



## MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration

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The MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration feature enables you to globally configure Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) on every interface associated with a specified Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) instance.

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### Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see [Bug Search Tool](#) and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to [www.cisco.com/go/cfn](http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn). An account on Cisco.com is not required.

### Restrictions for MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration

- In Cisco IOS Release 12.0(32)SY, the **mpls ldp autoconfig** command is supported only with Open Shortest Path First (OSPF). Other Interior Gateway Protocols (IGPs) are not supported.
- If the Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) is disabled globally, the **mpls ldp autoconfig** command fails and generates a console message explaining that LDP must first be enabled globally by using the **mpls ip** global configuration command.

- If the **mpls ldp autoconfig** command is configured for an IGP instance, you cannot enter the **no mpls ip** global configuration command. To disable LDP, you must first issue the **no mpls ldp autoconfig** command.
- For interfaces running Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS) processes, you can enable Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) for each interface, using the router mode command **mpls ldp autoconfig** or the **mpls ldp igp autoconfig** interface configuration command.
- You specify that the default label distribution protocol is LDP for a device or for an interface. Tag Distribution Protocol (TDP) is not supported.
- The MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration feature is not supported on traffic engineering tunnel interfaces.

## Information About MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration

### MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration on OSPF and IS-IS Interfaces

The MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration feature enables you to globally enable Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) on every interface associated with an Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) instance. This feature is supported on Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) and Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS) IGPs. It provides a means to block LDP from being enabled on interfaces that you do not want enabled. The goal of the MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration feature is to make configuration easier, faster, and error free.

You issue the **mpls ldp autoconfig** command to enable LDP on each interface that is running an OSPF or IS-IS process. If you do not want some of the interfaces to have LDP enabled, you can issue the **no mpls ldp igp autoconfig** command on those interfaces.

# How to Configure MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration

## Configuring MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration with OSPF Interfaces

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. enable
2. configure terminal
3. mpls ip
4. mpls label protocol ldp
5. interface *type number*
6. ip address *prefix mask*
7. mpls ip
8. exit
9. router ospf *process-id*
10. network *ip-address wildcard-mask area area-id*
11. mpls ldp autoconfig [*area area-id*]
12. end

### DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	<b>enable</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
Step 2	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	<b>mpls ip</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# mpls ip	Globally enables hop-by-hop forwarding.
Step 4	<b>mpls label protocol ldp</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# mpls label protocol ldp	Specifies the Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) as the default protocol.

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 5</b>	<b>interface</b> <i>type number</i>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# interface POS 0/3/0	Specifies the interface to configure, and enters interface configuration mode.
<b>Step 6</b>	<b>ip address</b> <i>prefix mask</i>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# ip address 10.25.0.11 255.255.255.255	Assigns an IP address to the interface.
<b>Step 7</b>	<b>mpls ip</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# mpls ip	Enables hop-by-hop forwarding on the interface.
<b>Step 8</b>	<b>exit</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# exit	Returns to global configuration mode.
<b>Step 9</b>	<b>router ospf</b> <i>process-id</i>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# router ospf 1	Enables Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) routing, and enters router configuration mode.
<b>Step 10</b>	<b>network</b> <i>ip-address wildcard-mask area area-id</i>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-router)# network 10.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 3	Defines an interface on which OSPF runs and defines the area ID for that interface.
<b>Step 11</b>	<b>mpls ldp autoconfig</b> [ <i>area area-id</i> ]  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-router)# mpls ldp autoconfig area 3	Enables the MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration feature to enable LDP on interfaces belonging to the OSPF process. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If no area is specified, the command applies to all interfaces associated with the OSPF process. If an area ID is specified, then only interfaces associated with that OSPF area are enabled with LDP.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 12</b>	<b>end</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-router)# end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

## Disabling MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration from Selected OSPF Interfaces

When you issue the **mpls ldp autoconfig** command, all the interfaces that belong to an Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) area are enabled for the Label Distribution Protocol (LDP). To remove LDP from some interfaces, use the **no mpls ldp igp autoconfig** command on those interfaces. The following configuration steps show how to disable LDP from some of the interfaces after they were configured with the MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration feature with the **mpls ldp autoconfig** command.

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **interface** *type number*
4. **no mpls ldp igp autoconfig**
5. **end**

### DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	<b>enable</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
Step 2	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	<b>interface</b> <i>type number</i>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# interface POS 3/0	Specifies the interface to configure and enters interface configuration mode.
Step 4	<b>no mpls ldp igp autoconfig</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# no mpls ldp igp autoconfig	Disables LDP for that interface.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	<b>end</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device (config-if) # end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

## Verifying MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration with OSPF

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **show mpls interfaces** [*type number* | **vrf** *vpn-name*] [**all**] [**detail**] [**internal**]
3. **show mpls ldp discovery** [**vrf** *vpn-name* | **all**] [**detail**]

### DETAILED STEPS

**Step 1**     **enable**  
 Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password if prompted.

**Step 2**     **show mpls interfaces** [*type number* | **vrf** *vpn-name*] [**all**] [**detail**] [**internal**]  
 Displays the method used to enable the Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) on an interface:

- If LDP is enabled by the **mpls ldp autoconfig** command, the output displays:

**Example:**

```
IP labeling enabled (ldp):
  IGP config
```

- If LDP is enabled by the **mpls ip** command, the output displays:

**Example:**

```
IP labeling enabled (ldp):
  Interface config
```

- If LDP is enabled by the **mpls ip** command and the **mpls ldp autoconfig** command, the output displays:

**Example:**

```
IP labeling enabled (ldp):
  Interface config
  IGP config
```

The following example shows that LDP was enabled on the interface by both the **mpls ip** and **mpls ldp autoconfig** commands:

**Example:**

```
Device# show mpls interfaces Serial 2/0 detail

Interface Serial2/0:
  IP labeling enabled (ldp):
    Interface config
    IGP config
  LSP Tunnel labeling enabled
  BGP labeling not enabled
  MPLS operational
  Fast Switching Vectors:
    IP to MPLS Fast Switching Vector
    MPLS Turbo Vector
  MTU = 1500
```

**Step 3** **show mpls ldp discovery [vrf vpn-name | all] [detail]**

Displays how LDP was enabled on the interface. In the following example, LDP was enabled by both the **mpls ip** and **mpls ldp autoconfig** commands:

**Example:**

```
Device# show mpls ldp discovery detail

Local LDP Identifier:
  10.11.11.11:0
Discovery Sources:
  Interfaces:
    Serial2/0 (ldp): xmit/recv
      Enabled: Interface config, IGP config;
      Hello interval: 5000 ms; Transport IP addr: 10.11.11.11
      LDP Id: 10.10.10.10:0
      Src IP addr: 10.0.0.1; Transport IP addr: 10.10.10.10
      Hold time: 15 sec; Proposed local/peer: 15/15 sec
```

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## Configuring MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration with IS-IS Interfaces

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **interface** *type number*
4. **ip address** *prefix mask*
5. **ip router isis**
6. **exit**
7. **mpls ip**
8. **mpls label protocol ldp**
9. **router isis**
10. **mpls ldp autoconfig** [*level-1* | *level-2*]
11. **end**

### DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>enable</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>interface</b> <i>type number</i>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# interface POS 0/2	Specifies the interface to configure and enters interface configuration mode.
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>ip address</b> <i>prefix mask</i>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# ip address 10.50.72.4 255.0.0.0	Assigns an IP address to the interface.



	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	<b>ip router isis</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# ip router isis	Enables the Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS) for IP on the interface.
Step 6	<b>exit</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# exit	Returns to global configuration mode.
Step 7	<b>mpls ip</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# mpls ip	Globally enables hop-by-hop forwarding.
Step 8	<b>mpls label protocol ldp</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# mpls label protocol ldp	Specifies the Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) as the default protocol.
Step 9	<b>router isis</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# router isis	Enables an IS-IS process on the device and enters router configuration mode.
Step 10	<b>mpls ldp autoconfig [level-1   level-2]</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-router)# mpls ldp autoconfig	Enables the LDP for interfaces that belong to an IS-IS process.
Step 11	<b>end</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-router)# end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

## Disabling MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration from Selected IS-IS Interfaces

When you issue the **mpls ldp autoconfig** command, all the interfaces that belong to an Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS) process are enabled for the Label Distribution Protocol (LDP). To remove LDP from some interfaces, use the **no mpls ldp igp autoconfig** command on those interfaces. The

following configuration steps show how to disable LDP from some of the interfaces after they were configured with the MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration feature with the **mpls ldp autoconfig** command.

## SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **interface *type number***
4. **no mpls ldp igp autoconfig**
5. **end**

## DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<b>enable</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enter your password if prompted.</li> </ul>
<b>Step 2</b>	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	<b>interface <i>type number</i></b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config)# interface POS 3/0	Specifies the interface to configure and enters interface configuration mode.
<b>Step 4</b>	<b>no mpls ldp igp autoconfig</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# no mpls ldp igp autoconfig	Disables LDP for that interface.
<b>Step 5</b>	<b>end</b>  <b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

## Verifying MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration with IS-IS

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **show isis mpls ldp**

### DETAILED STEPS

**Step 1**     **enable**  
Enables privileged EXEC mode.

**Step 2**     **show isis mpls ldp**  
Shows that the Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS) is configured on the interface and that the Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) is enabled:

#### Example:

```
Device# show isis mpls ldp

Interface: POS0/2; ISIS tag null enabled
ISIS is UP on interface
AUTOCONFIG Information :
  LDP enabled: YES
SYNC Information :
  Required: NO
```

The output shows:

- IS-IS is up.
- LDP is enabled.

If the MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration feature is not enabled on an interface, the output looks like the following:

#### Example:

```
Interface: Ethernet0; ISIS tag null enabled
ISIS is UP on interface
AUTOCONFIG Information :
  LDP enabled: NO
SYNC Information :
  Required: NO
```

## Troubleshooting Tips

You can use the **debug mpls ldp autoconfig** command to display events that are related to the MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration feature.

# Configuration Examples for MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration

## Example: MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration with OSPF

The following configuration commands enable the Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) for Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) process 1 area 3. The **mpls ldp autoconfig area 3** command and the OSPF **network** commands enable LDP on POS interfaces 0/0, 0/1, and 1/1. The **no mpls ldp igp autoconfig** command on POS interface 1/0 prevents LDP from being enabled on POS interface 1/0, even though OSPF is enabled for that interface.

```
configure terminal
interface POS 0/0
 ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
!
interface POS 0/1
 ip address 10.0.1.1 255.0.0.1
!
interface POS 1/1
 ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.0.0
!
interface POS 1/0
 ip address 10.1.0.1 0.1.0.255
 exit
!
router ospf 1
 network 10.0.0.0 0.0.255.255 area 3
 network 10.1.0.0 0.0.255.255 area 3
 mpls ldp autoconfig area 3
 end
interface POS 1/0
 no mpls ldp igp autoconfig
```

## Example: MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration with IS-IS

The following example shows the configuration of the MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration feature on POS0/2 and 0/3 interfaces, which are running Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS) processes:

```
configure terminal
interface POS 0/2
 ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.1
 ip router isis
!
interface POS 0/3
 ip address 10.1.1.1 255.0.1.0
 ip router isis
 exit
mpls ip
mpls label protocol ldp
router isis
mpls ldp autoconfig
```

# Additional References

## Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	<a href="#">Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases</a>
MPLS commands	<a href="#">Cisco IOS Multiprotocol Label Switching Command Reference</a>
MPLS LDP	“MPLS Label Distribution Protocol” module in the <i>MPLS Label Distribution Protocol Configuration Guide</i>
The MPLS LDP IGP Synchronization feature	“MPLS LDP IGP Synchronization” module in the <i>MPLS Label Distribution Protocol Configuration Guide</i>
The MPLS LDP Session Protection feature	“MPLS LDP Session Protection” module in the <i>MPLS Label Distribution Protocol Configuration Guide</i>
Configuring integrated IS-IS	“Integrated IS-IS Routing Protocol Overview” module in the <i>IP Routing: ISIS Configuration Guide</i>

## MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
MPLS LDP MIB	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco software releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: <a href="http://www.cisco.com/go/mib">http://www.cisco.com/go/mib</a>

## RFCs

RFC	Title
RFC 3036	<a href="#">LDP Specification</a>
RFC 3037	<a href="#">LDP Applicability</a>

**Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	<a href="http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html">http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html</a>

## Feature Information for MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to [www.cisco.com/go/cfn](http://www.cisco.com/go/cfn). An account on Cisco.com is not required.

**Table 1: Feature Information for MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration**

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
MPLS LDP Autoconfiguration	12.0(30)S 12.0(32)SY 12.2(28)SB 12.2(33)SRB 12.2(33)XNE 12.3(14)T 15.0(1)M 15.0(1)S Cisco IOS XE Release 2.5 Cisco IOS XE Release 3.6S	<p>This feature enables you to globally configure LDP on every interface associated with a specified Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) instance.</p> <p>In Cisco IOS Release 12.0(30)S, this feature was introduced with support for OSPF.</p> <p>In Cisco IOS Release 12.0(32)SY, support for IS-IS was added.</p> <p>This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB with support for OSPF.</p> <p>This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRB.</p> <p>This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)XNE with support for IS-IS on the Cisco 10000 series router.</p> <p>This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(14)T with support for OSPF.</p> <p>In Release 15.0(1)M, support for IS-IS was added.</p> <p>In Release 15.0(1)S, support for IS-IS was added for the 7600 Series Routers.</p> <p>This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Release 2.5 with support for IS-IS on the Cisco ASR 1000 Series Routers.</p> <p>In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.6S, IS-IS support was added for the Cisco ASR 903 Router.</p> <p>The following commands were modified: <b>mpls ldp autoconfig</b>, <b>mpls ldp igp autoconfig</b>, <b>show isis mpls ldp</b>, <b>show mpls ldp discovery</b>.</p>

