

Template Usage in Cisco DCNM LAN Fabric Deployment

templateType	Specifies the type of Template	• CLI
	used.	• POLICY
		• SHOW
		• PROFILE
		• ABSTRACT

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Policy Template

For the policy template, there are two template content types: CLI and PYTHON. With CLI content type, the policy templates are parameterized CLI templates. They can have a lot of variables and CLIs. Typically, CLI policy templates are small and do not have any if-else-for etc. like constructs. An example CLI policy template for AAA server configuration is shown below:

0	disco Data Center Network Manager				0	admin
n (Control / Template Library					
Templa	te Content: 🕖 🗹					
aaa_rad	flus:	0 Errors, 0 Warnings	V	ď	\$	5
1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 10 11 11 12 13 14 15	<pre>#template variables f Copyright (c) 2018 by Clsco Systems, Inc. f ClpsplayMame-TAAA Server Name/IP*, Description-"Name or IP44/IPv6 Address of an AAA Server") paddressHturbrefix AAA_SERVER; (ClpsplayMame-TAAA group*, Description-"Name of AAA Group*) string AAA_COMP (</pre>					
16 17 18 19 20 21	#Ftemplate content aaa group server radius \$\$AAA_GROUP\$\$ server \$\$AAA_SERVER\$\$ ##					

But you can also have policy templates of template content type PYTHON. Essentially, this allows multiple CLI policy templates to be combined together with a common "source" so that they get all applied/un-applied at one go. For example, when you want to create a vPC host port, it has to be created symmetrically on both peers that are part of the vPC pair. In addition, you have to create port-channel, member interfaces, channel-group, etc. This is why a python vPC host policy template has been added. An example interface PYTHON template for setting up a routed interface is shown below:

Co	ontrol / Template Library					
late	Content: ① 🗹					
-		0 Errors, 0 Warnings	R	E C	r 🗘	
2 #	##template variables # Copyright (c) 2018 by Cisco Systems, Inc.					
4 #	# All rights reserved.					
6 6 7 5	?(IsInternal-true) tring SERIAL_NUMBER;					
8 9 6 0 1	Q(PrimaryAssociation-true, IsInternal=true) Interface INTF_UAWE;					
1 2 @ 3 * s 4 5	9(ISMandatory=false, DisplayName="Interface VRF", Description="Interface VRF name, default VRF if not specified") string INIT_VRF { minlength = 1; maxtength = 32;					
7	;; @(ISMandatory=false, DisplayName="Interface IP", Description="IP address of the interface")					
0	ipV4Address IP;					
2 - i 3 4	<pre>(IsHandatory='IP!=null", DisplayName="IP Netmask Length", Description="IP netmask length used with the IP address (Nin:1, Max:31)") min = 1; max = 31; };</pre>					
6 7 @	P(ISMandatory=false, DisplayName="Routing TAG", Description="Routing tag associated with interface IP")					
9	string ROUTING_TAG; @(DisplayName="KTU", IsMTU=true, Description="WTU for the interface (Min:576, Max:9216)")					
1 - i	(UISPLAYNAME= MUU, ISMUUTTUE, DESCRIPTION= MUU TOP the interface (Min:S/6, Max:S216)) Integer MUU { Min = 576;					
3 n 4 d	max = 9216; iefaultValue=9216;					
6	}; 3(DienlavName="SDFER" Descriptions"Interface Speed")					
8 - e	<pre>#(DislawName="SPEED", Description="Interface Spece") inum SPEED { ai/ai/aiu=s-auto,100Mb,1Gb,1Gb,2SGb,40Gb,100Gb; ai/ai/aiu=s-auto,100Mb,1Gb,1Gb,2SGb,40Gb,100Gb;</pre>					
0 0); // //////////////////////////////////					
	<pre>@(IsMandatory=false, DisplayName="Interface Description", Description="Add description to the interface (Max Size 254)") trine DESC (</pre>					
4 • 5 5 6	string Usi (milength = 1; maxlength = 254;					
8						
0 5	9(ISMandatory≕false, ISMultilineString=true, DisplayName="Freeform Config", Description="Additional CLI for the interface") string COWF;					
1 2 @ 3 • b	P(DisplayName="Enable Interface", Description="Uncheck to disable the interface")					
4 d	jefaultValue=true;					
	## template content					
9	From com.cisco.dcbu.vinci.rest.services.jython import PTIWrapper					
1 f	From com.cisco.dcbu.vinci.rest.services.jython import Wrapper From com.cisco.dcbu.vinci.rest.services.jython import WrappersResp					
3 f 4	From utility import *					
5 • 0 6 • 7 •	try: if CONF I= "":					
8 9 - 0	<pre>respObj, conf = Util.adjustIntFreeformConfig(SERIAL_NUMBER, INTF_NAME, CONF) if respObj.isRetCodeFalure(): return respObj</pre>					
1	<pre># modify to be done, calling delete now to clean up PTIs before add</pre>					
3 4	delete()					
5 6 * 7 *	<pre>intFVrf = "default" try: if INTF_VRF != "":</pre>					
8 9 -	<pre>intfVrf = INTF_VRF except:</pre>					
0	<pre>Wrapper.print("Switch/Intf = [%s/%s] - Template[int_routed_host_11_1]: INTF_VRF not defined" %</pre>					
2 3 4	pass routingTag = ""					
5 - 6 -	try: if ROUTING_TAG != "":					
7 8 -	routingTag = ROUTING_TAG except:					
9 0 1	<pre>Wrapper.print("Switch/Intf = [%s/%s] - Template[int_routed_host_11_1]: ROUTING_TAG not defined" %</pre>					
2	# routed interface has only one CLI command: no switchport					
4 5 6	<pre># It must be configured before interface_vrf # p2p_routed_interface that configures the IP address must come after interface_vrf Util.exe(PTIIrasper.createOrlpdate(SEAIL_NUMBER, "INTERFACE",</pre>					
6 7 8	Util.exe(Plimrapper.createurupate(skill_Numbk, 'INTERACE', INTF_NAME, INTF_NAME, INTF_NAME, ConfigPiority.CONFIG_PRIO_INTF,					
9	"nouted_interface", ("INTF_NAME": INTF_NAME)))					
1	if intfVrf != "default":					
3 4 5	<pre># Create/update PII for interface V8F Util.exe(PTIWrapper.createOrUpdate(SERIAL_NUMBER, "INTERFACE", INTF_NAME, INTF_NAME, INTF_NAME,</pre>					
5 6 7	ConfigPriority.CONFIG_PRIO_INTF_SUB_LVL1, "interface_vrf",					
8 9	<pre>("INTF_NAME": INTF_NAME, "INTF_VRF": intfVrf}))</pre>					
0 - 1 -	<pre>if IP != "": if routingTag == "": Util.exe(PTIWrapper.createOrUpdate(SERIAL_NUMBER, "INTERFACE",</pre>					
2 3 4	INTF_NAME, INTF_NAME, ConfigPriority.CONFIG_PRIO_INTF_SUB_LVL2,					

Each policy template has a template subtype like DEVICE, INTERFACE, etc. This allows the right policy template to appear at the right selection point. For example, in the Interface window, you will only see the interface policy templates.

	ontrol / Template Library						
mp	plates					Selected	10/Total 17 🕥 🖴 🖨 🔅
+		ZIP				Show	Quick Filter 🔹
	Name	Supported Platforms	Tags interface ×	Template	Template	Published	Modified T D
-	csr1kv loopback	CSR1KV	[interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
	epl routed intf	N9K	(interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
	GigabitEthernet	CSR1KV	[interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
	GigabitEthernet freeform	CSR1KV	(interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
-	int access host 11 1	All	[interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
-	int loopback 11 1	All	(interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
_	int mgmt 11 1	N9K	[interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
	int monitor ethernet 11 1	N9K	(interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
7	int monitor port channel 11 1	N9K	[interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
	int_port_channel_access_host_11_1	All	[interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
	int_port_channel_trunk_host_11_1	All	[interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
	int_routed_host_11_1	All	(interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
	int_subif_11_1	All	[interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
	int_trunk_host_11_1	All	[interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
	int_vpc_access_host_11_1	All	[interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03
	int vpc trunk host 11 1	All	[interface	POLICY	INTERFAC	false	2019-06-03

In the View/Edit Policies window on the Fabric Builder, you will only see device policy templates.

_	ontrol / Template Library lates						
emp	plates					Selected	10/Total 188 🧭 🖴 🖻 🌣
+						Show	Quick Filter
	Name	Supported Platforms	Tags	Template	Template	Published	Modified T D
				policy ×	device ×		
	aaa_radius	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	aaa_radius_deadtime	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	aaa_radius_key	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	aaa_radius_src_interface	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	aaa_radius_use_vrf	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	aaa_tacacs	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	aaa_tacacs_key	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	aaa_tacacs_src_interface	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	aaa_tacacs_use_vrf	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	anycast_gateway	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	anycast_rp	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	azure_network_selector	CSR1KV		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	banner	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	base_aaa	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	base_bgp	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
	base_bgp_external	N9K,N7K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03
7	base_dhcp	N9K		POLICY	DEVICE	false	2019-06-03

You can make a copy of any of these templates and customize them as per their needs. That is the typical use-case for customization. **Do not** modify existing policies but make a copy, and then customize as per the requirements. Otherwise, after a DCNM upgrade, the changes may be lost.

In general, a template already in use, meaning one that is already applied to some switch within any fabric, cannot be edited.

Note

No Type-CLI templates are used in the LAN fabric installation mode. They are all replaced with more powerful Policy templates which are a super set.

Fabric Template

A fabric template is basically a python template, specifically jython, which is java + python. A fabric template is quite comprehensive, and in that it embeds the rules that are required for deploying a fabric, including all the logic required to generate intended configuration of all switches within the entire fabric. Configuration is generated based on published Cisco best practice guidelines. In addition to the embedded rules, the fabric template also integrates with other entities such as resource manager, topology database, device roles, configuration compliance, etc. and generates the configuration accordingly for all the devices in the fabric. This is the inherent part of the DCNM fabric builder.

The expectation is that users will not create their own fabric templates. DCNM provides a few fabric templates out of the box such as Easy Fabric, External Fabric, MSD Fabric, eBGP Fabric (introduced in DCNM 11.2).

Control / Template Library						
emplates						
emplates				Sel	ected 0 / Total 4 💭	
	GZIP			Show	Quick Filter	•
Name	Supported Platforms	Tags Te	mplate Te	emplate Published	Modified T	D
] [] [f	abric ×			
Easy_Fabric_11_1	All	FA	BRIC NA	A false	2019-06-03	F
Easy_Fabric_eBGP	All	FA	BRIC N/	A false	2019-06-03	F
External_Fabric_11_1	All	FA	BRIC NA	A false	2019-06-03	F
MSD Fabric 11 1	All		BRIC NA	false	2019-06-03	120

Profile Template

A profile template is used for provisioning of overlays (networks or VRFs). The idea is that when you apply some overlay configuration, there are multiple pieces of configurations that should go together. For example, valid layer-3 network configuration in a VXLAN EVPN fabric requires VLAN, SVI, int nve config, EVPN route-target, etc. All of these pieces are put together into what is called a configuration profile (NX-OS construct) and then effectively applied at one go. Either the whole configuration profile gets applied or nothing gets applied, on the switch. In this way, you are not left with any dangling or stray configurations on the switches. For any kind of overlay configurations, whether it is on the leaf or on the borders, DCNM employs profile templates.

There are four kinds of profile templates that are distinguished with tags as depicted below:

- Network Profile (applied to all devices with role leaf)
- Network Extension Profile (applied to all devices with role 'border*')

- VRF Profile (applied to all devices with role leaf)
- VRF Extension Profile (applied to all devices with role 'border*')

0	cisco Data Center Network Manager							admin
Co	ontrol / Template Library							
empl	lates							
								0 0 1
emp	plates					Selecte	ed 0 / Total 11 💭	
+		P				Show	Quick Filter	<u> </u>
	Name	Supported Platforms	Tags	Template	Template	Published	Modified T	D
				profile ×				
	base_external_router	N9K		PROFILE	NA	false	2019-06-03	s
	Default_Network_Extension_Universal	All	[networkEx	PROFILE	VXLAN	false	2019-06-03	D
	Default_Network_Universal	All	[network]	PROFILE	VXLAN	false	2019-06-03	D
	Default_VRF_Extension_Universal	All	[vrfExtension]	PROFILE	VXLAN	false	2019-06-03	D
	Default_VRF_Universal	All	[vrf]	PROFILE	VXLAN	false	2019-06-03	D
	ext_base_setup	All	[borderBase]	PROFILE	VXLAN	false	2019-06-03	
	ext_fabric_intf	All		PROFILE	VXLAN	false	2019-06-03	
	ext_fabric_multisite_intf_11_1	All		PROFILE	VXLAN	false	2019-06-03	
	ext_multisite_overlay_setup_11_1	All	[multiSiteO	PROFILE	VXLAN	false	2019-06-03	
	ext_multisite_rs_base_feature	N9K,N7K	[multiSiteO	PROFILE	VXLAN	false	2019-06-03	S
	ext multisite rs base setup	N9K	[multiSiteO	PROFILE	VXLAN	false	2019-06-03	S

For more information about how to apply overlay configuration via the Networks & VRFs workflow in DCNM, see *Creating and Deploying Networks and VRFs* section.

Additional Notes

When a policy or profile template is applied, an instance is created for each application of the template. The common terminology used for this is Policy Template Instance or PTI. A PTI is effectively a policy or profile template + the Name-value pairs that give it a specific instance, post substitution. PTIs created for a device can be viewed under the View/Edit policies option for that device in Fabric Builder. In the tabular view, the View/Edit policies button allows selection and bulk creation/deletion of policies across a subset of devices in the entire fabric. For more information, see *Viewing and Editing Policies* section.

Viewing, Editing, and Adding Policies

To navigate to the View/Edit Policies window, right-click a device in the Fabric Builder window and select View/edit policies.



The View/Edit Policies window can be used to view, edit, or create a policy for a device. Note that Interface policies can only be viewed but cannot be edited/created from the View/Edit Policies window. Interfaces can only be edited, created, or deleted from the Interfaces window.

Viewing Policies

To view certain policies for a device, you can use filters by specifying the search criteria in the empty boxes under each field. After the policies are found, you can view the content by selecting multiple policies and clicking on the "View" button. Below are examples that show how to use filters and how to view the configuration associated with a policy instance.

Example: Viewing Policies for a Device

Enter team in the search field to filter the templates, select the template that you want to view, and click the View button to view TCAM policies created for the device.

(lica)

								VIC		for
									tcam	× 300
iew	//Edit Policies for	n9k-17 (SAL1	8432P6M)				×	-		
/iew	/Edit Policies for			Switch Config		Select Show Quick Filte	ed 0 / Total 2 🕥 🌣 🗸	-	, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	
+				Switch Config Serial Number	Editable	Show Quick Filter	ed 0 / Total 2 🕥 🌣 🔻	-	<u> </u>	
+	View	View All Pus	h Config		Editable	Show Quick Filter	ed 0 / Total 2 🕥 🌣 🕶	-	<u> </u>	
	Template	View All Pus	h Config		Editable T	Show Quick Filter	ed 0 / Total 2 🕥 🌣 🕶	-	<u> </u>	

Example: Viewing Policies for an Interface

Enter the interface name in the search field under Entity Name to filter interfaces. Select an interface, and click the View button to view policies created for the interface.

													Viev	v/Edit Policies fo	r n9k-17 (SA
													+	View	View All
														Template	Policy ID
														trunk_interface	POLICY-9420
														int_trunk_host_11_1	POLICY-9390
														interface_mtu	POLICY-9450
														porttype_fast_trunk	POLICY-9520
iouu	/Edit Policies fo	* #0k 17 (CAL	10420DCM)									×		no_shut_interface	POLICY-9530
	View View	View All Pu Policy ID	sh Config Current Fabric Name	Switch Config Serial Number	Editable 🔻	Entity Type	Entity Name	Source	Priority	Show Content Type	Selected 0 / Total Quick Filter Mark Deleted	5 Ø \$+			
							Ethernet1/29 ×								
	trunk_interface	POLICY-9420	test-f1	SAL18432P6M	false	INTERFACE	Ethernet1/29	Ethernet1/29	350	TEMPLATE_CLI	false				
	int_trunk_host_11_1	POLICY-9390	test-f1	SAL18432P6M	false	INTERFACE	Ethemet1/29		350	PYTHON	false				
	interface_mtu	POLICY-9450	test-f1	SAL18432P6M	false	INTERFACE	Ethernet1/29	Ethernet1/29	352	TEMPLATE_CLI	false				
	porttype_fast_trunk	POLICY-9520	test-f1	SAL18432P6M	false	INTERFACE	Ethernet1/29	Ethernet1/29	352	TEMPLATE_CLI	false				
	no_shut_interface	POLICY-9530	test-f1	SAL18432P6M	false	INTERFACE	Ethernet1/29	Ethernet1/29	352	TEMPLATE_CLI	false				

8

- Note
- Each interface should be associated with one interface jython policy template.
- An interface jython policy template does not have CLI in its content but rather creates PTIs of CLI policy templates. All these PTIs are combined to generate a complete configuration associated with an interface.

Editing Policies

Not all device policies can be edited from the View/Edit policies window. Only the policies that are created with an empty Source and have the flag Editable = true, can be edited.

Procedure

Step 1	To edit a device policy, select an existing policy and click on the edit or 'Pencil' button. The 'Edit Policy' window opens.
Step 2	After changing 1 or more Name-value pairs, press the 'Save' button to save the changes on the Edit Policy window.
Step 3	To deploy the changed config, go back to the Fabric Builder window, right-click on the device and select 'Deploy Config'.
	This will invoke Configuration Compliance to generate the pending config for the device. Pending config is the diff between the current config on the switch and the new intent config.
Step 4	If the pending config is correct, click 'Deploy Config' to push the pending config onto the switch.

Example: Editing a Policy

This example shows how to change the IPv4 management default gateway.

							9	cisco D	Data Center M
							+	Fabric Buil	der: test-f1
								Actions	-
								+ -	
								Ø Refresh top	pology
								Bave layou	ıt
ew/Edit Policies for	r n9k <mark>-1</mark> 7 (SA	AL18432P6M)				×			
		Edit Policy					×	onfig Depl	oyment
								Step 1. Configu	ration Preview
+ 🖊 🗙 View	View All	Policy ID: POLIC Entity Type: SWIT	CY-9140 CH		Template Name: v4_mgmt_default_gatew Entity Name: SWITCH	ay			
Template	Policy ID	* Priority (1-1000):						Switch Name	IP Address
			General				n	9k-17	22.0.0.17
				* Default Gateway	22.0.0.88	Default Gateway IP address to use with m	amt0		
) switch_role_simulated	POLICY-23870			Default Gateway	22.0.0.00	Uerabit Gateway in address to use with hi	gmio		
] host_11_1	POLICY-8810								
] password_no_strength	POLICY-8840								
] feature_tacacs	POLICY-8880 POLICY-20720	Variables:							
power_redundancy	POLICY-20720 POLICY-23790								
eth_cfs	POLICY-23790 POLICY-8900								
] nfm_switch_user] tcam_pre_config_9300	POLICY-9300								
tcam_pre_config_9300	POLICY-8930								
tcam pre config vxlan	POLICY-9330						_ 11		
v4_mgmt_default_gat	POLICY-9140		4						
						Save Push Config Car	cel		

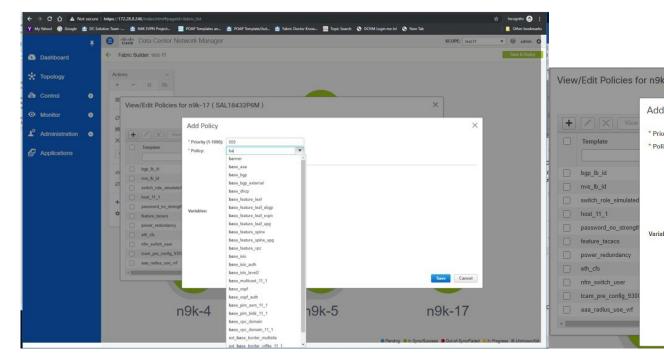
Adding Policies

Procedure

Step 1	To add a	policy to a device, click the '+' button on the View/Edit Policies page.						
	The 'Ad	d Policy' windows opens.						
Step 2	From the	Policy drop-down list, select a policy to be added to the device.						
Step 3	Set the p	olicy priority and input the mandatory fields.						
Step 4	Click the 'Save' button to save and complete adding the policy.							
	Note	Policy Priority is used to determine the order in which the configuration will be applied to the switch. Lower priority PTIs are placed before the higher priority PTIs in the expected configuration or intent and this in turn is the order to which the configuration will be pushed via the deployer module. Default priority is 500.						

Adding a Banner Policy

This example shows how to add a banner policy to a device.



Deploying New Configurations

There are two ways to deploy the new configurations:

- 1. Navigate to the Fabric Builder window, right-click on the device and select 'Deploy Config' (this is the recommended way).
- 2. From the View/Edit Policies window, select the newly added policy, click 'View' to verify the config. If the new config looks good, click the 'Push Config' button to push the new config to the device. Note that 'Push Config' will bypass Configuration Compliance. This option should only be used for exception scenarios such as the case where a new user or SNMP user needs to be added to the switch.

switch_freeform Template Usage

The **switch_freeform** is a special policy template that allows users to specify any freeform config for a device. Usage of the template is as follows:

- Specify switch-level config in the Switch Freeform Config parameter.
- The specified config must match the **show run** output with respect to case and newlines. Any mismatch will yield unexpected diffs during deploy.
- An internal switch_freeform_config CLI policy is created for the specified config.
- Should not use this template for interface configuration except for the SVI interface, as SVI interfaces cannot be configured on the Interfaces page currently.
- Users can create many switch_freeform policies for different configs.
- switch_freeform PTIs are sorted together with the other PTIs based on their policy priorities from low to high.
- A switch_freeform policy can be edited before or after the config is deployed.
- If there is any change in the config content, the previously created internal **switch_freeform_config** policy will have its priority changed from a positive to a negative number, and a new internal policy is created for the new config.
- A negative priority PTI means that CLIs in the PTI need to be deleted; Configuration Compliance will generate the no commands accordingly.
- Deleting a switch_freeform policy will change the PTI priority of its internal policy to a negative number.

The following section shows how to create a **switch_freeform** policy, deploy the policy, and subsequently edit and redeploy the updated policy.

Example: Create a switch_freeform policy

To create a switch_freeform policy, perform the following steps:

Procedure

Step 1 Select the **switch_freeform** template from the policy list in the **Add Policy** screen.

Set the priority and switch freeform config. Save the policy.

View	/Edit Policies for	n9k-17 (SAL1	8432P6N	1)				×	
+	View	View All Pus		Current Switch Config		Sele	ected 0 / Total 356 Filter	Ø ‡• ▼ ▼	
	Template	Add Policy						H.	×
	bgp_lb_id nve_lb_id switch role simulated	* Priority (1-1000): * Policy:	200 switch_freefo General	rm 🔻]				
	host_11_1 password_no_strength		Concita		vlan 100 interface <u>vlan100</u>				
	feature_tacacs power_redundancy eth_cfs	Variables:	×	Switch Freeform Config	no shutdown description vlan 100 no jpv6 redirects no jp redirects				
	nfm_switch_user tcam_pre_config_9300 aaa_radius_use_vrf								<i>li</i>
•									
			4						۲
									Save Cancel

Step 2 View the intent config of the **switch_freeform** policy.

V	ew/Edit Policies fo	or n9k-17(SAL1	18432P6M)							
										Selected 1 / Total 1 🧊
	+ 🖊 🗙 View	View All Pus	sh Config Current	Switch Config					Show Quic	k Filter 🔻
	Template	Policy ID	Fabric Name	Serial Number	Editable	Entity Type	Entity Name	Source	Priority	Content Type
	switch_freeform ×									
	switch_freeform	POLICY-25260	Intent Config	3			×		200	PYTHON
			Policy-ID POL Mark Deleted Current Confi vian 100 interface via no shurdown description no ip redir	<pre>******* Config f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f</pre>						

- **Step 3** Deploy the switch_freeform policy from Fabric Builder.
- **Step 4** Edit the switch_freeform policy from the View/Edit Policies window.

Change the config.

L

View/Edit Policies for n9k-17 (SAL1	8432P6M)		×			
	Edit Policy			×		
+ / X View View All Pus	Policy ID: POLICY-25260 Entity Type: SWITCH		Template Name: switch_freeform Entity Name: SWITCH			
Template Policy ID switch_freeform ×	* Priority (1-1000): 200 General					
switch_freeform POLICY-25260	Variables:	* Switch Freeform Config	vian 200 interface vian200 no shutdown description vian 200 no igv& redirects no ig redirects			
<u>د</u>	٩			Save Push Config Cancel		

Step 5 Save the change.

As shown below, the previously created internal **switch_freeform_config** policy has its priority changed to a negative number (-200), and the **Mark Deleted** flag is set to true However, by design, the newly created internal **switch_freeform_config** policy is NOT shown.

		Maria All	Current	Culture Carefle							ed 0 / Total 2 💭
+ X View View All Push Config Current Switch Config Show Ouck Filter											
	Template	Policy ID	Fabric Name	Serial Number	Editable 🔻	Entity Type	Entity Name	Source	Priority	Content Type	Mark Deleted
	switch_freeform ×										
	switch_freeform	POLICY-25260	test-f1	SAL18432P6M	true	SWITCH	SWITCH		200	PYTHON	false
	switch_freeform_config	POLICY-25270	test-f1	SAL18432P6M	false	SWITCH	SWITCH	POLICY-25260	-200	TEMPLATE_CLI	true

Step 6 View the intent config of the **mark deleted** internal policy.

Viev	v/Edit Policies for	n9k-17 (SAL1	8432P6M	Intent Config	×
+	Template	View All Pus Policy ID	h Config (Policy-ID POLICY-25270: ************************************	
	switch_freeform ×			interface vlan100 no shutdown	
	switch_freeform	POLICY-25260	test-f1	description vlan 100 no ipv6 redirects no ip redirects	
	switch_freeform_config	POLICY-25270	test-f1		

Step 7View the intent config of the changed switch_freeform policy before deployment.Note that both the mark-deleted and current configs are shown.

Viev	v/Edit Policies for	n9k-17 (SAL1	8432P6M	Intent Config	×
+	View	View All Pus	h Config	Policy-ID POLICY-25260: ************************************	
	Template switch_freeform ×	Policy ID	Fabric Na	vlan 100 interface vlan100 no shutdown description vlan 100	
	switch_freeform	POLICY-25260	test-f1	no ipv6 redirects no ip redirects	
	switch_freeform_config	POLICY-25270	test-f1	Current Config ************************************	

Step 8 Deploy the changed config from Fabric Builder.

e altali	• Data Cente	er Network Ma	nager					SCOPE: test-f1	🔹 🕜 admin 🔅
← Fabric	Builder: test-f1								Save & Deploy
Antinan									
Actions +									
	Config Depl	oyment					×		
≣ Tab	Step 1. Configu								
Ø Refr	Switch Name	IP Address	Switch Serial	Preview Config	Status	Re-sync	Progress		
🛗 Sav	n9k-17	22.0.0.17	SAL18432P6M	9 lines	Out-of-sync	-	100%		
X Dele									
Hierar							_		
Config F	Preview - Sw	/itch 22.0.0.1	7				×		
Pending	Config Side-	by-side Compariso	n						
no interfac no vlan 100							*		
vlan 200 interface v no shutdo	lan200								
descripti no ipv6 r	on vlan 200 edirects								
no ip red configure t									
								n9k-17	
							ħ		
1									

Changing the Contents of a Template in Use

A template in general, whether it is a policy, fabric or profile template, cannot be modified once it has been instantiated. However, there could be cases where you want to edit the content of a template, like fixing a bug

in the template or changing an already deployed config. This can be achieved by toggling the **template.in_use.check** option in the **Administration** > **Server Properties** tab.

Procedure

- **Step 1** Change the **template.in_use.check** from **true** (**default**) to **false**.
- **Step 2** Click 'Apply Changes' at the upper righthand corner.

A warning will be popped up indicating that a restart of DCNM is needed.

Ignore this warning as no restart is needed for the in_use flag to take effect.

- **Step 3** Edit the desired template(s).
- **Step 4** Go to the Fabric Builder page and click 'Save & Deploy' for the entire fabric.

This will regenerate PTIs and the updated content will be picked up and used for the expected configuration (or intent).

Step 5 Once the contents are re-generated and deployed, change the **template.in_use.check** back to **true** to avoid performance issues.

		Ŧ	dinuh- Data Center Network Manager	🕜 admin 🌣
	Dashboard		↑ Administration / DCNM Server / Server Properties	
				PApply Changes
*	Topology		# san insights processing interval, minimum value 2 minutes (12000) used for any values smaller # (Default is 300000 time in ms)	-
æ	Control	0	san telemetry processing interval (300000	
			# san insights streaming interval in sec (valid values 30-300) #(Default is 30)	
۲	Monitor	۵	san telemetry streaming interval 30	
.0	Administration	0	# use noop frames in ECT baseline training calculation #(Default is true)	
	Auministration		san telemetry use noop data (true	
Ð	Applications		# training timeframe for a flows EOT baseline in days # (Default is 7)	
			san telemetry train timeframe [7	
			# periodically restart ECT baseline training after number of days # (Default is 26)	
			san telemetry train reset [28	
			# Template Properties template in use check false	
			template use_cache true	
			template server_validation_check false	
			template server_validation_continue_on_error [false	
			Idude Data Center Network Mar Please restart DCNM SAN service if you update properties other than EMC Callhome	🕜 admin 🛟
	Dashboard		Administration / DCNM Server / Se properties(server.callhome.enable, server.callhome.xmIDir), Event Forwarding properties	
			(server.forward event.enable),Template properties (template in_use check property), Event Registration	Apply Changes
x	Topology		# aan anagsts processing interval, minimum value 2 minutes (properties(sysilog disable) or fabric, enableNpvDiscovery # (Default is 300000 time in mis) properties(sysilog disable) or fabric, enableNpvDiscovery # (Default is 300000 time in mis) properties(sysilog disable) or fabric, enableNpvDiscovery # (Default is 300000 time in mis) properties(sysilog disable) or fabric, enableNpvDiscovery # (Default is 300000 time in mis) properties(sysilog disable) or fabric, enableNpvDiscovery # (Default is 300000 time in mis) properties(sysilog disable) or fabric, enableNpvDiscovery # (Default is 300000 time in mis) properties(sysilog disable) or fabric, enableNpvDiscovery # (Default is 300000 time in mis) properties(sysilog disable) or fabric, enableNpvDiscovery # (Default is 300000 time in mis) properties(sysilog disable) or fabric, enableNpvDiscovery # (Default is 300000 time in mis) properties(sysilog disable) or fabric, enableNpvDiscovery # (Default is 300000 time in mis) properties(sysilog disable) or fabric, enableNpvDiscovery # (Default is 300000 time in mis) properties(sysilog disable) or fabric, enableNpvDiscovery	
6		0	updated vmm.resync.timer	
			e san negotis streaming interval in sec (valid values 30-300) # (Default is 30) san telemetry streaming interval [30]	
0	Monitor	0	# use noop frames in ECT baseline training calculation	
10	Administration	0	# (Default is true) - deseme training cacculatori # (Default is true) san blemetry use noop, data true	
		-	# training timeframe for a flows ECT baseline in days	
Ð	Applications		# (Default 57) # (Default 57) san telemetry train timetrame 7	
			# periodically restart ECT baseline training after number of days	
			# (Default a 26) san telemetry train reset 28	
			# Template Properties	
			template in use thekit false	