



### Cisco APIC/FirePOWER Remediation Module Quick Start Guide 2.0.1

**First Published:** 2022-06-07 **Last Modified:** 2022-06-07

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### **About the Remediation Module**

- About the Remediation Module, on page 1
- Supported Features, on page 2

### **About the Remediation Module**

With the Cisco Firepower Management Center Remediation Module for ACI, when an attack on your network is detected by the FMC, the offending endpoint can be completely quarantined in the Application Policy Infrastructure Controller (APIC) so that no further traffic is allowed to go in or out of that endpoint. The following figure shows the relationship between the FMC and the APIC when the remediation module is installed.

### **Compatibility**

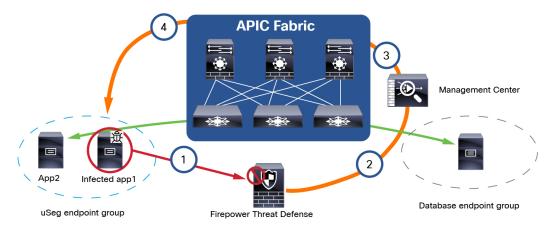
The following table shows the compatibility between the Cisco Firepower Management Center Remediation Module for ACI, FMC, and APIC.

Table 1: Compatibility with the remediation module, FMC and APIC

Remediation module version compatible with	FMC version	APIC version
2.0.1	6.7 and later	5.1(1h)

### Infected endpoint

The following figure shows how the Cisco Firepower Management Center Remediation Module for ACI reacts when an infected endpoint is detected.



The process is as follows:

- 1. An endpoint with an infected application in an endpoint group (endpoint group on the left) launches an attack on another endpoint in Database EPG. The attack is blocked inline by a managed device (such as a physical or virtual device running Firepower Threat Defense).
- **2.** An attack event is generated and sent to the FMC. The attack event includes information about the infected endpoint.
- **3.** The attack event triggers the remediation module for APIC, which used the APIC northbound (NB) API to contain the infected endpoint in the ACI fabric.
- **4.** The APIC quickly contains or quarantines the infected application workload into an isolated microsegment (uSeg) EPG.

Because App2 is not infected, it can still communicate on the network.

You can quarantine a source endpoint, a destination endpoint, or both, as the next section shows.

# **Supported Features**

This release enables you to quarantine offending endpoints that are detected by the Cisco Firepower Management Center Remediation Module for ACI, using APIC version 5.1(1h). For version 2.0.1 of the remediation module, the supported behavior when endpoints are quarantined is described in the following table:

	VMware Distributed Virtual Switch (DVS)	Bare metal
Verified in IPS inline mode	Yes	Yes
EPG bridge mode	Yes	Yes
EPG routed mode	No	No
Multiple IP to one MAC checking	Yes	Yes
Create only an IP address filter uSeg attribute	No	No

	VMware Distributed Virtual Switch (DVS)	Bare metal
Create both an IP address filter and a MAC address filter uSeg attribute	Yes	Yes
Quarantine source and destination endpoints	Yes	Yes
Apply a predefined management contract to source and destination endpoints	Yes	Yes
Always allow traffic to critical servers	Yes	Yes

**Supported Features** 



# **Deploy the Remediation Module**

- Download and Install the Cisco Firepower Management Center Remediation Module for ACI, on page 5
- The Remediation and Quarantine Process, on page 6
- Verify the Remediation in the FMC, on page 13
- Verify the Quarantine in APIC, on page 13
- Manually Quarantine an IP Address, on page 15

# Download and Install the Cisco Firepower Management Center Remediation Module for ACI

### Before you begin

Make sure you're using compatible versions as shown in the following table.

Table 2: Compatibility with the remediation module, FMC and APIC

Remediation module version compatible with	FMC version	APIC version
2.0.1	6.7 and later	5.1(1h)

- **Step 1** Download the Cisco Firepower Management Center Remediation Module for ACI (link to download) to a machine on which you'll connect to the FMC.
- **Step 2** If you haven't done so already, log in to the FMC.
- Step 3 Click Policies > Actions > Modules.
- **Step 4** In the Install a New Module section, click **Browse**.
- **Step 5** Follow the prompts to upload the remediation module.
- Step 6 Click Install.
- **Step 7** When successfully installed, the Cisco Firepower Management Center Remediation Module for ACI is displayed in the list of installed remediation modules:



### **The Remediation and Quarantine Process**

The following topics discuss the process of creating a remediation and quarantining an endpoint.

### **Related Topics**

Create a Remediation Module Instance and Type, on page 8

Configure an Access Control Rule for the Remediation, on page 10

Configure a Correlation Rule for the Remediation, on page 11

Associate the Correlation Rule with the Remediation Module Instance, on page 12

Optionally Create a Management Contract and Contract EPG, on page 6

### **Optionally Create a Management Contract and Contract EPG**

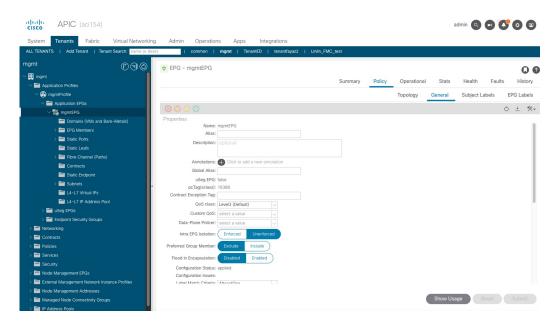
You can optionally predefine an APIC traffic filtering contract in the common tenant and a management EPG in the mgmt tenant to initiate a connection to the quarantined uSeg EPG. To use this optional configuration, you *must* define a management EPG in APIC in its **mgmt** tenant, and you *must* define a contract in the **common** tenant.

For more information, see the Cisco APIC Basic Configuration Guide.

If you do not wish to create contracts, skip this section and continue with Create a Remediation Module Instance and Type, on page 8.

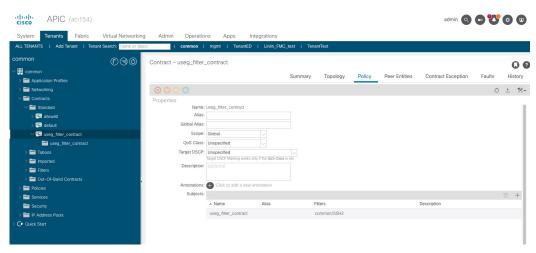
- **Step 1** Log in to APIC.
- Step 2 Click Tenants.
- Step 3 Double-click mgmt.
- **Step 4** Expand Application Profiles > mgmt Profile > Application EPGs.
- Step 5 Click mgmtEPG.
- **Step 6** In the right pane, click **Policy** > **General**.

The following figure shows an example.



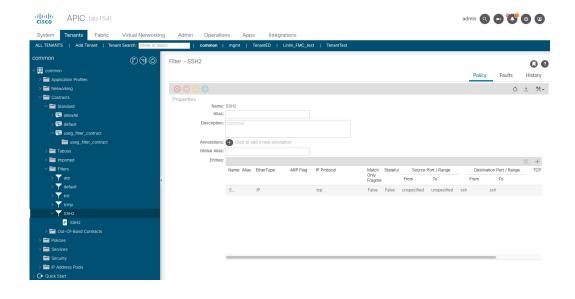
- Step 7 Click ALL TENANTS.
- Step 8 Double-click common.
- **Step 9** Expand Contracts > Standard.
- Step 10 Click useg\_filter\_contract.
- **Step 11** In the right pane, click the **Policy** tab.

The following figure shows an example.



 $\textbf{Step 12} \qquad \qquad \text{Under the common tenant, expand the name of your filter; for example, } \textbf{Filters} > \textbf{SSH2}.$ 

The following figure shows an example



#### What to do next

See Create a Remediation Module Instance and Type, on page 8.

### **Create a Remediation Module Instance and Type**

For the Firepower Management Center to be able to detect and quarantine threats, you must configure on the Firepower Management Center a remediation module instance and type. For more information about remediations, see the Firepower Management Center Administration Guide.

- **Step 1** If you haven't done so already, log in to the FMC.
- **Step 2** Click **Policies** > **Actions** > **Instances**.
- Step 3 From the Select a module type list, click APIC/FirePOWER Remediation Module (2.0.1).
- Step 4 Click Add.

The Edit Instance page is displayed as follows.

Edit Instance	
Instance Name	
Module	APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module(v2.0.2)
Description	
APIC server username*	
APIC server password* Retype to confirm	
APIC cluster instance 1 IP*	
APIC cluster instance 2 IP	
APIC cluster instance 3 IP	
APIC cluster instance 4 IP	
APIC cluster instance 5 IP	
IP addresses NOT to quarantine (a list of strings)	
Management Contract Name	
Management EPG Name	
	Cancel

### **Step 5** Enter the following information:

Item	Description
Instance name	Enter a name to identify this instance. (Spaces are not allowed in the name.)
Description	(Optional.) Enter a description.
APIC server username	Enter the user name of an APIC user with admin privileges.
APIC server password	Enter and re-enter the user's password
APIC cluster instance 1 IP	Enter the IP address of the APIC server or of the first server in the cluster.

Item	Description
APIC cluster instance x IP	(Optional.) If your APIC cluster has more than one server, enter additional IP addresses in the provided fields.
IP addresses NOT to quarantine	(Optional.) Enter a list of IP addresses to always exclude from the quarantine. Separate IP addresses with Enter.
<b>Management Contract Name</b>	(Optional.) Enter the name of the management contract you created in APIC.  For more information, see the <i>Cisco APIC Basic Configuration Guide</i> .
Management EPG Name	(Optional.) Enter the name of the EPG with which the management contract is associated.

- **Step 6** In the Configured Remediation section at the bottom of the page, click one of the following then click **Add**:
  - Quarantine the destination End Point on APIC
  - Quarantine the source End Point on APIC
- **Step 7** On the Edit Remediation page, enter the following information:
  - Remediation Name: Enter a name to identify the remediation instance.
  - (Optional.) **Description**: Enter a description of the remediation instance.
- Step 8 Click Create.
- Step 9 Click Done.
- **Step 10** On the Edit Instance page, optionally configure another remediation.

#### What to do next

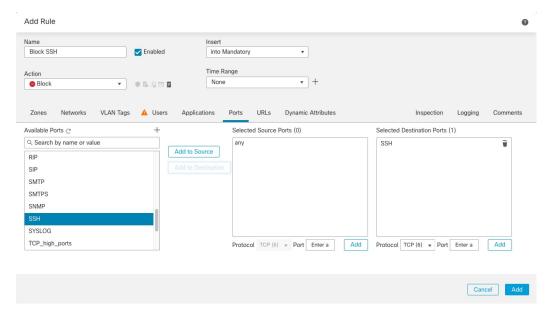
See Configure an Access Control Rule for the Remediation, on page 10.

### **Configure an Access Control Rule for the Remediation**

This example shows how to create an access control rule that blocks the SSH protocol. After creating this rule, any endpoint that attempts to SSH to another endpoint in an monitored EPG, the offending node or nodes are quarantined.

- **Step 1** If you haven't done so already, log in to the FMC.
- Step 2 Click Policies > Access Control.
- **Step 3** Create a new access control policy or click **Add Rule** to add a rule to an existing policy.

Enter the following information.



Item	Description
Name field	Enter a name to identify this rule. Write down the name because you'll need it later.
<b>Action</b> list	Click Block.
Ports tab page	From the <b>Available Ports</b> list, scroll to SSH and click <b>Add to Destination</b> .
Logging tab page	Select the <b>Log at Beginning of Connection</b> check box.

For more information about access control rules, see the Firepower Management Center Device Configuration Guide.

### Step 4 Click Add.

**Step 5** At the top of the page, click **Save**.

#### What to do next

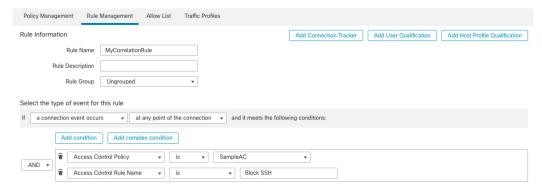
See Configure a Correlation Rule for the Remediation, on page 11.

### **Configure a Correlation Rule for the Remediation**

A correlation rule provides conditions in which the system responds to threats. The following task discusses how to set up a correlation rule that is triggered at any point in the connection when your access control rule conditions are met. In particular, the sample access control policy and rule are triggered when SSH traffic is passed between a source and destination endpoint.

For more information about correlation policies and rules, see the Firepower Management Center Administration Guide.

- **Step 1** If you haven't done so already, log in to the FMC.
- **Step 2** Click **Policies** > **Correlation**.
- Step 3 Click the Rule Management tab.
- Step 4 Click Create Rule.
- **Step 5** Enter a name to identify the rule and an optional description.
- **Step 6** In the Select the type of event for this rule section, click a connection event occurs and at any point of the connection.
- **Step 7** Set up the rest of the rule as shown in the following figure.



Substitute the name of your access control policy and rule name for those shown in the preceding figure.

**Step 8** Set other options as desired and click **Save**.

#### What to do next

See Associate the Correlation Rule with the Remediation Module Instance, on page 12.

### Associate the Correlation Rule with the Remediation Module Instance

The final step in configuring the FMC for remediation and quarantine is to associate your correlation rule with your remediation policy. After you do this, when the FMC detects a threat, the offending endpoints are quarantined in APIC.

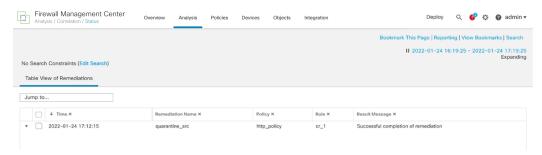
- **Step 1** If you haven't done so already, log in to the FMC.
- **Step 2** Click **Policies** > **Correlation**.
- Step 3 Click the Policy Management tab.
- Step 4 Click Create Policy.
- **Step 5** Enter a policy name and optional policy description.
- Step 6 Do not change **Default Priority**.
- Step 7 Click Add Rules.
- **Step 8** Select the check box next to the name of the correlation rule you created earlier.
- Step 9 Click Add.

- Step 10 Click Responses ( ).
- **Step 11** From the **Unassigned Responses** list, double-click the name of your remediation policy to move it to **Assigned Responses**.
- Step 12 Click Update.
- **Step 13** At the top of the page, click **Save**.
- **Step 14** Move the slider for the remediation policy to **Slider enabled** ( ).

## Verify the Remediation in the FMC

Because remediations can fail for various reasons, complete the following steps to verify that no error messages are listed for the remediation status on the FMC.

- **Step 1** If you haven't done so already, log in to the FMC.
- **Step 2** Click **Analysis** > **Correlation** > **Status**.
- **Step 3** In the Remediation Status table, find the row for your policy and view the result message. The following figure shows an example



- **Step 4** If the remediation was successful, see Verify the Quarantine in APIC, on page 13.
- **Step 5** If an error is displayed, the endpoint might still be quarantined if subsequent remediation events are successful.
- **Step 6** If you see an error, see Verify the Quarantine in APIC, on page 13 to verify whether or not the quarantine was successful. If the quarantine was eventually successful, you can ignore all of its error messages.

#### What to do next

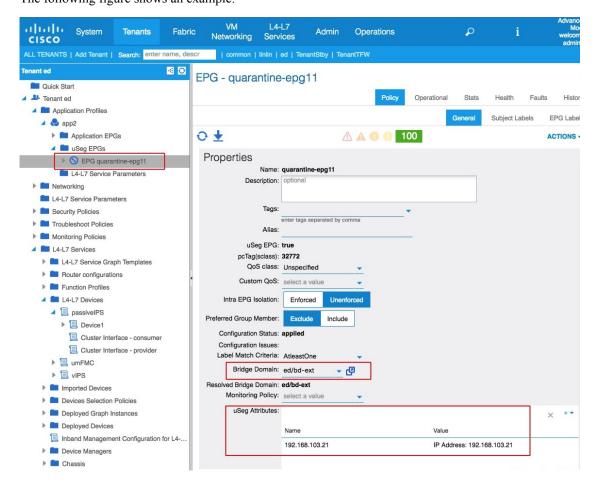
See Verify the Quarantine in APIC, on page 13.

# **Verify the Quarantine in APIC**

### Before you begin

Complete the tasks discussed in Verify the Remediation in the FMC, on page 13.

- **Step 1** Log in to APIC.
- **Step 2** Click the **Tenants** tab page.
- Step 3 Click ALL TENANTS.
- **Step 4** Double-click the name of the tenant that is infected.
- **Step 5** Expand the infected application in the left pane.
- Step 6 Click uSeg EPGs
- **Step 7** Click the EPG quarantine for the quarantined endpoint.
- **Step 8** In the right panel, click **Policies** > **General**.
- **Step 9** Verify that one or more uSeg attributes were created on the APIC server. The following figure shows an example.



The figure shows that a device at IP address 192.168.100.21 has been quarantined.

**Note** For VMware DVS and Bare Metal (in bridged mode), two attributes (filters) are automatically created when an endpoint is quarantined, one attribute for the IP address and one attribute for the MAC address. Therefore, to remove the quarantine, you must delete both attributes.

**Step 10** If no uSeg attributes were created, but you know that the conditions set by a correlation rule were met, the quarantine failed. To manually quarantine the IP address, see Manually Quarantine an IP Address, on page 15.

### What to do next

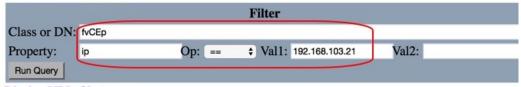
See Verify the Remediation in the FMC, on page 13.

# **Manually Quarantine an IP Address**

You can try to manually quarantine an IP address if the quarantine discussed earlier in this chapter failed.

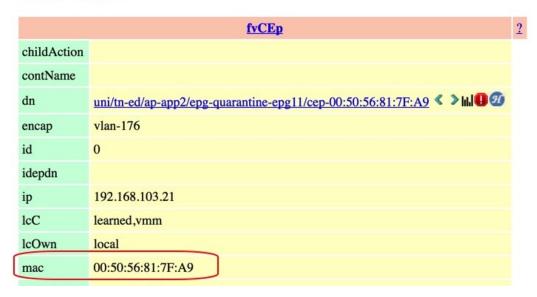
- **Step 1** Find the IP address of the endpoint to quarantine.
  - a) If you haven't done so already, log in to the FMC.
  - b) Click Analysis > Correlation > Status.
  - c) Find the timestamp of entry for the unsuccessful quarantine and make note of the source IP address.
  - d) On the Operations tab page, click **EP Tracker**, enter the IP address, and press Enter.
  - e) If no information is displayed, the endpoint cannot be quarantined. If more than one IP address is displayed, look for the one in the offending tenant.
- **Step 2** If you can identify the EPG of the endpoint that you want to quarantine, create a uSeg EPG attribute corresponding to this endpoint.
  - a) To find the MAC address of the IP address to quarantine, go to the APIC Object Store Browser at https://apic\_IP\_address/visore.html. Use the IP address of the endpoint to run a query and display the MAC address. The following figure shows an example.

### APIC Object Store Browser



Display URI of last query

### Display last response



- b) Right-click **Domains** (VMs and Bare Metals) under the newly created uSeg EPG, and add a domain association with the same name and domain type as the original EPG.
- c) For Bare Metal, right-click **Static Leafs**, and click **Statically Link With Node**.
- d) Log in to APIC.
- e) Click Tenants > ALL TENANTS.
- f) Double-click the tenant that contains the endpoint to be quarantined.
- g) Expand Networking > Bridge Domains.
- h) Make note of the EPG bridge domain.
- i) Expand **Application Profiles** > *profile-name* > **Application EPGs** > *epg-name* and make note of the domain profile name.
- j) Expand Application Profiles and right-click uSeg EPG.
- k) Click Create uSeg EPG.
- 1) Enter a name for the uSeg EPG, in the format **uSegEPG**-endpoint-name. (For example, **uSegEPG-EPG1**.)
- m) From the **Bridge Domain** list, click the EPG's bridge domain.
- n) Click Next.
- o) On the Domains page, click **Add** (+).
- p) From the **Domain Profiles** list, click the domain profile.
- q) Set the **Deployment Immediacy** to **Immediate**.
- r) Set the **Resolution Immediacy** to **Immediate**.
- s) Add an IP filter attribute by clicking **Add** (+) on the lower right and entering the IP address for the name and filter.

t) Click **Update** and then click **Finish**.

If the uSeg EPG is not displayed, refresh your browser page.

- u) Click uSeg Attributes.
- v) Click **Add** (+)
- w) Add attributes for the quarantined host's IP address and MAC address with an operator of Match Any.

For the IP filter, use the IP address as the name. For MAC filter, use the IP address plus an underscore and the last three octets of the MAC address as a name.

- x) Click Submit.
- **Step 3** Verify that no traffic can go into or out from the quarantined endpoint.

For example, after an IP address is quarantined, pinging it should fail.

Manually Quarantine an IP Address



# **Related Documentation**

• Related Documentation, on page 19

# **Related Documentation**

For additional information about the Cisco Cisco Firepower Management Center Remediation Module for ACI, see the appropriate guide.

For additional information about the Cisco APIC and ACI, see APIC Documentation.

For information on using the Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST), submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see the Support Case Manager.

**Related Documentation**