



## Security Configuration Guide: Cisco Umbrella Integration On Cisco 4000 Series ISRs

Americas Headquarters Cisco Systems, Inc. 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA http://www.cisco.com Tel: 408 526-4000 800 553-NETS (6387)

Fax: 408 527-0883

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### **Important Information about Cisco IOS XE 16**

Effective Cisco IOS XE Release 3.7.0E (for Catalyst Switching) and Cisco IOS XE Release 3.17S (for Access and Edge Routing) the two releases evolve (merge) into a single version of converged release—the Cisco IOS XE 16—providing one release covering the extensive range of access and edge products in the Switching and Routing portfolio.

#### **Feature Information**

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about feature support, platform support, and Cisco software image support. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

#### **Related References**

• Cisco IOS Command References, All Releases

#### **Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request**

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# Cisco Umbrella Integration on Cisco 4000 Series ISRs

The Cisco Umbrella Integration feature enables cloud-based security service by inspecting the Domain Name System (DNS) query that is sent to the DNS server through the Cisco 4000 Series Integrated Services Routers (ISRs). The security administrator configures policies on the Cisco Umbrella portal to either allow or deny traffic towards the fully qualified domain name (FQDN). Cisco 4000 Series ISR acts as a DNS forwarder on the network edge, transparently intercepts DNS traffic, and forwards the DNS queries to the Cisco Umbrella portal.

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## **Restrictions for Cisco Umbrella Integration**

- If an application or host uses IP address directly instead of DNS to query domain names, policy enforcement is not applied.
- When the client is connected to a web proxy, the DNS query does not pass through the Cisco 1000 Series ISR. In this case, the connector does not detect any DNS request and the connection to the web server bypasses any policy from the Cisco Umbrella portal.
- When the Cisco Umbrella Integration policy blocks a DNS query, the client is redirected to a Cisco
  Umbrella block page. HTTPS servers provide these block pages and the IP address range of these block
  pages is defined by the Cisco Umbrella portal.
- User authentication and identity is not supported in this release.
- The type A, AAAA, and TXT queries are the only records that are redirected. Other types of query bypasses the connector. Cisco Umbrella Connector maintains a list of IP address that is known for malicious traffic. When the Cisco Umbrella roaming client detects the destination of packets to those addresses, it forwards those addresses to Cisco Umbrella cloud for further inspection.
- Only the IPv4 address of the host is conveyed in the EDNS option.

## **Prerequisites for Cisco Umbrella Integration**

Before you configure the Cisco Umbrella Integration feature on the Cisco 4000 Series ISR, ensure that the following are met:

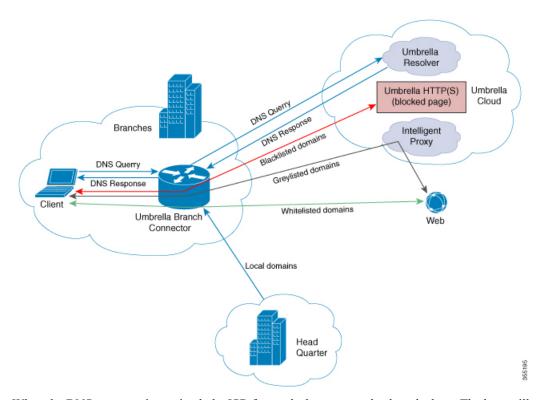
- The Cisco 4000 Series ISR has a security K9 license to enable Cisco Umbrella Integration.
- Cisco Umbrella subscription license is available.
- The Cisco 4000 Series ISR is set as the default DNS server gateway and needs to ensure that the DNS traffic goes through the Cisco 4000 Series ISR.
- Communication for device registration to the Cisco Umbrella server is via HTTPS. This requires a root
  certificate to be installed on the router. To download this certificate directly from a link instead of pasting
  it in, you can find the certificate here: https://www.digicert.com/CACerts/
  DigiCertSHA2SecureServerCA.crt.

## Cloud-based Security Service Using Cisco Umbrella Integration

The Cisco Umbrella Integration feature provides cloud-based security service by inspecting the DNS query that is sent to the DNS server through Cisco 4000 Series ISRs. When a host initiates the traffic and sends a DNS query, the Cisco Umbrella Connector in Cisco 4000 Series ISR intercepts and inspects the DNS query. If the DNS query is for a local domain, it forwards the query without changing the DNS packet to the DNS server in the enterprise network. If it is for an external domain, it adds an Extended DNS (EDNS) record to the query and sends it to Cisco Umbrella Resolver. An EDNS record includes the device identifier information, organization ID and client IP. Based on this information, Cisco Umbrella Cloud applies different policies to the DNS query.

The Umbrella Integration cloud, based on the policies configured on the portal and the reputation of the DNS Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) may take one of the following actions:

- If FQDN is found to be malicious or blocked by the customized Enterprise Security policy, then the IP address of the Umbrella Cloud's blocked landing page is returned in the DNS response. This is called a blacked list action at Umbrella Cloud.
- If FQDN is found to be non-malicious, then the IP address of the content provider is returned in the DNS response. This is called a whitelist action at Umbrella Cloud.
- If the FQDN is suspicious, then the intelligent proxy unicast IP addresses are returned in the DNS response. This is referred to as grey list action at Umbrella cloud.

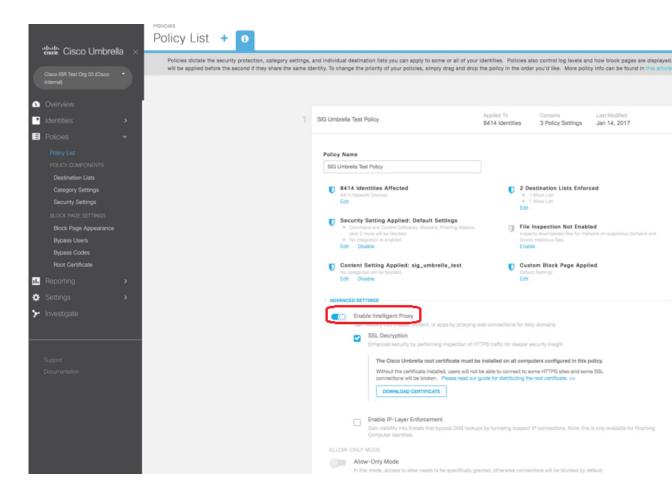


When the DNS response is received, the ISR forwards the response back to the host. The host will extract the IP address from the response and send the HTTP / HTTPS requests to this IP.



Note

The intelligent proxy option has to be enabled in the Umbrella dashboard for the Umbrella Resolver to return the intelligent proxy unicast IP addresses in the DNS response when an attempt is made to access the domains in the grey list.



## **Handling HTTP and HTTPs Traffic**

With Cisco Umbrella Integration, HTTP and HTTPs client requests are handled in the following ways:

• If the Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) in the DNS query is malicious (falls under blacklisted domains), Umbrella Cloud returns the IP address of the blocked landing page in the DNS response. When the HTTP client sends a request to this IP, Umbrella Cloud displays a page that informs the user that the requested page was blocked and the reason for blocking the page.

If the FQDN in the DNS query is non-malicious (falls under whitelisted domains), Umbrella Cloud returns the IP address of the content provider. The HTTP client sends the request to this IP address and gets the desired content.

If the FQDN in the DNS query falls under grey-listed domains, Umbrella Resolver returns the unicast IP addresses of intelligent proxy in the DNS response. All HTTP traffic from the host to the grey domain gets proxied through the intelligent proxy and undergo URL filtering.

One potential limitation in using intelligent proxy unicast IP addresses is the probability of the datacenter going down when the client is trying to send the traffic to the intelligent proxy unicast IP address. This is a scenario where a client has completed DNS resolution for a domain which falls under grey-listed domain and client's HTTP/(S) traffic is being sent to one of the obtained intelligent proxy unicast IP address. If that datacenter is down, then the client has no way of knowing it.

The Umbrella Connector does not act on the HTTP and HTTPS traffic. The connector does not redirect any web traffic or alter any HTTP/(S) packets.

## **Encrypting the DNS Packet**

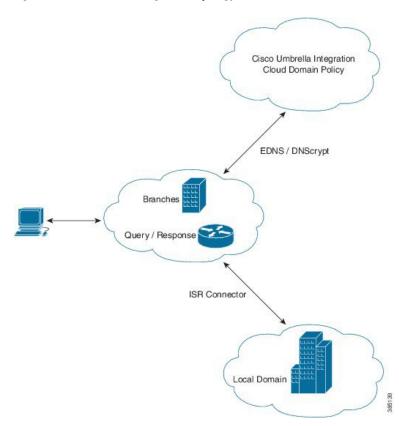
The DNS packet sent from the Cisco 4000 Series ISR to Cisco Umbrella Integration server must be encrypted if the EDNS information in the packet contains information such as user IDs, internal network IP addresses, and so on. When the DNS response is sent back from the DNS server, Cisco 4000 Series ISR decrypts the packet and forwards it to the host.

You can encrypt DNS packets only when the DNScrypt feature is enabled on the Cisco 4000 Series ISR.

- Cisco 4000 Series ISR uses the following Anycast recursive Cisco Umbrella Integration servers:
  - 208.67.222.222
  - 208.67.220.220
  - 2620:119:53::53
  - 2620:119:35::35

The Figure 1 describes the Cisco Umbrella Integration topology.

Figure 1: Cisco Umbrella Integration Topology



## Benefits of Cisco Umbrella Integration on Cisco 4000 Series ISRs

Cisco Umbrella Integration provides security and policy enforcement at DNS level. It enables the administrator to split the DNS traffic and directly send some of the desired DNS traffic to a specific DNS server (DNS server located within the enterprise network). This helps the administrator to bypass the Cisco Umbrella Integration.

## **Configure the Cisco Umbrella Connector**

To configure Cisco Umbrella Connector on the Cisco ASR 1000 platform:

- Get the API token from the Cisco Umbrella registration server.
- Have the root certificate establish the HTTPS connection with the Cisco Umbrella registration server.
   Import the root certificate of DigiCert given below into the device using the crypto pki trustpool import terminal command.

----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----MIIElDCCA3ygAwIBAgIQAf2j627KdciIQ4tyS8+8kTANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADBh MQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUzEVMBMGA1UEChMMRGlnaUNlcnQgSW5jMRkwFwYDVQQLExB3 d3cuZGlnaWNlcnQuY29tMSAwHgYDVQQDExdEaWdpQ2VydCBHbG9iYWwgUm9vdCBD QTAeFw0xMzAzMDgxMjAwMDBaFw0yMzAzMDgxMjAwMDBaME0xCzAJBgNVBAYTA1VT  $\verb|MRUwEwYDVQQKEwxEaWdpQ2VydCBJbmMxJzAlbgNVBAMTHkRpZ2lDZXJ0IFNIQTIg| \\$ U2VjdXJlIFNlcnZlciBDQTCCASIwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADggEPADCCAQoCggEB ANyuWJBNwcQwFZA1W248ghX1LFy949v/cUP6ZCWA1O4Yok3wZtAKc24RmDYXZK83 nf36QYSvx6+M/hpzTc8z15CilodTgyu5pnVILR1WN3vaMTIa16yrBvSqXUu3R0bd KpPDkC55gIDvEwRqFDu1m5K+wgdlTvza/P96rtxcflUxD0g5B6TXvi/TC2rSsd9f /ld0Uzs1gN2ujkSYs58009rg1/RrKatEp0tYhG2SS4HD2nOLEpdIkARFdRrdNzGX kujNVA075ME/OV4uuPNcfhCOhkEAjUVmR7ChZc6gqikJTvOX6+guqw9ypzAO+sf0 /RR3w6RbKFfCs/mC/bdFWJsCAwEAAaOCAVowggFWMBIGA1UdEwEB/wQIMAYBAf8C AQAwDgYDVR0PAQH/BAQDAgGGMDQGCCsGAQUFBwEBBCgwJjAkBggrBgEFBQcwAYYY aHR0cDovL29jc3AuZGlnaWNlcnQuY29tMHsGA1UdHwR0MHIwN6A1oDOGMWh0dHA6 Ly9jcmwzLmRpZ21jZXJ0LmNvbS9EaWdpQ2VydEdsb2JhbFJvb3RDQS5jcmwwN6A1 oDOGMWh0dHA6Ly9jcmw0LmRpZ2ljZXJ0LmNvbS9EaWdpQ2VydEdsb2JhbFJvb3RD QS5jcmwwPQYDVR0gBDYwNDAyBgRVHSAAMCowKAYIKwYBBQUHAqEWHGh0dHBzOi8v d3d3LmRpZ2ljZXJ0LmNvbS9DUFMwHQYDVR0OBBYEFA+AYRyCMWHVLyjnjUY4tCzh xtniMB8GA1UdIwQYMBaAFAPeUDVW0Uy7ZvCj4hsbw5eyPdFVMA0GCSqGS1b3DQEB CwUAA4IBAQAjPt9L0jFCpbZ+QlwaRMxp0Wi0XUvgBCFsS+JtzLHg14+mUwnNqipl 5TlPHoOlblyYoiQm5vuh7ZPHLgLGTUq/sELfeNqzqPlt/yGFUzZqTHbO7Djc11GA 8MXW5dRNJ2Srm8c+cftil7gzbckTB+6WohsYFfZcTEDts8Ls/3HB40f/1LkAtDdC 2iDJ6m6K7hQGrn2iWZiIqBtvLfTyyRRfJs8sjX7tN8Cp1Tm5gr8ZDOo0rwAhaPit j6tJLp07kzQoH3j0lOrHvdPJbRzeXDLz

Verify that the PEM import is successful. A message is displayed after importing the certificate.

This is the sample configuration:
enable
configure terminal
parameter-map type umbrella global
token AABBA59A0BDE1485C912AFE472952641001EEECC
exit

## Registering the Cisco Umbrella Tag

To register the Cisco Umbrella tag, perform these steps:

- 1 Configure the umbrella parameter map as shown in the previous section.
- 2 Configure **umbrella out** on the WAN interface:

```
interface gigabitEthernet 0/0/1
  umbrella out
```

3 Configure **umbrella in** on the LAN interface:

```
interface gigabitEthernet 0/0/0.4
umbrella in mydevice_tag
```



Note

For Cisco 4000 Series ISRs, the length of the hostname and umbrella tag should not exceed 49 characters.

- 4 After you configure **umbrella in** with a tag using the **umbrella in mydevice\_tag** command, the Cisco 4000 Series ISR registers the tag to the Cisco Umbrella Integration portal.
- 5 The Cisco 4000 Series ISR initiates the registration process by resolving *api.opendns.com*. You need to have a name server (*ip name-server x.x.x.x*) and domain lookup (*ip domain-lookup*) configured on Cisco 4000 Series ISR to successfully resolve the FQDN.



Note

You should configure the umbrella out command before you configure umbrella in command. Registration is successful only when the port 443 is in *open* state and allows the traffic to pass through the existing firewall.

## Configuring Cisco 4000 Series ISR as a Pass-through Server

You can identify the traffic to be bypassed using domain names. In the Cisco 4000 Series ISR, you can define these domains in the form of regular expressions. If the DNS query that is intercepted by the Cisco 4000 Series ISR matches one of the configured regular expressions, then the query is bypassed to the specified DNS server without redirecting to the Cisco Umbrella cloud. This sample configuration shows how to define a regex parameter-map with a desired domain name and regular expressions:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# parameter-map type regex dns_bypass
Device(config)# pattern www.fisco.com
Device(config)# pattern .*engineering.fisco.*

Attach the regex param-map with the openDNS global configuration as shown below:
Device(config)# parameter-map type umbrella global
Device(config-profile)# token AADDD5FF6E510B28921A20C9B98EEEFF
Device(config-profile)# local-domain dns_bypass
```

## **DNSCrypt, Resolver, and Public-key**

When you configure the device using the **parameter-map type umbrella global** command, the following values are auto-populated:

- DNSCrypt
- · Resover IP
- Public-Key

We recommend that you change the above parameters only when you perform certain tests in the lab. These parameters are reserved for future use. If you modify these parameters, it can affect the normal functioning of the device.

#### Resolver

The following commands change the redirection of DNS packets from Cisco 4000 Series ISR to Cisco Umbrella cloud:

- resolver ipv4 1.1.1.1
- resolver ipv4 1.1.1.2
- resolver ipv6 1234::1
- resolver ipv6 2345∷1

In this example, all the IPv4 DNS packets are redirected to 1.1.1.1 or 1.1.1.2 and IPv6 DNS packets are redirected to 1234::1 or 2345::1. You should remove the IP address to restore to the default values of the resolver. When you modify a resolver IP address, the following message is displayed:

```
User configured would overwrite defaults
Defaults are restored when no more user configured are present
```

With the default values of 208.67.222.222 and 208.67.220.220, all DNS packets are redirected to Cisco Umbrella Anycast resolvers. Cisco 4000 Series ISR uses the first default resolver IP address for all its redirection. When the Cisco 4000 Series ISR does not receive a response for three consecutive DNS queries, the Cisco 4000 Series ISR automatically switches to a different resolver IP address. This behavior remains the same for IPv6 resolver addresses.



IPv6 redirection is deferred and all IPv6 DNS packets are not redirected to Cisco Umbrella Anycast servers.

#### **Public-key**

Public-key is used to download the DNSCrypt certificate from Cisco Umbrella Integration cloud. This value is preconfigured to

B735:1140:206F:225D:3E2B:D822:D7FD:691E:A1C3:3CC8:D666:8D0C:BE04:BFAB:CA43:FB79 which is the public-key of Cisco Umbrella Integration Anycast servers. If there is a change in the public-key and if you modify this command, then you have to remove the modified command to restore the default value. If you modify the value, the DNSCrypt certificate download may fail.

#### **DNSCrypt**

DNSCrypt is an encryption protocol to authenticate communications between the Cisco 4000 Series ISR and Cisco Umbrella Integration. When the **parameter-map type umbrella** is configured and **umbrella out** is enabled on WAN interface, DNSCrypt gets triggered and a certificate is downloaded, validated, and parsed. A shared secret key is then negotiated, which is used to encrypt the DNS queries. For every hour this certificate is automatically downloaded and verified for an upgrade, a new shared secret key is negotiated to encrypt the DNS queries.

DNSCrypt is an encryption protocol to authenticate communications between the Cisco 4000 Series ISR and Cisco Umbrella Integration. When the **parameter-map type umbrella** is configured and **umbrella out** is enabled on WAN interface, DNSCrypt gets triggered and a certificate is downloaded, validated, and parsed. A shared secret key is then negotiated, which is used to encrypt the DNS queries. For every hour this certificate is automatically downloaded and verified for an upgrade, a new shared secret key is negotiated to encrypt the DNS queries.

To disable DNSCrypt, use the **no dnscrypt** command and to re-enable DNSCrypt, use the **dnscrypt** command.

When the DNSCrypt is used, the DNS request packets size is more than 512 bytes. Ensure that these packets are allowed through the intermediary devices; otherwise, the response may not reach the intended recipients.

## **Verifying the Cisco Umbrella Connector Configuration**

Verify the Cisco Umbrella Connector configuration using the following commands:

```
Router# show umbrella config
Umbrella Configuration
______
   Token: AAC1A2555C11B2B798FFF3AF27C2FB8F001CB7B2
  OrganizationID: 1882034
  Local Domain Regex parameter-map name: NONE
  DNSCrvpt: Enabled
  Public-key: B735:1140:206F:225D:3E2B:D822:D7FD:691E:A1C3:3CC8:D666:8D0C:BE04:BFAB:CA43:FB79
  UDP Timeout: 5 seconds
  Resolver address:
       1. 208.67.220.220
       2. 208.67.222.222
       3. 2620:119:53::53
       4. 2620:119:35::35
  Umbrella Interface Config:
      Number of interfaces with "opendns out" config: 1
        1. GigabitEthernet0/0/0
            Mode
                      : OUT
                      : global(Id: 0)
            VRF
      Number of interfaces with "opendns in" config: 1
        1. GigabitEthernet0/0/1
             Mode
                      : IN
             Taσ
                       : test
             Device-id: 010a6aef0b443f0f
             VRF
                       : global(Id: 0)
Device# show umbrella deviceid
Device registration details
Interface Name
                       Tag
                                  Status
                                           Device-id
GigabitEthernet0/0/1
                        guest 200 SUCCESS 010a7ba73bd216d1
Device#show umbrella dnscrypt
    DNSCrypt: Enabled
Public-key: B735:1140:206F:225D:3E2B:D822:D7FD:691E:A1C3:3CC8:D666:8D0C:BE04:BFAB:CA43:FB79
Certificate Update Status:
Last Successful Attempt: 10:55:40 UTC Apr 14 2016
Last Failed Attempt: 10:55:10 UTC Apr 14 2016
Certificate Details:
```

```
Certificate Magic : DNSC
Major Version : 0x0001
Minor Version: 0x0000
Query Magic: 0x717744506545635A
Serial Number : 1435874751
Start Time: 1435874751 (22:05:51 UTC Jul 2 2015)
End Time: 1467410751 (22:05:51 UTC Jul 1 2016)
Server Public Key :
ABA1:F000:D394:8045:672D:73E0:EAE6:F181:19D0:2A62:3791:EFAD:B04E:40B7:B6F9:C40B
Client Secret Key Hash :
BBC3:409F:5CB5:C3F3:06BD:A385:78DA:4CED:62BC:3985:1C41:BCCE:1342:DF13:B71E:F4CF
Client Public key :
ECE2:8295:2157:6797:6BE2:C563:A5A9:C5FC:C20D:ADAF:EB3C:A1A2:C09A:40AD:CAEA:FF76
NM kev Hash:
F9C2:2C2C:330A:1972:D484:4DD8:8E5C:71FF:6775:53A7:0344:5484:B78D:01B1:B938:E884
Device# show umbrella deviceid detailed
Device registration details
 1.GigabitEthernet0/0/1
      Tag
                        : guest
      Device-id
                        : 010a6aef0b443f0f
                     : Device Id received successfully : GigabitEthernet0/0/0
      Description
      WAN interface
      WAN VRF used
                       : global(Id: 0)
```

## **Show Commands**

## **Show Commands at FP Layer**

#### show platform software umbrella f0 local-domain Command

The **show platform software umbrella f0 local-domain** command displays all the local domains configured for Open DNS in the FP Layer.

```
Device# show platform software umbrella f0 local-domain 01. .*engineering.cisco.*
02. www.cisco.com
03. abc1
04. abc3
```

#### show platform software umbrella f0 config Command

The **show platform software umbrella f0 config** command shows whether the Umbrella global configurations performed at the control plane are propagated to the FP layer.

```
208.67.222.222
2620:119:35::35
2620:119:53::53

Dnscrypt Info:

public_key :
6A:1A:E6:1D:AE:9A:8A:52:4E:74:EC:8A:A2:57:B9:13:A4:73:33:95:70:8D:E9:9F:91:56:7B:64:B9:E0:FC:7D
magic_key : 71 74 73 65 4A 61 49 70
serial number : 1463092899
```

#### show platform software umbrella f0 interface-info Command

The **show platform software umbrella f0 interface-info** command shows whether the Umbrella interface configurations performed at the control plane are propagated to the FP layer.

#### 

## **Show Commands at CPP Layer**

#### show platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella client config Command

The **show platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella client config** command displays the client configuration information at the CPP layer.

```
Device# show platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella client config
+++ Umbrella Config +++
Umbrella feature:
_____
     : Enabled
Dnscrypt : Enabled
Timeout:
_____
udp timeout: 5
Orgid:
orgid: 1892929
Resolver config:
_____
RESOLVER IP's
 208.67.220.220
 208.67.222.222
 2620:119:53::53
 2620:119:35::35
Dnscrvpt Info:
_____
```

### **Data Path Show Commands**

#### show platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella datapath runtime Command

The **show platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella datapath runtime** command displays the runtime umbrella configuration in dataplane.

```
Device# show platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella datapath runtime
udpflow ageout: 5
ipv4_count: 2
ipv6 count:
ipv4 index: 0
ipv6_index: 0
Umbrella IPv4 Anycast Address
IP Anycast Address0: 208.67.220.220
IP Anycast Address1: 208.67.222.222
Umbrella IPv6 Anycast Address
IP Anycast Address0: 2620:119:53:0:0:0:53
IP Anycast Address1: 2620:119:35:0:0:0:0:35
=DNSCrypt=
key index: 0
-key[0]-
     : 1463092899
 sn
 ref
          : 0
 magic
          : 717473654a614970
 Client Public Key
ECE2:8295:2157:6797:6BE2:C563:A5A9:C5FC:C20D:ADAF:EB3C:A1A2:C09A:40AD:CAEA:FF76
 NM Kev Hash
F9C2:2C2C:330A:1972:D484:4DD8:8E5C:71FF:6775:53A7:0344:5484:B78D:01B1:B938:E884
 -key[1]-
     : 0
 sn
 ref cnt
          : 0
          : 0000000000000000
 magic
 Client Public Key
NM Key Hash
```

#### show platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella datapath interface

The **show platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella datapath interface** command displays the interface configuration in datapath.

```
Device# show platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella datapath interface g0/0/0 uidb handle: 0xfff9 device id raw: 0x1, 0xa, 0x5b, 0x62, 0xc6, 0x5e, 0x6e 0xe7
```

#### show platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella datapath stats

The **show platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella datapath stats** command displays the Umbrella connector statistics in datapath.

Device# show platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella datapath stats Umbrella Connector Stats: Parser statistics: parser unknown pkt: 3867 parser fmt error: 0 parser count nonzero: 6 parser pa error: 0 parser non query: 0 parser multiple name: 0 parser dns name err: 0 parser matched ip: 0 parser umbrella redirect: 6 local domain bypass: 0 parser dns others: 0 no device id on interface: 0 drop erc dnscrypt: 0 regex locked: 0 regex not matched: 0 parser malformed pkt: 0 Flow statistics: feature object allocs: 6 feature object frees : 6 flow create requests flow create successful: 6 flow create failed, CFT handle: 0 flow create failed, getting FO: 0 flow create failed, malloc FO : 0 flow create failed, attach FO: 0 flow create failed, match flow: 0 flow create failed, set aging: 0 flow lookup requests : 8 flow lookup successful: 5 flow lookup failed, CFT handle: 3 flow lookup failed, getting FO: 0 flow lookup failed, no match : 0 flow detach requests : 6 flow detach successful: 6 flow detach failed, CFT handle: 0 flow detach failed, getting FO: 0 flow detach failed freeing FO: 0 flow detach failed, no match flow ageout requests flow ageout failed, freeing FO: 0 flow ipv4 ageout requests : 0 flow ipv6 ageout requests : 0 flow update requests : 0 flow update successful: 0 flow update failed, CFT handle: 0 flow update failed, getting FO: 0 flow update failed, no match : 0 DNSCrypt statistics: bypass pkt: 4847 clear sent: 0 enc sent: 0 clear rcvd: 1 dec rcvd: 0 pa err: 0 enc lib err: 0 padding err: 0 nonce err: 0 flow bypass: disabled: 9591 flow not enc: 5773 DCA statistics: dca match success: 0 dca match failure: 8

### **Clear Command**

#### clear platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella datapath stats

The clear platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella datapath stats command clears the Umbrella connector statistics in datapath.

```
Device# clear platform hardware qfp active feature umbrella datapath stats Umbrella Connector Stats Cleared
```

## **Troubleshooting Cisco Umbrella Integration**

Troubleshoot issues that are related to enabling Cisco Umbrella Integration feature using these commands:

- · debug umbrella device-registration
- · debug umbrella config
- · debug umbrella dnscrypt

Depending on the OS, run either of these two commands from the client device:

- The **nslookup -type=txt debug.umbrella.com** command from the command prompt of the Windows machine
- The nslookup -type=txt debug.umbrella.com command from the terminal window or shell of the Linux machine

- When you deploy the Cisco Umbrella Integration feature:
  - If you use the multiple EDNS options, DNS packets containing EDNS (DNSSEC) will not pass through the device. For assistance, contact Cisco Technical Support.
  - If the WAN interface is down for more than 30 minutes, the device may reload with an exception. Disable the DNScrypt to stop this exception. For assistance, contact Cisco Technical Support.

## **Configuration Examples**

This example shows how to enable Cisco Umbrella Integration on Cisco 4000 Series ISRs:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# parameter-map type umbrella global
Device(config-profile)# dnscrypt
Device(config-profile)# token AABBA59A0BDE1485C912AFE472952641001EEECC
Device(config-if)# exit
Device(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/1
Device(config-if)# umbrella in guest
Device(config)# interface gigabitEthernet 0/0/0
Device(config-if)# umbrella out
```

# **Deploying Cisco Umbrella Integration Using Cisco Prime CLI Templates**

You can use the Cisco Prime CLI templates to provision the Cisco Umbrella Integration deployment. The Cisco Prime CLI templates make provisioning Cisco Umbrella Integration deployment simple.



Note

The Cisco Prime CLI templates is supported only on Cisco Prime version 3.1 or later.

To use the Cisco Prime CLI templates to provision the Cisco Umbrella Integration deployment, perform these steps:

- **Step 1** Download the Cisco Prime templates corresponding to the Cisco IOS XE version running on your system.
- **Step 2** Unzip the file, if it is a zipped version.
- Step 3 From Cisco Prime Web UI, choose Configuration > Templates > Features and Technologies, and then select CLI Templates (User Defined).
- Step 4 Click Import.
- **Step 5** Select the folder where you want to import the templates and click Select Templates and choose the templates that you just downloaded.
- **Step 6** The following Cisco Umbrella Integration templates are available:
  - Umbrella—Use this template to provision Umbrella Connector on Cisco 4000 Series ISR.
  - Umbrella Cleanup—Use this template to remove previously configured Umbrella Connector on Cisco 4000 Series ISR.

## **Additional References for Cisco Umbrella Integration**

#### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
Security commands	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference:     Commands A to C
	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference:     Commands D to L
	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference:     Commands M to R
	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference:     Commands S to Z

#### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.	http://www.cisco.com/support
To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.	
Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	