

IGMP Snooping

This module describes how to enable and configure the Ethernet Virtual Connection (EVC)-based IGMP Snooping feature globally and on bridge domains.

- Finding Feature Information, page 1
- Prerequisites for IGMP Snooping, page 1
- Restrictions for IGMP Snooping, page 2
- Information About IGMP Snooping, page 2
- How to Configure IGMP Snooping, page 3
- Verifying IGMP Snooping, page 9
- Additional References, page 12
- Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request, page 13

Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Prerequisites for IGMP Snooping

- Basic IGMP v3 snooping support (BISS) is supported.
- POP operation on EFP should be configured.
- Bridge domain (BD) interfaces from 1 to 4094 support IGMP snooping.
- Maximum number of EFPs supported on a single BD with IGMP snooping enabled:

- RSP1 is 48
- RSP2 is 128
- Maximum number of multicast routes for Layer 2 is 1000.
- Maximum number of multicast routes for Layer 3 (including control entries) on RSP1A, RSP1B, and RSP2 modules is 1000.



We recommend a delay of at least 2 minutes while performing the below actions:

- Removal and addition of EFP configuration operation.
- Removal and addition of bridge-domain interface (BDI) configuration operation.
- Changing the interface configuration to default and reconfiguring the EFP again.

Restrictions for IGMP Snooping

- IGMP snooping is *not* supported on the following:
 - Bridge domain interfaces greater than 4094.
- Stateful switchover (SSO) is *not* supported for IGMP snooping.
- Static mrouter configuration is *not* supported.
- IGMP snooping for Trunk EFPs, port channels interfaces and pseudowires is not supported on the RSP1 module.

Starting with Cisco IOS Release 3.14, IGMP snooping is supported on the TEFPs on the RSP2 modules. IGMP snooping on RSP2 is *not* supported for port channels and pseudowires.

Information About IGMP Snooping

IGMP Snooping

IP Multicast Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP), which runs at Layer 3 on a multicast device, generates Layer 3 IGMP queries in subnets where the multicast traffic must be routed. IGMP (on a device) sends out periodic general IGMP queries.

IGMP Snooping is an Ethernet Virtual Circuit (EVC)-based feature set. EVC decouples the concept of VLAN and broadcast domain. An EVC is an end-to-end representation of a single instance of a Layer 2 service being offered by a provider. In the Cisco EVC framework, bridge domains are made up of one or more Layer 2 interfaces known as service instances. A service instance is the instantiation of an EVC on a given port on a given device. A service instance is associated with a bridge domain based on the configuration.

When you enable EVC-based IGMP snooping on a bridge domain, the bridge domain interface responds at Layer 2 to the IGMP queries with only one IGMP join request per Layer 2 multicast group. Each bridge domain represents a Layer 2 broadcast domain. The bridge domain interface creates one entry per subnet in the Layer 2 forwarding table for each Layer 2 multicast group from which it receives an IGMP join request. All hosts interested in this multicast traffic send IGMP join requests and are added to the forwarding table entry. During a Layer 2 lookup on a bridge domain to which the bridge domain interface belongs, the bridge domain forwards the packets to the correct EFP. When the bridge domain interface hears the IGMP Leave group message from a host, it removes the table entry of the host.

IGMP snooping is supported on Metro IP and Metro Aggregate licenses on the Cisco ASR 900 Series Routers. IGMP snooping is supported with REP and G.8032.

How to Configure IGMP Snooping

Enabling IGMP Snooping

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. ip igmp snooping
- 4. bridge-domain bridge-id
- 5. ip igmp snooping
- 6. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example: Device> enable	• Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ip igmp snooping	Globally enables IGMP snooping after it has been disabled.
	Example: Device(config)# ip igmp snooping	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 4	bridge-domain bridge-id	(Optional) Enters bridge domain configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: Device(config) # bridge-domain 100</pre>	
Step 5	ip igmp snooping	(Optional) Enables IGMP snooping on the bridge domain interface being configured.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-bdomain)# ip igmp snooping</pre>	Required only if IGMP snooping was previously explicitly disabled on the specified bridge domain.
Step 6	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-bdomain)# end</pre>	

Configuring IGMP Snooping Globally

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. ip igmp snooping robustness-variable variable
- 4. ip igmp snooping report-suppression
- 5. ip igmp snooping last-member-query-count count
- 6. ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval interval
- 7. ip igmp snooping check ttl
- 8. exit

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example: Device> enable	• Enter your password if prompted.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ip igmp snooping robustness-variable variable	Configures the IGMP defined robustness variable .
	<pre>Example: Device(config) # ip igmp snooping robustness-variable 3</pre>	
Step 4	ip igmp snooping report-suppression	Enables report suppression for IGMP snooping.
	<pre>Example: Device(config) # ip igmp snooping report-suppression</pre>	
Step 5	ip igmp snooping last-member-query-count count	Configures how often IGMP snooping sends query messages in response to receiving an IGMP leave
	<pre>Example: Device(config) # ip igmp snooping last-member-query-count 5</pre>	message. The default is 2.
Step 6	ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval interval	Configures the length of time after which the group record is deleted if no reports are received. The default
	<pre>Example: Device(config) # ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval 200</pre>	is 1000 milliseconds.
Step 7	ip igmp snooping check ttl	Enforces IGMP snooping check.
	<pre>Example: Device(config) # ip igmp snooping check ttl</pre>	
Step 8	exit	Exits global configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	<pre>Example: Device(config)# exit</pre>	

Configuring IGMP Snooping on a Bridge Domain

Before You Begin

• The bridge domain must be created. See the Configuring Ethernet Virtual Connections on the Cisco ASR 903 Router for configuration information.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. bridge-domain bridge-id
- 4. ip igmp snooping immediate-leave
- 5. ip igmp snooping last-member-query-count count
- 6. ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval interval
- 7. ip igmp snooping robustness-variable variable
- 8. ip igmp snooping report-suppression
- 9. ip igmp snooping check ttl
- **10**. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example: Device> enable	• Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	bridge-domain bridge-id	Enters bridge domain configuration mode.
	Example: Device(config)# bridge-domain 100	
Step 4	ip igmp snooping immediate-leave	Enables IGMPv2 immediate-leave processing.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-bdomain) # ip igmp snooping immediate-leave</pre>	Note When both immediate-leave processing and the query count are configured, fast-leave processing takes precedence.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	ip igmp snooping last-member-query-count <i>count</i> Example:	Sets the count for last member query messages sent in response to receiving an IGMP leave message. The valid range is 1 to 7. The default is 2 milliseconds.
	Device(config-bdomain)# ip igmp snooping last-member-query-count 5	Note When both immediate-leave processing and the query count are configured, fast-leave processing takes precedence.
Step 6	<pre>ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval interval Example: Device(config-bdomain) # ip igmp snooping last-member-query-interval 2000</pre>	Sets the last member query interval of the bridge domain. The valid range is from 100 to 32767. The default is 1000 milliseconds.
Step 7	<pre>ip igmp snooping robustness-variable variable Example: Device(config-bdomain) # ip igmp snooping robustness-variable 3</pre>	Configures the IGMP snooping robustness variable. The default is 2.
Step 8	<pre>ip igmp snooping report-suppression Example: Device(config-bdomain) # ip igmp snooping report-suppression</pre>	Enables report suppression for all hosts on the bridge domain.
Step 9	<pre>ip igmp snooping check ttl Example: Device(config-bdomain)# ip igmp snooping check ttl</pre>	Enforces IGMP snooping check.
Step 10	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-bdomain) # end</pre>	

Disabling IGMP Snooping Globally

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. no ip igmp snooping
- 4. exit

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose		
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.		
	Example: Device> enable	Enter your password if prompted.		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.		
	Example: Device# configure terminal			
Step 3	no ip igmp snooping	Disables IGMP snooping on the router.		
	<pre>Example: Device(config) # no ip igmp snooping</pre>			
Step 4	exit	Exits global configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.		
	<pre>Example: Device(config) # exit</pre>			

Disabling IGMP Snooping on a Bridge Domain

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. bridge-domain bridge-id
- 4. no ip igmp snooping
- 5. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example: Device> enable	Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	bridge-domain bridge-id	Enters bridge domain configuration mode.
	Example: Device(config) # bridge-domain 4000	
Step 4	no ip igmp snooping	Disables IGMP snooping on the bridge domain
	<pre>Example: Device(config-bdomain)# no ip igmp snooping</pre>	
Step 5	end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-bdomain)# end</pre>	

Verifying IGMP Snooping

Use these commands to verify IGMP Snooping on the router.

· show ip igmp snooping

This command displays the IGMP snooping configuration globally on the router. The following is a sample output from the command:

```
Router# show ip igmp snooping
Global IGMP Snooping configuration:
IGMP snooping Oper State : Enabled IGMPv3 snooping (minimal) : Enabled
                               : Enabled
Report suppression
TCN solicit query
                               : Enabled
Robustness variable
Last member query count
Last member query interval
                              : 200
Check TTL=1
                               : Yes
Check Router-Alert-Option
                               : No
Vlan 1:
```

```
IGMP snooping Admin State
                                 : Enabled
IGMP snooping Oper State
                                : Enabled
IGMPv2 immediate leave
                                 : Disabled
Report suppression
                                 : Enabled
Robustness variable
                                 : 3
Last member query count
Last member query interval
                               : 200
Check TTL=1
                                 : Yes
Check Router-Alert-Option
                                  : Yes
```

• show ip igmp snooping [bd bd-id]

This command displays configuration for IGMP snooping by bridge domain. The following is a sample output from the command:

Router# show ip igmp snooping bd 100

```
Global IGMP Snooping configuration:
IGMP snooping Oper State
                         : Enabled
                         : Enabled
: Enabled
IGMPv3 snooping (minimal)
Report suppression
TCN solicit query
                          : Enabled
Robustness variable
                           : 3
Last member query count
Last member query interval : 200
Check TTL=1
                           : Yes
Check Router-Alert-Option
                          : No
Vlan 100:
IGMP snooping Admin State
                                 : Enabled
                                 : Enabled
IGMP snooping Oper State
IGMPv2 immediate leave
                                 : Disabled
Report suppression
                                 : Enabled
Robustness variable
                                 : 3
Last member query count
Last member query interval
                                 : 200
Check TTL=1
                                  : Yes
Check Router-Alert-Option
                                 : Yes
                                  : 0
Ouerv Interval
Max Response Time
                                  : 10000
```

• show ip igmp snooping groups bd bd-id count

This command displays snooping information for groups by bridge domain. This is a sample output from the command:

```
Router# show ip igmp snooping group bd 4000 count
Total number of groups in Vlan 4000: 2
Total number of (S,G) in Vlan 4000: 0
```

· show ip igmp snooping groups count

This command displays snooping information for groups. This is a sample output from the command:

```
Router# show ip igmp snooping groups count

Total number of groups: 4

Total number of (S,G): 0
```

• show ip igmp snooping counters [bd bd-id]

This command displays IGMP snooping counters, globally or by bridge domain. This is the sample output from this command where Ovr and Und represent oversize and undersize respectively:

Router# show ip igmp snooping counters

Counters of group "IGMP snooping counters are 15 counters		"	overall there
	Value	Ovr	Und
RX processed Query Count	+ 0	+	+
RX processed Group Specific Query	0	İ	
RX processed Join	0		
RX processed Leave	0		
RX processed Total Valid Packets	0		
RX processed Other Packets	0 0		
RX Packets dropped for sanity errors RX Packets dropped for checksum errors	1 0	1	
RX Packets dropped for header length errors	1 0		
RX Packets dropped for other errors	1 0	i	
RX processed Topology change notification	0	i	<u>'</u>
TX processed Query Count	0	İ	
TX processed Group Specific Query	0	İ	
TX processed Join	0		
TX processed Leave	0		
Counters of group "IGMP snooping V3 counters are 18 counters		"	overall there
RX processed V3 AllOW NEW	0		
RX processed V3 BLOCK OLD	0		
Туре	Value	Ovr	Und
RX processed V3 MODE IS INCLUDE	1 0		
RX processed V3 MODE IS EXCLUDE	0	İ	
RX processed V3 CHANGE TO INCLUDE	0		
RX processed V3 CHANGE TO EXCLUDE	0		
RX processed V3 Query	0		
RX processed V3 Group Specific Query	0	!	
RX processed V3 GSS Query	0		
TX processed V3 ALLOW NEW	0 0		
TX processed V3 BLOCK OLD TX processed V3 MODE IS INCLUDE	1 0		
TX processed V3 MODE IS EXCLUDE	1 0		
TX processed V3 CHANGE TO INCLUDE	1 0	i	
TX processed V3 CHANGE TO EXCLUDE	1 0	i	
TX processed V3 Query	0	i	
TX processed V3 Group Specific Query	0		
TX processed V3 GSS Query			

• show ip igmp snooping mrouter [bd bd-id]

This command displays multicast ports, globally or by bridge domain. This is a sample output from the command:

Router# show ip igmp snooping mrouter

Vlan	ports
100	Gi0/3/4-efp1(dynamic)
10	Gi0/4/5-tefp1(dynamic)
100	Po64-efp100(dynamic)

• show ip igmp snooping querier [bd bd-id]

This command displays the IGMP querier information globally or by a bridge domain. This is a sample output from the command:

Router# show ip igmp snooping querier

Vlan	IP Address	IGMP Version	Port
100	10.0.0.2	v2	Gi0/3/4-efp1

10	10.0.0.2	v2	Gi0/4/5-tefp1
100	30.1.1.12	v2	Po64-efp100

· show ip igmp snooping group

This command displays the IGMP snooping information about multicast groups by VLAN. This is a sample output from the command:

Router# show ip igmp snooping group

Flags:	I IGMP snooping, Group/source	S Static, P Type	1 2,	A ASM mode Port List
100	226.0.1.1	I	v2	Gi0/1/1-efp100
10	225.1.1.1	I	v2	Gi0/4/2-tefp1
100	235.1.1.3	I	v2	Po64-efp1

· show ip igmp snooping group bd

This command displays the BD level IGMP snooping information. This is a sample output from the command:

Router# show ip igmp snooping group bd 100 226.0.1.1

Flags: I	IGMP snooping,	S Static, P	PIM snooping,	
Vlan	Group/source	Type	Version	
100	226.0.1.1	I	v2	Gi0/1/1-efp100
100	235.1.1.3		v2	Po64-efp1

For Scale scenarios: Check the Snooping groups count per BD level.

Router# show ip igmp snooping group bd 100 count

Total number of groups in Vlan 100: Total number of (S,G) in Vlan 100:

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
Cisco IOS IP Multicast Command Reference	Cisco IOS IP Multicast Command Reference
Cisco ASR 903 Series Aggregation Services Router Hardware Installation Guide	Cisco ASR 903 Series Aggregation Services Router Hardware Installation Guide

MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
MIBs for Cisco ASR 903 Router	Cisco ASR 903 Series Aggregation Services Routers MIB Specifications Guide

MIB	MIBs Link
MIBs Supporting Cisco IOS	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.	http://www.cisco.com/support
To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.	
Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

For information on obtaining documentation, using the Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST), submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, at: http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html.

Subscribe to *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, which lists all new and revised Cisco technical documentation as an RSS feed and delivers content directly to your desktop using a reader application. The RSS feeds are a free service.

Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request