

ACLs

This chapter describes how to identify and resolve problems that relate to Access Control Lists (ACLs). This chapter includes the following sections:

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About Access Control Lists (ACLs)

An ACL is an ordered set of rules for filtering traffic. When the device determines that an ACL applies to a packet, it tests the packet against the rules. The first matching rule determines whether the packet is permitted or denied. If there is no match, the device applies a default rule. The device processes packets that are permitted and drops packets that are denied.

ACLs protect networks and specific hosts from unnecessary or unwanted traffic. For example, ACLs are used to disallow HTTP traffic from a high-security network to the Internet. ACLs also allow HTTP traffic but only to specific sites, using the IP address of the site to identify it in an IP ACL.

The following types of ACLs are supported for filtering traffic:

- IP ACLs—The device applies IP ACLs only to IP traffic.
- MAC ACLs—The device applies MAC ACLs only to non-IP traffic.

For detailed information about how ACL rules are used to configure network traffic, see the *Cisco Nexus* 1000V Security Configuration Guide.

ACL Configuration Limits

The following configuration limits apply to ACLs:

- You cannot have more that 128 rules in an ACL.
- You cannot have more than 10,000 ACLs (spread across all the ACLs) in one VEM.

ACL Restrictions

The following restrictions apply to ACLs:

- You cannot apply more than one IP ACL and one MAC ACL in each direction on an interface.
- A MAC ACL applies only to Layer 2 packets.
- VLAN ACLs are not supported.
- IP fragments are not supported n ACL rules.
- Non initial fragments are not subject to ACL lookup.
- The established option to specify TCP flags is not supported.
- You cannot have two not-equal-to (neq) operators in the same rule.
- ACL is not supported in port channels.

Troubleshooting ACLs

The commands listed in this section can be used on the VSM to see the policies that are configured and applied on the interfaces.

Use the following command to display configured ACLs:

show access-list summary

Use following commands on the VSM to see run-time information of the ACLMGR and ACLCOMP during configuration errors, and to collect ACLMGR process run-time information configuration errors:

- show system internal aclmgr event-history errors
- show system internal aclmgr event-history msgs
- show system internal aclmgr ppf
- show system internal aclmgr mem-stats (to debug memory usage and leaks)
- show system internal aclmgr status
- show system internal aclmgr dictionary

Use the following commands to collect ACLCOMP process run-time information configuration errors:

- show system internal aclcomp event-history errors
- show system internal aclcomp event-history msgs
- show system internal aclcomp pdl detailed
- show system internal aclcomp mem-stats (to debug memory usage and leaks)

Displaying ACL Policies on the VEM

The commands listed in this section can be used to display configured ACL policies on the VEM.

Use the following command to list the ACLs installed on that server

```
\sim # module vem 3 execute vemcmd show acl Acl-id Ref-cnt Type Numrules Stats 1 1 1 IPv4 1 disabled
```

The Acl-id is the local ACLID for this VEM. Ref-cnt refers to the number of instances of this ACL in this VEM.

Use the following command to list the interfaces on which ACLs have been installed

```
{\scriptstyle \sim} # module vem 3 execute vemcmd show acl pinst LTL Acl-id Dir 16 1 ingress
```

Debugging Policy Verification Issues

To debug a policy verification failure, follow these steps:

- **Step 1** On the VSM, enter the **debug logfile** *filename* command to redirect the output to a file in bootflash.
- Step 2 Enter the debug aclmgr all command.
- Step 3 Enter the debug aclcomp all command.

For the VEMs where the policy exists, or is being applied, enter the following these steps from the VSM. The output goes to the console.

- Step 4 Enter the module vem module-number execute vemdpalog debug sfaclagent all command.
- Step 5 Enter the module vem module-number execute vemdpalog debug sfpdlagent all command.
- Step 6 Enter the module vem module-number execute vemlog debug sfacl all command.
- Step 7 Enter the module vem module-number execute vemlog start command.
- Step 8 Enter the module vem module-number execute vemlog start command.
- **Step 9** Configure the policy that was causing the verify error.
- Step 10 Enter the module vem module-number execute vemdpalog show all command.
- Step 11 Enter module vem module-number execute vemlog show all command.

Save the Telnet or SSH session buffer to a file. Copy the logfile created in bootflash.

Troubleshooting ACL Logging

This section includes the following topics:

- Using the CLI to Troubleshoot ACL Logging on a VEM, page 15-4
- ACL Logging Troubleshooting Scenarios, page 15-5

Using the CLI to Troubleshoot ACL Logging on a VEM

The commands in this section will help you troubleshoot ACL logging by examining ACL flows.

Viewing Current Flows

You can troubleshoot ACL logging by viewing the current flows on a VEM. Enter the following command:

vemcmd show aclflows stats

EXAMPLE

The following shows an example of the output when you enter this command:

```
[root@esx /]# vemcmd show aclflows stats
Current Flow stats:
    Permit Flows: 1647
    Deny Flows: 0
Current New Flows: 419 --- current new flows yet to be reported.
```

Viewing Active Flows

You can display all the active flows on a VEM by entering the following command:

vemcmd show aclflows [permit | deny]

If you do not specify **permit** or **deny**, the command displays both.

EXAMPLE

The following shows an example of the output when you enter this command:

```
[root@esx /]# vemcmd show aclflows [permit | deny]
                             SrcPort DstPort Proto Direction Action
      SrcIP
                   DstIP
Veth4
      192.168.1.20 192.168.1.10
                                  5345 8080 6 Ingress permit
                                   8080
Weth4
     192.168.1.10 192.168.1.20
                                           5769
                                                  6 Egress permit
                                                                    1
       192.168.1.20 192.168.1.10
                                    6256
                                          8080
                                                  6 Ingress permit
Veth4
                                                                    1
Veth4
       192.168.1.10 192.168.1.20
                                    8080
                                           5801
                                                  6 Egress
                                                            permit
                                                                    1
       192.168.1.20
                    192.168.1.10
                                    5217
                                           8080
                                                  6 Ingress
                                                            permit
       192.168.1.10 192.168.1.20
                                    8080
Veth4
                                          57211
                                                  6 Egress
                                                            permit
                                                                    1
      192.168.1.10 192.168.1.20
Vet.h4
                                    8080
                                          5865
                                                  6 Egress
                                                            permit
                                                                    1
                                         5833 6 Egress
     192.168.1.10 192.168.1.20
                                   8080
Veth4
                                                            permit
                                                                    1
                                   5601 8080 6 Ingress permit
Veth4
     192.168.1.20 192.168.1.10
Veth4 192.168.1.10 192.168.1.20
                                  8080 5705 6 Egress permit
                                   8080 5737 6 Egress
Veth4 192.168.1.10 192.168.1.20
                                                            permit
                                                                    1
      192.168.1.20 192.168.1.10
                                    5473
                                           8080
Weth4
                                                  6 Ingress permit
                                                                    1
Veth4
       192.168.1.20
                   192.168.1.10
                                   57211
                                          8080
                                                  6 Ingress permit
                                                                    1
```

Flushing All ACL Flows

You can use this command to detect any new flows affecting the VEM. Clear all the existing flows, then you can detect new flows that match any expected traffic. Syslog messages are not sent when you do this. Enter the following command:

vemcmd flush aclflows

Showing Flow Debug Statistics

You can show ACL debug statistics.

To display internal ACL flow statistics, enter the following command:

vemcmd show aclflows dbgstats

To clear all internal ACL flow debug statistics, enter the following command:

vemcmd clear aclflows dbgstats

ACL Logging Troubleshooting Scenarios

This section describes situations that you might encounter when you are using ACL logging.

Troubleshooting a Syslog Server Configuration

If syslog messages are not being sent from the VEM, you can check the syslog server configuration and check if ACL logging is configured by entering the commands shown in the following procedure.

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

Before beginning this procedure, you must know or do the following:

• You are logged in to the VSM and VEM CLI.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. show logging ip access-list status
- 2. vemcmd show acllog config
- 3. vemcmd show aclflows dbgstats

PROCEDURE

	Command	Description
Step 1	show logging ip access-list status	Verifies that the remote syslog server is configured
	Example	properly.
	n1000v # show logging ip access-list status	
	n1000v #	
Step 2	vemcmd show acllog config	Verifies ACL logging on the VEM.
	Example:	
	n1000v# vemcmd show acllog config	
	n1000v #	
Step 3	vemcmd show aclflows dbgstats	Checks to see if any errors occurred.
	Example:	
	n1000v# vemcmd show aclflows dbgstats	
	n1000v #	

Troubleshooting an ACL Rule That Does Not Have a Log Keyword

If the ACL rule does not have a log keyword, any flow matching the ACL is not reported although the ACL statistics continue to advance. You can verify a log keyword by entering the commands shown in the following procedure.

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

Before beginning this procedure, you must know or do the following:

• You are logged in to the VSM and VEM CLI.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. show running-config aclmgr
- 2. show logging ip access-list status
- 3. vemcmd show acllog config

PROCEDURE

	Command	Description
Step 1	show running-config aclmg	Verify that the log keyword is enabled
	Example	
	n1000v # show running-config aclmg	
	n1000v #	
Step 2	show logging ip access-list status	Verify that ACL logging is configured properly
	Example:	
	n1000v # show logging ip access-list status	
	n1000v #	
Step 3	vemcmd show acllog config	Verifies ACL logging on the VEM.
	Example:	
	n1000v # vemcmd show acllog config	
	n1000v #	

Troubleshooting a Maximum Flow Limit Value That is Too Low

If the number of flows does not reach 5000 for either permit of deny flows, you can increase the maximum flows by entering the commands shown in the following procedure.

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

Before beginning this procedure, you must know or do the following:

• You are logged in to the VSM and VEM CLI.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. show logging ip access-list status

- 2. vemcmd show acllog config
- 3. logging ip access-list cache max-deny- flows < num>

PROCEDURE

	Command	Description
Step 1	show logging ip access-list status	Verifies that ACL logging is configured properly.
	Example:	
	n1000v # show logging ip access-list status	
	n1000v #	
Step 2	vemcmd show acllog config	Verifies ACL logging on the VEM.
	Example:	
	n1000v # vemcmd show acllog config	
	n1000v #	
Step 3	logging ip access-list cache max-deny-flows <num></num>	Increases maximum flows to the desired value.
	Example:	
	n1000v # logging ip access-list cache max-deny- flows <num></num>	
	n1000v #	

Troubleshooting a Mismatched Configuration between a VSM and a VEM

If syslog messages are not being sent and the flow information counters are invalid, the configuration between a VSM and a VEM might be mismatched. Enter the commands shown in this procedure.

Modify any mismatched configurations using the appropriate configuration command. If the problem persists, enable acllog debugging on both VSM and the VEM and retry the commands.

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

Before beginning this procedure, you must know or do the following:

• You are logged in to the CLI in EXEC mode.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. show logging ip access-list status
- 2. vemcmd show acllog config

PROCEDURE

	Command	Description
Step 1	show logging ip access-list status	Verifies that ACL logging is configured properly.
	Example:	
	n1000v # show logging ip access-list status	
	n1000v #	
Step 2	vemcmd show acllog config	Verifies ACL logging on the VEM.
	Example:	
	n1000v # vemcmd show acllog config	
	n1000v #	