;rulename_value&gt; result ClearSubscriber Request submitted</pre>
smf	<p>Clears subscriber based on the IP address value of the vSMF or hSMF.</p> <p>For example:</p> <pre>[smf] smf# clear subscriber nf-service smf smf &lt;smf_url&gt; result ClearSubscriber Request submitted</pre>

Field	Description
x5qi	<p>Modifies session based on 5QI for 5G sessions, and QCI for 4G and WLAN sessions. This keyword is used as a secondary filter.</p> <p>For example:</p> <pre>smf] smf# clear subscriber supi &lt;supi_val&gt; x5qi &lt;x5qi_value&gt; result ClearSubscriber Request submitted</pre> <pre>[smf] smf# clear subscriber apn &lt;apn_val&gt; x5qi &lt;x5qi_value&gt; result ClearSubscriber Request submitted</pre>

**clear subscriber supi imsi <imsi\_value>**

"clear subscriber supi imsi *imsi\_value*" command displays the list of subscriber SUPI IMSI value SMF fields.

**Table 31: clear subscriber supi imsi <imsi\_value> Command Output Description**

Field	Description
ebi	Clears subscriber based on EPS bearer ID value.
imsi	Clears subscriber based on IMSI information.
purge	Clears true, if purged locally.
	Output modifier.

**clear subscriber supi imsi <imsi\_value> psid <psid\_value>**

"clear subscriber supi imsi *imsi\_value* psid *psid\_value*" command displays the list of subscriber SUPI IMSI and PSID value SMF fields.

**Table 32: clear subscriber supi imsi <imsi\_value> psid <psid\_value> Command Output Description**

Field	Description
ebi	Clears subscriber based on EPS bearer ID value.
imsi	Clears subscriber based on IMSI information.
psid	Clears subscriber based on Service ID value.
purge	Clears true, if purged locally.
	Output modifier.

# Monitor Subscriber and Monitor Protocol

## Feature Description

The SMF supports the Monitor Subscriber and Monitor Protocol on the Kubernetes environment. The monitor tools allow you to capture messages of subscribers and protocols.

This section provides information on CLI commands for monitoring the health of SMF.

## Configuring the Monitor Subscriber and Monitor Protocol Feature

### Monitoring the Subscriber Session

To monitor the subscriber in the SMF, use the following CLI command:

```
monitor subscriber [ capture-duration duration | gr-instance gr_instance_id
| imei imei_id | imsi imsi_value | internal-messages [ yes ] | namespace [
sgw | smf ] | nf-service [ sgw | smf ] | supi supi_id | transaction-logs [
yes ] ]
```

#### NOTES:

- **capture-duration** *duration*: Specify the duration in seconds during which monitor subscriber is enabled. The default value is 300 seconds (5 minutes). This is an optional parameter.
- **gr-instance** *gr\_instance\_id*: Specify the GR instance ID. The instance ID 1 denotes the local instance ID.
- **imei** *imei\_id*: Specify the subscriber IMEI. For example: 123456789012345, \*
- **imsi** *imsi\_value*: Specify the subscriber IMSI. For example: 123456789, \*
- **internal-messages** [ **yes** ]: Enable internal messages when set to **yes**. By default, it is disabled. This is an optional parameter.
- **namespace** [ **sgw** | **smf** ]: Enable the specified namespace. By default, namespace is set to none. This is an optional parameter.




---

**Important** This keyword is deprecated in release 2021.02.0 and replaced with **nf-service** keyword.

---

- **nf-service** [ **sgw** | **smf** ]: Enable the specified NF service. By default, nf-service is set to none. This is an optional parameter.




---

**Important** The **nf-service** keyword replaces the **namespace** keyword in release 2021.02 and beyond.

---

- **supi** *supi\_id*: Specify the subscriber identifier. For example: imsi-123456789, imsi-123\*
- **transaction-logs** [ **yes** ]: Enable transaction logs when set to **yes**. By default, it is disabled. This is an optional parameter.

To view the transaction history logs, use the **dump transactionhistory** command.



**Note** The most recent transaction logs are stored in a circular queue of size 1024 transaction logs.

The **monitor subscriber** CLI command can be run simultaneously on multiple terminals. For example, run the CLI simultaneously in two SMF Ops Center terminals for two subscribers (for example, imsi-123456789012345 and imsi-456780123456789) to implement the following:

- Monitor the duration when the monitor subscriber is enabled
- View internal messages for the specified subscriber
- View transaction logs for the specified subscriber

Terminal 1: The following command monitors and displays subscriber messages for the specified subscriber.

```
monitor subscriber supi imsi-123456789012345 capture-duration 1000 internal-messages yes
```

Terminal 2: The following command monitors and displays transaction logs for the specified subscriber.

```
monitor subscriber supi imsi-456780123456789 capture-duration 500 internal-messages yes
transaction-logs yes
```

After the capture duration is completed, stop the CLI by using the **Ctrl+C** keys. The captured messages are reordered and stored in a file. To retrieve the list of stored files, use the **monitor subscriber list** CLI command.

For example:

```
monitor subscriber list
RELEASE_NAMESPACE: 'smf'
'monsublogs/subscriberID_imsi-*_AT_2019-10-22T09:19:05.586237087.txt.sorted'
monsublogs/subscriberID_imsi-123456789012345_AT_2019-10-22T09:20:11.122225534.txt.sorted
```

## Monitoring Subscriber Dump

To view the sorted file on the SMF Ops Center screen, use the following CLI command:

```
monitor subscriber dump filename filename
```

For example:

```
monitor subscriber dump filename
monsublogs/subscriberID_imsi-123456789012345_AT_2019-10-22T09:20:11.122225534.txt.sorted
```

## Monitoring the Interface Protocol

To monitor the interface protocol on the SMF, use the following CLI command:

```
monitor protocol { interface interface_name [ capture-duration duration | gr-instancegr_instance | pcap yes | | ] | list [ | ] }
```

### NOTES:

- **interface** *interface\_name*—Specify the interface name on which PCAP is captured. This CLI allows the configuration of multiple interface names in a single CLI command.
- **capture-duration** *duration*—Specify the duration in seconds during which pcap is captured. The default is 300 seconds (5 minutes).

- The configured interface names can be retrieved using the **show endpoint** CLI command.
- **gr-instance** *gr\_instance\_id*—Specify the GR instance ID. The instance ID 1 denotes the local instance ID.
- **pcap yes**—Configure this option to enable PCAP file generation. By default, this option is disabled.




---

**Important** The **monitor protocol** command in Exec mode is restricted based on pod's CPU utilization configured through **monitor protocol cpu-limit** *threshold\_percentage* command in the Global Configuration mode.

---

The **monitor protocol** CLI can be run simultaneously on multiple terminals. Also, the **interface** *interface\_name* CLI allows the configuration of multiple endpoint names in a single CLI command.

For example:

```
monitor protocol interface sbi,N4:209.165.200.241:8805,gtpc
capture-duration 1000
```

## UPF Monitor Subscriber from SMF

### Feature Description

SMF sends the tracing trigger to the selected UPF automatically. Sending the trigger from SMF facilitates in parsing minimum files for troubleshooting across Control Plane and User Plane.



- 
- Note**
- The operator can configure a maximum of five subscribers at a time on SMF for monitoring.
  - When the data tracing is enabled, the available VPP, FCAP, and MEH are captured on the UPF PCAP.
  - When the protocol tracing is enabled, the following options are enabled on UPF:
    - Rulematch Events
    - L3 Data
    - PFCP Events Tracing
    - EDR
    - SessMGR
    - Subscriber Summary After Call Disconnect
  - After SMF GR switchover, the existing sessions of the monitored subscribers aren't impacted on UPF. As monitor nf CLI exists in the config mode, an operator needs to configure the CLI on both the SMF instances.
- 

For UPF reload and switchover scenarios, see the UPF troubleshooting guide for monitor NF.

This section provides information on CLI commands for configuring the UPF monitor subscriber from SMF.



## Configuring UPF Monitor Subscriber from SMF

Use the following configuration to enable or disable the UPF Monitor Subscriber protocol from SMF.

- [Enabling UPF Monitor Subscriber from SMF](#)
- [Disabling UPF Monitor Subscriber from SMF](#)

### Enabling UPF Monitor Subscriber from SMF

Use the following configuration to enable UPF Monitor Subscriber from SMF.

```
config
  monitor nf subscriber [ gpsi gpsi_value | imei imei_id | imsi imsi_value control
  { true | false } data { true | false } target-nf { sgwu | upf } ]
  end
```

#### NOTES:

- **monitor nf**—Specify the NF that you want to monitor.
- **gpsi *gpsi\_value***—Specify the subscriber GPSI.
- **imsi *imsi\_value***—Specify the subscriber IMSI. For example: 123456789, \*
- **imei *imei\_id***—Specify the subscriber IMEI. For example: 123456789012345, \*
- **control { true | false }**—Specify whether to enable or disable the control event tracing.
- **data { true | false }**—Specify whether to enable or disable the data event tracing.
- **target-nf { sgwu | upf }**—Specify the target NF as SGW-U or UPF. **target-nf** is an optional parameter and if an operator doesn't configure this parameter, monitor subscriber is enabled on both the UPF and SGW-U.

### Configuration Example

The following is an example configuration.

```
[smf] smf(config)# monitor nf subscriber
      imsi 234150999999999
      control true
      data true
      target-nf upf
exit
```

### Disabling UPF Monitor Subscriber from SMF

Use the following configuration to disable UPF Monitor Subscriber from SMF.

```
config
  [ no ] monitor nf subscriber [ gpsi gpsi_value | imei imei_id | imsi imsi_value
  ]
  end
```

#### NOTES:

- **monitor nf**—Specify the NF that you want to monitor.
- **gpsi *gpsi\_value***—Specify the subscriber GPSI.

- **imsi** *imsi\_value*—Specify the subscriber IMSI. For example: 123456789, \*
- **imei** *imei\_id*—Specify the subscriber IMEI. For example: 123456789012345, \*

# Alerts

## Feature Description

When the system detects an anomaly, CEE Ops Center generates an alert notification. The system statistics are the cause for these alert notifications. You can set an expression to trigger an alert when the expression becomes true.

## How it Works

The Common Execution Environment (CEE) uses the Prometheus Alert Manager for alerting operations. The CEE YANG model - either through CLI or API - allows users to view the active alerts, silenced alerts, and alert history. Also, the applications can call the alert API directly to add or clear alerts. The Prometheus Alert Manager API (v2) is the standard API used.

The Prometheus Alerts Manager includes the following options:

- **Defining Alert Rules:** This option defines the types of alerts that the Alert Manager should trigger. Use the Prometheus Query Language (PromQL) to define the alerts.
- **Defining Alert Routing:** This option defines the action the Alert Manager should take after receiving the alerts. At present, the SNMP Trapper is supported as the outbound alerting. Also, the CEE provides an Alert Logger for storing the generated alerts.

## Configuring Alert Rules

Use the following sample configuration to configure the alert rules:

```
config
  alerts rules group alert_group_name
  interval-seconds seconds
  rule rule_name
    expression promql_expression
    duration duration
    severity severity_level
    type alert-type
    annotation annotation_name
    value annotation_value
  exit
exit
```

### NOTES:

- **alerts rules:** Specifies the Prometheus alerting rules.

- **group** *alert\_group\_name*: Specifies the Prometheus alerting rule group. One alert group can have multiple lists of rules. *alert-group-name* is the name of the alert group. The alert-group-name must be a string in the range of 0–64 characters.
- **interval-seconds** *seconds*: Specifies the evaluation interval of the rule group in seconds.
- **rule** *rule\_name*: Specifies the alerting rule definition. *rule\_name* is the name of the rule.
- **expression** *promql\_expression*: Specifies the PromQL alerting rule expression. *promql\_expression* is the alert rule query expressed in PromQL syntax.
- **duration** *duration*: Specifies the duration of a true condition before it is considered true. *duration* is the time interval before the alert is triggered.
- **severity** *severity\_level*: Specifies the severity of the alert. *severity-level* is the severity level of the alert. The severity levels are critical, major, minor, and warning.
- **type** *alert\_type*: Specifies the type of the alert. *alert\_type* is the user-defined alert type. For example, Communications Alarm, Environmental Alarm, Equipment Alarm, Indeterminate Integrity Violation Alarm, Operational Violation Alarm, Physical Violation Alarm, Processing Error Alarm, Quality of Service Alarm, Security Service Alarm, Mechanism Violation Alarm, or Time Domain Violation Alarm.
- **annotation** *annotation\_name*: Specifies the annotation to attach to the alerts. *annotation\_name* is the name of the annotation.
- **value** *annotation\_value*: Specifies the annotation value. *annotation\_value* is the value of the annotation.

The following example configures an alert, which is triggered when the percentage of Unified Data Management (UDM) responses is less than the specified threshold limit.

#### Example:

```
config terminal
  alerts rules group SMFUDMchk_incr
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFUDMchk_incr
  expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"udm\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=~\"2..\"}[3m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"udm\", message_direction=\"outbound\"}[3m]))
< 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of UDM responses is less than threshold"
  exit
exit
exit
```

You can view the configured alert using the **show running-config alerts** command.

#### Example:

The following example displays the alerts configured in the running configuration:

```
show running-config alerts
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFUDMchk_incr
  expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"udm\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=~\"2..\"}[3m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"udm\", message_direction=\"outbound\"}[3m]))
< 0.95"
  severity major
```

```

type "Communications Alarm"
annotation summary
value "This alert is fired when the percentage of UDM responses is less than threshold"

exit
exit
exit

```

## Viewing Alert Logger

The Alert Logger stores all the generated alerts by default. You can view the stored alerts using the following command.

### **show alert history [ filtering ]**

You can narrow down the result using the following filtering options:

- **annotations:** Specifies the annotations of the alert.
- **endsAt:** Specifies the end time of the alert.
- **labels:** Specifies the additional labels of the alert.
- **severity:** Specifies the severity of the alert.
- **source:** Specifies the source of the alert.
- **startsAt:** Specifies the start time of the alert.
- **type:** Specifies the type of the alert.

The following example history of the alerts configured in the system appears:

#### **Example:**

```

show alerts history
alerts active SMFUDMchk_incr ac2a970ab621
state active
severity major
type "Communications Alarm"
startsAt 2019-11-15T08:26:48.283Z
source System
annotations [ "summary:This alert is fired when the percentage of UDM responses is less
than threshold." ]

```

You can view the active and silenced alerts with the **show alerts active** command.

The following active alerts example appears. The alerts remain active as long as the evaluated expression is true.

#### **Example:**

```

show alerts active
alerts active SMFUDMchk_incr ac2a970ab621
state active
severity major
type "Communications Alarm"
startsAt 2019-11-15T08:26:48.283Z
source System
annotations [ "summary:This alert is fired when the percentage of UDM responses is less
than threshold." ]

```

## Call Flow Procedure Alerts

This section provides detail of commands that are required to configure alerts related to various call flow procedures.

The alerts, which are specific to SMF, are configured on the Common Execution Environment (CEE). The expressions are developed and new counters are created. Based on the user requirements, the call flow procedure alerts are configured in CEE. These alerts are triggered when the conditions, as specified by users, are met.

### 4G PDN Modify

Use the following sample configuration to configure alerts related to the 4G PDN Modify procedure:

```

alerts rules group SMFPDN
interval-seconds 300
rule SMFPDNModify
expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\"pdn_ho_location_changed|
pdn_ho_rat_type_changed|pdn_inter_sgw_handover|pdn_mbr\" ,
status=\"success\"})/sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~
\"pdn_ho_location_changed|pdn_ho_rat_type_changed |pdn_inter_sgw_handover|pdn_mbr\" ,
status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95"
severity major
type "Communications Alarm"
annotation summary
value "This alert is fired when the percentage successful 4G PDN Modify is below
threshold"
exit
exit

```

### 4G PDN Release Success

Use the following sample configuration to configure alerts related to the 4G PDN Release Success procedure:

```

alerts rules group SMFPDN
interval-seconds 300
rule SMFPDNRelease
expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\".*pdn_sess_rel\" ,
status=\"success\"}) / sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\".*pdn_sess_rel\" ,
status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95 "
severity major
type "Communications Alarm"
annotation summary
value "This alert is fired when the percentage successful 4G PDN Release is below
threshold."
exit
exit

```

### 4G PDN Setup Success

Use the following sample configuration to configure alerts related to the 4G PDN Setup Success procedure:

```

alerts rules group SMFPDN
interval-seconds 300
rule SMFPDNSetup
expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=\"pdn_sess_create\" ,
status=\"success\"}) / sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=\"pdn_sess_create\" ,
status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95 "

```

```

severity major
type "Communications Alarm"
annotation summary
value "This alert is fired when the percentage successful 4G PDN Setup is below
threshold."
exit
exit

```

## 4G to 5G HO Success

Use the following configuration to configure alerts related to the 4G to 5G HO Success procedure:

```

alerts rules group Handover
interval-seconds 300
rule 4gTo5gHOSuccess
expression
"sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\"n26_4g_to_5g_handover|n26_4g_to_5g_im_mobility\"
, status=\"success\"}) /
sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\"n26_4g_to_5g_handover|n26_4g_to_5g_im_mobility\" ,
status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95 "
severity major
type "Communications Alarm"
annotation summary
value "This alert is fired when the percentage successful 4G to 5G HO is below
threshold."
exit
exit

```

## 4G To WiFi HO Success

Use the following configuration to configure alerts related to the 4G to WiFi HO Success procedure:

```

alerts rules group Handover
interval-seconds 300
rule 4GtoWifiHOSuccess
expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=\"enb_to_untrusted_wifi_handover\"
, status=\"success\"}) /
sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=\"enb_to_untrusted_wifi_handover\" ,
status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95 "
severity major
type "Communications Alarm"
annotation summary
value "This alert is fired when the percentage of N4 responses sent is lesser than 95
%."
exit
exit

```

## 5G N2 HO Success

Use the following configuration to configure alerts related to the 5G N2 HO Success procedure:

```

alerts rules group Handover
interval-seconds 300
rule N2HOSuccess
expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=\"n2_handover\" , status=\"success\"})
/ sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=\"n2_handover\" , status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95 "
severity major

```

```

    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage successful 5G N2 HO is below threshold."

    exit
  exit

```

## 5G PDU Idle Success

Use the following configuration to configure alerts related to the 5G PDU Idle Success procedure:

```

alerts rules group SMFPDU
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFPDUIdleSuccess
    expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\".*idle\" , status=\"success\"})
  / sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\".*idle\" , status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95 "
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage successful 5G PDU Idle is below threshold"

    exit
  exit

```

## 5G PDU Modify Success

Use the following configuration to configure alerts related to the 5G PDU Modify Success procedure:

```

alerts rules group SMFPDU
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFSessionModifySuccess
    expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\".*pdu_sess_mod\" ,
  status=\"success\"}) / sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\".*pdu_sess_mod\" ,
  status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95 "
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage successful 5G PDU Modify is below
  threshold"
    exit
  exit

```

## 5G PDU Release Success

Use the following configuration to configure alerts related to the 5G PDU Release Success procedure.

```

alerts rules group SMFPDU
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFSessionReleaseFailure
    expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\".*pdu_sess_rel\" ,
  status=\"success\"}) / sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\".*pdu_sess_rel\" ,
  status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95 "
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage successful 5G PDU Setup is below

```

```
threshold"
  exit
exit
```

## 5G PDU Setup Success

Use the following configuration to configure alerts related to the 5G PDU Setup Success procedure:

```
alerts rules group SMFPDU
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFSessionSetupFailure
    expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=\"pdu_sess_create\" ,
status=\"success\"}) / sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=\"pdu_sess_create\" ,
status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95 "
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when failed to setup sessions is more than 5%"
    exit
exit
```

## 5G to 4G HO Success

Use the following configuration to configure alerts related to the 5G to 4G HO Success procedure:

```
alerts rules group Handover
  interval-seconds 300
  rule 5gTo4gHOSuccess
    expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\"pdn_5g_4g_handover
|pdn_5g_4g_handover_dft|eps_fb_5g_4g_handover_dft|eps_fb_5g_4g_handover_idft
|pdn_5g_4g_handover_idft\" , status=\"success\"}) /
sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\"pdn_5g_4g_handover
|pdn_5g_4g_handover_dft|eps_fb_5g_4g_handover_dft|
eps_fb_5g_4g_handover_idft|pdn_5g_4g_handover_idft\" , status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95 "
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage successful 5G to 4G HO is below
threshold."
    exit
exit
```

## 5G To WiFi HO Success

Use the following sample configuration to configure alerts related to the 5G to WiFi HO Success procedure:

```
alerts rules group Handover
  interval-seconds 300
  rule 5GtoWifiHOSuccess
    expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=\"nr_to_untrusted_wifi_handover\" ,
status=\"success\"}) / sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=\"nr_to_untrusted_wifi_handover\"
, status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95 "
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of N4 responses sent is lesser than 95
%."
```



```

    exit
exit

```

## 5G Xn HO Success

Use the following sample configuration to configure alerts related to the 5G Xn HO Success procedure:

```

alerts rules group Handover
  interval-seconds 300
  rule XnHOSuccess
    expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=\"xn_handover\" , status=\"success\"})
  / sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=\"xn_handover\" , status=\"attempted\"}) < 0.95 "
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage successful 5G Xn HO is below threshold."

  exit
exit

```

## PDN Session Create

Use the following sample configuration to configure alerts related to the PDN Session Create procedure.

```

alerts rules group SMFProcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule PDNSessCreate
    expression "sum(increase(smf_service_stats{app_name=\"SMF\",procedure_type=
  /\ "pdn_sess_create\",status=\"success\"}[5m])) /
  sum(increase(smf_service_stats{app_name=\"SMF\
  /\ ,procedure_type=\"pdn_sess_create\",status=\" /attempted\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the success percentage of pdn_sess_create procedure is
  lesser threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## PDU Session Create

Use the following sample configuration to configure alerts related to the PDU Session Create procedure.

```

alerts rules group SMFProcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule PDUSSessCreate
    expression "sum(increase(smf_service_stats{app_name=\"SMF\",procedure_type=
  /\ "pdu_sess_create\",status=\"success\"}[5m])) sum
  /\(increase(smf_service_stats{app_name=\"SMF\", /procedure_type=\"pdu_sess_create\",status=
  /\ "attempted\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the success percentage of pdu_sess_create procedure is
  lesser threshold."

```

```

    exit
exit

```

## PDU Session Modify

Use the following sample configuration to configure alerts related to the PDU Session Modify procedure.

```

alerts rules group SMFProcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule PDUssModify
    expression "sum(increase(smf_service_stats{app_name=\"SMF\",procedure_type=~\".
/*req_pdu_sess_mod\",status=\"success\"}[5m]))sum(increase
/(smf_service_stats{app_name=\"SMF\",procedure_type=~
/\".*req_pdu_sess_mod\",status=\"attempted\"}[5m])) / < 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the success percentage of req_pdu_sess_mod procedure
is lesser threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## PDU Session Release

Use the following sample configuration to configure alerts related to the PDU Session Release procedure:

```

alerts rules group SMFProcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule PDUssRelease
    expression
"sum(increase(smf_service_stats{app_name=\"SMF\",procedure_type=~\".*req_pdu_sess_rel\",status=\\
/\"success\"}[5m]))sum(increase(smf_service_stats{app_name=\"SMF
/\",procedure_type=~\".*req_pdu_sess_rel\",status=\\ /\"attempted\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the success percentage of req_pdu_sess_rel procedure
is lesser threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## Interface Specific Alerts

This section provides detail of commands that are required to configure alerts related to various interfaces.

### GTPC Peer Down

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the GTPC Peer Down procedure.

```

alerts rules group GTPCPeerDown
  interval-seconds 300
  rule GTPCPeerDown
    expression nodemgr_gtpc_peer_status{gtpc_peer_status=\"gtpc_peer_path_down\"}
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary

```

```

    value "This alert is fired when the GTPC Path failure detected for peer crosses
    threshold"
    exit
exit

```

## N4 Message Success

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the N4 Message Success procedure.

```

alerts rules group SMFSvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN4MessageSuccess
    expression "sum(protocol_udp_res_msg_total{message_direction=\"inbound\",
    status=\"accepted\"}) / sum(protocol_udp_res_msg_total{message_direction=\"inbound\",
    status=~\"accepted|denied\"}) < 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of N4 responses sent is lesser than 95
    %."
    exit
exit

```

## N4 UPF Association Down

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the N4 UPF Association Down query by N4 address.

```

alerts rules group N4Association
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFAssociationRelease
    expression "proto_udp_res_msg_total{procedure_type=\"n4_association_release_res\",
    message_direction= \"inbound\", status=\"accepted\"}) "
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the N4 Association with UPF is released"
    exit
exit

```

## N4 UPF Association Up

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the N4 UPF Association Up query by N4 address.

```

alerts rules group N4Association
  interval-seconds 300
  rule N4AssociationUP
    expression "proto_udp_res_msg_total{procedure_type=\"n4_association_setup_res\",
    message_direction= \"inbound\", status=\"accepted\"}"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the N4 Association with UPF is established"
    exit
exit

```

## N7 Interface Outbound

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to an outbound N7 interface.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN7Outbound
    expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"pcf\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=~\"2..\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"pcf\", message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m]))
< 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of N7 responses received is lesser
threshold."
  exit
exit

```

## N7 Interface Inbound

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to an inbound N7 interface.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN7Inbound
    expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"pcf\",
message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=~\"2..\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"pcf\", message_direction=\"inbound\"}[5m]))
< 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of N7 responses sent is lesser threshold."

  exit
exit

```

## N7 Message Timed Out

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the N7 Message Timed Out procedure.

```

alerts rules group MessageTimeout
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN7Timeout
    expression "sum(irate(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"pcf\",
message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=\"504\"}[5m])) > 5"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the increase in timeout for N7 messages toward PCF
crosses threshold"
  exit
exit

```

## N10 Interface

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the N10 interface.

```

alerts rules group SMFSvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN10
    expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"udm\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=~\"2..\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"udm\", message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m]))
< 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of N10 responses received is lesser
threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## N11 Interface Inbound

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to an inbound N11 interface.

```

alerts rules group SMFSvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN11Inbound
    expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"amf\",
message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=~\"2..\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"amf\", message_direction=\"inbound\"}[5m]))
< 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of N11 responses sent is lesser
threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## N11 Interface Outbound

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to an outbound N11 interface.

```

alerts rules group SMFSvcStatus
  interval-seconds 60
  rule SMFN11Outbound
    expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"amf\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=~\"2..\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"amf\", message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m]))
< 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of N11 responses received is lesser
threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## N11 Message Timed Out

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the N11 Message Timed Out procedure.

```

alerts rules group MessageTimeout
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN40Timeout
  expression "sum(irate(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"CHF\",
message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=\"504\"}[5m])) > 5"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the increase in timeout for N11 messages toward AMF
crosses threshold"
  exit
exit

```

## N40 Interface Inbound

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to an inbound N40 interface.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN40Inbound
  expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"CHF\",
message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=~\"2..\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"CHF\", message_direction=\"inbound\"}[5m]))
< 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of N40 responses sent is lesser
threshold."
  exit
exit

```

## N40 Interface Outbound

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to an outbound N40 interface.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN40Outbound
  expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"CHF\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=~\"2..\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"CHF\", message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m]))
< 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of N40 responses received is lesser
threshold."
  exit
exit

```

## N40 Message Timed Out

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the N40 Message Timed Out procedure.

```

alerts rules group MessageTimeout
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN11Timeout
  expression "sum(irate(smf_restep_http_msg_total{nf_type=\"chf\",
message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=\"504\"}[5m])) > 5"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired the increase in timeout for N40 messages toward CHF crosses
threshold"
  exit
exit

```

## NRF Discovery

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the NRF Discovery procedure.

```

alerts rules group NRF
  interval-seconds 300
  rule NRFDISCOVERY
  expression
"sum(nf_discover_messages_total{result=~\"success|failure\", svc_name=\"nnrf-disc\",
service_name=\"smf-rest-ep\"}) < 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of N4 responses sent is lesser than 95
%."
  exit
exit

```

## SMF Service Start

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the SMF Service Start procedure.

```

alerts rules group SMFService
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFServiceStart
  expression "irate(outgoing_response_msg_total{msg_type=\"NrfNfmRegistration\"}[5m])"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when SMF-Service starts upon registration with NRF"
  exit
exit

```

## IP Pool

This section provides detail of commands that are required to configure alerts related to IP Pool.

## IP Pool Used

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the IP Pool used procedure.

```

alerts rules group IPPool
  interval-seconds 300
  rule IPPool
  expression "sum(IPAM_address_allocations_current) > THRESHOLD"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage IP pool addresses used is above the
threshold"
  exit
exit

```

## Message Level Alerts

This section provides detail of commands that are required to configure alerts related to various messages.

### N11 SM Create

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N11 SM Create.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN11Success
  expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_create_sm_context\",
message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=\"201\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_create_sm_context\",
message_direction=\"inbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of amf_create_sm_context responses sent
is lesser threshold."
  exit
exit

```

### N11 SM Update

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N11 SM Update.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN11Update
  expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_update_sm_context\",
message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=\"200\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_update_sm_context\",
message_direction=\"inbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of amf_update_sm_context responses sent
is lesser threshold."

```



```

    exit
exit

```

## N11 SM Release

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N11 SM Release.

```

alerts rules group SMFSvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN11Release
    expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_release_sm_context\",
message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=\"204\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_release_sm_context\",
message_direction=\"inbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of amf_release_sm_context responses sent
is lesser threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## N1 N2 Message Transfer

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N1 N2 Message Transfer.

```

alerts rules group SMFSvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN1N2Transfer
    expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_n1_n2_transfer\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=\"200\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_n1_n2_transfer\",
message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of amf_n1_n2_transfer responses received
is lesser threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## N11 EBI Assignment

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N11 EBI Assignment.

```

alerts rules group SMFSvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN11EBI
    expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_assign_ebi\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=\"200\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_assign_ebi\",
message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of amf_assign_ebi responses received is
lesser threshold."

```

```

    exit
exit

```

## N11 SM Status Notify

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N11 SM Status Notify.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN11StatusNotify
    expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_status_notify\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=\"201\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_status_notify\",
message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of amf_status_notify responses received
is lesser threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## N11 SM Context Retrieve

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N11 SM Context Retrieve.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN11ContextRetrieve
    expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_retrieve_sm_context\",
message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=\"201\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"amf_retrieve_sm_context\",
message_direction=\"inbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of amf_retrieve_sm_context responses
sent is lesser threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## N7 SM Policy Create

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N7 SM Policy Create.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN7PolicyCreate
    expression
"sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"pcf_sm_policy_control_create\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=\"201\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"pcf_sm_policy_control_create\",
message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of pcf_sm_policy_control_create responses

```

```

    received is lesser threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## N7 SM Policy Update

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N7 SM Policy Update.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN7PolicyUpdate
  expression
    "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"pcf_sm_policy_control_update\",
    message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=\"200\"}[5m])) /
    sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"pcf_sm_policy_control_update\",
    message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of pcf_sm_policy_control_update responses
  received is lesser threshold."
  exit
exit

```

## N7 SM Policy Delete

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N7 SM Policy Delete.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN7PolicyDelete
  expression
    "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"pcf_sm_policy_control_delete\",
    message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=\"204\"}[5m])) /
    sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"pcf_sm_policy_control_delete\",
    message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of pcf_sm_policy_control_delete responses
  received is lesser threshold."
  exit
exit

```

## N7 SM Policy Notify Update

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N7 SM Policy Notify Update.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN7PolicyUpdateNotify
  expression
    "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"pcf_sm_policy_control_update_notify\",
    message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=\"201\"}[5m])) /
    sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"pcf_sm_policy_control_update_notify\",
    message_direction=\"inbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
  severity major

```

```

    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of pcf_sm_policy_control_update_notify
responses sent is lesser threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## N7 SM Policy Notify Terminate

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N7 SM Policy Terminate.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN7PolicyTerminateNotify
  expression
    "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"pcf_sm_policy_control_terminate_notify\",
message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=\"201\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"pcf_sm_policy_control_terminate_notify\",
message_direction=\"inbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of pcf_sm_policy_control_terminate_notify
responses sent is lesser threshold."
  exit
exit

```

## N10 UE Register

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N10 UE Register.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN10UERegister
  expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"register_ue\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=\"201\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"register_ue\",
message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of register_ue responses received is
lesser threshold."
  exit
exit

```

## N10 UE DeRegister

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N10 UE DeRegister.

```

alerts rules group SMFsvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN10UEDeRegister
  expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"deregister_ue\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=\"201\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"deregister_ue\",
message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"

```

```

severity major
type "Communications Alarm"
annotation summary
value "This alert is fired when the percentage of deregister_ue responses received is
lesser threshold."
exit
exit

```

## N10 SM Subscription Fetch

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N10 Subscription Fetch.

```

alerts rules group SMFSvcStatus
interval-seconds 300
rule SMFN10SubscriptionFetch
expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"subscription_req\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=\"200\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"subscription_req\",
message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
severity major
type "Communications Alarm"
annotation summary
value "This alert is fired when the percentage of subscription_req responses received
is lesser threshold."
exit
exit

```

## N10 SM Subscribe for Notification

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N10 Subscribe for Notification.

```

alerts rules group SMFSvcStatus
interval-seconds 300
rule SMFN10SubscriptionNotification
expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"sdm_subscription_req\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=\"201\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"sdm_subscription_req\",
message_direction=\"outbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
severity major
type "Communications Alarm"
annotation summary
value "This alert is fired when the percentage of sdm_subscription_req responses received
is lesser threshold."
exit
exit

```

## N10 Charging Data Request

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N10 Charging Data Request.

```

alerts rules group SMFSvcStatus
interval-seconds 300
rule SMFN10ChargingRequest
expression
"sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"chf_charging_data_request\",
message_direction=\"outbound\", response_status=\"201\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"chf_charging_data_request\",

```

```

message_direction="outbound"){5m})) < 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of chf_charging_data_request responses
received is lesser threshold."
  exit
exit

```

## N10 Charging Data Notify

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to N10 Charging Data Notify.

```

alerts rules group SMFSvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFN10ChargingDataNotify
    expression "sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"chf_abort_notify\",
message_direction=\"inbound\", response_status=\"201\"}[5m])) /
sum(increase(smf_restep_http_msg_total{api_name=\"chf_abort_notify\",
message_direction=\"inbound\"}[5m])) < 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of chf_abort_notify responses sent is
lesser threshold."
    exit
exit

```

## Policy Rule Alerts

This section provides detail of commands that are required to configure alerts related to various policy rules.

### Addition of Dynamic PCC Rules

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to addition of dynamic PCC rules.

```

alerts rules group SMFPolicyStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule AddPCCRule
    expression
"sum(increase(policy_dynamic_pcc_rules_total{app_name=\"SMF\",event=\"success\",operation=\"install\"}[5m]))
/
sum(increase(policy_dynamic_pcc_rules_total{app_name=\"SMF\",event=\"attempted\",operation=\"install\"}[5m]))
< 0.95"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the percentage of successful addition of dynamic pcc
rules is lesser threshold."
    exit
exit

```

### Modification of Dynamic PCC Rules

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to modification of dynamic PCC rules.

```

alerts rules group SMFPolicyStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule ModifyPCCRule
  expression
    "sum(increase(policy_dynamic_pcc_rules_total{app_name=\"SMF\",event=\"success\",operation=\"modify\"}[5m]))
    /
    sum(increase(policy_dynamic_pcc_rules_total{app_name=\"SMF\",event=\"attempted\",operation=\"modify\"}[5m]))
    < 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of successful modification of dynamic
  pcc rules is lesser threshold."
  exit
exit

```

## Removal of Dynamic PCC Rules

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to removal of dynamic PCC rules.

```

alerts rules group SMFPolicyStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule RemovePCCRule
  expression
    "sum(increase(policy_dynamic_pcc_rules_total{app_name=\"SMF\",event=\"success\",operation=\"remove\"}[5m]))
    /
    sum(increase(policy_dynamic_pcc_rules_total{app_name=\"SMF\",event=\"attempted\",operation=\"remove\"}[5m]))
    < 0.95"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the percentage of successful removal of dynamic pcc
  rules is lesser threshold."
  exit
exit

```

## SMF Overload/Congestion

This section provides detail of commands that are required to configure alerts related to various SMF Overload/Congestion.

### SMF Overload

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the SMF Overload procedure.

```

alerts rules group SMFSvcStatus
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFOverload
  expression "sum by (component) (system_overload_status) == true"
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when increase in events not processed due to system overload"

  exit
exit

```

## SMF Sessions

This section provides detail of commands that are required to configure alerts related to various SMF sessions.

### Session Release Rate

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the Session Release Rate procedure.

```

alerts rules group SMFSession
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFSessionReleaseRate
  expression "sum(rate(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\".*pdu_sess_rel|.pdn_sess_rel\"
, status=\"attempted\"}[5m])) > THRESHOLD "
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the session release rate exceeds the threshold"
  exit
exit

```

### Session Setup Failure

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the Session Setup Failure procedure.

```

alerts rules group SMFSession
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFSessionSetupFailure
  expression "sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\"pdu_sess_create|pdn_sess_create\"
, status=\"failures\"}) /
sum(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\"pdu_sess_create|pdn_sess_create\" ,
status=\"attempted\"}) > 0.05 "
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when failed to setup sessions is more than 5%"
  exit
exit

```

### Session Setup Rate

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the Session Setup Rate procedure.

```

alerts rules group SMFSession
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFSessionSetupRate
  expression
"sum(rate(smf_service_stats{procedure_type=~\"pdu_sess_create|pdn_sess_create\" ,
status=\"attempted\"}[5m])) > THRESHOLD "
  severity major
  type "Communications Alarm"
  annotation summary
  value "This alert is fired when the session setup rate exceeds the threshold"
  exit
exit

```



## Subscriber Limit

Use the following commands to configure alerts related to the Subscriber Limit procedure.

```
alerts rules group SMFSession
  interval-seconds 300
  rule SMFSubscriberLimit
    expression "sum(smf_session_counters{pdu_type=~\"ipv4v6|ipv4|ipv6\"}) > THRESHOLD"
    severity major
    type "Communications Alarm"
    annotation summary
    value "This alert is fired when the max number of subscribers is more
    than the threshold"
  exit
exit
```

# Metrics

## Feature Description

You can monitor a wide range of application and system statistics, and key performance indicators (KPI) within the SMF infrastructure. KPIs are useful to gain insight into the overall health of the SMF environment. Statistics offer a simplified representation of the SMF configurations and utilization-specific data.

The SMF integrates with Prometheus, a third-party monitoring and alerting solution to capture and preserve the performance data. This data is reported as statistics and can be viewed in the web-based dashboard. Grafana provides a graphical or text-based representation of statistics and counters, which the Prometheus database collects. The Grafana dashboard projects a comprehensive set of quantitative and qualitative data that encourages you to analyze SMF metrics in the reporting tool of your choice and take informed decisions.

By default, the monitoring solution is enabled, which indicates that Prometheus continually monitors your SMF environment and the Prometheus data source is associated with Grafana. You must have the administrative privileges to access Grafana. However, to view a specific dashboard, run the Prometheus queries. The queries are available in the built-in and custom format.

The following snapshot is a sample of the Grafana dashboard.

Figure 1: Grafana Dashboard



## How it Works

KPIs constitute of metrics, such as statistics and counters. These metrics represent the performance improvement or degradation. By default, Prometheus is enabled on the system where SMF is deployed, and configured with Grafana. Prometheus dynamically starts monitoring the data sources that are available on the system. For new dashboard panels, execute queries in Prometheus.

For more information about Prometheus, consult the Prometheus documentation at <https://prometheus.io/docs/introduction/overview/>.

## Configuring Metrics Collection

The labels of each SMF metrics are classified into the following three categories:

- Production
- Debug
- Granular

All the SMF application metrics are controlled through the CLI command for performance optimization.

To collect the necessary SMF metrics and labels, use the following sample configuration:

```
config
  infra metrics verbose { service | protocol | load-balancer | application
  } [ level { debug | off | production | trace } | metrics metrics_name [
granular-labels label_name | level { debug | off | production | trace } |
pod pod_name | level { debug | off | production | trace } ] ]
end
```

NOTES:

- If the metrics verbosity is not configured, then the default verbosity level for pod type is as follows.
  - LoadBalancer = Production
  - Protocol = Trace
  - Service = Trace
  - Application = Debug
- The order of the level for verbose metrics is in the following priority order:
  - **metrics** [ **[metrics\_name]** level **[production|debug|trace|off]**: [Priority 1]
  - **pod** **[[pod\_Name]]** level [ **production** | **debug** | **trace** | **off**]] [Priority 2]
  - **level** **[production** | **debug** | **trace** | **off]** [Priority 3]
- **infra metrics verbose { service | protocol | load-balancer | application }**: Enable the metric collection. This configuration helps to collect the required application metrics and labels. By default, this command captures the debug labels of metrics.
- **level { debug | off | production | trace }**: Specify the application metrics category to capture the required application metrics and labels.
  - **debug**: Capture all the labels that are classified as production and debug categories. This option is the default configuration.
  - **off**: Disable the application level metrics collection.  
 For example, configuring the **infra metrics verbose application smf\_service\_stats level off** command disables the **smf\_service\_stats** application metrics.
  - **production**: Capture the labels that are classified as production category.
  - **trace**: This option is not supported for SMF application metrics. If this option is configured, the SMF treats this option as **debug**.
- If production and debug classification is empty for a metrics, then all the labels except granular-labels (if configured) are classified as debug.
- **metrics metrics\_name**: Specify the metrics name to capture only the labels that correspond to the given metrics. The metric-level configuration takes precedence over the application-level configuration. If the metrics level is not configured, the labels are captured at the application level.
- **granular-labels**: Capture only the granular labels. By default, this option is disabled.  
 If a granular label is required for KPI, then that label must be configured. For example, to capture dnn labels of **smf\_service\_stats** metrics, you must configure the following CLI command:
 

```
infra metrics verbose application metrics smf_service_stats level debug
granular-labels [ dnn ]
```

## Configuration Example

The following is an example configuration to enable only production level for all the application metrics.

```
infra metrics verbose application level production
```

The following is an example configuration to enable production level for smf\_service\_stats application metrics and debug level for all other application metrics.

```
infra metrics verbose application smf_service_stats level production
```

The following is an example configuration to enable debug level for smf\_service\_stats application metrics along with granular labels and production level for all other application metrics.

```
infra metrics verbose application level production smf_service_stats level
debug granular-labels [ dnn ]
```

The following is an example configuration to enable production level for smf\_service\_stats application metrics along with granular labels and debug level for all other application metrics.

```
infra metrics verbose application smf_service_stats level production
granular-labels [ dnn ]
```

The following is an example configuration to disable smf\_service\_stats application metrics and debug level for all other application metrics.

```
infra metrics verbose application smf_service_stats level off
```

The following is an example configuration to configure NSSAI labels of smf\_service\_stats metrics.

```
infra metrics verbose application metrics smf_service_stats level debug
granular-labels [ snssai ]
```




---

**Note** The NSSAI statistics are not pegged without configuring the NSSAI label in the granular-labels configuration.

---

## Configuration Verification

To verify the configuration, use the following show command:

```
show running-config infra metrics verbose application
```

The following are example outputs of the **show running-config infra metrics verbose application** command.

```
[smf] smf# show running-config infra metrics verbose application
infra metrics verbose application
metrics smf_service_stats
  level production
  granular-labels [ dnn ]
exit
exit
```

The preceding output indicates that the configuration to capture production labels for smf\_service\_stats application metrics along with granular labels and debug levels of all other application metrics is enabled.

```
[smf] smf# show running-config infra metrics verbose application
infra metrics verbose application
  level production
metrics smf_service_stats
  level debug
  granular-labels [ [dnn] ]
exit
exit
```

The preceding output indicates that the configuration to capture debug labels for smf\_service\_stats application metrics along with granular labels and production level of all other application metrics is enabled.

To verify the slice information on procedure and session statistics, use the following show command:

```
show running-config infra metrics verbose application
infra metrics verbose application
metrics smf_service_stats
  level debug
  granular-labels [ snssai ]
exit
```

## Bulk Statistics and Key Performance Indicators

### Feature Description

This section provides details of bulk statistics, and Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) used for performance analysis on SMF.

There are two types of bulk statistics:

- Gauge - A snapshot value that shows the statistic at that reporting moment (for example, the number of current PDP contexts, simultaneous Active EPS Bearers). Gauge statistics can increment or decrement continuously.
- Counter - A historic value that shows the statistic that accumulated over time (for example, the total number of CSR requests received). Counter values can only increment except in two cases:
  - Rollover - where a counter exceeds its maximum value and rolls over to zero.
  - Reset - where a counter is manually reset to zero.



---

**Important**

For the complete list of supported bulk statistics and KPIs, see the *UCC 5G SMF Metrics Reference* applicable for this release.

---

## Logs

### Feature Description

The system logging feature provides a common way to log the log messages across applications. Each log consists of the following components:

- Timestamp—Shows the date and time of the log creation.
- Log message—Shows the message of a specific log.
- Log level—Shows the level of importance of log message.
- Log tag—Shows the details of module name, component name, and interface name. A log tag is pre-created and passes during logging.

SMF provides various types of logging to log the messages. These logging types are application logging, transaction logging, monitor subscriber logging, and trace logging.

The SMF maintains various logs, such as trace logs and event logs. Use the **kubect**l **get pods -n namespace** CLI command to check all the pods and the services that are currently running. Then, use the **kubect**l **logs podname -n namespace** CLI command to display the log in a pod.

If you encounter any error during the operation of this feature, use the SMF service logs for a particular subscriber session to identify the issues and determine the solution to your problem.

## Download OAM and EDR Monitor Pod Files

### Feature Description

Files that are generated using the **monitor subscriber** command, **monitor protocol** command, and transaction logs are stored in the OAM pod. The files that are generated in OAM pod are collected and stored in an internal Apache server. You can view and download the files by using a web browser, after user authentication.




---

**Note** Use the same credentials as ops-center to authenticate user access to the files present in the oam-pod and edr-monitor pod using a browser.

---

The files are created in separate folders, as and when their respective commands are executed. You can download the following OAM and EDR pod files:

- **Monitor subscriber files:** These files are generated using the **monitor subscriber** CLI option to trace messages that are related to a specified subscriber. The files that are generated for the **monitor protocol** command are present in the `monsublogs/` directory.
- **Monitor protocol files:** These files are using the **monitor protocol** CLI option to capture packets on a specific interface provided under the CLI command. The files that are generated for the **monitor protocol** command are present in `monprologs/` directory.
- **Transaction logs:** When transaction logging is enabled, the transaction logs are sent to oam-pod and can be downloaded from there. The files generated for transaction logging when enabled and are present in the `transactionlogs/` directory.
- **EDR files:** These files are generated in smf service pod and periodically copied to edr-monitor pod. The files are available in `/edr` directory.

## How it Works

This section describes how to view and download the log files in the oam-pod and edr-monitor pod.

### Downloading OAM Pod Files

Open a browser and log on to the Apache server using the `https://oam-files.<ReleaseName>.<Ingress-host-name>.nip.io/` URL. Use the ops-center user credentials. Replace `<ReleaseName>` and `<Ingress-host-name>` with the release name and ingress host name respectively.

The oam-pod directory comprises folders to archive the monitor protocol logs, monitor subscriber logs, and transaction logs.

The directory folders are visible as per the commands executed.

To download the monitor protocol files, use the following URL:

`https://oam-files.<ReleaseName>.<Ingress-host-name>.nip.io/ monprologs/`

In the preceding URL, replace `monprologs` with `monsublics` for monitor subscriber files and with `transactionlogs` for the transaction log files.

### Downloading EDR Files

To access the EDR files in the persistent volume of EDR monitor pod, log on to the Ops center with required credentials, and use the `edr-monitor` pod ingress URL.

To determine the ingress URL, use the following command:

```
kubectl get ingress -n namespace | grep edr
```

#### Example:

```
cloud-user@svi-cndp-tb41-gr-setup-smf-cluster-2-cndp-server-1:~$ kubectl get ingress -n smf-smf | grep edr
```

## Configuring the Logs

This section describes how to configure the logs.

### Enabling or Disabling the Transaction Messages

To enable or disable the presence of request response messages in the transaction logs, use the following sample configuration:

```
config
  logging transaction message { disable | enable }
  commit
end
```

#### NOTES:

- **logging transaction message { disable | enable }**: Specify whether to enable or disable messages in transaction logging.

### Viewing Transaction History Logs

To view the transaction history on an OAM pod shell, use the following CLI command in the SMF Ops Center:

```
dump transactionhistory
```




---

**Note** The most recent transaction logs are stored in a circular queue of size 1024 transaction logs.

---

To display the logs in a pod, use the following command on the Kubernetes master node:

```
kubectl logs -n <SMF namespace> podname
```

### Sample Transaction Log

The following is an example of transaction log collected in Monitor Subscriber during SMF PDU session establishment.

```

Transaction Log received from Instance: smf.smf-rest-ep.unknown.smf.0
***** TRANSACTION: 00010 *****
TRANSACTION SUCCESS:
    Txn Type           : N10RegistrationRequest(33)
    Priority            : 1
    Session State      : No_Session
LOG MESSAGES:
    2020/03/03 05:31:39.345 [DEBUG] [infra.transaction.core] Processing transaction Id: 10
    Type: 33 SubscriberID: imsi-123456789012345 Keys: []
    2020/03/03 05:31:39.345 [DEBUG] [infra.transaction.core] Trace is disabled
    2020/03/03 05:31:39.346 [TRACE] [infra.message_log.core] >>>>>>
IPC message
Name: N10RegistrationRequest
MessageType: N10RegistrationRequest
Key:
--body--
{"regInfo":{"ueId":"imsi-123456789012345","pduSessionId":5},"regReq":{"dnn":"intershat",
"pduSessionId":5,"pgwFqdn":"cisco.com.apn.epc.mnc456.mcc123","plmnId":{"mcc":"123","mnc":"456"},
"smfInstanceId":"c388eec5-e2ff-4bda-8154-b5dd9f10ad97","supportedFeatures":"0","singleNssai":{"sd":"Abf123","sst":2}},
"msgReq":{"Type":2,"ServiceName":4,"Versions":["v1"],"ProfileName":"UP1","FailureProfile":"FH1","SvcMsgType":3,
"Filter":{"Bitmapfeilds":2,"Dnn":"intershat"}}}
    2020/03/03 05:31:39.346 [DEBUG] [nrfClient.Discovery.nrf] Message send Metadata [Type:UDM
    ServiceName:nudm-uecm
        ..
        ..
Request
Name: UdmRegistrationRequest
Host:
http://209.165.200.229:9020/nudm-uecm/v1/imsi-123456789012345/registrations/smf-registrations/5
Method: PUT
RequestURI:
--- Headers ---
Content-Type: application/json
Body:{"dnn":"intershat","pduSessionId":5,"pgwFqdn":"cisco.com.apn.epc.mnc456.mcc123",
"plmnId":{"mcc":"123","mnc":"456"},
"singleNssai":{"sd":"Abf123","sst":2},"smfInstanceId":"c388eec5-e2ff-4bda-8154-b5dd9f10ad97","supportedFeatures":"0"}
    2020/03/03 05:31:39.376 [TRACE] [infra.message_log.core] >>>>>>
Response
Name:
Response Status 201
--- Headers ---
Location:
http://209.165.200.229:9020/nudm-uecm/v1/imsi-123456789012345/registrations/smf-registrations/5
Content-Length: 225
Content-Type: application/json
Body:{"pgwFqdn":"cisco.com.apn.epc.mnc456.mcc123","plmnId":{"mcc":"123","mnc":"456"},
"dnn":"intershat",
"smfInstanceId":"524f5f8a-b584-47b8-86f5-a5292eabcdedf","pduSessionId":5,"singleNssai":
{"sd":"Abf123","sst":2}}
    ..
    ..
    ..
--body--
{"regRes":{"dnn":"intershat","pduSessionId":5,"pgwFqdn":"cisco.com.apn.epc.mnc456.mcc123",
"plmnId":{"mcc":"123","mnc":"456"},
    ..
    ..

```



```

*****
Transaction Log received from Instance: smf.smf-rest-ep.unknown.smf.0
***** TRANSACTION: 00011 *****
TRANSACTION SUCCESS:
  Txn Type           : N10SubscriptionFetchReq(36)
  Priority            : 1
  Session State      : No_Session
LOG MESSAGES:
  2020/03/03 05:31:39.384 [DEBUG] [infra.transaction.core] Processing transaction Id: 11
  Type: 36 SubscriberID: imsi-123456789012345 Keys: []
  2020/03/03 05:31:39.384 [DEBUG] [infra.transaction.core] Trace is disabled
  2020/03/03 05:31:39.384 [TRACE] [infra.message_log.core] >>>>>>
IPC message
Name: N10SubscriptionFetchReq
MessageType: N10SubscriptionFetchReq
Key:
--body--
  ..
  ..
Request
Name: UdmSubscriptionRequest
Host:
http://209.165.200.229:9020/udm-sch/v1/imsi-123456789012345/sm-data?dn=intersat&plmn-id=%7B%22mc%22%3A%22123%22%2C%22mc%22%3A%2
2456%22%7D&single-nssai=%7B%22sd%22%3A%22Abf123%22%2C%22sst%22%3A%22%7D&supported-features=0
Method: GET
RequestURI:
--- Headers ---
IPC message
Name: N10SubscriptionFetchSuccess
MessageType: N10SubscriptionFetchSuccess
Key:
  ..
  ..
--body--
  ..
  ..

```

## Configuring the Logging Levels

This section describes how to configure the logging level parameters.

Use the following sample configuration to configure the logging level:

```

config
  logging level { application | monitor-subscriber | tracing | transaction
}
end

```

### NOTES:

- **logging level { application | monitor-subscriber | tracing | transaction }**– Enter the transaction log configuration mode.
  - **application** – Configures the option application logging level.
  - **monitor-subscriber** – Configures the option monitor subscriber logging level.
  - **tracing** – Configures the option logging level tracing
  - **transaction** – Configures the option transaction logging level.

## Configuring Persistent Transaction Logs

This section describes how to configure the persistent transaction log parameters.

The transaction logs are saved in the transaction log file that resides in the transaction logs directory of OAM pod.

Use the following sample configuration to configure the persistent transaction logs:

```
config
  logging transaction persist enable { max-file-size | max-rotation }
end
```

### NOTES:

- **logging transaction**– Enter the transaction log configuration mode.
- **persist enable { max-file-size | max-rotation }** – Configure the option to enable writing of transaction logs to the transaction log file.
  - **max-file-size** *max\_filesize*– Specify the maximum size (in MB) of the transaction logs that must be preserved in the file. The default size is 50 MB. The accepted range is 1-10000 MB.
  - **max-rotation** *max\_rotation*– Specify the maximum number of files that must be stored in the folder. After reaching the specified number, the file rotation begins. With this rotation, the oldest file is deleted and the latest log file is added to the folder. For example, if the folder has files a1.txt–a.10.txt and when the a.11.txt is added, then a1.txt is deleted. The default number is 10. The accepted range is 2 -1000.
- **persist enable** – Disables writing of transaction logs to the transaction log file.

## Viewing Persistent Transaction Logs

This section describes how to view the transaction logs that are stored on the OAM pod.

To view the persistent transaction logs, use the following configuration through the SMF Ops Center:

```
transaction file dump filename file_path
```

You can use the **transaction log list** command to view the list of log files and their paths.

The following is a sample output of the transaction logs:

```
RELEASE_NAMESPACE: 'example-data'
Dumping file 'transactionlogs/transaction.log.20200907033433.4.gz'
InstanceInfo: example.example-rest-ep.cluster1.example-data.1
TimeStamp: 2020-09-09 00:25:18.379439773 +0000 UTC
***** TRANSACTION: 01371 *****
TRANSACTION SUCCESS:
  Txn Type           : MessageTypeExampleCreate(1)
  Priority            : 1
  Session Namespace  : none(0)
LOG MESSAGES:
2020/09/09 00:25:18.339 [INFO] [rest_ep.app.n7] Message Example_Create decoded
2020/09/09 00:25:18.339 [INFO] [rest_ep.app.n7] Process init
2020/09/09 00:25:18.339 [DEBUG] [rest_ep.app.n7] Config from GetConfig is Version: 783da2fc038c6bc961a95e2bf3dd6d93f282e36b30e0362698a1de369a2fd15c Services: [Name: restServer Type: Rest Endpoint: sbi Name: tcpServer Type: Tcp Endpoint: tcp-protocol Name: udpServer Type: Udp Endpoint: udp-protocol]
2020/09/09 00:25:18.339 [INFO] [rest_ep.app.n7] Process continue
```

```
2020/09/09 00:25:18.339 [DEBUG] [rest_ep.app.n7] DerivedConfig from GetConfig is DerivedNameToBeTested_cb3383b95927a434d42cd9d5687ccf1b13e2de4b2faf4543287a34afb32518fe
2020/09/09 00:25:18.339 [DEBUG] [rest_ep.udp.n5] Sending message Example_Create to example-service
2020/09/09 00:25:18.342 [INFO] [infra.transaction.core] Calling RPC example-service_ipc_stream on host example-service_1 proc-name example-service_ipc_stream
```

