



Configuring a LAN with DHCP and VLANs

The Cisco 819, Cisco 860 and Cisco 880 Integrated Services Routers (ISRs) support clients on both physical LANs and virtual LANs (VLANs).

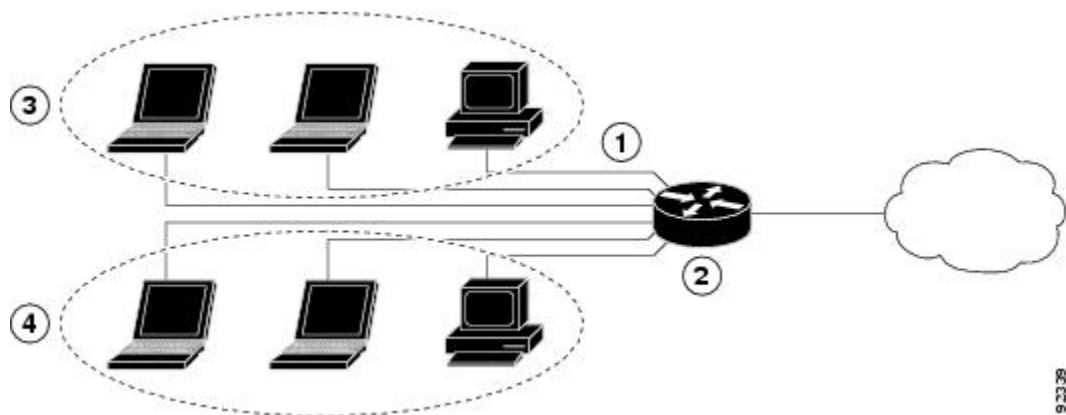
- [Configuring a LAN with DHCP and VLANs, page 1](#)
- [Configuring DHCP and VLANs, page 2](#)

Configuring a LAN with DHCP and VLANs

The Cisco 819, Cisco 860 and Cisco 880 Integrated Services Routers (ISRs) support clients on both physical LANs and virtual LANs (VLANs). The routers can use the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) to enable automatic assignment of IP configurations for nodes on these networks.

The figure below shows a typical deployment scenario with two physical LANs connected by the router and two VLANs.

Figure 1: Physical and Virtual LANs with DHCP Configured on the Cisco Router



1	Fast Ethernet LAN (with multiple networked devices)
---	---

2	Router and DHCP server—Cisco 819, Cisco 860, or Cisco 880 ISR—connected to the Internet
3	VLAN 1
4	VLAN 2

DHCP

DHCP, which is described in RFC 2131, uses a client/server model for address allocation. As an administrator, you can configure your Cisco 800 series router to act as a DHCP server, providing IP address assignment and other TCP/IP-oriented configuration information to your workstations. DHCP frees you from having to manually assign an IP address to each client.

When you configure a DHCP server, you must configure the server properties, policies, and DHCP options.



Note Whenever you change server properties, you must reload the server with the configuration data from the Network Registrar database.



Note Cisco 800 Series Routers do not support DHCP snooping.

VLANs

The Cisco 819, Cisco 860 and Cisco 880 routers support four Fast Ethernet ports on which you can configure VLANs.

VLANs enable networks to be segmented and formed into logical groups of users, regardless of the user's physical location or LAN connection.

Configuring DHCP and VLANs



Note The procedures in this chapter assume you have already configured basic router features, as well as PPPoE or PPPoA with NAT. If you have not performed these configurations tasks, see the [Basic Router Configuration](#) and [Configuring a VPN Using Easy VPN and an IPSec Tunnel](#) as appropriate for your router.

Configuring DHCP

Perform these steps to configure your router for DHCP operation, beginning in global configuration mode:

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **ip domain name** *name*
2. **ip name-server** *server-address1 [server-address2...server-address6]*
3. **ip dhcp excluded-address** *low-address [high-address]*
4. **ip dhcp pool** *name*
5. **network** *network-number [mask | prefix-length]*
6. **import all**
7. **default-router** *address [address2...address8]*
8. **dns-server** *address [address2...address8]*
9. **domain-name** *domain*
10. **exit**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	ip domain name <i>name</i> Example: Router(config)# ip domain smallbiz.com	Identifies the default domain that the router uses to complete unqualified hostnames (names without a dotted-decimal domain name).
Step 2	ip name-server <i>server-address1 [server-address2...server-address6]</i> Example: Router(config)# ip name-server 192.168.11.12	Specifies the address of one or more Domain Name System (DNS) servers to use for name and address resolution.
Step 3	ip dhcp excluded-address <i>low-address [high-address]</i> Example: Router(config)# ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.9.0	Specifies IP addresses that the DHCP server should not assign to DHCP clients. In this example, we are excluding the router address.
Step 4	ip dhcp pool <i>name</i> Example: Router(config)# ip dhcp pool dpool1 Router(config-dhcp)#	Creates a DHCP address pool on the router and enters DHCP pool configuration mode. The <i>name</i> argument can be a string or an integer.
Step 5	network <i>network-number [mask prefix-length]</i> Example: Router(config-dhcp)# network 10.10.0.0 255.255.255.0	Defines subnet number (IP) address for the DHCP address pool, optionally including the mask.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 6	import all Example: Router(config-dhcp)# import all	Imports DHCP option parameters into the DHCP portion of the router database.
Step 7	default-router address [address2...address8] Example: Router(config-dhcp)#default-router 10.10.10.10	Specifies up to eight default routers for a DHCP client.
Step 8	dns-server address [address2...address8] Example: Router(config-dhcp)# dns-server 192.168.35.2	Specifies up to eight DNS servers available to a DHCP client.
Step 9	domain-name domain Example: Router(config-dhcp)#domain-name cisco.com	Specifies the domain name for a DHCP client.
Step 10	exit Example: Router(config-dhcp)# exit	Exits DHCP configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.

Configuration Example: DHCP

The following configuration example shows a portion of the configuration file for the DHCP configuration described in this chapter:

```
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.9.0
!
ip dhcp pool dpool1
import all
network 10.10.0.0 255.255.255.0
default-router 10.10.10.10
dns-server 192.168.35.2
domain-name cisco.com
!
ip domain name smallbiz.com
ip name-server 192.168.11.12
```

Verifying Your DHCP Configuration

Use the following commands to view your DHCP configuration:

- **show ip dhcp import**—Displays the optional parameters imported into the DHCP server database.

- **show ip dhcp pool**—Displays information about the DHCP address pools.
- **show ip dhcp server statistics**—Displays the DHCP server statistics, such as the number of address pools, bindings, and so forth.

```

Router# show ip dhcp import
Address Pool Name: dpool1
Router# show ip dhcp pool
Pool dpool1 :
  Utilization mark (high/low)      : 100 / 0
  Subnet size (first/next)         : 0 / 0
  Total addresses                   : 254
  Leased addresses                  : 0
  Pending event                     : none
  1 subnet is currently in the pool :
  Current index      IP address range      Leased addresses
  10.10.0.1          10.10.0.1 - 10.10.0.254      0
Router# show ip dhcp server statistics
Memory usage          15419
Address pools         1
Database agents       0
Automatic bindings    0
Manual bindings       0
Expired bindings      0
Malformed messages    0
Secure arp entries    0
Message               Received
BOOTREQUEST           0
DHCPDISCOVER          0
DHCPCREQUEST          0
DHCPDECLINE           0
DHCPRELEASE           0
DHCPINFORM            0
Message               Sent
BOOTREPLY              0
DHCPOFFER             0
DHCPACK               0
DHCPNAK               0
Router#
    
```

Configuring VLANs

Perform these steps to configure VLANs on your router, beginning in global configuration mode:

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **vlan *vlan_id***
2. **exit**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	vlan <i>vlan_id</i> Example: Router# config t Router(config)#vlan 2	Enters VLAN configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 2	exit Example: Router(config-vlan)#exit	Updates the VLAN database, propagates it throughout the administrative domain, and returns to global configuration mode.

Assigning a Switch Port to a VLAN

Perform these steps to assign a switch port to a VLAN, beginning in global configuration mode:

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **interface** *switch port id*
2. **switchport access vlan** *vlan-id*
3. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	interface <i>switch port id</i> Example: Router(config)#interface FastEthernet 2	Specifies the switch port that you want to assign to the VLAN.
Step 2	switchport access vlan <i>vlan-id</i> Example: Router(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2	Assigns a port to the VLAN.
Step 3	end Example: Router(config-if)#end	Exits interface mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Verifying Your VLAN Configuration

Use the following commands to view your VLAN configuration.

- **show**—Entered from VLAN database mode. Displays summary configuration information for all configured VLANs.
- **show vlan-switch**—Entered from privileged EXEC mode. Displays detailed configuration information for all configured VLANs.

```
Router# vlan database
Router(vlan)# show
VLAN ISL Id: 1
  Name: default
  Media Type: Ethernet
  VLAN 802.10 Id: 100001
  State: Operational
  MTU: 1500
  Translational Bridged VLAN: 1002
  Translational Bridged VLAN: 1003
VLAN ISL Id: 2
  Name: VLAN0002
  Media Type: Ethernet
  VLAN 802.10 Id: 100002
  State: Operational
  MTU: 1500
VLAN ISL Id: 3
  Name: red-vlan
  Media Type: Ethernet
  VLAN 802.10 Id: 100003
  State: Operational
  MTU: 1500
VLAN ISL Id: 1002
  Name: fddi-default
  Media Type: FDDI
  VLAN 802.10 Id: 101002
  State: Operational
  MTU: 1500
  Bridge Type: SRB
  Translational Bridged VLAN: 1
  Translational Bridged VLAN: 1003
VLAN ISL Id: 1003
  Name: token-ring-default
  Media Type: Token Ring
  VLAN 802.10 Id: 101003
  State: Operational
  MTU: 1500
  Bridge Type: SRB
  Ring Number: 0
  Bridge Number: 1
  Parent VLAN: 1005
  Maximum ARE Hop Count: 7
  Maximum STE Hop Count: 7
  Backup CRF Mode: Disabled
  Translational Bridged VLAN: 1
  Translational Bridged VLAN: 1002
VLAN ISL Id: 1004
  Name: fddinet-default
  Media Type: FDDI Net
  VLAN 802.10 Id: 101004
  State: Operational
  MTU: 1500
  Bridge Type: SRB
  Bridge Number: 1
  STP Type: IBM
VLAN ISL Id: 1005
  Name: trnet-default
  Media Type: Token Ring Net
  VLAN 802.10 Id: 101005
  State: Operational
  MTU: 1500
  Bridge Type: SRB
  Bridge Number: 1
  STP Type: IBM
```

```

Router# show vlan-switch
VLAN Name                               Status    Ports
-----
1    default                               active    Fa0, Fa1, Fa3
2    VLAN0002                              active    Fa2
1002 fddi-default                          active
1003 token-ring-default                  active
1004 fddinet-default                    active
1005 trnet-default                       active
VLAN Type SAID      MTU    Parent RingNo BridgeNo  Stp  BrdgMode  Trans1  Trans2
-----
1    enet  100001  1500  -     -     -        -   -         1002  1003
2    enet  100002  1500  -     -     -        -   -         0     0
1002 fddi  101002  1500  -     -     -        -   -         1     1003
1003 tr   101003  1500  1005  0     -        -   srb       1     1002
1004 fdnet 101004  1500  -     -     1        -   ibm       0     0
1005 trnet 101005  1500  -     -     1        -   ibm       0     0

```