

# Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage

The Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage feature enables system logging messages to be saved on an advanced technology attachment flash disk. Messages saved on bootflash or a harddisk persist after a device is rebooted.

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## **Finding Feature Information**

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a>. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

## Prerequisites for Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage

### The logging buffered Command Must Be Enabled

Before the Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage feature can be enabled with the **logging persistent** command, you must enable the logging of messages to an internal buffer with the **logging buffered** command. For additional information, see the "Writing Logging Messages to Bootflash or a Harddisk" section.

## **Restrictions for Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage**

#### Available Bootflash or Harddisk Space Constrains the Size and Number of Stored Log Files

The amount of bootflash or harddisk space allocated to system logging messages constrains the number of logging files that can be stored. When the allocation threshold is passed, the oldest log file in the directory is deleted to make room for new system logging messages. To permanently store system logging messages, you must archive them to an external device. For more information, see "Copying Logging Messages to an External Disk" section.



Logging to local nonvolatile storage can use up to 2 GB of storage space.

## Information About Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage

### **System Logging Messages**

System logging messages include error and debug messages generated by application programming interfaces (APIs) on the device. Typically, logging messages are stored in a device's memory buffer; when the buffer is full, older messages are overwritten by new messages. All logging messages are erased from the memory buffer when the device reboots.

## **How to Configure Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage**

### Writing Logging Messages to Bootflash or a Harddisk

Perform this task to enable the Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage feature and write logging messages to bootflash or a harddisk.

### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3. logging buffered** [buffer-size | severity-level]
- 4. logging persistent [url harddisk:/directory] [size filesystem-size] [filesize logging-file-size]

### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enables global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	logging buffered [buffer-size   severity-level]	Enables system message logging to a local buffer and limits messages logged to the buffer based on severity.
	Example:  Device(config) # logging buffered	• The optional <i>buffer-size</i> argument specifies the size of the buffer. Range is from 4096 to 4294967295. The default size varies by platform.
		• The optional <i>severity-level</i> argument limits the logging of messages to the buffer to those no less severe than the specified level.
Step 4	logging persistent [url harddisk:/directory] [size filesystem-size] [filesize logging-file-size]	
	Example:  Device (config) # logging persistent url harddisk:/syslog size 134217728 filesize 16384  Note The default value is: url: bootflash:/syslog filesystem-size: 10% of total disk space	• Before logging messages are written to a file on the bootflash or harddisk, the Cisco software checks to see if there is sufficient disk space. If not, the oldest file of logging messages (by timestamp) is deleted, and the current file is saved.
		• The filename format of log files is log_MM:DD:YYYY::hh:mm:ss. For example: log_11:26:2012::01:01:41.
	logging-file-size: 262144	Note This feature supports only one log file per second due to its filename format, which contains a timestamp suffix down to the seconds level.
		<b>Note</b> The defaults for this command are as follows:
		• url: bootflash:/syslog Filesystem-size: 10% of total disk space. Logging-file-size: 262144

### **Copying Logging Messages to an External Disk**

Perform this task to copy logging messages from the bootflash or a harddisk to an external disk.

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. copy source-url destination-url

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	copy source-url destination-url	Copies the specified file or directory on the bootflash or a harddisk via FTP to the specified URL.	
	Example:		
	Device# copy harddisk:/syslog ftp://myuser/mypass@192.168.1.129/syslog		

# **Configuration Examples for Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage**

### **Example: Writing Logging Messages to Bootflash or a Harddisk**

The following example shows how to write up to 134217728 bytes (128 MB) of logging messages to the syslog directory of disk 0, specifying a file size of 16384 bytes:

```
Device (config) # logging buffered
Device (config) # logging persistent url harddisk:/syslog size 134217728 filesize 16384
```

### **Example: Copying Logging Messages to an External Disk**

The following example shows how to copy logging messages from the device's bootflash or harddisk to an external disk:

Device# copy harddisk:/syslog ftp://myuser/mypass@192.168.1.129/syslog

### **Additional References**

#### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
copy command	Cisco IOS Configuration Fundamentals Command Reference
Network management commands (including logging commands): complete command syntax, defaults, command mode, command history, usage guidelines, and examples	Cisco IOS Network Management Command Reference

### **MIBs**

MIBs	MIBs Link
No new or modified MIBs are supported by this feature, and support for existing MIBs has not been modified by this feature.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS XE releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

#### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

# **Feature Information for Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage**

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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Table 1: Feature Information for Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.1	The Logging to Local Nonvolatile Storage feature enables system logging messages to be saved on an advanced technology attachment flash disk. Messages saved on bootflash or a harddisk persist after a device is rebooted.  The following command was introduced or modified: logging persistent.