

BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor

The BGP graceful restart feature is already available on a global basis. The BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor feature allows BGP graceful restart to be enabled or disable for an individual neighbor, providing greater network flexibility and service.

- Finding Feature Information, page 1
- Information About BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor, page 1
- How to Configure BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor, page 2
- Configuration Examples for BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor, page 13
- Additional References, page 14
- Feature Information for BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor, page 15

Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Information About BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor

BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor

The ability to enable or disable BGP graceful restart for every individual BGP neighbor was introduced. Three new methods of configuring BGP graceful restart for BGP peers, in addition to the existing global BGP graceful restart configuration, are now available. Graceful restart can be enabled or disabled for a BGP peer or a BGP peer group using the **neighbor ha-mode graceful-restart** command, or a BGP peer can inherit a graceful restart configuration from a BGP peer-session template using the **ha-mode graceful-restart** command.

Although BGP graceful restart is disabled by default, the existing global command enables graceful restart for all BGP neighbors regardless of their capabilities. The ability to enable or disable BGP graceful restart for individual BGP neighbors provides a greater level of control for a network administrator.

When the BGP graceful restart capability is configured for an individual neighbor, each method of configuring graceful restart has the same priority, and the last configuration instance is applied to the neighbor. For example, if global graceful restart is enabled for all BGP neighbors but an individual neighbor is subsequently configured as a member of a peer group for which the graceful restart is disabled, graceful restart is disabled for that neighbor.

The configuration of the restart and stale-path timers is available only with the global **bgp graceful-restart** command, but the default values are set when the **neighbor ha-mode graceful-restart** or **ha-mode graceful-restart** commands are configured. The default values are optimal for most network deployments, and these values should be adjusted only by an experienced network operator.

BGP Peer Session Templates

Peer session templates are used to group and apply the configuration of general BGP session commands to groups of neighbors that share session configuration elements. General session commands that are common for neighbors that are configured in different address families can be configured within the same peer session template. Peer session templates are created and configured in peer session configuration mode. Only general session commands can be configured in a peer session template.

General session commands can be configured once in a peer session template and then applied to many neighbors through the direct application of a peer session template or through indirect inheritance from a peer session template. The configuration of peer session templates simplifies the configuration of general session commands that are commonly applied to all neighbors within an autonomous system.

Peer session templates support direct and indirect inheritance. A BGP neighbor can be configured with only one peer session template at a time, and that peer session template can contain only one indirectly inherited peer session template. A BGP neighbor can directly inherit only one session template and can indirectly inherit up to seven additional peer session templates.

Peer session templates support inheritance. A directly applied peer session template can directly or indirectly inherit configurations from up to seven peer session templates. So, a total of eight peer session templates can be applied to a neighbor or neighbor group.

Peer session templates support only general session commands. BGP policy configuration commands that are configured only for a specific address family or NLRI configuration mode are configured with peer policy templates.

To use a BGP peer session template to enable or disable BGP graceful restart, see the "Enabling and Disabling BGP Graceful Restart Using BGP Peer Session Templates" section.

How to Configure BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor

Enabling BGP Graceful Restart for an Individual BGP Neighbor

Perform this task on Router B in the figure above to enable BGP graceful restart on the internal BGP peer at Router C in the figure above. Under the IPv4 address family, the neighbor at Router C is identified, and BGP graceful restart is enabled for the neighbor at Router C with the IP address 172.21.1.2. To verify that BGP graceful restart is enabled, the optional **show ip bgp neighbors** command is used.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** router bgp autonomous-system-number
- 4. address-family ipv4 [unicast | multicast | vrf vrf-name]
- **5. neighbor** *ip-address* **remote-as** *autonomous-system-number*
- 6. neighbor ip-address activate
- 7. neighbor *ip-address* ha-mode graceful-restart [disable]
- 8. end
- 9. show ip bgp neighbors [ip-address [received-routes | routes | advertised-routes | paths [regexp] | dampened-routes | flap-statistics | received prefix-filter | policy [detail]]]

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	router bgp autonomous-system-number	Enters router configuration mode and creates a BGP routing process.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# router bgp 45000	
Step 4	address-family ipv4 [unicast multicast vrf vrf-name]	Specifies the IPv4 address family and enters address family configuration mode.
	Example:	• The unicast keyword specifies the IPv4 unicast address family. By default, the router is placed in address family configuration
	Device(config-router)# address-family ipv4 unicast	mode for the IPv4 unicast address family if the unicast keyword is not specified.
		The multicast keyword specifies IPv4 multicast address prefixes.
		• The vrf keyword and <i>vrf-name</i> argument specify the name of the VRF instance to associate with subsequent IPv4 address family configuration mode commands.

Command or Action	Purpose
neighbor ip-address remote-as autonomous-system-number	Configures peering with a BGP neighbor in the specified autonomous system.
Example:	• In this example, the BGP peer at 172.21.1.2 is an internal BGP peer because it has the same autonomous system number as the
Device(config-router-af)# neighbor 172.21.1.2 remote-as 45000	router where the BGP configuration is being entered (see Step 3).
neighbor ip-address activate	Enables the neighbor to exchange prefixes for the IPv4 address family with the local router.
Example:	• In this example, the internal BGP peer at 172.21.1.2 is activated.
Device(config-router-af)# neighbor 172.21.1.2 activate	
neighbor ip-address ha-mode	Enables the BGP graceful restart capability for a BGP neighbor.
graceful-restart [disable]	Use the disable keyword to disable BGP graceful restart capability.
Example:	• If you enter this command after the BGP session has been
Device(config-router-af)# neighbor 172.21.1.2 ha-mode graceful-restart	established, you must restart the session in order for the capability to be exchanged with the BGP neighbor.
	• In this example, the BGP graceful restart capability is enabled for the neighbor at 172.21.1.2.
end	Exits address family configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
Example:	
Device(config-router-af)# end	
show ip bgp neighbors [ip-address [received-routes routes advertised-routes	(Optional) Displays information about TCP and BGP connections to neighbors.
paths [regexp] dampened-routes flap-statistics received prefix-filter policy [detail]]]	• "Graceful Restart Capability: advertised" will be displayed for each neighbor that has exchanged graceful restart capabilities with this router.
Example: Device# show ip bgp neighbors 172.21.1.2	• In this example, the output is filtered to display information about the BGP peer at 172.21.1.2.
	neighbor ip-address remote-as autonomous-system-number Example: Device (config-router-af) # neighbor 172.21.1.2 remote-as 45000 neighbor ip-address activate Example: Device (config-router-af) # neighbor 172.21.1.2 activate neighbor ip-address ha-mode graceful-restart [disable] Example: Device (config-router-af) # neighbor 172.21.1.2 ha-mode graceful-restart end Example: Device (config-router-af) # neighbor 172.21.1.2 ha-mode graceful-restart show ip bgp neighbors [ip-address [received-routes advertised-routes paths [regexp] dampened-routes flap-statistics received prefix-filter policy [detail]]

Examples

The following example shows partial output from the **show ip bgp neighbors** command for the BGP peer at 172.21.1.2. Graceful restart is shown as enabled. Note the default values for the restart and stale-path timers. These timers can be set using only the global **bgp graceful-restart** command.

Device# show ip bgp neighbors 172.21.1.2

```
BGP neighbor is 172.21.1.2, remote AS 45000, internal link
  BGP version 4, remote router ID 172.22.1.1
  BGP state = Established, up for 00:01:01
  Last read 00:00:02, last write 00:00:07, hold time is 180, keepalive intervals
  Neighbor sessions:
    1 active, is multisession capable
  Neighbor capabilities:
    Route refresh: advertised and received(new)
    Address family IPv4 Unicast: advertised and received
    Graceful Restart Capability: advertised
    Multisession Capability: advertised and received
  Address tracking is enabled, the RIB does have a route to 172.21.1.2
  Connections established 1; dropped 0
  Last reset never
  Transport(tcp) path-mtu-discovery is enabled
  Graceful-Restart is enabled, restart-time 120 seconds, stalepath-time 360 secs
Connection state is ESTAB, I/O status: 1, unread input bytes: 0
```

Enabling and Disabling BGP Graceful Restart Using BGP Peer Session Templates

Perform this task to enable and disable BGP graceful restart for BGP neighbors using peer session templates. In this task, a BGP peer session template is created, and BGP graceful restart is enabled. A second peer session template is created, and this template is configured to disable BGP graceful restart.

In this example, the configuration is performed at Router B in the figure below, and two external BGP neighbors—Router A and Router E—are identified. The first BGP peer at Router A is configured to inherit the first peer session template, which enables BGP graceful restart, whereas the second BGP peer at Router E inherits the second template, which disables BGP graceful restart. Using the optional **show ip bgp neighbors** command, the status of the BGP graceful restart capability is verified for each BGP neighbor configured in this task.

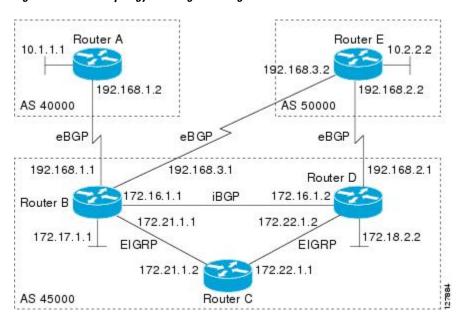


Figure 1: Network Topology Showing BGP Neighbors

The restart and stale-path timers can be modified only using the global **bgp graceful-restart** command. The restart and stale-path timers are set to the default values when BGP graceful restart is enabled for BGP neighbors using peer session templates.



Note

A BGP peer cannot inherit from a peer policy or session template and be configured as a peer group member at the same. BGP templates and BGP peer groups are mutually exclusive.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. router bgp autonomous-system-number
- 4. template peer-session session-template-name
- 5. ha-mode graceful-restart [disable]
- 6. exit-peer-session
- 7. template peer-session session-template-name
- 8. ha-mode graceful-restart [disable]
- 9. exit-peer-session
- 10. bgp log-neighbor-changes
- 11. neighbor ip-address remote-as autonomous-system-number
- **12. neighbor** *ip-address* **inherit peer-session** *session-template-number*
- **13. neighbor** *ip-address* **remote-as** *autonomous-system-number*
- **14. neighbor** *ip-address* **inherit peer-session** *session-template-number*
- **15**. end
- **16. show ip bgp template peer-session** [session-template-number]
- 17. show ip bgp neighbors [ip-address [received-routes | routes | advertised-routes | paths [regexp] | dampened-routes | flap-statistics | received prefix-filter | policy [detail]]]

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	router bgp autonomous-system-number	Enters router configuration mode and creates a BGP routing process.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# router bgp 45000	
Step 4	template peer-session session-template-name	Enters session-template configuration mode and creates a peer session template.
	Example:	• In this example, a peer session template named S1 is created.
	Device(config-router)# template peer-session S1	
Step 5	ha-mode graceful-restart [disable]	Enables the BGP graceful restart capability and BGP NSF awareness.
	Example:	 Use the disable keyword to disable BGP graceful restart capability.
	<pre>Device(config-router-stmp)# ha-mode graceful-restart</pre>	• If you enter this command after the BGP session has been established, you must restart the session in order for the capability to be exchanged with the BGP neighbor.
		• In this example, the BGP graceful restart capability is enabled for the peer session template named S1.
Step 6	exit-peer-session	Exits session-template configuration mode and returns to router configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-router-stmp)# exit-peer-session	
Step 7	template peer-session session-template-name	Enters session-template configuration mode and creates a peer session template.
	Example:	• In this example, a peer session template named S2 is created.
	Device(config-router)# template peer-session S2	
Step 8	ha-mode graceful-restart [disable]	Enables the BGP graceful restart capability and BGP NSF awareness.
	Example:	 Use the disable keyword to disable BGP graceful restart capability.
	Device(config-router-stmp)# ha-mode graceful-restart disable	 If you enter this command after the BGP session has been established, you must restart the session in order for the capability to be exchanged with the BGP neighbor.
		• In this example, the BGP graceful restart capability is disabled for the peer session template named S2.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 9	exit-peer-session	Exits session-template configuration mode and returns to router configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config-router-stmp)# exit-peer-session</pre>	
Step 10	bgp log-neighbor-changes	Enables logging of BGP neighbor status changes (up or down) and neighbor resets.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-router)# bgp log-neighbor-changes</pre>	 Use this command for troubleshooting network connectivity problems and measuring network stability. Unexpected neighbor resets might indicate high error rates or high packet loss in the network and should be investigated.
Step 11	neighbor ip-address remote-as autonomous-system-number	Configures peering with a BGP neighbor in the specified autonomous system.
	Example: Device(config-router) # neighbor 192.168.1.2 remote-as 40000	• In this example, the BGP peer at 192.168.1.2 is an external BGP peer because it has a different autonomous system number from the router where the BGP configuration is being entered (see Step 3).
Step 12	neighbor ip-address inherit peer-session	Inherits a peer session template.
	session-template-number	• In this example, the peer session template named S1 is inherited,
	Example:	and the neighbor inherits the enabling of BGP graceful restart.
	Device(config-router) # neighbor 192.168.1.2 inherit peer-session S1	
Step 13	neighbor ip-address remote-as autonomous-system-number	Configures peering with a BGP neighbor in the specified autonomous system.
	Example:	• In this example, the BGP peer at 192.168.3.2 is an external BGP peer because it has a different autonomous system number from
	Device(config-router) # neighbor 192.168.3.2 remote-as 50000	the router where the BGP configuration is being entered (see Step 3).
Step 14	neighbor ip-address inherit peer-session	Inherits a peer session-template.
	session-template-number	• In this example, the peer session template named S2 is inherited,
	Example:	and the neighbor inherits the disabling of BGP graceful restart.
	Device(config-router)# neighbor 192.168.3.2 inherit peer-session S2	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 15	end	Exits router configuration mode and enters privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-router)# end	
Step 16	show ip bgp template peer-session	(Optional) Displays locally configured peer session templates.
	[session-template-number]	The output can be filtered to display a single peer policy template
	Example:	by using the <i>session-template-name</i> argument. This command also supports all standard output modifiers.
	Device# show ip bgp template peer-session	
Step 17	show ip bgp neighbors [ip-address [received-routes routes advertised-routes	(Optional) Displays information about TCP and BGP connections to neighbors.
	paths [regexp] dampened-routes flap-statistics received prefix-filter policy [detail]]]	• "Graceful Restart Capability: advertised" will be displayed for each neighbor that has exchanged graceful restart capabilities with this router.
	Example:	• In this example, the output is filtered to display information
	Device# show ip bgp neighbors 192.168.1.2	about the BGP peer at 192.168.1.2.

Examples

The following example shows partial output from the **show ip bgp neighbors** command for the BGP peer at 192.168.1.2 (Router A in the figure above). Graceful restart is shown as enabled. Note the default values for the restart and stale-path timers. These timers can be set only by using the **bgp graceful-restart** command.

Device# show ip bgp neighbors 192.168.1.2

```
BGP neighbor is 192.168.1.2, remote AS 40000, external link
 Inherits from template S1 for session parameters
  BGP version 4, remote router ID 192.168.1.2
  BGP state = Established, up for 00:02:11
  Last read 00:00:23, last write 00:00:27, hold time is 180, keepalive intervals
  Neighbor sessions:
    1 active, is multisession capable
  Neighbor capabilities:
    Route refresh: advertised and received(new)
    Address family IPv4 Unicast: advertised and received
    Graceful Restart Capability: advertised
   Multisession Capability: advertised and received
Address tracking is enabled, the RIB does have a route to 192.168.1.2
  Connections established 1; dropped 0
  Last reset never
  Transport(tcp) path-mtu-discovery is enabled
  Graceful-Restart is enabled, restart-time 120 seconds, stalepath-time 360 secs
Connection state is ESTAB, I/O status: 1, unread input bytes: 0
```

The following example shows partial output from the **show ip bgp neighbors** command for the BGP peer at 192.168.3.2 (Router E in the figure above). Graceful restart is shown as disabled.

Device# show ip bgp neighbors 192.168.3.2

```
BGP neighbor is 192.168.3.2, remote AS 50000, external link
 Inherits from template S2 for session parameters
  BGP version 4, remote router ID 192.168.3.2
  BGP state = Established, up for 00:01:41
  Last read 00:00:45, last write 00:00:45, hold time is 180, keepalive intervals
  Neighbor sessions:
   1 active, is multisession capable
  Neighbor capabilities:
   Route refresh: advertised and received(new)
   Address family IPv4 Unicast: advertised and received
Address tracking is enabled, the RIB does have a route to 192.168.3.2
  Connections established 1; dropped 0
  Last reset never
  Transport(tcp) path-mtu-discovery is enabled
  Graceful-Restart is disabled
Connection state is ESTAB, I/O status: 1, unread input bytes: 0
```

Disabling BGP Graceful Restart for a BGP Peer Group

Perform this task to disable BGP graceful restart for a BGP peer group. In this task, a BGP peer group is created and graceful restart is disabled for the peer group. A BGP neighbor, Router D at 172.16.1.2 in the figure above, is then identified and added as a peer group member. It inherits the configuration associated with the peer group, which, in this example, disables BGP graceful restart.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. router bgp autonomous-system-number
- 4. address-family ipv4 [unicast | multicast | vrf vrf-name]
- 5. neighbor peer-group-name peer-group
- 6. neighbor peer-group-name remote-as autonomous-system-number
- 7. neighbor peer-group-name ha-mode graceful-restart [disable]
- 8. neighbor ip-address peer-group peer-group-name
- 9. end
- **10.** show ip bgp neighbors [ip-address [received-routes | routes | advertised-routes | paths [regexp] | dampened-routes | flap-statistics | received prefix-filter | policy [detail]]]

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	router bgp autonomous-system-number	Enters router configuration mode and creates a BGP routing process.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# router bgp 45000	
Step 4	address-family ipv4 [unicast multicast vrf vrf-name]	Specifies the IPv4 address family and enters address family configuration mode.
	Example: Device(config-router) # address-family ipv4 unicast	 The unicast keyword specifies the IPv4 unicast address family. By default, the router is placed in address family configuration mode for the IPv4 unicast address family if the unicast keyword is not specified.
		• The multicast keyword specifies IPv4 multicast address prefixes.
		• The vrf keyword and <i>vrf-name</i> argument specify the name of the VRF instance to associate with subsequent IPv4 address family configuration mode commands.
Step 5	neighbor peer-group-name peer-group	Creates a BGP peer group.
	Example:	• In this example, the peer group named PG1 is created.
	Device(config-router-af)# neighbor PG1 peer-group	
Step 6	neighbor peer-group-name remote-as autonomous-system-number	Configures peering with a BGP peer group in the specified autonomous system.
	Example:	• In this example, the BGP peer group named PG1 is added to the IPv4 multiprotocol BGP neighbor table of the local router.
	Device(config-router-af)# neighbor PG1 remote-as 45000	
Step 7	neighbor peer-group-name ha-mode	Enables the BGP graceful restart capability for a BGP neighbor.
	graceful-restart [disable]	Use the disable keyword to disable BGP graceful restart capability.
	Example: Device(config-router-af) # neighbor PG1 ha-mode graceful-restart disable	• If you enter this command after the BGP session has been established, you must restart the session for the capability to be exchanged with the BGP neighbor.
		• In this example, the BGP graceful restart capability is disabled for the BGP peer group named PG1.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 8	<pre>neighbor ip-address peer-group peer-group-name Example: Device (config-router-af) # neighbor 172.16.1.2 peer-group PG1</pre>	Assigns the IP address of a BGP neighbor to a peer group. • In this example, the BGP neighbor peer at 172.16.1.2 is configured as a member of the peer group named PG1.
Step 9	<pre>end Example: Device(config-router-af)# end</pre>	Exits address family configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
Step 10	show ip bgp neighbors [ip-address [received-routes routes advertised-routes paths [regexp] dampened-routes flap-statistics received prefix-filter policy [detail]]] Example: Device# show ip bgp neighbors 172.16.1.2	 (Optional) Displays information about TCP and BGP connections to neighbors. • In this example, the output is filtered to display information about the BGP peer at 172.16.1.2 and the "Graceful-Restart is disabled" line shows that the graceful restart capability is disabled for this neighbor.

Examples

The following example shows partial output from the **show ip bgp neighbors** command for the BGP peer at 172.16.1.2. Graceful restart is shown as disabled. Note the default values for the restart and stale-path timers. These timers can be set using only the global **bgp graceful-restart** command.

```
Device# show ip bgp neighbors 172.16.1.2
```

```
BGP neighbor is 172.16.1.2, remote AS 45000, internal link

Member of peer-group PG1 for session parameters

BGP version 4, remote router ID 0.0.0.0

BGP state = Idle

Neighbor sessions:

0 active, is multisession capable

!

Address tracking is enabled, the RIB does have a route to 172.16.1.2

Connections established 0; dropped 0

Last reset never

Transport(tcp) path-mtu-discovery is enabled

Graceful-Restart is disabled
```

Configuration Examples for BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor

Examples: Enabling and Disabling BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor

The ability to enable or disable the BGP graceful restart capability for an individual BGP neighbor, peer group, or peer session template was introduced. The following example is configured on Router B in the figure below and enables the BGP graceful restart capability for the BGP peer session template named S1 and disables the BGP graceful restart capability for the BGP peer session template named S2. The external BGP neighbor at Router A (192.168.1.2) inherits peer session template S1, and the BGP graceful restart capability is enabled for this neighbor. Another external BGP neighbor at Router E (192.168.3.2) is configured with the BGP graceful restart capability disabled after inheriting peer session template S2.

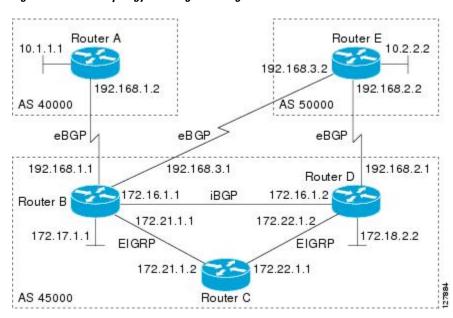


Figure 2: Network Topology Showing BGP Neighbors for BGP Graceful Restart

The BGP graceful restart capability is enabled for an individual internal BGP neighbor, Router C at 172.21.1.2, whereas the BGP graceful restart is disabled for the BGP neighbor at Router D, 172.16.1.2, because it is a member of the peer group PG1. The disabling of BGP graceful restart is configured for all members of the peer group, PG1. The restart and stale-path timers are modified, and the BGP sessions are reset.

```
router bgp 45000
template peer-session S1
remote-as 40000
ha-mode graceful-restart
exit-peer-session
template peer-session S2
remote-as 50000
ha-mode graceful-restart disable
exit-peer-session
bgp log-neighbor-changes
bgp graceful-restart restart-time 150
bgp graceful-restart stalepath-time 400
address-family ipv4 unicast
neighbor PG1 peer-group
```

```
neighbor PG1 remote-as 45000
neighbor PG1 ha-mode graceful-restart disable
neighbor 172.16.1.2 peer-group PG1
neighbor 172.21.1.2 remote-as 45000
neighbor 172.21.1.2 remote-as 45000
neighbor 172.21.1.2 ha-mode graceful-restart
neighbor 192.168.1.2 remote-as 40000
neighbor 192.168.1.2 inherit peer-session S1
neighbor 192.168.3.2 remote-as 50000
neighbor 192.168.3.2 inherit peer-session S2
end
clear ip bgp *
```

To demonstrate how the last configuration instance of the BGP graceful restart capability is applied, the following example initially enables the BGP graceful restart capability globally for all BGP neighbors. A BGP peer group, PG2, is configured with the BGP graceful restart capability disabled. An individual external BGP neighbor, Router A at 192.168.1.2 in the figure above, is then configured to be a member of the peer group, PG2. The last graceful restart configuration instance is applied, and, in this case, the neighbor, 192.168.1.2, inherits the configuration instance from the peer group PG2, and the BGP graceful restart capability is disabled for this neighbor.

```
router bgp 45000
bgp log-neighbor-changes
bgp graceful-restart
address-family ipv4 unicast
neighbor PG2 peer-group
neighbor PG2 remote-as 40000
neighbor PG2 ha-mode graceful-restart disable
neighbor 192.168.1.2 peer-group PG2
end
clear ip bgp *
```

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
BGP commands	Cisco IOS IP Routing: BGP Command Reference

Standards and RFCs

Standard/RFC	Title
RFC 4724	Graceful Restart Mechanism for BGP

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

Feature Information for BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor	15.1(1)SG	The BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor feature enables or disables the BGP graceful restart capability for an individual BGP neighbor, including using peer session templates and BGP peer groups.
		The following commands were introduced by this feature: ha-mode graceful-restart, andneighbor ha-mode graceful-restart.
		The following command was modified by this feature: show ip bgp neighbors .

Feature Information for BGP Graceful Restart per Neighbor