

Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature introduces per-tunnel QoS support for DMVPN and increases per-tunnel QoS performance for IPsec tunnel interfaces.



Note

Security threats, as well as the cryptographic technologies to help protect against them, are constantly changing. For more information about the latest Cisco cryptographic recommendations, see the Next Generation Encryption (NGE) white paper.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Prerequisites for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

• Before you configure the Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature, you must configure Cisco Express Forwarding switching.

• Before you can configure an Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group on a spoke and map the NHRP group to a QoS policy on a hub, the spoke and the hub must already be configured for DMVPN without the per-tunnel QoS.

Restrictions for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

- The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature only supports the following encapsulation and transport protocol combinations:
 - Per-Tunnel QoS for IPv4 over DMVPN with IPv4 transport (Effective from Cisco IOS XE Release 3.6S).
 - Per-Tunnel QoS for IPv6 over DMVPN with IPv4 transport (Effective from Cisco IOS XE Release 3.8S).
 - Per-Tunnel QoS for IPv4 over DMVPN with IPv6 transport (Effective from Cisco IOS XE Release 3.11S).
 - Per-Tunnel QoS for IPv6 over DMVPN with IPv6 transport (Effective from Cisco IOS XE Release 3.11S).
 - Per-Tunnel QoS for MPLS VPN over DMVPN with IPv4 transport (2547oDMVPN) (Effective from Cisco IOS XE Release 3.15S).
 - Per-Tunnel QoS for MPLS VPN over DMVPN with IPv6 transport (2547oDMVPN) (Effective from Cisco IOS XE Release 3.15S).
- For a given DMPVN tunnel interface, one transport protocol, either IPv4 or IPv6, can only be used. However, different DMVPN tunnel interfaces on the same device may use IPv4 or IPv6 transport protocol at the same time. Per-tunnel QoS can be configured for IPv4 and IPv6 DMVPN passenger traffic packets and be associated with an outbound physical interface that is either IPv4, IPv6 or both. This DMPVN tunnel traffic may be mixed with non-DMVPN IPv4 and IPv6 traffic, or both, on the outbound physical interface with its own QoS policy with restrictions.
- The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature does not support the following:
 - Per-Tunnel QoS for IPv4 or IPv6 or Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) VPN over DMVPN with Layer 2 Tunnel Protocol (L2TP) transport.
 - Per-Tunnel QoS for IPv4 or IPv6 or MPLS VPN over DMVPN.
- Per-Tunnel QoS service policies are only supported in the egress direction.
- This feature does not support adding the capability of user configurable queuing and schedules before the crypto engine.
- Fair queueing should not be used in a per-tunnel QoS for DMVPN policy map because the outer header with nonchanging IP addresses is used for individual flow queue selection. This results in the same queue being selected for all traffic flowing through the class with fair queueing.
- A QoS service policy is supported on the main interface or subinterface that the tunnel is sourced from in conjunction with a per-tunnel QoS service policy on the DMVPN tunnel interface. However, there are certain restrictions for the main or subinterface service policy, which are as follows:

- A service policy is supported on either the main interface or the subinterface, but not both, in conjunction with the per-tunnel QoS service policy.
- The main interface or subinterface QoS service policy is limited to only a class-default shaper (it can only contain the **class class-default** and **shape** commands). Additional QoS configurations are not supported on the main interface or subinterface when two different QoS service policies are applied to the main or subinterface and the tunnel interface simultaneously.
- The main interface or subinterface QoS service policy must be applied before the tunnel interface service policy.
- The main interface or subinterface QoS service policy is checked for validity only when a QoS service policy is applied on the tunnel interface. The main interface or subinterface service policy is not checked during a tunnel movement or modification.
- Adding new classes or features to the main interface or subinterface policy map is not supported. The classes or features may not be blocked on CLI and could result in unpredictable behavior.
- The policy-map counters for the main interface or subinterface service policy (from the **show policy-map interface** command) may not account for all packets and therefore should not be used or referenced. However, this does not affect the QoS functionality. The shaper will still limit the traffic on the main interface or subinterface, including all DMVPN tunnel traffic over that interface.

Information About Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN Overview

The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature lets you apply a quality of service (QoS) policy on a Dynamic Multipoint VPN (DMVPN) hub on a per-tunnel instance (per-spoke basis) in the egress direction for DMVPN hub-to-spoke tunnels. The QoS policy on a DMVPN hub on a per-tunnel instance lets you shape tunnel traffic to individual spokes (a parent policy) and differentiate individual data flows going through the tunnel for policing (a child policy). The QoS policy that the hub uses for a specific spoke is selected according to the specific Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group into which that spoke is configured. Although you can configure many spokes into the same NHRP group, the tunnel traffic for each spoke is measured individually for shaping and policing.

You can use this feature with DMVPN with or without Internet Protocol Security (IPsec).

When the Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature is enabled, queuing and shaping are performed at the outbound physical interface for generic routing encapsulation (GRE)/IPsec tunnel packets. The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature ensures that the GRE header, the IPsec header, and the Layer 2 (for the physical interface) header are included in the packet-size calculations for shaping and bandwidth queuing of packets under QoS.

Benefits of Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

Before the introduction of Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature, quality of service (QoS) on a Dynamic Multipoint VPN (DMVPN) hub could be configured to measure only either the outbound traffic in the aggregate (overall spokes) or outbound traffic on a per-spoke basis (with extensive manual configuration).

The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature provides the following benefits:

- The QoS policy is attached to the DMVPN hub, and the criteria for matching the tunnel traffic are set up automatically as each spoke registers with the hub (which means that extensive manual configuration is not needed).
- Traffic can be regulated from the hub to spokes on a per-spoke basis.
- The hub cannot send excessive traffic to (and overrun) a small spoke.
- The amount of outbound hub bandwidth that a "greedy" spoke can consume can be limited; therefore, the traffic cannot monopolize a hub's resources and starve other spokes.

NHRP QoS Provisioning for DMVPN

Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) performs the provisioning for the Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature by using NHRP groups.

An NHRP group, a new functionality introduced by this feature, is the group identity information signaled by a Dynamic Multipoint VPN (DMVPN) node (a spoke) to the DMVPN hub. The hub uses this information to select a locally defined quality of service (QoS) policy instance for the remote node.

You can configure an NHRP group on the spoke router on the DMVPN generic routing encapsulation (GRE) tunnel interface. The NHRP group name is communicated to the hub in each of the periodic NHRP registration requests sent from the spoke to the hub.

NHRP group-to-QoS policy mappings are configured on the hub DMVPN GRE tunnel interface. The NHRP group string received from a spoke is mapped to a QoS policy, which is applied to that hub-to-spoke tunnel in the egress direction.

After an NHRP group is configured on a spoke, the group is not immediately sent to the hub, but is sent in the next periodic registration request. The spoke can belong to only one NHRP group per GRE tunnel interface. If a spoke is configured as part of two or more DMVPN networks (multiple GRE tunnel interfaces), then the spoke can have a different NHRP group name on each of the GRE tunnel interfaces.

If an NHRP group is not received from the spoke, then a QoS policy is not applied to the spoke, and any existing QoS policy applied to that spoke is removed. If an NHRP group is received from the spoke when previous NHRP registrations did not have an NHRP group, then the corresponding QoS policy is applied. If the same NHRP group is received from a spoke similar to the earlier NHRP registration request, then no action is taken because a QoS policy would have already been applied for that spoke. If a different NHRP group is received from the spoke than what was received in the previous NHRP registration request, any applied QoS policy is removed, and the QoS policy corresponding to the new NHRP group is applied.

Per-Tunnel QoS for Spoke to Spoke Connections

The QoS: Spoke to Spoke per tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature enables a DMVPN client to establish a direct crypto tunnel with another DMVPN client leveraging the per-tunnel QoS policy, using Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) to build spoke-to-spoke connections.

This feature enhances the Adaptive QoS over DMVPN feature, which ensures effective bandwidth management using dynamic shapers based on available bandwidth.

A spoke-to-spoke connection is established when a group identity information, configured on the spokes using the **nhrp attribute group** command, is exchanged between the spokes through the NHRP Vendor Private Extension (VPE). The NHRP Vendor Private Extensions, encapsulated in NHRP control packets—NHRP resolution request and reply packets.

Assume a network with two spokes—Spoke A and Spoke B, connected to hub. If Spoke A is configured with the **nhrp attribute group** command and traffic exists between the Spoke A and Spoke B, a resolution request from the Spoke A carries the group identity information as part of Vendor Private Extension (VPE). On receiving the resolution request, Spoke B extracts the VPE header and checks the extension types received as part of the resolution request packet. If the VPE extension has group type, the NHRP VPE parser extracts the group information and checka if a matching map is present. If a matching map is present, QoS applies the policy on the target interface.

How to Configure Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

To configure the Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature, you define a Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group on the spokes and then map the NHRP group to a quality of service (QoS) policy on the hub.

Configuring an NHRP Group on a Spoke

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. interface tunnel number
- **4.** Enter one of the following
 - ip nhrp group group-name
 - nhrp group group-name
- 5. end

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	interface tunnel number	Configures a tunnel interface and enters interface
	Example:	configuration mode.
	Device(config)# interface tunnel 1	
Step 4	Enter one of the following	Configures a Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group
	• ip nhrp group group-name	on the spoke.
	• nhrp group group-name	
	Example:	

	Command or Action	Purpose	
	Device(config-if)# ip nhrp group spoke_group1		
	Example:		
	Device(config-if)# nhrp group spoke_group1		
Step 5	end	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to privileged	
	Example:	EXEC mode.	
	Device(config-if)# end		

Configuring an NHRP Group Attribute on a Spoke

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. interface tunnel number
- **4. nhrp attribute group** *group-name*
- 5. nhrp map group group-name service-policy output qos-policy-map-name
- 6 end

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	interface tunnel number	Configures a tunnel interface and enters interface	
	Example:	configuration mode.	
	Device(config)# interface tunnel 1		
Step 4	nhrp attribute group group-name	Configures the QoS group identity information on the spoke.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-if)# nhrp attribute group spoke1		
Step 5	nhrp map group group-name service-policy output qos-policy-map-name	Adds the Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group to the quality of service (QoS) policy mapping.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-if) # nhrp map group spoke_group1 service-policy output group1_parent		

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	end	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to privileged
	Example:	EXEC mode.
	Device(config-if)# end	

Mapping an NHRP Group to a QoS Policy on the Hub

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. interface tunnel *number*
- **4.** Do one of the following:
 - ip nhrp map group group-name service-policy output qos-policy-map-name
 - nhrp map group group-name service-policy output qos-policy-map-name
- 5. end

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device# configure terminal		
Step 3	interface tunnel number	Configures a tunnel interface and enters interface	
	Example:	configuration mode.	
	Device(config)# interface tunnel 1		
Step 4	Do one of the following:	dds the Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group to	
	• ip nhrp map group group-name service-policy output qos-policy-map-name	the quality of service (QoS) policy mapping on the hub.	
	• nhrp map group group-name service-policy output qos-policy-map-name		
	Example:		
	Device(config-if)# ip nhrp map group spoke_group1 service-policy output group1_parent		
	Example:		

	Command or Action	Purpose	
	Device(config-if)# nhrp map group spoke_group1 service-policy output group1_parent		
Step 5	end	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to privileged	
	Example:	EXEC mode.	
	Device(config-if)# end		

Verifying Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. show dmvpn detail
- 3. show ip nhrp
- 4. show ip nhrp group [group-name]
- **5.** Do one of the following:
 - show ip nhrp group-map [group-name]
 - show nhrp group-map [group-name]
- **6. show policy-map multipoint** [tunnel tunnel-interface-number]
- 7. show tunnel endpoints

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	show dmvpn detail	Displays detailed Dynamic Multipoint VPN (DMVPN)
	Example:	information for each session, including the Next Hop Server
	Device# show dmvpn detail	(NHS) and NHS status, crypto session information, and socket details.
		• The output includes the Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) group received from the spoke and the quality of service (QoS) policy applied to the spoke tunnel.
Step 3	show ip nhrp	Displays the NHRP cache and the NHRP group received
	Example:	from the spoke.
	Device# show ip nhrp	
Step 4	show ip nhrp group [group-name]	Displays NHRP group mapping.
	Example:	

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Device# show ip nhrp group	The output includes the associated QoS policy name and the list of tunnel endpoints using the QoS policy.
Step 5	Do one of the following: • show ip nhrp group-map [group-name] • show nhrp group-map [group-name]	Displays the group-to-policy maps configured on the hub and also displays the tunnels on which the QoS policy is applied.
	Example:	
	Device# show ip nhrp group-map group1-parent	
	Example:	
	Device# show nhrp group-map group1-parent	
Step 6	show policy-map multipoint [tunnel tunnel-interface-number]	Displays QoS policy details applied to multipoint tunnels.
	Example:	
	Device# show policy-map multipoint tunnel 1	
Step 7	show tunnel endpoints	Displays information about the source and destination
	Example:	endpoints for multipoint tunnels and the QoS policy applied on the spoke tunnel.
	Device# show tunnel endpoints	

Configuration Examples for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

Example: Configuring an NHRP Group on a Spoke

The following example shows how to configure two Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) groups on three spokes:

Configuring the First Spoke

```
interface tunnel 1
ip address 209.165.200.225 255.255.255.224
no ip redirects
ip mtu 1400
ip nhrp authentication testing
ip nhrp group spoke_group1
ip nhrp map 209.165.200.226 203.0.113.1
ip nhrp map multicast 203.0.113.1
ip nhrp network-id 172176366
ip nhrp holdtime 300
ip tcp adjust-mss 1360
ip nhrp nhs 209.165.200.226
tunnel source fastethernet 2/1/1
tunnel mode gre multipoint
tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN
```

```
interface fastethernet 2/1/1
ip address 203.0.113.2 255.255.255.0
```

Configuring the Second Spoke

```
interface tunnel 1
ip address 209.165.200.227 255.255.255.224
no ip redirects
ip mtu 1400
ip nhrp authentication testing
ip nhrp group spoke group1
ip nhrp map 209.165.200.226 203.0.113.1
ip nhrp map multicast 203.0.113.1
ip nhrp network-id 172176366
ip nhrp holdtime 300
ip tcp adjust-mss 1360
ip nhrp nhs 209.165.200.226
tunnel source fastethernet 2/1/1
tunnel mode gre multipoint
tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN
interface fastethernet 2/1/1
ip address 203.0.113.3 255.255.255.0
```

Configuring the Third Spoke

```
interface tunnel 1
ip address 209.165.200.228 255.255.255.224
no ip redirects
ip mtu 1400
ip nhrp authentication testing
ip nhrp group spoke_group2
ip nhrp map 209.165.200.226 203.0.113.1
ip nhrp map multicast 203.0.113.1
ip nhrp network-id 172176366
ip nhrp holdtime 300
ip tcp adjust-mss 1360
ip nhrp nhs 209.165.200.226
tunnel source fastethernet 2/1/1
tunnel mode gre multipoint
tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN
interface fastethernet 2/1/1
ip address 203.0.113.4 255.255.255.0
```

Example: Configuring an NHRP Group Attribute on a Spoke

The following example shows how to configure two Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) groups attributes on two spokes:

Configuring the First Spoke

```
class-map match-any class2
match ip precedence 5
end
!
policy-map p2
class class2
priority percent 60
end
```

```
interface Tunnel0
ip address 10.0.0.2 255.255.255.0
no ip redirects
ip mtu 1436
ip nhrp authentication hlthere
ip nhrp attribute group1
ip nhrp map group group1 service-policy output p2
ip nhrp map multicast 172.17.0.1
ip nhrp map 10.0.0.1 172.17.0.1
ip nhrp network-id 253
ip nhrp nhs 10.0.0.1
 ip nhrp registration timeout 600
ip nhrp cache non-authoritative
no ip mroute-cache
tunnel source 172.17.0.2
tunnel mode gre multipoint
 tunnel key 253
tunnel protection ipsec profile dmvpn-profile
```

Configuring the Second Spoke

```
class-map match-any class1
match ip precedence 5
policy-map policy p1
class class1
 priority 70
interface Tunnel0
ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0
no ip redirects
ip mtu 1436
ip nhrp authentication h1there
ip nhrp attribute group1
ip nhrp map group group1 service-policy output p1
ip nhrp map multicast 172.17.0.2
ip nhrp map 10.0.0.2 172.17.0.2
ip nhrp network-id 253
ip nhrp nhs 10.0.0.2
ip nhrp registration timeout 600
ip nhrp cache non-authoritative
no ip mroute-cache
tunnel source 172.17.0.1
tunnel mode gre multipoint
tunnel key 253
tunnel protection ipsec profile dmvpn-profile
```

Example: Mapping an NHRP Group to a QoS Policy on the Hub

The following example shows how to map Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) groups to a quality of service (QoS) policy on the hub. The example shows a hierarchical QoS policy (parent: group1_parent/group2_parent; child: group1/group2) that will be used for configuring Per-tunnel QoS for Dynamic Multipoint VPN (DMVPN) feature. The example also shows how to map the NHRP group spoke_group1 to the QoS policy group1_parent and map the NHRP group spoke_group2 to the QoS policy group2_parent on the hub:

```
class-map match-all group1 Routing
match ip precedence 6
class-map match-all group2 Routing
match ip precedence 6
class-map match-all group2 voice
match access-group 100
class-map match-all group1 voice
match access-group 100
policy-map group1
class group1 voice
   priority 1000
class group1_Routing
   bandwidth percent 20
policy-map group1 parent
 class class-default
   shape average 3000000
  service-policy group1
policy-map group2
class group2 voice
   priority percent 20
 class group2_Routing
   bandwidth percent 10
policy-map group2 parent
 class class-default
   shape average 2000000
 service-policy group2
interface tunnel 1
 ip address 209.165.200.225 255.255.255.224
no ip redirects
ip mtu 1400
ip nhrp authentication testing
ip nhrp map multicast dynamic
 ip nhrp map group spoke group1 service-policy output group1 parent
ip nhrp map group spoke group2 service-policy output group2 parent
ip nhrp network-id 172176366
ip nhrp holdtime 300
ip nhrp registration unique
 tunnel source fastethernet 2/1/1
tunnel mode gre multipoint
tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN
interface fastethernet 2/1/1
ip address 209.165.200.226 255.255.255.224
```

Example: Verifying Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

The following example shows how to display the information about Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) groups received from the spokes and display the quality of service (QoS) policy that is applied to each spoke tunnel. You can enter this command on the hub.

```
Type: Hub, Total NBMA Peers (v4/v6): 3
# Ent Peer NBMA Addr Peer Tunnel Add State UpDn Tm Attrb
                                                        Target Network
1 209.165.200.227
                        192.0.2.2 UP 00:19:20 D 192.0.2.2/32
NHRP group: spoke group1
 Output QoS service-policy applied: group1 parent
   1 209.165.200.228
                          192.0.2.3 UP 00:19:20
                                                   D
                                                            192.0.2.3/32
NHRP group: spoke group1
 Output QoS service-policy applied: group1 parent
   1 209.165.200.229
                          192.0.2.4 UP 00:19:23
                                                    D
                                                             192.0.2.4/32
NHRP group: spoke group2
Output QoS service-policy applied: group2 parent
Crypto Session Details:
Interface: tunnel1
Session: [0x04AC1D00]
 IKE SA: local 209.165.200.226/500 remote 209.165.200.227/500 Active
 Crypto Session Status: UP-ACTIVE
 fvrf: (none), Phasel id: 209.165.200.227
 IPSEC FLOW: permit 47 host 209.165.200.226 host 209.165.200.227
       Active SAs: 2, origin: crypto map
  Outbound SPI : 0x9B264329, transform : ah-sha-hmac
   Socket State: Open
Interface: tunnel1
Session: [0x04AC1C08]
 IKE SA: local 209.165.200.226/500 remote 209.165.200.228/500 Active
 Crypto Session Status: UP-ACTIVE
  fvrf: (none), Phasel id: 209.165.200.228
  IPSEC FLOW: permit 47 host 209.165.200.226 host 209.165.200.228
      Active SAs: 2, origin: crypto map
  Outbound SPI : 0x36FD56E2, transform : ah-sha-hmac
   Socket State: Open
Interface: tunnel1
Session: [0x04AC1B10]
 IKE SA: local 209.165.200.226/500 remote 209.165.200.229/500 Active
 Crypto Session Status: UP-ACTIVE
 fvrf: (none), Phasel id: 209.165.200.229
  IPSEC FLOW: permit 47 host 209.165.200.226 host 209.165.200.229
       Active SAs: 2, origin: crypto map
  Outbound SPI : 0xAC96818F, transform : ah-sha-hmac
   Socket State: Open
Pending DMVPN Sessions:
```

The following example shows how to display information about the NHRP groups that are received from the spokes. You can enter this command on the hub.

Device# show ip nhrp

```
192.0.2.240/32 via 192.0.2.240

Tunnell created 00:22:49, expire 00:01:40

Type: dynamic, Flags: registered

NBMA address: 209.165.200.227

Group: spoke_group1

192.0.2.241/32 via 192.0.2.241

Tunnell created 00:22:48, expire 00:01:41

Type: dynamic, Flags: registered

NBMA address: 209.165.200.228

Group: spoke_group1

192.0.2.242/32 via 192.0.2.242

Tunnell created 00:22:52, expire 00:03:27

Type: dynamic, Flags: registered

NBMA address: 209.165.200.229

Group: spoke group2
```

The following example shows how to display the details of NHRP group mappings on a hub and the list of tunnels using each of the NHRP groups defined in the mappings. You can enter this command on the hub.

Device# show ip nhrp group-map

```
Interface: tunnel1

NHRP group: spoke_group1

QoS policy: group1_parent

Tunnels using the QoS policy:

Tunnel destination overlay/transport address
198.51.100.220/203.0.113.240

198.51.100.221/203.0.113.241

NHRP group: spoke_group2

QoS policy: group2_parent

Tunnels using the QoS policy:

Tunnel destination overlay/transport address
198.51.100.222/203.0.113.242
```

The following example shows how to display statistics about a specific QoS policy as it is applied to a tunnel endpoint. You can enter this command on the hub.

Device# show policy-map multipoint

```
Interface tunnel1 <--> 203.0.113.252
         Service-policy output: group1 parent
    Class-map: class-default (match-any)
     29 packets, 4988 bytes
      5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
     Match: any
     Oueueina
      queue limit 750 packets
      (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
      (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
      shape (average) cir 3000000, bc 12000, be 12000
      target shape rate 3000000
      Service-policy : group1
        queue stats for all priority classes:
          queue limit 250 packets
          (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
          (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
        Class-map: group1 voice (match-all)
          0 packets, 0 bytes
          5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
         Match: access-group 100
          Priority: 1000 kbps, burst bytes 25000, b/w exceed drops: 0
        Class-map: group1_Routing (match-all)
          0 packets, 0 bytes
          5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
         Match: ip precedence 6
          Queueing
          queue limit 150 packets
          (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
          (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
          bandwidth 20% (600 kbps)
        Class-map: class-default (match-any)
          29 packets, 4988 bytes
          5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
         Match: any
          queue limit 350 packets
          (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
          (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
Interface tunnel1 <--> 203.0.113.253
```

```
Service-policy output: group1 parent
    Class-map: class-default (match-any)
      29 packets, 4988 bytes
      5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
     Match: anv
      Oueueina
      queue limit 750 packets
      (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
      (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
      shape (average) cir 3000000, bc 12000, be 12000
      target shape rate 3000000
      Service-policy: group1
       queue stats for all priority classes:
          queue limit 250 packets
          (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
          (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
        Class-map: group1 voice (match-all)
          0 packets, 0 bytes
          5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
          Match: access-group 100
          Priority: 1000 kbps, burst bytes 25000, b/w exceed drops: 0
        Class-map: group1 Routing (match-all)
          0 packets, 0 bytes
          5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
         Match: ip precedence 6
          Queueing
          queue limit 150 packets
          (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
          (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
          bandwidth 20% (600 kbps)
        Class-map: class-default (match-any)
          29 packets, 4988 bytes
          5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
          Match: any
          queue limit 350 packets
          (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
          (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
Interface tunnel1 <--> 203.0.113.254
          Service-policy output: group2 parent
    Class-map: class-default (match-any)
     14 packets, 2408 bytes
      5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
     Match: any
      Queueing
      queue limit 500 packets
      (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
      (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
      shape (average) cir 2000000, bc 8000, be 8000
      target shape rate 2000000
      Service-policy: group2
        queue stats for all priority classes:
          queue limit 100 packets
          (queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
          (pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
        Class-map: group2 voice (match-all)
          0 packets, 0 bytes
          5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
         Match: access-group 100
          Priority: 20% (400 kbps), burst bytes 10000, b/w exceed drops: 0
        Class-map: group2_Routing (match-all)
          0 packets, 0 bytes
          5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
          Match: ip precedence 6
          Queueing
```

```
queue limit 50 packets
(queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
(pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
bandwidth 10% (200 kbps)

Class-map: class-default (match-any)
14 packets, 2408 bytes
5 minute offered rate 0 bps, drop rate 0 bps
Match: any
queue limit 350 packets
(queue depth/total drops/no-buffer drops) 0/0/0
(pkts output/bytes output) 0/0
```

Additional References for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
Security commands	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference Commands A to C
	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference Commands D to L
	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference Commands M to R
	• Cisco IOS Security Command Reference Commands S to Z
IP NHRP commands	Cisco IOS IP Addressing Services Command Reference
Configuring Basic Cisco Express Forwarding	IP Switching Cisco Express Forwarding Configuration Guide
Configuring NHRP	IP Addressing: NHRP Configuration Guide
Recommended cryptographic algorithms	Next Generation Encryption

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

Feature Information for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Per-Tunnel QoS	Cisco IOS XE Release 3.11S	The Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature introduces per-tunnel QoS support for DMVPN and increases per-tunnel QoS performance for IPsec tunnel interfaces.
		In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.11S, this feature was enhanced to provide support for IPv6 addresses.
		The following commands were introduced or modified: ip nhrp group, ip nhrp map, ip nhrp map group, nhrp group, show dmvpn, show ip nhrp, show ip nhrp group-map, show nhrp group-map, show policy-map multipoint tunnel.
QoS: Spoke to Spoke Per-tunnel QoS for DMVPN	Cisco IOS XE Release 3.15S	The QoS: Spoke to Spoke per tunnel QoS for DMVPN feature enables a DMVPN client to establish a direct crypto tunnel with another DMVPN client leveraging the per-tunnel QoS policy, using Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP) to build spoke-to-spoke connections.
		The following commands were introduced or modified: nhrp attribute group, show dmvpn, show ip nhrp, show ip nhrp group.
QoS: DMVPN Per-tunnel QoS over Aggregate GEC	Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.4.1	The QoS: DMVPN Per-tunnel QoS over Aggregate GEC feature is supported on port-channel interface.

Feature Information for Per-Tunnel QoS for DMVPN