

# **DLPs A100 to A199**



I

The terms "Unidirectional Path Switched Ring" and "UPSR" may appear in Cisco literature. These terms do not refer to using Cisco ONS 15xxx products in a unidirectional path switched ring configuration. Rather, these terms, as well as "Path Protected Mesh Network" and "PPMN," refer generally to Cisco's path protection feature, which may be used in any topological network configuration. Cisco does not recommend using its path protection feature in any particular topological network configuration.

## **DLP-A111 Changing the Maximum Number of Session Entries for Alarm History**

Purpose	This task changes the maximum number of session entries included in the alarm history. Use this task to extend the history list in order to save information for future reference or troubleshooting.
Tools/Equipment	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher

**Step 1** From the Edit menu, choose **Preferences**.

The Cisco Transport Controller (CTC) Preferences dialog box appears (Figure 18-1).

eneral Login Node	e Groups   Map   Circuit   Firewall   JRE	
Date Format	Events Maximum Network History Entries: 5000	
	Maximum Node History Entries: 500	
Preferences Mana	agement	
Include	Other Preferences File: Browse	
Dieler	a beyon for which "Do not above this measure again" is a wronth collected	
are li: Unch	sted below. Checked dialog boxes will continue to not be shown. ecked dialog boxes will be shown in the future.	
undo are lia Unch I Suggest use o	sted below. Checked dialog boxes will continue to not be shown. ecked dialog boxes will be shown in the future.	1
undio are li: Unch ✓ Suggest use o ✓ Acknowledge	sted below. Checked dialog boxes will continue to not be shown. ecked dialog boxes will be shown in the future. of wizard for Ring : Successful Defaults Application	1
unch ✓ Suggest use of ✓ Acknowledge ✓ Suggest remo	sted below. Checked dialog boxes will continue to not be shown. ecked dialog boxes will be shown in the future. of wizard for Ring successful Defaults Application val of modified policy file	4
Diaio are li: Unch ✓ Suggest use o ✓ Acknowledge ✓ Suggest remo Don't Show An	sted below. Checked dialog boxes will continue to not be shown. ecked dialog boxes will be shown in the future. of wizard for Ring Successful Defaults Application wal of modified policy file y Show All	1

Figure 18-1 CTC Preferences Dialog Box

Step 2 Click the up or down arrow buttons next to the Maximum History Entries field to change the entry.

#### Step 3 Click Apply and OK.

Note

Setting the Maximum History Entries value to the high end of the range uses more Cisco Transport Controller (CTC) memory and could impair CTC performance.

# 

**Note** This task changes the maximum history entries recorded for CTC sessions. It does not affect the maximum number of history entries viewable for a network, node, or card.

**Step 4** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A112 Display Alarms and Conditions Using Time Zone**

	Purpose	This task changes the time stamp for events to the time zone of the ONS node reporting the alarm. By default, the events time stamp is set to the time zone for the CTC workstation.
	Tools/Equipment	None
	<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
	<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
	<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
	Security Level	Provisioning or higher
Step 1	From the Edit menu, choose <b>Preferences</b> .	
	The CTC Preferences dialog box appears (Figure 18-1 on page 18-2).	
Step 2	Check the <b>Display Events Using Each Node's Timezone</b> check box. The Apply button is enabled.	
Step 3	Click Apply and OK.	
Step 4	Return to your originating	procedure (NTP).

### **DLP-A113 Synchronize Alarms**

Purpose	This task is used to view ONS 15454 events at the card, node, or network level and to refresh the alarm listing so that you can check for new and cleared alarms and conditions.
Tools/Equipment	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Retrieve or higher

Step 1 At the card, node, or network view, click the Alarms tab.

#### Step 2 Click Synchronize.

This button causes CTC to retrieve a current alarm summary for the card, node, or network. This step is optional because CTC updates the Alarms window automatically as raise/clear messages arrive from the node.

#### Note

ſ

Alarms that have been raised during the session will have a check mark in the Alarms window New column. When you click Synchronize, the check mark disappears.

Step 3 Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A114 View Conditions**

Purpose	This task is used to view conditions (events with a Not Reported [NR] severity) at the card, node, or network level. Conditions give you a clear record of changes or events that do not result in alarms.
Tools/Equipment	None
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
Required/As Needed	As needed
Onsite/Remote	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Retrieve or higher

**Step 1** From the card, node, or network view, click the **Conditions** tab.

#### **Step 2** Click **Retrieve** (Figure 18-2).

The Retrieve button requests the current set of fault conditions from the node, card, or network. The window is not updated when events change on the node. You must click Retrieve to see any changes.



Conditions include all fault conditions raised on the node, whether or not they are reported.



Alarms can be unreported when they are filtered out of the display. See the "DLP-A225 Enable Alarm Filtering" task on page 19-17 for information.

Events that are reported as Major (MJ), Minor (MN), or Critical (CR) severities are alarms. Events that are reported as Not-Alarmed (NA) are conditions. Conditions that are not reported at all are marked Not-Reported (NR) in the Conditions window severity column.

Conditions that have a default severity of Critical (CR), Major (MJ), Minor (MN), or Not-Alarmed (NA) but are not reported due to exclusion or suppression are shown as NR in the Conditions window.



For more information about alarm suppression, see the "DLP-A522 Suppress Alarm Reporting" task on page 22-18.

Current conditions are shown with the severity chosen in the alarm profile, if used. For more information about alarm profiles, see the "NTP-A71 Create, Download, and Assign Alarm Severity Profiles" procedure on page 8-6.



When a port is placed in the Out-of-Service and Management, Maintenance (OOS-MA,MT) service state, it raises an Alarms Suppressed for Maintenance (AS-MT) condition. For information about alarm and condition troubleshooting, refer to the *Cisco ONS 15454 Troubleshooting Guide*.

**Step 3** If you want to apply exclusion rules, check the **Exclude Same Root Cause** check box at the node or network view, but do not check the Exclude Same Root Cause check box in card view.

An exclusion rule eliminates all lower-level alarms or conditions that originate from the same cause. For example, a fiber break may cause an LOS alarm, an AIS condition, and an SF condition. If you check the Exclude Same Root Cause check box, only the LOS alarm will appear. According to Telcordia, exclusion rules apply to a query of "all conditions from a node."

**Step 4** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A117 Apply Alarm Profiles to Cards and Nodes**

Purpose	This task applies a custom or default alarm profile to cards or nodes.
Tools/Equipment	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A518 Create a New or Cloned Alarm Severity Profile, page 22-9
	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
Onsite/Remote	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher

Step 1 In node view, click the Provisioning > Alarm Profiles > Alarm Behavior tab (Figure 18-3).

Let Hover de els		
🧆 🚳 🛔 🤿 🖆 了		- <b>1</b> 2
CH: 48 1.62 FAL 1 CL: ADD : CL: ADD : CL: CL: CL: CL: CL: CL: CL: CL: CL: CL:		
Anna Consona Itala Cana Principal Parlana		
Anima Silat	- sun l- seu [kam h (s. 11.)]	
Honor Reference (Decision (Decision)) Honor (Decision)	I tel n pl -se- And- Enpress Deblam Alter-se distor E	Hophy Hospite
Providen Dearle	2 Y040 minutes r. T 5 Y.Jet montes T. T	Нар
R 55 110-	4 ETH COD Inhoritoutt.	
Ren to ATHLAN	Report Fonds Under In Reported Automa	
		Jan lag

#### Figure 18-3 Node View Alarm Profile

**Step 2** To apply profiles to a card:

- **a**. Click a selection from the Profile column for the card.
- **b.** Choose the new profile from the drop-down list.
- c. Click Apply.
- **Step 3** To apply the profile to an entire node:
  - a. Click the Node Profile drop-down arrow at the bottom of the window (Figure 18-3).
  - **b.** Choose the new alarm profile from the drop-down list.
  - c. Click Apply.
- **Step 4** To reapply a previous alarm profile after you have applied a new one, select the previous profile and click **Apply** again.
- **Step 5** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

## **DLP-A121 Enable/Disable Pointer Justification Count Performance Monitoring**

Purpose	This task enables or disables pointer justification counts, which provide a way to align the phase variations in synchronous transport signal (STS) payloads and to monitor the clock synchronization between nodes. A consistently large pointer justification count indicates clock synchronization problems between nodes.
Tools/Equipment	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher

- **Step 1** Enable Intermediate Path Performance Monitoring as described in "A122 Enable/Disable Intermediate Path Performance Monitoring" alarm on page 18-9
- **Step 2** In node view, double-click the card you want to monitor. The card view appears.

See Table 18-1 for a list of line terminating equipment (LTE) cards.

#### Table 18-1 OC-N Cards that Terminate the Line, Called LTEs

Line Terminating Equipment
EC1-12
OC3 IR 4/STM1 SH 1310
OC3 IR4/STM1 SH 1310-8
OC12 LR/STM4 LH 1310
OC12 IR/STM4 SH 1310
OC12 IR/STM4 SH 1310-4
OC12 LR/STM4 LH 1550
OC48 LR 1550
OC48 IR 1310
OC48 LR/STM16 LH AS 1550
OC48 IR/STM16 SH AS 1310
OC48 ELR 200 GHz
OC48 ELR/STM16 EH 100 GHz
OC192 SR/STM64 IO 1310
OC192 IR/STM64 SH 1550
OC192 LR/STM64 LH 1550
OC192 ELR/STM64 LH ITU 15xx.xx

**Step 3** Click the **Provisioning > Line** tabs.

ſ

**Step 4** From the PJSTSMon# drop-down list, make a selection based on the following rules (Figure 18-4):

- Off means pointer justification monitoring is disabled (default).
- 1 to *n* are the number of STSs on the port. One STS per port can be enabled from the PJSTSMon# card drop-down list.

Figure 18-4 Enabling or Disabling Pointer Justification Count Parameters



- **Step 5** In the Service State field, confirm that the port is in the In-Service and Normal (IS-NR) service state.
- Step 6 If the port is IS-NR, click Apply. If the port is in the Out-of-Service and Management, Disabled (OOS-MA,DSBLD), Out-of-Service and Management, Maintenance (OOS-MA,MT), or the Out-of-Service and Autonomous, Automatic In-Service (OOS-AU,AINS) service state, choose IS from the Admin State drop-down list and click Apply.
- **Step 7** Click the **Performance** tab to view PM parameters. For PM parameter definitions, refer to the "Performance Monitoring" chapter in the *Cisco ONS 15454 Troubleshooting Guide*.

**Note** The count fields for PPJC and NPJC PM parameters appear white and blank unless pointer justification count performance monitoring is enabled.

**Step 8** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

Note

<u>Note</u>

ſ

# **DLP-A122** Enable/Disable Intermediate Path Performance Monitoring

Purpose	This task enables or disables intermediate path performance monitoring, which allows you to monitor large amounts of STS traffic through intermediate nodes.	
Tools/Equipment	None	
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66	
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed	
Onsite/Remote	Onsite or remote	
Security Level	Provisioning or higher	
The monitored IPPM parameters are STS CV-P, STS ES-P, STS SES-P, STS UAS-P, and STS FC-P. Far-end path monitoring can be performed on the OC3-4 and EC-1 cards. For PM parameter definitions, refer to the "Performance Monitoring" chapter of the <i>Cisco ONS 15454 Troubleshooting Guide</i> .		
An OC-48 IR card used in a BLSR does not support IPPM during a protection switch.		

Step 1In node view, double-click the OC-N card you want to monitor. The card view appears.See Table 18-1 on page 18-7 for a list of OC-N LTE cards.

**Step 2** Click the **Provisioning > SONET STS** tabs (Figure 18-5).



#### Figure 18-5 SONET STS Tab for Enabling or Disabling IPPM

- **Step 3** Click the check box in the Enable IPPM column and make a selection based on the following rules:
  - Unchecked means IPPM is disabled for that STS (default)
  - Checked means IPPM is enabled for that STS
- Step 4 Click Apply.
- **Step 5** Click the **Performance** tab to view PM parameters. For IPPM parameter definitions, refer to the "Performance Monitoring" chapter of the *Cisco ONS 15454 Troubleshooting Guide*.
- **Step 6** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A124 Refresh PM Counts at 15-Minute Intervals**

Purpose	This task changes the window view to display PM counts in 15-minute intervals.
Tools/Equipment	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Retrieve or higher

- **Step 1** In node view, double-click the card where you want to view PM counts. The card view appears.
- **Step 2** Click the **Performance** tab.
- Step 3 Click the 15 min radio button.
- **Step 4** Click **Refresh**. Performance monitoring parameters appear in 15-minute intervals synchronized with the time of day.
- **Step 5** View the Curr column to find PM counts for the current 15-minute interval.

Each monitored performance parameter has corresponding threshold values for the current time period. If the value of the counter exceeds the threshold value for a particular 15-minute interval, a threshold crossing alert (TCA) is raised. The number represents the counter value for each specific performance monitoring parameter.

**Step 6** View the Prev-*n* columns to find PM counts for the previous 15-minute intervals.



**Note** If a complete 15-minute interval count is not possible, the value appears with a yellow background. An incomplete or incorrect count can be caused by monitoring for less than 15 minutes after the counter started, changing node timing settings, changing the time zone settings, replacing a card, resetting a card, or changing port service states. When the problem is corrected, the subsequent 15-minute interval appears with a white background.

**Step 7** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A125 Refresh PM Counts at One-Day Intervals**

Purpose	This task changes the window view to display PM parameters in 1-day intervals.
Tools/Equipment	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Retrieve or higher

**Step 1** In node view, double-click the card where you want to view PM counts. The card view appears.

- **Step 2** Click the **Performance** tab.
- **Step 3** Click the **1 day** radio button.
- **Step 4** Click **Refresh**. Performance monitoring appears in 1-day intervals synchronized with the time of day.
- **Step 5** View the Curr column to find PM counts for the current 1-day interval.

Each monitored performance parameter has corresponding threshold values for the current time period. If the value of the counter exceeds the threshold value for a particular 1-day interval, a threshold crossing alert (TCA) is raised. The number represents the counter value for each specific performance monitoring parameter.

**Step 6** View the Prev-*n* columns to find PM counts for the previous 1-day intervals.

Not	Note	If a complete count over a 1-day interval is not possible, the value appears with a yellow
		background. An incomplete or incorrect count can be caused by monitoring for less than
		24 hours after the counter started, changing node timing settings, changing the time zone
		settings, replacing a card, resetting a card, or changing port service states. When the problem is
		corrected, the subsequent 1-day interval appears with a white background.

#### **DLP-A126 View Near-End PM Counts**

Purpose	This task enables you to view near-end PM counts for the selected card and port.
Tools/Equipment	None
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
Onsite/Remote	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Retrieve or higher
In node view, double-click t	he card where you want to view PM counts. The card view appears.

Step 2 Click the **Performance** tab.

Step 1

- Step 3 Click the Near End radio button.
- Step 4 Click Refresh. All PM parameters occurring for the selected card on the incoming signal appear. For PM parameter definitions refer to the "Performance Monitoring" chapter of the Cisco ONS 15454 Troubleshooting Guide.
- **Step 5** View the Curr column to find PM counts for the current time interval.
- **Step 6** View the Prev-*n* columns to find PM counts for the previous time intervals.
- **Step 7** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A127 View Far-End PM Counts**

Purpose	This task enables you to view far-end PM parameters for the selected card and port.
Tools/Equipment	None
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
Onsite/Remote	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Retrieve or higher

Step 1	In node view, double-click the card where you want to view PM counts. The card view appears.
Step 2	Click the <b>Performance</b> tab.
Step 3	Click the Far End radio button.
Step 4	Click <b>Refresh</b> . All PM parameters recorded by the far-end node for the selected card on the outgoing signal appear. For PM parameter definitions refer to the "Performance Monitoring" chapter of the <i>Cisco ONS 15454 Troubleshooting Guide</i> .
Step 5	View the Curr column to find PM counts for the current time interval.
Step 6	View the Prev- <i>n</i> columns to find PM counts for the previous time intervals.
Step 7	Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A129 Reset Current PM Counts**

Purpose	This task clears the current PM count, but it does not clear the cumulative PM count. This task allows you to see how quickly PM counts rise.
<b>Tools/Equipment</b>	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Retrieve or higher

Step 1 In node view, double-click the card where you want to view PM counts. The card view appears.

**Step 2** Click the **Performance** tab.

Step 3 Click Baseline.



ſ

**Note** The Baseline button clears the PM counts displayed in the current time interval but does not clear the PM counts on the card. When the current time interval expires or the window view changes, the total number of PM counts on the card and on the window appear in the appropriate column. The baseline values are discarded if you change views to a different window and then return to the Performance window.

- **Step 4** View the current statistics columns to observe changes to PM counts for the current time interval.
- **Step 5** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

# **DLP-A131 Search for Circuits**

	Purpose	This task searches for ONS 15454 circuits at the network, node, or card level. None		
	Tools/Equipment			
	Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66 As needed Onsite or remote		
	<b>Required/As Needed</b>			
	<b>Onsite/Remote</b>			
	Security Level	Retrieve or higher		
Step 1	Navigate to the appropriate	CTC view:		
	• To search the entire network, click <b>View &gt; Go to Network View</b> .			
	<ul> <li>To search for circuits that originate, terminate, or pass through a specific node, click View &gt; Go to Other Node, then choose the node you want to search and click OK.</li> </ul>			
	• To search for circuits that originate, terminate, or pass through a specific card, double-click the card on the shelf graphic in node view to open the card in card view.			
Step 2	Click the Circuits tab.			
Step 3	If you are in node or card view, choose the scope for the search, <b>Node</b> or <b>Network (All)</b> , from the Scope drop-down list located at the bottom right-hand side of the screen.			
Step 4	Click Search.			
Step 5	In the Circuit Name Search	dialog box, complete the following:		
	• Find What—Enter the	text of the circuit name you want to find.		
	• Match whole word onl word matches the text	y—Check this check box to instruct CTC to select circuits only if the entire in the Find What field.		
	• Match case—Check th matches the capitalizat	is check box to instruct CTC to select circuits only when the capitalization ion entered in the Find What field.		
	• Direction—Choose the currently selected circu	e direction for the search. Searches are conducted up or down from the uit.		
Step 6	Click Find Next. If a matc	Click Find Next. If a match is found, click Find Next again to find the next circuit.		
Step 7	Repeat Steps 5 and 6 until	you are finished, then click <b>Cancel</b> .		
Step 8	Return to your originating procedure (NTP).			

# **DLP-A137 Provision Path Trace on OC-N Ports**

Purpose	This task monitors a path trace on OC-N ports within the circuit path.
Tools/Equipment	The OC-N ports you want to monitor must be on OC-N cards capable of
	receiving path trace. See Table 19-3 on page 19-44.

ſ

		DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66	
	<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed	
	<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote	
	Security Level	Provisioning or higher	
Step 1	From the View menu, cho path trace was provisione	bose <b>Go to Other Node</b> . In the Select Node dialog box, choose the node where ad on the circuit source and destination ports.	
Step 2	Click Circuits.		
Step 3	Choose the STS circuit that has path trace provisioned on the source and destination ports, then click <b>Edit</b> .		
Step 4	In the Edit Circuit window, click the <b>Show Detailed Map</b> check box at the bottom of the window. A detailed circuit graphic showing source and destination ports appears.		
Step 5	In the detailed circuit map, right-click the circuit OC-N port (the square on the left or right of the source node icon) and choose <b>Edit Path Trace</b> from the shortcut menu.		
	Note The OC-N port m Edit Path Trace m	iust be on a receive-only card listed in Table 19-3 on page 19-44. If not, the nenu item will not appear.	
Step 6	In the Circuit Path Trace window, enable the path trace expected string by choosing <b>Auto</b> or <b>Manual</b> from the Path Trace Mode drop-down list:		
	• Auto—Uses the first string received from the port at the other path trace end as the current expected string. An alarm is raised when a string that differs from the baseline is received. For OC-N ports, Auto is recommended because Manual mode requires you to trace the circuit in the Edit Circuit window to determine whether the port is the source or destination path.		
	• Manual—Uses the Current Expected String field as the baseline string. An alarm is raised when a string that differs from the Current Expected String is received.		
Step 7	If you set the Path Trace I New Expected String fiel whether the port is in the o transmitted by the circuit step.	Mode field to Manual, enter the string that the OC-N port should receive in the d. To do this, trace the circuit path on the detailed circuit map to determine circuit source or destination path, then set the New Expected String to the string source or destination. If you set the Path Trace Mode field to Auto, skip this	
Step 8	Click Apply, then click (	Close.	

Prerequisite Procedures DLP-A264 Provision a J1 Path Trace on Circuit Source and Destination

Ports, page 19-43

**Step 9** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

# **DLP-A140** Change the Node Name, Date, Time, and Contact Information

Purpose	This procedure changes basic information such as node name, date, time, and contact information.
Tools/Equipment	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66

<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed	
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote	
Security Level	Provisioning or higher	
Changing the date, time,	or time zone might invalidate the node's performance monitoring counters.	
In node view, click the <b>F</b>	Provisioning > General tabs.	
Change any of the follow	ving:	
• General: Node Name	2	
• General: Contact		
• Location: Latitude		
Location: Longitude		
• Location: Description	n	
Note To see chang and right-cli	ges to longitude or latitude on the network map, you must go to network view ck the specified node, then click <b>Reset Node Position</b> .	
• Time: Use NTP/SNT	TP Server	
• Time: Date (M/D/Y)		
• Time: Time (H:M:S)		
• Time: Time Zone		
• Time: Use Daylight Savings Time		
• AIS-V Insertion On STS-1 Signal Degrade - Path: Insert AIS-V on STS-1 SD-P		
• AIS-V Insertion On	STS-1 Signal Degrade - Path: SD-P BER	
See the "NTP-A25 S	et Up Name, Date, Time, and Contact Information" procedure on page 4-5 fo	

detailed field descriptions.

- **Step 3** Click **Apply**. Confirm that the changes appear; if not, repeat the task.
- **Step 4** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

# **DLP-A142 Modify a Static Route**

Purpose	This task modifies a static route on an ONS 15454.
Tools/Equipment	None
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
	DLP-A65 Create a Static Route, page 17-73
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher

Cisco ONS 15454 Procedure Guide, R6.0

- **Step 1** In node view, click the **Provisioning > Network** tabs.
- Step 2 Click the Static Routing tab.
- **Step 3** Click the static route you want to edit.
- Step 4 Click Edit.
- **Step 5** In the Edit Selected Static Route dialog box, enter the following:
  - Mask
  - Next Hop
  - Cost

See the "DLP-A65 Create a Static Route" task on page 17-73 for detailed field descriptions.

- Step 6 Click OK.
- **Step 7** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A143 Delete a Static Route**

Purpose	This task deletes an existing static route on an ONS 15454.
Tools/Equipment	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
	DLP-A65 Create a Static Route, page 17-73
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher
In node view, click the <b>Provisioning &gt; Network &gt; Static Routing</b> tabs. Click the static route you want to delete. Click <b>Delete</b> . A confirmation dialog box appears.	
Return to your originating procedure (NTP).	

#### **DLP-A144 Disable OSPF**

I

Purpose	This task disables the Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) routing protocol process for an ONS 15454 LAN.
Tools/Equipment	None

	Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
		DLP-A250 Set Up or Change Open Shortest Path First Protocol, page 19-33
	<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
	<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
	Security Level	Provisioning or higher
Step 1	<ul> <li>p1 In node view, click the Provisioning &gt; Network &gt; OSPF tabs. The OSPF subtab has several of</li> <li>p2 In the OSPF on LAN area, uncheck the OSPF active on LAN? check box.</li> </ul>	
Step 2		
Step 3	Click <b>Apply</b> . Confirm that	the changes appear; if not, repeat the task.

**Step 4** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

## **DLP-A145 Change the Network View Background Color**

	Purpose	This task changes the network view background color or the domain view background color (the area displayed when you open a domain).
	Tools/Equipment	None
	Prerequisite procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
	<b>Required/As needed</b>	As needed
	<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
	Security Level	Retrieve or higher
Note	If you modify background colors, the change is stored in your CTC user profile on the computer. The change does not affect other CTC users.	
Step 1	From the View menu, choose Go to Network View.	
Step 2	If you want to change a domain background, double-click the domain. If not, continue with Step 3.	
Step 3	Right-click the network view or domain map area and choose <b>Set Background Color</b> from the shortcut menu.	
Step 4	In the Choose Color dialog box, select a background color.	
Step 5	Click <b>OK</b> .	
Step 6	Return to your originating procedure (NTP).	

### **DLP-A148 Create Domain Icons**

PurposeThis task creates a domain, which is an icon that groups ONS 15454 ic in CTC network view.		
Tools/Equipment	None	
Prerequisite procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66	
<b>Required/As needed</b>	As needed	
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote	
Security Level	Provisioning or higher	
Domains created by one us	Domains created by one user are visible to all users who log into the network.	
From the View menu, choo	ose Go to Network View.	
From the View menu, choo Right-click the network ma	ose Go to Network View. ap and choose Create New Domain from the shortcut menu.	
From the View menu, choo Right-click the network ma When the domain icon app	ose Go to Network View. ap and choose Create New Domain from the shortcut menu. ears on the map, click the map name and type the domain name.	
From the View menu, choo Right-click the network ma When the domain icon app Press <b>Enter</b> .	ose <b>Go to Network View</b> . ap and choose <b>Create New Domain</b> from the shortcut menu. ears on the map, click the map name and type the domain name.	

## **DLP-A149 Manage Domain Icons**

Purpose	This task manages CTC network view domain icons.
<b>Tools/Equipment</b>	None
Prerequisite procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
	DLP-A148 Create Domain Icons, page 18-19
<b>Required/As needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher



I

All domain changes, such as added or removed nodes, are visible to all users who log into the network.

Step 1 From the View menu, choose Go to Network View.

**Step 2** Locate the domain action you want in Table 18-2 and complete the appropriate steps.

#### Table 18-2Managing Domains

Domain action	Steps
Move a domain	Press Ctrl and drag and drop the domain icon to the new location.
Rename a domain	Right-click the domain icon and choose <b>Rename Domain</b> from the shortcut menu. Type the new name in the domain name field.

Domain action	Steps
Add a node to a domain	Drag and drop the node icon to the domain icon.
Move a node from a domain to the network map	Open the domain and right-click a node. Choose <b>Move Node Back to Parent View</b> .
Open a domain	Double-click the domain icon.
	• Right-click the domain and choose <b>Open Domain</b> .
Return to network view	Right-click the domain view area and choose <b>Go to Parent View</b> from the shortcut menu.
Preview domain contents	Right-click the domain icon and choose <b>Show Domain Overview</b> . The domain icon shows a small preview of the nodes in the domain. To turn off the domain overview, right-click the overview and select <b>Show Domain Overview</b> .
Remove domain	Right-click the domain icon and choose <b>Remove Domain</b> . Any nodes in the domain are returned to the network map.

Table 18-2	Managing Domains	(continued)
------------	------------------	-------------

**Step 3** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

## **DLP-A150 Modify a 1:1 Protection Group**

Purpose	This task modifies a 1:1 protection group for electrical (DS-1, DS-3, EC-1, and DS3XM) cards.
Tools/Equipment	None
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A71 Create a 1:1 Protection Group, page 17-78
	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher

**Step 1** In node view, click the **Provisioning > Protection** tabs.

- **Step 2** In the Protection Groups area, click the 1:1 protection group you want to modify.
- Step 3 In the Selected Group area, you can modify the following, as needed:
  - Name—As needed, type the changes to the protection group name. The name can have up to 32 alphanumeric characters.
  - Revertive—Check this box if you want traffic to revert to the working card after failure conditions stay corrected for the amount of time chosen from the Reversion Time drop-down list. Uncheck if you do not want traffic to revert.

• Reversion time—If the Revertive check box is selected, choose the reversion time from the Reversion time drop-down list. The range is 0.5 to 12.0 minutes. The default is 5.0 minutes. This is the amount of time that will elapse before the traffic reverts to the working card. Traffic can revert when conditions causing the switch are cleared.

**Step 4** Click **Apply**. Confirm that the changes appear; if not, repeat the task.



• To convert electrical protection groups, see the "NTP-A91 Upgrade DS-1 and DS-3 Protect Cards from 1:1 Protection to 1:N Protection" procedure on page 10-4.

**Step 5** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

## **DLP-A152 Modify a 1:N Protection Group**

Purpose	This task modifies a 1:N protection group for DS-1 and DS-3 cards.	
Tools/Equipment	None	
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A72 Create a 1:N Protection Group, page 17-80	
	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66	
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed	
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote	
Security Level	Provisioning or higher	

- **Step 1** Verify that the DS-1 and DS-3 cards are installed according to the 1:N specifications in the "DLP-A72 Create a 1:N Protection Group" task on page 17-80.
- **Step 2** In node view, click the **Provisioning > Protection** tabs.
- **Step 3** In the Protection Groups area, click the 1:N protection group you want to modify.
- **Step 4** In the Selected Group area, change any of the following, as needed:
  - Name—Type the changes to the protection group name. The name can have up to 32 alphanumeric characters.
  - Available Entities—If cards are available, they will appear here. Use the arrow buttons to move them into the Working Cards column.
  - Working Entities—Use the arrow buttons to move cards out of the Working Cards column.
  - Reversion Time—Choose a reversion time from the drop-down list. The range is 0.5 to 12.0 minutes. The default is 5.0 minutes. This is the amount of time that will elapse before the traffic reverts to the working card. Traffic can revert when conditions causing the switch are cleared.

See the "DLP-A72 Create a 1:N Protection Group" task on page 17-80 for field descriptions.

**Step 5** Click **Apply**. The changes are applied. Confirm that the changes appear; if not repeat the task.

**Note** To convert electrical protection groups, see the "NTP-A91 Upgrade DS-1 and DS-3 Protect Cards from 1:1 Protection to 1:N Protection" procedure on page 10-4.

**Step 6** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A154 Modify a 1+1 Protection Group**

Purpose	This task modifies a 1+1 protection group for any optical port (OC-3, OC-12, OC-12 IR, OC-48, OC-48AS, and OC-192).
Tools/Equipment	None
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A73 Create a 1+1 Protection Group, page 17-81
	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher

- **Step 1** In node view, click the **Provisioning > Protection** tabs.
- **Step 2** In the Protection Groups area, click the 1+1 protection group you want to modify.
- **Step 3** In the Selected Group area, you can modify the following, as needed:
  - Name—Type the changes to the protection group name. The name can have up to 32 alphanumeric characters.
  - Bidirectional switching—Check or uncheck.
  - Revertive—Check this box if you want traffic to revert to the working card after failure conditions stay corrected for the amount of time chosen from the Reversion Time drop-down list. Uncheck if you do not want traffic to revert.
  - Reversion time—If the Revertive check box is selected, choose the reversion time from the Reversion time drop-down list. The range is 0.5 to 12.0 minutes. The default is 5.0 minutes. This is the amount of time that will elapse before the traffic reverts to the working card. Traffic can revert when conditions causing the switch are cleared.

See the "DLP-A73 Create a 1+1 Protection Group" task on page 17-81 for field descriptions.

- **Step 4** Click **Apply**. Confirm that the changes appear; if not repeat the task.
- **Step 5** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A155 Delete a Protection Group**

Purpose	This task deletes a 1:1, 1:N, 1+1, or Y-Cable protection group.
Tools/Equipment	None
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
Required/As Needed	As needed
Onsite/Remote	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher

Step 1	In node view, click the <b>Provisioning &gt; Protection</b> tabs.
Step 2	In the Protection Groups area, click the protection group you want to delete.
Step 3	Click <b>Delete</b> .
Step 4	Click <b>Yes</b> in the Delete Protection Group dialog box. Confirm that the changes appear; if they do not, repeat Steps 1 through 3.
Step 5	Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

# **DLP-A156 Delete a Section DCC Termination**

	PurposeThis task deletes a SONET Section DCC termination on the ONS 1545		
	Tools/Equipment None		
	Prerequisite Procedures DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66		
	Required/As Needed As needed		
	Onsite/Remote Onsite or remote		
	Security Level Provisioning or higher		
Step 1	Click the <b>Provisioning &gt; Comm Channel &gt; SDCC</b> tabs.		
Step 2	Click the SDCC termination to be deleted and click <b>Delete</b> . The Delete SDCC Termination dialog box appears.		
Step 3	Click Yes in the confirmation dialog box. Confirm that the changes appear; if not, repeat the task.		
Step 4	Return to your originating procedure (NTP).		

## **DLP-A157 Change the Node Timing Source**

Purpose	This task changes the SONET timing source for the ONS 15454.	
<b>Tools/Equipment</b>	None	
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66	
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed	
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote	
Security Level	Provisioning or higher	



ſ

The following procedure might be service affecting and should be performed during a scheduled maintenance window.

- **Step 1** In node view, click the **Provisioning > Timing** tabs.
- **Step 2** In the General Timing section, change any of the following information:

I

• Timing Mode



Because mixed timing can cause timing loops, Cisco does not recommend using the Mixed Timing option. Use this mode with care.

- SSM Message Set
- Quality of RES
- Revertive
- Revertive Time

See the "DLP-A69 Set Up SONET External or Line Timing" task on page 17-75 for field descriptions.

**Step 3** In the BITS Facilities section, you can change the following information:



**Note** The BITS Facilities section sets the parameters for your BITS1 and BITS2 timing references. Many of these settings are determined by the timing source manufacturer. If equipment is timed through BITS Out, you can set timing parameters to meet the requirements of the equipment.

- BITS In State
- BITS Out State
- State
- Coding
- Framing
- Sync Messaging
- AIS Threshold
- LBO
- **Step 4** In the Reference Lists area, you can change the following information:



Reference lists define up to three timing references for the node and up to six BITS Out references. BITS Out references define the timing references used by equipment that can be attached to the node's BITS Out pins on the backplane. If you attach equipment to BITS Out pins, you normally attach it to a node with Line mode because equipment near the external timing reference can be directly wired to the reference.

- NE Reference
- BITS 1 Out
- BITS 2 Out
- **Step 5** Click **Apply**. Confirm that the changes appear; of not, repeat the task.
- **Step 6** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A158 Change User Password and Security Level on a Single Node**

	Purpose Tools/Equipment Prerequisite Procedures		This task changes settings for an existing user at one node.	
			None	
			DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66	
	Requ	ired/As Needed	As needed	
	Onsit	e/Remote	Onsite or remote	
	Secur	ity Level	Superuser	
Step 1	In node view, click the <b>Provisioning &gt; Security &gt; Users</b> tabs.			
Step 2	Click the user whose settings you want to modify, then click Change.			
Step 3	In the Change User dialog box, you can:			
	Change a user password			
	• Modify the user security level			
	• Lock out the user			
	See the "NTP-A30 Create Users and Assign Security" procedure on page 4-4 for field descriptions.			
Step 4	Click <b>OK</b> .			
	Note	User settings that y back in.	you changed during this task will not appear until that user logs off and logs	
Step 5	Return to your originating procedure (NTP).			

## **DLP-A159 Delete a User from a Single Node**

Purpose	This task deletes an existing user from a single node.	
Tools/Equipment	None	
Prerequisite Procedures DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66		
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed	
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote	
Security Level	Superuser	



You cannot delete a user who is currently logged in. To log out a user, you can complete the "DLP-A315 Log Out a User on a Single Node" task on page 20-8, or you can choose the "Logout before delete" option in the Delete User dialog box.

Note

ſ

CTC will allow you to delete other Superusers if one Superuser remains. For example, you can delete the CISCO15 user if you have created another Superuser. Use this option with caution.

In node view, click the <b>Provisioning &gt; Security &gt; Users</b> tabs.	
Choose the user you want to delete.	
Click <b>Delete</b> .	
In the Delete User dialog box, verify that the user name displayed is the one you want to delete.	
Click OK. Confirm that the changes appear; if not, repeat the task.	
Return to your originating procedure (NTP).	

# **DLP-A160 Change User Password and Security Level on Multiple Nodes**

Purpose	This task changes settings for an existing user at multiple nodes. None DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66	
Tools/Equipment		
Prerequisite Procedures		
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed	
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote	
Security Level	Superuser	
You must add the same use	er name and password to each node the user will access.	
From the View menu, choose <b>Go to Network View</b> . Verify that you can access all the nodes where you want to add users.		
Click the <b>Provisioning</b> > <b>Security</b> > <b>Users</b> tabs. Highlight the user's name whose settings you want to change.		
Click Change. The Change User dialog box appears.		
In the Change User dialog box, you can:		
Change a user's password		
• Modify the user's security level		
• Lock out the user		
See the "DLP-A75 Create a New User on Multiple Nodes" task on page 17-83 for field descriptions.		
In the Select Applicable Nodes area, uncheck any nodes where you do not want to change the user's settings (all network nodes are selected by default).		
Click <b>OK</b> . A Change Resul	Click <b>OK</b> . A Change Results confirmation dialog box appears.	
Click <b>OK</b> to acknowledge the changes. Confirm that the changes appear; if not, repeat the task.		
Return to your originating procedure (NTP).		

L

ſ

#### **DLP-A161 Delete a User from Multiple Nodes**

Purpose	This task deletes an existing user from multiple nodes	
Tools/Equipment	None	
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66	
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed	
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote	
Security Level	Superuser	



You cannot delete a user who is currently logged in. To log out a user, you can complete the "DLP-A316 Log Out a User on Multiple Nodes" task on page 20-9, or you can choose the "Logout before delete" option in the Delete User dialog box.



CTC will allow you to delete other Superusers if one Superuser remains. For example, you can delete the CISCO15 user if you have created another Superuser. Use this option with caution.

- Step 1 From the View menu, choose Go to Network View.
- **Step 2** Click the **Provisioning > Security** tabs. Highlight the name of the user you want to delete.
- **Step 3** Click **Delete**. The Delete User dialog box appears.
- Step 4 In the Select Applicable Nodes area, uncheck any nodes where you do not want to delete this user.
- **Step 5** Click **OK**. A User Deletion Results confirmation dialog box appears.
- **Step 6** Click **OK** to acknowledge the changes. Confirm that the changes appear; if not, repeat the task.
- **Step 7** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A163 Delete SNMP Trap Destinations**

Purpose	This task deletes Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) trap destinations on an ONS 15454.		
Tools/Equipment	None		
Prerequisite ProceduresDLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66Required/As NeededAs neededOnsite/RemoteOnsite or remote			
		Security Level	Provisioning or higher
		In node view, click the <b>Provisioning &gt; SNMP</b> tabs.	
In the Trap Destinations area, click the trap you want to delete.			
Click <b>Delete</b> . A confirmation dialog box appears.			
Click <b>Yes</b> . Confirm that the changes appear; if not, repeat the task.			

I

**Step 5** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A165 Change Line and Threshold Settings for a DS1-14 or DS1N-14 Card**

Purpose	This task changes the line and threshold settings for a DS1-14 or DS1N-14 card.
Tools/Equipment	None
Prerequisite Procedures DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66	
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher

- **Step 1** In node view, double-click the DS1-14 or DS1N-14 card where you want to change the line or threshold settings.
- Step 2 Click the **Provisioning** tab.
- Step 3 Depending on the setting you need to modify, click the Line, Line Thresholds, Elect Path Thresholds, or SONET Thresholds tab.

<u>Note</u>

See Chapter 8, "Manage Alarms" for information about the Alarm Profiles tab.

- Step 4 Modify any of the settings found under these subtabs. For definitions of the line settings, see Table 18-3 on page 18-28. For definitions of the line threshold settings, see Table 18-4 on page 18-30. For definitions of the electrical path threshold settings, see Table 18-5 on page 18-31. For definitions of the SONET threshold settings, see Table 18-6 on page 18-31.
- Step 5 Click Apply.
- **Step 6** Repeat Steps 3 through 5 for each subtab that has parameters you want to provision.

Table 18-3 describes the values on the Provisioning > Line tabs.

Parameter	Description	Options
Port #	(Display only) Port number.	1 to 14
Port Name	Sets the port name.	User-defined, up to 32 alphanumeric/special characters. Blank by default.
		See the "DLP-A314 Assign a Name to a Port" task on page 20-8.
SF BER	Sets the signal fail bit error rate.	• 1E-3
		• 1E-4
		• 1E-5

#### Table 18-3 Line Options for DS1-14 and DS1N-14 Cards

Γ

Parameter	Description	Options
SD BER	Sets the signal degrade bit	• 1E-5
	error rate.	• 1E-6
		• 1E-7
		• 1E-8
		• 1E-9
Line Type	Defines the line framing type.	• D4
		• ESF - Extended Super Frame
		• Unframed
Line Coding	Defines the DS-1 transmission coding type.	• AMI - Alternate Mark Inversion (default)
		• B8ZS - Bipolar 8 Zero Substitution
Line Length	Defines the distance (in feet) from the backplane connection to the next termination point.	• 0 - 131
		• 132 - 262
		• 263 - 393
		• 394 - 524
		• 525 - 655
Admin State	Sets the port administrative service state unless network conditions prevent the change.	• IS—Puts the port in-service. The port service state changes to IS-NR.
		• IS,AINS—Puts the port in automatic in-service. The port service state changes to OOS-AU,AINS.
		• OOS,DSBLD—Removes the port from service and disables it. The port service state changes to OOS-MA,DSBLD.
		• OOS,MT—Removes the port from service for maintenance. The port service state changes to OOS-MA,MT.

Table 18-3	Line Options for DS1-14 and DS1N-14 Cards (continued)

Parameter	Description	Options
Service State	(Display only) Identifies the autonomously generated state that gives the overall condition of the port. Service states appear in the format: Primary State-Primary State Qualifier, Secondary State.	<ul> <li>IS-NR—(In-Service and Normal) The port is fully operational and performing as provisioned.</li> <li>OOS-AU,AINS—(Out-Of-Service and Autonomous, Automatic In-Service) The port is out-of-service, but traffic is carried. Alarm reporting is suppressed. The ONS node monitors the ports for an error-free signal. After an error-free signal is detected, the port stays in OOS-AU,AINS state for the duration of the soak period. After the soak period ends, the port service state changes to IS-NR.</li> <li>OOS-MA,DSBLD—(Out-of-Service and Management, Disabled) The port is out-of-service and unable to carry traffic.</li> <li>OOS-MA,MT—(Out-of-Service and Management, Maintenance) The port is out-of-service for maintenance. Alarm reporting is suppressed, but traffic is carried and loopbacks are allowed.</li> </ul>
AINS Soak	Sets the automatic in-service soak period.	• Duration of valid input signal, in hh.mm format, after which the card becomes in service (IS) automatically
		• 0 to 48 hours, in 15-minute increments

 Table 18-3
 Line Options for DS1-14 and DS1N-14 Cards (continued)

Table 18-4 describes the values on the Provisioning > Line Thresholds tabs.

Table 18-4Line Thresholds Options for DS1-14 and DS1N-14 Cards

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) Port number	1 to 14
CV	Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
ES	Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SES	Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
LOSS	Number of one-second intervals containing one or more loss of signal (LOS) defects	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .

ſ

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) Port number	1 to 14
CV	Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
ES	Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SES	Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SAS	Severely errored frame/alarm indication signal	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
AISS	Alarm indication signal seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
UAS	Unavailable seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .

Table 18-5 describes the values on the Provisioning > Elect Path Thresholds tabs.

Table 18-5Electrical Path Threshold Options for DS1-14 and DS1N-14 Cards

Table 18-6 describes the values on the Provisioning > SONET Thresholds tabs for the DS-1 cards.

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) DS-1 ports partitioned for STS	Line 1, STS 1, Line 2, STS 1 Line 3, STS 1, Line 4 STS 1
CV	Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> (Near End, STS termination).
ES	Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> (Near End, STS termination).
FC	Failure count	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> (Near End, STS termination).

Table 18-6SONET Threshold Options for DS1-14 and DS1N-14 Cards

Parameter	Description	Options
SES	Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> (Near End, STS termination).
UAS	Unavailable seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> (Near End, STS termination).

Table 18-6 SONET Threshold Options for DS1-14 and DS1N-14 Cards (continued)

Note

te The threshold value appears after the circuit is created.

### **DLP-A166 Change Line and Threshold Settings for a DS3-12 or DS3N-12 Card**

Purpose	This task changes the line and threshold settings for a DS3-12 or DS3N-12 card.
Tools/Equipment	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher
Depending on the setting ye or <b>SONET Thresholds</b> tab	ou need to modify, click the Line, Line Thresholds, Elect Path Thresholds, b.
Note See Chapter 8, "Ma	anage Alarms" for information about the Alarm Profiles tab.
Modify any of the settings on page 18-33. For definiti definitions of the Elect Pat SONET threshold settings,	found under these subtabs. For definitions of the line settings, see Table 18-7 ons of the line threshold settings, see Table 18-8 on page 18-34. For h Threshold settings, see Table 18-9 on page 18-35. For definitions of the see Table 18-10 on page 18-35.

Step 5 Click Apply.

Step 1 Step 2 Step 3

Step 4

**Step 6** Repeat Steps 3 through 5 for each subtab that has parameters you want to provision.

Table 18-7 describes the values on the Provisioning > Line tabs.

**Step 7** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

Γ

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) Port number.	1 to 12
Port Name	Sets the port name.	User-defined, up to 32 alphanumeric/special characters. Blank by default.
		See the "DLP-A314 Assign a Name to a Port" task on page 20-8.
SF BER	Sets the signal fail bit error rate.	• 1E-3
		• 1E-4
		• 1E-5
SD BER	Sets the signal degrade bit error rate.	• 1E-5
		• 1E-6
		• 1E-7
		• 1E-8
		• 1E-9
Line Length	Defines the distance (in feet) from	• 0 - 225 (default)
	backplane connection to the next termination point.	• 226 - 450
Admin State	Sets the port administrative service state unless network conditions prevent the	• IS—Puts the port in-service. The port service state changes to IS-NR.
	change.	• IS,AINS—Puts the port in automatic in-service. The port service state changes to OOS-AU,AINS.
		• OOS,DSBLD—Removes the port from service and disables it. The port service state changes to OOS-MA,DSBLD.
		• OOS,MT—Removes the port from service for maintenance. The port service state changes to OOS-MA,MT.

 Table 18-7
 Line Options for DS3-12 or DS3N-12 Cards

Parameter	Description	Options
Service State	(Display only) Identifies the autonomously generated state that gives the overall condition of the port. Service states appear in the format: Primary State-Primary State Qualifier, Secondary State.	<ul> <li>IS-NR—(In-Service and Normal) The port is fully operational and performing as provisioned.</li> <li>OOS-AU,AINS—(Out-Of-Service and Autonomous, Automatic In-Service) The port is out-of-service, but traffic is carried. Alarm reporting is suppressed. The ONS node monitors the ports for an error-free signal. After an error-free.</li> </ul>
		signal is detected, the port stays in OOS-AU,AINS state for the duration of the soak period. After the soak period ends, the port service state changes to IS-NR.
		• OOS-MA,DSBLD—(Out-of-Service and Management, Disabled) The port is out-of-service and unable to carry traffic.
		• OOS-MA,MT—(Out-of-Service and Management, Maintenance) The port is out-of-service for maintenance. Alarm reporting is suppressed, but traffic is carried and loopbacks are allowed.
AINS Soak	Sets the automatic in-service soak period.	Duration of the valid input signal, in hh.mm format, after which the card becomes in service (IS) automatically 0 to 48 hours, 15-minute increments.

 Table 18-7
 Line Options for DS3-12 or DS3N-12 Cards (continued)

Table 18-8 describes the values on the Provisioning > Line Thresholds tabs.

 Table 18-8
 Line Threshold Options for DS3-12 or DS3N-12 Cards

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) Port number	1 to 12
CV	Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
ES	Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .

ſ

Parameter	Description	Options
SES	Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
LOSS	Loss of signal seconds; number of one-second intervals containing one or more LOS defects	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .

|--|

Table 18-9 describes the values on the Provisioning > Elect Path Thresholds tabs.

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) Port number	1 to 12
EB	Errored blocks	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals, near end or far end. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
BBE	Background block errors	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals, near end or far end. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
ES	Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals, near end or far end. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SES	Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals, near end or far end. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
UAS	Unavailable seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals, near end or far end. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
AISS	Alarm indication signal seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> (DS3 Pbit: Near End only; DS3 CPbit: Near and Far End).

 Table 18-9
 Electrical Path Threshold Options for DS3-12 or DS3N-12 Cards

Table 18-10 describes the values on the Provisioning > SONET Thresholds tabs.

Table 18-10 SONET Threshold Options for DS3-12 or DS3N-12 Cards

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) DS-3 ports partitioned for	Line 1, STS 1, Line 2, STS 1
	515	Line 3, STS 1, Line 4 STS 1
CV	(Near and Far End, STS termination only) Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .

Parameter	Description	Options
ES	(Near and Far End, STS termination only) Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
FC	(Near and Far End, STS termination only) Failure count	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SES	(Near and Far End, STS termination only) Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
UAS	(Near and Far End, STS termination only) Unavailable seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .

Table 18-10 SONET Threshold Options for DS3-12 or DS3N-12 Cards (continued)



The threshold value appears after the circuit is created.

## DLP-A167 Change Line and Threshold Settings for a DS3E-12 or DS3N-12E Card

PurposeThis task changes the line and threshold settings for a DS3E-12 or DS3N-12E (DS3E) card.		
Tools/Equipment	None	
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66	
Required/As Needed As needed		
Onsite/Remote Onsite or remote		
Security Level	Provisioning or higher	
Performance monitoring pa ONS 15454, delete the DS- provision the slot for the D	an ONS 15454 slot that is provisioned for a DS-3 card, the DS3E enhanced trameters are unavailable. If this occurs, remove the DS3E from the 3 card in CTC using the "DLP-A191 Delete a Card" task on page 18-61, and S3E using the "DLP-A330 Preprovision a Card Slot" task on page 20-19.	
Double-click the DS3E-12	or DS3N-12E card where you want to change the line or threshold settings.	
Click the <b>Provisioning</b> tab.		
Depending on the setting yo or <b>SONET Thresholds</b> tab	bu need to modify, click the Line, Line Thresholds, Elect Path Thresholds, b.	
Note See Chapter 8, "Ma	anage Alarms" for information about the Alarm Profiles tab.	

Step Step Step

Step 7 Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

ſ

Step 4 Modify any of the settings found under these subtabs. For definitions of the line settings, see Table 18-11. For definitions of the line threshold settings, see Table 18-12 on page 18-39. For definitions of the electrical path threshold settings, see Table 18-13 on page 18-39. For definitions of the SONET threshold settings, see Table 18-14 on page 18-40.

Step 5 Click Apply.

**Step 6** Repeat Steps 3 through 5 for each subtab that has parameters you want to provision.

Table 18-11 describes the values on the Provisioning > Line tabs.

Parameter	Description	Options
Port #	(Display only) Port number.	1 to 12
Port Name	Sets the port name.	User-defined, up to 32 alphanumeric/special characters. Blank by default.
		See the "DLP-A314 Assign a Name to a Port" task on page 20-8.
SF BER	Sets the signal fail bit error rate.	• 1E-3
		• 1E-4
		• 1E-5
SD BER	Sets the signal degrade bit error rate.	• 1E-5
		• 1E-6
		• 1E-7
		• 1E-8
		• 1E-9
Line Type	Defines the line framing type.	• M13
		• C Bit
		Auto Provisioned
Detected	(Display only) Displays the detected line	• M13
Line Type	type.	• C Bit
		• Unframed
		• Unknown
Line Coding	Defines the DS3E transmission coding type.	B3ZS
Line	Defines the distance (in feet) from	• 0 - 225 (default)
Length	backplane connection to the next termination point.	• 226 - 450

 Table 18-11
 Line Options for the DS3-12E and DS3N-12E Cards

Parameter	Description	Options
Admin State	Sets the port administrative service state unless network conditions prevent the change.	• IS—Puts the port in-service. The port service state changes to IS-NR.
		• IS,AINS—Puts the port in automatic in-service. The port service state changes to OOS-AU,AINS.
		• OOS,DSBLD—Removes the port from service and disables it. The port service state changes to OOS-MA,DSBLD.
		• OOS,MT—Removes the port from service for maintenance. The port service state changes to OOS-MA,MT.
Service State	(Display only) Identifies the autonomously generated state that gives the overall condition of the port. Service states appear in the format: Primary State-Primary State Qualifier, Secondary State.	• IS-NR—(In-Service and Normal) The port is fully operational and performing as provisioned.
		• OOS-AU,AINS—(Out-Of-Service and Autonomous, Automatic In-Service) The port is out-of-service, but traffic is carried. Alarm reporting is suppressed. The ONS node monitors the ports for an error-free signal. After an error-free signal is detected, the port stays in OOS-AU,AINS state for the duration of the soak period. After the soak period ends, the port service state changes to IS-NR.
		• OOS-MA,DSBLD—(Out-of-Service and Management, Disabled) The port is out-of-service and unable to carry traffic.
		• OOS-MA,MT—(Out-of-Service and Management, Maintenance) The port is out-of-service for maintenance. Alarm reporting is suppressed, but traffic is carried and loopbacks are allowed.
AINS Soak	Sets the automatic in-service soak period.	• Duration of valid input signal, in hh.mm format, after which the card becomes in service (IS) automatically
		• 0 to 48 hours, 15-minute increments

 Table 18-11
 Line Options for the DS3-12E and DS3N-12E Cards (continued)

Table 18-12 describes the values on the Provisioning > Line Thresholds tabs.

ſ

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) 1 to 12	Port number
CV	Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
ES	Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SES	Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
LOSS	Loss of signal seconds; number of one-second intervals containing one or more LOS defects	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .

 Table 18-12
 Line Threshold Options for the DS3-12E and DS3N-12E Cards

Table 18-13 describes the values on the Provisioning > Elect Path Thresholds tabs.

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) 1 to 12	Port number
CV	(DS3 Pbit: Near End only; DS3 CPbit: Near and Far End) Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
ES	(DS3 Pbit: Near End only; DS3 CPbit: Near and Far End) Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SES	(DS3 Pbit: Near End only; DS3 CPbit: Near and Far End) Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SAS	(DS3 Pbit: Near End only; DS3 CPbit: Near and Far End) Severely errored frame/alarm indication signal	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
AIS	(DS3 Pbit: Near End only; DS3 CPbit: Near and Far End) Alarm indication signal	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
UAS	(DS3 Pbit: Near End only; DS3 CPbit: Near and Far End) Unavailable seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .

 Table 18-13
 Electrical Path Options for the DS3-12E and DS3N-12E Cards

Table 18-14 describes the values on the Provisioning > SONET Thresholds tabs.

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) DS-3 ports partitioned for	Line 1, STS 1, Line 2, STS 1
	STS	Line 3, STS 1, Line 4 STS 1
CV	(Near and Far End, STS termination only) Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
ES	(Near and Far End, STS termination only) Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
FC	(Near and Far End, STS termination only) Failure count	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SES	(Near and Far End, STS termination only) Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
UAS	(Near and Far End, STS termination only) Unavailable seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .

Table 18-14 SONET Threshold Options for DS3-12E and DS3N-12E Cards

Note

Step 7

Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

## **DLP-A168 Change Line and Threshold Settings for the DS3XM-6 Card**

The threshold value appears after the circuit is created.

Purpose	This task changes the line and threshold settings for the DS3XM-6 card.
Tools/Equipment	None
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher



The DS3XM-6 (transmux) card can accept up to six channelized DS-3 signals and convert each signal to 28 VT1.5 signals. Conversely, the card can take 28 T-1s and multiplex them into a channeled C-bit or M13 framed DS-3.

Step 1 In node view, double-click the DS3XM-6 card where you want to change the line or threshold settings.

**Step 2** Click the **Provisioning** tab.

I

Step 3 Depending on the setting you need to modify, click the Line, Line Thresholds, Elect Path Thresholds, or SONET Thresholds tab.



Note See Chapter 8, "Manage Alarms" for information about the Alarm Profiles tab.

- Step 4 Modify any of the settings found under these subtabs. For definitions of the line settings, see Table 18-15. For definitions of the line threshold settings, see Table 18-16 on page 18-43. For definitions of the electrical path threshold settings, see Table 18-17 on page 18-43. For definitions of the soNET threshold settings, see Table 18-18 on page 18-44.
- Step 5 Click Apply.
- **Step 6** Repeat Steps 3 through 5 for each subtab that has parameters you want to provision.

Table 18-15 describes the values on the Provisioning > Line tabs for the DS3XM-6 cards.

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) Sets the port number.	1 to 6
Port Name	Sets the port name.	User-defined, up to 32 alphanumeric/ special characters. Blank by default.
		See the "DLP-A314 Assign a Name to a Port" task on page 20-8.
SF BER	Sets the signal fail bit error rate.	• 1E-3
		• 1E-4
		• 1E-5
SD BER	Sets the signal degrade bit error rate.	• 1E-5
		• 1E-6
		• 1E-7
		• 1E-8
		• 1E-9
Line Type	Defines the line framing type.	• M13 - default
		• C BIT
Line Coding	Defines the DS-1 transmission coding type that is used.	B3ZS
Line Length	Defines the distance (in feet) from backplane connection to the next termination point.	<ul> <li>0 - 225 (default)</li> <li>226 - 450</li> </ul>

 Table 18-15
 Line Options for the DS3XM-6 Parameters

Parameter	Description	Options
Admin State	Sets the port administrative service state unless network conditions prevent the change.	• IS—Puts the port in-service. The port service state changes to IS-NR.
		• IS,AINS—Puts the port in automatic in-service. The port service state changes to OOS-AU,AINS.
		• OOS,DSBLD—Removes the port from service and disables it. The port service state changes to OOS-MA,DSBLD.
		• OOS,MT—Removes the port from service for maintenance. The port service state changes to OOS-MA,MT.
Service State	(Display only) Identifies the autonomously generated state that gives the overall condition of the port. Service states appear in the format: Primary State-Primary State Qualifier, Secondary State.	• IS-NR—(In-Service and Normal) The port is fully operational and performing as provisioned.
		• OOS-AU,AINS—(Out-Of-Service and Autonomous, Automatic In-Service) The port is out-of-service, but traffic is carried. Alarm reporting is suppressed. The ONS node monitors the ports for an error-free signal. After an error-free signal is detected, the port stays in OOS-AU,AINS state for the duration of the soak period. After the soak period ends, the port service state changes to IS-NR.
		• OOS-MA,DSBLD—(Out-of-Service and Management, Disabled) The port is out-of-service and unable to carry traffic.
		• OOS-MA,MT—(Out-of-Service and Management, Maintenance) The port is out-of-service for maintenance. Alarm reporting is suppressed, but traffic is carried and loopbacks are allowed.
AINS Soak	Sets the automatic in-service soak period.	• Duration of valid input signal, in hh.mm format, after which the card becomes in service (IS) automatically
		• 0 to 48 hours, 15-minute increments

 Table 18-15
 Line Options for the DS3XM-6 Parameters (continued)

Table 18-16 describes the values on the Provisioning > Line Thresholds tabs for DS3XM-6 cards.

Γ

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) Port number	1 to 6
CV	Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
ES	Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SES	Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
LOSS	Loss of signal seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .

Table 18-16	Line Threshold Options for the DS3XM-6 Card
-------------	---

Table 18-17 describes the values on the Provisioning > Elect Path Thresholds tabs for the DS3XM-6 cards.

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) Port number	1 to 6
CV	(DS3, Pbit Near End only; DS3 CPbit, Near and Far End; DS1, only if a VT circuit is dropped on the port) Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
ES	(DS3, Pbit Near End only; DS3 CPbit, Near and Far End; DS1, only if a VT circuit is dropped on the port) Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SES	(DS3, Pbit Near End only; DS3 CPbit, Near and Far End; DS1, only if a VT circuit is dropped on the port) Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SAS	(DS3, Pbit Near End only; DS3 CPbit, Near and Far End; DS1, only if a VT circuit is dropped on the port) Severely errored frame/alarm indication signal	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
AISS	(DS3, Pbit Near End only; DS3 CPbit, Near and Far End; DS1, only if a VT circuit is dropped on the port) Alarm indication signal seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
UAS	(DS3, Pbit Near End only; DS3 CPbit, Near and Far End; DS1, only if a VT circuit is dropped on the port) Unavailable seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .

Table 18-17 Electrical Path Threshold Options for the DS3XM-6 Card

Table 18-18 describes the values on the Provisioning > SONET Thresholds tabs for the DS3XM-6 cards.

Parameter	Description	Options
CV	(STS and VT Term) Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
ES	(STS and VT Term) Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
FC	(STS and VT Term) Failure count	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
SES	(STS and VT Term) Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .
UAS	(STS and VT Term) Unavailable seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Show Thresholds</b> .

Table 18-18 SONET Threshold Options for the DS3XM-6 Card



The threshold value appears after the circuit is created.

Step 7 Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

### **DLP-A169 Change Line and Threshold Settings for the EC1-12 Card**

Purpose	This task changes the line and threshold settings for the EC1-12 (EC-1) card.	
Tools/Equipment	None	
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66	
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed	
Onsite/Remote	Onsite or remote	
Security Level Provisioning or higher		
In node view, double-click	the EC-1 card where you want to change the line or threshold settings.	
Click the <b>Provisioning</b> tab.		
Depending on the setting you need to modify, click the <b>Line</b> or <b>SONET Thresholds</b> tabs.		
Note See Chapter 8, "Ma	anage Alarms" for information about the Alarm Profiles tab.	

Step 1 Step 2 Step 3

I

**Note** The STS subtab is used to provision intermediate path performance monitoring (IPPM). To provision IPPM, circuits must be provisioned on the EC1-12 card. For circuit creation procedures, go to Chapter 7, "Create Circuits and VT Tunnels." To provision IPPM, go to the "DLP-A121 Enable/Disable Pointer Justification Count Performance Monitoring" task on page 18-7.

- **Step 4** Modify any of the settings found under these subtabs. For definitions of the line settings, see Table 18-19. For definitions of the SONET threshold settings, see Table 18-20 on page 18-47.
- Step 5 Click Apply.
- **Step 6** Repeat Steps 3 through 5 for each subtab that has parameters you want to provision.

Table 18-19 describes the values on the Line tab for the EC1-12 card.

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	(Display only) Port number.	1 to 12
Port Name	(Optional) Sets a name for the port.	User-defined, up to 32 alphanumeric/ special characters. Blank by default.
		See the "DLP-A314 Assign a Name to a Port" task on page 20-8.
SF BER	Sets the signal fail bit error rate.	• 1E-3
		• 1E-4
		• 1E-5
SD BER	Sets the signal degrade bit error rate.	• 1E-5
		• 1E-6
		• 1E-7
		• 1E-8
		• 1E-9
PJStsMon#	Sets the STS that will be used for pointer	• 0 (default)
	justification; if set to zero, no STS is used.	• 1
Line Buildout	Defines the distance (in feet) from	• 0 - 225 (default)
	backplane to next termination point.	• 226 - 450
Rx	For early EC1-12 card versions,	• On (checked, default)
Equalization	equalization can be turned off if the line length is short or the environment is extremely cold; Rx Equalization should normally be set to On.	• Off (unchecked)

Table 18-19Line Options for the EC1-12 Card

Parameter	Description	Options
Admin State	Sets the port administrative service state unless network conditions prevent the change.	• IS—Puts the port in-service. The port service state changes to IS-NR.
		• IS,AINS—Puts the port in automatic in-service. The port service state changes to OOS-AU,AINS.
		• OOS,DSBLD—Removes the port from service and disables it. The port service state changes to OOS-MA,DSBLD.
		• OOS,MT—Removes the port from service for maintenance. The port service state changes to OOS-MA,MT.
Service State	(Display only) Identifies the autonomously generated state that gives the overall condition of the port. Service states appear in the format: Primary State-Primary State Qualifier, Secondary State.	• IS-NR—(In-Service and Normal) The port is fully operational and performing as provisioned.
		• OOS-AU,AINS—(Out-Of-Service and Autonomous, Automatic In-Service) The port is out-of-service, but traffic is carried. Alarm reporting is suppressed. The ONS node monitors the ports for an error-free signal. After an error-free signal is detected, the port stays in OOS-AU,AINS state for the duration of the soak period. After the soak period ends, the port service state changes to IS-NR.
		• OOS-MA,DSBLD—(Out-of-Service and Management, Disabled) The port is out-of-service and unable to carry traffic.
		• OOS-MA,MT—(Out-of-Service and Management, Maintenance) The port is out-of-service for maintenance. Alarm reporting is suppressed, but traffic is carried and loopbacks are allowed.
AINS Soak	Sets the automatic in-service soak period.	• Duration of valid input signal, in hh.mm format, after which the card becomes in service (IS) automatically
		• 0 to 48 hours, 15-minute increments

 Table 18-19
 Line Options for the EC1-12 Card (continued)

Γ

Table 18-20 lists the values on the SONET Thresholds tab for EC1-12 cards.

SONET Layer	Parameter	Description	Options
All	Port #	(Display only) EC-1 card port number	1 to 12
Line (L)	CV	Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
	ES	Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
Line (L)	SES	Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
	FC	Failure count	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
	UAS	Unavailable seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
Section (S)	CV	(Near End only) Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
	ES	Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
	SES	Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
	SEFS	Severely errored framing seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .

 Table 18-20
 SONET Threshold Options for the EC1-12 Card

SONET Layer	Parameter	Description	Options
Path (P)	CV	(Near and Far end) Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
	ES	Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
	FC	Failure count	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
	SES	Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
	UAS	Unavailable seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals. Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .

Table 18-20 SONET Threshold Options for the EC1-12 Card (continued)

**Step 7** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

### **DLP-A171 Change Threshold Settings for OC-N Cards**

Purpose	This task changes threshold settings for OC-N cards.
Tools/Equipment	None
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher

**Step 1** In node view, double-click the OC-N card where you want to change the threshold settings.

**Step 2** Click the **Provisioning > SONET Thresholds** tabs.

**Step 3** Modify any of the settings found in Table 18-21.

Γ

Parameter	Description	Options
Port	Port number	• 1 (OC-3, OC-12, OC-48, OC-192)
		• 1-4 (OC12-4)
		• 1-12: PPM 1 (MRC_12)
CV	Coding violations	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line, Section, or Path (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
ES	Errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line, Section, or Path (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
SES	Severely errored seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line, Section, or Path (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
SEFS	Severely errored framing seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line, Section, or Path (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
FC	Failure count	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line or Path (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
UAS	Unavailable seconds	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line or Path (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
PSC	Protection Switching Count (Line)	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
PSD	Protection Switch Duration (Line)	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
PSC-W	Protection Switching Count - Working line bidirectional line switch rings (BLSRs) are not supported on the OC-3 card; therefore, the PSC-W, PSC-S, and PSC-R performance monitoring parameters (PMs) do not increment.	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .

 Table 18-21
 OC-N Threshold Options

Parameter	Description	Options
PSD-W	<ul> <li>Protection Switching Duration - Working line</li> <li>BLSR is not supported on the OC-3 card; therefore, the PSD-W, PSD-S, and PSD-R</li> <li>PMs do not increment.</li> </ul>	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
PSC-S	Protection Switching Duration - Span BLSR is not supported on the OC-3 card; therefore, the PSC-W, PSC-S, and PSC-R PMs do not increment.	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
PSD-S	Protection Switching Duration - Span BLSR is not supported on the OC-3 card; therefore, the PSD-W, PSD-S, and PSD-R PMs do not increment.	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
PSC-R	Protection Switching Count - Ring BLSR is not supported on the OC-3 card; therefore, the PSC-W, PSC-S, and PSC-R PMs do not increment.	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .
PSD-R	Protection Switching Duration - Ring BLSR is not supported on the OC-3 card; therefore, the PSD-W, PSD-S, and PSD-R PMs do not increment.	Numeric. Can be set for 15-minute or one-day intervals for Line (Near and Far End). Select the bullet and click <b>Refresh</b> .

Table 18-21	OC-N Threshold Option	s (continued)
-------------	-----------------------	---------------

#### Step 4 Click Apply.

**Step 5** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

# **DLP-A172 Change an Optical Port to SDH**

Purpose	This task provisions a port on an OC-N card for SDH. You must put the port in the OOS,MT administrative service state beforing changing the port to SDH.
Tools/Equipment None	
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
	DLP-A214 Change the Service State for a Port, page 19-9
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher

Step 1 In node view, double-click the OC-N card where you want to provision a port for SDH.

**Step 2** Click the **Provisioning > Line** tabs.

Step 3	In the Type field for the desired port, choose <b>SDH</b> .		
	Note	Before you change the port type to SDH, ensure the following: the EnableSyncMsg and SendDoNotUse fields are unchecked, the card is not part of a BLSR or 1+1 protection group, the card is not part of an orderwire channel, and the card is not a SONET data communications channel/generic communications channel (DCC/GCC) termination point.	
Step 4	Click Apply.		
Step 5	If the card is a multiport OC-N card, for example a four-port OC-3, eight-port OC-3, four-port OC-12, or MRC-12, you can repeat Steps 3 and 4 for any other ports on that card.		
Step 6	Return to your originating procedure (NTP).		

#### **DLP-A176 Convert DS1-14 Cards From 1:1 to 1:N Protection**

Purpose	This task converts DS1-14 cards in a 1:1 protection scheme to 1:N protection. A 1:N protection group can protect a maximum of five working cards.
Tools/Equipment	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite
Security Level	Provisioning or higher

Note

This procedure assumes DS1-14 cards are installed in Slots 1 through 6 and/or Slots 12 through 17. The DS1-14 cards in Slots 3 and 15, which are the protection slots, will be replaced with DS1N-14 cards.

- **Step 1** In node view, click the **Maintenance > Protection** tabs.
- **Step 2** Click the protection group that contains Slot 3 or Slot 15 (where you will install the DS1N-14 card).
- **Step 3** Make sure the slot you are upgrading is not carrying working traffic. In the Selected Group list, the protect slot must say Protect/Standby, not Protect/Active. If the protect slot status is Protect/Active, switch traffic to the working card:
  - **a**. Under Selected Group, click the protect card.
  - b. Next to Switch Commands, click Switch.

The working slot should change to Working/Active and the protect slot should change to Protect/Standby. If they do not change, do not continue. Troubleshoot the working card and slot to determine why the card cannot carry working traffic.

- **Step 4** Repeat Steps 1 through 3 for each protection group that you need to convert.
- **Step 5** Click the **Alarms** tab to verify that no standing alarms exist for any of the DS1-14 cards that you are converting. If alarms exist and you have difficulty clearing them, contact your next level of support.
- **Step 6** Click the **Provisioning > Protection** tabs.
- **Step 7** Click the 1:1 protection group that contains the cards that you will move into the new protection group.

Step 8	Click <b>Delete</b> .			
Step 9	<b>Step 9</b> When the confirmation dialog box appears, click <b>Yes</b> .			
	Note	Deleting the 1:1 protection group does not disrupt service. However, no protection bandwidth exists for the working circuits until you complete the 1:N protection procedure. Therefore, complete this procedure as quickly as possible.		
Step 10	If need group.	If needed, repeat Steps 7 to 9 for other DS-1 1:1 protection groups that you want to include in a 1:N group.		
Step 11	Physic	cally remove the DS1-14 card from Slot 3 or Slot 15. This raises an improper removal alarm.		
Step 12	In node view, right-click the slot that held the removed card and select <b>Delete</b> from the shortcut menu. Wait for the card to disappear from node view.			
Step 13	Physic	ally insert a DS1N-14 card into the same slot.		
Step 14	Verify that the card boots up properly.			
Step 15	Click the <b>Inventory</b> tab and verify that the new card appears as a DS1N-14.			
Step 16	Click the <b>Provisioning &gt; Protection</b> tabs.			
Step 17	Click Create.			
Step 18	Type a name for the protection group in the Name field (optional).			
Step 19	From the Type drop-down list, choose 1:N (card).			
Step 20	From the Protect Card drop-down list, choose the DS1N-14 card. Verify that the correct DS1N-14 card appears in the Protect Card field.			
Step 21	In the Available Cards list, highlight the cards that you want in the protection group. Click the arrow (>>) tab to move the cards to the Working Cards list.			
<b>Step 22</b> If necessary, set a new reversion time in the Reversion time drop-down list.		essary, set a new reversion time in the Reversion time drop-down list.		
	Note	1:N protection groups are always revertive.		
C4	CL			
Step 23	Click <b>UK</b> . The protection group appears in the Protection Groups list on the Protection subtab.			
Step 24	Return to your originating procedure (NTP).			

# **DLP-A177 Convert DS3-12 Cards From 1:1 to 1:N Protection**

Purpose	This task converts DS3-12 cards in 1:1 protection to 1:N protection. A 1:N protection group can protect a maximum of five working cards.
Tools/Equipment	None
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite
Security Level	Provisioning or higher

Γ

This pr cards in ONS 1 and a p	This procedure assumes that DS3-12 cards are installed in Slots 1 to 6 and/or Slots 12 to 17. The DS3-12 cards in Slots 3 or 15, which are the protection slots, will be replaced with DS3N-12 cards. The ONS 15454 must run CTC Release 2.0 or later. The procedure also requires at least one DS3N-12 card and a protection group with DS3-12 cards.		
In node	view click the Maintenance > Protection tabs		
Click t	be protection group containing Slot 3 or Slot 15 (where you will install the DS3N-12 card)		
Make s protect switch	ure the slot that you are upgrading is not carrying working traffic. In the Selected Group list, the slot must say Protect/Standby, and not Protect/Active. If the protect slot status is Protect/Active, traffic to the working card:		
a. Un	der Selected Group, click the protect card.		
b. Ne	xt to Switch Commands, click Switch.		
Th Pro det	e working slot should change to Working/Active and the protect slot should change to otect/Standby. If they fail to change, do not continue. Troubleshoot the working card and slot to the termine why the card cannot carry working traffic.		
Repeat	Steps 2 and 3 for each protection group that you need to convert.		
Click the <b>Alarms</b> tab to verify that no standing alarms exist for any of the DS3-12 cards you are converting. If alarms exist and you have difficulty clearing them, contact your next level of support.			
Click the	he <b>Provisioning &gt; Protection</b> tabs.		
Click the	he 1:1 protection group that contains the cards that you will move into the new protection group.		
Click I	Delete.		
When t	he confirmation dialog box appears, click Yes.		
Note	Deleting the 1:1 protection groups will not disrupt service. However, no protection bandwidth exists for the working circuits until the 1:N protection procedure is completed. Therefore, complete this procedure as soon as possible.		
If you are deleting more than one DS-3 1:1 protection group, repeat Steps 7 through 9 for each group that you want to include in a 1:N group.			
Physically remove the protect DS3-12 card from Slot 3 or Slot 15. This raises an improper removal alarm.			
In node Wait fo	e view, right-click the slot that held the removed card and choose <b>Delete</b> from the shortcut menu. or the card to disappear from the node view.		
Physically insert a DS3N-12 card into the same slot.			
Verify that the card boots up properly.			
Click the <b>Inventory</b> tab and verify that the new card appears as a DS3N-12 card.			
Click t	he <b>Provisioning &gt; Protection</b> tabs.		
Click (	Create.		
Type a name for the protection group in the Name field (optional).			

- **Step 19** Click **Type** and choose **1:N** (card) from the drop-down list.
- **Step 20** Verify that the DS3N-12 card appears in the Protect Card field.

I

I

Step 21 In the Available Cards list, highlight the cards that you want in the protection group. Click the arrow (>>) tab to move the cards to the Working Cards list.
Step 22 Click OK. The protection group should appear in the Protection Groups list on the Protection subtab.
Step 23 Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### DLP-A178 Convert DS3-12E Cards From 1:1 to 1:N Protection

Purpose	This task converts DS3-12E cards in 1:1 protection to 1:N protection. A 1:N protection group can protect a maximum of five working cards.
Tools/Equipment	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite
Security Level	Provisioning or higher



This task assumes that DS3-12E cards are installed in Slots 1 to 6 and/or Slots 12 to 17. The DS3-12E cards in Slots 3 or 15, which are the protection slots, will be replaced with DS3N-12E cards. The procedure requires at least one DS3N-12E card and a protection group with DS3-12E cards.

- **Step 1** In node view, click the **Maintenance > Protection** tab.
- Step 2 Click the protection group containing Slot 3 or Slot 15 (where you will install the DS3N-12E card).
- **Step 3** Make sure the slot you are upgrading is not carrying working traffic. In the Selected Group list, the protect slot must say Protect/Standby, and not Protect/Active. If the protect slot status is Protect/Active, switch traffic to the working card:
  - **a**. Under Selected Group, click the protect card.
  - **b.** Next to Switch Commands, click Switch.

The working slot should change to Working/Active and the protect slot should change to Protect/Standby. If they fail to change, do not continue. Troubleshoot the working card and slot to determine why the card cannot carry working traffic.

- **Step 4** Repeat Steps 2 and 3 for each protection group that you need to convert.
- **Step 5** Click the **Alarms** tab to verify that no standing alarms exist for any of the DS3-12E cards you are converting. If alarms exist and you have difficulty clearing them, contact your next level of support.
- **Step 6** Click the **Provisioning > Protection** tab.
- **Step 7** Click the 1:1 protection group that contains the cards that you will move into the new protection group.
- Step 8 Click Delete.
- **Step 9** When the confirmation dialog box appears, click **Yes**.

Γ

	Note	Deleting the 1:1 protection groups will not disrupt service. However, no protection bandwidth exists for the working circuits until the 1:N protection procedure is completed. Do not delay when completing this procedure.		
Step 10	If you that yo	are deleting more than one DS-3 1:1 protection group, repeat Steps 7 through 9 for each group ou want to include in a 1:N group.		
Step 11	Physic alarm.	Physically remove the protect DS3-12E card from Slot 3 or Slot 15. This raises an improper removal alarm.		
Step 12	In nod Wait f	In node view, right-click the slot that held the removed card and choose <b>Delete</b> from the shortcut menu Wait for the card to disappear from the node view.		
Step 13	Physic	Physically insert a DS3N-12E card into the same slot.		
Step 14	Verify that the card boots up properly.			
Step 15	Click the <b>Inventory</b> tab and verify that the new card appears as a DS3N-12E.			
Step 16	Click the <b>Provisioning &gt; Protection</b> tabs.			
Step 17	Click <b>Create</b> .			
Step 18	Type a name for the protection group in the Name field (optional).			
Step 19	Click <b>Type</b> and choose <b>1:N</b> (card) from the drop-down list.			
Step 20	Verify that the DS3N-12E card appears in the Protect Card field.			
Step 21	In the (>>) ta	Available Cards list, highlight the cards that you want in the protection group. Click the arrow ab to move the cards to the Working Cards list.		
Step 22	Click	OK.		
	The pr	rotection group should appear in the Protection Groups list on the Protection subtab.		
Step 23	Return	to your originating procedure (NTP).		

# DLP-A189 Verify that a 1+1 Working Slot is Active

	Purpose	This task verifies that a working slot in a 1+1 protection scheme is active (and that the protect slot is in standby).		
	Tools/Equipment	None		
	<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66 As needed		
	<b>Required/As Needed</b>			
	<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote		
	Security Level	Maintenance or higher		
Step 1	In node view, click the <b>Maintenance &gt; Protection</b> tabs.			
Step 2	In the Selected Group area, verify that the working slot/port is shown as Working/Active. If so, this task is complete.			
Step 3	If the working slot says Wo	rking/Standby, perform a Manual switch on the working slot:		
	<b>a.</b> In the Selected Group a	a. In the Selected Group area, choose the Protect/Active slot.		

Cisco ONS 15454 Procedure Guide, R6.0

I

- **b.** In the Switch Commands field, choose **Manual**.
- c. Click Yes in the confirmation dialog box.
- **Step 4** Verify that the working slot is carrying traffic (Working/Active).

If the slot is not active, look for conditions or alarms that might be preventing the card from carrying working traffic. Refer to the *Cisco ONS 15454 Troubleshooting Guide*.

- **Step 5** When the working slot is carrying traffic, clear the Manual switch:
  - a. In the Switch Commands field, choose Clear.
  - **b.** Click **Yes** in the confirmation dialog box.
- **Step 6** Verify that the working slot does not revert to Standby, which might indicate a problem on the working span.
- **Step 7** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

## **DLP-A190 Install a UBIC-V EIA**

Purpose	This task installs a Universal Backplane Interface Connector—Vertical (UBIC-V) EIA.
Tools/Equipment	#2 Phillips screwdriver
	Small slot-head screwdriver
	6 perimeter screws, 6-32 x 0.375-inch Phillips head (P/N 48-0422-01)
	UBIC-V, A side (15454-EIA-UBICV-A) EIA panel and/or UBIC-V, B side (15454-EIA-UBICV-B) EIA panel
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	None
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite
Security Level	None

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>/!\</u> Caution

Always use an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wristband when working with a powered ONS 15454. Plug the wristband cable into the ESD jack located on the lower-right outside edge of the shelf assembly.



UBIC-V EIAs can only be installed on shelf assembly 15454-SA-HD. 15454-SA-HD shelf assemblies are differentiated from other shelf assemblies by the blue hexagon symbol, which indicates the available high-density slots, found under Slots 1 through 3 and 15 through 17.



UBIC-V or UBIC-H EIAs are required when using high-density (48-port DS-3 and 12-port DS3XM) electrical cards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>Note</u>

ſ

- **Step 1** Locate the correct UBIC-V EIA for the side you want to install and remove the UBIC EIA-V from the packaging.
- **Step 2** Verify that none of the pins on the UBIC EIA are bent.
- **Step 3** If present, remove the yellow connector protectors.
- Step 4 If screws are present in the alignment standoff holes, use a Phillips screwdriver to remove them.
- **Step 5** Use a flathead screwdriver or 5/16-inch deep socket wrench to tighten the standoffs at 8 to 10 inch pound-force (lb-in) (9.2 to 11.5 centimeter kilogram-force[kgf-cm]). Figure 18-6 shows the alignment standoffs installed on the shelf.

#### Figure 18-6 Installed Alignment Standoffs



**Step 6** Line up the alignment pins on the UBIC EIA with the alignment standoffs on the shelf and push the UBIC EIA with consistent pressure until the pins and standoffs fit together firmly (Figure 18-7).







Tightening the jack screws unevenly could cause damage to the UBIC-V connectors.

Γ



Figure 18-8 UBIC-V EIA Screw Locations

 $(\widetilde{\mathbf{2}})$  Perimeter screws, 6-32 x 0.375-inch Phillips head (6)

115140



Step 8 Use a Phillips screwdriver to install the six perimeter screws and bracket screws (P/N 48-0422-01) at 8 to 10 lb-inch (9.2 to 11.5kgf-cm) to secure the cover panel to the backplane (Figure 18-8 on page 18-59). Install the alarm and timing panel cover and insert and tighten the last perimeter screw.

Figure 18-10 shows a UBIC-V EIA installation.



**Step 9** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

## **DLP-A191 Delete a Card**

I

Purpose	This task deletes a card from CTC.
Tools/Equipment	None
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
Onsite/Remote	Onsite or remote
Security Level	Provisioning or higher
On the shelf graphic in CTC	. right-click the card that you want to remove and choose

**Step 1** On the shelf graphic in CTC, right-click the card that you want to remove and choose **Delete Card**. You cannot delete a card if any of the following conditions apply:

• The card is a TCC2/TCC2P card. To replace a TCC2/TCC2P card, refer to the *Cisco ONS 15454 Troubleshooting Guide*.

I

- The card is part of a protection group; see the "DLP-A155 Delete a Protection Group" task on page 18-22.
- The card has circuits; see the "NTP-A278 Modify and Delete Overhead Circuits" procedure on page 6-4 and the "DLP-A333 Delete Circuits" task on page 20-20.
- The card is part of a BLSR; see the "NTP-A240 Remove a BLSR Node" procedure on page 14-6.
- The card is being used for timing; see the "DLP-A157 Change the Node Timing Source" task on page 18-23.
- The card has a DCC/GCC termination; see the "NTP-A292 Modify or Delete Communications Channel Terminations and Provisionable Patchcords" procedure on page 11-5.



**Step 2** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A194 Clear a BLSR Force Ring Switch**

Purpose	This task removes a Force switch from a BLSR port.
Tools/Equipment	None
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite
Security Level	Maintenance or higher

- Step 1 From the View menu, choose Go to Network View.
- **Step 2** Click the **Provisioning > BLSR** tabs.
- Step 3 Click Edit.
- **Step 4** To clear a Force switch on the west line:
  - a. Right-click the BLSR west port where you want to clear the protection switch and choose Set West Protection Operation. Ports with a Force switch applied are marked with an F.
  - **b.** In the Set West Protection Operation dialog box, choose **CLEAR** from the pull-down menu. Click **OK**.
  - c. In the Confirm BLSR Operation dialog box, click Yes.
- **Step 5** To clear a Force switch on the east line:
  - **a.** Right-click the BLSR east port where you want to clear the protection switch and choose **Set East Protection Operation**. Ports with a Force switch applied are marked with an F.
  - **b.** In the Set East Protection Operation dialog box, choose **CLEAR** from the pull-down menu. Click **OK**.
  - c. In the Confirm BLSR Operation dialog box, click Yes.

On the BLSR network graphic, a green and a purple span line connects each node. This is the normal display for BLSRs when protection operations are not invoked.

- **Step 6** From the File menu, choose **Close**.
- **Step 7** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

#### **DLP-A195 Verify Timing in a Reduced Ring**

Purpose	This task verifies timing in the ring where you removed a node.		
Tools/Equipment	None		
<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66		
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed		
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite/remote		
Security Level	Provisioning or higher		

- **Step 1** In node view, click the **Provisioning > Timing** tabs.
- **Step 2** Observe the Timing Mode field to see the type of timing (Line, External, Mixed) that has been set for that node.
- **Step 3** Scroll down to the Reference Lists and observe the NE Reference fields to see the timing references provisioned for that node.
- **Step 4** If the removed node was the only BITS timing source, perform the following:
  - **a.** Contact your synchronization coordinator or appropriate personnel before continuing with this procedure.
  - b. Look for another node on the ring that can be used as a BITS source and set that node's Timing Mode to External. Choose that node as the primary timing source for all other nodes in the ring. See the "DLP-A157 Change the Node Timing Source" task on page 18-23.
  - c. If no node in the reduced ring can be used as a BITS source, choose one node to be your internal timing source. Set that node's Timing Mode to External, set BITS-1 and BITS-2 BITS In State to OOS, and set the NE Reference to Internal. Then, choose line timing for all other nodes in the ring. This forces the first node to be their primary timing source. (See the "DLP-A157 Change the Node Timing Source" task on page 18-23.)



This type of timing conforms to Stratum 3 requirements and is not considered optimal.

- Step 5 If the removed node was not the only BITS timing source, provision the adjacent nodes to line timing using SONET links (east and west) as timing sources, traceable to the node with external BITS timing. See the "NTP-A28 Set Up Timing" procedure on page 4-10.
- **Step 6** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

## **DLP-A196 Delete a BLSR from a Single Node**

	Purpose	This task deletes a BLSR from a node after you remove the node from the BLSR.		
	Tools/Equipment	None		
	<b>Prerequisite Procedures</b>	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66		
	<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed		
<b>Onsite/Remote</b> Onsite or remote		Onsite or remote		
Security Level Provisioning		Provisioning or higher		
Step 1	In node view, display the node that was removed from the BLSR:			
	• If the node that was removed is connected to the same LAN as your computer, from the File menu, choose <b>Add Node</b> , then enter the node name or IP address.			
	• If the node that was removed is not connected to the same LAN as your computer, you must connect to the node using a direct connection. See Chapter 3, "Connect the PC and Log into the GUI" for procedures.			
Step 2	Click the <b>Provisioning &gt; BLSR</b> tabs.			
Step 3	Highlight the ring and click <b>Delete</b> .			
Step 4	In the Suggestion dialog box, click <b>OK</b> .			
Step 5	In the confirmation messag	e, confirm that this is the ring you want to delete. If so, click Yes.		
Step 6	Return to your originating procedure (NTP).			

#### **DLP-A197 Initiate a Path Protection Force Switch**

Purpose	This task switches all circuits on a path protection span to another span.		
Tools/Equipment	None		
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66		
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	ded As needed		
<b>Onsite/Remote</b>	Onsite or remote		
Security Level	Maintenance or higher		
The Force Switch Away command overrides normal protective switching mechanisms. Applying this command incorrectly can cause traffic outages.			
Traffic is not protected during a Force protection switch.			

Step 1 From the View menu, choose Go to Network View.

Caution

- **Step 2** Right-click the span where you want to switch path protection traffic away. Choose **Circuits** from the shortcut menu.
- **Step 3** In the Circuits on Span dialog box, choose **FORCE SWITCH AWAY**. Click **Apply**.
- **Step 4** In the Confirm UPSR Switch dialog box, click **Yes**.
- **Step 5** In the Protection Switch Result dialog box, click **OK**.

In the Circuits on Span window, the Switch State for all circuits is FORCE. Figure 18-11 shows an example.

🎯 Cire	cuits o	on Spar	1 doc-123/s6/p1 -	doc-125/s5/p1	(Unprotected 💶 🗆 🗙
<u>F</u> ile					
STS	VT	UPSR	Circuit	Switch State	
1		<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	STS-001	FORCE	
2		<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	STS_doc-123::46	FORCE	
3		<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	STS_doc-123::47	FORCE	
4		<ul> <li>Image: A second s</li></ul>	STS_doc-123::48	FORCE	
5		<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	STS_doc-123::49	FORCE	
6		<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	STS_doc-123::50	FORCE	
7		<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	STS_doc-123::51	FORCE	
8		<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	STS_doc-123::52	FORCE	
9		<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	STS_doc-123::53	FORCE	
10			unused		
Perform UPSR span switching:					

Figure 18-11 Circuits on Span Dialog Box with a Force Switch



A Force switch request on a span or card causes CTC to raise a FORCED-REQ condition. The condition clears when you clear the Force switch.

Step 6 F

ſ

Return to your originating procedure (NTP).

### **DLP-A198 Clear a Path Protection Force Switch**

Purpose	This task clears a Path Protection Force switch.		
Tools/Equipment	None		
Prerequisite Procedures	DLP-A60 Log into CTC, page 17-66		
<b>Required/As Needed</b>	As needed		
Onsite/Remote	Onsite or remote		
Security Level	Maintenance or higher		

- Step 1 From the View menu at the node view, choose Go to Network View.
- **Step 2** Right-click the span where you want to clear the switch. Choose **Circuits** from the shortcut menu.
- Step 3 In the Circuits on Span dialog box, choose CLEAR to remove the Force switch. Click Apply.
- Step 4 In the Confirm UPSR Switch dialog box, click Yes.
- **Step 5** In the Protection Switch Result dialog box, click **OK**.

In the Circuits on Span window, the Switch State for all path protection circuits is CLEAR.

**Step 6** Return to your originating procedure (NTP).