

Configuring SAN Analytics

This chapter provides information about the SAN Analytics feature and how to configure it:

- Feature History for Configuring SAN Analytics, on page 1
- SAN Analytics Overview, on page 4
- Hardware Requirements for SAN Analytics, on page 5
- Guidelines and Limitations for SAN Analytics, on page 6
- Command Changes, on page 9
- Information About SAN Analytics, on page 9
- Configuring SAN Analytics, on page 23
- Querying Metrics on a Switch, on page 28
- Constructing and Using Queries, on page 49
- Using the ShowAnalytics Overlay CLI, on page 67
- Displaying Congestion Drops Per Flow, on page 88
- Verifying SAN Analytics, on page 89
- Troubleshooting SAN Analytics, on page 98

Feature History for Configuring SAN Analytics

Table 1: Feature History for Configuring SAN Analytics

Feature Name	Release	Feature Information
Reset AMC	9.3(1)	Added support for non-disruptive recovery of analytics by resetting the AMC.
SAN Analytics	9.2(2)	Added the Cisco MDS 9700 48-Port 64-Gbps Fibre Channel Switching Module to the list of supported hardware.
		Some flow metrics were added and some flow metrics were deprecated. For more information, see Appendix.
Virtual Machine Identifier (VMID)	8.5(1)	The VMID Analytics feature was introduced to monitor, analyze, identify, and troubleshoot performance issues at VM level.
Analytics		The analytics vm-tag veid command was introduced.

Feature Name	Release	Feature Information
SAN Analytics	8.5(1)	Analysis of NVMe traffic was changed to count only IO frames. Previously, admin frames were also included.
ShowAnalytics Overlay CLI	8.5(1)	Added the appendfile and outfile options for the ShowAnalytics command.
		The ShowAnalyticshelp command output was modified.
ShowAnalytics Overlay CLI	8.4(2)	Added the option to list the command keywords and variables for the ShowAnalytics command and its options.
		Added support for the Non-Volatile Memory Express (NVMe) metrics in the ShowAnalytics command.
ShowAnalytics Overlay CLI	8.4(1a)	Added the alias argument for the top option of the ShowAnalytics command.
SAN Analytics	8.4(1)	Added support for NVMe analytics type.
		New NVMe view instances and flow metrics were added. For more information, see Flow Metrics.
		The following commands were modified:
		• Added the fc-all and fc-nvme keywords to the [no] analytics type { fc-all fc-nvme fc-scsi } command.
		• Removed the type fc-scsi keyword from the show analytics flow congestion-drops [vsan <i>number</i>] [module <i>number</i> port <i>number</i>] command.
		 Added theerrorsonly,evaluate-npuload,minmax, outstanding-io,top,vsan-thput,alias,limit,key, module,progress, andrefresh options to the ShowAnalytics command.
		The show analytics schema { fc-nyme fc-scsi } { view-instance <i>instance-name</i> views } command was introduced to display schema for the SCSI and NVMe analytics types.
Query Syntax	8.4(1)	Added support for NVMe analytics type.
		The following query syntax supports <i>fc-nvme</i> analytics type:
		<pre>select all column1[, column2, column3,] from analytics_type.view_type [where filter_list1 [and filter_list2]] [sort column [asc desc]] [limit number]</pre>
SAN Analytics	8.4(1)	The following command outputs were modified:
		• show analytics port-sampling module number
		 show analytics system-load
		• ShowAnalytics

Feature Name	Release	Feature Information
SAN Analytics	8.4(1)	Added the Cisco MDS 9396T 32-Gbps 96-Port Fibre Channel Fabric Switch and Cisco MDS 9148T 32-Gbps 48-Port Fibre Channel Fabric Switch to the list of supported hardware.
Query Syntax	8.3(2)	Added support for sorting the metrics and metadata fields in ascending or descending order.
		The asc and desc options were added to the query syntax:
		<pre>select all column1[, column2, column3,] from analytics_type.view_type [where filter_list1 [and filter_list2]] [sort column [asc desc]] [limit number]</pre>
		The show analytics system-load command was introduced.
SAN Analytics	8.3(1)	The following command was introduced:
		no analytics name query_name
		See the Table 3: Command Changes, on page 9 for commands that have changed from Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.2(1) to Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1).
Port Sampling	8.3(1)	The Port Sampling feature allows you to gather data from a subset of ports in a module that is being monitored, cycle through multiple subsets of ports, and stream data from these ports at a regular port-sampling interval.
		The following commands were introduced:
		• analytics port-sampling module number size number interval seconds
		• show analytics port-sampling module number
SAN Analytics	8.3(1)	Some flow metrics were introduced. For more information, see Flow Metrics.
SAN Analytics Support for Cisco MDS 9132T 32-Gbps 32-Port Fibre Channel Switch	8.3(1)	Added the Cisco MDS 9132T 32-Gbps 32-Port Fibre Channel switch to the list of supported hardware.
SAN Analytics Support for Cisco N-Port Virtualizer (Cisco NPV) switches	8.3(1)	Added guidelines and limitations for using the SAN Analytics feature on Cisco NPV switches.
SAN Analytics	8.2(1)	Added the Cisco MDS 9700 48-Port 32-Gbps Fibre Channel Switching Module to the list of supported hardware.

Feature Name	Release	Feature Information
SAN Analytics	8.2(1)	The SAN Analytics feature allows you to monitor, analyze, identify, and troubleshoot performance issues on Cisco MDS 9000 Series Multilayer Switches.
		The following commands were introduced:
		• analytics type fc-scsi
		 analytics query "query_string" type timer timer_val
		 clear analytics "query_string"
		feature analytics
		• purge analytics "query_string"
		• ShowAnalytics
		 show analytics {query { "query_string" id result } type fc-scsi flow congestion-drops [vsan number] [module number port number]}

SAN Analytics Overview



Note We recommended that you use the SAN Analytics feature in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1) or later releases.

The SAN Analytics feature allows you to monitor, analyze, identify, and troubleshoot performance issues on Cisco MDS switches. For a list of supported switches, see the Hardware Requirements for SAN Analytics, on page 5.

In a Fibre Channel SAN environment, it is important to provision and monitor the performance of all devices to be able to resolve any issues that can hinder the performance of such devices. The SAN Analytics feature monitors flows bidirectionally, correlates the flows in a network processing unit (NPU) within a module or individual switch, and provides the fully analyzed network data to the user.

The following figure shows the functionality of the SAN Analytics feature:



Figure 1: SAN Analytics Overview

Hardware Requirements for SAN Analytics

The following table lists the Cisco MDS hardware that supports the SAN Analytics feature:

Switch	Module
Cisco MDS 9700 Series Multilayer Directors	Cisco MDS 9700 48-Port 32-Gbps Fibre Channel Switching Module (DS-X9648-1536K9)
	Cisco MDS 9700 48-Port 64-Gbps Fibre Channel Switching Module (DS-X9748-3072K9)
Cisco MDS 9396V 64-Gbps 96-Port Fibre Channel Fabric Switch	• 96 x 64 Gbps Fixed Ports
Cisco MDS 9124V Fibre Channel Switch	• 24 x 64 Gbps Fixed Ports
Cisco MDS 9148V Fibre Channel Switch	• 48 x 64 Gbps Fixed Ports
Cisco MDS 9396T 32-Gbps 96-Port Fibre Channel	• 96 x 32 Gbps Fixed Ports
Fabric Switch	 32 Gbps Fibre Channel Expansion Module (M9XT-FC1632)
Cisco MDS 9148T 32-Gbps 48-Port Fibre Channel Fabric Switch	• 48 x 32-Gbps Fixed Ports

Table 2: List of Supported Hardware

Cisco MDS 9132T 32-Gbps 32-Port Fibre Channel	• 16 x 32-Gbps Fixed Ports
Fabric Switch	 16 x 32-Gbps Fibre Channel Expansion Module (M9XT-FC1632)

Guidelines and Limitations for SAN Analytics

- This feature is not supported on VSANs where:
 - The default zone permit is configured.
 - The Inter-VSAN Routing (IVR) or Cisco MDS 9000 Input/Output Accelerator (IOA) feature is enabled.
 - Interoperability mode is enabled.
 - In-Order Delivery (IOD) is enabled.
- This feature has the following restriction about queries:
 - The maximum number of push queries is eight. For information about push queries, see Information About SAN Analytics, on page 9.
 - Does not support clearing and purging of individual metrics. For information about clearing and purging metrics, see Information About SAN Analytics, on page 9.
 - The where condition in the query syntax can accept only the equal (=) operator. For more information, see Query Syntax, on page 29.
- We recommend that you do not configure the analytics type command on ports that are members of
 port channels that are connected to Cisco Nexus switches and Cisco UCS Fabric Interconnects (SAN
 port channels) to avoid seeing missing and erroneous metrics.
- For a switch operating in Cisco NPV mode, when server logins move from one uplink to another, either via automatic load balancing by NX-OS or manual rebalancing by the user, the **show analytics system-load** command output may display an incorrect ITL count on that switch. This occurs if any auto load balanced devices ever need to log in again and do so via a different upstream link. If they do so, then they are assigned a new FCID. Because old analytics device FCID metrics are not automatically removed these stale entries result in additional ITL counts. You must purge the metrics first using the **purge analytics** "query_string" command before using the **show analytics system-load** command to get the correct data.
- The **show analytics system-load** command output displays incorrect ITL count after the VMID Analytics feature is initially enabled. To get the correct ITL count, you must first purge the metrics using the **purge analytics "select all from fc-scsi.port"** command before using the **show analytics system-load** command to get the correct data.
- If the total number of ITL records in an analytics engine port set exceeds 4000 on a Cisco MDS 48-Port 64-Gbps Fibre Channel Switching Module (DS-X9748-3072K9), incomplete analytics data may be reported. See the Analytics Engine Port Set Mapping, on page 16 section for how to reduce the number of flows in the port set and avoid this issue.

The following syslog is displayed when this limit is exceeded:

%ANALYTICS_LC_MGR-SLOT1-4-ANALYTICS_LC_MGR_4K_ITL_LIMIT_HIT: Analytics data may be incomplete on few ports : Affected ports are fc1/5,fc1/1,fc1/7,fc1/3

- Analytics support on interfaces that are part of a port channel can have an impact on the overall analytics scale numbers.
- The select all option in the query syntax does not display VMID metrics. To view VMID metrics, you
 must specify one or more individual metrics in the query string and include the *vmid* key. For example,
 show analytics query "select port,vsan,app_id,vmid,target_id,initiator_id,lun,
 active_io_read_count,active_io_write_count from fc-scsi.scsi_initiator_itl_flow".
- When this feature is used along with Cisco DCNM (or third-party devices or applications), the Network Time Protocol (NTP) must be synchronized. For information on NTP, see the "Configuring NTP" section in the Cisco MDS 9000 Series Fundamentals Configuration Guide.
- This feature is not supported on Switched Port Analyzer (SPAN) Destination ports, more commonly known as SD ports, and NP (N-Port) ports. If you are enabling this feature on a range of interfaces, ensure that there are no SD or NP ports in that range of interfaces. Otherwise, this feature will not get enabled on any interface.
- This feature only analyzes frames containing standards-based commands. In Cisco MDS NX-OS Releases 8.2(x) and Release 8.3(x), Fibre Channel Protocol (FCP) SCSI read and write commands are supported. From Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.4(1), both Fibre Channel SCSI and Fibre Channel Non-Volatile Memory Express (NVMe) read and write commands are supported. This feature does not analyze any frames containing proprietary commands; these are typically used by storage replication technologies.
- If the feature analytics command is enabled in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.2(1) or Release 8.3(1), upgrading or downgrading between Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.2(1) and Release 8.3(1) is supported only after this feature is disabled using the no feature analytics command before upgrading or downgrading, and then re-enabling this feature using the feature analytics command.

After downgrading from Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1) or later releases to Release 8.2(1), this feature works only after you perform the workarounds mentioned in the caveat CSCvm19337.

- After upgrading, downgrading, reloading a switch, or reloading a module, all the flow metrics will be purged.
- This feature is not supported when the switch is in soft zoning mode.
- We recommend that the streaming-sample interval (**snsr-grp** *id* **sample-interval** *interval*), port-sampling interval (**analytics port-sampling module** *number* **size** *number* **interval** *seconds*), and push-query interval (**analytics query** *"query_string"* **name** *query_name* **type periodic** [**interval** *seconds*] [**clear**] [**differential**]) be configured with the same value. We also recommend that you change or configure the push-query interval first, then the port-sampling interval, and finally, the streaming-sample interval.



- SAN Analytics is supported on MDS 9124V and MDS 9148V from Release 9.4(1). To downgrade to an earlier release on this switch, you must disable SAN Analytics before the downgrade.
- SAN Analytics is supported on MDS 9396V from Release 9.4(2). To downgrade to an earlier release on this switch, you must disable SAN Analytics before the downgrade.

Command Changes

Some commands have undergone changes in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1). This document displays commands that are introduced or changed in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1). See the Table 3: Command Changes, on page 9 for the commands that are equivalent to the ones used in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.2(1).

We recommended that you use the SAN Analytics feature in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1) and later releases.

Table 3: Command Changes, on page 9 lists the changes made to the commands in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1):

Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.2(1)	Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1)
analytics query "query_string" type timer timer_val	analytics query "query_string" name query_name type periodic [interval seconds] [clear] [differential]
clear analytics "query_string"	clear analytics query "query_string"
<pre>purge analytics "query_string"</pre>	purge analytics query "query_string"
<pre>show analytics query {"query_string" id result}</pre>	<pre>show analytics query {"query_string" [clear] [differential] all name query_name result}</pre>

Table 3: Command Changes

Information About SAN Analytics

The SAN Analytics feature collects flow metrics using frames of interest, for data analysis, and includes the following components:

- Data Collection—The flow data is collected from NPU and eventually sent and stored on the supervisor of a switch. The data that is displayed is the real time view of the data and does not display historical data.
- On-board Querying—The data that is stored in a database can be extracted using a pull query, a push query, or overlay CLIs. Queries are used to extract the flow metrics of interest from the database. The frames of interest are used to monitor, analyze, and troubleshoot performance issues on a switch. For more information, see Constructing and Using Queries, on page 49.

The following are the different ways of querying the database:

• The pull query is a one-time query that is used to extract the flow information that is stored in the database at the instant the query is executed. The output is in JSON format. Pull queries are NX-API compliant.

The overlay CLI **ShowAnalytics** command is a python script that issues a predefined pull query that displays the flow metrics in a user-friendly tabular format. It is a CLI wrapper that is written in Python and stored in the bootflash for execution.

From Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1), the following options are supported in a pull query:

- Clear-Clears all minimum, maximum, and peak flow metrics.
- Differential—Returns the absolute value of only the ITL or ITN flow metrics that were updated between the last and the present streaming intervals. We recommend that you use the differential query to improve scale values of your switch.
- Push query—A recurring query that is installed to periodically extract the flow metrics that are stored in the database and send them to a destination. The output is in JSON format.

From Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1), the following options are available in a push query:

- Clear-Clears all minimum, maximum, and peak flow metrics.
- Differential—Returns the absolute value of only the ITL or ITN flow metrics that were updated between the last and the present streaming intervals. We recommend that you use the differential query to improve scale values of your switch.

Push query supports the following modes for extracting flow metrics:

- Continuous mode—Data is gathered continuously on all analytics-enabled ports.
- Sampling mode—Data is gathered on a subset of analytics-enabled ports at a configured port-sampling interval, and then the data-gathering mechanism is cycled through the next subset of ports. For example, data is gathered on a group of 6 ports from the 24 analytics-enabled ports with a port sampling interval of 30 seconds. For more information, see Port Sampling, on page 14.

The database that is used for storing the flow metrics is organized according to the following hierarchy:

- Analytics Type—The protocol type to analyze. *fc-scsi* analytics type is supported in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.2(x) and Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(x). *fc-scsi* and *fc-nvme* analytics types are supported from Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.4(1).
- View—A view is a selection of flow metrics in the database defined by any valid combination of port, VSAN, initiator, target, LUN, and namespace ID parameters.
- View Type—Views are defined based on components that constitute a flow, for example, port view, initiator_IT view, target_ITL view, and so on. The query syntax is used to run queries on a view type. The syntax supports only one query on a single view type. For a list of view types that are supported, see List of Supported View Types, on page 30.
- View Instance—An instance of a given view type. View instance has its own flow metrics. For example, for port view type, fc1/1 is one instance, fc1/2 is another instance, and so on.
- Flow Metrics—The flow metrics that are used for analysis. From Cisco MDS NX-OS 8.5(1) NVMe traffic metrics include only IO frames as classified by the NVMe frame's *Category* field. Prior to this

release both IO and admin frames were included. For information about the list of flow metrics that are supported, see the view profiles in the Flow Metrics section in Appendix.

The following image shows the various components of a sample database:

Figure 2: Sample Database

		Sample Data	base			
Analytic	s Туре					
View Typ	pe 1	View Type 2		View Type 3		
View Ins	lance 1	View Instance 1]	View Instance 1		
Flow Me	trics 1 Unit	Flow Metrics 1	Unit	Flow Metrics 1	Unit	
Flow Me	trics 2 Unit	Flow Metrics 2	Unit	Flow Metrics 2	Unit	
Flow Me	trics 3 Unit	Flow Metrics 3	Unit	Flow Metrics 3	Unit	
Flow Me	trics 4 Unit	Flow Metrics 4	Unit	Flow Metrics 4	Unit	
Flow Me	trics 5 Unit	Flow Metrics 5	Unit	Flow Metrics 5	Unit	
				5.		
				- S.		
View Ins	tance 2	View Instance 2]	View Instance 2		
Flow Me	trics 1 Unit	Flow Metrics 1	Unit	Flow Metrics 1	Unit	
Flow Me	trics 2 Unit	Flow Metrics 2	Unit	Flow Metrics 2	Unit	
Flow Me	trics 3 Unit	Flow Metrics 3	Unit	Flow Metrics 3	Unit	
Flow Me	trics 4 Unit	Flow Metrics 4	Unit	Flow Metrics 4	Unit	
Flow Me	trics 5 Unit	Flow Metrics 5	Unit	Flow Metrics 5	Unit	
12		- p-		- 10 - 11 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12		
		0		· ·		
						Ι,
				•		00000

For sample examples on configuring a query syntax, see the Examples: Configuring Query Syntax, on page 44.

The following is the flow data collection workflow:

- 1. Feature Enablement—Enable the SAN Analytics feature on switches for which flow metrics have to be analyzed.
- 2. Interface Enablement—Enable collection of flow metrics on interfaces. We recommend that you enable the SAN Analytics feature on host interfaces, as seen in the images in Deployment Modes, on page 17.
- **3.** Executing and Installing Queries—The following queries are used to retrieve flow metrics from the database:
 - Pull Query—Provides near real-time flow metrics for troubleshooting issues directly on a switch. Data from a pull query is extracted from the database at that instant and responded to the query. Pull

query can be executed using CLI or via NX-API. Cisco DCNM can use the NX-API to gather data for visualization.

Overlay CLI—A predefined pull query that displays the flow metrics in a user-friendly tabular format. It provides near real-time flow metrics for troubleshooting issues directly on a switch.

The following image shows the functionality of a pull query:

Figure 3: Pull Query



• Push Query—Provides flow metrics at regular intervals. You can specify a time interval, in seconds. After the time interval expires, the flow metrics that are of interest to the user are refreshed and pushed from the database. When multiple queries are installed, each of the push queries pushes the flow metrics independent of each other, which is the expected behavior.

Note

- Pull query, push query, and overlay CLI are applicable only on the interfaces on which the SAN Analytics feature is enabled.
- Push query timer fetches flow metrics from the NPU and stores them in the database on the supervisor at a specified push query interval.

The following image shows the functionality of a push query where only certain metrics are set to be updated at specific intervals:

Figure 4: Push Query



- **4.** Clearing and Resetting Metrics—The following features allow you to clear or reset the flow metrics that are collected in a database:
 - Purge—Deletes a specified view instance and all the metrics that are associated with this view instance. The view instance is immediately rebuilt with the new IO and all view metrics start counting

from zero. Use this option to flush any stale metrics from a view, such as when an initiator or target is no longer active or present.

The following image shows the purge metrics query functionality:

Figure 5: Purge Metrics Query



• Clear—Resets all the metrics that match the specified query string to zero except the flow metrics of the type *key*. After clearing, the database continues to collect the flow metrics for the specified query.

Note

The **clear analytics query** command is different from the **clear** option that is used in a push query. The **clear analytics query** command resets all the metrics that meet the query syntax and the **clear** option that is used in a push query resets the minimum, maximum, and peak flow metrics.

The following image shows the clear metrics query functionality:

Figure 6: Clear Metrics Query



VMID Analytics



The VMID Analytics feature is currently in beta status for use in non-production environment only. Contact your account teams or Cisco MDS marketing team to understand the use case before enabling this feature. This beta status and restriction will change to regular production status in an upcoming release.

The SAN Analytics feature provides Fibre Channel traffic information at a device (per FCID) level. However, end devices can host multiple virtual entities (virtual machines [VMs]) and each VM can cause a varying load on the Fibre Channel fabric. Therefore, it becomes crucial to monitor the Fibre Channel performance of each VM. The VMID Analytics feature can be used to monitor, analyze, identify, and troubleshoot Fibre Channel performance issues at a VM level.

Individual VMs within a given device use the same FCID for their SCSI and NVMe IO exchanges. The NX-OS Virtual Machine Identifier (VMID) server feature enables resolving traffic sources from a per-FCID device level to an individual VM level. For more information on this feature, see the "VMID" section in the "Managing FLOGI, Name Server, FDMI, and RSCN Databases" chapter of the Cisco MDS 9000 Series Fabric Configuration Guide, Release 8.x.

After the VMID server feature is enabled, the VMID Analytics feature can subsequently be enabled to resolve performance metrics for initiators. When enabled, analytics views that used to report the initiator level metrics will also report VMID level metrics. Only the view types which include the *scsi-initiator-id* or *nvme-initiator-id* key are monitored. An additional *vmid* key is supported for these view types. You must specify the *vmid* key as part of the "selected fields" list along with the initiator ID in the query syntax to collect the VMID-specific analytics. If VMID is not specified in the "selected fields" list and only the initiator ID is specified then the aggregated metrics are collected for the initiator.

Disabling the VMID Server feature cause attached devices to stop inserting VMID information into Fibre Channel frames. Also, when the VMID Analytics feature is disabled the frames are counted against the source FCID and not the VMID. However, the Analytics database continues to retain the previously collected per-VMID metrics. You must purge the metrics or perform a nondisruptive module upgrade to reset the database. If you do not purge the metrics, then the output of the pull or push query with and without using the differential option will be as follows:

- When you use the differential option in a pull or push query after the VMID Analytics feature is disabled, only the first pull or push query will contain the stale per-VMID metrics.
- When you do not use the differential option in a pull or push query after the VMID Analytics feature is disabled, every pull or push query will fetch the stale per-VMID metrics.

The VMID Analytics feature was introduced in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.5(1).

Port Sampling

The Port Sampling feature that is introduced in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1) allows you to gather data from a subset of ports in a module that is already being monitored, cycle through the various subsets of ports, and stream data from these ports at a regular port-sampling interval.

This feature is useful when the NPU load is high and you cannot reduce the number of ports that are being monitored on a module. In such a situation, the load on the NPU can be reduced by sampling a subset of the monitored ports at a specified port-sampling interval. Use the **show analytics system-load** command to check the NPU load.

In Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(2), system messages were introduced to alert you if the NPU load is high when the ITL count exceeds a module limit, when the ITL count exceeds the system limit, and when there is no response from NPU for analytics data. For more information, see the Cisco MDS 9000 Family and Nexus 7000 Series NX-OS System Messages Reference document.

Any I/O and errors that occur on a monitored port, when it is not being sampled, are not seen and not included in the analytics data.

The port sampling interval that is used in this feature is independent of the streaming sample interval. We recommend that you set the streaming-sample interval, port-sampling interval, and push query interval to be equal to or more than the minimum recommended value of 30 seconds.



When this feature is enabled on a module and then the SAN Analytics feature is enabled on new ports on the module, the port-sampling data for the new ports are streamed only after the next port-sampling interval.

Port-Sampling Scenarios

Let us consider a module consisting of 48 ports and group them into two subsets of 24 ports. Depending on the port-sampling intervals that are configured for these subsets of ports and the streaming-sample interval that is configured, flow metrics can be captured at different intervals as seen in the following examples:

Figure 7: Port-Sampling Groups

3∆74	5.0V6	7∆⊽0	0 ∘ ∇ 0 × 10	∇ ∇	G_0 ♥	Gave	Nezezezez	500000 △ • ▽ 100005 1000720		250∨28	274¥28	Prantij △ • ▽ Prantij N∆⊽32	HONONON	334734				414742	412.744	Franka △ • ▽ Hannes Hannes Hannes	Anna △ • ▽ 470.749 -	
		P	ort S	ampl	ing (Grou	o 1							Port	Sam	pling	Grou	Jp 2				1

- When the port-sampling interval and the streaming-sample interval start at the same time:
- Figure 8: Port Sampling Interval and Streaming Sample Interval Starting at the Same Time



• When the port-sampling interval and the streaming-sample interval start at a different time:



Figure 9: Port Sampling Interval and Streaming Sample Interval Starting at a Different Time

Analytics Engine Port Set Mapping

Starting with 64 Gbps capable ports, analytics data on a module is managed as sets of ports by the port ASICs. The data from each port set are stored in a dedicated memory block. To avoid analytics data loss, the total number of ITL flows monitored through each port set should not exceed the capacity of the associated block.

Device	Maximum ITL Flows per monitoring interval
DS-X9748-3072K9	4000 flows per port set

If the number of ITL flows per port set exceeds the capacity of the associated block, it may be reduced by disabling analytics on one or more of the ports in a port set, or by moving the traffic to a physical port in a different port set.

Table 4: Analytics Engine Port Set Mapping, on page 17 provides the partitioning of ports to analytics engine port sets:

Device	Analytics Engine Port Set	Front Panel Port Numbers
DS-X9748-3072K9	1	9, 11, 13, 15
	2	25, 27, 29, 31
	3	10, 12, 14, 16
	4	26, 28, 30, 32
	5	1, 3, 5, 7
	6	33, 35, 37, 39
	7	2, 4, 6, 8
	8	34, 36, 38, 40
	9	17, 19, 21, 23
	10	41, 43, 45, 47
	11	18, 20, 22, 24
	12	42, 44, 46, 48

Table 4: Analytics Engine Port Set Mapping

Deployment Modes

Depending on where the switches that support the SAN Analytics feature are deployed in a SAN fabric, the following deployment modes are possible:

Host Edge Deployment Mode

The SAN Analytics feature is enabled on all Cisco MDS core switches and on interfaces that are connected to hosts.

Figure 10: Host Edge Deployment Mode



Storage Edge Deployment Mode

The SAN Analytics feature is enabled on all the Cisco MDS core switches and on the interfaces that are connected to storage arrays.

Figure 11: Storage Edge Deployment Mode



ISL Deployment Mode

The SAN Analytics feature is enabled on all the Cisco MDS switches and on the interfaces that are on any one side of ISLs.

Figure 12: ISL Deployment Mode



The following image shows the functionality of the SAN Analytics feature when supported and unsupported modules (16-Gbps Fibre Channel, Cisco MDS 9700 40-Gbps 24-Port FCoE Module (DS-X9824-960K9), Cisco MDS 24/10-Port SAN Extension Module (DS-X9334-K9), and so on) are used in SAN.



Note The numbers 1 and 2 in the Figure 13: Functionality of The SAN Analytics Feature When Supported and Unsupported Modules are Used represent two different flows from initiators to targets respectively.



Figure 13: Functionality of The SAN Analytics Feature When Supported and Unsupported Modules are Used

355339



Note

• In the above ISL mode scenarios, the request responses can be seen on different members of port channel.

• When supported and unsupported modules are used on ISL, the analytics data that is analyzed on the ISL may not be accurate. Hence, we recommend that you do not analyze data on ISL where supported and unsupported modules are used.



Configuring SAN Analytics

Enable the SAN Analytics feature on both a switch and its interfaces in order to enable flow metric collection from the interfaces.



Note

- To use the SAN Analytics feature, you must install an appropriate license package using the install license command. For more information, see the Cisco MDS 9000 Series Licensing Guide.
- If you are using Cisco DCNM SAN Insights, you can configure the SAN Analytics feature in Cisco DCNM SAN Insights and there is no need to configure this feature on the switch. For more information, see the "Configuring SAN Insights" section in the Cisco DCNM SAN Management Configuration Guide.

Enabling SAN Analytics

lote	• The SAN Analytics feature is disabled by default.
	• When the active ITL count exceeds the documented limit, a syslog message will be logged.
To er	nable the SAN Analytics feature on a switch, perform these steps:
Proc	edure
Proc	edure
Proc Enter	edure r global configuration mode:
Proc Enter swite	edure r global configuration mode: ch# configure terminal
Proc Enter switc Enab	edure r global configuration mode: ch# configure terminal ole the SAN Analytics feature on the switch:

Disabling SAN Analytics

To disable the SAN Analytics feature on a switch, perform these steps:

Procedure

Step 1 Enter global configuration mode:	
	switch# configure terminal
Step 2	Disable the SAN Analytics feature on the switch:
	switch(config)# no feature analytics

Enabling SAN Analytics on an Interface

To enable the SAN Analytics feature on an interface, perform these steps:

Before you begin



Note The SAN Analytics feature is disabled by default on all interfaces.

• Enable the SAN Analytics feature on the switch. See the Enabling SAN Analytics, on page 24 section.

L

• In port channels, enable the SAN Analytics feature on all the interfaces.

Procedure

Step 1	Enter global configuration mode:		
	switch	# configure terminal	
Step 2	Select	a Fibre Channel interface or a range of interfaces and enter interface configuration submode:	
	switch	n(config)# interface fc slot number/port number	
	Note	You can also specify the range for interfaces using the interface fc <i>slot number/port number - port number</i> , fc <i>slot number/port number - port number</i> command. The spaces are required before and after the dash (-) and before and after the comma (,).	
Step 3	Enable the SAN Analytics feature on the selected interface:		
	switch	n(config-if)# analytics type {fc-all fc-nvme fc-scsi}	
	Note	Only the fc-scsi analytics type was supported in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release $8.2(x)$ and Cisco MDS NX-OS Release $8.3(x)$. From Cisco MDS NX-OS Release $8.4(1)$, the fc-scsi , fc-nvme , and fc-all analytics types are supported.	

Disabling SAN Analytics on an Interface

To disable the SAN Analytics feature on an interface, perform these steps:

Before you begin

In port channels, disable the SAN Analytics feature on all the interfaces.

Procedure

Step 1 Enter global configuration mode:

switch# configure terminal

Step 2 Select a Fibre Channel interface or a range of interfaces and enter interface configuration submode:

switch(config)# interface fc slot number/port number

- **Note** You can also specify the range for interfaces using the **interface fc** *slot number/port number port number*, **fc** *slot number/port number port number* command. The spaces are required before and after the dash () and before and after the comma (,).
- **Step 3** Disable the SAN Analytics feature on the selected interface:

switch(config-if)# no analytics type {fc-all | fc-nvme | fc-scsi}

Enabling VMID Analytics

To enable the VMID Analytics feature on a switch, perform these steps:

Before you begin

- 1. Ensure that the attached HBAs have firmware that supports VMID capability and that the capability is enabled on the HBA.
- 2. Enable the SAN Analytics feature on the switch. See the Enabling SAN Analytics, on page 24 section.
- **3.** Enable SAN Analytics on an interface. See the Enabling SAN Analytics on an Interface, on page 24 section.
- Enable the VMID Server feature. See the "Enabling the VMID Server" section in the "Managing FLOGI, Name Server, FDMI, and RSCN Databases" chapter of the Cisco MDS 9000 Series Fabric Configuration Guide, Release 8.x.

Procedure

 Step 1
 Enter global configuration mode: switch# configure terminal

 Step 2
 Enable the VMID Analytics feature on the switch: switch(config)# analytics vm-tag veid

Disabling VMID Analytics

To disable the VMID Analytics feature on a switch, perform these steps:

Procedure

Step 1	Enter global configuration mode:
	switch# configure terminal
Step 2	Disable the VMID Analytics feature on the switch:
	switch(config)# no analytics vm-tag veid

Enabling Port Sampling

Note

- Port sampling is supported only in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1) and later releases.
 - Port sampling is disabled by default, and continuous monitoring is enabled on all the analytics-enabled ports. For more information on port sampling, see Port Sampling, on page 14.

To enable port sampling on a module, perform these steps:

	Procedure
Step 1	Enter global configuration mode: switch# configure terminal
Step 2	Enable port sampling on a module: switch# analytics port-sampling module number size number interval seconds

Disabling Port Sampling

To disable port sampling on a module, perform these steps:

Procedure

 Step 1 Enter global configuration mode: switch# configure terminal
 Step 2 Disable port sampling on a module and go back to the default mode of monitoring all analytics-enabled ports with the configured streaming-sample interval:

switch# no analytics port-sampling module number

Example: Configuring SAN Analytics

This example shows how to enable the SAN Analytics feature on a switch:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# feature analytics
```

This example shows how to disable the SAN Analytics feature on a switch:

switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# no feature analytics

This example shows how to enable the SAN Analytics feature on an interface for the SCSI analytics type when the NVMe analytics type is already enabled:

• This example displays that the NVMe analytics type is already enabled:

```
switch# show running-config analytics
```

```
!Command: show running-config analytics
!Running configuration last done at: Wed Mar 13 09:01:56 2019
!Time: Wed Mar 13 09:02:52 2019
version 8.4(1)
feature analytics
interface fc1/1
   analytics type fc-nvme
```

• This example displays how to enable the SCSI analytics type on a single port:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# interface fc 1/1
switch(config-if)# analytics type fc-scsi
```

• This example displays that the SCSI analytics type is enabled:

```
switch# show running-config analytics
!Command: show running-config analytics
!Running configuration last done at: Wed Mar 13 09:01:56 2019
!Time: Wed Mar 13 09:02:52 2019
version 8.4(1)
feature analytics
interface fc1/1
   analytics type fc-scsi
```

```
Querying Metrics on a Switch
```

analytics type fc-nvme

When you run a pull query CLI, the specified metrics are collected from the NPU of a module, stored in the metric database on the supervisor, and then displayed in the user session.

Schema for Querying Metrics

A schema is used to display the data of interest that is stored in a database to a user. Use the **show analytics schema** command for more information on schema. Metrics are maintained in a database in the form of various view instances. These view instances can be retrieved using queries. See Views, on page 30 for more information.

Query Syntax

The following is the *query syntax* that is used in the pull query, push query, clearing metrics, and purging views:

select all | column1[, column2, column3, ...] from analytics_type.view_type [where filter_list1 [and filter_list2 ...]] [sort column [asc | desc]] [limit number]

The following are the elements of the query syntax:

- *analytics_type*—Specifies the analytics type. Only the *fc-scsi* type is supported in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.2(1) and Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1). From Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.4(1), *fc-nvme* analytics type is supported.
- view_type—Specifies the view type of a metric database. The syntax is used to run queries on it. The syntax supports only one query on a single view type. For the list of supported view types and their descriptions, see List of Supported View Types, on page 30.
- column—Specifies the flow metrics. A view instance contains multiple columns.
- *filter_list*—Specifies the filters to extract specific metrics of a view instance. You can use the filter conditions on a flow metric column whose type is a *key* value or on a view instance column. You can also use the AND operator for filtering. For a list of view types that are supported, see List of Supported View Types, on page 30.
- sort—Specifies to sort the results in a column. Sorting is performed before the limit operation is performed.
- asc—Sorts the results in a column in ascending order. By default, sorting is done in ascending order if no order is specified.
- desc—Sorts the results in a column in descending order.
- limit—Limits the number of metrics that are returned in a result.

For examples on configuring query syntax, see the Examples: Configuring Query Syntax, on page 44.



Note

• The *limit* and *where* options in the "query_string" can only be used on the key fields.

Prior to Cisco MDS NX-OS, Release 8.3(2), the sort option in the "query_string" could only be used on the key fields and the metrics were sorted only in ascending order. From Cisco MDS NX-OS, Release 8.3(2), the sort option in the "query_string" can be used on all the metrics and metadata fields and can be sorted in ascending or descending order using the asc or desc options respectively. By default, sorting is performed in ascending order if no order is specified.

If you have configured push queries with the **sort asc** or **sort desc** option, make sure that you remove these sort options before downgrading from Cisco MDS NX-OS, Release 8.3(2) to Cisco MDS NX-OS, Release 8.3(1) or earlier releases.

Query Rules

The following are the rules for constructing queries:

- The **select**, **from**, **where**, **sort**, and **limit** conditions should be used in the same order as described in Query Syntax, on page 29.
- The list of columns under the **select** condition should belong to the schema that corresponds to the *view_type* under the **from** condition.
- The where condition is allowed only on flow metric fields whose type is a *key* value. For information about the flow metric fields whose type is a key value, see List of Supported View Types, on page 30.
- Before Cisco MDS NX-OS, Release 8.3(2), the **sort** condition must be a *metric* field and should be present among the columns that are listed under the **select** condition. From Cisco MDS NX-OS, Release 8.3(2), the **sort** condition must be a *metric* or *metadata* field and should be present among the columns that are listed under the **select** condition.

Views

A view is a representation of the flow metrics about a port, initiator, target, LUN, or any valid combination of these. Each view type supports specific flow metrics. To optimize resource utilization, long names in the flow metrics are used for OnBoard queries and short names are used for SAN Telemetry Streaming. For more information, see Flow Metrics.

List of Supported View Types

The following table lists the supported view types:

Table 5: Supported View Types

View Type	Description	Keys
port	A port's view contains metadata and IO metrics for ports on a switch.	port
logical_port	A logical port view contains metadata and IO metrics for VSANs configured for ports on a switch.	port and vsan
арр	An application view contains metadata and IO metrics for the concerned applications hosted behind various ports that are performing IO operations.	port and app-id
scsi_target	A target view contains metadata and IO metrics for SCSI targets that are deployed behind various ports on a switch that execute IO operations.	port, vsan, and scsi-target-id

View Type	Description	Keys
nvme_target	A target view contains metadata and IO metrics for NVMe targets that are deployed behind various ports on a switch that execute IO operations.	port, vsan, and nvme-target-id
scsi_initiator	An initiator view contains metadata and IO metrics for initiators that are deployed behind various ports on a switch that initiate IO operations.	port, vsan, scsi-initiator-id, and vmid
nvme_initiator	An initiator view contains metadata and IO metrics for initiators that are deployed behind various ports on a switch that initiate IO operations.	port, vsan, nvme-initiator-id, and vmid
scsi_target_app	A target app view contains metadata and IO metrics for the applications whose data is hosted on various targets.	port, vsan, scsi-target-id, and app-id
nvme_target_app	A target app view contains metadata and IO metrics for the applications whose data is hosted on various targets.	port, vsan, nvme-target-id, and app-id
scsi_initiator_app	An initiator app view contains metadata and IO metrics for the applications for which initiators initiate IO operations.	port, vsan, scsi-initiator-id, app-id, and vmid
nvme_initiator_app	An initiator app view contains metadata and IO metrics for the applications for which initiators initiate IO operations.	port, vsan, nvme-initiator-id, app-id, and vmid
scsi_target_it_flow	A target initiator-target (IT) flow view contains metadata and IO metrics for IT flows associated with various targets.	port, vsan, scsi-target-id, scsi-initiator-id, and vmid
nvme_target_it_flow	A target initiator-target (IT) flow view contains metadata and IO metrics for IT flows associated with various targets.	port, vsan, nvme-target-id, nvme-initiator-id, and vmid
scsi_initiator_it_flow	An initiator IT flow view contains metadata and IO metrics for the IT flows associated with various initiators.	port, vsan, scsi-initiator-id, scsi-target-id, and vmid

I

View Type	Description	Keys
nvme_initiator_it_flow	An initiator IT flow view contains metadata and IO metrics for the IT flows associated with various initiators.	port, vsan, nvme-initiator-id, nvme-target-id, and vmid
scsi_target_tl_flow	A target target-LUN (TL) flow view contains metadata and IO metrics for the LUNs associated with various SCSI targets.	port, vsan, scsi-target-id, and lun-id
nvme_target_tn_flow	A target target-namespace ID (TN) flow view contains metadata and IO metrics for the namespace IDs associated with various NVMe targets.	port, vsan, nvme-target-id, and namespace-id
scsi_target_itl_flow	A target initiator-target-LUN (ITL) flow view contains metadata and IO metrics for the ITL flows associated with various SCSI targets.	port, vsan, scsi-target-id, scsi-initiator-id, lun-id, and vmid
nvme_target_itn_flow	A target initiator-target-namespace ID (ITN) flow view contains metadata and IO metrics for the ITN flows associated with various NVMe targets.	port, vsan, nvme-target-id, nvme-initiator-id, namespace-id, and vmid
scsi_initiator_itl_flow	An initiator ITL flow view contains metadata and IO metrics for the ITL flows associated with various SCSI initiators.	port, vsan, scsi-initiator-id, scsi-target-id, lun-id, and vmid
nvme_initiator_itn_flow	An initiator ITN flow view contains metadata and IO metrics for the ITN flows associated with various NVMe initiators.	port, vsan, nvme-initiator-id, nvme-target-id, namespace-id, and vmid
scsi_target_io	A target IO view contains IO transaction details for the active IOs that various targets execute.	port, vsan, scsi-target-id, scsi-initiator-id, ox-id, and vmid
nvme_target_io	A target IO view contains IO transaction details for the active IOs that various targets execute.	port, vsan, nvme-target-id, nvme-initiator-id, ox-id, and vmid
scsi_initiator_io	An initiator IO view records IO transaction details for the active IOs that various initiators initiate.	port, vsan, scsi-initiator-id, scsi-target-id, ox-id, and vmid

View Type	Description	Keys
nvme_initiator_io	An initiator IO view records IO transaction details for the active IOs that various initiators initiate.	port, vsan, nvme-initiator-id, nvme-target-id, ox-id, and vmid

View Types Representation

Note

The examples provided in this section are for SCSI analytics type and can be extended to the NVMe analytics type as well.

We have considered a sample topology to explain the different view types. In the following image:

- Initiator 1 and Initiator 2 are configured in VSAN 1 and are communicating with Target 1, Target 2, LUN 1, and LUN 2 in zone 1.
 - Initiator 1 generates 125 read I/Os to Target 1 and 75 read I/Os to Target 2.
 - Initiator 2 generates 50 read I/Os to Target 1 and Target 2 respectively.
- Initiator 3 is configured in VSAN 2 and communicates with Target 3, LUN 3, and LUN 4 in zone 2.

Initiator 3 generates 300 read I/Os to Target 3. Target 3 is generating 150 read I/Os to LUN 3 and LUN 4 respectively.



Note The information that is provided in brackets in the following images are the Fibre Channel IDs (FCIDs) of the devices.

For the list of supported view types and their descriptions, see List of Supported View Types, on page 30.



Figure 14: Sample Topology for View Types Representation

The following image shows the flow metrics as viewed from a port view type:





Table 6: Port View Type

Port View	Flow Metrics
Port view, where port = fc $1/4$	total_read_io_count = 600 (read I/Os of all the initiators that are seen on the port)

The following image shows the flow metrics as viewed from a logical port view type:

Figure 16: Logical Port View Type



Table 7: Logical Port View Type

Logical Port View	Flow Metrics
Logical port, view where port = fc $1/4$ and VSAN =1	total_read_io_count = 300 (read I/Os of all the initiators in VSAN 1)

The following image shows the flow metrics as viewed from a scsi_initiator view type:

Figure 17: scsi_initiator View Type



Table 8: scsi_initiator View Type

scsi_initiator View	Flow Metrics
scsi_initiator view, where port = fc $1/1$, VSAN = 1, and initiator ID = 1.1.1	total_read_io_count = 200 (read I/Os of the initiator ID 1.1.1)
scsi_initiator view where port = fc $1/5$, VSAN = 1, and initiator ID = $1.1.1$	
scsi_initiator view, where port = fc $1/5$, VSAN = 1, and initiator ID = $1.1.2$	total_read_io_count = 100 (read I/Os of the initiator ID 1.1.2)
scsi_initiator view, where port = fc $1/5$, VSAN = 2, and initiator ID = $1.1.3$	total_read_io_count = 300 (read I/Os of the initiator ID 1.1.3)

The following image shows the flow metrics as viewed from a scsi_target view type:
Figure 18: scsi_target View Type



Table 9: scsi_target View Type

scsi_target View	Flow Metrics
scsi_target view, where port = fc $1/6$, VSAN = 1, and target ID = 2.2.1	total_read_io_count = 175 (read I/Os of the target ID 2.2.1)
scsi_target view, where port = fc $1/4$, VSAN = 1, and target ID = 2.2.1	
scsi_target view, where port = fc $1/4$, VSAN = 1, and target ID = 2.2.2	total_read_io_count = 125 (read I/Os of the target ID 2.2.2)
scsi_target view, where port = fc $1/4$, VSAN = 2, and target ID = 2.2.3	total_read_io_count = 300 (read I/Os of the target ID 2.2.3)

The following image shows the flow metrics as viewed from a scsi_initiator_it_flow view type:



Figure 19: scsi_initiator_it_flow View Type

Table 10: scsi_initiator_it_flow View Type

scsi_initiator_it_flow View	Flow Metrics
scsi_initiator_it_flow view, where port = fc $1/1$,	total_read_io_count = 125 (read I/Os only between
VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, and target ID = 2.2.1	initiator ID 1.1.1 and target ID 2.2.1)
scsi_initiator_it_flow view, where port = fc 1/5, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, and target ID = 2.2.1	
scsi_initiator_it_flow view, where port = fc $1/1$,	total_read_io_count = 75 (read I/Os only between
VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, and target ID = 2.2.2	initiator ID 1.1.1 and target ID 2.2.2)
scsi_initiator_it_flow view, where port = fc 1/5, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, and target ID = 2.2.2	
scsi_initiator_it_flow view, where port = fc 1/5,	total_read_io_count = 50 (read I/Os only between
VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.2, and target ID = 2.2.1	initiator ID 1.1.2 and target ID 2.2.1)
scsi_initiator_it_flow view, where port = fc 1/5,	total_read_io_count = 50 (read I/Os only between
VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.2, and target ID = 2.2.2	initiator ID 1.1.2 and target ID 2.2.2)
scsi_initiator_it_flow view, where port = fc $1/5$,	total_read_io_count = 300 (read I/Os only between
VSAN = 2, initiator ID = 1.1.3, and target ID = 2.2.3	initiator ID 1.1.3 and target ID 2.2.3)

The following image shows the flow metrics as viewed from a scsi_target_it_flow view type:



Figure 20: scsi_target_it_flow View Type

Table 11: scsi_target_it_flow View Type

scsi_target_it_flow View	Flow Metrics
scsi_target_it_flow view, where port = fc 1/6, VSAN	total_read_io_count = 125 (read I/Os only between
= 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, and target ID = 2.2.1	initiator ID 1.1.1 and target ID 2.2.1)
scsi_target_it_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, and target ID = 2.2.1	
scsi_target_it_flow view, where port = fc 1/6, VSAN	total_read_io_count = 50 (read I/Os only between
= 1, initiator ID = 1.1.2, and target ID = 2.2.1	initiator ID 1.1.2 and target ID 2.2.1)
scsi_target_it_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.2, and target ID = 2.2.1	
scsi_target_it_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN	total_read_io_count = 75 (read I/Os only between
= 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, and target ID = 2.2.2	initiator ID 1.1.1 and target ID 2.2.2)
scsi_target_it_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN	total_read_io_count = 50 (read I/Os only between
= 1, initiator ID = 1.1.2, and target ID = 2.2.2	initiator ID 1.1.2 and target ID 2.2.2)
scsi_target_it_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN	total_read_io_count = 300 (read I/Os only between
= 2, initiator ID = 1.1.3, and target ID = 2.2.3	initiator ID 1.1.3 and target ID 2.2.3)

The following image shows the flow metrics as viewed from a scsi_initiator_itl_flow view type:



Figure 21: scsi_initiator_itl_flow View Type

Table 12: scsi_initiator_itl_flow View Type

scsi_initiator_itl_flow View	Flow Metrics					
scsi_initiator_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/1, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, target ID = 2.2.1, and LUN ID = 0001	total_read_io_count = 125 (read I/Os only between initiator ID 1.1.1, target ID 2.2.1, and LUN ID 0001)					
scsi_initiator_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/5, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, target ID = 2.2.1, and LUN ID = 0001						
scsi_initiator_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/1, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, target ID = 2.2.2, and LUN ID = 0002	total_read_io_count = 75 (read I/Os only between initiator ID 1.1.1, target ID 2.2.2, and LUN ID 0002)					
scsi_initiator_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/5, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, target ID = 2.2.2, and LUN ID = 0002						
scsi_initiator_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/5, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.2, target ID = 2.2.1, and LUN ID = 0001	total_read_io_count = 50 (read I/Os only between initiator ID 1.1.2, target ID 2.2.1, and LUN ID 00 and initiator ID 1.1.2, target ID 2.2.2, and LUN II					
scsi_initiator_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/5, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.2, target ID = 2.2.2, and LUN ID = 0002	0002)					

scsi_initiator_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/5,	total_read_io_count = 150 (read I/Os only between
VSAN = 2, initiator ID = 1.1.3, target ID = 2.2.3, and	initiator ID 1.1.3, target ID 2.2.3, and LUN ID 0003,
LUN ID = 0003	and initiator ID 1.1.3, target ID 2.2.3, and LUN ID
scsi_initiator_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/5, VSAN = 2, initiator ID = 1.1.3, target ID = 2.2.3, and LUN ID = 0004	0004)

The following image shows the flow metrics as viewed from a scsi_target_itl_flow view type:

Figure 22: scsi_target_itl_flow View Type



Table 13: scsi_target_itl_flow View Type

scsi_target_itl_flow View	Flow Metrics
scsi_target_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/6, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, target ID = 2.2.1, and LUN ID = 0001	total_read_io_count = 125 (read I/Os only between initiator ID 1.1.1, target ID 2.2.1, and LUN ID 0001)
scsi_target_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, target ID = 2.2.1, and LUN ID = 0001	
scsi_target_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/6, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.2, target ID = 2.2.1, and LUN ID = 0001	total_read_io_count = 50 (read I/Os only between initiator ID 1.1.2, target ID 2.2.1, and LUN ID 0001)
scsi_target_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.2, target ID = 2.2.1, and LUN ID = 0001	

scsi_target_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.1, target ID = 2.2.2, and LUN ID = 0002	total_read_io_count = 75 (read I/Os only between initiator ID 1.1.1, target ID 2.2.2, and LUN ID 0002)
scsi_target_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN = 1, initiator ID = 1.1.2, target ID = 2.2.2, and LUN ID = 0002	total_read_io_count = 50 (read I/Os only between initiator ID 1.1.2, target ID 2.2.2, and LUN ID 0002)
scsi_target_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN = 2, initiator ID = 1.1.3, target ID = 2.2.3, and LUN ID = 0003 scsi_target_itl_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN = 2, initiator ID = 1.1.3, target ID = 2.2.3, and LUN ID = 0004	total_read_io_count = 150 (read I/Os only between initiator ID 1.1.3, target ID 2.2.3, and LUN ID 0003, and initiator ID 1.1.3, target ID 2.2.3, and LUN ID 0004)

The following image shows the flow metrics as viewed from a scsi_target_tl_flow view type:

Figure 23: scsi_target_tl_flow View Type



Table 14: scsi_target_tl_flow View Type

scsi_target_tl_flow View	Flow Metrics							
scsi_target_tl_flow view, where port = fc 1/6, VSAN = 1, target ID = 2.2.1, and LUN ID = 0001	total_read_io_count = 175 (read I/Os only between target ID 2.2.1 and LUN ID 0001)							
scsi_target_tl_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN = 1, target ID = 2.2.1, and LUN ID = 0001								

scsi_target_tl_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN	total_read_io_count = 125 (read I/Os only between
= 1, target ID = 2.2.2, and LUN ID = 0002	target ID 2.2.2 and LUN ID 0002)
scsi_target_tl_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN	total_read_io_count = 150 (read I/Os only between
= 2, target ID = 2.2.3, and LUN ID = 0003	target ID 2.2.3 and LUN ID 0003 and target ID 2.2.3
scsi_target_tl_flow view, where port = fc 1/4, VSAN = 2, target ID = 2.2.3, and LUN ID = 0004	and LUN ID 0004)

The following image shows initiator views where the total read io count is 0.

Figure 24: Initiator Views Where the total_read_io_count is Zero



The following image shows target views where the total_read_io_count is 0.



Figure 25: Target Views Where the total_read_io_count is Zero

Examples: Configuring Query Syntax

The **show analytics query 'select all from fc-scsi.scsi_initiator'** command provides an output of the flow metrics of all the initiators, as seen in the sample database shown in the following image:

Configuring SAN Analytics



Figure 26: Flow Metrics of all the Initiators

The **show analytics query 'select total_read_io_count from fc-scsi.scsi_initiator'** command provides an output of a target's total_read_io_count flow metrics, as seen in the sample database in the following image:



Figure 27: Flow Metrics of a Target's Total Read IO Count

The **show analytics query 'select total_read_io_count,total_write_io_count from fc-scsi.scsi_target_it_flow'** command provides an output of an initiator's and a target's total_read_io_count and total_write_io_count flow metrics viewed from the target, as seen in the sample database in the following image:



Figure 28: Flow Metrics of an Initiator's and Target's Total Read IO Count and Total Write IO Count

The show analytics query 'select all from fc-scsi.port where port=fc1/1 and vsan=2 limit 1' command provides an output of a port's flow metrics that are a part of port fc1/1, VSAN 2, with the number of records is limited to one, as seen in the sample database in the following image:



Figure 29: Flow Metrics of the Port FC 1/1 That Belongs to VSAN 2 With the Number of Records Limited to One

The show analytics query 'select all from fc-scsi.scsi_initiator where port=fc1/1 and vsan=3 sort total_write_io_count' command provides an output of an initiator's total_write_io_count flow metrics that are a part of port fc1/1 and VSAN 3, and the output is sorted, as seen in the sample database in the following image:



Figure 30: Flow Metrics of an Initiator's Total Write IO Count That Belongs to Port FC1/1 and VSAN 3 With the Output Sorted

Constructing and Using Queries

Flow metrics are analyzed by using a query_string that is in the form of a query syntax.

Displaying the Installed Push Queries

To display the installed push queries, run this command:

switch# show analytics query { all | name query_name }

Displaying the Results of a Push Query

To display the results of a push query, run this command:

switch# show analytics query name query_name result

Executing a Pull Query

To execute a pull query, run this command:

switch# show analytics query "query_string" [clear] [differential]



Use the "query_string" to specify query semantics, such as **select**, **table**, **limit**, and so on, for example, "select all from fc-scsi.port".

Configuring a Push Query

To configure a push query, perform these steps:

Procedure

Step 1 Enter global configuration mode:

switch# configure terminal

Step 2 Specify a query string and a timer value for the flow metrics to be displayed at specific intervals:

switch(config)# analytics query "query_string" name query_name type periodic [interval seconds]
[clear] [differential]

Only one push query using a "query_string" is allowed at a time. If you try to configure a duplicate push query name, a message is returned stating that the current configuration is a duplicate.

Note Pull query, push query, and overlay CLI are applicable only on interfaces where the SAN Analytics feature is enabled.

Removing a Configured Push Query

To remove a configured push query, perform these steps:

Procedure

 Step 1
 Enter global configuration mode:

 switch# configure terminal

Step 2 Remove a configured push query:

switch(config)# no analytics name query_name

Clearing Metrics

To reset all the flow metrics for a view instance that match the query string, run this command:

switch# clear analytics query "query_string"

Note

- The "query_string" must have the format "select all from <view-name>".
 - You can clear the flow metrics without installing a push query.
 - The **clear analytics query** command is different from the **clear** option that is used in a push query. The **clear analytics query** command resets all the metrics that meet the query syntax and the **clear** option that is used in a push query resets the minimum, maximum, and peak flow metrics.

Purging Views

To delete a specific view instance and its associated metrics, run this command:

switch# purge analytics query "query_string"



Note

• The "query_string" must have the format "select all from <view-name>".

- You can clear the flow metrics without installing a push query.
- The where clause in the purge query can accept only the *port* key field.

Displaying the Results of a Configured Push Query

The flow metrics that are displayed using the **show analytics query name** *query_name* **result** command are the refreshed metrics at the time interval when this command was executed. For example, if a push query is configured to refresh at an interval of every 30 seconds, and the **show analytics query name** *query_name* **result** command is executed after 35 seconds, the push query displays the flow metrics that were refreshed when the time interval was 30 seconds.

To display the flow metrics of a configured push query, run this command:

switch# show analytics query name query_name result

Example: Constructing and Using Queries

Note

• The number after "values" in the output indicates the corresponding number of a record.

• New metrics are added in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1) because of which the query results may vary slightly between Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1) and later releases and Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.2(1).

This example shows the output of all the flow metrics of the SCSI initiator ITL flow view instance:

```
switch# show analytics query 'select all from fc-scsi.scsi initiator itl flow'
{ "values": {
        "1": {
                "port": "fc1/1",
                "vsan": "10",
                "app id": "255",
                "initiator id": "0xe80041",
                "target id": "0xd60200",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000"
                "active io read count": "0",
                "active_io_write_count": "1",
                "total read io count": "0",
                "total_write_io_count": "1162370362",
                "total_seq_read_io_count": "0",
                "total seq write io count": "1",
                "total_read_io_time": "0",
                "total write io time": "116204704658",
                "total read io initiation time": "0",
                "total_write_io_initiation_time": "43996934029",
                "total read io bytes": "0",
                "total_write_io_bytes": "595133625344",
                "total read io inter gap time": "0",
                "total write io inter gap time": "41139462314556",
                "total_time_metric_based_read_io_count": "0",
                "total_time_metric_based_write_io_count": "1162370358",
                "total time metric based read io bytes": "0",
                "total_time_metric_based_write_io_bytes": "595133623296",
                "read io rate": "0",
                "peak read io rate": "0",
                "write io rate": "7250",
                "peak write io rate": "7304",
                "read_io_bandwidth": "0",
                "peak read io bandwidth": "0",
                "write io bandwidth": "3712384",
                "peak_write_io_bandwidth": "3739904",
                "read_io_size_min": "0",
                "read io size max": "0"
                "write io size min": "512",
                "write io size max": "512",
                "read io completion time min": "0",
                "read io completion time max": "0",
                "write_io_completion_time_min": "89"
                "write_io_completion_time_max": "416",
                "read io initiation time min": "0",
                "read io initiation time max": "0",
                "write_io_initiation_time_min": "34"
                "write_io_initiation_time_max": "116",
                "read io inter gap time min": "0",
```

```
"read io inter gap time max": "0",
         "write io_inter_gap_time_min": "31400",
         "write io inter gap time max": "118222",
         "peak_active_io_read_count": "0",
         "peak_active_io_write_count": "5",
         "read io aborts": "0",
         "write io aborts": "0",
         "read io failures": "0",
         "write io failures": "0",
         "read_io_scsi_check_condition_count": "0",
         "write io scsi check condition count": "0",
         "read io_scsi_busy_count": "0"
         "write io scsi busy count": "0",
         "read io scsi reservation conflict count": "0",
         "write_io_scsi_reservation_conflict_count": "0",
         "read_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0",
         "write io scsi queue full count": "0",
         "sampling_start_time": "1528535447",
         "sampling_end_time": "1528697457"
},
.
"5": {
         "port": "fc1/8",
         "vsan": "10",
         "app id": "255",
         "initiator id": "0xe80001",
         "target id": "0xe800a1",
         "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
         "active io read count": "0",
         "active_io_write_count": "1",
         "total_read_io_count": "0",
         "total write io count": "1138738309",
         "total_seq_read_io_count": "0",
         "total seq_write_io_count": "1",
         "total_read_io_time": "0",
         "total_write_io_time": "109792480881",
         "total_read_io_initiation_time": "0",
         "total write_io_initiation_time": "39239145641",
         "total read io bytes": "0",
         "total write io bytes": "583034014208",
         "total_read_io_inter_gap_time": "0",
         "total_write_io_inter_gap_time": "41479779998852",
         "total time_metric_based_read_io_count": "0",
         "total_time_metric_based_write_io_count": "1138738307",
         "total time metric based read io bytes": "0",
         "total_time_metric_based_write_io_bytes": "583034013184",
         "read io rate": "0",
         "peak read io rate": "0",
         "write io rate": "7074",
         "peak write io rate": "7903",
         "read io bandwidth": "0",
         "peak_read_io_bandwidth": "0",
         "write io bandwidth": "3622144",
         "peak write io bandwidth": "4046336",
         "read_io_size_min": "0",
         "read io size max": "0",
         "write_io_size_min": "512",
         "write_io_size_max": "512"
         "read_io_completion_time_min": "0",
         "read io completion time max": "0",
         "write io completion time min": "71",
         "write io completion time max": "3352",
```

```
"read io initiation time min": "0",
        "read_io_initiation_time_max": "0",
        "write io initiation time min": "26",
        "write io initiation time max": "2427",
        "read_io_inter_gap_time_min": "0",
        "read io inter gap time max": "0",
        "write_io_inter_gap_time_min": "25988",
        "write_io_inter_gap_time_max": "868452",
        "peak active io read count": "0",
        "peak_active_io_write_count": "5"
        "read io aborts": "0",
        "write io aborts": "0"
        "read io failures": "0",
        "write io failures": "0",
        "read_io_scsi_check_condition_count": "0",
        "write_io_scsi_check_condition_count": "0",
        "read io scsi busy count": "0",
        "write_io_scsi_busy_count": "0",
        "read io scsi reservation conflict count": "0",
        "write io scsi reservation conflict count": "0",
        "read_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0",
        "write_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0",
        "sampling start time": "1528535447",
        "sampling end time": "1528697457"
}
```

This example shows the output of all the flow metrics of the NVMe initiator ITN flow view instance:

```
switch# show analytics query 'select all from fc-nvme_initiator_itn_flow'
{ "values": {
       "1": {
                "port": "fc1/9",
                "vsan": "5",
                "app id": "255",
                "initiator id": "0xa40160",
                "target_id": "0xa4018c",
                "connection id": "0000-0000-0000",
                "namespace_id": "1",
                "active io read count": "0",
                "active io write count": "0",
                "total read io count": "414106348",
                "total_write_io_count": "0",
                "total_seq_read_io_count": "0",
                "total_seq_write_io_count": "0",
                "total read io time": "204490863437",
                "total_write_io_time": "0",
                "total_read_io_initiation_time": "132775579977",
                "total write io initiation time": "0",
                "total_read_io_bytes": "16226866588672",
                "total write io bytes": "0",
                "total read io inter gap time": "19198018763772",
                "total_write_io_inter_gap_time": "0",
                "total time metric based read io count": "414106244",
                "total_time_metric_based_write_io_count": "0",
                "total_time_metric_based_read_io_bytes": "16226860198912",
                "total time metric_based_write_io_bytes": "0",
                "read io rate": "0",
                "peak_read_io_rate": "16826",
                "write io rate": "0",
                "peak_write_io_rate": "0",
                "read io bandwidth": "0",
                "peak read io bandwidth": "656438400",
```

}, .

```
"write io bandwidth": "0",
        "peak_write_io_bandwidth": "0",
        "read io size min": "1024",
        "read io size max": "262144",
        "write_io_size_min": "0",
        "write io size max": "0",
        "read io completion_time_min": "16",
        "read io completion time max": "7057",
        "write io completion time min": "0",
        "write_io_completion_time_max": "0",
        "read io initiation time min": "16",
        "read io initiation time max": "5338",
        "write io initiation time min": "0",
        "write io initiation time max": "0",
        "read_io_inter_gap_time_min": "32",
        "read_io_inter_gap_time_max": "83725169",
        "write io inter gap time min": "0",
        "write_io_inter_gap_time_max": "0",
        "peak active io read count": "11",
        "peak active_io_write_count": "0",
        "read_io_aborts": "24",
        "write io aborts": "0",
        "read_io_failures": "80",
        "write io failures": "0",
        "read io timeouts": "0",
        "write_io_timeouts": "0",
        "read_io_nvme_lba_out_of_range_count": "0",
        "write io nvme lba_out_of_range_count": "0",
        "read_io_nvme_ns_not_ready_count": "0",
        "write io nvme_ns_not_ready_count": "0",
        "read io nvme reservation conflict count": "0",
        "write io nvme reservation conflict count": "0",
        "read_io_nvme_capacity_exceeded_count": "0",
        "write_io_nvme_capacity_exceeded_count": "0",
"sampling_start_time": "1512847422",
        "sampling end time": "1513166516"
"5": {
        "port": "fc1/9",
        "vsan": "5",
        "app id": "255",
        "initiator id": "0xa40165",
        "target id": "0xa40190",
        "connection id": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
        "namespace id": "1",
        "active_io_read_count": "0",
        "active io write count": "0",
        "total_read_io_count": "33391955",
        "total write io count": "643169087",
        "total seq read io count": "0",
        "total_seq_write_io_count": "0",
        "total read io time": "13005795783",
        "total_write_io_time": "131521212441",
        "total_read_io_initiation_time": "5696099596",
        "total write io initiation time": "71938348902",
        "total read io bytes": "1309083368448",
        "total_write_io_bytes": "329302572544",
        "total read io inter gap time": "19175084866843",
        "total_write_io_inter_gap_time": "19182318062480",
        "total time metric based read io count": "33391919",
        "total time metric based write io count": "643168808",
```

```
"total time metric based read io bytes": "1309074355200",
"total_time_metric_based_write_io_bytes": "329302429696",
"read io rate": "0",
"peak read io rate": "574",
"write_io_rate": "0",
"peak_write io rate": "9344",
"read io bandwidth": "0",
"peak read io bandwidth": "19122176",
"write io bandwidth": "0",
"peak_write_io_bandwidth": "4784384",
"read io size min": "1024",
"read_io_size_max": "262144",
"write io size min": "512",
"write io size max": "512",
"read_io_completion_time_min": "16",
"read_io_completion_time_max": "5123",
"write io completion time min": "27",
"write_io_completion_time_max": "2254"
"read_io_initiation_time_min": "16",
"read_io_initiation_time_max": "3650",
"write_io_initiation_time_min": "12",
"write_io_initiation_time_max": "1377",
"read_io_inter_gap_time_min": "32",
"read io inter gap time max": "3234375975",
"write_io_inter_gap_time_min": "32",
"write_io_inter_gap_time_max": "38886219",
"peak_active_io_read_count": "6",
"peak active io write count": "16",
"read io aborts": "6",
"write io aborts": "18"
"read_io_failures": "30",
"write io failures": "261",
"read io timeouts": "0",
"write io timeouts": "0"
"read io nvme_lba_out_of_range_count": "0",
"write io nvme lba out of range count": "0",
"read io nvme_ns_not_ready_count": "0",
"write_io_nvme_ns_not_ready_count": "0",
"read io nvme reservation conflict count": "0",
"write io nvme reservation conflict count": "0",
"read_io_nvme_capacity_exceeded_count": "0",
"write_io_nvme_capacity_exceeded_count": "0",
"sampling_start_time": "1512847422",
"sampling_end_time": "1513166516"
```

This example shows the output of specific flow metrics for a specific initiator ID of an initiator ITL flow view instance:

```
switch# show analytics query 'select
port,initiator_id,target_id,lun,total_read_io_count,total_write_io_count,read_io_rate,write_io_rate
from fc-scsi.scsi_initiator_itl_flow where initiator_id=0xe80001'
{ "values": {
        "1": {
            "port": "fc1/8",
            "initiator_id": "0xe80001",
            "target_id": "0xe80001",
            "target_id": "0xe80001",
            "lun": "0000-0000-0000",
            "total_read_io_count": "0",
            "total_write_io_count": "1139010960",
```

}

} }

```
"read_io_rate": "0",
    "write_io_rate": "7071",
    "sampling_start_time": "1528535447",
    "sampling_end_time": "1528697495"
  }
```

This example shows the output of specific flow metrics for a specific initiator ID and LUN of an initiator ITL flow view instance:

```
show analytics query 'select
switch#
port, initiator_id, target_id, lun, total_read_io_count, total_write_io_count, read_io_rate, write_io_rate
from fc-scsi.scsi initiator itl flow where initiator id=0xe80001 and lun=0000-0000-00000'
{ "values": {
        "1": {
                 "port": "fc1/8",
                 "initiator id": "0xe80001",
                 "target_id": "0xe800a1",
                 "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                 "total read io count": "0",
                 "total write_io_count": "1139453979",
                 "read io rate": "0",
                 "write_io_rate": "7070",
                 "sampling_start_time": "1528535447",
                 "sampling_end time": "1528697559"
        }
} }
```

This example shows the output of specific flow metrics for a specific LUN, with the output sorted for the write_io_rate metrics of a target ITL flow view instance:

```
switch#
          show analytics query 'select
port, initiator_id, target_id, lun, total_read_io_count, total_write_io_count, read_io_rate, write_io_rate
from fc-scsi.scsi_target_itl_flow where lun=0000-0000-0000 sort write_io_rate'
{ "values": {
        "1": {
                 "port": "fc1/6",
                 "initiator_id": "0xe80020",
                 "target_id": "0xd60040",
                 "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                 "total_read_io_count": "0",
                 "total_write_io_count": "1103394068",
                 "read io rate": "0",
                 "write_io_rate": "6882",
                 "sampling_start_time": "1528535447",
                 "sampling end time": "1528697630"
        },
"2": {
                 "port": "fc1/6",
                 "initiator_id": "0xe80021",
                "target id": "0xe80056",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                 "total_read_io_count": "0",
                 "total write io count": "1119199742",
                 "read_io_rate": "0",
                 "write io rate": "6946",
                 "sampling start time": "1528535447",
                 "sampling_end_time": "1528697630"
        },
"3": {
                "port": "fc1/8",
```

} }

```
"initiator id": "0xe80000",
        "target id": "0xe80042",
        "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
        "total_read_io_count": "0",
        "total_write_io_count": "1119506589",
        "read io rate": "0",
        "write_io_rate": "6948",
        "sampling_start_time": "1528535447",
        "sampling end_time": "1528697630"
},
"4": {
        "port": "fc1/8",
        "initiator id": "0xe80001",
        "target id": "0xe800a1",
        "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
        "total read io count": "0",
        "total_write_io_count": "1139953183",
        "read_io_rate": "0",
        "write_io_rate": "7068",
        "sampling_start_time": "1528535447",
        "sampling_end_time": "1528697630"
},
"5": {
        "port": "fc1/1",
        "initiator id": "0xe80041",
        "target id": "0xd60200",
        "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
        "total read io count": "0",
        "total_write_io_count": "1163615698",
        "read io rate": "0",
        "write io rate": "7247",
        "sampling_start_time": "1528535447",
        "sampling end time": "1528697630"
}
```

This example shows the output of specific flow metrics for a specific LUN, with the output limited to three records and sorted for the write_io_rate metrics of an initiator ITL flow view instance:

```
switch#
          show analytics query 'select
port, initiator_id, target_id, lun, total_read_io_count, total_write_io_count, read_io_rate, write_io_rate
from fc-scsi.scsi_initiator_itl_flow where lun=0000-0000-0000 sort write_io_rate limit
3'
{ "values": {
        "1": {
                 "port": "fc1/6",
                 "initiator id": "0xe80020",
                 "target id": "0xd60040",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                "total read io count": "0",
                 "total_write_io_count": "1103901828",
                 "read io rate": "0",
                 "write io rate": "6885",
                 "sampling_start_time": "1528535447",
                 "sampling end time": "1528697704"
        },
"2": {
                "port": "fc1/8",
                 "initiator id": "0xe80000",
                "target id": "0xe80042",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                 "total_read_io_count": "0",
```

} }

```
"total write io count": "1120018575",
        "read_io_rate": "0",
        "write io rate": "6940",
        "sampling start time": "1528535447",
        "sampling end time": "1528697704"
},
"3": {
        "port": "fc1/6",
        "initiator id": "0xe80021",
        "target_id": "0xe80056",
        "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
        "total_read_io_count": "0",
        "total write io count": "1119711583",
        "read io rate": "0",
        "write_io_rate": "6942",
        "sampling_start_time": "1528535447",
        "sampling end time": "1528697704"
}
```

This example shows the output of specific flow metrics for a specific LUN and target ID of an initiator ITL flow view instance:

```
switch#
          show analytics query 'select
port, initiator_id, target_id, lun, total_read_io_count, total_write_io_count, read_io_rate, write_io_rate
from fc-scsi.scsi_initiator_itl_flow where lun=0000-0000-0000 and target_id=0xe800a1'
{ "values": {
        "1": {
                 "port": "fc1/8",
                 "initiator id": "0xe80001",
                 "target id": "0xe800a1",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                 "total read io count": "0",
                 "total_write_io_count": "1139010960",
                 "read io rate": "0",
                 "write_io_rate": "7071"
                 "sampling start time": "1528535447",
                 "sampling end time": "1528697495"
        }
} }
```

This example shows the output of specific flow metrics for VMID 4 and initiator ID 0x0900e0 for initiator ITL flow view instance:

```
switch# show analytics query "select port,vsan,initiator_id,vmid from
fc-scsi.scsi_initiator_itl_flow where initiator_id=0x0900e0 and vmid=4"
{ "values": {
    "1": {
        "port": "fc2/9",
        "vsan": "1",
        "initiator_id": "0x0900e0",
        "vmid": "4",
        "sampling_start_time": "1589269530",
    }
}
```

This example shows how to configure a push query when the duration to refresh the flow metrics is set to the default duration of 30 seconds:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# analytics query 'select all from fc-scsi.scsi_initiator_itl_flow' name
initiator itl flow type periodic
switch(config)# show analytics query name initiator itl flow result
{ "values": {
        "1": {
                "port": "fc1/1",
                "vsan": "10",
                "app id": "255",
                "initiator id": "0xe80041",
                "target id": "0xd60200",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                "active_io_read_count": "0",
                "active io write count": "1",
                "total read io count": "0",
                "total_write_io_count": "1162370362",
                "total_seq_read_io_count": "0",
                "total_seq_write_io_count": "1"
                "total_read_io_time": "0",
                "total write io time": "116204704658",
                "total_read_io_initiation_time": "0",
                "total_write_io_initiation_time": "43996934029",
                "total read io bytes": "0",
                "total write io bytes": "595133625344",
                "total_read_io_inter_gap_time": "0",
                "total write io inter gap time": "41139462314556",
                "total_time_metric_based_read_io_count": "0",
                "total_time_metric_based_write_io_count": "1162370358",
                "total_time_metric_based_read_io_bytes": "0",
                "total time metric_based_write_io_bytes": "595133623296",
                "read io rate": "0",
                "peak_read_io_rate": "0",
                "write_io_rate": "7250",
                "peak_write_io_rate": "7304",
                "read io bandwidth": "0",
                "peak read io bandwidth": "0",
                "write io bandwidth": "3712384",
                "peak_write_io_bandwidth": "3739904",
                "read io size min": "0",
                "read_io_size_max": "0"
                "write_io_size_min": "512",
                "write io size max": "512",
                "read_io_completion_time_min": "0",
                "read_io_completion_time_max": "0",
                "write_io_completion_time_min": "89"
                "write_io_completion_time_max": "416",
                "read io initiation time min": "0",
                "read io initiation_time_max": "0",
                "write_io_initiation_time_min": "34",
                "write io initiation time max": "116",
                "read_io_inter_gap_time_min": "0",
                "read io inter gap time max": "0",
                "write io inter gap time min": "31400",
                "write_io_inter_gap_time_max": "118222",
                "peak_active_io_read_count": "0",
                "peak active io write count": "5",
                "read_io_aborts": "0",
                "write io aborts": "0",
                "read io failures": "0",
                "write_io_failures": "0",
                "read_io_scsi_check_condition_count": "0",
                "write io scsi check condition count": "0",
                "read io scsi busy count": "0",
```

```
"write io scsi busy count": "0",
        "read io scsi_reservation_conflict_count": "0",
        "write io scsi reservation conflict count": "0",
        "read_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0",
        "write_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0",
        "sampling start time": "1528535447",
        "sampling end time": "1528697457"
},
•
"5": {
        "port": "fc1/8",
        "vsan": "10",
        "app id": "255",
        "initiator id": "0xe80001",
        "target id": "0xe800a1",
        "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
        "active io read count": "0",
        "active_io_write_count": "1",
        "total_read_io_count": "0",
        "total_write_io_count": "1138738309",
        "total seq read io count": "0",
        "total_seq_write_io_count": "1",
        "total read io time": "0",
        "total_write_io_time": "109792480881",
        "total_read_io_initiation_time": "0",
        "total write io initiation time": "39239145641",
        "total_read_io_bytes": "0",
        "total write io bytes": "583034014208",
        "total read_io_inter_gap_time": "0",
        "total_write_io_inter_gap_time": "41479779998852",
        "total_time_metric_based_read_io_count": "0",
        "total time metric based write io count": "1138738307",
        "total_time_metric_based_read_io_bytes": "0",
        "total time metric based write io bytes": "583034013184",
        "read_io_rate": "0",
        "peak_read_io_rate": "0",
        "write io rate": "7074",
        "peak write io rate": "7903",
        "read io bandwidth": "0",
        "peak read io bandwidth": "0",
        "write_io_bandwidth": "3622144",
        "peak write io bandwidth": "4046336",
        "read io_size_min": "0",
        "read_io_size_max": "0",
        "write io size min": "512",
        "write io size max": "512",
        "read_io_completion_time_min": "0",
        "read io completion time max": "0",
        "write io completion time min": "71"
        "write io completion time max": "3352",
        "read_io_initiation_time_min": "0",
        "read io initiation time max": "0",
        "write io initiation time min": "26"
        "write_io_initiation_time_max": "2427",
        "read_io_inter_gap_time_min": "0",
        "read io inter gap time max": "0",
        "write_io_inter_gap_time_min": "25988",
        "write_io_inter_gap_time_max": "868452",
        "peak_active_io_read_count": "0",
        "peak active io write count": "5",
        "read io aborts": "0",
        "write io aborts": "0",
```

```
"read_io_failures": "0",
"write_io_failures": "0",
"read_io_scsi_check_condition_count": "0",
"write_io_scsi_check_condition_count": "0",
"read_io_scsi_busy_count": "0",
"write_io_scsi_reservation_conflict_count": "0",
"write_io_scsi_reservation_conflict_count": "0",
"write_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0",
"write_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0",
"sampling_start_time": "1528635447",
"sampling_end_time": "1528697457"
}
```

These examples show how to clear all the minimum, maximum, and peak flow metrics:

• This example shows the output before clearing all the minimum, maximum, and peak flow metrics:

```
switch# show analytics query "select all from fc-scsi.scsi target itl flow where
port=fc1/17" clear
{ "values": {
        "1": {
                "port": "fc1/17",
                "vsan": "1",
                "app id": "255",
                "target id": "0xef0040",
                "initiator id": "0xef0000",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                "active_io_read_count": "0",
                "active_io_write_count": "1",
                "total read io count": "0",
                "total_write_io_count": "84701",
                "total seq read io count": "0",
                "total_seq_write_io_count": "1",
                "total_read_io_time": "0",
                "total write io time": "7007132",
                "total read io initiation time": "0",
                "total write io initiation time": "2421756",
                "total_read_io_bytes": "0",
                "total write io bytes": "86733824",
                "total read io inter gap time": "0",
                "total write_io_inter_gap_time": "2508109021",
                "total_time_metric_based_read_io_count": "0",
                "total time metric based write io count": "84701",
                "total time metric based read io bytes": "0",
                "total_time_metric_based_write_io_bytes": "86733824",
                "read io rate": "0",
                "peak_read_io_rate": "0",
                "write io rate": "8711",
                "peak write_io_rate": "8711",
                "read io bandwidth": "0",
                "peak read io bandwidth": "0",
                "write io_bandwidth": "8920576",
                "peak_write_io_bandwidth": "8920576",
                "read io size min": "0",
                "read_io_size_max": "0",
                "write_io_size_min": "1024",
                "write io size max": "1024",
                "read_io_completion_time_min": "0",
                "read_io_completion_time_max": "0",
                "write io completion time min": "74",
                "write_io_completion_time_max": "844",
```

```
"read io initiation time min": "0",
        "read_io_initiation_time_max": "0",
        "write io initiation time min": "24",
        "write io initiation time max": "775",
        "read_io_inter_gap_time_min": "0",
        "read io inter gap time max": "0",
        "write_io_inter_gap_time_min": "26903",
        "write_io_inter_gap_time_max": "287888",
        "peak active io read count": "0",
        "peak_active_io_write_count": "3",
        "read io aborts": "0",
        "write_io_aborts": "0"
        "read io failures": "0",
        "write io failures": "0",
        "read io scsi_check_condition_count": "0",
        "write_io_scsi_check_condition_count": "0",
        "read io scsi busy count": "0",
        "write_io_scsi_busy_count": "0",
        "read io scsi reservation conflict count": "0",
        "write io scsi_reservation_conflict_count": "0",
        "read_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0",
        "write_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0",
        "sampling start time": "1530683133",
        "sampling end time": "1530684301"
},
```

Note The **show analytics query** "*query_string*" **clear** command is a clear-on-push or clear-on-pull command. Therefore, this command is not applicable when this command is executed for the first time.

• This example shows the output after clearing all the minimum, maximum, and peak flow metrics. The metrics that were cleared are highlighted in the output.

```
switch# show analytics query "select all from fc-scsi.scsi_target_itl_flow where
port=fc1/17" clear
{ "values": {
        "1": {
                "port": "fc1/17",
               "vsan": "1",
                "app_id": "255",
                "target_id": "0xef0040",
                "initiator id": "0xef0000",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                "active io read count": "0",
                "active io write count": "0",
                "total_read_io_count": "0",
                "total_write_io_count": "800615",
                "total seq read io count": "0",
                "total_seq_write_io_count": "1",
                "total read io time": "0",
                "total write io time": "66090290",
                "total_read_io_initiation_time": "0",
                "total_write_io_initiation_time": "22793874",
                "total read io bytes": "0",
                "total_write_io_bytes": "819829760",
                "total read io inter gap time": "0",
                "total_write_io_inter_gap_time": "23702347887",
```

```
"total time metric based read io count": "0",
        "total time metric_based_write_io_count": "800615",
        "total time metric based read io bytes": "0",
        "total time metric based_write_io_bytes": "819829760",
        "read io rate": "0",
        "peak read io rate": "0",
        "write_io_rate": "0",
        "peak write io rate": "0",
        "read io bandwidth": "0",
        "peak_read_io_bandwidth": "0",
        "write_io_bandwidth": "0",
        "peak write io bandwidth": "0",
        "read_io_size_min": "0",
        "read_io_size_max": "0",
        "write_io_size_min": "0",
        "write_io_size_max": "0",
        "read_io_completion_time_min": "0",
        "read io completion time max": "0",
        "write_io_completion_time_min": "0"
        "write_io_completion_time_max": "0",
        "read_io_initiation_time_min": "0",
        "read io initiation time max": "0",
        "write io initiation time min": "0",
        "write_io_initiation_time_max": "0",
        "read_io_inter_gap_time_min": "0",
        "read_io_inter_gap_time_max": "0",
        "write_io_inter_gap_time_min": "0",
        "write_io_inter_gap_time_max": "0",
        "peak active io read count": "0",
        "peak_active_io_write_count": "0",
        "read io aborts": "0",
        "write_io_aborts": "0"
        "read io_failures": "0",
        "write io failures": "0",
        "read io scsi check condition count": "0",
        "write_io_scsi_check_condition_count": "0",
        "read io scsi busy count": "0",
        "write io_scsi_busy_count": "0",
        "read_io_scsi_reservation_conflict_count": "0",
        "write io scsi reservation conflict count": "0",
        "read_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0",
        "write_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0",
        "sampling start time": "1530683133",
        "sampling end time": "1530684428"
},
```

These examples show how to stream only the ITL flow metrics that have changed between streaming-sample intervals:

• This example shows the output before using the differential option:

```
switch# show analytics query "select port, target_id,
initiator_id,lun,total_write_io_count from fc-scsi.scsi_target_itl_flow where port=fc1/17"
differential
{ "values": {
    "1": {
        "port": "fc1/17",
        "target_id": "0xef0040",
        "initiator_id": "0xef0000",
        "lun": "0001-0000-0000",
```

} }

L

```
"total_write_io_count": "1515601",
                "sampling_start_time": "1530683133",
                "sampling end time": "1530683484"
       },
"2": {
                "port": "fc1/17",
                "target id": "0xef0040",
                "initiator id": "0xef0020",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                "total_write_io_count": "1515601",
                "sampling_start time": "1530683133",
                "sampling end time": "1530683484"
        },
        "3": {
                "port": "fc1/17",
                "target id": "0xef0040",
                "initiator id": "0xef0020",
                "lun": "0001-0000-0000-0000",
                "total_write_io_count": "1515600",
                "sampling start time": "1530683133",
                "sampling_end_time": "1530683484"
        },
        "4": {
                "port": "fc1/17",
                "target id": "0xef0040",
                "initiator id": "0xef0000",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                "total write io count": "1515600",
                "sampling start time": "1530683133",
                "sampling_end time": "1530683484"
        }
} }
```

• This example shows the output with the differential option and only the records that have changed:

```
switch# show analytics query "select port, target_id,
initiator_id,lun,total_write_io_count from fc-scsi.scsi_target_itl_flow where port=fc1/17"
differential
{ "values": {
       "1": {
                "port": "fc1/17",
                "target id": "0xef0040",
                "initiator id": "0xef0000",
                "lun": "0001-0000-0000-0000",
                "total write io count": "1892021",
                "sampling_start_time": "1530683133",
                "sampling end time": "1530683534"
        },
        "<u>2</u>": {
                "port": "fc1/17",
                "target id": "0xef0040",
                "initiator id": "0xef0020",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000",
                "total write io count": "1892021",
                "sampling_start_time": "1530683133",
                "sampling end time": "1530683534"
        },
"3": {
                "port": "fc1/17",
                "target_id": "0xef0040",
                "initiator id": "0xef0000",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                "total write io count": "1892021",
```

```
"sampling_start_time": "1530683133",
"sampling_end_time": "1530683534"
}
```

This example shows how to remove an installed query name:

```
switch(config) # no analytics name initiator itl flow
```

The following example show how to clear the flow metrics:

1. This example show the output before clearing the flow metrics:

```
switch# show analytics query "select port, target id, total write io count,
total_write_io_bytes,total_time_metric_based_write_io_count,write_io_rate,
peak_write_io_rate,write_io_bandwidth,peak_write_io_bandwidth,
write io_size_min,write_io_size_max,write_io_completion_time_min,
write io completion time max, write io initiation time min,
write_io_initiation_time_max,write_io_inter_gap_time_min,write_io_inter_gap_time_max
from fc-scsi.scsi_target where
target_id=0x650060"
{ "values": {
        "1": {
                "port": "fc3/17",
                "target id": "0x650060",
                "total write io count": "67350021",
                "total_write_io_bytes": "17655403905024",
                "total time metric based write io count": "67349761",
                "write_io_rate": "0",
                "peak write io rate": "6300",
                "write io bandwidth": "0",
                "peak_write_io_bandwidth": "1651572736",
                "write io size min": "262144",
                "write io size max": "262144"
                "write_io_completion_time_min": "192",
                "write_io_completion_time_max": "9434",
                "write_io_initiation_time_min": "21",
                "write_io_initiation_time_max": "199",
                "write_io_inter_gap_time_min": "2553",
                "write_io_inter_gap_time_max": "358500",
                "sampling start time": "1531204359",
                "sampling end time": "1531215327"
        }
```

2. This example shows how to clear the flow metrics:

Note

e Clearing metrics is allowed only on view instances and not on individual flow metrics.

```
switch# clear analytics query "select all from fc-scsi.scsi_target where
target id=0x650060"
```

3. This example shows the output after clearing the flow metrics:

```
switch# show analytics query "select port,target_id,total_write_io_count,
total_write_io_bytes,total_time_metric_based_write_io_count,write_io_rate,
```

```
peak write io rate, write io bandwidth, peak write io bandwidth,
write_io_size_min,write_io_size_max,write_io_completion_time_min,
write_io_completion_time_max,write_io_initiation_time_min,
write io initiation time max, write io inter gap time min, write io inter gap time max
from fc-scsi.scsi target where target id=0x650060"
{ "values": {
        "1": {
                "port": "fc3/17",
                "target id": "0x650060",
                "total write io count": "0",
                "total_write_io_bytes": "0",
                "total_time_metric_based_write_io_count": "0",
                "write io rate": "0",
                "peak_write_io_rate": "0"
                "write io bandwidth": "0",
                "peak write io bandwidth":
                                            "0"
                "write_io_size_min": "0",
                "write io size max": "0",
                "write io completion time min": "0",
                "write_io_completion_time_max": "0",
                "write io initiation time min": "0",
                "write_io_initiation_time_max": "0",
                "write_io_inter_gap_time_min": "0",
                "write_io_inter_gap_time_max": "0",
                "sampling_start_time": "1531204359",
                "sampling_end time": "1531215464"
        }
```

This example shows the output after purging the flow metrics:



Note Only the *port* key value is allowed with the where clause for purging metrics.

switch# purge analytics query "select all from fc-scsi.scsi_target where port=fc3/17"
switch# show analytics query "select all from fc-scsi.scsi_target where port=fc3/17"
Table is empty for query "select all from fc-scsi.scsi target where port=fc3/17"

Using the ShowAnalytics Overlay CLI

The **ShowAnalytics** overlay CLI is used to interpret the analytics data that is in JSON format in a user-friendly tabular format. The **ShowAnalytics** overlay CLI has a "Linux like" syntax and uses the inbuilt NX-OS Python interpreter to execute a script to convert the JSON output of the pull query into a tabular format. Currently, only a small subset of the flow metrics is displayed.

Note To execute Overlay CLIs, you must login as network-admin. • The ShowAnalytics overlay command displays cumulative data about the Exchange Completion Time (ECT) for the --*initiator-itl* and --*target-itl* options under the --*info* option. However, it displays instantaneous data for rate and bandwidth metrics. • If the active ITL count exceeds the documented limit, the ShowAnalytics overlay command displays a warning and exits. For information on the ITL count limit, see the Cisco MDS NX-OS Configuration Limits, Release 8.x document. • If you configure a push query with the clear keyword as recommended by Virtual Instruments or Cisco DCNM, the minimum and maximum flow metrics will not have accurate values. • The options under the ShowAnalytics command support only the SCSI analytics type, except the --evaluate-npuload option that supports both SCSI and NVMe analytics types. • Run the --evaluate-npuload option before configuring the *analytics type* on interfaces. The --evaluate-npuload option does not work on a module even if one of the interface on the module is configured with an analytic type. The --outstanding-io option works only on F ports.

To display the analytics information in a tabular format, run this command:

switch# ShowAnalytics -help.

For more information, see the Cisco MDS 9000 Series Command Reference, Release 8.x.

Examples: Using the ShowAnalytics Overlay CLI

This example shows the options under the overlay CLI:



Note

The option to display the available keywords and variables under the overlay CLI and its options that are added from Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.4(2) and later.

```
switch# ShowAnalytics ?
 ShowAnalytics
                            Aliased to 'source sys/analytics.py'
 ShowAnalyticsConsistency Aliased to 'source sys/analytics pss consistency checker.py'
                            To display errors stats in all IT(L/N) pairs
 --errors
 --errorsonly
                            To display IT(L/N) flows with errors
 --evaluate-npuload
                            To evaluate npuload on system
 --help
                            To display help and exit
 --info
                            To display information about IT(L/N) flows
 --minmax
                            To display min max and peak info about IT(L/N) flows
 --outstanding-io
                            To display outstanding io for an interface
 --top
                            To display top 10 IT(L/N) Flow
 --version
                            To display version of utility and exit
 --vsan-thput
                            To display per vsan throughput for interface
```

This example shows how to display the overlay CLI version:

I

```
switch# ShowAnalytics --version
ShowAnalytics 4.0.0
```

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of an initiator ITL:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --initiator-itl
2021-02-09 09:01:39.714290

Interfa	ace fc3/1																								
VSAN	Initiator VM	4ID	Target	1	LUN		Avg	IOI	PS	Avg	Thro	bugh	nput	I	Avg	ECI	2	Avg	Data	Access	Latency	7	Avg	IO	Size
1							Reac	1 W 1	ite	Rea	ad	W	Irite	Re	ead	Wri	te		Read		Write	Re	ad	Wr	ite
1							1			1				1				1				1			
2200	0x641547 1	1	0x641227	0006-	0000-0000-	-0000	0	1	19	0 I	3/s 7	76.0) KB/:	s 0	ns	17.7	ms	1	0 ns	1	4.7 ms	0	B/s	9.1	KB/s
2200	0x64154a 6	6 I	0x64122a	003b-	0000-0000-	-0000	0	2	20	0 I	3/s 8	33.0) KB/:	s 0	ns	13.2	ms	1	0 ns	1	4.4 ms	0	B/s	10.	1 KB/s
2200	0x641542 2	2	0x641222	0013-	0000-0000-	-0000	0	2	22	0 I	3/s 8	38.0	KB/:	s 0	ns	15.2	ms	1	0 ns	1	4.5 ms	0	B/s	10.	1 KB/s
2200	0x641545 3	3	0x641225	001c-	0000-0000-	-0000	0	2	23	0 I	3/s 9	93.0	KB/:	s 0	ns	18.7	ms	1	0 ns	1	4.9 ms	0	B/s	7.5	KB/s
2200	0x641543 1	1	0x641223	0003-	0000-0000-	-0000	0	1	13	0 I	3/s 5	53.0	KB/:	s 0	ns	13.6	5 ms	1	0 ns	1	4.5 ms	0	B/s	7.0	KB/s
2200	0x641546 4	4	0x641226	0027-	0000-0000-	-0000	0	1 2	24	0 I	3/s 9	99.0	KB/:	s 0	ns	18.1	. ms	1	0 ns	1	4.7 ms	0	B/s	7.6	KB/s
2200	0x641545 4	4	0x641225	0021-	0000-0000-	-0000	0	1 2	20	0 I	3/s 8	32.0	KB/:	s 0	ns	15.2	ms	1	0 ns	1	5.1 ms	0	B/s	7.9	KB/s
2200	0x641548 5	5	0x641228	002d-	0000-0000-	-0000	0 1	2	21	0	3/s 8	34.0	KB/:	s 0	ns	16.0) ms	1	0 ns	1	4.5 ms	0	B/s	9.9	KB/s
2200	0x641547 5	5	0x641227	002f-	0000-0000-	-0000	0 1	2	24	0	3/s 9	96.0	KB/:	s 0	ns	14.3	ms	1	0 ns	1	3.7 ms	0	B/s	9.1	KB/s
2200	0x641545 6	5	0x641225	003a-	0000-0000-	-0000	0	1	15	0 I	3/s 6	51.0	KB/	s 0	ns	17.0) ms	1	0 ns	1	4.2 ms	0	B/s	9.4	KB/s
+																									

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of an initiator for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --initiator-itn
2021-02-09 09:01:39.714290

Interface fc16/12

VSAN Initiator Target Namespace Avg Host Delay Avg Array Delay	Avg IOPS	Avg Throughput	Avg ECT	Avg	DAL	Avg IO Size
Write I Write I Write	Read Write	Read Write	Read	Write Read	Write	Read
I NIICE NIICE NIICE		1	1	1	1	
		1			1	
3300 0xc80002 0xed0002 1	2531 2478	158.2 MB/s 154.9 MB/s	781.0 us	2.0 ms 636.0 us	633.0 us	64.0 KB
64.0 KB 690.0 us 562.0 us						
3300 0xc80007 0xed0007 1	2508 2497	156.8 MB/s 156.1 MB/s	764.0 us	2.0 ms 622.0 us	630.0 us	64.0 KB
64.0 KB 683.0 us 572.0 us	1					
3300 0xc80005 0xed0005 1	2421 2548	151.3 MB/s 159.3 MB/s	785.0 us	2.0 ms 640.0 us	625.0 us	64.0 KB
64.0 KB 686.0 us 561.0 us	1					
3300 0xc80001 0xed0001 1	2060 2149	128.8 MB/s 134.3 MB/s	764.0 us	1.9 ms 621.0 us	596.0 us	64.0 KB
64.0 KB 649.0 us 537.0 us						
3300 0xc80000 0xed0000 1	333 364	20.8 MB/s 22.8 MB/s	14.8 ms 1	6.1 ms 14.6 ms	15.3 ms	64.0 KB
64.0 KB 190.0 us 521.0 us						
3300 0xc80008 0xed0008 1	2483 2503	155.2 MB/s 156.4 MB/s	771.0 us	2.0 ms 626.0 us	639.0 us	64.0 KB
64.0 KB 685.0 us 5/1.0 us						64 0 MB 1
3300 0xc80009 0xed0009 1	2545 24/4	159.1 MB/S 154.6 MB/S	/86.0 us	2.0 ms 641.0 us	627.0 US	64.0 KB
64.0 KB 685.0 US 570.0 US	1 2500 1 2400	1 15C C MD/- 1 15C 1 MD/-	1 760 0	0 0 1 COE 0	1 (12 0	C4 0 17D 1
13500 0xc80004 0xed0004 1	2306 2496	130.0 MB/S 130.1 MB/S	/69.0 us	2.0 ms 625.0 us	042.0 US	04.0 KB
13300 L 0xc80006 L 0xed0006 L 1	1 2456 1 2512	153 5 MB/e 157 0 MB/e	1 793 0 118 1	2 0 me 650 0 me	624 0 118	64 0 KB I
64 0 KB 696 0 us 558 0 us	2400 2012	155.5 MD/3 157.0 MD/3	/// 43	2.0 m3 000.0 u3	024.0 03	04.0 100
13300 0xc80000 0xed0001 1	1 1926 1848	120.4 MB/s 115.5 MB/s	734.0 us	1.8 ms 593.0 us	572.0 115	64.0 KB
64.0 KB 533.0 us 512.0 us		1 1	,		,	
3300 0xc80003 0xed0003 1	2553 2472	159.6 MB/s 154.5 MB/s	786.0 us	2.0 ms 641.0 us	622.0 us	64.0 KB
64.0 KB 691.0 us 560.0 us	- I					
+++++	+	+		+	+	+

Total number of ITNs: 11

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of an initiator for SCSI:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --initiator-itl 2021-02-09 09:01:39.714290

Interface fc2/22

VSAN Initiator Avg IO Size	VMID Tar Avg Hos	get LUN t Delay Avg Array I) Delay	Avg I	OPS	Avg Th	roughput		Avg ECT	1	Av	7g DAL
 Read Write	l Wri	te l Write		Read 1	Write	Read	Write	Read	l Wri	te	Read	Write
	1 111	I MIICE	i i		I.		1			T		I
2200 0xe80ee0	- 0xc80	9a0 0001-0000-0000	0000	0	0 1	0 B/s	0 B/s	0 n	is I 0	ns	0 ns	0 ns
2200 0xe80ee0 0 B 0 B	- 0xe80	622 0007-0000-0000	0000	0	0 1	0 B/s	0 B/s	0 n	is I 0	ns	0 ns	0 ns
2200 0xe80ee0 0 B 0 B	- 0xc80	9a0 0002-0000-0000	0000	0	0 1	0 B/s	0 B/s	0 n	is I 0	ns	0 ns	0 ns
2200 0xe80ee0 0 B 0 B	- 0xc80	9a0 0003-0000-0000	0000	0	0 1	0 B/s	0 B/s	0 n	is I 0	ns	0 ns	0 ns
2200 0xe80ee0	- 0xe80	622 0002-0000-0000	0000	0	0 1	0 B/s	0 B/s	0 n	is 0	ns	0 ns	0 ns
2200 0xe80ee0 0 B 4 2 KB	18 0xc80	9a0 0003-0000-0000)-0000 IS	0	5	0 B/s	21.0 KB/s	0 n	is 702.0	us	0 ns	251.0 us
2200 0xe80ee0	- 0xe80	623 0004-0000-0000	00000	0	0 1	0 B/s	0 B/s	0 n	is 0	ns	0 ns	0 ns

Total number of ITLs: 8

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of a target ITL:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itl
2021-02-09 12:14:59.285397

Interface fc1/1

+															
VSAN Initiator VMID	Target	LUN	Avg	IOPS	Avg	Throughpu	it A	Avg ECT	Avg	Data	Access	Latency	Avg	IO Si:	ze
			Read	Write	Read	Write	Rea	d Write	1	Read		Write	Read	Write	e
1							1		1				1		1
20 0x1c0020 89	0x1c0000 0000-0	000-0000-0000	0	1761	0 B/s	8 220.2 ME	3/s 0 n	ns 5.5 m	IS	0 ns	2	2.5 ms	0 B/s	128.0	KB/s

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of a target for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itn
2021-02-09 12:14:59.285397

Interface fc3/15

VSAN	I I	Initiator Avg Host De	Target lay Avg	 Arra	Namespace ay Delay	2 	Avg	IOPS	I	Av	rg Ti	hroughput			Avç	g EC	r	I	Av	g D	AL	Ι	Avg	IO S	Size
						I	Read	Write	2	Rea	ıd	Write	e	Re	ad	1	Write	I	Read	1	Write	I	Read	I	
Write		Write	e	V	Write		l .																		
l .						- 1			- 1				1												
3300		0xc80005	0xed0005		1		2545	2457		159.1 MH	B/s	153.6 M	B/s	112.0) us		1.5 ms	4	14.0 us	1	40.0 us	1	64.0 KB	6	64.0
KB	1	1.3 ms		5.0	us																				
3300		0xc80000	0xed0001		1		2036	2026		127.3 MH	B/s	126.6 M	B/s	110.0) us		1.3 ms	4	14.0 us	1	39.0 us		64.0 KB	6	64.0
KB		1.1 ms	I	5.0	us																				
3300		0xc80004	0xed0004		1		2464	2492		154.0 MH	B/s	155.8 M	B/s	113.0) us		1.5 ms	4	15.0 us		40.0 us		64.0 KB	6	54.0
KB	L	1.3 ms		5.0	us																				
3300	.	0xc80001	0xed0001		1		2036	2020		127.2 MB	B/s	126.2 M	B/s	112.0) us		1.3 ms	4	14.0 us		40.0 us	1	64.0 KB	6	54.0
KB	۱ <u>.</u>	1.1 ms		5.0	us								- / .												
3300		0xc80003	0xed0003		1		2460	2491		153.8 MH	B/s	155.7 M	B/s	114.0) us		1.5 ms	4	15.0 us	1	39.0 us		64.0 KB	6	64.0
KB	۱ <u>.</u>	1.3 ms		5.0	us		225	2.50		~ ~ ~											1.4 7		CA 0 110		~ ~ ~
3300		UXC80000	Uxeauuuu		1		335	360		20.9 Mł	B/S	22.5 M	B/S	14.1	. ms	1 1	5.6 ms	1 1	14.1 ms	1	14./ ms		64.0 KB	(64.0
KB	۱ <u>.</u>	/84.0 us		5.0	us I		0.47.6	0.400		154 0 10											20.0		CA 0 110		~ ~ ~
3300		UXC8000/	Uxeauuu/		1		24/6	2488		154.8 M	B/S	155.5 M	B/S	114.0	Jus	1	1.5 ms	1 4	16.0 US	1	39.0 us		64.0 KB	1 6	54.0
KB LOOOO		1.3 ms	0	5.0	us		2404	2400		155 2 M	D / -	1 155 C M	D / -	114			1 5				40 0		CA 0 17D		~ ^ ^
13300		1 2	Uxeauuus	E 0	1		2464	2409		100.5 M	B/S	100.0 M	B/S	114.0	Jus	1	1.5 ms	1 4	40.0 US	1	40.0 US		04.0 KB	1 6	04.0
13300		1.5 ms	0.000000	5.0	1 1	i.	2472	2400		154 5 M	P/a	1 155 C M	P/a I	112 (1 5 mg		15 0 110		40 0 110		CA O VD		<1 0
13300		1 2 mg	UXEQUUU2	5 0	1		2472	2450		134.3 M	6/5	1 133.0 1	D/S	112.0	us us		1.5 115	1 4	±J.0 u5		40.0 us		04.0 ND	1 6	04.0
13300	<u>ا</u>	1.3 115	010006	5.0	1		2440	2507		152 1 M	P/a	1 156 7 M	P/a I	116 (1 5 mg		16 0 110		20 0 110		CA O VD		5 A O
KB 12200		1 3 me	UXEQUUUS	5 0	110		2445	2307		133.1 PH	6/5	1 130.7 1	D/S	110.0	us		1.5 115	1 5	10.0 us		39.0 us	1	04.0 ND	1 6	04.0
13300	· .	0xc80009 1	0006000	5.0	1		2471	2/85		154 A M	B/0	1 155 3 M	B/e I	114 0	110		1 5 me	1.2	15 0 110		40 0 118		64 0 KB	1 4	64 O
KB	Ľ	1 3 ms	I	5 0	115		24/1	2405		104.4 11	0/3	1 100.0 1	5/5 1	114.0	, us		1.5 113	1 3	10.0 43		10.0 43		04.0 10		54.0
+	·	1.5 113			+		-+			+							+			-+-			+		+

Total number of ITNs: 11

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of a target for SCSI:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itl 2021-02-09 12:14:59.285397

Interface fc5/21

VSAN Initiator V Avg IO Size	MID Target Avg Host D	L elay Avg Arr	UN ay Delay	Avg	IOPS	I	Avg Thr	oughput	I	Avg	FCT	1	Av	g DA	L
 Read Write	Write	Wr	ite	Read	Write	I	Read	Write	I	Read	Writ	e I	Read	I	Write
I		I	i T			I			I			1			I
2200 0xe902e0 0 B 512.0 B	- 0xe805a0	0002-0000-	0000-0000 ns	0	9236	I	0 B/s	4.5 MB/s	I	0 ns	75.0	us	0 ns	1	25.0 us
2200 0xe902e0 0 B 511.0 B	- 0xe805a0 0 ns	0003-0000- 0	0000-0000 ns	0	9235	I	0 B/s	4.5 MB/s	I	0 ns	75.0	us	0 ns	1	25.0 us
2200 0xe902e0 0 B 512.0 B	- 0xe805a0 0 ns	0001-0000- 0	0000-0000 ns	0	9235	I	0 B/s	4.5 MB/s	Ι	0 ns	75.0	us	0 ns		25.0 us

Total number of ITLs: 3

This example shows how to display all target ITLs and limit the output to 10 random records:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itl --interface fc8/15 --limit 10
2019-04-09 11:11:24.652190

Interface fc8/15

					+									
VSAN Initiator Target LUN	i	Avg	I	OPS	i	Avg 1	hrou	ghput	i	Avg	E	CT		i
	I	Read	I	Write	1	Read	1	Vrite	I	Read	1	Wri	:e	1
3300 0x040001 0x030033 0000-0000-0000-0000	L	0	I.	4047	1	0	15.1	3 MB/s		0	I.	84.0	us	T
3300 0x040003 0x030035 0000-0000-0000-0000	L	0	T.	4045	I.	0	15.8	8 MB/s	L	0	I.	85.0	us	T

Ľ	3300 0x040005	0x030037	0000-0000	-0000-0000	1	0	1	4033	1	0	15.8	MB/s	1	0	85	.0	us	J
Ľ	3300 0x040007	/ 0x030039	0000-0000	-0000-0000	1	0	1	4041	1	0	15.8	MB/s	1	0	86	.0	us	J
L	3300 0x040009	0x03003b	0000-0000	-0000-0000	1	0		4048	1	0	15.8	MB/s	1	0	86	.0	us	J
L	3300 0x04000b	0x03003d	0000-0000	-0000-0000	1	0		4040	1	0	15.8	MB/s	1	0	86	.0	us	J
L	3300 0x04000c	1 0x03003f	0000-0000	-0000-0000	1	0		4055	1	0	15.8	MB/s	1	0	86	.0	us	J
L	3300 0x04000f	0x030041	0000-0000	-0000-0000	1	0		4052	1	0	15.8	MB/s	1	0	86	.0	us	J
L	3300 0x040011	0x030043	0000-0000	-0000-0000	1	0		4055	1	0	15.8	MB/s	1	0	86	.0	us	J
L	3300 0x040013	8 0x030045	0000-0000	-0000-0000	1	0		4056	1	0	15.8	MB/s	1	0	86	.0	us	I
÷ -					- +													

This example shows how to display all target ITNs and limit the output to 5 random records for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itn --interface fc8/15 --limit 5
2019-04-09 11:11:24.652190

Interface	fc3/15	

+				+																		+		+
VSAN	Initiator Avg Host Del	Target Lay Avg	N Arra	Namespace Ny Delay	e 	Avç	1 IOPS	I		Avg	Thr	oughput	I	Avg E	CT		I	Avg	DAL		L	Avg	IO	Size
1					1	Read	Wri	te	P	lead	1	Write	1	Read	W	rite	1	Read	Wr	ite	1	Read	1	,
Write	Write	1	V	Vrite																				
1					1			1					1				1				1			
1		1			1																			
3300	0xc80005	0xed0005	1	1	1	2396	2473	- 1	149.8	MB/:	s	154.6 MB/s	1	111.0 us	1.	5 ms	4	15.0 us	40.0) us	1.1	64.0 KB	L	64.0
KB	1.3 ms	1	5.0	us																				
3300	0xc80000	0xed0001	1	1	1	2180	2250	1 1	136.3	MB/:	s	140.7 MB/s		110.0 us	1.	2 ms	4	13.0 us	39.0) us	1 1	64.0 KB	1	64.0
KB	1.1 ms	1	5.0	us																				
3300	0xc80004	0xed0004	1	1	1	2424	2463		151.5	MB/:	s	154.0 MB/s		114.0 us	1.	5 ms	4	16.0 us	39.0) us	1 1	64.0 KB	1	64.0
KB	1.3 ms	1	5.0	us																				
3300	0xc80001	0xed0001	1	1	1	2129	2202	: 1	133.1	MB/:	s	137.6 MB/s	1	110.0 us	1.	2 ms	4	13.0 us	37.0) us	1.1	64.0 KB	1	64.0
KB	992.0 us	1	5.0	us																				
3300	0xc80003	0xed0003	1	1	1	2457	2462	: 1	153.6	MB/:	s	153.9 MB/s	1	114.0 us	1.	5 ms	4	16.0 us	38.0) us	1.1	64.0 KB	1	64.0
KB	1.3 ms	1	5.0	us																				
+				+		-+				+					-+				·			+		+

Total number of ITNs: 5

This example shows how to display all target ITLs and limit the output to 10 random records for SCSI:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itl --interface fc8/15 --limit 10
2019-04-09 11:11:24.652190

Interface fc5/21							
VSAN Initiator VMID Target Avg IO Size Avg Host Delay Av	LUN g Array Delay	Avg IOPS	Avg Through	put Av	g ECT	Avg DAL	
Read Write Write	Write	Read Write	Read W	rite Read	Write	Read Wr	ite
2200 0xe902e0 - 0xe805a0 0002- 0 B 512.0 B 0 ns	0000-0000-0000 0 ns	0 9235	0 B/s 4.	5 MB/s 0 ns	75.0 us	0 ns 25.	0 us
2200 0xe902e0 - 0xe805a0 0003- 0 B 512.0 B 0 ns	0000-0000-0000 0 ns	0 9235	0 B/s 4.	5 MB/s 0 ns	75.0 us	0 ns 25.	0 us
2200 0xe902e0 - 0xe805a0 0001- 0 B 512.0 B 0 ns	0000-0000-0000 0 ns	0 9235	0 B/s 4.	5 MB/s 0 ns	75.0 us	0 ns 25.	0 us

. Total number of ITLs: 3

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of VSAN 3300 of an initiator ITN for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --initiator-itn --vsan 3300 2019-04-08 11:26:23.074904

Interface fc16/12

1												
VSAN 	Initiator Target Avg Host Delay Avg .	Namespace Array Delay	Avç	J IOPS	A1	g Throughput	I	Avg ECT		Avg	DAL	Avg IO Size
 Write	Write	Write	Read	Write	Re	ad Write	I	Read	Write	Read	Write	Read
1					1		T		1		I.	
3300	0xc80002 0xed0002	1	2466	2458	154.2	MB/s 153.6 MB/s	T	782.0 us	2.1 ms 6	635.0 us	620.0 us	64.0 KB
3300 64.0 KB	0xc80007 0xed0007	1 561 0 us	2466	2470	154.1	MB/s 154.4 MB/s	T	786.0 us	2.0 ms 6	541.0 us	620.0 us	64.0 KB
3300 64 0 KB	0xc80005 0xed0005	1 564 0 us	2432	2484	152.0	MB/s 155.3 MB/s	T	775.0 us	2.1 ms 6	529.0 us	623.0 us	64.0 KB
3300 64 0 KB	0xc80001 0xed0001	1 507 0 us	2066	2031	129.2	MB/s 126.9 MB/s	T	723.0 us	1.7 ms 5	580.0 us	569.0 us	64.0 KB
3300 64.0 KB	0xc80000 0xed0000	1 518.0 us	339 I	347	21.2	MB/s 21.7 MB/s	T	15.3 ms 3	16.1 ms	15.2 ms	15.2 ms	64.0 KB
3300 64.0 KB	0xc80008 0xed0008	1 563.0 us	2436 I	2480	152.2	MB/s 155.0 MB/s	I	777.0 us	2.0 ms 6	532.0 us	623.0 us	64.0 KB
3300 64.0 KB	0xc80009 0xed0009	1 569.0 us	2475 I	2459	154.7	MB/s 153.7 MB/s	T	772.0 us	2.1 ms 6	625.0 us	630.0 us	64.0 KB
3300 64.0 KB	0xc80004 0xed0004	1 568.0 us	2508 I	2448	156.8	MB/s 153.0 MB/s	T	775.0 us	2.0 ms 6	530.0 us	626.0 us	64.0 KB
3300 64.0 KB	0xc80006 0xed0006	1 561.0 us	2427 	2485	151.7	MB/s 155.3 MB/s	T	778.0 us	2.0 ms 6	634.0 us	623.0 us	64.0 KB
3300 64.0 KB	0xc80000 0xed0001	1 530.0 us	2246 	2218	140.4	MB/s 138.7 MB/s	T	744.0 us	1.8 ms 6	600.0 us	591.0 us	64.0 KB
3300 64.0 KB	0xc80003 0xed0003 711.0 us	1 564.0 us	2439 	2478	152.4	MB/s 154.9 MB/s	T	776.0 us	2.1 ms 6	530.0 us	628.0 us	64.0 KB

Total number of ITNs: 11

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of VSAN 2200 of an initiator ITL for SCSI:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --initiator-itl --vsan 2200 2019-04-08 11:26:23.074904

Interface	fc2/22

VSAN Initiator Avg IO Size	VMID Target Avg Host De	LUN elay Avg Array Delay	Avg IOPS	Avg Th	roughput	Avg ECT	Av	g DAL
+ I			Read Write	e Read	Write	Read Wri	te Read	Write
Read Write	Write	Write	1	1				
1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1
2200 0xe80ee0	- 0xe80622	0007-0000-0000-0000	0 0	0 B/s	0 B/s	0 ns 0	ns 0 ns	0 ns
0 B 0 B	0 ns	0 ns						
2200 0xe80ee0	- 0xc809a0	0003-0000-0000-0000		0 B/s	0 B/s	0 ns 0	ns 0 ns	0 ns
UB UB	0 ns	Uns						
2200 0xe80ee0	- 0xe80622	0002-0000-0000-0000	0 0 0	0 B/s	0 B/s	0 ns 0	ns 0 ns	0 ns
12200 0 2080000	18 0vc809a0	0 115 1		1 0 B/e	1 2 0 KB/e 1	0 ne 843 0	ue I O ne	1 179 0 118 1
0 B 4 0 KB	1 7 0 115	656 0 us	1 010	1 0 1/3	1 2.0 10/3 1	0 113 045.0	43 0 113	1/5.0 45
2200 0xe80ee0	- 0xe80622	1 0000-0000-0000-0000		0 B/s	0 B/s	0 ns 0	ns 0 ns	0 ns
OB OB	0 ns	0 ns						
+					+	+		

Total number of ITLs: 5

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of interface fc3/15 of a target ITN for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itn --interface fc3/15 2019-04-09 11:11:17.974991

Interface fc3/15

1			1																
VSAN	Initiator Targe Avg Host Delay A	t 1 vg Arra	Namespace ay Delay	Avg	J IOPS	I	Avg	Throug	hput		Avç	g ECI	2	A1	vg l	DAL	I	Avg 1	:O Size
				Read	Write		Read	1	Write	1	Read	1	Write	Read		Write	I	Read	
Write	Write	1	Write																
1			1			1								1					
	I I		1																
3300	0xc80005 0xed00	05	1	2475	2531	154.	7 MB/	s 158	8.2 MB/s		112.0 us	1 3	1.5 ms	45.0 us		40.0 us	6	64.0 KB	64.0
KB	1.3 ms	5.0	us																
3300	0xc80000 0xed00	01	1	2137	2158	133.	6 MB/	s 134	1.9 MB/s		112.0 us	1	1.4 ms	46.0 us		39.0 us	6	64.0 KB	64.0
KB	1.2 ms	5.0	us																
3300	0xc80004 0xed00	04	1	2465	2530	154.3	1 MB/	s 158	8.2 MB/s		115.0 us	1 3	1.5 ms	46.0 us		39.0 us	6	64.0 KB	64.0
KB	1.3 ms	5.0	us																
3300	Oxc80001 Oxed00	DT I	1	1785	1796	111.	6 MB/	s 112	2.2 MB/s		112.0 us		1.3 ms	45.0 us		38.0 us	6	04.0 KB	64.0
KB	1.1 ms	5.0	us I	0510					6 MB (<i>c</i> .
3300	UXC8UUU3 UXedUU	J3	1 1	2512	2506	15/.	U MB/	S 156	0.6 MB/S		113.0 us		1.5 ms	45.0 US		40.0 us	1 6	04.0 KB	64.0
12200	1.3 ms	5.0	us i	255	1 220		2 MD (- 1 - 20	C MD /-		14 0			1 1 4 0		14 6		4 0 170	CA 0
13300	752 0	JU	1 1	300	329	22	2 MB/	5 20	0.0 MB/S		14.0 MS	1 13	5.5 ms	14.0 ms		14.0 MS	1 6	04.0 KB	64.0
12200	/55.0 US	5.0	us i	2465	1 2522	1 1 5 4	1 MD /	- 1 150	2 MD /-		1.1.5 0		1 5			40 0		4 0 170	CA 0
13300	1 0x280007 0xea00	J/	1 1	2465	2002	154.	I MB/	S 100	0.2 MB/S		L15.0 US		1.5 ms	47.0 us		40.0 US	1 6	04.0 KB	64.0
13300	1.3 ms		us I	2400	1 2520	1 155	5 MD/	a 157	E MD/a		115 0 110		1 5 mg	47 0 110		40 0 110		4 0 20	64 0
12200	1 3 me	5 0	118	2400	1 2320	1 100.	J PID/	5 10/			LIJ.0 US		1.5 105	1 47.0 us		40.0 us	1 6	94.0 ND	04.0
13300	1.5 m3	12 1	1 1	2548	1 2/97	1 150	3 MB/	e 156	1 MR/e		113 0 118		15 me	1 46 0 118		40 0 118			64 0
KB I	1 3 ms	5 0	115	2340	2457	1 100.	J 111)	3 100	MD/3	1 -	115.0 45		1.5 113	1 40.0 43		40.0 43			04.0
13300	L 0xc80006 L 0xed00	16 I	1 1	2476	1 2523	1 154	8 MB/	s 157	7 MB/s	1.1	113 0 115		15 ms	46 0 115	1	40 0 115	1 6	4 0 KR I	64 0
KB I	1 3 ms	5 0	115	21/0	1 2020	1 1011	0 110,	0 10,	., 112,0		10.0 40		2.0 110	10.0 40		10.0 40		110 100 1	01.0
13300	L 0xc80009 0xed00	19 I	1	2487	1 2525	1.155.4	4 MB/	s 157	.8 MB/s	1.1	114.0 us	i -	1.5 ms	46.0 us	1	40.0 115	1 6	4.0 KB	64.0
KB I	1.3 ms	5.0	115		, _525	, 2001	10)	- , 10,						,					
+	1		1	-+			+			+			+		+-				+

Total number of ITNs: 11

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of interface fc5/21 of a target ITL for SCSI:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itl --interface fc5/21 2019-04-09 11:11:17.974991

Interface	fc5/21

VSAN Initiator V Avg IO Size	MID Target Avg Host De	LUN 21ay Avg Array De	 lay	Avg	IOPS	T	Avg Thr	roughput	Ι	Avç	g ECT	I	Av	g DAI	L I
 Read Write	Write	Write		Read	Write	I	Read	Write	Ι	Read	Write	:	Read	I	Write
I I	1		i i			I.			I			I			I
2200 0xe902e0 0 B 512.0 B	- 0xe805a0	0002-0000-0000-	0000	0	9231	L	0 B/s	4.5 MB/s	I	0 ns	75.0 u	ıs	0 ns	1	25.0 us
2200 0xe902e0 0 B 512.0 B	- 0xe805a0	0003-0000-0000-	0000	0	9231	L	0 B/s	4.5 MB/s	I	0 ns	75.0 u	ıs	0 ns	:	25.0 us
2200 0xe902e0 0 B 512.0 B	- 0xe805a0 0 ns	0001-0000-0000- 0 ns	0000 	0	9230	I	0 B/s	4.5 MB/s	Ι	0 ns	75.0 u	ıs	0 ns	3	25.0 us

Total number of ITLs: 3

This example shows how to display the flow metrics and device alias information of interface fc3/15 of a target ITN and limit the output to 10 random records for NVMe:
												_			-	
VSAN 	Initiator Avg IO Size	 Av	Target g Host Delay	Namesp Avg Array Del	ace .ay	Avg	IOPS		Avg	Throughput		Avg	ECT		Avg	DAL
1					I	Read	Writ	e	Read	Write	I	Read	Write	1	Read	1
Write	Read Write	è	Write	Write		1										
1														1		
1		1		1												
3300	0xc80005		0xed0005	1	1	2488	2514	1	55.5 MB/	s 157.1 MB/s	1:	.3.0 us	1.5 ms	46	.0 us	39.0
us	64.0 KB 64.0 KB	1	1.3 ms	5.0 us												
3300	0xc80000		0xed0001	1		2122	2154	1	32.6 MB/	s 134.7 MB/s	1:	.1.0 us	1.4 ms	45	.0 us	40.0
us	64.0 KB 64.0 KB	1	1.2 ms	5.0 us												
3300	0xc80004		0xed0004	1		2492	2509	1	55.8 MB/	s 156.8 MB/s	1.	.3.0 us	1.5 ms	46	.0 us	40.0
us	64.0 KB 64.0 KB	1	1.3 ms	5.0 us												
13300	0xc80001	. !	0xed0001	1 1	!	1847	1752	1	15.4 MB/	s 109.5 MB/s	1.	.2.0 us	1.3 ms	45	.0 us	39.0
us	64.0 KB 64.0 KB	1. ·	1.1 ms	5.0 us	- L.		0.405			1 155 0 105 /					o .	4.3
13300	0xc80003	. !	UxedUUU3	1 		2523	2495	1 1	5/./ MB/	S 155.9 MB/S	1.	.4.0 us	1.5 ms	46	.0 us	41.0
us	04.0 KB 04.0 KB	1 . · ·	1.5 ms	5.0 us	- L.	240	255		21 2 MD /	- 1 00 0 MD/-		4.2	15 2	1 14	0 1	1.4
13300	64 0 KB 1 64 0 KB		0.1 0 No. 1	F 0 110	'	340	300	1	21.3 MB/	S 22.2 MB/S		.4.5 ms	15.5 MS	14	.2 ms	14.4
13300	04.0 KB 04.0 KB	1 i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	0vod0007	J.0 us	· · ·	2405	2510	1 1	SC O MD/	a 1 156 0 MP/a	1.1.	4 0 110 1	1 5 mg	1 47	0.110.1	4.0
10000	64 0 KB 64 0 KB		1 3 me	5 0 118	- 1 ¹	2455	2010	1 -	50.0 MD/	3 100.0 HD/3	1 1	4.0 45 1	1.5 105	1 1/	.0 43 1	40.0
13300	0xc80008	1 I I I	8000bey0	1 1	· · ·	2515	2496	1 1	57 2 MB/	s 156 0 MB/s	1.1	4 0 115 1	15 ms	1 47	0.115.1	40
115	64.0 KB 64.0 KB	1	1.3 ms	5.0 115	- 1 ¹	2010	2150	1 -	0,12 110,	0 100.0 110/0		110 40 1	2.0	1 1	.0 40 1	1011
13300	0xc80002	с н.	0xed0002	1 1		2537	2484	1 1	58.6 MB/	s 155.3 MB/s	1.1	4.0 115	1.5 ms	46	.0 us	41.
us I	64.0 KB 64.0 KB	тÉ –	1.3 ms	5.0 us	- 1 ⁻				,							
13300	0xc80006	÷т.	0xed0006	1	- É I	2502	2510	1	56.4 MB/	s 156.9 MB/s	13	.3.0 us	1.5 ms	46	.0 us	41.
us I	64.0 KB 64.0 KB	тÉ –	1.3 ms	5.0 us	- 1 ⁻											

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itn --alias --interface fc3/15 --limit 10
2019-04-09 12:04:07.032501

Total number of ITNs: 10

This example shows how to display the flow metrics and device alias information of interface fc5/21 of a target ITL and limit the output to 10 random records for SCSI:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itl --alias --interface fc5/21 --limit 10 2019-04-09 12:04:07.032501

Interface fc5/21

+															
VSAN Avg D	Initiator AL	VMID Avg IO Size	Target Avg Host D	 elay	LUN Avg Array Delay		Avg	IOPS	Ι	Avg	Thro	ughput	I	Avo	g ECT
 Read	Write	Read Write	. Write		Write	I	Read	Writ	e	Read	I	Write	1	Read	Write
	WIICE	Nead Wille	, write		MIICE				Т				T		
12200 1	0xe902e0	- Tgt_	9706_206_fc5_21	_ 1 00	002-0000-0000-0000		0	5796	I.	0 B/	s I	2.8 MB/s	T	0 ns	84.0 us
0 ns 2200	0xe902e0	0 B 512.0	B 0 ns 9706_206_fc5_21	_ 1 00	0 ns	I	0	5797	I.	0 B/	s I	2.8 MB/s	T	0 ns	84.0 us
0 ns 2200	29.0 us 0xe902e0	0 B 512.0 - Tgt_	B 0 ns 9706_206_fc5_21	_ 00	0 ns	I	0	5797	T.	0 B/	s	2.8 MB/s	T	0 ns	84.0 us
0 ns 2200	29.0 us 0xe90440	0 B 512.0 - Tgt_	B 0 ns 9706_206_fc5_21	_ I 00	0 ns	I	0	5797	T.	0 B/	s	2.8 MB/s	T	0 ns	122.0 us
0 ns 2200	44.0 us 0xe90440	0 B 512.0 - Tgt_	B 0 ns 9706_206_fc5_21	 00 _	0 ns 102-0000-0000-0000		0	5796	1	0 B/	s	2.8 MB/s	T	0 ns	124.0 us
0 ns 2200	44.0 us 0xe906c0	0 B 512.0 - Tgt_	B 0 ns 9706_206_fc5_21	 00 _	0 ns 001-0000-0000		0	5797	1	0 B/	s	2.8 MB/s	T	0 ns	130.0 us
0 ns 2200	47.0 us 0xe906c0	0 B 512.0 - Tgt_	B 0 ns 9706_206_fc5_21	 00 _	0 ns 002-0000-0000-0000		0	5796	1	0 B/	s	2.8 MB/s	T	0 ns	131.0 us
0 ns	48.0 us	0 B 512.0	B 0 ns		0 ns										

. Total number of ITLs: 7

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of target ID 0xed0001 of a target ITN for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itn --target 0xed0001 2019-04-09 11:16:26.246741

Interface +	e fc3/15 nitiator Target	Namespa	ce	-+ Avg	IOPS	1	Avg	Throughput	I	Avg EC	+ F		Avg	H DAL	I	+ Avg	IO S	
+		+	2 1	-+			+		+		+			+		+		+
1			- I	Read	Write	1	Read	Write	1	Read	Write	F	Read	Write	1	Read	1	
Write	Write	Write	1															
1			- I			1			1			1			1			
1	1		1															
3300 0x	c80000 0xed0001	1	- I -	2100	2173	131.	2 MB/s	s 135.8 MB/s	1	10.0 us	1.4 ms	44	.0 us	38.0 us	1	64.0 KB	6	54.0
KB	1.2 ms	5.0 us	1															
3300 0x	c80001 0xed0001	1	1	1964	1943	122.	8 MB/s	s 121.4 MB/s	1	09.0 us	1.2 ms	43	.0 us	38.0 us	1	64.0 KB	6	54.0
KB	1.0 ms	5.0 us	1															
Total numb	per of ITNs: 2	,									,			,				

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of target ID 0xe80b40 of a target ITL for SCSI:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itl --target 0xe80b40
2019-04-09 11:16:26.246741

Interface fc5/21

VSAN Initiator V Avg IO Size	MID Target Avg Host De	LUN lay Avg Array Delay		Avg IOPS	Avg	Th	roughput	I	Av	g ECT	I	Av	rg Di	AL	I
+				Read Write	e Read		Write		Read	Writ	e	Read		Write	+
Read Write	Write	Write			I			I			T				I
2200 0xe90440	 - 0xe80b40	 0001-0000-0000-000	0 1	0 5809	0 B	/s	2.8 MB/s	L	0 ns	128.0	us	0 ns	L	48.0 us	I
0 B 512.0 B 2200 0xe90440	0 ns - 0xe80b40	0 ns 0002-0000-0000-000	0 1	0 5809	0 B	/s	2.8 MB/s	L	0 ns	132.0	us	0 ns	L	48.0 us	I
UB SILUB	0 ns	0 ns			I		-	+		+			I		+

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of initiator ID 0xed0500, target ID 0xef0720, and LUN ID 0001-0000-0000 of a target ITL:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itl --initiator 0xed0500 --target 0xef0720 --lun 0001-0000-0000
2019-04-09 11:17:24.643292

B: Bytes, s: Seconds, Avg: Average, Acc: Accumulative, ns: Nano Seconds, ms: Milli Seconds, us: Micro Seconds, GB: Giga Bytes, MB: Mega Bytes, KB: Killo Bytes, ECT: Exchange Completion Time, DAL: Data Access Latency

Interface : fc8/17

÷.,					+	-++
 +	Metrio			Min	Max	Avg
÷.	Read	IOPS	(4sec Avg)	NA	NA	39
T	Write	IOPS	(4sec Avg)	NA	NA	0
T	Read	Throughput	(4sec Avg)	NA	NA	39.8 KB/s
T	Write	Throughput	(4sec Avg)	NA	NA	0
1	Read	Size	(Acc Avg)	1024 B	1024 B	1024 B
1	Write	Size	(Acc Avg)	0	0	0
1	Read	DAL	(Acc Avg)	28.0 us	30.0 ms	23.8 ms
1	Write	DAL	(Acc Avg)	0	0	0
1	Read	ECT	(Acc Avg)	28.0 us	30.0 ms	23.8 ms
1	Write	ECT	(Acc Avg)	0	0	0
1	Read	Inter-IO-Gap	(Acc Avg)	73.2 us	2.0 s	25.0 ms
1	Write	Inter-IO-Gap	(Acc Avg)	0	0	0
+					+	-++

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of initiator ID 0xc80004, target ID 0xed0004, and namespace 1 of a target ITN for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itn --initiator 0xc80004 --target 0xed0004 --namespace 1 2019-04-09 11:17:24.643292

B: Bytes, s: Seconds, Avg: Average, Acc: Accumulative, ns: Nano Seconds, ms: Milli Seconds, us: Micro Seconds, GB: Giga Bytes, MB: Mega Bytes, KB: Killo Bytes, ECT: Exchange Completion Time, DAL: Data Access Latency

Interface : fc3/15

1	Metrio	2		1	Min	1	Max		Avg
 	Read Write Read Write Read Write Read Write	IOPS IOPS Throughput Throughput Size Size DAL DAL	(4sec Avg) (4sec Avg) (4sec Avg) (4sec Avg) (Acc Avg) (Acc Avg) (Acc Avg) (Acc Avg)		NA NA NA 65536 B 65536 B 12.0 us 10.0 us		NA NA NA 65536 B 65536 B 1.6 ms 407.0 us	+- 	2391 2517 149.5 MB/s 157.3 ME/s 65536 B 65536 B 46.0 us 40.1 us
 	Read Write Write Write Write	ECT ECT Host Delay Array Delay IO Seq count	(Acc Avg) (Acc Avg) (Acc Avg) (Acc Avg) (Acc Avg) (Acc Avg)		39.0 us 123.0 us 51.0 us NA 0		1.9 ms 3.6 ms 3.5 ms 31.0 us 0	 	113.8 us 1.5 ms 1.3 ms 5.6 us 1

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of initiator ID 0xe90440, target ID 0xe80b40, and LUN ID 0001-0000-0000 of a target ITL:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itl --initiator 0xe90440 --target 0xe80b40 --lun 0001-0000-0000
2019-04-09 11:17:24.643292

B: Bytes, s: Seconds, Avg: Average, Acc: Accumulative, ns: Nano Seconds, ms: Milli Seconds, us: Micro Seconds, GB: Giga Bytes, MB: Mega Bytes, KB: Killo Bytes, ECT: Exchange Completion Time, DAL: Data Access Latency

Interface : fc5/21

+ -					-+-		+-		-+-		+
Ľ	Metric	2				Min		Max	T	Avg	I
+ -					-+-		+-		-+-		+
Ľ	Read	IOPS	(4sec	Avg)		NA	I.	NA	T	0	I
Ľ	Write	IOPS	(4sec	Avg)		NA	1	NA	L	4112	I
Ľ	Read	Throughput	(4sec	Avg)	1	NA	1	NA	1	0	Ì

L	Write	Throughput	(4sec Avg)		NA	I.	NA	I.	2.0 MB/s	J
L	Read	Size	(Acc Avg)	Т	0	I.	0	I.	0	I
L	Write	Size	(Acc Avg)	Т	512 B	I.	512 B	I.	512 B	J
L	Read	DAL	(Acc Avg)	Т	0 ns	I.	0 ns	I.	0 ns	J
L	Write	DAL	(Acc Avg)	Т	22.0 us	I.	2.4 ms	I.	46.1 us	J
L	Read	ECT	(Acc Avg)	Т	0 ns	I.	0 ns	I.	0 ns	J
L	Write	ECT	(Acc Avg)	Т	68.0 us	I.	2.5 ms	I.	126.6 us	I
L	Write	Host Delay	(Acc Avg)	Т	0 ns	I.	0 ns	I.	0 ns	J
L	Write	Array Delay	(Acc Avg)	Т	NA	I.	0 ns	I.	0 ns	J
L	Write	IO Seq count	(Acc Avg)	I.	0	I.	0	I.	0	ļ
ķ.				- + -		+-		+-		4

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of initiator ID 0xc80005 and namespace 1 of a target ITN for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itn --initiator 0xc80005 --namespace 1
2019-04-09 11:18:40.132828

Interface fc3/15

	ace Avg IOPS ay	Avg Throughput	Avg EC	T Avç	DAL Avg IO Size
 Write Write Write 	Read Write 	Read Write	Read	Write Read	++ Write Read
 3300 0xc80005 0xed0005 1 KB 1.3 ms 5.0 us	 2451 2478 	153.2 MB/s 154.9 MB/s	114.0 us	1.5 ms 45.0 us	40.0 us 64.0 KB 64.0

This example shows how to display the flow metrics of initiator ID 0xe90440 and LUN ID 0001-0000-0000 of a target ITL for SCSI:

switch# ShowAnalytics --info --target-itl --initiator 0xe90440 --lun 0001-0000-0000 2019-04-09 11:18:40.132828

Interface fc5/21

VSAN Initiator VI Avg IO Size	MID Target Avg Host De	 lay Avg	LUN Array Del	 ay	Avç	J IOPS	I	Avg Thr	oughput	I	Av	g ECT	1	A	rg D2	λL
 Read Write	Write	1	Write		Read	Write		Read	Write	1	Read	Writ	:e	Read	I	Write
2200 0xe90440 0 B 512.0 B	 - 0xe80b40 0 ns	 0001-00	000-0000-0 0 ns	000	0	5816	1	0 B/s	2.8 MB/s	I	0 ns	131.0	us	0 ns	I	48.0 us

Total number of ITLs: 1

For information on flow metrics, see Flow Metrics.

This example shows how to display the top ITNs for I/O operations per second (IOPS) for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --top --nvme 2019-06-13 10:56:49.099069 Avg IOPS Read 2547 Write fc3/15 | 3300 | 0xc80004 | 0xed0004 2474 fc3/15 | 3300 | 0xc80002 fc3/15 | 3300 | 0xc80002 fc3/15 | 3300 | 0xc80008 fc3/15 | 3300 | 0xc80009 | 0xed00002 | 0xed0008 | 0xed0009 2521 2506 2516 2486 2400 2499 2483 1 fc3/15 | 3300 | 0xc80006 0xed0006 1 2516 2482 3300 | 0xc80007 3300 | 0xc80005 3300 | 0xc80003 0xed00007 0xed0005 0xed0003 fc3/15 | fc3/15 | 2508 2484 2308 2481 2469 2057 1 2505 2517 fc3/15 | 1 1 fc3/15 | 3300 | 0xc80000 fc3/15 | 3300 | 0xc80001 0xed0001 2021 | 0xeduuui | 0xed0001 1893 1953

This example shows how to display the top ITLs for I/O operations per second (IOPS):

switch# ShowAnalytics --top

2019-06-13 10:56:49.099069

+-		-+-		+				-+
Ì	PORT	Ì	VSAN Initiator Target LUN	I.	Av	g 1	LOPS	Ì
I		1		1	Read	1	Write	1
I.	fc8/10	1	5 0xed04b2 0xef0680 0001-0000-0000-0000	1	118	1	0	1
I.	fc8/10	1	5 0xed04b2 0xef0680 0003-0000-0000-0000	1	118	1	0	1
I.	fc8/10	1	5 0xed04b2 0xef0680 0002-0000-0000-0000	1	118	1	0	1
I.	fc8/10	1	5 0xed04b2 0xef0680 0005-0000-0000-0000	1	118	1	0	1
I.	fc8/10	1	5 0xed04b2 0xef0680 0006-0000-0000-0000	1	118	1	0	1
I.	fc8/10	1	5 0xed04b2 0xef0680 0007-0000-0000-0000	1	118	1	0	1

.

.

I	fc8/10	I	5 0xed04b2 0xef0680 0008-0000-0000-0000	1	118	I.	0	1
L	fc8/10	L	5 0xed04b2 0xef0680 0009-0000-0000-0000	1	118	1	0	1
L	fc8/10	L	5 0xed04b2 0xef0680 000a-0000-0000-0000	1	118	1	0	1
L	fc8/10	L	5 0xed04b2 0xef0680 000b-0000-0000-0000	1	118	1	0	1
+-		+-		+				+

This example shows how to display the top ITLs with I/O size:

switch# ShowAnalytics --top --key IOSIZE
Data collected at : Tue, 07 Jun 2022 12:16:09 +0530

÷.,										_ +		+
i	PORT	i	VSAN	I	Initiator	I	Target	Ι	LUN	į	Avg IO Size	į
+ · 1		-+								-+	Read Write	+
i.	fc2/2	i	2200	ī.	0xc80760	Ĭ.	0xee0000		0003-0000-0000-0000	i	0 B 5.8 KB	i.
i.	fc2/19	i	2200	÷.	0xee024b	i.	0xe80441	- i	000c-0000-0000-0000	-i	0 B 4.0 KB	i.
Ľ	fc2/19	I	2200	T.	0xee0252	T	0xe80926		0018-0000-0000-0000	1	0 B 4.0 KB	1
Ľ	fc2/19	1	2200	I.	0xee024c		0xe80920		002f-0000-0000-0000	1	0 B 4.0 KB	1
Ľ	fc2/20	1	2200	I.	0xee0253		0xe80927		0051-0000-0000-0000	1	0 B 4.0 KB	10
Ľ	fc2/20	1	2200	I.	0xee0253		0xe80927		000f-0000-0000-0000	1	0 B 4.0 KB	1
L	fc2/19	1	2200	T.	0xee024c		0xe80920		0006-0000-0000-0000	1	0 B 4.0 KB	1
L	fc2/20	1	2200	T.	0xee024c		0xe80920		0049-0000-0000-0000	1	0 B 4.0 KB	1
L	fc2/19	1	2200	I.	0xee0250		0xe80924		0029-0000-0000-0000	1	0 B 4.0 KB	1
L	fc2/19		2200	I.	0xee0251		0xe80925		0034-0000-0000-0000		0 B 4.0 KB	1
+		-+								-+		+

This example shows how to display the initiator flow of ITLs :

switch# ShowAnalytics --top --initiator-flow

Data collected at : Tue, 07 Jun 2022 12:20:28 +0530

Read Write fc1/29 2200 0xc803e0 0 29037 fc1/29 2200 0xc803e1 0 19919 fc2/2 2200 0xc80760 0 31	+	' 	VSAN		Initiator	 	Av	7g :	IOPS	+ ++
fc12/1/ 2200 0xc80600 0 0 fc2/20 2200 0xee01cc 0 0 fc2/20 2200 0xee006e 0 0 fc2/19 2200 0xee0272 0 0 fc2/20 2200 0xee02b2 0 0 fc2/20 2200 0xee02b2 0 0 fc2/19 2200 0xee02b1 0 0 fc2/19 2200 0xee02b1 0 0	+ fc1/2 fc1/2 fc2/2 fc2/2	+ 9 9 7 0 9 0 9 0 9	2200 2200 2200 2200 2200 2200 2200 220		0xc803e0 0xc803e1 0xc80760 0xc80600 0xee01cc 0xee006e 0xee0272 0xee02b2 0xee02d1 0xee02b3	+	Read 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Write 29037 19919 31 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	

This example shows how to display the target flow of ITLs :

switch# ShowAnalytics --top --target-flow

Data collected at : Tue, 07 Jun 2022 12:20:42 +0530

	+									+
PORT	т 	VSAN		Target			Av	g I	IOPS	
	+						Read		Write	+
fc1/22		2200		0xc80329			0		20269	
fc1/23	I	2200		0xc80349			0		20262	
fc1/24	I	2200		0xc80369			0		20196	
fc1/34	I	2200		0xc804a9			0		20177	
fc1/36	I	2200		0xc804c9			0		20165	
fc1/35	I	2200		0xc80589			0		20095	
fc1/33	I	2200		0xc80469			0		20042	
fc1/1	I	2200		0xc80029			0		18684	- 1
	PORT fc1/22 fc1/23 fc1/24 fc1/34 fc1/36 fc1/35 fc1/33 fc1/1	PORT fc1/22 fc1/23 fc1/24 fc1/34 fc1/36 fc1/35 fc1/33 fc1/1	PORT VSAN fc1/22 2200 fc1/23 2200 fc1/24 2200 fc1/34 2200 fc1/36 2200 fc1/35 2200 fc1/33 2200 fc1/33 2200 fc1/1 2200	PORT VSAN fc1/22 2200 fc1/23 2200 fc1/24 2200 fc1/34 2200 fc1/36 2200 fc1/35 2200 fc1/33 2200 fc1/1 2200	PORT VSAN Target fc1/22 2200 0xc80329 fc1/23 2200 0xc80349 fc1/24 2200 0xc80369 fc1/34 2200 0xc804a9 fc1/36 2200 0xc804c9 fc1/35 2200 0xc804c9 fc1/33 2200 0xc80469 fc1/1 2200 0xc80029	PORT VSAN Target fc1/22 2200 0xc80329 fc1/23 2200 0xc80349 fc1/24 2200 0xc80369 fc1/34 2200 0xc804a9 fc1/36 2200 0xc804c9 fc1/35 2200 0xc80589 fc1/33 2200 0xc80469 fc1/1 2200 0xc80029	PORT VSAN Target fc1/22 2200 0xc80329 fc1/23 2200 0xc80349 fc1/24 2200 0xc80369 fc1/34 2200 0xc804a9 fc1/36 2200 0xc804c9 fc1/35 2200 0xc80589 fc1/33 2200 0xc80469 fc1/1 2200 0xc80429	PORT VSAN Target Av Read fc1/22 2200 0xc80329 0 fc1/23 2200 0xc80349 0 fc1/24 2200 0xc80369 0 fc1/34 2200 0xc804a9 0 fc1/36 2200 0xc804c9 0 fc1/35 2200 0xc80589 0 fc1/33 2200 0xc80469 0 fc1/33 2200 0xc80429 0	PORT VSAN Target Avg 1 Read fc1/22 2200 0xc80329 0 fc1/23 2200 0xc80349 0 fc1/24 2200 0xc80369 0 fc1/34 2200 0xc804a9 0 fc1/36 2200 0xc804c9 0 fc1/35 2200 0xc80589 0 fc1/33 2200 0xc80469 0 fc1/33 2200 0xc80469 0	PORT VSAN Target Avg IOPS Read Write fc1/22 2200 0xc80329 0 20269 fc1/23 2200 0xc80349 0 20262 fc1/24 2200 0xc80369 0 20196 fc1/34 2200 0xc804a9 0 20177 fc1/36 2200 0xc80589 0 20165 fc1/35 2200 0xc80469 0 20095 fc1/33 2200 0xc80429 0 20042 fc1/1 2200 0xc80029 0 18684

+-		-+-				+				+
1	101/15	1	2200	I	0XC00249		0	I	10004	
1	fa1/15	1	2200	1	0.200240	1	0	1	10651	1
	fc1/2		2200		0xc80069		0		18663	

This example shows how to display the flow of ITLs :

switch# ShowAnalytics --top --it-flow
Data collected at : Tue, 07 Jun 2022 12:21:58 +0530

Read Read Write fc1/29 2200 0xc803e0 0xc80700 0 28321 fc1/22 2200 0xc809e9 0xc80329 0 20274 fc1/24 2200 0xc80a29 0xc80369 0 20244 fc1/23 2200 0xc80a09 0xc80349 0 20244		VSAN Ini	tiator Targe	et Avg IOPS
fc1/34 2200 0xc80b49 0xc804a9 0 20181 fc1/36 2200 0xc80b89 0xc804c9 0 20173 fc1/35 2200 0xc80b69 0xc80589 0 20054 fc1/33 2200 0xc80b29 0xc80469 0 20019 fc1/29 2200 0xc803e1 0xc80701 0 19425	+ fc1/29 fc1/22 fc1/24 fc1/23 fc1/34 fc1/36 fc1/35 fc1/33 fc1/29	2200 0xc 2200 0xc 2200 0xc 2200 0xc 2200 0xc 2200 0xc 2200 0xc 2200 0xc 2200 0xc 2200 0xc	803e0 0xc8(809e9 0xc8(80a29 0xc8(80a09 0xc8(80b49 0xc8(80b89 0xc8(80b69 0xc8(80b69 0xc8(80b29 0xc8(80b29 0xc8(Read Write 0700 0 28321 0329 0 20274 0369 0 20244 0349 0 20244 04a9 0 20181 04c9 0 20173 0589 0 20054 0469 0 20019 0701 0 19425

This example shows how to display the initiator, target and LUN flow of ITLs :

switch# ShowAnalytics --top --noclear
Data collected at : Tue, 07 Jun 2022 12:27:38 +0530

+-	PORT 	+ ,	VSAN		Initiator		Target		LUN		A	vg	IOPS
											Read		Write
I	fc1/29		2200		0xc803e0	Ι	0xc80700	I	0064-0000-0000-0000	Ι	0	I	567
I	fc1/29		2200	Ι	0xc803e1	Ι	0xc80701	I	003b-0000-0000-0000	Ι	0	I	283
I	fc1/29		2200		0xc803e0	Ι	0xc80700	I	004e-0000-0000-0000	I	0	I	283
I	fc1/29		2200		0xc803e0	Ι	0xc80700	I	0043-0000-0000-0000	I	0	I	283
I	fc1/29	I	2200		0xc803e1	Ι	0xc80701	I	0038-0000-0000-0000	Ι	0	I	283
I	fc1/29	I	2200		0xc803e1	Ι	0xc80701	I	0040-0000-0000-0000	Ι	0	I	283
I	fc1/29		2200		0xc803e0	Ι	0xc80700	I	0061-0000-0000-0000	Ι	0	I	283
I	fc1/29		2200		0xc803e0	Ι	0xc80700	I	0014-0000-0000-0000	I	0	I	283
I	fc1/29	I	2200	I	0xc803e1	Ι	0xc80701	Ι	001e-0000-0000-0000	I	0	I	283
	fc1/29	1	2200	Ι	0xc803e0	I	0xc80700	Ι	001d-0000-0000-0000	Ι	0	I	283

+-	PORT	+ 	VSAN	Initiator		Target		LUN		A	vg	+ IOPS
										Read		Write
I	fc1/29	I	2200	0xc803e0	Ι	0xc80700	I	0064-0000-0000-0000		0	I	554
Ι	fc1/29	I	2200	0xc803e1	Ι	0xc80701	I	003b-0000-0000-0000	I	0	I	277
I	fc1/29	I	2200	0xc803e0	Ι	0xc80700	I	004e-0000-0000-0000	I	0	I	277
I	fc1/29	I	2200	0xc803e0	Ι	0xc80700	I	0043-0000-0000-0000	I	0	I	277
I	fc1/29	I	2200	0xc803e1	Ι	0xc80701	I	0038-0000-0000-0000	I	0	I	277
I	fc1/29	I	2200	0xc803e1	Ι	0xc80701	I	0040-0000-0000-0000	I	0	I	277
I	fc1/29	I	2200	0xc803e0	Ι	0xc80700	I	0061-0000-0000-0000	I	0	I	277
I	fc1/29	I	2200	0xc803e0	Ι	0xc80700	I	0014-0000-0000-0000		0	I	277
I	fc1/29	I	2200	0xc803e1	Ι	0xc80701	I	001e-0000-0000-0000	I	0	I	277
I	 fc1/29 	I	2200	0xc803e0	I	0xc80700	Ι	001d-0000-0000-0000	Ι	0	Ι	277

Data collected at : Tue, 07 Jun 2022 12:27:45 +0530

This example shows how to display the top ITNs for throughput progressively for NMVe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --top --key thput --progress --nvme

2019-06-13 10:58:16.015546

+	PORT		VSAN	I	Initiator	I	Target	I	Namespace	1	Avg Th	irc	oughput		1
Ť		+ - 								-+-	Read	1	Writ	.e	
I	fc3/15	Ľ	3300	I.	0xc80003	1	0xed0003	1	1	1	159.1 MB/s	T.	154.6	MB/s	I
I	fc3/15	Ľ	3300	I.	0xc80002	1	0xed0002	1	1	1	157.4 MB/s	T.	155.0	MB/s	1
I	fc3/15	Ľ	3300	I.	0xc80006	1	0xed0006	1	1	1	157.7 MB/s	T.	154.3	MB/s	1
I	fc3/15	Ľ	3300	I.	0xc80004	1	0xed0004	1	1	1	157.1 MB/s	T.	154.8	MB/s	1
I	fc3/15	Ľ	3300	I.	0xc80007	1	0xed0007	1	1	1	155.5 MB/s	T.	155.4	MB/s	1
I	fc3/15	Ľ	3300	I.	0xc80009	1	0xed0009	1	1	1	153.8 MB/s	T.	156.6	MB/s	1
I	fc3/15	Ľ	3300	I.	0xc80008	1	0xed0008	1	1	1	152.2 MB/s	T.	157.1	MB/s	1
I	fc3/15	Ľ	3300	I.	0xc80005	1	0xed0005	1	1	1	150.9 MB/s	T.	158.1	MB/s	1
I	fc3/15	Ľ	3300	I.	0xc80000	1	0xed0001	1	1	1	133.7 MB/s	T.	133.3	MB/s	1
I	fc3/15	Ľ	3300	T.	0xc80001	T.	0xed0001	1	1	T	118.4 MB/s	L	120.2	MB/s	1

This example shows how to display the top ITLs for throughput progressively:

switch# ShowAnalytics --top --key thput --progress

2019-06-13 10:58:16.015546

1.1			4				
I	PORT	VSAN Initiator Target LUN		Avg TH	IRO	JGHPUT	
ī			i	Read	1	Write	
I	fc8/10	5 0xed04b2 0xef0680 000f-0000-0000-0000		133.8 KB/s	1	0	1
I	fc8/10	5 0xed04b3 0xef0681 000a-0000-0000-0000	L	133.8 KB/s	1	0	- 1
I	fc8/10	5 0xed04b3 0xef0681 0014-0000-0000-0000	Ľ	133.8 KB/s	1	0	1
I	fc8/10	5 0xed04b4 0xef0682 000f-0000-0000	Ľ	133.8 KB/s	1	0	1
I	fc8/10	5 0xed04b5 0xef0683 000a-0000-00000	Ľ	133.8 KB/s	1	0	1
Ĩ	fc8/10	5 0xed04b5 0xef0683 000f-0000-0000	Ľ	133.8 KB/s	1	0	1
Ĩ	fc8/10	5 0xed04b5 0xef0683 0013-0000-0000-0000	Ľ	133.8 KB/s	1	0	1
I	fc8/10	5 0xed04b6 0xef0684 0013-0000-0000-0000	Ē	133.8 KB/s	1	0	1
I	fc8/10	5 0xed04b2 0xef0680 0004-0000-00000	Ē	133.5 KB/s	1	0	1
I	fc8/10	5 0xed04b3 0xef0681 0009-0000-00000	Ľ	133.5 KB/s	1	0	1

-----+

This example shows how to display the ITNs with the highest I/O operations per second (IOPS) for NVMe. The --alias option causes initiator and target device alias information is displayed.

switch# ShowAnalytics -- top -- alias -- nvme 2021-02-09 09:15:25.445815 PORT | VSAN | Initiator Target | Namespace Avg IOPS Read Write 2459 2518 2470 2499 1 2491 2472 2491 2471 2451 2457 2445 2487 2496
 fG3/15
 3300
 sanblaze-147-port7-p
 sanblaze-147-port6-p

 fG3/15
 3300
 sanblaze-147-port7-p
 sanblaze-147-port6-p
 2440 2495 2434 2197 2499 2199 1 1987 1982

This example shows how to display the ITLs with the highest I/O operations per second (IOPS) for SCSI. The --alias option causes initiator and target device alias information is displayed.

switch# ShowAnalytics --top --alias

2021-02-09 09:15:25.445815

													_+
İ.	PORT	VSAN	Initiator	I	VMID	Target		LUN	i	Av	g I	OPS	i
i.									÷.	Read	1	Write	÷
L	fc5/22	2200	0xe90460	1	- 1	0xe80b60	T.	0002-0000-0000-0000	1	0	1	9124	1
Ľ	fc5/22	2200	0xe90460	Т	- 1	0xe80b60	T.	0003-0000-0000-0000	1	0	1	9124	1
Ľ	fc5/22	2200	0xe90460	Т	- 1	0xe80b60	T.	0001-0000-0000-0000	1	0	1	9123	1
Ľ	fc5/21	2200	0xe902e0	Т	- Tgt	9706 206 fc5 21	T.	0003-0000-0000-0000	1	0	1	5718	1
L	fc5/21	2200	0xe902e0	1	- Tgt	9706 206 fc5 21	T.	0001-0000-0000-0000	1	0	1	5718	1
Ľ	fc5/21	2200	0xe906c0	Т	- Tgt	9706 206 fc5 21	T.	0002-0000-0000-0000	1	0	1	5718	1
Ľ	fc5/21	2200	0xe902e0	Т	- Tgt	9706 206 fc5 21	T.	0002-0000-0000-0000	1	0	1	5717	1
L	fc5/21	2200	0xe90440	1	- Tgt	9706 206 fc5 21	T.	0001-0000-0000-0000	1	0	1	5717	1
Ľ	fc5/21	2200	0xe90440	Т	- Tgt	9706 206 fc5 21	T.	0002-0000-0000-0000	1	0	1	5717	1
I	fc5/21	2200	0xe906c0	1	- Tgt	_9706_206_fc5_21_	1	0001-0000-0000-0000		0		5717	1

This example shows how to display the ITLs with the highest I/O operations per second (IOPS). The --alias option causes initiator and target device alias information is displayed.

switch# ShowAnalytics --top --alias

2021-02-09 09:15:25.445815

ь.		÷										_ + _				
į	PORT	i	VSAN	I	Initiator	I	VMID	T	Target		LUN	i	Avo	g I(OPS	į
Ī		1										1	Read	1	Write	ī
L	fc1/2	L.	20	L.	tie-2000012341newdev	1	89	tie-2000	0012341newdev	I.	0000-0000-0000-0000	1	0	1	1769	1
Ľ	fc1/1	L.	20	L.	tie-2000012341newdev	1	89	tie-2000	0012341newdev	L	0000-0000-0000-0000	1	0	1	1769	1
+-		+-										-+-				-+-

This example shows how to display the errors for all target ITNs and limit the output to ten random records for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --errors --target-itn --limit 10
2019-05-23 11:28:34.926267

	Inter	fa	ce fc3/15													
į.	VSAN	I	Initiator	1	Target	I	Namespace	i	Total NVN	1e	Failures	T	otal 1	FC	Aborts	i
į								į	Read	I	Write	į.	Read	I	Write	į
i.	3300	T	0xc80005	T	0xed0005	T	1	i	0	ī	0	i -	0	ī	0	÷
i.	3300	÷.	0xc80000	- i	0xed0001	- i	1	-i	0	i.	0	i -	0	i.	0	÷.
Ľ	3300	T.	0xc80004	1	0xed0004	1	1	1	0	T	0	1	0	T	0	1
Ľ	3300	T.	0xc80001	1	0xed0001	1	1	1	0	T	0	1	0	T	0	1
Ľ	3300	T.	0xc80003	1	0xed0003		1	1	0	T.	0	1	0	1	0	1
Ľ	3300	T.	0xc80000	1	0xed0000		1	1	0	T.	0	1	1260	1	1210	1
Ľ	3300	T.	0xc80007	1	0xed0007		1	1	0	T.	0	1	0	1	0	1
Ľ	3300	T.	0xc80008	1	0xed0008		1	1	0	T.	0	1	0	1	0	1
Ľ	3300	T.	0xc80002	1	0xed0002		1	1	0	T.	0	1	0	1	0	1
L	3300	1	0xc80006	1	0xed0006	1	1	1	0	T.	0	1	0	1	0	1
+ -								-+				+				-+

This example shows how to display the errors for all target ITLs and limit the output to ten random records:

switch# ShowAnalytics --errors --target-itl --limit 10
2019-05-23 11:28:34.926267

In	terface fc8/7							- 4
i.	VSAN Initiator Target LUN	i	Total SCS	SI	Failures	i '	Total FC Aborts	i
 		1	Read		Write	1 	Read Write	
5	0xed0332 0xef0592 000f-0000-0000-0000	÷.	0	T	0	i.	0 0	i
5	0xed0342 0xef05a2 000a-0000-0000-0000	T.	0	T	0	L.	0 0	T
5	0xed0332 0xef0592 0008-0000-0000-0000	T.	0	T	0	L.	0 0	T
5	0xed0340 0xef05a0 0010-0000-0000-0000	I.	0	L	0	1	0 0	1
5	0xed0322 0xef0582 0008-0000-0000-0000	I.	0	L	0	1	0 0	1
5	0xed032c 0xef058c 0014-0000-0000-0000	I.	0	L	0	1	0 0	1
5	0xed033a10xef059a1000d-0000-0000-0000	I.	0	L	0	1	0 0	1
5	0xed034a0xef05aa00005-0000-0000-0000	I.	0	L	0	1	0 0	1
5	0xed033a10xef059a10007-0000-0000-0000	I.	0	L	0	1	0 0	1
5	0xed034a 0xef05aa 0013-0000-0000-0000	T.	0	T	0	1	0 0	1
+		+-				+		-+

This example shows how to display all ITNs with nonzero NVMe failure and revert counts:

switch# ShowAnalytics --errorsonly --initiator-itn
2019-04-09 11:27:42.496294

Interface fc16/12	
VSAN Initiator Target Names	pace Total NVMe Failures Total FC Aborts
 	Read Write Read Write
3300 0xc80000 0xed0000 1	0 0 1635 1631

This example shows how to display all ITLs with nonzero SCSI failure and revert counts:

switch# ShowAnalytics --errorsonly --initiator-itl
2019-04-09 11:27:42.496294

Interface fc8/27							
VSAN Initiator Target LUN	Total	SCSI	Failures	Total	FC .	Aborts	i
 311 0x900000 0xc90000 0000-0000-0000-0000	Re 	ad 0	Write 42	Read 0		Write 0	1
+	+			+			+

This example shows how to display 10 random ITLs with nonzero SCSI failure and revert counts. The device-alias (if any) is included for both the initiator and target.

switch# ShowAnalytics --errorsonly --initiator-itl --alias --limit 10
2019-04-09 12:06:19.847350

Interface fc1/26									
VSAN Initiator Target LUN	Tota	1 SCSI	Failures	Total FC	Aborts	Initiator	Device alias	Target Device alia	.s
+ 	+	Read	Write	Read	Write	+			-+
	1			l .		1		1	
108 0xee0467 0x70039b 0001-0000-0000-000	0	0	1	0	0	I		SB_112_port_T_18_	7
108 0xee0401 0xbc092b 0002-0000-0000-000	0	10	16	0	0	L		SB 112 port T 0 1	1
108 0xee0441 0xbc092b 0003-0000-0000-000	0	3	13	0	0	SB 112	port I 7 1	SB 112 port T 0 1	1
108 0xee0401 0xbc0996 0001-0000-0000-000	0	3	0	0	0				
108 0xee0441 0xbc0996 0002-0000-0000-000	0	0	3	0	0	SB 112	port I 7 1	T. C.	1
108 0xee0481 0xbc0996 0004-0000-0000-000	0	0	4	0	0			T. C.	1
108 0xee0403 0xbc092d 0000-0000-0000-000	0 1	12	8	0	0	i.		SB 112 port T 0 3	÷ È
108 0xee0443 0xbc092d 0001-0000-0000-000	0 1	3	12	0	0	SB 112	port I 7 3	SB 112 port T 0 3	÷ È
108 0xee0443 0xbc0998 0000-0000-0000-000	0	1	0	1 0	0	SB_112	port_I_7_3		į

This example shows how to display 10 random ITNs with nonzero NVMe failure and revert counts. The device-alias (if any) is included for both the initiator and target.

<pre>switch# ShowAnalyticserrorsonlyinitiator-itnaliaslimit 2019-04-09 12:06:19.847350 Interface fc16/12</pre>	: 10	
VSAN Initiator Target Namespace	Total NVMe Failures	Total FC Aborts
	Read Write	Read Write
3300 sanblaze-147-port7-p sanblaze-147-port6-p 1		 1635 1631 +

This example shows how to display 10 random ITLs with nonzero SCSI failure and terminate counts. The device-alias (if any) is included for both the initiator and target.

switch# ShowAnalytics --errorsonly --initiator-itl --alias --limit 10 2019-04-09 12:06:19.847350

Interface f	c7/16						
VSAN	Initiator	Target	I	LUN	Total SCS	I Failures	Total FC Aborts
 					Read	Write	Read Write
2200 2200	0xe90440 0xe90440	Tgt_9706_206_ Tgt_9706_206_	fc5_21_ 00 fc5_21_ 00	01-0000-0000-0000	0 0	5928 5926	

This example shows how to display the minimum, maximum, and peak flow metrics of target ID 0xef0720 of a target ITL:

switch# ShowAnalytics --minmax --target-itl --target 0xef0720
2019-04-09 11:22:08.652598

	VSAN Initiator Target LUN	1	Peak	I	OPS*	I	Peal	c Th	ro	ugl	hput*	1	Re	ead	ΙE	СТ	*		1	Wri	ite	ECT,
		I	Read	1	Write	I	Re	ead		1	Write	I	Mi	.n		1	Max		1	Min	1	Max
5	10xed050010xef072010001-0000-0000-0000	÷	11106		0	1	10.8	MR /			0	-	28 0	۱.,			30.0	me	1	0		0
5	10xed050010xef072010002-0000-0000-0000	1	9232		0	1	a n	MB /		1	0	÷	28.0		10	1	30.0	me	1	0	1	0
5	l0xed050010xef072010003-0000-0000-0000	÷	7421	ì	0	÷	7 2	MB/	6	÷.	0	÷	28.0	1 11	15	÷	30.0	ms	÷	0	1	0
5	10xed050010xef072010004-0000-0000-0000	÷	5152	i.	0	÷	5.0	MB/	5	÷.	Ő	÷	29.0	1 11	15	÷.	30.0	ms	÷	0	÷	0
5	l0xed050010xef072010005-0000-0000-0000	÷	5163	i.	0	÷	5.0	MB/	s	i.	õ	÷	30.0) 11	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷	0	÷	0
5	l0xed050010xef072010006-0000-0000-0000	÷	5154	i.	0	÷	5.0	MB/	s	i.	õ	÷	30.0) 11	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷	0	÷	ő
5	l0xed050010xef072010007-0000-0000-0000	÷	4801	i.	0	÷	4.7	MB/	s	i.	õ	÷	29.0) 11	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷	0	÷	ő
5	I0xed050010xef072010008-0000-0000-0000	÷	3838	i.	0	÷.	3.7	MB/	s	i.	0	÷	64.0) 17	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷.	0	÷.	0
5	I0xed050010xef072010009-0000-0000-0000	÷	3053	i.	0	÷.	3.0	MB/	s	i.	0	÷	40.0) 17	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷.	0	÷.	0
;	I0xed050010xef07201000a-0000-0000-0000	÷	3061	i.	0	÷.	3.0	MB/	s	i.	0	÷	33.0) 17	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷.	0	÷.	0
5	I0xed050010xef07201000b-0000-0000-0000	÷	3053	i.	0	÷.	3.0	MB/	s	i.	0	÷	30.0) 17	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷.	0	÷.	0
5	I0xed050010xef07201000c-0000-0000-0000	÷	3058	i.	0	÷	3 0	MB/	5	÷.	Ő	÷	37 (1 11	15	÷.	30.0	ms	÷	0	÷	0
5	I0xed050010xef07201000d-0000-0000-0000	÷	3058	i.	0	÷.	3.0	MB/	s	i.	0	÷	29.0) 17	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷.	0	÷.	0
5	I0xed050010xef07201000e-0000-0000-0000	÷	2517	i.	0	÷.	2.5	MB/	s	i.	0	÷	29.0) 17	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷.	0	÷.	0
5	I0xed050010xef07201000f-0000-0000-0000	÷	2405	i.	0	÷.	2.3	MB/	s	i.	0	÷	29.0) 17	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷.	0	÷.	0
5	I0xed050010xef072010010-0000-0000-0000	÷	2410	i.	0	÷.	2.4	MB/	s	i.	0	÷	36.0) 17	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷.	0	÷.	0
5	I0xed050010xef072010011-0000-0000-0000	÷	2405	i.	0	÷.	2.3	MB/	s	i.	0	÷	33.0) 17	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷.	0	÷.	0
5	0xed0500 0xef0720 0012-0000-0000-0000	÷.	2411	i.	0	í.	2.4	MB/	s	i.	0	÷	30.0) u	ıs	i.	30.0	ms	i.	Ó	÷.	ō
ŝ	I0xed050010xef072010013-0000-0000-0000	÷.	2408	i.	0	í.	2.4	MB/	s	i.	0	÷	37.0) 17	15	i.	30.0	ms	i.	0	÷.	0
5	I0xed050010xef072010014-0000-0000-0000	÷	2284	i.	0	÷.	2.2	MB/	s	i.	0	÷	29.0) 17	15	i.	30.0	ms	÷.	0	÷.	0

*These values are calculated since the metrics were last cleared.

This example shows how to display the minimum, maximum, and peak flow metrics of target ID 0xed0000 of a target ITN for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --minmax --target-itn --target 0xed0000 2019-04-09 11:22:08.652598 Interface fc3/15

VSAN Initiator Target Delay* Array Delay*	Namespac Write	e IO seq	Pea: [uence*	k IOPS*	I	Peak Throughput	*	Read	d ECT*	Write ECT*	1	Host
Max Min Max	Min	 	Read Max	Write	I	Read Writ	e 	Min	Max	Min Ma	ax 	Min
3300 0xc80000 0xed0000 3.1 ms NA 1.4 ms	1 0	1	383 0	379 	I	24.0 MB/s 23.7	MB/s	2.6 ms	26.7 ms	3.5 ms 28.	7 ms	12.0 us

*These values are calculated since the metrics were last cleared.

This example shows how to display the minimum, maximum, and peak flow metrics of target ID 0xe80b40 of a target ITL for SCSI:

switch# ShowAnalytics --minmax --target-itl --target 0xe80b40 2019-04-09 11:22:08.652598

Interface fc5/21

VSAN Initiator VMID Target Host Delay* Array Delay*	LUN Peak IOPS Write IO sequence*	S* Peak Throughput*	Read EC1	r* Write ECT*
' Min Max Min Max	Read Writ	e Read Write	Min	Max Min Max
······ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		T	I	1
2200 0xe90440 - 0xe80b40 000 0 ns 0 ns NA 0 ns	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	51 0 B/s 4.1 MB/s	0 ns	0 ns 68.0 us 2.6 ms
2200 0xe90440 - 0xe80b40 000 0 ns 0 ns NA 0 ns	0 0 0 781	14 0 B/s 3.8 MB/s	0 ns	0 ns 69.0 us 2.6 ms

Total number of ITLs: 2 $^{\ast}\mbox{These}$ values are calculated since the metrics were last cleared.

This example shows how to display the device alias information, minimum, maximum, and peak flow metrics of interface fc3/15 of a target ITN and limit the output to 10 random records for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --minmax --target-itn --alias --interface fc3/15 --limit 10 2019-04-09 12:01:40.609197

Interface fc3/15

VSAN Initiator Target Array Delay* Write IO sequence*	Namespace	I	Pea	ak IC)PS*	I	Peak Thr	oughput	*	Read	ECT*	Wri	e ECT*	Host De	elay*
		R	ead	I	Write	T	Read	Write	e	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
		1				1				1	1			1	
3300 sanblaze-147-port7-p sanblaze-147-port6-p ms NA 36.0 us 0 0	1	2	2674	I	2595	1	167.1 MB/s	162.2	MB/s	38.0 us	2.3 ms	69.0 us	3.9 ms	12.0 us	3.7
3300 sanblaze-147-port7-p sanblaze-147-port6-p ms NA 32.0 us 0 0	1	1	L0199	I	10163	6	637.4 MB/s	635.2	MB/s	9.0 us	2.4 ms	65.0 us	3.9 ms	12.0 us	3.7
3300 sanblaze-147-port7-p sanblaze-147-port6-p ms NA 34.0 us 0 0	1	2	2618	T	2587	1	163.6 MB/s	161.7	MB/s	39.0 us	2.4 ms	69.0 us	3.8 ms	12.0 us	3.6
3300 sanblaze-147-port7-p sanblaze-147-port6-p ms NA 35.0 us 0 0	1	2	2288	T	2287	1	143.0 MB/s	143.0	MB/s	37.0 us	2.4 ms	69.0 us	4.0 ms	12.0 us	3.7
3300 sanblaze-147-port7-p sanblaze-147-port6-p ms NA 33.0 us 0 0	1	2	2624	1	2583	1	164.0 MB/s	161.4	MB/s	38.0 us	2.5 ms	108.0 us	3.6 ms	12.0 us	3.4
3300 sanblaze-147-port7-p sanblaze-147-port6-p ms NA 1.4 ms 0 0	1	1	383	1	379	T	24.0 MB/s	23.7	MB/s	2.6 ms	27.0 ms	3.5 ms	28.7 ms	12.0 us	3.1
3300 sanblaze-147-port7-p sanblaze-147-port6-p ms NA 39.0 us 0 0	1	2	2624	1	2587	1	164.0 MB/s	161.7	MB/s	38.0 us	2.4 ms	69.0 us	3.7 ms	12.0 us	3.5
3300 sanblaze-147-port7-p sanblaze-147-port6-p ms NA 31.0 us 0 0	1	2	2621	1	2597	1	163.8 MB/s	162.3	MB/s	38.0 us	2.4 ms	77.0 us	3.9 ms	12.0 us	3.5
3300 sanblaze-147-port7-p sanblaze-147-port6-p ms NA 33.0 us 0 0	1	2	2646	1	2590	1	165.4 MB/s	161.9	MB/s	38.0 us	2.6 ms	69.0 us	3.8 ms	12.0 us	3.6
3300 sanblaze-147-port7-p sanblaze-147-port6-p ms NA 32.0 us 0 0	1	2	2651	T	2594	1	165.7 MB/s	162.2	MB/s	39.0 us	2.6 ms	69.0 us	3.6 ms	12.0 us	3.5

otal number of ITNs: 10 These values are calculated since the metrics were last cleared.

This example shows how to display the device alias information, minimum, maximum, and peak flow metrics of interface fc5/21 of a target ITL and limit the output to 10 random records for SCSI:

switch#	ShowAnalytics	minmax	target-itl	alias	interface	fc5/21	limit	10
2019-04-	09 12:01:40.6	09197						

Interface fc5/21

VSAN Delay*		Initiator Array De	elay*	VMID Write	Targ 10 sequen	ret .ce*	I	LUN	·	Pe	ak IOPS*	' I	Peak Thro	-l oughput	:* I	+ F	Read E	SCT*	-+	Write	ECT*	I	Host	+ t
1									+	Read	Write		Read	Writ	te l	Mir	n	Max	Mi	n	Ma	x	Min	
Max		Min	Мах	Min	Max	:				1		1			1				1			I.		
	1			1		1																		
2200		0xe902e0		- To	gt 9706 206	fc5 21	00	02-0000-000	0-0000	0	9242	2	0 B/s	4.5 1	4B/s	0 r	ıs	0 ns	66.	0 us	2.6	ms	0 ns	1
0 ns	1	NA	0 ns	0	0	- ₋ -																		
2200		0xe902e0		- To	gt_9706_206	_fc5_21_	00	03-0000-000	0-0000	0	9243	3	0 B/s	4.5 N	4B/s	0 r	ıs	0 ns	66.	0 us	2.6	ms	0 ns	1
0 ns		NA I	0 ns	0	0	1																		
2200		0xe902e0		- Tg	gt_9706_206	_fc5_21_	00	01-0000-000	0-0000	0	9242	2	0 B/s	4.5 N	4B/s	0 r	ıs	0 ns	66.	0 us	2.6	ms	0 ns	1
0 ns		NA I	0 ns	0	0	1																		
2200		0xe90440		- Tg	gt_9706_206	_fc5_21_	00	01-0000-000	0-0000	0	8361	.	0 B/s	4.1 N	4B/s	0 r	ıs	0 ns	68.	0 us	2.6	ms	0 ns	1
0 ns		NA I	0 ns	0	0	1																		
2200		0xe90440		- Tg	gt_9706_206	_fc5_21_	00	02-0000-000	0-0000	0	7814		0 B/s	3.8 1	4B/s	0 r	ıs	0 ns	69.	0 us	2.6	ms	0 ns	1
0 ns	1	NA I	0 ns	0	0	1																		
2200		0xe906c0		- Te	gt_9706_206	_fc5_21_	00	01-0000-000	0-0000	0	7779) (0 B/s	3.8 1	4B/s ∣	0 r	ıs	0 ns	69.	0 us	2.7	ms	0 ns	1
0 ns	1	NA I	0 ns	0	0	1																		
2200		0xe906c0		- Te	gt_9706_206	_fc5_21_	00	02-0000-000	0-0000	0	7779) (0 B/s	3.8 1	4B/s	0 r	ıs	0 ns	69.	0 us	2.6	ms	0 ns	1
0 ns	1	NA	0 ns	0	1 0	1																		

. Total number of ITLs: 7 *These values are calculated since the metrics were last cleared.

This example shows how to display the NPU load for a range of interfaces:

switch# Sho 2019-05-09 There are 2 Do you want	<pre>switch# ShowAnalyticsevaluate-npuloadinterface fc8/7-8 2019-05-09 10:56:54.021234 There are 2 interfaces to be evaluated. Expected time is 2 minutes 0 seconds Do you want to continue [Yes[No]? [n]y</pre>													
Interface	2 	SCSI	II I	L/N Co NVMe	unt I	Total		SCSI	N:	PU Loa NVMe	ad 	% Total	Analyis Start Time	Analysis End Time
fc8/7 fc8/8 *Total		1000 1000 2000	 	0 0 0	-+- 	1000 1000 2000	-+ 	8.1 8.1 16.2		0.0 0.0 0.0	 	8.1 8.1 16.2	10:57:20 10:58:20 	10:57:52 10:58:51
* This tota	11 1	is an i	ndi	cative	-+- re	ference	-+ b	ased (-+· on	evalu	-+- 1at	ted por	+ ts	++



Note Evaluating NPU load takes some time. If the connection to the switch is lost during the evaluation process, the process continues to run in the background until completion and the output is saved in a file. A syslog message is generated after the process is complete with the filename and the location of the file where the output is saved.

This example shows how to duplicate the output to a file named *output.txt* on bootflash:



Note You can use the --outfile option with all the ShowAnalytics command options to duplicate the command output to a file.

switch# Show 2020-11-24 1 There are 4 Do you want Module 1	<pre>switch# ShowAnalyticsevaluate-npuloadoutfile output.txt 2020-11-24 13:42:19.510351 There are 4 interfaces to be evaluated. Expected time is 4 minutes 0 seconds Do you want to continue [Yes No]? [n]y #odule 1 +</pre>													
Interface	Type 	 SCSI	ITL/N Co NVMe	unt Total	NPU Loa SCSI NVMe	d % Total	Analyis Start Time	Analysis End Time						
fc1/1 fc1/2 *Total	Target Initiator 	1 1 2	0 0 0		0.6 0.0 0.6 0.0 1.2 0.0	0.6 0.6 1.2	13:42:40 13:43:40 	13:43:11 13:44:11 						
+ Recommended j	+ port samplin	+ g size:	-+ 48	-+	+	+	+	++						

* This total is an indicative reference based on evaluated ports

Errors:

Traffic is not running on port fc1/47 Traffic is not running on port fc1/48

This example shows how to append the output to a file named *output.txt* on bootflash: that already contains some output:

switch# Show 2020-11-24 1 There are 4 Do you want Module 1	witch# ShowAnalyticsevaluate-npuloadappendfile output.txt 020-11-24 13:45:07.535440 "here are 4 interfaces to be evaluated. Expected time is 4 minutes 0 seconds to you want to continue [Yes No]? [n]y fodule 1														
Interface	Type	 SCSI	IT I	L/N Cou NVMe	int 	Total		SCSI	NPU Lo	ad % Tota	1	Analyis Start Time	2	Analysis End Time	t I I
fc1/1 fc1/2 *Total	Target Initiator 			0		1 1 2		0.6	0.0 0.0 			13:45:40 13:46:40	:	13:46:11 13:47:11	+
*Total 2 0 2 1.2 0.0 1.2 1															

Errors:

Traffic is not running on port fc1/47 Traffic is not running on port fc1/48

This example shows how to display the VSAN throughput information for NVMe:

```
switch# ShowAnalytics --vsan-thput --nvme
2019-05-09 14:02:07.940600
Interface fc16/12
+----+
VSAN | Throughput (4s avg) |
| | Read | Write | Total |
| | (MBps) | (MBps) |
+----+
| 3300 | 1605.8 | 1626.8 | 3232.6 |
+----+
Note: This data is only for NVMe
```

This example shows how to display the VSAN throughput information for SCSI:

switch# ShowAnalytics --vsan-thput
2019-05-09 14:02:07.940600

2015 05	05 14.02.	.07.540000	5	
Interfac	ce fc8/17			
VSAN 	Throug Read (MBps)	ghput (4s Write (MBps)	avg) Total (MBps)	+
5 +	0.0	0.0	0.0 +	 +
Interfac	ce fc8/18			
VSAN 	Throug Read (MBps)	ghput (4s Write (MBps) 	'avg) Total (MBps) +	- - - +
+			+	+
Interfac	ce fc8/19	+	+	+
VSAN 	Throug Read (MBps)	ghput (4s Write (MBps)	avg) Total (MBps)	
5 +	0.0	0.0	0.0	 +
Interfac	e fc8/20			
VSAN 	Throug Read (MBps)	ghput (4s Write (MBps)	avg) Total (MBps)	+
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Interfac	ce fc8/21			
VSAN 	Throug Read (MBps)	ghput (4s Write (MBps)	avg) Total (MBps)	
3500	301.9	302.8	604.7	1
Interfac	ce fc8/22			-
++ VSAN 	Throug Read (MBps)	ghput (4s Write (MBps)	avg) Total (MBps)	+
++ 3500	302.7	304.8	607.5	+
				T

Note: This data is only for SCSI

This example shows how to display the VSAN throughput information for a port channel:

switch# ShowAnalytics --vsan-thput --interface port-channel108 2019-05-09 15:01:32.538121

Interfac	e port-c	hannel108 +	+
VSAN	Throu Read	ghput (4s a	avg) Total
i i	(MBps)	(MBps)	(MBps)
++		++-	+
11 1	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	145.9	0.0	145.9
3500	561.9	558.6	1120.5
++		++-	+
Note: Th	is data	is only for	SCSI

This example shows how to display the outstanding IO per ITN for an interface for NVMe:

switch# ShowAnalytics --outstanding-io --interface fc16/12 --nvme
2019-05-20 11:59:48.306396
Interface : fc16/12 VSAN : 3300 FCNS_type : Initiator

+	Initiator		Target		Namespace	+-	Outsta	an	ding I	+ >
+						+-	Read	1	Write	+
i						- i				- i
1	0xc80002	1	0xed0002		1	1	3	1	6	1
1	0xc80007	1	0xed0007		1	1	5	1	5	1
1	0xc80005	1	0xed0005		1	1	1	1	10	1
1	0xc80001	1	0xed0001		1	1	2	1	7	1
1	0xc80000	1	0xed0000		1	1	6	1	5	1
	0xc80008	1	0xed0008	1	1	1	1	- E	7	1
	0xc80009	1	0xed0009		1	1	3	T	4	1

1	0xc80004		0xed0004		1	- I	3	1	6	- I
T.	0xc80006	1	0xed0006	1	1	1	2	1	5	- I
T.	0xc80000	1	0xed0001	1	1	1	3		4	1
T.	0xc80003	1	0xed0003	1	1	1	4		4	1
+-						+				+
I	nstantaneo	us	Qdepth :	96						

This example shows how to display the outstanding IO per ITL for an interface for SCSI:

-outstanding-io --interface fc8/7 switch# ShowAnalytics 2019-05-20 11:59:48.306396 Interface : fc8/7 VSAN : 5 FCNS_type : Target | Outstanding IO | Initiator|Target|LUN | Read | Write 0xed0320|0xef0580|0001-0000-0000-0000 0xed0320|0xef0580|0002-0000-0000-0000 0xed0320|0xef0580|0003-0000-0000-0000 2 0 1 ľ 0 0xed0320|0xef0580|0004-0000-0000-0000 0xed0320|0xef0580|0005-0000-0000-0000 0xed0320|0xef0580|0005-0000-0000-0000 0 0 1 0xed0320|0xef0580|0007-0000-0000-0000 1 0 0xed0320|0xef0580|0008-0000-0000-0000 0xed0320|0xef0580|0009-0000-0000-0000 0 0xed032010xef05801000a-0000-0000-0000 0 1 Instantaneous Qdepth : 11

Note

The *Instantaneous Qdepth* value in the output represents the number of IOs that are currently active in the specified interface.

This example shows how to display the outstanding IO per ITN for an interface, limit the output to 10 records, and refresh the data periodically for NVMe:

switch# ShowAna 2019-05-20 12:00 Interface : fc	lyticsout: 0:21.028228 16/12 VSAN	standing-i : 3300 FC	oint NS_type	erfa : I	ce fc8/	7limit 1	0refresh	nvme
+			+		+			
Initiator '	Target Na	amespace	Outst	andi	ng IO			
+			+		+			
I.			Read	W	rite			
I			1		1			
0xc80002 0:	xed0002	1	2	1	7			
0xc80007 0:	xed0007	1	3	1	5			
0xc80005 0:	xed0005	1	1	1	8			
0xc80001 0:	xed0001	1	1	1	0 1			
0xc80000 0:	xed0000	1	5	1	6			
+			+		+			

This example shows how to display the outstanding IO per ITL for an interface, limit the output to 10 records, and refresh the data periodically for SCSI:

switch# ShowAnalytics --outstanding-io --interface fc8/7 --limit 10 --refresh
2019-05-20 12:00:21.028228

Interface : fc8/7 VSAN : 5 FCNS_type : Target

+						
į.	Initiator Target LUN	į	Outsta	ind	ding IO	j
+		-+-	Read	1	Write	- 1
1		T.				1
0:	ced0320 0xef0580 0001-0000-0000-0000	T.	0	I.	0	1
0:	ked0320 0xef0580 0002-0000-0000-0000	T	1	I.	0	1
0:	ked0320 0xef0580 0003-0000-0000-0000	T	1	I.	0	1
0:	ked0320 0xef0580 0004-0000-0000-0000	T	1	I.	0	1
0:	ked0320 0xef0580 0005-0000-0000-0000	T	0	I.	0	1
0:	ked0320 0xef0580 0006-0000-0000-0000	T	0	I.	0	1
0:	<pre>ked0320 0xef0580 0007-0000-0000</pre>	Т	1	Т	0	1
01	xed0320 0xef0580 0008-0000-0000-0000	÷.	0	i.	0	i
01	xed0320 0xef0580 0009-0000-0000-0000	÷.	1	i.	0	i
01	xed0320 0xef0580 000a-0000-0000-0000	÷.	1	i.	0	i
+		-+-				-+
Est	imated Odepth : 6					

This example shows how to display the histogram of a initiator ID 0xee008e, target ID 0xe80b22, and LUN ID 0060-0000-0000 of a target ITL

switch# ShowAnalytics --histogram --initiator-itl --initiator 0xee008e --target 0xe80b22 --lun 0060-0000-0000-0000

Starting histogram Session ID: 15789	n monitor session
+	25-05-2022 15:29:30
IOPS Read IOPS Write ECT Read ECT Write DAL Write FAILURES Read FAILURES Write ABORTS Write	0 11 0 ns 28.1 ms 0 ns 13.7 ms 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
++	+

Histogram data will get updated every 5 mins

This example shows how to display the histogram of a initiator ID 0xee008e and target ID 0xe80b22 of a target ITL

switch# ShowAnalytics --histogram --initiator-it --initiator 0xee008e --target 0xe80b22

Starting histogram monitor session Session ID: 16205 +-----+ 25-05-2022 Metric 15:30:13 IOPS Read IOPS Write ECT Read ECT Write DAL Read DAL Write FAILURES Read FAILURES Write DADWTS Read 0 106 0 ns 28.1 ms 0 ns 13.7 ms 0 ABORTS Read ABORTS Write Histogram data will get updated every 5 mins

This example shows how to display the histogram of all sessions.

switch# ShowAnalytics --histogram --show-sessions

Session ID	Arg	juments			
15789 16205 20924	i i t	.nitiator-it .nitiator-it .arget-itl	initiator initiator (-initiator 0x0	0xee008eta 0xee008etar 280ba3targe	rget 0xe80b22lun 0060-0000-0000interval 5metric IOPS,ECT,DAL, get 0xe80b22interval 5metric IOPS,ECT,DAL,ERRORS t 0xe804e3lun 0002-0000-0000-0000interval 5metric IOPS,ECT,DAL,ERR
Analytic-scale	184#	ShowAnalyti	.cshistogra	amsessionId	16205
 Metric	 	25-05-2022 15:40:15	25-05-2022 15:35:14	25-05-2022 15:30:13	+ +
IOPS Read IOPS Write	I	0 95	0 142	0 106	
ECT Read ECT Write	I	0 ns 28.2 ms	0 ns 27.7 ms	0 ns 28.1 ms	
DAL Read DAL Write		0 ns 13.7 ms	0 ns 13.6 ms	0 ns 13.7 ms	1
FAILURES Rea FAILURES Wri	d te	0	I 0 I 0	I 0 I 0	1
ABORTS Read ABORTS Write	1	0	I 0 I 0		

This example shows how to display the histogram of a specific session 15789 that is stopped.

switch# ShowAnalytics --histogram --stop-session --sessionId 15789

Stopping session id: 15789

Analytic-scale184# ShowAnalytics --histogram --initiator-itn --initiator 0xc80960 --target 0xe80641 --namespace 3 Starting histogram monitor session Session ID: 27792 +----+--25-05-2022 15:47:11 Metric 0 IOPS Read IOPS Read IOPS Write ECT Read ECT Write DAL Read DAL Write 0 433.0 us | 1.0 ms | 421.0 us | 339.0 us

Configuring SAN Analytics

FAILURES Read

0

This example shows how to display the histogram with metric details such as IOPS, ECT, DAL, and Errors for an initiator ID 0xee008e and target ID 0xe80b22 every five minutes.

switch# ShowAnalytics --histogram --initiator-it --initiator 0xee008e --target 0xe80b22 --interval 5 --metric IOPS,ECT,DAL,ERRORS Data collected at : Wed, 25 May 2022 16:20:12 +0530

25-05-2022 25-05-202	
/ Metric 16:15:22 16:10:21 16:05:19 16:00:18 15:55:18 15:50:17 15:45:16 15:40:15 15:35:14 15:3	05-2022
IOPS Read 0	5:30:13
I DDE Write I 138 I 104 I 50 I 135 I 68 I 74 I 89 I 95 I 142 I 1 I ECT Read I 0 ns	0
ECT Read 0 ns 28.0 ms 0 ns 0 ns 0 ns 28.0 ms 0 ns 0 ns <t< td=""><td>106</td></t<>	106
ECT Write 28.2 ms 27.8 ms 28.3 ms 28.0 ms 28.0 ms 28.0 ms 28.0 ms 28.2 ms 27.7 ms 28.1 ms 28.2 ms 27.7 ms 28.2 ms 28.2 ms 28.2 ms 27.7 ms 28.2 ms <td>0 ns</td>	0 ns
DAL Read 0 ns 13.7 ms 13	28.1 ms
DAL Write 13.7 ms 13.6 ms 13.8 ms 13.7 ms 13.7 ms 13.7 ms 13.7 ms 13.7 ms 13.7 ms 13.6 ms 13. FAILURES Read 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 ns
FAILURES Read 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	13.7 ms
	0
FAILURES Write 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0
ABORTS Read 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0
ABORTS Write 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0

This example shows how to display the histogram for an initiator ID 0xee008e and target ID 0xe80b22 with an refresh time of 120 minutes.

switch# ShowAnalytics --histogram --initiator-it --initiator 0xee008e --target 0xe80b22 --interval 120

This example shows how to display the histogram with metric details such as ECT and DAL for an initiator ID 0xee008e and target ID 0xe80b22 every five minutes.

switch# ShowAnalytics --histogram --initiator-it --initiator 0xee008e --target 0xe80b22 --metric ECT,DAL

This example shows how to display the histogram for an initiator ID 0xee008e every five minutes.

switch# ShowAnalytics --histogram --initiator 0xee008e

 IOPS Read
 0

 IOPS Write
 124

 ECT Read
 0 ns

 ECT Write
 28.2 ms

 DAL Write
 13.8 ms

 DAL Write
 0

 I FAILURES Read
 0

 I AbORTS Write
 0

 I AbORTS Write
 0

 I AbORTS Write
 0

 Histogram data will get updated every 5 mins

This example shows how to display the histogram for a target 0xc804e3 every five minutes.

switch# ShowAnalytics --histogram --target 0xc804e3

Starting histogram monitor session
Session ID: 24003
++
25-05-2022
Metric 16:25:07
++
IOPS Read 0
IOPS Write 3939
ECT Read 0 ns
ECT Write 23.3 ms
DAL Read 0 ns
DAL Write 10.7 ms
FAILURES Read 0
FAILURES Write 30429
ABORTS Read 0
ABORTS Write 0
++
Histogram data will get updated every 5 mins

Displaying Congestion Drops Per Flow

The SAN Analytics feature displays packet timeout drops on a per-flow basis. The number of packets dropped along with the time stamp for ports is displayed.

To display the packet drops on a per-flow basis, run this command:

switch# show analytics flow congestion-drops

Ø

Note

From Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 9.4(1), the command **show analytics flow congestion-drops** is available as part of the **show tech-support slowdrain commands** as **slot <slot number> show analytics flow congestion-drops**. The command is available on MDS switches that are capable of performing analytic.

Examples: Displaying Congestion Drops Per Flow

This example shows flows where frames are dropped due to congestion. The source and destination FCID, differential frame drop count for the IT pair, and timestamp of the drops are displayed.

switch#	show	analytics	flow	congestion-drops
---------	------	-----------	------	------------------

=	Source INTF		Destina FCID	tion	FCID		Congestion Drops(delta)			Timestamp	=
	fc2/13 fc2/13 fc2/13	0002	0x9900 0x9900 0x9900	E1 E1 00	0x640000 0x640000 0x640020	 	00000105 00000002 00000002	 	1. 2. 3.	09/13/17 11:09:48.762 09/13/17 09:05:39.527 09/13/17 09:05:39.527	=
	fc2/31 fc2/31	0002	0x6400 0x6400	00 00	0x9900E1 0x9900E1		00000084 00000076		1. 2.	09/12/17 08:17:11.905 09/12/17 05:50:37.721	=

I	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1	I.	00000067	3	з.	09/12/17	03:24:03.319	1
	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1	1	00000088	4	4.	09/12/17	00:57:28.019	1
I	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1		00000088	5	5.	09/11/17	22:30:53.723	1
I	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1		00000086	6	6.	09/11/17	20:04:18.001	
	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1		00000026	7	7.	09/11/17	17:37:24.273	
I	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1		00000076	8	Β.	09/11/17	15:10:50.240	1
I	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1		00000074	9	9.	09/11/17	12:44:15.866	1
	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1	1	00000087	10	Э.	09/11/17	10:17:41.402	
	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1		00000086	11	1.	09/11/17	07:51:10.412	
	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1	1	00000084	12	2.	09/11/17	05:24:35.981	
	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1	1	00000083	13	З.	09/11/17	02:58:01.067	
	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1	1	00000086	14	4.	09/11/17	00:31:26.709	
	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1		00000079	15	5.	09/10/17	22:04:51.399	
	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1	1	00000084	10	6.	09/10/17	19:38:17.217	
	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1		00000082	17	7.	09/10/17	17:11:42.594	
	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1		00000086	18	Β.	09/10/17	14:44:52.786	
	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1	-	00000089	19	9.	09/10/17	12:18:18.394	
I	fc2/31	0002	0x640000	0x9900E1		00000087	20	э.	09/10/17	09:51:44.067	
1				 							

This example shows the use of the command in the show tech-support slowdrain commands.

switch# show tech-support	witch# show tech-support slowdrain commands inc congestion												
slot 1 show analytics flow	lot 1 show analytics flow congestion-drops												
switch#slot 1 show analyti	witch#slot 1 show analytics flow congestion-drops												
 Source INTF VSAN FCID	Destination Congestion FCID Drops(delta)	 Timestamp 											
fc1/3 0063 0xD70000	0x410000 00000374	1. 07/08/23 12:40:37.054											
fc1/12 0063 0xD70000	0x420000 00000697	1. 07/08/23 12:40:37.054											
fc1/12 0063 0xD70000	0x420000 00001024	2. 07/08/23 12:40:32.063											
fc1/12 0063 0x660000	0x420000 00000314	3. 07/08/23 12:40:32.063											

Verifying SAN Analytics

This example shows the list of interfaces that have the SAN Analytics feature enabled:

```
switch# show running-config analytics
!Command: show running-config analytics
!Running configuration last done at: Mon Apr 1 05:27:54 2019
!Time: Mon Apr 1 05:28:42 2019
version 8.4(0)SK(1)
feature analytics
analytics port-sampling module 4 size 12 interval 30
analytics query "select all from fc-scsi.scsi_target_itl_flow" name VI_scsi type periodic
interval 30 differential clear
analytics query "select all from fc-nvme.nvme_target_itn_flow" name nvme-184 type periodic
interval 30 differential clear
interface fc4/25
analytics type fc-scsi
interface fc4/26
analytics type fc-nvme
```

interface fc12/44
analytics type fc-scsi
analytics type fc-nvme

This example shows the list of configured push queries that are installed on a switch:

```
switch# show analytics query all
Total queries:2
_______
Query Name :VI_scsi
Query String :select all from fc-scsi.scsi_target_itl_flow
Query Type :periodic, interval 30
Query Options :differential clear
Query Name :nvme-184
Query String :select all from fc-nvme.nvme_target_itn_flow
Query Type :periodic, interval 30
Query Options :differential clear
```

This example shows how to display the NPU load, ITL, and ITN count per module:

switch# show analytics system-load

-								Analyt:	ics Sys	ste	em Load	Info -						
	Module	I	NPU SCSI	Load NVMe	(in %) Total	 	ITLS SCSI	ITNs NVMe	Both Total	 	SCSI	Hosts NVMe	Total	 	SCSI	Targets NVMe	Total	
-	1	I	0	0	0	I	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		0	0	0	
1	4	T	64	0	64	Т	20743	0	20743	L	0	0	0	I.	346	0	346	
1	5	T	0	0	0	Т	0	0	0	L	0	0	0	I.	0	0	0	
	8		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	L	0	0	0		0	0	0	1
	12		0	12	12	1	0	300	300	L	0	0	0		0	40	40	1
	13		0	0	0		0	0	0	L	0	0	0		0	0	0	
	18		0	13	13		1	1	2	L	1	1	2		0	0	0	
1	Total		n/a	n/a	n/a	T	20744	301	21045	L	1	1	2		346	40	386	1

As of Mon Apr 1 05:31:10 2019



```
Note The show analytics system-load command provides the system load information based on all ITL counts, including active and inactive ITL counts. Hence, we recommend that you use the purge analytics query "query_string" command to remove the inactive ITL counts, and then run this command to get the active ITL counts.
```

This example displays the NPU load, ITL, and ITN of all active modules:

switch# ShowAnalytics --systemload-active

```
This will run differential query on scsi_initiator_itl_flow, scsi_target_itl_flow,
nvme_initiator_itn_flow, nvme_target_itn_flow, scsi_initiator, scsi_target,
nvme_initiator and nvme_target or use the result of installed query if present
Do you want to continue [Yes|No]? [n]y
```

Data collected at : Wed, 25 May 2022 16:29:24 +0530

Using result of installed queries: dcnmtgtITN,dcnmtgtITL

+		+ -		+-		+ -		+		-+-		+ -		+-		- + -		+ -		-+
i	Module	i.		ΙI	'L/N Cou	, nt		i		I	nitiat	01	rs	i		5	largets			i
ł		I.	SCSI	Ļ	NVMe	1	Total	1	SCSI	1	NVMe	Į.	Total	Ļ	SCSI	1	NVMe	1	Total	1
+	1	+-	5571		0	+- 	5571		2		0	+-	2	1	55		0	+-	55	
T.	2	1	14904	1	1	1	14905	1	191	1	1	L.	192	1	191		0	1	191	1

I	3		7588		0	L	7588	1	128	T	0	L	128	L	128	1	0	1	128	1
I	5		0		0	L	0	1	56	T	0	L	56	L	0	L	0	L.	0	
1	12	1	0		0	L	0	1	0		0		0	L	0	1	1	1	1	1
I	Total	Т	28063	T	1		28064	L	377	I	1	l	378	L	374	L	1	l	375	1
+		-+-		-+-		+ -		+-		- + -		+ -		+ -		+-		+ -		-+

This example displays the NPU load, ITL, and ITN details for a particular active module:

switch# ShowAnalytics --systemload-active --module 1 --detail

This will run differential query on scsi_initiator_itl_flow, scsi_target_itl_flow, nvme_initiator_itn_flow, nvme_target_itn_flow, scsi_initiator, scsi_target, nvme_initiator and nvme_target or use the result of installed query if present Do you want to continue [Yes|No]? [n]y

Data collected at : Wed, 25 May 2022 16:35:35 +0530

Using result of installed queries: dcnmtgtITN,dcnmtgtITL

+	Module	+-		+- IT	'L/N Cou	+- nt	:	+•		+ - E 1	nitiat	+ + > :	rs	+ - 		T	argets	+-		+
1		Ļ	SCSI	1	NVMe		Total	Ļ	SCSI		NVMe	1	Total		SCSI		NVMe		Total	Ļ
	1 Total		5571 5571		0 0	+ - 	5571 5571		2 2		0 0		2 2		55 55		0		55 55	
+		+ -		+ -		+ -		÷		÷٠		÷		+ -				+-		+

Detailed output for DS-X9748-3072K9 modules Module : 1

+		+		+			+ -		+ -			+		+		+-		- +
i	Ports	 S	CSI	ITI 	L/N Cour NVMe	nt Total	i I	SCSI	In I	itiato NVMe	ors Total	i I	SCSI	Tai	rgets NVMe	Ì	Total	i
+	fcl/1,fcl/3,fcl/5,fcl/7 fcl/2,fcl/4,fcl/6,fcl/8 fcl/9,fcl/11,fcl/13,fcl/15 fcl/0,fcl/12,fcl/14,fcl/16 fcl/10,fcl/12,fcl/24,fcl/24 fcl/25,fcl/20,fcl/29,fcl/31 fcl/33,fcl/35,fcl/37,fcl/39	+ 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	86 86 85 93 86 86 71 188	+ 		186 186 185 93 186 186 171 2188	+-	0 0 0 0 0 2 0	+-			+ 	2 2 1 2 2 0 22 22	+ 	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	+- 	2 2 2 1 2 2 0 22 22 22	
I	Total	2	571	l	0 1	5571	l	2	i	0 1	2	1	55		0	Ì	55	Ì
+	+	+		+		+	+-		+-			+		+		+-		•+

This example shows how to check the port sampling status and the instantaneous NPU load:

```
switch# show analytics port-sampling module 1
Sampling Window Size: 12
Rotation Interval: 30
NPU LOAD : 64% [SCSI 64%, NVMe 0%]
```

Port	Monitored Start Time	Monitored End Time
fc4/25	04/01/19 - 05:25:29	04/01/19 - 05:25:59
fc4/26	04/01/19 - 05:25:29	04/01/19 - 05:25:59
fc4/27	04/01/19 - 05:25:29	04/01/19 - 05:25:59
fc4/28	04/01/19 - 05:25:29	04/01/19 - 05:25:59
fc4/29	04/01/19 - 05:25:29	04/01/19 - 05:25:59
fc4/30	04/01/19 - 05:25:29	04/01/19 - 05:25:59
fc4/31	04/01/19 - 05:25:29	04/01/19 - 05:25:59
fc4/32	04/01/19 - 05:25:29	04/01/19 - 05:25:59
fc4/33	04/01/19 - 05:25:29	04/01/19 - 05:25:59
fc4/34	04/01/19 - 05:25:29	04/01/19 - 05:25:59
fc4/35	04/01/19 - 05:25:29	04/01/19 - 05:25:59
fc4/36	04/01/19 - 05:25:29	04/01/19 - 05:25:59
fc4/37*	04/01/19 - 05:25:59	-
fc4/38*	04/01/19 - 05:25:59	-
fc4/39*	04/01/19 - 05:25:59	-
fc4/40*	04/01/19 - 05:25:59	-
fc4/41*	04/01/19 - 05:25:59	-
fc4/42*	04/01/19 - 05:25:59	-
fc4/43*	04/01/19 - 05:25:59	-
fc4/44*	04/01/19 - 05:25:59	_

!	- Denotes port is	link down but analytics	enabled.	
	fc4/48*	04/01/19 - 05:25:59	-	
	fc4/47*	04/01/19 - 05:25:59	-	
	fc4/46*	04/01/19 - 05:25:59	-	
	fc4/45*	04/01/19 - 05:25:59	-	

* - Denotes port in active analytics port sampling window.

The star symbol (*) next to a port indicates that the port is currently being sampled.

This example shows the output of a push query that has already been configured:

```
switch# show analytics query name iniitl result
{ "values": {
        "1": {
                "port": "fc1/6",
                "vsan": "10",
                "app_id": "255",
                "initiator id": "0xe800a0",
                "target id": "0xd601e0",
                "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000",
                "active io read count": "0",
                "active_io_write_count": "7",
                "total read io count": "0",
                "total write io count": "1008608573",
                "total_seq_read_io_count": "0",
                "total_seq_write_io_count": "1",
                "total_read_io_time": "0",
                "total_write_io_time": "370765952314",
                "total_read_io initiation time": "0",
                "total write_io_initiation_time": "52084968152",
                "total read io bytes": "0",
                "total write io bytes": "2065630357504",
                "total_read_io_inter_gap_time": "0",
                "total_write_io_inter_gap_time": "16171468343166",
                "total time metric based read io count": "0",
                "total_time_metric_based_write_io_count": "1008608566",
                "total time metric based read io bytes": "0",
                "total time metric based write io bytes": "2065630343168",
                "read io rate": "0",
                "peak read io rate": "0"
                "write_io_rate": "16070",
                "peak_write_io_rate": "32468",
                "read io bandwidth": "0",
                "peak read io bandwidth": "0",
                "write io bandwidth": "32912384",
                "peak write io bandwidth": "66494976",
                "read io size min": "0",
                "read io size max": "0",
                "write_io_size_min": "2048",
                "write_io_size_max": "2048",
                "read io completion time min": "0",
                "read io completion time max": "0",
                "write_io_completion_time_min": "111"
                "write io completion time max": "9166",
                "read_io_initiation_time_min": "0",
                "read_io_initiation_time_max": "0",
                "write_io_initiation_time_min": "36"
                "write_io_initiation_time_max": "3265",
                "read io inter gap time min": "0",
                "read_io_inter_gap_time_max": "0",
                "write_io_inter_gap_time_min": "100",
```

"write io inter gap time max": "1094718", "peak_active_io_read_count": "0", "peak active io write count": "23", "read io_aborts": "0", "write_io_aborts": "0" "read io failures": "0" "write io failures": "0", "read io scsi check condition count": "0", "write io scsi check condition count": "0", "read_io_scsi_busy_count": "0", "write_io_scsi_busy_count": "0" "read io scsi reservation conflict count": "0", "write_io_scsi_reservation_conflict_count": "0", "read io scsi queue full count": "0", "write_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0", "sampling_start_time": "1529993232", "sampling end time": "1529993260" }, "2": { "port": "fc1/6", "vsan": "10", "app id": "255", "initiator_id": "0xe800a1", "target id": "0xd601e1", "lun": "0000-0000-0000-0000", "active_io_read_count": "0", "active_io_write_count": "8", "total_read_io_count": "0", "total_write_io_count": "1004271260", "total_seq_read_io_count": "0", "total seq_write_io_count": "1", "total_read_io_time": "0", "total_write_io_time": "370004164726", "total read io initiation time": "0", "total_write_io_initiation_time": "51858511487", "total read io bytes": "0", "total_write_io_bytes": "2056747540480", "total_read_io_inter_gap_time": "0", "total_write_io_inter_gap_time": "16136686881766", "total time metric based read io count": "0", "total time metric based write io count": "1004271252", "total time metric based read io bytes": "0", "total_time_metric_based_write_io_bytes": "2056747524096", "read io rate": "0", "peak_read_io_rate": "0", "write_io_rate": "16065", "peak write io rate": "16194", "read io bandwidth": "0", "peak read io bandwidth": "0", "write io bandwidth": "32901632", "peak write io bandwidth": "33165824", "read_io_size_min": "0", "read io size max": "0", "write_io_size_min": "2048", "write_io_size max": "2048", "read io completion time min": "0", "read_io_completion_time_max": "0", "write io completion time min": "114", "write io completion time max": "9019", "read_io_initiation_time_min": "0", "read io initiation time max": "0", "write io_initiation_time_min": "37" "write io initiation time max": "3158", "read io inter gap time min": "0",

```
"read io_inter_gap_time_max": "0",
"write_io_inter_gap_time_min": "101",
"write io inter gap time max": "869035",
"peak active io read count": "0",
"peak_active_io_write_count": "19",
"read io aborts": "0",
"write_io_aborts": "0",
"read io failures": "0",
"write io failures": "0",
"read_io_scsi_check_condition_count": "0",
"write_io_scsi_check_condition_count": "0",
"read io_scsi_busy_count": "0",
"write io scsi busy count": "0",
"read io scsi reservation conflict count": "0",
"write_io_scsi_reservation_conflict_count": "0",
"read_io_scsi_queue_full_count": "0",
"write_io_scsi queue full count": "0",
"sampling_start_time": "1529993232",
"sampling_end_time": "1529993260"
```



}

Note The output of these queries are in JSON format.

This example shows the list of view instances supported in the *fc-scsi* analytics type:

```
switch# show analytics schema fc-scsi views
fc-scsi db schema tables:
    port
    logical_port
    app
    scsi_target
    scsi_initiator
    scsi_target_app
    scsi_target_tl_flow
    scsi_target_it_flow
    scsi_target_itl_flow
    scsi_target_io
    scsi initiator io
```

This example shows the list of view instances supported in the *fc-nvme* analytics type:

```
switch# show analytics schema fc-nvme views
fc-nvme db schema tables:
    port
    logical_port
    app
    nvme_target
    nvme_initiator
    nvme_initiator_app
    nvme_target tn flow
```

```
nvme_target_it_flow
nvme_initiator_it_flow
nvme_target_itn_flow
nvme_initiator_itn_flow
nvme_target_io
nvme initiator io
```

This example shows the list of flow metrics supported in the *fc-scsi.port* view instance:

Note The *exceed_count* counters in the output will be supported in a future Cisco MDS NX-OS Release.

```
switch# show analytics schema fc-scsi view-instance port
fc-scsi.port table schema columns:
       *port
        scsi_target_count
        scsi initiator count
        io app count
        logical port count
        scsi_target_app_count
        scsi_initiator_app_count
        active io read count
        active_io_write_count
        scsi_target_it_flow_count
        scsi initiator it flow count
        scsi_target_itl_flow_count
        scsi_initiator_itl_flow_count
        scsi target tl flow count
        total abts count
        total read io count
        total_write_io_count
        total_seq_read_io_count
        total_seq_write_io_count
         total read io time
        total write io time
        total read io initiation time
        total_write_io_initiation_time
        total_read_io_bytes
         total write io bytes
        total read_io_inter_gap_time
        total write io inter_gap_time
        total time metric based read io count
        total_time_metric_based_write_io_count
        total_time_metric_based_read_io_bytes
         total time metric based write io bytes
        read io_rate
        peak read io rate
        write_io_rate
        peak write io rate
        read io bandwidth
        peak_read_io_bandwidth
        write io bandwidth
        peak write io bandwidth
        read io size min
        read io size max
        write_io_size_min
        write io size max
        read io completion time min
```

read io completion time max write_io_completion_time_min write io completion time max read io initiation time min read_io_initiation_time_max write io initiation time min write io initiation time max read io inter gap time min read io inter gap time max write_io_inter_gap_time_min write_io_inter_gap_time_max peak active io read count peak active io write count read io aborts write io aborts read io failures write io failures read io timeouts write io timeouts read io scsi check condition count write_io_scsi_check_condition_count read io scsi_busy_count write io scsi busy count read io scsi reservation conflict count write io scsi reservation conflict count read_io_scsi_queue_full_count write_io_scsi_queue_full_count read io rate exceed count write_io_rate_exceed_count read io bandwidth exceed count write io bandwidth exceed count read io size min exceed count read_io_size_max_exceed_count write io size min exceed count write_io_size_max_exceed_count read io initiation time min exceed count read_io_initiation_time_max_exceed_count write_io_initiation_time_min_exceed_count write io initiation time max exceed count read io completion time min exceed count read_io_completion_time_max_exceed_count write io completion time min exceed count write_io_completion_time_max_exceed_count read_io_inter_gap_time_min_exceed_count read_io_inter_gap_time_max_exceed_count write_io_inter_gap_time_min_exceed_count write io inter gap time max exceed count read io abort exceed count write_io_abort_exceed_count read io failure exceed count write_io_failure_exceed_count sampling_start time sampling end time (* - indicates the metric is a 'key' for the table)

This example shows the list of flow metrics supported in the *fc-nvme.port* view instance:



The *exceed_count* counters in the output will be supported in a future Cisco MDS NX-OS Release.

L

switch# show analytics schema fc-nvme view-instance port fc-nvme.port table schema columns: *port nvme_target_count nvme initiator count io_app_count logical port count nvme_target_app_count nvme_initiator_app_count active io read count active io write count nvme target it flow count nvme initiator it flow count nvme target itn flow count nvme_initiator_itn_flow_count nvme_target_tn_flow_count total abts count total read io count total write io count total_seq_read_io_count total_seq_write_io count total read io time total write io time total read io initiation time total_write_io_initiation_time total_read_io_bytes total_write_io_bytes total_read_io_inter_gap_time total_write_io_inter_gap_time total time metric based read io count total_time_metric_based_write_io_count total time metric based read io bytes total_time_metric_based_write_io_bytes read io_rate peak read io rate write_io_rate peak write io rate read io bandwidth peak_read_io_bandwidth write io bandwidth peak write io bandwidth read_io_size_min read io size max write_io_size_min write io_size_max read io completion time min read_io_completion_time_max write_io_completion_time_min write io completion time max read_io_initiation_time_min read io initiation time max write_io_initiation_time_min write_io_initiation_time_max read_io_inter_gap_time_min read_io_inter_gap_time_max write_io_inter_gap_time_min write io inter gap time max peak_active_io_read_count peak_active_io_write_count read io aborts write io aborts read io failures

write io failures read io timeouts write io timeouts read io nvme lba out of range count write io nvme lba_out_of_range_count read io nvme ns not ready count write_io_nvme_ns_not_ready_count read io nvme reservation conflict count write io nvme reservation conflict count read_io_nvme_capacity_exceeded_count write io nvme capacity exceeded count read io rate exceed count write_io_rate_exceed count read io bandwidth exceed count write io bandwidth exceed count read io size min exceed count read io size max exceed count write io size min exceed count write io size max exceed count read io initiation time min exceed count read_io_initiation_time_max_exceed_count write_io_initiation_time_min_exceed_count write io initiation time max exceed count read io completion time min exceed count read io completion time max exceed count write_io_completion_time_min_exceed_count write_io_completion_time_max_exceed_count read io inter gap time min exceed count read_io_inter_gap_time_max_exceed_count write_io_inter_gap_time_min_exceed_count write io inter gap time max exceed count read io abort exceed count write io abort exceed count read io failure exceed count write io failure exceed count sampling start time sampling end time

(* - indicates the metric is a 'key' for the table)

Troubleshooting SAN Analytics

Due to an ASIC issue, it is possible that the ITO table is not flushed, if the response to an exchange is received on another link (due to port channel flap or such rare occasions). This event itself does not affect analytics. But if this happens for a large number of ITLs and if there is a lot of churn in the fabric (such that the ITLs which had an ITO table hitare now quiet and a fresh set of ITLs are now active in the fabric), then scale can be affected. An error can occur in AMC when the scale limits are exceeded. On 64G modules and switches the analytics are collected via the AlertMgrCollector(AMC).

The AMC reset feature provides a non-disruptive recovery of analytics by resetting only the ASIC analytics. You can reset the AMC on the line card using the **analytics reset module** *<module-number>* command. For scale limits, see the *Cisco MDS NX-OS Configuration Limits, Release 9.x.*

This command resets only the AMC modules and flushes all the entries in the table and recover the AMC from ITO_HIT_ON_CMD.

For example:

switch # analytics reset module 6
switch # 2022 Jun 15 12:24:48 sw184-9706
%ANALYTICS_LC_MGR-SLOT6-5-ANALYTICS_LC_MGR_RESET_SUCCESS:
Analytics reset successful on module 6

On a successful reset, following syslog will be seen:

```
switch# 2022 Mar 13 22:35:54 switch
%ANALYTICS_LC_MGR-SLOT6-5-ANALYTICS_LC_MGR_RESET_SUCCESS: Reset of Analytics engine
```

succeeded.

On failure to reset, following syslog will be seen:

failed

If a failure syslog is seen, collect the tech-support and reload the module for recovery.