在Azure FTD中部署冗余数据接口,由CD-FMC管 理

目录

简介

本文档介绍将cdFMC管理的虚拟FTD配置为使用冗余管理器访问数据接口功能的步骤。

先决条件

要求

Cisco 建议您了解以下主题:

- 思科安全防火墙管理中心
- 思科防御协调器

使用的组件

本文档中的信息基于以下软件和硬件版本:

- 云交付的防火墙管理中心
- 在Azure云中托管的虚拟安全防火墙威胁防御7.3.1版。

本文档中的信息都是基于特定实验室环境中的设备编写的。本文档中使用的所有设备最初均采用原 始(默认)配置。如果您的网络处于活动状态,请确保您了解所有命令的潜在影响。

相关产品

本文档也可用于以下硬件和软件版本:

• 任何能够运行Firepower威胁防御7.3.0或更高版本的物理设备。

背景信息

本文档显示配置和验证cdFMC托管vFTD的步骤,以便使用两个数据接口进行管理。当客户需要第 二个ISP通过互联网管理其FTD时,此功能通常非常有用。默认情况下,FTD对两个接口之间的管理 流量执行轮询负载均衡;可以按照本文档中的说明将其修改为活动/备份部署。

安全防火墙威胁防御7.3.0版中引入了用于管理的冗余数据接口。假设vFTD可以访问能够解析

CDO访问的URL的名称服务器。

配置

网络图



网络图

为管理访问配置数据接口

通过控制台登录设备,然后使用命令configure network management-data-interface为管理访问配置 其中一个数据接口:

<#root>

>

configure network management-data-interface

Note: The Management default route will be changed to route through the data interfaces. If you are con interface with SSH, your connection may drop. You must reconnect using the console port.

Data interface to use for management:

GigabitEthernet0/0

Specify a name for the interface [outside]:

outside-1

IP address (manual / dhcp) [dhcp]:

manual

IPv4/IPv6 address:

10.6.2.4

Netmask/IPv6 Prefix:

255.255.255.0

Default Gateway:

10.6.2.1

请记住,原始管理接口不能配置为使用DHCP。可以使用命令show network对此进行验证。

通过CDO注册FTD

此流程通过CDO在Azure FTD中运行,因此可以由云交付的FMC管理。此过程使用CLI注册密钥 ,如果您的设备通过DHCP分配IP地址,则此密钥会很有用。只有Firepower 1000、Firepower 2100或Secure Firewall 3100平台支持其他自注册方法,如日志接触调配和序列号。

步骤1:在CDO门户中,导航到资产,然后点击入职选项:



"清单"页

第2步:点击FTD图块:





第3步:选择使用CLI注册密钥选项:

A Important: After onboarding your FTD, it will be managed by Firewall Management Center in CDO. Note that use of the firewall device FTD 0000 manager will not be available after onboarding, and all existing policy configurations will be reset. You will need to reconfigure polices from CDO after onboarding. Learn more 🗹 **Firewall Threat Defense** ... Deploy an FTD to a cloud Use CLI Registration Key Use Serial Number Use this method for low-touch Onboard a device using a registration environment key generated from CDO and applied on the device using the Command provisioning or for onboarding configured devices using their serial Deploy an FTD to a supported cloud nment; AWS, GCP and Azure Line Interfac (FTD 7.2+) (FTD 7.0.3+ & 7.2+)

使用CLI注册密钥

第四步:从configure manager命令开始复制CLI密钥:

1	Device Name	FTDv-Azure
2	Policy Assignment	Access Control Policy: Default Access Control Policy
3	Subscription License	Performance Tier: FTDv, License: Threat, Malware, URL License
4	CLI Registration Key	 Ensure the device's initial configuration is complete before trying to apply the registration key. Learn more Copy the CLI Key below and paste it into the CLI of the FTD configure manager add cisco-cisco-systemss1kaau.app.us.cdo.cisco.com t67mPqC8cAW6GH2NhhhTUD4poWARdRr7 YJqFWzmpnfbJ6WANBeHTAhXnod9E7cle cisco-cisco- systemss1kaau.app.us.cdo.cisco.com Next

复制Configure Manager命令



注:CLI密钥与注册带有内置FMC的FTD中使用的格式相匹配,在自置FMC中,您可以配置

NAT-ID以在受管设备位于NAT设备之后时允许注册:configure manager add <fmchostname-or-ipv4> <registration-key> <nat-id> <display-name>

第五步:将命令粘贴到FTD CLI中。如果通信成功,您必须收到此消息:

Manager cisco-cisco-systems--s1kaau.app.us.cdo.cisco.com successfully configured. Please make note of reg_key as this will be required while adding Device in FMC.

第六步:返回CDO,然后单击Next:

3	Subscription License	Performance Tier: FTDv, Licen
4	CLI Registration Key	1 Ensure the device's initial 2 Copy the CLI Key below at configure manager add t67mPqC8cAW6GH2NhhhTL systemss1kaau.app.t
		Next

单击"下一步"

CDO继续注册过程,并显示一条消息,提示需要很长时间才能完成。您可以点击服务页面中的设备 链接来检查注册过程的状态。

步骤 7.通过工具和服务页面访问您的FMC。



访问cdFMC

点击设备链接。

Mana	agement			
	Devices Policies Objects			
€	NAT			
ஃ	Site to Site VPN			
ф	Remote Access VPN			
(3)	Platform Settings			

点击设备(Devices)

您的FTD现已在CDO中注册,并可由云交付的FMC管理。请注意,在下一个映像中,设备名称下列 出了NO-IP。使用CLI注册密钥的自行激活过程中会发生这种情况。

C Defense Orchestrator FMC / Devices / Device Management	Analysis	Policies	Devices	Objects	Integration	*> Return I	Home Deploy	Q	0	۵	0	· [;	dialle SECURE
View By: Group	•											Deployn	nent History
All (1) • Error (0) • Warning (0)	Offline (0)	Normal (1)	 Deplo 	oyment Pendi	ng (0) 🔹 U	Jpgrade (0)	 Snort 3 (1) 					Q, Search Device	Add 🔻
Collapse All													
Name		Model	Ver	rsion Cha	sis	U	icenses		Acc	ess Co	ntrol Policy	Auto RollBack	
Ungrouped (1)													
FTDv-Azure Snort 3 NO-IP - Routed		FTDv for Azure	7.3.	1 N/A		Est	sentials, IPS (2 mor	re)	Defa Polic	ult Acc V	ess Contro	49	11

为Manager访问配置冗余数据接口

此过程为管理访问分配第二个数据接口。

步骤1:在设备选项卡中,点击铅笔图标以访问FTD编辑模式:

4	A Provide A Provide Management A	nalysis Policies	Devices O	bjects Integration	Seturn Home Dep	ioy Q 📀 🌣 🙆		cisco SECURE
View By	y: Group 👻						Dep	loyment History
All (1) • Error (0) • Warning (0) • Offli	ine (0) Normal (1)	 Deployme 	ent Pending (0)	Upgrade (0) • Snort 3 (1)	Q, Search Device	Add 🔻
Collapse	a.All							
	Name	Model	Version	Chassis	Licenses	Access Control	Policy Auto RollBack	
	Ungrouped (1)							
	FTDv-Azure Snort 3 NO-IP - Routed	FTDv for Azure	7.3.1	N/A	Essentials, IPS (2	more) Default Access Policy	Control	1

编辑FTD

第二步:在Interface选项卡中,编辑要指定为冗余管理接口的接口。如果之前未执行此操作,请配 置接口名称和IP地址。

第三步:在Manager Access 选项卡中启用Enable management on this interface for the manager 复选框:

Edit Physic	al Interf	ace						0
General	IPv4	IPv6	Path Monitoring	Hardware Config	uration	Manager Access	Advanced	
🗹 Enable ma	anagemer	nt on this	interface for the M	anager				
Available Netv	vorks C		+		Allov	wed Management Net	works	
Q Search					an	У		
any-ipv4 any-ipv6 IPv4-Benchi IPv4-Link-Lo IPv4-Multica IPv4-Private	mark-Test ocal ast -10.0.0.0	s 8		Add				
								Cancel OK

启用管理器访问

第四步:在常规选项卡中,确保将接口分配给安全区域,然后单击确定:

Edit Physical Interface

General	IPv4	IPv6	Path Monitoring	Hardware Configuration	Manager Access	Advanced
Name:						
outside-2						
Enabled						
Managem	nent Only					
Description:						
Mode:						
None			•			
Security Zone	:					
outside2-sz	:		*			
- <u>-</u>						

冗余数据接口的安全区

第五步:请注意,现在两个接口都具有Manager Access标记。此外,请确保已将主数据接口分配给 其他安全区域:

FTD Cisco F	V-Azure	efense for Azure	e								Save	Cancel
Devi	ce Routing	Interfaces	Inline Sets	DHC	P VTEP							
							Q Se	arch by name	Sync	Device	Add Inter	rfaces 🔻
In	erface		Logical N	Тур	Security Z	MAC Address (Active/Standby)		IP Address		Path	Virtual Ro	
•	Diagnostic0/0		diagnostic	Phy						Disa	Global	/
•	GigabitEthernet0/0	(Manager Access)	outside-1	Phy	outside1-sz			10.6.2.4/255.255.255.0(Static)		Disa	Global	/
•	GigabitEthernet0/1	(Manager Access)	outside-2	Phy	outside2-sz			10.6.3.4/255.255.255.0(Static)		Disa	Global	/

接口配置审核

在下一节中,步骤6到10用于配置两条到达CDO的等价默认路由,每条路由都由独立的SLA跟踪进程监控。SLA跟踪确保存在使用受监控接口与cdFMC通信的功能路径。

第六步:导航到路由选项卡并在ECMP菜单下创建包含两个接口的新ECMP区域:



配置ECMP区域

单击OK 和Save。

步骤 7.在路由选项卡中,导航到静态路由。

点击铅笔图标编辑您的主要路由。然后点击加号添加新的SLA跟踪对象:

FTDv-Azure	You have unsaved changes Save Cancel
Cisco Firepower Threat Defense for Azure	Edit Static Route Configuration
Device Routing Interfaces Inlin Manage Virtual Routers	Type: IPv4 IPv6 Interface* Add Route
Global	(Interface starting with this icon Resignifies it is available for route leak)
	Available Naturate C Selected Naturate
Virtual Router Properties	Q Search Add anv-inv4
RED any-ipv	
OSPF PV6	IPv4-Benchmark-Tests
OSPFv3	IPv4-Link-Local
EIGRP	IPv4-Multicast
RIP	IPv4-Private-10.0.0-8
Policy Based Routing	IPv4-Private-172.16.0.0-12
Y BGP	
IPv4	Ensure that egress virtualrouter has route to that destination
IPv6	Gateway
Static Route	10.6.2.1 +
Multicast Routing	Metric:
IGMP	
PIM Multisset Dautes	(1 - 254) Tunneled: Ulsed only for default Pouta)
Multicast Roundon: Elter	Route Tracking:
Multicast Boundary Filter	+ 3
General Settings	
BGP	Cancel OK of 1 > > C

编辑主要路由以添加SLA跟踪

步骤 8功能SLA跟踪所需的参数在下一幅图中突出显示。或者,您可以调整其他设置,如数据包数 量、超时和频率。

Name: outside1-sla		Description:
Frequency (seconds): 60 (1-604800)		SLA Monitor ID*:
Threshold (milliseconds):		Timeout (milliseconds):
5000		5000
(0-60000)		(0-604800000)
Data Size (bytes):		ToS:
28		0
(0-16384)		
Number of Packets:		Monitor Address*:
1		
Available Zones C*	_	
Q Search		Selected Zones/Interfaces
outside1-sz	Add	outside1-sz
outside2-sz		
		Cancel Save

0

在本示例中,Google DNS IP用于监控通过outside1接口访问Internet(和CDO)的FTD功能。准备 就绪后,单击ok。



注意:确保您正在跟踪已从您的FTD外部接口验证为可访问的IP。使用不可达IP配置跟踪可 能会使此FTD中的默认路由关闭,然后阻止其与CDO进行通信。

步骤 9单击Save,并确保新的SLA跟踪已分配给指向主接口的路由:

Route Tracking:

outside1-sla

单击OK后,将显示一个弹出窗口,其中包含下一条WARNING消息:

Warning about Static Route

This Static route is defined on the Defense Orchestrator Access Interface. Ensure the change is not affecting connectivity to the device



配置警告

步骤 10单击Add Route选项为冗余数据接口添加新路由。请注意,从下一张图可以看出,路由的度 量值相同;此外,SLA跟踪还具有不同的ID:

Type: IPv4 IPv6	
Interface*	
outside-2	
(Interface starting with this icon signifies it is ava	ilable for route leak)
Available Network C +	Selected Network
Q Search Add	any-ipv4
any-ipv4	
IPv4-Benchmark-Tests	
IPv4-Link-Local	
IPv4-Multicast	
IPv4-Private-10.0.0.0-8	
IPv4-Private-172.16.0.0-12	
Gateway*	
10.6.3.1 ▼ +	
Metric:	
1	
(1 - 254)	
Tunneled: (Used only for default Route)	
Route Tracking:	
outside2-sla 🔹 +	
	Canad

配置冗余静态路由

Name:	_	Description:
outside2-sla		
Frequency (seconds):	_	SLA Monitor ID*:
60		2
(1-604800)		
Threshold (milliseconds):		Timeout (milliseconds):
5000		5000
(0-60000)		(0-604800000)
Data Size (bytes):		ToS:
28		0
(0-16384)		
Number of Packets:		Monitor Address*
1		
Available Zones C		
Q Search		Selected Zones/Interfaces
outside1-sz	Add	outside2-sz
outside2-sz		
		Cancel Save

0

Click Save.

步骤 11或者,您可以在Device > Management下指定辅助数据接口IP。 即使如此,由于当前的注册方法使用了CLI注册密钥过程,因此也不需要这样做:

FTDv-Azure Cisco Firepower Threat Defense for Azure Device Routing Interfaces Inline Sets DHCP VTEP		
Rules: UTC (UTC+0:00)		
Health	Management	/ 🔍
Status:	Remote Host Address:	NO-IP
Policy: Initial_Health_Policy 2023-06-29 17:28:08	Secondary Address:	
Excluded: None	Status:	0
	Manager Access Interface:	Data Interface
	Manager Access Details:	Configuration

(可选)在管理字段中为冗余数据接口指定IP

Objects

步骤 12部署更改。

Devices

(可选)设置主用/备用接口模式的接口成本:

默认情况下,数据接口上的冗余管理使用轮询在两个接口之间分配管理流量。或者,如果某个 WAN链路的带宽高于其他链路,并且您希望将其用作主管理链路,而另一个链路仍作为备用链路 ,则可以将主链路的开销设置为1,将备用链路的开销设置为2。在下一个示例中,接口 GigabitEthernet0/0保留为主广域网链路,而GigabiEthernet0/1用作备份管理链路:

1. 导航到设备> FlexConfig 链接并创建flexConfig策略。如果已配置并分配给FTD的flexConfig策略 ,请对其进行编辑:

Integration

Device Management	VPN	Troubleshoot
Device Upgrade	Site To Site	File Download
NAT	Remote Access	Threat Defense CLI
QoS	Dynamic Access Policy	Packet Tracer
Platform Settings	Troubleshooting	Packet Capture
FlexConfig	Site to Site Monitoring	
Certificates		

访问FlexConfig菜单

2. 创建新的FlexConfig对象:

- 为FlexConfig对象命名。
- 在Deployment和Type部分中分别选择Everytime和Append。
- 使用图22所示的下一命令设置接口的开销。
- Click Save.

<#root>

interface GigabitEthernet0/0

policy-route cost 1

<=== A cost of 1 means this will be the primary interface for management communication with CDO tenant. interface GigabitEthernet0/1

policy-route cost 2

<=== Cost 2 sets this interface as a backup interface.

Defense Orchestrator FMC / Devices / Flexconfig Policy Editor	Analysis Policies I	Devices Objects	Integratio	n		5	Return Home	Deploy	۹	•	¢
MyFlexconfig Enter Description	Add FlexConfig Ob	ject							_	0	
Available FlexConfig C FlexConfig Object	1 Description:	2									
User Defined	2										8
✓ System Defined	A Copy-pasting any r	ich text might introduce	line breaks v	while generating CLI.	Please verify the	CLI before deploy	yment.				
*a Default_DNS_Configure	Insert • E	Deployment: Eve	rutime		Type:	Annend				3	
Pofault_Inspection_Protocol_Disable	index +					repress			1	•	
*a Default_Inspection_Protocol_Enable	policy-route cost	1									
*a DHCPv6_Prefx_Delegation_Configure	interface GigabitEt)	hernet0/1 4									
3 DHCPv6_Prefx_Delegation_UnConfigure	policy-route cost	2									
"à DNS_Configure											
"9 DNS_UnConfigure											
Bgrp_Configure											I
Bigrp_Interface_Configure											I
J Eigrp_UnConfigure											H
J Eigrp_Unconfigure_All	▼ Variables										
Ta Inspect_IPv6_Configure	Name	Dimer	nsion	Default Value	Property (Type:Name)	Override	Description				
J Inspect_IPv6_UnConfigure				No records to di	splay						
*a ISIS_Configure											
*a ISIS_Interface_Configuration											
JISIS_Unconfigure									5		
.9 ISIS_Unconfigure_All									- 5	_	
** Netflow_Add_Destination							0	ancel	Sav	/e	
S Netflow Clear Parameters								L			

添加Flexconfig对象

3. 选择最近创建的对象,并将其添加到"选定的添加FlexConfigs"部分,如图所示。保存更改并部署 配置。

Defense Orchestrator Analysis Price	olicies Devices Objects	Integration *> Return Hom	e Deploy 🔍 🥥 🌣 🎯	
MyFlexconfig			Vigrate Config Preview Config	Sav4 Cancel
Enter Description				
				Policy Assignments (1)
	"a Selected Prepend Flex	Configs		
Available FlexConfig C FlexConfig Object	# Name	Description	1	
×				
V User Defined	2			
Te InterfaceCost	1			
✓ System Defined				
"a Default_DNS_Configure				
B Default_Inspection_Protocol_Enable				
B DHCPv6_Prefix_Delegation_Configure				
.9 DHCPv6_Prefix_Delegation_UnConfigure				
"2 DNS_Configure				
DNS_UnConfigure	. Selected Append Flex	Configs		
Bigrp_Configure	# Name	Description	3	
a Eigrp_Interface_Configure	1 Interface/Cont			0 3
.9 Eigrp_UnConfigure	1 InternaceCost			~
.9 Eigrp_Unconfigure_All				
a Inspect_IPv6_Configure				
"Inspect_IPv6_UnConfigure				
"a ISIS_Configure				
"a ISIS_Interface_Configuration				
"9 ISIS_Unconfigure				
" ISIS_Unconfigure_All				
" Netflow Add Destination				

将对象分配到Flexconfig策略

4. 部署更改。

验证

1. 要进行验证,请使用命令show network。形成冗余管理接口的新实例:

> show network

<<----- output omitted for brevity ----->>

-----[IPv6]-----Configuration : Disabled State : Disabled Authentication : Disabled . . . =======[GigabitEthernet0/0]============= State : Enabled Link : Up Name : outside-1 MTU : 1500 MAC Address : 60:45:BD:D8:6F:5C -----[IPv4]------Configuration : Manual Address : 10.6.2.4 Netmask : 255.255.255.0 Gateway : 10.6.3.1 -----[IPv6]-----Configuration : Disabled ======[GigabitEthernet0/1]========= State : Enabled Link : Up Name : outside-2 MTU : 1500 MAC Address : 60:45:BD:D8:67:CA -----[IPv4]------Configuration : Manual Address : 10.6.3.4 Netmask : 255.255.255.0 Gateway : 10.6.3.1 -----[IPv6]-----Configuration : Disabled

2. 现在接口是sftunnel域的一部分。您可以通过show sftunnel interfaces 和show running-config sftunnel 命令确认这一点:

<#root>

>

show sftunnel interfaces

Physical Interface Name of the Interface GigabitEthernetO/O outside-1 GigabitEthernetO/1 outside-2

>

show running-config sftunnel

```
sftunnel interface outside-2
sftunnel interface outside-1
sftunnel port 8305
sftunnel route-map FMC_GEN_19283746_RBD_DUAL_WAN_RMAP_91827346
```

 系统会自动拼写出基于策略的路由。如果未指定接口开销,则adaptive-interface选项会设置轮询 处理以在两个接口之间负载均衡管理流量:

<#root>

>

show running-config route-map

!

```
route-map FMC_GEN_19283746_RBD_DUAL_WAN_RMAP_91827346 permit 5
match ip address FMC_GEN_056473829_RBD_DUAL_WAN_ACL_165748392
set adaptive-interface cost outside-1 outside-2
```

>

```
show access-list FMC_GEN_056473829_RBD_DUAL_WAN_ACL_165748392
```

access-list FMC_GEN_056473829_RBD_DUAL_WAN_ACL_165748392; 1 elements; name hash: 0x8e8cb508 access-list FMC_GEN_056473829_RBD_DUAL_WAN_ACL_165748392 line 1 extended permit tcp any any eq 8305 (hi

4. 使用show running-config interface <interface> 命令检查接口设置:

<#root>

>

```
show running-config interface GigabitEthernet 0/0
```

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/0
nameif outside-1
security-level 0
zone-member outside-ecmp
ip address 10.6.2.4 255.255.255.0
policy-route cost 1

>

show running-config interface GigabitEthernet 0/1

!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
nameif outside-2
security-level 0
zone-member outside-ecmp
ip address 10.6.3.4 255.255.255.0
policy-route cost 2

<#root>

>

show track

```
Track 1
Response Time Reporter 2 reachability
Reachability is Up
                                      <========= Ensure reachability is up for the monitored interf
2 changes, last change 09:45:00
Latest operation return code: OK
Latest RTT (millisecs) 10
Tracked by:
STATIC-IP-ROUTING 0
Track 2
Response Time Reporter 1 reachability
Reachability is Up
                                      <========== Ensure reachability is up for the monitored interf
2 changes, last change 09:45:00
Latest operation return code: OK
Latest RTT (millisecs) 1
Tracked by:
STATIC-IP-ROUTING 0
```

```
>
```

```
show route
```

Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, V - VPN i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2 ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, + - replicated route SI - Static InterVRF, BI - BGP InterVRF Gateway of last resort is 10.6.3.1 to network 0.0.00

S* 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 [1/0] via 10.6.3.1, outside-2 [1/0] via 10.6.2.1, outside-1 C 10.6.2.0 255.255.255.0 is directly connected, outside-1 L 10.6.2.4 255.255.255.255 is directly connected, outside-1 C 10.6.3.0 255.255.255.0 is directly connected, outside-2 L 10.6.3.4 255.255.255.255 is directly connected, outside-2

相关信息

- <u>思科技术支持和下载</u>
- 通过Cisco Defense Orchestrator中的云交付防火墙管理中心管理防火墙威胁防御

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