Configuring ISG Accounting

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Intelligent Services Gateway (ISG) is a Cisco IOS software feature set that provides a structured framework in which edge devices can deliver flexible and scalable services to subscribers. This module describes how to configure ISG accounting, including per-session accounting or per-flow accounting, broadcast accounting, and postpaid tariff switching.

Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the Feature Information Table at the end of this document.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Restrictions for ISG Accounting

ISG accounting supports only the RADIUS protocol.

If authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) broadcast accounting is used in conjunction with periodic accounting, you cannot configure different accounting periods for different accounting groups.

Postpaid billing and tariff switching are not supported on the Cisco 10000-PRE2.

Beginning in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC, the Cisco 7600 router supports ISG accounting with the following restrictions:

- Per-flow accounting based on traffic class is not supported because the Cisco 7600 router does not support the traffic class feature.
- ISG postpaid tariff switching with ISG per-service accounting is not supported.

Information About ISG Accounting

Overview of ISG Accounting

ISG supports both per-session and per-flow accounting. Per-session accounting is the aggregate of all the flow traffic for a session. Per-session accounting can be enabled in a user profile or in a service profile or service policy map.

Per-flow accounting, which accounts for a subset of session traffic as defined by a traffic class, is enabled in a service profile or service policy map. When per-flow accounting is configured, the Parent-Session-ID vendor-specific attribute (VSA) is included in accounting records so that per-session and per-flow accounting records can be correlated in the RADIUS server.

When accounting is configured in a user profile, the service name attribute is not included in accounting records.

Session accounting is enabled if the **aaa accounting network default** command is configured and a AAA method list is specified. (It is recommended that you use a named method list rather than the default method list.) Flow accounting is disabled by default and will take place only if a AAA method list is specified in the service profile or service policy map. ISG accounting sends Accounting-Start, interim, and Accounting-Stop records to the specified AAA method list.

ISG Accounting Messages on ANCP Ports

Accounting messages sent by ISG for sessions on an Access Node Control Protocol (ANCP) port contain the following AAA attributes: nas-tx-speed, nas-tx-speed-bps, nas-rx-speed, and nas-rx-speed-bps. ISG retrieves the values for these attributes from the Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer (DSLAM) ANCP notification sent to ISG or from the Quality of Service (QoS) policy configured on the interface.

When an ANCP port is in an UP state, the attribute values are taken from the DSLAM ANCP notification sent to ISG. If the ANCP port state changes to a DOWN state, the ANCP accounting messages will continue to contain the AAA attributes sent in the DSLAM notification.

If the ANCP-port state has never been set to the UP state, ISG can retrieve the nas-tx-speed, nas-tx-speed-bps, nas-rx-speed, and nas-rx-speed-bps AAA attributes from the QoS policy on that interface.

In order to retrieve the AAA attributes from the QoS policy, the policy must be configured prior to the configuration of the ANCP neighbor, otherwise ISG uses the previous values (if any) for the AAA attributes when a session is established.

If the QoS policy values are changed, ISG continue to use the previous values until the ANCP neighbor is removed and reconfigured.

ISG Accounting Records

ISG accounting uses the RADIUS protocol to facilitate interaction between ISG and an external RADIUS-based AAA or mediation server. ISG sends accounting records with the associated attributes to the AAA accounting method list when the following events occur: account logon, account logoff, service logon, and service logoff. The accounting server can be configured to interpret the records to generate bills for postpaid sessions.

Account Logon and Logoff

ISG sends a RADIUS Accounting-Request record to the specified AAA method list when a subscriber logs onto or off of ISG. The Acct-Status-Type attribute included in the Accounting-Request record indicates if the record marks the start (commencement) of the subscriber session or the stop (termination) of the session.

When the **aaa accounting** command is enabled with the **system**, **default**, **start-stop**, and **group** keywords, accounting records are sent to the AAA server. When a subscriber logs on, ISG sends an Accounting-Start record to the AAA server. When a subscriber logs off, ISG sends an Accounting-Stop record.

Service Logon and Logoff

ISG sends a RADIUS Accounting-Start record to the AAA server when a service is activated for a subscriber, and it sends an Accounting-Stop record when a service is deactivated. The record contains a different accounting session ID from the accounting session ID of the parent session.

The Acct-Status-Type attribute included in the Accounting-Request record indicates whether the record marks the start or the end of the service. The name of the service is included in accounting records for service logon and logoff.

Accounting records may be sent for events other than account and service logon and logoff. See the "Configuring Accounting" chapter of the *Cisco IOS Security Configuration Guide,* Release 12.2, for more information.

Interim ISG Accounting Updates

ISG supports interim (intermittent) RADIUS accounting updates, which work the same way as "watchdog" RADIUS accounting. Accounting updates are sent between the times that ISG sends Accounting-Start and Accounting-Stop records.

ISG supports two types of interim accounting: accounting updates for new information (such as a new IP address) and periodic accounting, in which accounting records are sent at a configurable interval.

Interim accounting for new information can be enabled or disabled globally. Periodic accounting can be enabled for specific contexts, such as globally, in user profiles, and in services.

Broadcast ISG Accounting

ISG supports AAA broadcast accounting, which is the ability to send user accounting records to multiple RADIUS servers. AAA broadcast accounting provides service providers with geographical redundancy for

RADIUS servers, and provides accounting records to partners in wholesale models. For information about configuring AAA broadcast accounting, see the "Configuring Accounting" chapter in the "Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting" part of the *Cisco IOS Security Configuration Guide*.

ISG Postpaid Tariff Switching

ISG postpaid tariff switching allows changes in tariffs during the lifetime of a connection. This feature applies to time-based or volume-based postpaid sessions in which the tariff changes at certain times of the day.

Typically, a service provider would use postpaid tariff switching to offer different tariffs to a subscriber while the subscriber is still connected; for example, changing a subscriber to a less expensive tariff during off-peak hours.

To handle tariff switches for postpaid connections, the accounting packets log the usage information during the various tariff-switch intervals. The service profile contains a weekly tariff-switch plan detailing the times of day at which tariff changes occur. ISG monitors the usage at every tariff-switch point and records this information in interim accounting records. The billing server monitors all interim accounting updates and obtains the information about the traffic sent at each tariff rate.

Note   Tariff switching is not required for time-based billing services. Because the billing server knows the service logon time stamp and logoff time stamp, it can calculate the various tariffs that apply during that time.

How to Configure ISG Accounting

Enabling ISG Per-Session Accounting

Per-session accounting can be configured in the following configuration sources:

- User profile on a AAA server
- Service profile on a AAA server
- Service policy map on the ISG device

This procedure contains the following sections:

Prerequisites

ISG sends accounting records to the authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) method list specified in the user profile, service profile, or service policy map. The tasks in this section assume that you have configured a AAA method list by using the **aaa accounting** command. See the Cisco IOS Security Command Reference for more information.

AAA servers must be configured to support ISG accounting.

Enabling Per-Session Accounting in a User Profile on a AAA Server

Use the attributes in this procedure to enable per-session accounting in a user profile on a AAA server. When accounting is configured in the user profile instead of the service profile, the Service Name attribute does not appear in the accounting.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. Cisco-Avpair="accounting-list=*accounting-mlist-name* "
2. IETF RADIUS attribute Acct-Interim-Interval (attribute 85)

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 Cisco-Avpair="accounting-list=*accounting-mlist-name* "
Add the Accounting attribute to the user profile. This attribute enables accounting and specifies the AAA method list to which accounting updates will be sent.

Step 2 IETF RADIUS attribute Acct-Interim-Interval (attribute 85)
(Optional) Add the Acct-Interim-Interval (attribute 85) to the user profile. This attribute specifies the number of seconds between interim updates.

Enabling Per-Session Accounting in a Service Profile on a AAA Server

Use the attributes in this procedure to enable per-session accounting in a service profile on a AAA server. Note that for per-session accounting the traffic class attribute should not be included in the service profile.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. Cisco-Avpair="accounting-list=*accounting-mlist-name* "
2. IETF RADIUS attribute Acct-Interim-Interval (attribute 85)

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 Cisco-Avpair="accounting-list=*accounting-mlist-name* "
Add the Accounting attribute to the service profile. This attribute enables accounting and specifies the AAA method list to which accounting updates will be sent.

Step 2 IETF RADIUS attribute Acct-Interim-Interval (attribute 85)

(Optional) Add the Acct-Interim-Interval (attribute 85) to the service profile. This attribute specifies the number of seconds between interim updates.

Enabling Per-Session Accounting in a Service Policy Map on the Router

To configure per-session accounting in a service policy map on the router, you must configure an empty traffic class map (a traffic class map that does not specify an access list) and enable accounting within the empty traffic class in a service policy map. Perform this task to enable per-session accounting in a service policy map.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **class-map type traffic match-any** class-map-name
4. **exit**
5. **policy-map type service** *policy-map-name*
6. [*priority*] **class type traffic** *class-map-name*
7. **accounting aaa list** *AAA-method-list*

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	**enable** **Example:** `Router> enable`	Enables privileged EXEC mode. • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	**configure terminal** **Example:** `Router# configure terminal`	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	**class-map type traffic match-any** class-map-name **Example:** `Router(config)# class-map type traffic match-any empty-class`	Creates or modifies a traffic class map, which is used for matching packets to a specified ISG traffic class, and enters traffic class-map configuration mode. • For per-session accounting, create an empty traffic class map; that is, a traffic class map that does not specify an access list for matching traffic.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 4	**exit** **Example:** Router(config-traffic-classmap)# exit	Exits traffic class-map configuration mode.
Step 5	**policy-map type service** *policy-map-name* **Example:** Router(config)# policy-map type service service1	Creates or defines a service policy map, which is used to define an ISG service, and enters service policy-map configuration mode.
Step 6	[*priority*] **class type traffic** *class-map-name* **Example:** Router(config-service-policymap)# class type traffic empty-class	Specifies a named traffic class whose policy you want to create or change, and enters service policy traffic class configuration mode. • In this step, reference the empty traffic class map that you created in Step 3.
Step 7	**accounting aaa list** *AAA-method-list* **Example:** Router(config-service-policymap-class-traffic)# accounting aaa list list1	Enables accounting and specifies the AAA method list to which accounting updates will be sent.

What to Do Next

You may want to configure a method of activating the service policy map or service profile; for example, control policies can be used to activate services. For more information about methods of service activation, see the module "Configuring ISG Subscriber Services".

Troubleshooting Tips

The following commands can be used to troubleshoot ISG accounting:

- **debug aaa accounting**
- **debug radius** [**brief**]
- **debug subscriber feature name accounting** {**event** | **error** | **detail**}

Enabling ISG Per-Flow Accounting

ISG per-flow accounting can be configured in the following configuration sources:

- Service profile on a AAA server
- Service policy map on the ISG device

This procedure contains the following sections:

Prerequisites

ISG sends accounting records to the authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) method list specified in the user profile, service profile, or service policy map. The tasks in this section assume that you have configured a AAA method list by using the **aaa accounting** command. See the Cisco IOS Security Command Reference for more information.

AAA servers must be configured to support ISG accounting.

Enabling Per-Flow Accounting in a Service Profile on the AAA Server

Perform this task to configure per-flow accounting in a service profile on the AAA server.

This task assumes that you have defined IP access lists for specifying traffic.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. Cisco-AVpair = "ip:traffic-class={in | out} access-group [*acl-number* | name *acl-name*] [priority *n*]"
2. Cisco-Avpair="accounting-list=*accounting-mlist-name* "
3. IETF RADIUS attribute Acct-Interim-Interval (attribute 85)

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1   Cisco-AVpair = "ip:traffic-class={in | out} access-group [*acl-number* | name *acl-name*] [priority *n*]"
Add the ISG Traffic Class attribute to the service profile. This attribute specifies input and output traffic to which the service will apply. Both an input and output traffic classifier can be added to a service profile.

Step 2   Cisco-Avpair="accounting-list=*accounting-mlist-name* "
Add the Accounting attribute to the service profile on the AAA server. This attribute enables accounting and specifies the AAA method list to which accounting updates will be sent. The AAA method list must be configured.

> **Note** If this attribute is configured in a service profile that does not include a traffic class, accounting is performed on the session rather than on the flow.

Step 3   IETF RADIUS attribute Acct-Interim-Interval (attribute 85)
(Optional) Add the IETF RADIUS attribute Acct-Interim-Interval (attribute 85) to the service profile on the AAA server. This attribute specifies the number of seconds between interim updates.

Enabling Per-Flow Accounting in a Service Policy Map on the Router

Perform this task to enable accounting in a local service policy map for a specific flow.

This task assumes that you have defined a traffic class map and associated IP access lists. See the module "Configuring ISG Subscriber Services" for more information about configuring traffic classes.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **policy-map type service** *policy-map-name*
4. **class type traffic** *class-map-name*
5. **accounting aaa list** *AAA-method-list*
6. **exit**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	**enable** **Example:** Router> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	**configure terminal** **Example:** Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	**policy-map type service** *policy-map-name* **Example:** Router(config)# policy-map type service service1	Creates or defines a service policy map, which is used to define an ISG service and enters service policy-map configuration mode.
Step 4	**class type traffic** *class-map-name* **Example:** Router(config-service-policymap)# class type traffic firstclass	Associates a previously configured traffic class with the policy map and enters
Step 5	**accounting aaa list** *AAA-method-list* **Example:** Router(config-control-policymap-class-traffic)# accounting aaa list list1	Enables accounting and specifies the AAA method list to which accounting updates will be sent. • The AAA method list must be configured.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	exit **Example:** `Router(config-control-policymap-class-traffic)# exit`	Returns to service policy-map configuration mode.

Troubleshooting Tips

The following commands can be used to troubleshoot ISG accounting:

- **debug aaa accounting**
- **debug radius** [**brief**]
- **debug subscriber feature name accounting** {**event** | **error** | **detail**}

What to Do Next

You may want to configure a method of activating the service policy map or service profile; for example, control policies can be used to activate services. For more information about methods of service activation, see the module "Configuring ISG Subscriber Services".

Configuring ISG Postpaid Tariff Switching

ISG postpaid tariff switching can be configured in the service profile on a AAA server.

If you include a traffic class in the service profile, postpaid tariff switching will apply to the specified flow. If you do not configure a traffic class, postpaid tariff switching will apply to the session. Perform this task to configure per-session or per-flow postpaid tariff switching.

ISG per-session or per-flow accounting must be configured in order for postpaid tariff switching to work.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. Cisco-AVpair = "PPW*hh*:*mm*:*ss*:*d*"
2. Cisco-AVpair = "ip:traffic-class={in | out} access-group [*acl-number* | name *acl-name*] [priority *n*]"

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1   Cisco-AVpair = "PPW*hh*:*mm*:*ss*:*d*"

Add the Post Paid VSA to the service profile. This attribute specifies the weekly tariff-switch points for postpaid tariff switching. The syntax description follows:

hh :*mm*:*ss*:*d*--Weekly tariff-switch time.

- hh = hour of day <0-23>
- mm = minutes <0-59>
- ss = seconds <0-59>
- d = bitmap format for the days of week. Each weekday is represented by one bit, as follows:

00000001 = Monday

00000010 = Tuesday

00000100 = Wednesday

00001000 = Thursday

00010000 = Friday

00100000 = Saturday

01000000 = Sunday

Step 2   Cisco-AVpair = "ip:traffic-class={in | out} access-group [*acl-number* | name *acl-name*] [priority *n*]"
Add the ISG Traffic Class attribute to the service profile. This attribute specifies input and output traffic to which the service will apply. Both an input and output traffic classifier can be added to a service profile.

What to Do Next

You may want to configure a method of activating the service policy map or service profile; for example, control policies can be used to activate services. For more information about methods of service activation, see the module "Configuring ISG Subscriber Services".

Verifying ISG Accounting and Postpaid Tariff Switching

•   Use the **s how subscriber session** command to verify ISG accounting and postpaid tariff switching configuration.

•   Use the **show aaa sessions** command to display information about AAA subscriber sessions.

•   Use the **show aaa user** command to display information about AAA subscribers.

Examples

This section contains the examples of output from the commands used for verification.

show subscriber session Output When ISG Accounting Is Applied to a Flow

In the following example, ISG accounting is configured in a service profile that specifies a traffic class, which means that accounting will be performed on the flow and not the parent session. In this example, 157 is the unique ID of the traffic class.

```
Router# show subscriber session detailed uid 157
Subscriber session handle: E5000092, state: connected, service: Ltm Internal
Unique Session ID: 157
Identifier:
SIP subscriber access type(s): Traffic-Class
Root SIP Handle: 2B000011, PID: 76
Current SIP options: Req Fwding/Req Fwded
Session Up-time: 3 minutes, 45 seconds, Last Changed: 3 minutes, 45 seconds
AAA unique ID: 0
```

```
Switch handle: F300015F
Session inbound features:
Feature: Service accounting
 Service: video1
 Method List: remote-local
 Outbound direction:
```

Packets = 84, Bytes = 33600

```
Feature: Policing
 Upstream Params:
Average rate = 8000, Normal burst = 1500, Excess burst = 3000
Config level = Service
Session outbound features:
Feature: Service accounting
 Service: video1
 Method List: remote-local
 Outbound direction:
        Packets = 84, Bytes = 33600
Feature: Policing
 Dnstream Params:
Average rate = 64000, Normal burst = 12000, Excess burst = 24000
Config level = Service
Configuration sources associated with this session:
```

Service: video1, Active Time = 3 minutes, 46 seconds

show subscriber session Output When ISG Accounting Is Applied to a Session

The following example shows sample output from the **show subscriber session** command for a session rather than a flow:

```
Router# show subscriber session detailed uid 730
Subscriber session handle: 3800009A, state: connected, service: Local Term
Unique Session ID: 730
Identifier: igq2acct
SIP subscriber access type(s): IP-Interface/Account-Logon-CH
Root SIP Handle: A600000E, PID: 75
Child SIP Handle: F9000018, PID: 73
Current SIP options: Req Fwding/Req Fwded
Session Up-time: 3 minutes, 57 seconds, Last Changed: 2 minutes, 59 seconds
AAA unique ID: 81
Switch handle: 890003A0
Interface: ATM6/0.1
Policy information:
  Authentication status: authen
  Config downloaded for session policy:
  From Access-Type: Account-Logon-CH, Client: SM, Event: Got More Keys
    Profile name: apply-config-only, 2 references
      ssg-account-info      "SAfoo"
  Rules, actions and conditions executed:
    subscriber rule-map rule1
      condition always event any-event
        action 1 authenticate
Session inbound features:
Feature: Session accounting
 Method List: foo
 Outbound direction:
        Packets = 10, Bytes = 1000
Session outbound features:
Feature: Session accounting
 Method List: foo
 Outbound direction:
        Packets = 10, Bytes = 1000
Configuration sources associated with this session:
```

Interface: ATM6/0.1, Active Time = 3 minutes, 58 seconds

This example shows the output from the **show aaa sessions** command:

```
Router# show aaa sessions
```

```
Total sessions since last reload: 141
Session Id: 167
   Unique Id: 151
   User Name: *not available*
   IP Address: 192.168.0.1
   Idle Time: 0
   CT Call Handle: 0
```

The following examples show the output from the **show aaa user** command:

Output for a Specific User

```
Unique id 151 is currently in use.
Accounting:
  log=0x20C201
  Events recorded :
    CALL START
    NET UP
    IPCP_PASS
    INTERIM START
    VPDN NET UP
  update method(s) :
    PERIODIC
  update interval = 60
Outstanding Stop Records : 0
```

Dynamic attribute list:

```
1A1CABE8 0 00000001 connect-progress(68) 4 Call Up
    1A1CABF8 0 00000001 pre-session-time(294) 4 0(0)
    1A1CAC08 0 00000001 nas-tx-speed(421) 4 423630024(194014C8)
    1A1CAC18 0 00000001 nas-rx-speed(71) 4 139317740(84DD1EC)
    1A1CAC28 0 00000001 elapsed_time(364) 4 46122(B42A)
    1A1CAC50 0 00000001 bytes_in(135) 4 11434660(AE7AA4)
    1A1CAC60 0 00000001 bytes_out(274) 4 0(0)
    1A1CAC70 0 00000001 pre-bytes-in(290) 4 0(0)
    1A1CAC80 0 00000001 pre-bytes-out(291) 4 0(0)
    1A1CAC90 0 00000001 paks_in(136) 4 92215(16837)
    1A1CADF0 0 00000001 paks_out(275) 4 0(0)
    1A1CAE00 0 00000001 pre-paks-in(292) 4 0(0)
    1A1CAE10 0 00000001 pre-paks-out(293) 4 0(0)
  No data for type EXEC
  No data for type CONN
  NET: Username=(n/a)
    Session Id=000000A7 Unique Id=00000097
    Start Sent=1 Stop Only=N
    stop_has_been_sent=N
    Method List=189F046C : Name = CAR_mlist
    Attribute list:
      1A1CADF0 0 00000001 session-id(361) 4 167(A7)
1A1CAE00 0 00000001 protocol(297) 4 ip
      1A1CAE10 0 00000001 addr(8) 4 192.168.0.1
      1A1CAE20 0 00000001 Framed-Protocol(101) 4 PPP
      1A1CAE30 0 00000009 clid-mac-addr(37) 6 00 00 04 00 00 2A
--------
  No data for type CMD
  No data for type SYSTEM
  No data for type RM CALL
  No data for type RM VPDN
  No data for type AUTH PROXY
  No data for type 8
  No data for type CALL
  No data for type VPDN-TUNNEL
  No data for type VPDN-TUNNEL-LINK
  No data for type 12
  No data for type IPSEC-TUNNEL
  No data for type RESOURCE
  No data for type 15
Debg: No data available
Radi: No data available
Interface:
```

```
      TTY Num = -1
    Stop Received = 0
    Byte/Packet Counts till Call Start:
Start Bytes In = 0              Start Bytes Out = 0
    Start Paks  In = 0              Start Paks  Out = 0
    Byte/Packet Counts till Service Up:
    Pre Bytes In = 0               Pre Bytes Out = 0
    Pre Paks  In = 0               Pre Paks  Out = 0
    Cumulative Byte/Packet Counts :
    Bytes In = 11434660        Bytes Out = 0
    Paks  In = 92215           Paks  Out = 0
    StartTime = 12:02:40 IST Oct 16 2007
    AuthenTime = 12:02:40 IST Oct 16 2007
    Component = IEDGE_ACCOUNTING
Authen: service=NONE type=NONE method=RADIUS
Kerb: No data available
Meth: No data available
Preauth: No Preauth data.
General:
    Unique Id = 00000097
    Session Id = 000000A7
    Attribute List:
      1A1CADF0 0 00000001 port-type(198) 4 PPPoE over VLAN
      1A1CAE00 0 00000009 interface(194) 7 4/0/0/2
PerU: No data available
```

Output for All Users

```
Router# show aaa user all

--------------------------------------------------
Unique id 151 is currently in use.
Accounting:
  log=0x20C201
  Events recorded :
    CALL START
    NET UP
    IPCP_PASS
    INTERIM START
    VPDN NET UP
  update method(s) :
    PERIODIC
  update interval = 60
Outstanding Stop Records : 0
  Dynamic attribute list:
    1A1CABE8 0 00000001 connect-progress(68) 4 Call Up
    1A1CABF8 0 00000001 pre-session-time(294) 4 0(0)
    1A1CAC08 0 00000001 nas-tx-speed(421) 4 423630024(194014C8)
    1A1CAC18 0 00000001 nas-rx-speed(71) 4 139317740(84DD1EC)
    1A1CAC28 0 00000001 elapsed_time(364) 4 46122(B42A)
    1A1CAC50 0 00000001 bytes_in(135) 4 11434660(AE7AA4)
    1A1CAC60 0 00000001 bytes_out(274) 4 0(0)
    1A1CAC70 0 00000001 pre-bytes-in(290) 4 0(0)
    1A1CAC80 0 00000001 pre-bytes-out(291) 4 0(0)
    1A1CAC90 0 00000001 paks_in(136) 4 92215(16837)
    1A1CADF0 0 00000001 paks_out(275) 4 0(0)
    1A1CAE00 0 00000001 pre-paks-in(292) 4 0(0)
    1A1CAE10 0 00000001 pre-paks-out(293) 4 0(0)
  No data for type EXEC
  No data for type CONN
  NET: Username=(n/a)
    Session Id=000000A7 Unique Id=00000097
    Start Sent=1 Stop Only=N
    stop_has_been_sent=N
    Method List=189F046C : Name = CAR_mlist
    Attribute list:
      1A1CADF0 0 00000001 session-id(361) 4 167(A7)
1A1CAE00 0 00000001 protocol(297) 4 ip
      1A1CAE10 0 00000001 addr(8) 4 192.168.0.1
      1A1CAE20 0 00000001 Framed-Protocol(101) 4 PPP
      1A1CAE30 0 00000009 clid-mac-addr(37) 6 00 00 04 00 00 2A
--------
```

```
      No data for type CMD
      No data for type SYSTEM
      No data for type RM CALL
      No data for type RM VPDN
      No data for type AUTH PROXY
      No data for type 8
      No data for type CALL
      No data for type VPDN-TUNNEL
      No data for type VPDN-TUNNEL-LINK
      No data for type 12
      No data for type IPSEC-TUNNEL
      No data for type RESOURCE
      No data for type 15
Debg: No data available
Radi: No data available
Interface:
  TTY Num = -1
  Stop Received = 0
  Byte/Packet Counts till Call Start:
Start Bytes In = 0             Start Bytes Out = 0
    Start Paks  In = 0              Start Paks  Out = 0
  Byte/Packet Counts till Service Up:
    Pre Bytes In = 0               Pre Bytes Out = 0
    Pre Paks  In = 0               Pre Paks  Out = 0
  Cumulative Byte/Packet Counts :
    Bytes In = 11434660        Bytes Out = 0
    Paks  In = 92215           Paks  Out = 0
  StartTime = 12:02:40 IST Oct 16 2007
  AuthenTime = 12:02:40 IST Oct 16 2007
  Component = IEDGE_ACCOUNTING
Authen: service=NONE type=NONE method=RADIUS
Kerb: No data available
Meth: No data available
Preauth: No Preauth data.
General:
  Unique Id = 00000097
  Session Id = 000000A7
  Attribute List:
    1A1CADF0 0 00000001 port-type(198) 4 PPPoE over VLAN
    1A1CAE00 0 00000009 interface(194) 7 4/0/0/2
PerU: No data available
```

Configuration Examples for ISG Accounting

Per-Flow Accounting Examples

Per-Flow Accounting Configured in a Local Service Policy Map

The following example shows per-flow accounting configured in a service policy map for a service called "video1":

```
class-map type traffic match-any video1
 match access-group output 101
 match access-group input 100
policy-map type service video1
 class type traffic video1
```

accounting aaa list mlist1

Per-Flow Accounting Configured in a Service Profile on the AAA Server

The following example shows per-flow accounting configured in a remote service profile for a service called "video1":

```
video1        Password = "cisco"
   Cisco-AVpair = "traffic-class=input access-group 101 priority 20",
   Cisco-AVpair = "traffic-class=output access-group 112 priority 20",
   Cisco-Avpair = "accounting-list=remote-local",
   Service-Info = "QU;8000",
```

Service-Info = "QD;64000"

ISG Postpaid Tariff Switching Examples

The following example shows the configuration of a postpaid tariff switch each day of the week at midnight:

```
Cisco-AVpair = "PPW00:00:00:127"
```

The following example shows the configuration of a postpaid tariff switch Monday through Friday at 8:00 p.m.:

```
Cisco-AVpair = "PPW20:00:00:31"
```

The following example shows the configuration of a postpaid tariff switch Monday through Friday at 6:00 a.m.:

```
Cisco-AVpair = "PPW06:00:00:31"
```

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Commands List, All Releases
ISG commands	*Cisco IOS Intelligent Services Gateway Command Reference*
AAA configuration tasks	"Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting (AAA)" section in the *Cisco IOS Security Configuration Guide*
AAA commands	"Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting (AAA)" section in the *Cisco IOS Security Command Reference*
Configuring ISG Subscriber Services	"Configuring ISG Subscriber Services" section in the *Cisco IOS Intelligent Services Gateway Configuration Guide*

Standards

Standard	Title
None	--

MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
No new or modified MIBs are supported by this feature, and support for existing MIBs has not been modified by this feature.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

RFCs

RFC	Title
None	--

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html
To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.	
Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

Feature Information for ISG Accounting

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1   *Feature Information for ISG Accounting*

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Configuration Information
ISG: Accounting: Per Session, Service, and Flow	12.2(28)SB 12.2(33)SRC 12.2(33)XNE 15.0(1)S	ISG accounting provides the means to bill for account or service use. ISG accounting uses the RADIUS protocol to facilitate interaction between ISG and an external RADIUS-based AAA or mediation server. In Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC, support was added for the Cisco 7600 router. **Note** Per-flow accounting based on traffic class and per-service accounting are not supported on the Cisco 7600 router.
ISG: Accounting: Postpaid	12.2(28)SB 12.2(33)SRC 12.2(33)XNE	ISG accounting provides the means to bill for account or service use. ISG sends accounting start and stop records for sessions and services to an accounting server for postpaid billing. The accounting server interprets the records to generate bills. In 12.2(28)SB, this feature was introduced. This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC.

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Configuration Information
ISG: Accounting: Tariff Switching	12.2(28)SB 12.2(33)SRC 12.2(33)XNE	ISG accounting provides the means to bill for account or service usage. Where billing rates change at fixed times and sessions are active across the boundary at which the rates change, ISG will provide accounting data to the billing server indicating the boundary. Tariff switching can also be used between accounting methods, such as switching from prepaid billing to postpaid billing. In 12.2(28)SB, this feature was introduced. This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC. **Note** Per-flow accounting based on traffic class cannot be configured on the Cisco 7600 router.