

IS-IS Support for an IS-IS Instance per VRF for IP

This module introduces support for multiple VPN routing and forwarding (VRF)-aware Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS) instances. The VRF functionality allows Internet service providers (ISPs) to separate routing protocol information and propagate it to the appropriate routing table and network neighbors. Using one router with VRF functionality is more cost-effective than using separate routers to separate and forward the routing information.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see **Bug Search Tool** and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Prerequisites for IS-IS Support for an IS-IS Instance per VRF for IP

- You must be running IS-IS on your network.
- The VRF configuration is a prerequisite to associating an IS-IS instance with that specific VRF. However, the VRF configuration is independent of associating it with IS-IS or any other routing protocol. An IS-IS instance cannot be referred to as being VRF-aware until it has been associated with a particular VRF.

Restrictions for IS-IS Support for an IS-IS Instance per VRF for IP

IS-IS VRF support is supported only for IPv4.

When you configure the IS-IS Support for an IS-IS Instance per VRF for IP feature, you must comply with the following nine best practices guidelines:

- IS-IS instances running Connectionless Network Services (CLNS) must have the same system ID.
- An IS-IS instance that is running CLNS or IPv6 cannot be associated with a VRF.
- You can configure only one IS-IS instance to run both CLNS and IP.
- IS-IS instances within the same VRF must have unique system IDs, although IS-IS instances located in separate VRFs can have the same system ID.
- You can associate an IS-IS instance with only one VRF.
- You can configure the passive-interface default command only on one IS-IS instance per VRF.
- · Redistribution is allowed only within the same VRF.
- · You can enable only one IS-IS instance per interface.
- An interface can belong to an IS-IS instance only if they are associated with the same VRF.



If you are using LDP, you cannot use the **route-target** command when configuring a VRF. The router will use BGP for Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) labels.

Information About IS-IS Support for an IS-IS Instance per VRF for IP

VRF-Aware IS-IS

You can configure IS-IS to be VRF-aware. A VRF consists of an IP routing table, a derived Cisco Express Forwarding (CEF) table, a set of interfaces that use the forwarding table, and a set of rules and routing protocol parameters that control the information that is included in the routing table.

IS-IS Support for an IS-IS Instance per VRF for IP Feature Operation

ISPs have the capability to create multiple VRF-aware IS-IS instances that run on one router, rather than requiring duplicate hardware. IS-IS can be enabled to be VRF-aware, and ISPs can use multiple VRF-aware IS-IS instances to separate customer data while propagating the information to appropriate service providers.

For example, an ISP can create three VRFs--VRF First, VRF Second, and VRF Third--to represent three separate customers. A VRF-aware IS-IS instance is created and associated with each VRF: tagFIRST, tagSECOND, and tagTHIRD. Each instance will have its own routing process, IS-IS database, and routing table, and will calculate its own shortest path first (SPF) tree.

How to Configure IS-IS Support for an IS-IS Instance per VRF for IP

Creating a VRF

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3**. ip cef [distributed]
- 4. ip vrf vrf-name
- 5. rd route-distinguisher
- 6. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.

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	Command or Action	Purpose
		• Enter your password if prompted.
	Example:	
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ip cef [distributed]	(Optional) Enables CEF on the Route Processor card.
	Example:	• If CEF is not enabled by default on your particular platform, you must configure it with the ip cef command.
	Device(config)# ip cef distributed	
Step 4	ip vrf vrf-name	Configures a VRF routing table, and enters VRF configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# ip vrf vrfFirst	
Step 5	rd route-distinguisher	Creates routing and forwarding tables for a VRF.
	Example:	
	Device(config-vrf)# rd 1:1	
Step 6	end	Exits VRF configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-vrf)# end	

Attaching an Interface to the VRF

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** interface *type number*
- 4. ip vrf forwarding vrf-name
- 5. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	interface type number	Configures an interface type and enters interface configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# interface Gigabitethernet 0/0	
Step 4	ip vrf forwarding vrf-name	Associates a VPN routing and forwarding instance (VRF) with an interface or subinterface.
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config-if)# ip vrf forwarding vrfFirst</pre>	
Step 5	end	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-if)# end	

Creating VRF Aware IS-IS Instances

Before You Begin

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- You must have IS-IS running on your network.
- If CEF is not enabled by default on your platform, enable CEF to associate interfaces with VRF-aware IS-IS instances.

Creating a VRF-Aware IS-IS Instance in Interface Configuration Mode

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** interface type number
- 4. ip address ip-address mask [secondary]
- 5. ip router isis process-tag
- 6. no shutdown
- 7. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	interface type number	Configures an interface type and enters interface configuration mode
	Example:	
	Device(config)# interface FastEthernet 0/2	
Step 4	ip address <i>ip-address</i> mask [secondary]	Sets a primary or secondary IP address for an interface.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if)# ip address 172.16.11.1 255.255.255.255	
Step 5	ip router isis process-tag	Configures an IS-IS routing process for IP on an interface and attaches a tag to the routing process.
	Example:	
	Device(config-if)# ip router isis vrfFirst	

Command or Action	Purpose
	Note The configuration of the interface-mode ip router isis command will overwrite the prior configuration on that interface, but only if the new configuration is attempting to change the interface ownership to a different instance that is in the same VRF as the currently configured owner instance. The configuration will be rejected if the attempted change is between two instances that are associated with different VRFs.
no shutdown	Restarts a disabled interface.
Example:	
Device(config-if)# no shutdown	
end	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
Example:	
Device(config-if)# end	
	<pre>no shutdown Example: Device(config-if)# no shutdown end Example:</pre>

Creating a VRF-Aware IS-IS Instance in Router Configuration Mode

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. router isis process-tag
- 4. vrf vrf-name
- **5. net** *network-entity-title*
- 6. end

DETAILED STEPS

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	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	router isis process-tag	Enables the IS-IS routing protocol, specifies an IS-IS process, and enters router configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config)# router isis tagFirst</pre>	
Step 4	vrf vrf-name	Associates an IS-IS instance with a VRF.
	Example:	• It is presumed that the VRF named vrfFirst was previously created.
	<pre>Device(config-router)# vrf vrfFirst</pre>	
Step 5	net network-entity-title	Configures an IS-IS NET for a CLNS routing process.
	Example:	
	Device(config-router)# net 49.000b.0000.0001.0002.00	
Step 6	end	Exits router configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-router)# end	

Configuration Examples for IS-IS Support for an IS-IS Instance per VRF for IP

Example: Configuring Multiple VRF-Aware IS-IS Instances

In the following example, the VRF Second is created and an IS-IS instance is created explicitly by entering the **router isis** command on the router:

```
Router(config)# ip cef distributed
Router(config)# ip routing
Router(config)# ip vrf Second
Router(config-vrf)# rd 1:1
Router(config-if)# router isis tagSecond
Router(config-router)# vrf Second
Router(config-router)# net 49.000b.0000.0001.0002.00
```

The VRF Third is created and a VRF-aware IS-IS instance is automatically created when the **ip router isis** command is entered:

Router(config)# ip vrf Third
Router(config-vrf)# rd 1:1
Router(config-if)# interface FastEthernet0/2
Router(config-if)# ip vrf forwarding Third
Router(config-if)# ip address 172.16.10.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# ip router isis tagThird
Router(config-if)# no shutdown

A new IS-IS instance with the process tag tagThird will automatically be created and associated with the VRF Third. When the **show running-config** command is entered, the following information for the new IS-IS instance will be displayed:

```
Router# show running-config
Building configuration
.
.
.
router isis tagThird
vrf Third
Router(config)# router isis tagThird
Pouter(config.)# router isis tagThird
```

Router (config-router) # net 49.000b.0001.0001.000 The following sample output verifies information for the VRF-aware IS-IS instances that were created in the previous examples:

Router# show isis tagThird topology Tag tagThird: IS-IS paths to level-2 routers System Id Metric Next-Hop Interface SNPA router-02 10 router-02 Fa4/3 0010.0ddc.e00b router-03 10 router-03 Et.0/2 0006.0e03.0c45 router-04 10 router-04 Fa4/0 000a.f3c3.1c70 router-04 Fa4/1 000a.f3c3.1c71 Router# show clns tagSecond neighbors Tag tagSecond: System Id Interface SNPA State Holdtime Type Protocol 00d0.2b7f.9502 router-03 Fa0/2 Up g L2 IS-IS Up 27 router-03 PO2/2.1 DLCI 211 L2 IS-IS PO2/0.1 Up router-02 DLCI 131 29 L2 IS-IS 7 router-11 Fa0/4 000e.d79d.7920 L2 Up IS-IS Fa0/5 000e.d79d.7921 8 T.2 router-11 Up TS-TS router-11 PO3/2.1 DLCI 451 Up 24 L2 IS-IS . Router# show isis tagThird database level-2 Tag tagThird: IS-IS Level-2 Link State Database: LSP Seq Num LSP Checksum LSP Holdtime LSPID ATT/P/OL router-01.00-00 0x000000A 0x5E73 914 0/0/0 router-01.03-00 0x0000001 0x8E41 894 0/0/0 router-01.04-00 0x0000001 0x8747 894 0/0/0 router-03.00-00 * 0x0000005 0x55AD 727 0/0/0 * 0x0000001 router-03.02-00 0x3B97 727 0/0/0 router-02.00-00 0x0000004 0xC1FB 993 0/0/0 router-02.01-00 0x0000001 0x448D 814 0/0/0 0x0000004 0x76D0 router-04.00-00 892 0/0/0 Router# show isis tagThird database level-1 Tag tagThird: IS-IS Level-1 Link State Database: LSP Seq Num LSP Checksum LSP Holdtime ATT/P/OL LSPID * 0x000000B router-03.00-00 0xBDF6 1005 1/0/0 * 0x0000001 router-03.02-00 0xC473 940 0/0/0

0/0/0

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```
router-07.00-00
                       0x00000006
                                    0x403A
                                                  940
Router# show clns tagSecond protocol
IS-IS Router: tagSecond
  System Id: 0000.0001.0002.00 IS-Type: level-2-only
 Manual area address(es):
        49.000b
  Routing for area address(es):
        49.000b
  Interfaces supported by IS-IS:
       FastEthernet4/1 - IP
        FastEthernet4/0 - IP
       Ethernet0/2 - IP
       FastEthernet4/3 - TP
  Redistributing:
   static
  Distance: 110
  RRR level: none
  Generate narrow metrics: level-1-2
  Accept narrow metrics: level-1-2
  Generate wide metrics:
                         none
 Accept wide metrics:
                           none
Router# show clns tagThird protocol
IS-IS Router: tagThird
  System Id: 0000.0001.0001.00 IS-Type: level-1-2
  Manual area address(es):
       49.000b
  Routing for area address(es):
        49.000b
  Interfaces supported by IS-IS:
       POS2/2.1 - IP
        FastEthernet0/2 - IP
        FastEthernet0/4 - IP
       POS2/0.1 - IP
        FastEthernet0/5 - IP
       POS3/2.1 - IP
  Redistributing:
   static
  Distance: 110
  RRR level: none
  Generate narrow metrics: none
  Accept narrow metrics: none
                           level-1-2
  Generate wide metrics:
  Accept wide metrics:
                           level-1-2
```

Example: Creating an IS-IS Instance Without a Process Tag

In the following example, an IS-IS instance was created without the optional process tag. When an IS-IS instance is created without the optional process tag, you can display its information by entering the commands such as **show clns protocol** with "null" specified for the *process-tag* argument.

```
Router(config)# router isis
Router(config-router)# vrf first
Router(config-router)# net 49.000b.0000.0001.ffff.00
Router(config-router)# is-type level-1
Router(config-router)# is-type level-1
Router(config-if)# ip vrf forwarding first
Router(config-if)# ip vrf forwarding first
Router(config-if)# ip address 172.16.2.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# ip router isis
Router(config-if)# no shutdown
```

Because the IS-IS instance is created without the optional process tag, its information is displayed when the **show clns protocol** command is entered with with "null" specified for the *process-tag* argument:

```
Router# show clns null protocol
IS-IS Router: <Null Tag>
  System Id: 0000.0001.FFFF.00 IS-Type: level-1
  Manual area address(es):
```

```
49.000b
Routing for area address(es):
      49.000b
Interfaces supported by IS-IS:
     POS6/1 - IP
Redistributing:
  static
Distance: 110
RRR level: none
Generate narrow metrics: level-1-2
Accept narrow metrics:
                         level-1-2
Generate wide metrics:
                         none
Accept wide metrics:
                         none
```

Example: Redistributing Routes from an IS-IS Instance

In the following sample configuration, routes have been redistributed from the IS-IS instance "null" into the IS-IS instance named tagBLUE. Routes from an OSPF process in VRF Blue have been redistributed into the IS-IS instance named tagBLUE.

In order to redistribute between two different IS-IS instances they must be configured in the same VRF context.

Example: Changing the Interface Ownership

In the following sample configuration, POS interface 6/1 was originally enabled for IS-IS IP routing for a "null" instance that does not have a process tag, which is in vrfSecond. The new configuration changes the ownership of POS interface 6/1 to another instance tagSecond, which is also in vrfSecond.



Note

Use of the **ip router isis** command in interface configuration mode will overwrite the prior configuration on that interface, but only if the new configuration is attempting to change the interface ownership to a different instance that is in the same VRF as the currently configured owner instance. The configuration will be rejected if the attempted change is between two instances that are associated with different VRFs.

Router(config)# interface POS 6/1
Router(config-if)# ip router isis tagSecond
%ISIS: Interface detached from null and to be attached to instance tagSecond.

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Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
IS-IS commands: complete command syntax, command mode, defaults, command history, usage guidelines, and examples	Cisco IOS IP Routing: ISIS Command Reference
Overview of Cisco IS-IS conceptual information with links to all the individual IS-IS modules	"Integrated IS-IS Routing Protocol Overview" module
ISO CLNS commands	Cisco IOS ISO CLNS Command Reference
Command Lookup Tool	http://tools.cisco.com/Support/CLILookup

Standards

Standards	Title
No new or modified standards are supported by this feature, and support for existing standards has not been modified by this feature.	

MIBs

MIBs	MIBs Link
No new or modified MIBs are supported by this feature, and support for existing MIBs has not been modified by this feature.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

RFCs

RFCs	Title
No new or modified RFCs are supported by this feature, and support for existing RFCs has not been modified by this feature.	

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

Feature Information for IS-IS Support for an IS-IS Instance per VRF for IP

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
IS-IS Support for an IS-IS Instance per VRF for IP	12.0(29)S 12.2(33)SRB 15.0(1)M 15.0(1)SY	This feature provides multiple VPN routing and forwarding (VRF)-aware Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS) instances. The VRF functionality allows Internet service providers (ISPs) to separate routing protocol information and propagate it to the appropriate routing table and network neighbors. Using one router with VRF functionality is more cost-effective than using separate routers to separate and forward the routing information. The following commands were introduced or modified: show clns neighbors, show clns protocol, show isis database, show isis topology, and vrf (router configuration).

Table 1: Feature Information for IS-IS Support for an IS-IS Instance per VRF for IP

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