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# Cisco IP Conference Phone Multiplatform Phone Administration Guide

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#### **Americas Headquarters**

Cisco Systems, Inc. 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA http://www.cisco.com Tel: 408 526-4000 800 553-NETS (6387) Fax: 408 527-0883 © 2024 Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.



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# **Phones Supported in this Document**

This document supports these phones:

- Cisco IP Conference Phone 7832 Multiplatform Phones
- Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Multiplatform Phones

In this document, the term *phone* or *Cisco IP Phone* refers to the above phones.

# **The Cisco IP Conference Phone 7832**



The phone has sensitive microphones with 360-degree coverage. This coverage lets users speak in a normal voice and be heard clearly from up to 7 feet (2.1 m) away. The phone also features technology that resists interference from mobile phones and other wireless devices, assuring delivery of clear communications without distractions.

Like other devices, a Cisco IP Phone must be configured and managed. These phones encode and decode the following codecs:

- G.711 a-law
- G.711 mu-law
- G.722
- G722.2 AMR-WB
- G.729a/G.729ab
- G.726
- iLBC
- Opus
- iSAC
- À

Caution

**n** Using a cell, mobile, or GSM phone, or two-way radio in close proximity to a Cisco IP Phone might cause interference. For more information, see the manufacturer's documentation of the interfering device.

Cisco IP Phones provide traditional telephony functionality, such as call forwarding and transferring, redialing, speed dialing, conference calling, and voice messaging system access. Cisco IP Phones also provide a variety of other features.

Finally, because the Cisco IP Phone is a network device, you can obtain detailed status information from it directly. This information can assist you with troubleshooting any problems users might encounter when using their IP phones. You can also obtain statistics about an active call or firmware versions on the phone.

# **Cisco IP Phone 7832 Buttons and Hardware**

The following figure shows the Cisco IP Conference Phone 7832.

Figure 1: Cisco IP Conference Phone 7832 Buttons and Features



The following table describes the buttons on the Cisco IP Conference Phone 7832.

1	Mute bar	Toggle the microphone on or off. When the microphone is muted, the LED bar is lit red.
2	LED bar	Indicates call states:
		• Green, solid—Active call
		Green, flashing—Incoming call
		• Green, pulsing—Held call
		• Red, solid—Muted call
3	Softkey buttons	Access functions and services.
4	Navigation bar and <b>Select</b> button	Scroll through menus, highlight items, and select the highlighted item. When the phone is idle, press <b>Up</b> to access the recent calls list and press <b>Down</b> to access the favorites list.

5 Volume button	Adjust the speakerphone volume (off hook) and the ringer volume (on hook). When you change the volume, the LED bar lights white to show the volume change.
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### **Conference Phone Softkeys (7832)**

You can interact with the features on your phone with the softkeys. Softkeys, located below the screen, give you access to the function displayed on the screen above the softkey. The softkeys change depending on what you are doing at the time.

The •• softkey indicates more softkey functions are available.

# **Related Documentation**

Use the following sections to obtain related information.

### **Cisco IP Conference Phone 7832 Documentation**

Find documentation specific to your language, phone model, and call control system on the product support page for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 7832.

# **Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832**

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 enhances people-centric communications. It combines superior high-definition (HD) audio performance and 360-degree coverage for medium to large conference rooms and executive offices. It provides an audiophile sound experience with a full-duplex two-way wideband (G.722) audio hands-free speaker. This phone is a simple solution that meets the challenges of the most diverse rooms



Figure 2: Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 with Multiplatform Firmware

The conference phone has sensitive microphones with 360-degree coverage. This coverage lets you speak in a normal voice and be heard clearly from up to 10 feet (3 m) away. The phone also features technology that resists interference from mobile phones and other wireless devices, which assures delivery of clear communications without distractions. The phone provides a color screen and softkey buttons to access user functions. With the base unit alone, the phone provides coverage for a 20 x 20 ft. (6.1 x 6.1 m) room and up to 10 people.

Two wired expansion microphones are available for use with the phone. Placing the expansion microphones away from the base unit provides greater coverage in larger conference rooms. With the base unit and wired expansion microphones, the conference phone provides coverage for a 20 x 34 ft. (6.1 x 10 m) room and up to 22 people.

The phone also supports an optional set of two wireless expansion microphones. With the base unit and wireless expansion microphones, the conference phone provides coverage for a  $20 \times 40$  ft. (6.1 x 12.2 m) room and up to 26 people. To cover a  $20 \times 40$  ft. room, we recommend that you place each microphone at a maximum distance of 10 ft. from the base.

Like other devices, a Cisco IP Phone must be configured and managed. These phones encode and decode the following codecs:

- G.711 a-law
- G.711 mu-law
- G.722
- G722.2 AMR-WB
- G729a
- iLBC
- Opus



**Note** Using a cell, mobile, or GSM phone, or two-way radio in close proximity to a Cisco IP Phone might cause interference. For more information, see the manufacturer's documentation of the interfering device.

Cisco IP Phones provide traditional telephony functionality, such as call forwarding and transferring, redialing, speed dialing, conference calling, and voice messaging system access. Cisco IP Phones also provide a variety of other features.

As with other network devices, you must configure Cisco IP Phones to prepare them to access the third-party server and the rest of the IP network. By using DHCP, you have fewer settings to configure on a phone. If your network requires it, however, you can manually configure information such as: an IP address, TFTP server, and subnet information.

Cisco IP Phones can interact with other services and devices on your IP network to provide enhanced functionality. For example, you can integrate the third-party server with the corporate Lightweight Directory Access Protocol 3 (LDAP3) standard directory to enable users to search for coworker contact information directly from their IP phones.

Finally, because the Cisco IP Phone is a network device, you can obtain detailed status information from it directly. This information can assist you with troubleshooting any problems users might encounter when using their IP phones. You can also obtain statistics about an active call or firmware versions on the phone.

To function in the IP telephony network, the Cisco IP Phone must connect to a network device, such as a Cisco Catalyst switch. You must also register the Cisco IP Phone with a third-party server before sending and receiving calls.

# **Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Buttons and Hardware**



The following figure shows the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

Figure 3: Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Buttons and Features

X	Toggle the microphone on or off. When the
microphone is	muted, the LED bar is lit red.

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2	LED bar	Indicates call states:
		• Green, solid—Active call
		Green, flashing—Incoming call
		• Green, pulsing—Held call
		• Red, solid—Muted call
3	Softkey buttons	Access functions and services.
4	Navigation bar and <b>Select</b> button	Scroll through menus, highlight items, and select the highlighted item. When the phone is idle, press <b>Up</b> to access the recent calls list and press <b>Down</b> to access the favorites list.
5	Volume button	<ul> <li>Adjust the speakerphone volume (off hook) and the ringer volume (on hook).</li> <li>When you change the volume, the LED bar lights white to show the volume change.</li> </ul>

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**Note** Cisco 8832 Conference Phones running multiplatform firmware doesn't support Wifi. Use these phones with a physical ethernet connection.

### **Conference Phone Softkeys (8832)**

You can interact with the features on your phone with the softkeys. Softkeys, located below the screen, give you access to the function displayed on the screen above the softkey. The softkeys change depending on what you are doing at the time.

The •• and •• softkeys indicate more softkey functions are available.

### Wired Expansion Microphone (8832 Only)

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 supports two wired expansion microphones, available in an optional kit. Use the expansion microphones in larger rooms or in a crowded room. For best results, we recommend that you place the microphones between 3 feet (0.91 m) and 7 feet (2.1 m) away from the phone.

Figure 4: Wired Expansion Microphone



When you're in a call, the expansion microphone LED around the **Mute**  $(\mathscr{V})$  button is green.

When you mute the microphone, the LED is red. When you press the **Mute** button, the phone and the expansion microphones are muted.

### Wireless Expansion Microphone (8832 Only)

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 supports two expansion wireless microphones, available with a charging cradle in an optional kit. When the wireless microphone is placed on the charging cradle for charging, the LED on the cradle is lit white.

#### Figure 5: Wireless Microphone



#### Figure 6: Wireless Microphone Mounted on the Charging Cradle



When the conference phone is in a call, the expansion microphone LED around the **Mute** button is lit green.

When the microphone is muted, the LED is lit red. When you press the **Mute** button, the phone and the expansion microphones are muted.

If the phone is paired with a wireless microphone (for example, Wireless microphone 1) and you connect the wireless microphone to a charger, pressing the **Show detail** softkey indicates the charge level for that microphone.

When the phone is paired with a wireless microphone and you connect a wired microphone, the wireless microphone gets unpaired and the phone is paired with the wired microphone. A notification appears on the phone screen indicating that the wired microphone is connected.

### **Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Documentation**

Refer to publications that are specific to your language and call control system. Navigate from the following documentation URL:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/ip-phone-8800-series-multiplatform-firmware/tsd-products-support-series-home.html

# **Terminology Differences**

In this document, the term Cisco IP Phone includes the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Multiplatform Phones.

The following table highlights some of the terminology differences in the Cisco IP Conference in the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Multiplatform Phone User Guide, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Multiplatform Phones Administration Guide.

User Guide	Administration Guide
Message Indicators	Message Waiting Indicator (MWI)

**Table 1: Terminology Differences** 

User Guide	Administration Guide
Voicemail System	Voice Messaging System



# **New and Changed Information**

- New and Changed for Firmware Release 12.0(5), on page 11
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 12.0(4), on page 12
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 12.0(3), on page 12
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 12.0(2), on page 12
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 12.0(1), on page 13
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(7), on page 13
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(6), on page 14
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(5), on page 15
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(4), on page 16
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(3), on page 16
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(2), on page 17
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(1), on page 20
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.2(3)SR1, on page 21
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.2(3), on page 21
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.2(1), on page 22
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.1(2), on page 23
- New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.1(1), on page 24

# New and Changed for Firmware Release 12.0(5)

Revision	New and Changed
Added the new topic to support RTP alignment with SIP.	Configure RTP IP and SIP IP Alignment, on page 378
Updated the topic to support DNS64 and NAT64 configuration.	Configure Phone with DNS64/NAT64 Deployment, on page 410
Added troubleshooting steps for NAT64 configuration and operation issues.	Troubleshooting Operational Problems with DNS64/NAT64 Deployment, on page 446

# New and Changed for Firmware Release 12.0(4)

Revision	New and Changed
Added a new topic to show LLDP X-SWITCH-INFO Support for E911	Enable LLDP X-SWITCH-INFO Support for E911, on page 244
Added a new topic to show how to add user-pref attribute by admin	User Preference Attribute, on page 112
Updated the topic to support single call on a line	Configure the Number of Call Appearances Per Line, on page 280

# New and Changed for Firmware Release 12.0(3)

Revision	New and Changed
Updated topics on how to invoke XML service from	Configure Multicast Paging, on page 195
multicast paging.	• Parameters for Multiple Paging Group, on page 196
	• Parameters for XML Applications, on page 177
	• For MCASTADDR macro, Macro Expansion Variables, on page 80
Added a new topic to mention the support CDA retry.	Device Onboards with CDA Retry, on page 30
Added a new topic to mention the support for remote factory reset with SIP notify.	Initiate Factory Reset with SIP-Notify, on page 443
Added a new topic to mention the support password setup after factory reset.	Enable to Show Password Alert, on page 443
Added a new topic to mention the support HTTPS.	Enable HTTPS by Default, on page 113

# New and Changed for Firmware Release 12.0(2)

Revision	New and Changed
A new topic added to support Phone control of all metric services with Webex Metrics Enable	Enable the Control of Webex Metrics Service, on page 133
A new topic added to support Phone control PRT to automatically upload the enablement with PRT Upload at Crash Enable	Enable the Control of PRT Upload at Crash Service, on page 133

Revision	New and Changed
A new topic added for the task to manage participant list in Ad Hoc conference	Manage Participant List for Ad Hoc Conference, on page 262
A new topic added for how to add Participants softkey on phone	Add Participants Softkey on the Phone, on page 298
A new topic added to support Phone authorization with RFC8760	Enable Auth INVITE and Auth Resync Reboot, on page 131
A new topic added to support Digest Algorithm for hoteling	Support for Additional Digest Algorithms for Hoteling Authentication, on page 132
A new topic on how to configure license retry timer	Configure Retry Timer for Authorization Failure, on page 60
Updated Macro variable table for	Macro Expansion Variables, on page 80
ORIGTYPE and AUTHSTATUS	
A new topic added to support TLS Minimum Version parameter	Control the TLS Minimum Value, on page 132

# New and Changed for Firmware Release 12.0(1)

Revision	New and Changed
Added the new task for outbound proxy survivability support	Add Outbound Proxy Survivability Support , on page 398
Added a table with all parameters required for outbound proxy survivability support	Parameters for Outbound Proxy Survivability Support , on page 398
Added the new task to enable FIPS mode	Enable FIPS Mode, on page 154
Added a topic to explain RFC 8760 support	Support for RFC-8760, on page 131
Updated the topic Enable Webex Call Logs to support webex call log duration	Enable Webex Call Logs on the Phone, on page 270

# New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(7)

Revision	New and Changed
Added the task about how to support Spam indication for incoming calls	Spam Indication for Incoming Webex Calls, on page 286
Updated the topic to add a reference to the topic to "Spam Indication for Incoming Webex Calls"	Spam Indication for Incoming Calls, on page 297

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Revision	New and Changed
Added the task about how to enable support for LDAP unified search	Enable LDAP Unified Search, on page 243
Updated the topic to mention the general call records that the users can view	Display Call Statistics Screen, on page 453
Updated the topic to update the table	Call Statistics Fields, on page 453
Updated the topic to add more steps	Set the User Password, on page 190
Added the task about how to set up a proxy server in the phone web page	Set Up a Proxy Server, on page 149
Added the topic for the feature HTTP Proxy Support	Parameters for HTTP Proxy Settings, on page 151
Updated the topic to add the feature HTTP Proxy	Telephony Features, on page 159
Updated the topic to add the shortcut string of the phone menu <b>HTTP proxy settings</b>	Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PSK, on page 239
Updated the topic to add new fields of the feature	Network Configuration Fields, on page 346
Updated the topics to mention the HTTP proxy settings	Onboard Your Phone with the Activation Code , on page 29
	Use DNS SRV for HTTP Provisioning, on page 34
	Enable Auto Provisioning with Short Activation Code, on page 31
	Set Up Your Phones for Activation Code Onboarding, on page 58
Added the topic to troubleshoot an issue about the phone onboarding to Webex	Failed to Onboard the Phone to Webex, on page 440

# New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(6)

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the task to add the situations in which the focus moves to the incoming call	Keep Focus on the Active Call, on page 252
Updated the description of Call Forward	Telephony Features, on page 159
Updated the topic to add the new parameter Forward Softkey	Parameters for Enable Call Forward on User Tab, on page 257
Updated the softkey in the topic for the new feature	Enable Feature Activation Code Synchronization for Forward All Calls, on page 260

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the topic to add the support for French (Canada) language.	Setup for Latin and Cyrillic Languages, on page 427
	Supported Languages for the Phone Display, on page 425
	Set Up Dictionaries and Fonts, on page 426
Updated the description of the parameter Display Attrs	Parameters for LDAP Directory, on page 319
Added the new topic for Webex cloud onboarding	Phone Onboarding to Webex Cloud, on page 30
	Enable a Phone to Onboarding to Webex Cloud, on page 31
Added the new topic for PRT generation from Cisco Webex Control Hub	Report Phone Issues from Webex Control Hub, on page 442
Added the new topic to reboot from Cisco Webex Control Hub	Reboot the Phone from the Webex Control Hub, on page 444
Added the new topic for Webex contact support	Enable Webex Contacts on the Phone, on page 268
Added the new topic for Webex contact support on a line key	Configure Webex Contacts on a Line Key, on page 269
Added the new topic for Webex contact support on a softkey	Add a Softkey for Webex Contacts, on page 269
Updated the topic for Webex contact on PSK and PLK	Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PSK, on page 239
Added the new topic for Webex call log support	Enable Webex Call Logs on the Phone, on page 270
Added the new topic about how to resolve a downgrade issue	Saved Passwords Become Invalid after Downgrade, on page 439

# New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(5)

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the topic to remove a duplicated sentence	Configure Voicemail, on page 311
Rewrote the topic	Configure Voicemail for An Extension, on page 311
Updated the topic to add new parameters	Parameters for Voicemail Server, on page 312
Added the task about how to enable the feature	Keep Focus on the Active Call, on page 252
Updated the topic to add MIC Cert Refresh Status	View Download Status, on page 451
Added the task about how to renew the MIC certificate	Renew the MIC Certificate, on page 71

Revision	New and Changed
Added the topic for the feature MIC Certificate Renewal by SUDI Service	Parameters for MIC Certificate Renewal by SUDI Service, on page 72
Added the topic to support STIR/SHAKEN	Spam Indication for Incoming Calls, on page 297
Added the task for dialog-based shared line	Add Dialog-Based Shared Line Appearance, on page 185
Added the task to support single step migration of MPP phones to enterprise phone	Migrate Your Phone to Enterprise Phone Directly, on page 59

# New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(4)

Revision	New and Changed
Added a new topic for RTL language support	Setup for RTL Languages, on page 429
Updated the existing topic with RTL language entries	Supported Languages for the Phone Display, on page 425
Updated the existing topic with RTL language entries	Set Up Dictionaries and Fonts, on page 426
Added the task about how to enable SSRC reset to avoid a call transfer error	Enable SSRC Reset for the New RTP and SRTP Sessions, on page 376
Updated the topic to add the new parameter SSRC Reset on RE-INVITE	RTP Parameters, on page 373
Updated the number of the DNS SRV records	SIP Proxy Redundancy, on page 464
Added the task about how to disable or enable the Don't Fragment Bit feature	Disable or Enable DF Bit, on page 352

# New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(3)

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the topic to add the new parameter Add	Parameters for XSI Phone Service, on page 329
Contacts to Directory Personal	
Revision	New and Changed
---	--
Added the topics for the Synchronization of Call Waiting and Anonymous Call Rejection feature $\label{eq:added}$	Enable Synchronization of Anonymous Call Rejection via XSI Service, on page 225
	Set Feature Activation Code for Anonymous Call Rejection, on page 226
	Enable Synchronization of Call Waiting via XSI Service, on page 227
	Set Feature Activation Code for Call Waiting, on page 228
Added the task topic on how to display or hide the <b>Unavailability</b> menu text box of agent status on the phone	Display or Hide Unavailable Menu Text Box of Agent Status on the Phone, on page 275
Added the task topic on how to configure softkeys for different types of calls history list	Enable Softkeys to Calls History List Menu, on page 296
Updated the topic to add new parameters PRT HTTP Header and PRT HTTP Header Value	Parameters for Configure Problem Report Tool, on page 192
Updated the topic to add the parameter Precondition Support and update the parameter SIP 100REL Enable	Parameters for SIP Settings on Extensions, on page 384
Updated the topic for the <b>Product information</b> screen on the phone	Display the Phone Information Window, on page 450
Added the topic on how to customize the product configuration version	Customize the Product Configuration Version, on page 251

## New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(2)

Revision	New and Changed
Added the tasks about the menu shortcuts of features on PSK	Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PSK, on page 239 Add a Menu Shortcut to a Programmable Softkey, on page 242
Added the topics for the user authentication control feature	Control the Authentication Requirement to Access the Phone Menus , on page 212
	Parameters for User Authentication Control, on page 212
Updated the topics about features on PLK and PSK with menu shortcuts	Parameters for Programmable Softkeys, on page 292

Revision	New and Changed
Added the topics for the Feature Activation Code Synchronization feature	Enable Feature Activation Code Synchronization for Forward All Calls, on page 260
	Set Feature Activation Code for the Call Forward All Service, on page 261
Added the topics introducing the SIP Proxy	SIP Proxy Redundancy, on page 464
Redundancy enhancements	SIP Proxy Failover, on page 465
	SIP Proxy Fallback, on page 466
Updated the task context to support the SIP proxy redundancy enhancement	Configure the SIP Transport, on page 206
Updated the description for the feature of Show Caller Name and Caller Number	Telephony Features, on page 159
Added the task about configuring the caller name and number display in incoming call alerts	Display Caller Number Instead of Unresolved Caller Name, on page 238
Added the task about how to disable contact search in all directories	Disable Contact Search in All Directories, on page 317
Added the task about how to disable the personal directory	Disable Personal Directory, on page 317
Added the task about how to hide menu items on the phone screen	Hide a Menu Item from Being Displayed on the Phone Screen, on page 235
Add the reference topic about the menu visibility function	Parameters for Menu Visibility, on page 236
Added the task about how to configure the directory services on the phone web page	Configure Directory Services, on page 315
Added the reference topic about the directory services	Parameters for Directory Services, on page 315
Updated the reference topic to add the new parameters for the directory enhancement feature	Parameters for XSI Phone Service, on page 329
Updated the reference topic for the directory enhancement feature	Feature Buttons and Softkeys, on page 167
Added the reference topic about a troubleshooting case for the directory enhancement feature	Phone Doesn't Show Contacts, on page 438
Updated the task to add more information about how to enable call forward setting on user tab	Enable Call Forward on User Tab, on page 257
Added the reference topic about the parameters for call forward settings on user tab	Parameters for Enable Call Forward on User Tab, on page 257
Updated the reference topic to add new features	Feature Buttons and Softkeys, on page 167

Revision	New and Changed
Updated the topic to support the automatic RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) transport selection	Set up a Secure Extension, on page 206
Updated the Client DN, User Name, Password, and Auth Method parameters for LDAP directory	Parameters for LDAP Directory, on page 319
Added the topic to show the logic of the LDAP directory access	Overview of LDAP Directory Access, on page 327
Updated the firmware version (SWVER) format	Macro Expansion Variables, on page 80
	Macro Variables, on page 179
	Conditional Expressions, on page 91
Updated the topic to add prerequisites and updated the short description	Enable Hoteling on a Phone, on page 188
Added the topic to describe the Flexible Seating feature of BroadWorks and how to enable it	Enable Flexible Seating on a Phone, on page 188
Added the topic on how to enable EM for the user	Enable Extension Mobility on a Phone, on page 189
Updated the topic to support the reverse name lookup against local contacts for BroadWorks server call logs	Enable Viewing BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line , on page 219
Added the task on how to configure StartTLS	Configure StartTLS, on page 136
Updated the topic to add "StartTLS"	Enable Hostname Verification for SIP over TLS, on page 145
Updated the topic to add the new parameter of the feature	Configure the Cipher List, on page 142
Updated the topic for "StartTLS"	Parameters for LDAP Directory, on page 319
Updated the topic for "StartTLS"	XML and TR-069 Parameter Comparison, on page 477
Updated the topic to support the reverse name lookup	Enable Reverse Name Lookup, on page 281
Updated the topic to add the new parameter of the feature	Parameters for Call Center Agent Setup, on page 272
Added the task for the ACD feature sync	Restore the ACD Status, on page 274

## New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.3(1)

Revision	New and Changed
Added a new task to support the feature Auto Provisioning with Short Activation Code.	Enable Auto Provisioning with Short Activation Code
Added topics to support HTTP provisioning with DNS servers	DNS SRV for HTTP Provisioning
Add tasks to support MPP OS Hardening	Enable the Firewall
	Configure Your Firewall with Additional Options
Added a new task about how to configure a cipher list	Configure the Cipher List
Added a task and the relevant parameters to support client-initiated mode for media plane security negotiations	Enable Client-Initiated Mode for Media Plane Security Negotiations
Added a task about how to enable hostname verification for a line that uses SIP over TLS	Enable Hostname Verification for SIP over TLS
Added a task to support One-Button Call Park.	Configure One-Button Call Park
Added a task and the parameter about multicast paging	Configure Multicast Paging
	Parameters for Multiple Paging Group
Added a task and the relevant parameters to support	Set Up a Phone for Remote SDK
the remote SDK feature	WebSocket API Parameters
Add Task for configuring a programmable softkey (PSK) with DTMF support.	Configure a PSK with DTMF Support
Added a task about how to enable call statistics report in SIP BYE messages	Enable End-of-Call Statistics Reports in SIP Messages
Added a task to support the new feature VQM SIP Publish Message New Fields	Configure Voice Quality Reporting
Added new topics to support the SIP Session ID	SIP Session ID
feature	Enable SIP Session ID
	Session ID Parameters
Added description for the new field <i>RTP Before ACK</i>	RTP Parameters
Updated the task on how to configure the SDP Payload Types	Configure the SDP Payload Types
Added a task to support OPUS Codec Narrowband.	Set Up Your Phone to Use OPUS Codec Narrowband

## New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.2(3)SR1

Revision	New and Changed
Added a new task to support Activation Code Onboarding	Activation Code Onboarding

## New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.2(3)

Revisions	New and Changed Sections
Added Catalan to the supported language list	Supported Languages for the Phone Display
Updated the <b>key</b> keyword details and added a note about RFC 8188-based encryption.	Report Current Phone Configuration to the Provisioning Server
Added a new task on how to enable early media support	Enable P-Earyly-Media Support
Added topics replacing the "Set up Profile Account"	Profile Authentication
topic to support the enhancements in profile authentication	Specify the Profile Authentication Type
Added new fields and topics to support the feature of	DND and Call Forward Status Sync
DND and call forward status sync	Enable Feature Key Sync
	Enable Call Forward Status Sync via XSI Service
	Enable DND Status Sync via XSI Service
	XSI Line Service
Added a new topic about including a device identifier in uploaded syslog messages.	Include a Device Identifier in Uploaded Syslog Messages
Added new fields and a new task on how to remotely	Report a Phone Problem Remotely
report phone problems.	PRT Status
Added the Syslog Identifier field.	Optional Network Configuration
Replaced the <i>Profile Account Enable</i> parameter with the <i>Profile Authentication Type</i> field	Configuration Profile
Updated the description of the <i>Profile Rule</i> parameter.	
Updated <i>Report Rule</i> and added new parameters: <i>Report to Server, periodic Upload to Server, and</i> <i>Upload Delay on Local Change.</i>	Parameters for Reporting the Phone Configuration to the Server
Updated the description for the Extension field.	Line Key

Revisions	New and Changed Sections
Updated the description of the <i>First Name Filter</i> and <i>Last Name Filter</i> fields.	LDAP Directory Parameters
Example XML parameter configuration is added for the <i>Line Enable</i> parameter.	Voice > Ext (n) > General

## New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.2(1)

Revisions	New or Changed Sections
Updated the topics to support LCD screen does not honor "ro" and "na" attribute	Enable User Access to the Phone Interface Menus
	System Configuration
Added a new topic to support NAPTR	Configure the SIP Transport
Updated the topics to support NAPTR	Telephony Features for Cisco IP Phone
	SIP Setting
Added a new topic to support SIP privacy header	Configure a Privacy Header.
Updated the topic to support SIP privacy header	SIP Settings
Added a new topic to support blocking of SIP message from a non-proxy device	Block Non-Proxy SIP Messages to a Phone
Updated the topic to support blocking of SIP message from a non-proxy device	System Configuration
Added new topics to support Peer Firmware Sharing	Peer Firmware Sharing
	Enable Peer Firmware Sharing
Updated the topic to support Peer Firmware Sharing	Telephony Features for Cisco IP Phone
	Firmware Upgrade
Updated the topic to support profile account	Configuration Profile
Added new topic to support call silence	Silence an Incoming Call with Ignore Softkey
Updated the topics to support call silence	Programmable softkeys
	Telephony Features for Cisco IP Phone
Added new topics to support XSI BroadWorks Anywhere	Move an Active Call from a Phone to Other Phones
	XSI Line Service
Added new topics to support XSI caller ID blocking	Sync the Block Caller ID Feature with the Phne and the BroadWords XSI Server
	XSI Line Service

Revisions	New or Changed Sections
Added new topics to support XSI call logs	Enable Viewing BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line
Updated the topics to support XSI call logs	Parameters for XSI Phone Service Telephony Features for Cicsco IP Phone

## New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.1(2)

Feature	New or Changed Sections
Control the Look Up of Caller Names for Incoming and Outgoing Calls	Reverse Name Lookup for Incoming and Outgoing Calls
	Enable and Disable Reverse Name Lookup
Make Emergency Calls	Emergency Call Support Background
	Configure a Phone to Make Emergency Calls
	217
	E911 Geolocation Configuration
	An Emergency Call Doesn't Connect to Emergency Services
LDAP over TLS (LDAPS).	Configure LDAP over TLS
DHCP VLAN options.	Set Up DHCP VLAN Option from Phone Web Page
	VLAN Settings
	Network Configuration Fields
HTTPS support for XSI Services.	XSI Phone Service
	Phone Cannot Access BroadSoft Directory for XSI

## New and Changed for Firmware Release 11.1(1)

Feature	New or Changed Sections
Asian Language Support	Phone Display Language
	Phone Display Problems
	Phone Displays Irregular Fonts
	Phone Screen Displays Boxes Instead of Asian Characters
	Phone Locale is not Displayed
	Softkey Labels are Truncated
Call Center Support	Set Up a Call Center Agent Phone
	ACD Call Information Missing
	Phone Doesn't Show ACD Softkeys
	Phone Presence Message: Disconnected from Server
	Presence Status Doesn't Work
Call Recording	Enable Remote Call Recording with SIP REC
	Enable Remote Call Recording with SIP INFO
	Call Doesn't Record
Factory Reset Button in the Phone Web Page	Factory Reset the Phone from the Phone Web Interface
	Factory Reset
IPv6 Support	Network Configuration Fields
	IPv6 Information
	Network Settings
	IPv6 Settings
Presence	Set Up a Phone for Presence
	BroadSoft XMPP



# PART

## **Cisco IP Phone Provisioning**

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- Provisioning Parameters, on page 75
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## **Provisioning**

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- Provisioning, on page 28
- TR69 Provisioning, on page 35
- Communication Encryption, on page 37
- Phone Behavior During Times of Network Congestion, on page 37
- In-House Preprovisioning and Provisioning Servers, on page 37
- Server Preparation and Software Tools, on page 37
- In-House Device Preprovisioning, on page 39
- Provisioning Server Setup, on page 40

## **Provisioning Overview**

Cisco IP Phones are intended for high-volume deployments by Voice-over-IP (VoIP) service providers to customers in home, business, or enterprise environments. Hence, provisioning the phone using remote management and configuration ensures the proper operation of the phone at the customer site.

Cisco supports the customized, ongoing feature configuration of the phone by using:

- Reliable remote control of the phone.
- Encryption of the communication that controls the phone.
- Streamlined phone account binding.

Phones can be provisioned to download configuration profiles or updated firmware from a remote server. Downloads can happen when the phones are connected to a network, when they are powered up, and at set intervals. Provisioning is typically part of the high-volume, VoIP deployments common by service providers. Configuration profiles or updated firmware is transferred to the device using TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS.



At a high level, the phone provisioning process is as follows:

- 1. If the phone is not configured, the provisioning server information is applied to the phone using one of the following options:
  - A–Downloaded from the Cisco Enablement Data Orchestration System (EDOS) Remote Customization (RC) server using HTTPS, DNS SRV, GDS (Activation code onboarding), EDOS device activation.
  - B-Queried from a local DHCP server.
  - C-Entered manually using the Cisco phone web-based configuration utility or Phone UI.
- 2. The phone downloads the provisioning server information and applies the configuration XML using the HTTPS, HTTP, or TFTP protocol.
- 3. The phone downloads and applies the updated firmware, if needed, using HTTPS, HTTP, or TFTP.
- 4. The VoIP service is established using the specified configuration and firmware.

VoIP service providers intend to deploy many phones to residential and small business customers. In business or enterprise environments, phones can serve as terminal nodes. Providers widely distribute these devices across the Internet, which are connected through routers and firewalls at the customer premises.

The phone can be used as a remote extension of the service provider back-end equipment. Remote management and configuration ensure the proper operation of the phone at the customer premises.

## **Provisioning**

A phone can be configured to resynchronize its internal configuration state to match a remote profile periodically and on power-up. The phone contacts a normal provisioning server (NPS) or an access control server (ACS). By default, a profile resync is only attempted when the phone is idle. This practice prevents an upgrade that would trigger a software reboot and interrupt a call. If intermediate upgrades are required to reach a current upgrade state from an older release, the upgrade logic can automate multistage upgrades.

### **Normal Provisioning Server**

The Normal Provisioning Server (NPS) can be a TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server. A remote firmware upgrade is achieved by using TFTP or HTTP, or HTTPS, because the firmware does not contain sensitive information.

Although HTTPS is recommended, communication with the NPS does not require the use of a secure protocol because the updated profile can be encrypted by a shared secret key. For more information about utilizing HTTPS, see Communication Encryption, on page 37. Secure first-time provisioning is provided through a mechanism that uses SSL functionality. An unprovisioned phone can receive a 256-bit symmetric key encrypted profile that is targeted for that device.

### **Phone Provisioning Practices**

Typically, the Cisco IP Phone is configured for provisioning when it first connects to the network. The phone is also provisioned at the scheduled intervals that are set when the service provider or the VAR preprovisions (configures) the phone. Service providers can authorize VARs or advanced users to manually provision the phone by using the phone keypad. You can also configure provisioning using the Phone Web UI.

Check the **Status** > **Phone Status** > **Provisioning** from the Phone LCD UI, or Provisioning Status in the **Status** tab of the web-based Configuration Utility.

### **Onboard Your Phone with the Activation Code**

This feature is available in firmware release 11-2-3MSR1, BroadWorks Application Server Release 22.0 (patch AP.as.22.0.1123.ap368163 and its dependencies). However, you can change phones with older firmware to use this feature. You instruct the phone to upgrade to the new firmware and to use the gds:// profile rule to trigger the activation code screen. A user enters a 16-digit code in the provided field to onboard the phone automatically.

### Before you begin

Ensure that you allow the activation.webex.com service through your firewall to support onboarding via activation code.

If you want to set up a proxy server for the onboarding, ensure that the proxy server is configured correctly. See Set Up a Proxy Server, on page 149.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Edit the phone config.xml file in a text or XML editor.

**Step 2** Follow the example below in your config.xml file to set the profile rule for Activation Code Onboarding.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<device>
<flat-profile>
<!-- System Configuration -->
<Profile_Rule ua="na">gds://</Profile_Rule>
<!-- Firmware Upgrade -->
```

<Upgrade\_Enable ua="na">Yes</Upgrade\_Enable> <Upgrade\_Error\_Retry\_Delay ua="na">3600</Upgrade\_Error\_Retry\_Delay> <Upgrade\_Rule ua="na">http://<server ip address>/sip88xx.11-2-3MSR1-1.loads</Upgrade\_Rule> <!-- <BACKUP\_ACS\_Password ua="na"/> --> </flat-profile> </device>

Note For the firmware release after the 11.2(3) SR1, the setting of Firmware Upgrade is optional.

**Step 3** Save the changes to the config.xml file.

### **Device Onboards with CDA Retry**

To configure a phone for provisioning, a provisioning server information is applied to the phone using either DHCP options, DNS SRV, CDA device activation or Activation code onboarding. From firmware release 12.0(3), to simplify the device onboarding experience and to make it more resilient against failures, retry provisioning with CDA is introduced. During this process, the phone moves to the activation code screen or the phone shows an empty screen. Retry process continues in the backend but the user is not aware of it. This helps you remotely setup the phone if you have missed to add the phone MAC address to CDA service initially and you have added the MAC address later when the phone failed to get any configurations from CDA service first time. In firmware release 12.0(3), with retry mechanism, the phone will try CDA again with exponentially back-off timer. User can also optionally reboot the phone to have it retry CDA after the MAC address has been added on CDA service.

This provisioning occurs during following conditions:

- When the phone is taken out-of-box for the first time and has firmware version 12.0.3 or later pre-installed.
- When the phone undergoes factory reset while running firmware version 12.0.3 or later.

The user can see the following changes in the customization status when CDA retry happens:

- Customization status changed from GDS-Pending to Pending.
- Customization status changes to Custom-Pending to Pending.

If remote customization process enters into the final state and the Customization state is set to either **Aborted**, **Acquired**, or **GDS-Acquired**, CDA retry stops.

**Note** We recommend to keep the **Resync\_Error\_Retry\_Delay** value unchanged during the out-of- box scenario. Also, the value must be always equals to or more than sixty seconds.

### Phone Onboarding to Webex Cloud

Phone onboarding provides a simple and secure way to onboard Webex-aware phones to Webex cloud. You can achieve the onboarding process either with activation code onboarding (GDS) or with phone MAC address (EDOS device activation).

For more information on how to generate the activation code, see *Cisco BroadWorks Partner Configuration Guide, Cisco Multi-Platform Phones.* 

For more information on Webex-aware phone onboarding, see Webex for Cisco BroadWorks Solution Guide.

### **Enable a Phone to Onboarding to Webex Cloud**

After the successful registration of the phone to the Webex cloud, a cloud symbol  $\bigcirc$  appears on the phone screen.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

#### Step 1 Select Voice > Phone.

**Step 2** In the Webex section, set the Onboard Enable parameter to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Webex\_Onboard\_Enable ua="na">Yes</Webex\_Onboard\_Enable>

Default value: Yes

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Enable Auto Provisioning with Short Activation Code**

Use the steps below to enable auto provisioning with a short activation code.

#### Before you begin

Ensure that your phones are updated with Firmware Release 11.3(1) or later.

If you want to set up a proxy server for the phone, ensure that the proxy server is configured correctly. See Set Up a Proxy Server, on page 149.

Review how to set up the CDA server for redirection profile:

https://community.cisco.com/t5/collaboration-voice-and-video/cisco-multi-platform-phones-cloud-provisioning-process/ta-p/3910244

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Create a redirection profile name that contains a any number of digits between three and 16, inclusive. This becomes the activation code, later. Use one of these formats:

• nnn.

- nnnnnnnnnnnnnn
- Any number of digits between three and sixteen, inclusive. Example, 123456

Step 2	Provide the profile name that you created in step 1 to the Customer Device Activation (CDA) support team at cdap-support@cisco.com.
Step 3	Ask the CDA support team to enable your profile for discovery.
Step 4	When you get confirmation from the CDA support team, distribute the activation code to the users.
Step 5	Instruct users to press pound (#) before entering the digits at the activation screen.

### Manually Provision a Phone from the Keypad

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Press Settings.
- **Step 2** Select **Device administration** > **Profile Rule**.
- **Step 3** Enter the profile rule using the following format:

protocol://server[:port]/profile\_pathname

For example:

tftp://192.168.1.5/CP\_x8xx\_MPP.cfg

If no protocol is specified, TFTP is assumed. If no server-name is specified, the host that requests the URL is used as the server name. If no port is specified, the default port is used (69 for TFTP, 80 for HTTP, or 443 for HTTPS).

Step 4 Press Resync.

### **DNS SRV for HTTP Provisioning**

The DNS SRV for HTTP Provisioning feature enables auto provisioning of your multiplatform phone. Domain Name System Service (DNS SRV) records establish connections between a service and a hostname. When the phone looks for the location of the provisioning service, it first queries on the given DNS SRV domain name, then it queries for SRV records. The phone validates the records to confirm that the server is accessible. Then, it continues to the actual provisioning flow. Service providers can utilize this DNS SRV provisioning flow to provide auto provisioning.

DNS SRV bases the hostname validation on the certificate of the DHCP provided domain name. It is important that all SRV records use a valid certificate containing the DHCP provided domain name.

The DNS SRV query includes the DHCP domain name in its construction as follows: \_<servicename>.\_<transport>.<domainName>.

For example, **\_ciscoprov-https.\_tls.example.com**, instructs the phone to do a lookup for example.com. The phone uses the hostname and port number that's retrieved by the DNS SRV query to build the URL that it uses to download the initial configuration.

DNS SRV is one of many auto provisioning mechanisms that the phone uses. The phone tries the mechanisms in the following order:

1. DHCP

- 2. DNS SRV
- 3. EDOS
- 4. GDS (Activation Code Onboarding), or EDOS Device Activation

The following table describes the SRV record fields.

Table 2: SRV Record Fields

Field	Description	Example
<_servicename.>	The service name begins with an underscore. Server services use symbolic names in SRV records.	_ciscoprov-https.Or _ciscoprov-http.
	After the service, a period (.) signifies that the service is established and the next section is beginning.	DNS SRV doesn't support the TFTP protocol. If you use TFTP, you receive the following error message: Error - TFTP Scheme not supported in SRV lookups.
<_proto.>	The transport protocol begins with an underscore.	<b>_tls</b> . You must use HTTPS
	The period that follows the protocol signals that the protocol section has ended.	Or
		_tcp. You must use HTTP with TCP.
<domainname></domainname>	The service domain name follows the protocol.	example.com
	Hostname validation: All SRV records are validated based on the original DHCP-provided domain name. It is important that all records use a valid certificate containing the original domain name.	
TTL (Time to Live)	Expiration value of the record, in seconds.	86400
Class	Internet-type—Standard BIND notation indicating that it's an SRV record.	IN
<priority></priority>	Each line contains a priority number. The lower the number, the earlier the phone will attempt the target hostname and port included in this DNS SRV record.	10
<weight></weight>	If two or more services have the same priority, the weight number determines which line comes first. The lower the number, the earlier the phone will attempt the target hostname and port included in this DNS SRV record.	20
<port></port>	optional port number	5060

Field	Description	Example
<target></target>	The A record of the machine providing the service.	pr1.example.com
	A Records are the most basic type of DNS record and are used to point a domain or subdomain to an IP address.	

#### **Example SRV Configurations**

\_service.\_proto.name. TTL class SRV priority weight port target.

ciscoprov-https. tls.example.com. 86400 IN SRV 10 60 5060 pr1.example.com.

ciscoprov-https. tls.example.com. 86400 IN SRV 10 20 5060 pr2.example.com.

\_ciscoprov-http.\_tcp.example.com. 86400 IN SRV 10 50 5060 px1.example.com.

\_ciscoprov-http.\_tcp.example.com. 86400 IN SRV 10 30 5060 px2.example.com.

### Use DNS SRV for HTTP Provisioning

New phones use DNS SRV as one method of auto provisioning. For existing phones, if your network is set up for provisioning with DNS SRV for HTTP, you can use this feature to resync your phone. Sample configuration file:

```
<flat-profile>
<!-- System Configuration -->
<Primary_DNS ua="rw">10.89.68.150</Primary_DNS>
<Back_Light_Timer ua="rw">Always On</Back_Light_Timer>
<Peer_Firmware_Sharing ua="na">Yes</Peer_Firmware_Sharing>
<Profile_Authentication_Type ua="na">Basic Http Authentication </Profile_Authentication_Type>
<Proxy_1_ ua="na">example.com</Proxy_1_>
<Display_Name_1_ ua="na">4081001141</Display_Name_1_>
<User_ID_1_ ua="na">4081001141</User_ID_1_>
</flat-profile>
```

#### Before you begin

If you want to set up a proxy server for the HTTP provisioning, ensure that the proxy server is configured correctly. See Set Up a Proxy Server, on page 149.

#### Procedure

Perform one of the following actions. Then, Set the Profile Rule with the SRV Option on the Web Page, on page 34 or Set the Profile Rule with the SRV Option on the Phone, on page 35

- Place the XML configuration file, \$PSN.xml, in the web server root directory.
- Place the XML configuration file, \$MA.cfg, in the web server root directory/Cisco/.

### Set the Profile Rule with the SRV Option on the Web Page

You can use the SRV option to download a configuration file to your phone.

#### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning
- **Step 2** In the **Profile Rule** field, enter the profile rule with the SRV option. Only HTTP and HTTPS are supported. Example:

[--srv] https://example.com/\$PSN.xml

### Set the Profile Rule with the SRV Option on the Phone

You can use the SRV option on your phone to download a configuration file.

#### Procedure

Step 1	Press Settings.		
Step 2	Select Device administration > Profile rule.		
Step 3	Enter the profile rule with the [srv] parameter. Only HTTP and HTTPS are supported.		
	Example:		
	[srv] https://example.com/\$PSN.xml		
Step 4	Press <b>Resync</b> .		

## **TR69** Provisioning

The Cisco IP Phone helps the administrator to configure the TR69 parameters using the Web UI. For information related to the parameters, including a comparison of the XML and TR69 parameters, see the Administration Guide for the corresponding phone series.

The phones support Auto Configuration Server (ACS) discovery from DHCP Option 43, 60, and 125.

- Option 43–Vendor-specific information for the ACS URL.
- Option 60-Vendor class identifier, for the phone to identify itself with dslforum.org to the ACS.
- Option 125-Vendor-specific information for the gateway association.

### **TR69 RPC Methods**

### **RPC Methods Supported**

The phones support only a limited set of Remote Procedure Call (RPC) methods as follows:

- GetRPCMethods
- SetParameterValues
- GetParameterValues
- SetParameterAttributes
- GetParameterAttributes
- GetParameterNames
- AddObject
- DeleteObject
- Reboot
- FactoryReset
- Inform
- Download: Download RPC method, the file types supported are:
  - Firmware upgrade image
  - Vendor configuration file
  - Custom Certificate Authority (CA) file
- Transfer Complete

### **Event Types Supported**

The phones support event types based on features and methods supported. Only the following event types are supported:

- Bootstrap
- Boot
- value change
- · connection request
- Periodic
- Transfer Complete
- M Download
- M Reboot

## **Communication Encryption**

The configuration parameters that are communicated to the device can contain authorization codes or other information that protect the system from unauthorized access. It is in the service provider's interest to prevent unauthorized customer activity. It is in the customer's interest to prevent the unauthorized use of the account. The service provider can encrypt the configuration profile communication between the provisioning server and the device, in addition to restricting access to the administration web server.

## **Phone Behavior During Times of Network Congestion**

Anything that degrades network performance can affect phone audio and, in some cases, can cause a call to drop. Sources of network degradation can include, but are not limited to, the following activities:

- Administrative tasks, such as an internal port scan or security scan.
- Attacks that occur on your network, such as a Denial of Service attack.

## **In-House Preprovisioning and Provisioning Servers**

The service provider preprovisions phones, other than RC units, with a profile. The preprovision profile can comprise a limited set of parameters that resynchronizes the phone. The profile can also comprise a complete set of parameters that the remote server delivers. By default, the phone resynchronizes on power-up and at intervals that are configured in the profile. When the user connects the phone at the customer premises, the device downloads the updated profile and any firmware updates.

This process of preprovisioning, deployment, and remote provisioning can be accomplished in many ways.

## **Server Preparation and Software Tools**

The examples in this chapter require the availability of one or more servers. These servers can be installed and run on a local PC:

- TFTP (UDP port 69)
- syslog (UDP port 514)
- HTTP (TCP port 80)
- HTTPS (TCP port 443).

To troubleshoot server configuration, it is helpful to install clients for each type of server on a separate server machine. This practice establishes proper server operation, independent of the interaction with the phones.

We also recommend that you install these software tools:

- To generate configuration profiles, install the open source gzip compression utility.
- For profile encryption and HTTPS operations, install the open source OpenSSL software package.

- To test the dynamic profile generation and one-step remote provisioning using HTTPS, we recommend a scripting language with CGI scripting support. Open source Perl language tools is an example of such a scripting language.
- To verify secure exchanges between provisioning servers and the phones, install an Ethernet packet sniffer (such as the freely downloadable Ethereal/Wireshark). Capture an Ethernet packet trace of the interaction between the phone and the provisioning server. To do so, run the packet sniffer on a PC that is connected to a switch with port mirroring enabled. For HTTPS transactions, you can use the ssldump utility.

### **Remote Customization (RC) Distribution**



All phones contact the Cisco EDOS RC server until they are provisioned initially.

In an RC distribution model, a customer purchases a phone that has already been associated with a specific Service Provider in the Cisco EDOS RC Server. The Internet Telephony Service Provider (ITSP) sets up and maintains a provisioning server, and registers their provisioning server information with the Cisco EDOS RC Server.

When the phone is powered on with an internet connection, the customization state for the unprovisioned phone is **Open**. The phone first queries the local DHCP server for provisioning server information and sets the customization state of the phone. If DHCP query is successful, Customization State is set to **Aborted** and RC is not attempted due to DHCP providing the needed provisioning server information.

When a phone connects to a network for the first time or after a factory reset, if there are no DHCP options setup, it contacts a device activation server for zero touch provisioning. New phones will use "activate.cisco.com" instead of "webapps.cisco.com" for provisioning. Phones with firmware release prior to 11.2(1), will continue to use webapps.cisco.com. Cisco recommends that you allow both the domain names through your firewall.

If DHCP server does not provide provisioning server information, the phone queries the Cisco EDOS RC Server and provides its MAC address and model and the Customization State is set to **Pending**. The Cisco EDOS server responds with the associated service provider's provisioning server information including

provisioning server URL and the phone's Customization State is set to **Custom Pending**. The phone then performs a resync URL command to retrieve the Service Provider's configuration and, if successful, the Customization State is set to **Acquired**.

If the DHCP server provisioning fails, the phone queries the Cisco EDOS RC Server and provides its MAC address and model and the Customization State is set to **Pending**. The Cisco EDOS server responds with the associated service provider's provisioning server information including provisioning server URL and the phone's Customization State is set to **Custom Pending**. The phone then performs a resync URL command to retrieve the Service Provider's configuration and, if successful, the Customization State is set to **Acquired**. If queries either for local DHCP server or for EDOS server fails for provisioning, phone retries to onboard over DHCP and EDOS.

If the Cisco EDOS RC Server does not have a service provider associated with the phone, the customization state of the phone is set to **Unavailable**. The phone can be manually configured or an association added for the service provider of the phone to the Cisco EDOS Server.

If a phone is provisioned via either the LCD or Web Configuration Utility, prior to the Customization State becoming **Acquired**, the Customization State is set to **Aborted** and the Cisco EDOS Server will not be queried unless the phone is factory reset.

Once the phone has been provisioned, the Cisco EDOS RC Server is not utilized unless the phone is factory reset.

## In-House Device Preprovisioning



With the Cisco factory default configuration, the phone automatically tries to resync to a profile on a TFTP server. A managed DHCP server on a LAN delivers the information about the profile and TFTP server that is configured for preprovisioning to the device. The service provider connects each new phone to the LAN. The phone automatically resyncs to the local TFTP server and initializes its internal state in preparation for deployment. This preprovisioning profile typically includes the URL of a remote provisioning server. The provisioning server keeps the device updated after the device is deployed and connected to the customer network.

The preprovisioned device bar code can be scanned to record its MAC address or serial number before the phone is shipped to the customer. This information can be used to create the profile to which the phone resynchronizes.

Upon receiving the phone, the customer connects it to the broadband link. On power-up, the phone contacts the provisioning server through the URL that is configured through preprovisioning. The phone can thus resync and update the profile and firmware, as necessary.

### **Provisioning Server Setup**

This section describes setup requirements for provisioning a phone by using various servers and different scenarios. For the purposes of this document and for testing, provisioning servers are installed and run on a local PC. Also, generally available software tools are useful for provisioning the phones.

### **TFTP Provisioning**

The phones support TFTP for both provisioning resync and firmware upgrade operations. When devices are deployed remotely, HTTPS is recommended, but HTTP and TFTP can also be used. This then requires provisioning file encryption to add security, as it offers greater reliability, given NAT and router protection mechanisms. TFTP is useful for the in-house preprovisioning of a large number of unprovisioned devices.

The phone is able to obtain a TFTP server IP address directly from the DHCP server through DHCP option 66. If a Profile\_Rule is configured with the filepath of that TFTP server, the device downloads its profile from the TFTP server. The download occurs when the device is connected to a LAN and powered up.

For a device with the factory default profile, upon powering up, the device resyncs to this file on the local TFTP server that DHCP option 66 specifies. The filepath is relative to the TFTP server virtual root directory.

### **Remote Endpoint Control and NAT**

The phone is compatible with network address translation (NAT) to access the Internet through a router. For enhanced security, the router might attempt to block unauthorized incoming packets by implementing symmetric NAT, a packet-filtering strategy that severely restricts the packets that are allowed to enter the protected network from the Internet. For this reason, remote provisioning by using TFTP is not recommended.

VoIP can coexist with NAT only when some form of NAT traversal is provided. Configure Simple Traversal of UDP through NAT (STUN). This option requires that the user have:

- A dynamic external (public) IP address from your service
- A computer that is running STUN server software
- An edge device with an asymmetric NAT mechanism

### **HTTP Provisioning**

The phone behaves like a browser that requests web pages from a remote Internet site. This provides a reliable means of reaching the provisioning server, even when a customer router implements symmetric NAT or other protection mechanisms. HTTP and HTTPS work more reliably than TFTP in remote deployments, especially when the deployed units are connected behind residential firewalls or NAT-enabled routers. HTTP and HTTPs are used interchangeably in the following request type descriptions.

Basic HTTP-based provisioning relies on the HTTP GET method to retrieve configuration profiles. Typically, a configuration file is created for each deployed phone, and these files are stored within an HTTP server directory. When the server receives the GET request, it simply returns the file that is specified in the GET request header.

Rather than a static profile, the configuration profile can be generated dynamically by querying a customer database and producing the profile on-the-fly.

When the phone requests a resynch, it can use the HTTP POST method to request the resync configuration data. The device can be configured to convey certain status and identification information to the server within the body of the HTTP POST request. The server uses this information to generate a desired response configuration profile, or to store the status information for later analysis and tracking.

As part of both GET and POST requests, the phone automatically includes basic identifying information in the User-Agent field of the request header. This information conveys the manufacturer, product name, current firmware version, and product serial number of the device.

The following example is the User-Agent request field from a CP-7832-3PCC:

User-Agent: Cisco-CP-7832-3PCC/11.0.1 (00562b043615)

User Agent is configurable, and the phone uses this the value if it has not be configured (still at default).

When the phone is configured to resync to a configuration profile by using HTTP, it is recommended that HTTPS be used or the profile be encrypted to protect confidential information. Encrypted profiles that the phone downloads by using HTTP avoid the danger of exposing confidential information that is contained in the configuration profile. This resync mode produces a lower computational load on the provisioning server when compared to using HTTPS.

The phone can decrypt profiles encrypted with one of these encryption methods:

- AES-256-CBC encryption
- RFC-8188 based encryption with AES-128-GCM ciphering



**Note** The phones support HTTP Version 1.0, HTTP Version 1.1, and Chunk Encoding when HTTP Version 1.1 is the negotiated transport protocol.

### HTTP Status Code Handling on Resync and Upgrade

The phone supports HTTP response for remote provisioning (Resync). Current phone behavior is categorized in three ways:

- A—Success, where the "Resync Periodic" and "Resync Random Delay" values determine subsequent requests.
- B—Failure when File Not Found or corrupt profile. The "Resync Error Retry Delay" value determines subsequent requests.
- C—Other failure when a bad URL or IP address causes a connection error. The "Resync Error Retry Delay" value determines subsequent requests.

I

HTTP Status Code	Description	Phone Behavior
301 Moved Permanently	This and future requests should be directed to a new location.	Retry request immediately with new location.
302 Found	Known as Temporarily Moved.	Retry request immediately with new location.
3xx	Other 3xx responses not processed.	С
400 Bad Request	The request cannot be fulfilled due to bad syntax.	С
401 Unauthorized	Basic or digest access authentication challenge.	Immediately retry request with authentication credentials. Maximum 2 retries. Upon failure, the phone behavior is C.
403 Forbidden	Server refuses to respond.	С
404 Not Found	Requested resource not found. Subsequent requests by client are permissible.	В
407 Proxy Authentication Required	Basic or digest access authentication challenge.	Immediately retry request with authentication credentials. Maximum two retries. Upon failure, the phone behavior is C.
4xx	Other client error status codes are not processed.	С
500 Internal Server Error	Generic error message.	Phone behavior is C.
501 Not Implemented	The server does not recognize the request method, or it lacks the ability to fulfill the request.	Phone behavior is C.
502 Bad Gateway	The server is acting as a gateway or proxy and receives an invalid response from the upstream server.	Phone behavior is C.
503 Service Unavailable	The server is currently unavailable (overloaded or down for maintenance). This is a temporary state.	Phone behavior is C.
504 Gateway Timeout	The server behaves as a gateway or proxy and does not receive timely response from the upstream server.	С
5xx	Other server error	С

### Table 3: Phone Behavior for HTTP Responses



## **Provisioning Methods**

- Provision a Phone with BroadSoft Server, on page 43
- Provisioning Examples Overview, on page 44
- Basic Resync, on page 44
- TFTP Resync, on page 44
- Unique Profiles, Macro Expansion, and HTTP, on page 48
- Resync a Device Automatically, on page 50
- Set Up Your Phones for Activation Code Onboarding, on page 58
- Migrate Your Phone to Enterprise Phone Directly, on page 59
- Configure Retry Timer for Authorization Failure, on page 60
- Secure HTTPS Resync, on page 60
- Profile Management, on page 68
- Set the Phone Privacy Header, on page 70
- Renew the MIC Certificate, on page 71

## **Provision a Phone with BroadSoft Server**

BroadSoft Server user only.

You can register your Cisco IP multiplatform phones to a BroadWorks platform.

### Procedure

Step 1	Download the CPE Kit from Cisco.com. To get the latest CPE kits, go to this URL: https://www.cisco.com/ c/en/us/support/unified-communications/broadworks/products-installation-and-configuration-guides-list.html.
Step 2	Upload the most recent DTAF file to the BroadWorks (system level) server.
	For more information, go to this URL: (https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/unified-communications/ broadworks/products-installation-and-configuration-guides-list.html). Access the <i>BroadSoft Partner</i> <i>Configuration Guide</i> and see the section " <i>Configure BroadWorks Device Profile Type</i> ".
Step 3	Configure Broadworks Device Profile Type.
	For more information on how to configure the device profile type, go to this URL:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/unified-communications/broadworks/ products-installation-and-configuration-guides-list.html. Access the *BroadSoft Partner Configuration Guide* and see the section "*Broadworks Device Profile Type Configuration*".

## **Provisioning Examples Overview**

This chapter provides example procedures for transferring configuration profiles between the phone and the provisioning server.

For information about creating configuration profiles, refer to Provisioning Formats, on page 85.

## **Basic Resync**

This section demonstrates the basic resync functionality of the phones.

### Use Syslog to Log Messages

To get the information, you can access the phone Web interface, select **Info** > **Debug Info** > **Control Logs** and click **messages**.

#### Before you begin

#### Procedure

Step 1	Install and activate a syslog server on the local PC.
Step 2	Click the System tab and enter the value of your local syslog server into the Syslog_Server parameter.
Step 3	Repeat the resync operation as described in TFTP Resync, on page 44.
	The device generates two syslog messages during the resync. The first message indicates that a request is in progress. The second message marks success or failure of the resync.
Step 4	Verify that your syslog server received messages similar to the following:
	The contents of these messages can be configured by using the following parameters:
	If any of these parameters are cleared, the corresponding syslog message is not generated

## **TFTP Resync**

The phone supports multiple network protocols for retrieving configuration profiles. The most basic profile transfer protocol is TFTP (RFC1350). TFTP is widely used for the provisioning of network devices within private LAN networks. Although not recommended for the deployment of remote endpoints across the Internet,

TFTP can be convenient for deployment within small organizations, for in-house preprovisioning, and for development and testing. See In-House Device Preprovisioning, on page 39 for more information on in-house preprovisioning. In the following procedure, a profile is modified after downloading a file from a TFTP server.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Within a LAN environment, connect a PC and a phone to a hub, switch, or small router.
- **Step 2** On the PC, install and activate a TFTP server.
- **Step 3** Use a text editor to create a configuration profile that sets the value for GPP\_A to 12345678 as shown in the example.

```
<flat-profile>
<GPP_A> 12345678
</GPP_A>
</flat-profile>
```

**Step 4** Save the profile with the name basic.txt in the root directory of the TFTP server.

You can verify that the TFTP server is properly configured: request the basic.txt file by using a TFTP client other than the phone. Preferably, use a TFTP client that is running on a separate host from the provisioning server.

- Step 5 Select the Voice > Provisioning tab, and inspect the values of the general purpose parameters GPP\_A through GPP\_P. These should be empty.
- **Step 6** Resync the test phone to the basic.txt configuration profile by opening the resync URL in a web browser window.

If the IP address of the TFTP server is 192.168.1.200, the command should be similar to the following example:

http://192.168.1.100/admin/resync?tftp://192.168.1.200/basic.txt

When the phone receives this command, the device at address 192.168.1.100 requests the file basic.txt from the TFTP server at IP address 192.168.1.200. The phone then parses the downloaded file and updates the GPP\_A parameter with the value 12345678.

**Step 7** Verify that the parameter was correctly updated: Refresh the configuration page on the PC web browser and select the **Voice** > **Provisioning** tab.

The GPP\_A parameter should now contain the value 12345678.

### Log Messages to the Syslog Server

If a syslog server is configured on the phone through the use of the parameters, the resync and upgrade operations send messages to the syslog server. A message can be generated at the start of a remote file request (configuration profile or firmware load), and at the conclusion of the operation (indicating either success or failure).

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in System Log Parameters, on page 46.

#### Before you begin

- A syslog server is installed and configured.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

C4	CI	
Step 1	Cli	ck voice > System.
Step 2	In a S	the <b>Optional Network Configuration</b> section, enter the server IP in <b>Syslog Server</b> and optionally specify <b>yslog Identifier</b> as defined in System Log Parameters, on page 46.
Step 3	Op Fa	tionally define the content of the syslog messages using <b>Log Request Msg</b> , <b>Log Success Msg</b> , and <b>Log ilure Msg</b> as defined in System Log Parameters, on page 46.
	Th Proof	e fields defining syslog message content are located in the <b>Configuration Profile</b> section on the <b>Voice</b> > <b>ovisioning</b> tab. If you don't specify the message content, the default settings in the fields are used. If any the fields are cleared, the corresponding message is not generated.
Step 4	Cli	ck Submit All Changes to apply the configuration.
Step 5	Ve	rify the validity of the configuration.
	a)	Perform a TFTP resync. See TFTP Resync, on page 44.
		The device generates two syslog messages during the resync. The first message indicates that a request is in progress. The second message marks the success or failure of the resync.
	b)	Verify that your syslog server received messages similar to the following:
		CP-78xx-3PCC 00:0e:08:ab:cd:ef Requesting resync tftp://192.168.1.200/basic.txt
		CP-88xx-3PCC 00:0e:08:ab:cd:ef Successful resync tftp://192.168.1.200/basic.txt

### **System Log Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of the syslog parameters in the **Optional Network Configuration** section under the **Voice** > **System** tab in the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

#### Table 4: Syslog Parameters

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Syslog Server	Specify the server for logging the phone system information and critical events. If both Debug Server and Syslog Server are specified, Syslog messages are also logged to the Debug Server.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<syslog_server ua="na">10.74.30.84</syslog_server>
	• On the phone web page, specify the Syslog server.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Syslog Identifier	Select the device identifier to include in syslog messages that are uploaded to the syslog server. The device identifier appears after the timestamp in each message. The options for the identifiers are:
	None: No device identifier.
	• \$MA: The MAC address of the phone, expressed as continuous lower case letters and digits. Example: c4b9cd811e29
	• \$MAU: The MAC address of the phone, expressed as continuous upper case letters and digits. Example: c4b9cD811E29
	• \$MAC: The MAC address of the phone in the standard colon-separated format. Example: c4:b9:cd:81:1e:29
	• \$SN: The product serial number of the phone.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<syslog_identifier ua="na">\$MAC</syslog_identifier>
	• On the phone web page, select an identifier from the list.
	Default: None
Log Request Msg	The message that is sent to the syslog server at the start of a resync attempt. If no value is specified, the syslog message is not generated.
	The default value is <code>\$PN \$MAC Requesting resync</code> <code>\$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH</code>
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<log_request_msg ua="na">\$PN \$MAC Requesting resync \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH</log_request_msg>
Log Success Msg	The syslog message that is issued upon successful completion of a resync attempt. If no value is specified, the syslog message is not generated.
	In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <log_success_msg ua="na">\$PN \$MAC Successful resync \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH</log_success_msg>
Log Failure Msg	The syslog message that is issued after a failed resync attempt. If no value is specified, the syslog message is not generated.
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC Resync failed: \$ERR
	In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <log_failure_msg ua="na">\$PN \$MAC Resync failed: \$ERR</log_failure_msg>

### Unique Profiles, Macro Expansion, and HTTP

In a deployment where each phone must be configured with distinct values for some parameters, such as User\_ID or Display\_Name, the service provider can create a unique profile for each deployed device and host those profiles on a provisioning server. Each phone, in turn, must be configured to resync to its own profile according to a predetermined profile naming convention.

The profile URL syntax can include identifying information that is specific to each phone, such as MAC address or serial number, by using the macro expansion of built-in variables. Macro expansion eliminates the need to specify these values in multiple locations within each profile.

A profile rule undergoes macro expansion before the rule is applied to the phone. The macro expansion controls a number of values, for example:

- \$MA expands to the unit 12-digit MAC address (using lower case hex digits). For example, 000e08abcdef.
- \$SN expands to the unit serial number. For example, 88012BA01234.

Other values can be macro expanded in this way, including all the general purpose parameters, GPP\_A through GPP\_P. An example of this process can be seen in TFTP Resync, on page 44. Macro expansion is not limited to the URL file name, but can also be applied to any portion of the profile rule parameter. These parameters are referenced as \$A through \$P. For a complete list of variables that are available for macro expansion, see Macro Expansion Variables, on page 80.

In this exercise, a profile specific to a phone is provisioned on a TFTP server.

### **Provision a Specific IP Phone Profile on a TFTP Server**

#### Procedure

Step 1	Obtain the MAC address of the phone from its product label. (The MAC address is the number, using numbers
	and lower-case hex digits, such as 000e08aabbcc.
Step 2	Move the new file in the virtual root directory of the TFTP server.
Step 3	Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
Step 4	Select Voice > Provisioning.

**Step 5** Click **Submit All Changes**. This causes an immediate reboot and resync.

When the next resync occurs, the phone retrieves the new file by expanding the \$MA macro expression into its MAC address.

### **HTTP GET Resync**

HTTP provides a more reliable resync mechanism than TFTP because HTTP establishes a TCP connection and TFTP uses the less reliable UDP. In addition, HTTP servers offer improved filtering and logging features compared to TFTP servers.

On the client side, the phone does not require any special configuration setting on the server to be able to resync by using HTTP. The Profile\_Rule parameter syntax for using HTTP with the GET method is similar to the syntax that is used for TFTP. If a standard web browser can retrieve a profile from your HTTP server, the phone should be able to do so as well.

### **Resync with HTTP GET**

#### Procedure

Step 1	Install an HTTP server on the local PC or other accessible host.
	The open source Apache server can be downloaded from the internet.
Step 2	Copy the basic.txt configuration profile (described in TFTP Resync, on page 44) onto the virtual root directory of the installed server.
Step 3	To verify proper server installation and file access to basic.txt, access the profile with a web browser.
Step 4	Modify the Profile_Rule of the test phone to point to the HTTP server in place of the TFTP server, so as to download its profile periodically.
	For example, assuming the HTTP server is at 192.168.1.300, enter the following value:
	<profile_rule> http://192.168.1.200/basic.txt </profile_rule>
Step 5	Click Submit All Changes. This causes an immediate reboot and resync.
Step 6	Observe the syslog messages that the phone sends. The periodic resyncs should now be obtaining the profile from the HTTP server.
Step 7	In the HTTP server logs, observe how information that identifies the test phone appears in the log of user

Step / In the HTTP server logs, observe how information that identifies the test phone appears in the log of user agents.

This information should include the manufacturer, product name, current firmware version, and serial number.

### **Provisioning Through Cisco XML**

For each of the phones, designated as xxxx here, you can provision through Cisco XML functions.

You can send an XML object to the phone by a SIP Notify packet or an HTTP Post to the CGI interface of the phone: http://IPAddressPhone/CGI/Execute.

The CP-xxxx-3PCC extends the Cisco XML feature to support provisioning via an XML object:

```
<CP-xxxx-3PCCExecute>
        <ExecuteItem URL=Resync:[profile-rule]/>
</CP-xxxx-3PCCExecute>
```

After the phone receives the XML object, it downloads the provisioning file from [profile-rule]. This rule uses macros to simplify the development of the XML services application.

### **URL Resolution with Macro Expansion**

Subdirectories with multiple profiles on the server provide a convenient method for managing a large number of deployed devices. The profile URL can contain:

- A provisioning server name or an explicit IP address. If the profile identifies the provisioning server by name, the phone performs a DNS lookup to resolve the name.
- A nonstandard server port that is specified in the URL by using the standard syntax :port following the server name.
- The subdirectory of the server virtual root directory where the profile is stored, specified by using standard URL notation and managed by macro expansion.

For example, the following Profile\_Rule requests the profile file (\$PN.cfg), in the server subdirectory /cisco/config, from the TFTP server that is running on host prov.telco.com listening for a connection on port 6900:

```
<Profile_Rule>
tftp://prov.telco.com:6900/cisco/config/$PN.cfg
</Profile Rule>
```

A profile for each phone can be identified in a general purpose parameter, with its value referred within a common profile rule by using macro expansion.

For example, assume GPP\_B is defined as Dj6Lmp23Q.

The Profile\_Rule has the value:

tftp://prov.telco.com/cisco/\$B/\$MA.cfg

When the device resyncs and the macros are expanded, the phone with a MAC address of 000e08012345 requests the profile with the name that contains the device MAC address at the following URL:

tftp://prov.telco.com/cisco/Dj6Lmp23Q/000e08012345.cfg

### **Resync a Device Automatically**

A device can resync periodically to the provisioning server to ensure that any profile changes made on the server are propagated to the endpoint device (as opposed to sending an explicit resync request to the endpoint).

To cause the phone to periodically resync to a server, a configuration profile URL is defined by using the Profile\_Rule parameter, and a resync period is defined by using the Resync\_Periodic parameter.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning.

Step 2	Define the Profile_Rule parameter. This example assumes a TFTP server IP address of 192.168.1.200.
Step 3	In the <b>Resync Periodic</b> field, enter a small value for testing, such as <b>30</b> seconds.
Step 4	Click Submit all Changes.
	With the new parameter settings, the phone resyncs twice a minute to the configuration file that the URL specifies.
Step 5	Observe the resulting messages in the syslog trace (as described in the Use Syslog to Log Messages, on page 44 section).
Step 6	Ensure that the <b>Resync On Reset</b> field is set to <b>Yes</b> .
	<resync_on_reset>Yes</resync_on_reset>
Step 7	Power cycle the phone to force it to resync to the provisioning server.
	If the resync operation fails for any reason, such as if the server is not responding, the unit waits (for the number of seconds configured in <b>Resync Error Retry Delay</b> ) before it attempts to resync again. If <b>Resync Error Retry Delay</b> is zero, the phone does not try to resync after a failed resync attempt.
Step 8	(Optional) Set the value of <b>Resync Error Retry Delay</b> field to a small number, such as <b>30</b> .
	<resync_error_retry_delay>30</resync_error_retry_delay>
Step 9	Disable the TFTP server, and observe the results in the syslog output.

### **Profile Resync Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of the profile resync parameters in the **Configuration Profile** section under the **Voice** > **Provisioning** tab in the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Parameter	Description
Provision Enable	Allows or denies configuration profile resync actions.
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<provision_enable ua="na">Yes</provision_enable> On the phone web page, set this field to Yes to allow resync actions, or No to block resync actions.
	Default: Yes

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Parameter	Description				
Resync On Reset	Specifies whether the phone resynchronizes configurations with the provisioning server after power-up and after each upgrade attempt.				
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:				
	<resync_on_reset ua="na">Yes</resync_on_reset> • On the phone web page, set this field to Yes to allow resync on power-up or reset, or No to block resync on power-up or reset.				
	Default: Yes				
Resync Random Delay	Prevents an overload of the provisioning server when a large number of devices power-on simultaneously and attempt initial configuration. This delay is effective only on the initial configuration attempt, following a device power-on or reset.				
	The parameter is the maximum time interval that the device waits before making contact with the provisioning server. The actual delay is a pseudo-random number between 0 and this value.				
	This parameter is in units of 20 seconds.				
	The valid value ranges between 0 and 65535.				
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:				
	<resync_random_delay ua="na">2</resync_random_delay>				
	• On the phone web page, specify the number of the units (20 seconds) for the phone to delay resync after power-up or reset.				
	The default value is 2 (40 seconds).				
Resync At (HHmm)	The time (HHmm) that the phone resynchronizes with the provisioning server.				
	The value for this field must be a four-digit number ranging from 0000 to 2400 to indicate the time in HHmm format. For example, 0959 indicates 09:59.				
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:				
	<resync_athhmm_ ua="na">0959</resync_athhmm_> • On the phone web page, specify the time in HHMM format for the phone to start resync.				
	The default value is empty. If the value is invalid, the parameter is ignored. If this parameter is set with a valid value, the <b>Resync Periodic</b> parameter is ignored.				
Parameter	Description				
---------------------------	--	--	--	--	--
Resync At Random Delay	Prevents an overload of the provisioning server when a large number of devices power on simultaneously.				
	To avoid flooding resync requests to the server from multiple phones, the phone resynchronizes in the range between the hours and minutes, and the hours and minutes plus the random delay (hhmm, hhmm+random_delay). For example, if the random delay = (Resync At Random Delay + $30$ )/60 minutes, the input value in seconds is converted to minutes, rounding up to the next minute to calculate the final random_delay interval.				
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:				
	<resync_at_random_delay ua="na">600</resync_at_random_delay> • On the phone web page, specify the time period in seconds.				
	The valid value ranges between 600 and 65535.				
	If the value is less than 600, the random delay internal is between 0 and 600.				
	The default value is 600 seconds (10 minutes).				
Resync Periodic	The time interval between periodic resynchronization with the provisioning server. The associated resync timer is active only after the first successful sync with the server.				
	The valid formats are as follows:				
	• An integer				
	Example: An input of <b>3000</b> indicates that the next resync occurs in 3000 seconds.				
	Multiple integers				
	Example: An input of <b>600</b> , <b>1200</b> , <b>300</b> indicates that the first resync occurs in 600 seconds, the second resync occurs in 1200 seconds after the first one, and the third resync occurs in 300 seconds after the second one.				
	• A time range				
	Example, an input of <b>2400+30</b> indicates that the next resync occurs in between 2400 and 2430 seconds after a successful resync.				
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:				
	<resync_periodic ua="na">3600</resync_periodic>				
	• On the phone web page, specify the time period in seconds.				
	Set this parameter to zero to disable periodic resynchronization.				
	The default value is 3600 seconds.				

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Parameter	Description					
Resync Error Retry Delay	If a resync operation fails because the phone was unable to retrieve a profile from the server, or the downloaded file is corrupt, or an internal error occurs, the phone tries to resync again after a time specified in seconds.					
	The valid formats are as follows:					
	• An integer					
	Example: An input of <b>300</b> indicates that the next retry for resync occurs in 300 seconds.					
	Multiple integers					
	Example: An input of <b>600</b> , <b>1200</b> , <b>300</b> indicates that the first retry occurs in 600 seconds after the failure, the second retry occurs in 1200 seconds after the failure of the first retry, and the third retry occurs in 300 seconds after the failure of the second retry.					
	• A time range					
	Example, an input of <b>2400+30</b> indicates that the next retry occurs in between 2400 and 2430 seconds after a resync failure.					
	If the delay is set to 0, the device does not try to resync again following a failed resync attempt.					
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:					
	<resync_error_retry_delay ua="na"&gt;60,120,240,480,960,1920,3840,7680,15360,30720,61440,86400 • On the phone web page, specify the time period in seconds.</resync_error_retry_delay 					
	Default: 60,120,240,480,960,1920,3840,7680,15360,30720,61440,86400					
Forced Resync	Maximum delay (in seconds) the phone waits before performing a resynchronization.					
Delay	The device does not resync while one of its phone lines is active. Because a resync can take several seconds, it is desirable to wait until the device has been idle for an extended period before resynchronizing. This allows a user to make calls in succession without interruption.					
	The device has a timer that begins counting down when all of its lines become idle. This parameter is the initial value of the counter. Resync events are delayed until this counter decrements to zero.					
	The valid value ranges between 0 and 65535.					
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:					
	<forced_resync_delay ua="na">14400</forced_resync_delay> • On the phone web page, specify the time period in seconds.					
	The default value is 14,400 seconds.					

Parameter	Description				
Resync From SIP	Controls requests for resync operations via a SIP NOTIFY event sent from the service provider proxy server to the phone. If enabled, the proxy can request a resync by sending a SIP NOTIFY message containing the Event: resync header to the device.				
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:				
	<resync_from_sip ua="na">Yes</resync_from_sip>				
	• On the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature, or No to disalbe it.				
	Default: Yes				
Resync After Upgrade Attempt	Enables or disables the resync operation after any upgrade occurs. If <b>Yes</b> is selected, sync is triggered after a firmware upgrade.				
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:				
	<resync_after_upgrade_attempt< td=""></resync_after_upgrade_attempt<>				
	ua="na">Yes				
	• On the phone web page, select Yes to trigger resync after a firmware upgrade, or No to not resync.				
	Default: Yes				
Resync Trigger 1 Resync Trigger 2	If the logical equation in these parameters evaluates to FALSE, resync is not triggered even when <b>Resync On Reset</b> is set to <b>TRUE</b> . Only the resync via direct action URL and SIP notify ignores these resync triggers.				
	The parameters can be programmed with a conditional expression that undergoes macro expansion. For the valid macro expansions, see Macro Expansion Variables, on page 80.				
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:				
	<resync_trigger_1 ua="na">\$UPGTMR gt 300 and \$PRVTMR ge 600</resync_trigger_1>				
	<resync_trigger_2 ua="na"></resync_trigger_2>				
	• On the phone web page, specify the triggers.				
	Default: Blank				

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Parameter	Description				
User Configurable Resync	Allows a user to resync the phone from the phone screen menu. When set to <b>Yes</b> , a user can resync the phone configuration by entering the profile rule from the phone. When set to <b>No</b> , the <b>Profile rule</b> parameter isn't displayed on the phone screen menu. The <b>Profile rule</b> parameter is loacated under <b>Applications</b> $\bigcirc$ > <b>Device</b>				
	administration.				
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:				
	<user_configurable_resync ua="na">Yes</user_configurable_resync>				
	• On the phone web page, select Yes to show the Profile rule parameter on the phone menu, or select No to hide this parameter.				
	Default: Yes				
Resync Fails On FNF	A resync is typically considered unsuccessful if a requested profile is not received from the server. This parameter override this behavior. When set to <b>No</b> , the device accepts a file-not-found response from the server as a successful resync.				
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:				
	<resync_fails_on_fnf ua="na">Yes</resync_fails_on_fnf> • On the phone web page, select Yes to take a file-not-found response as an unsuccessful resync, or select No to take a file-not-found response as a successful resync.				
	Default: Yes				

Parameter	Description					
Profile Authentication Type	Specifies the credentials to use for profile account authentication. The available options are:					
	• <b>Disabled</b> : Disables the profile account feature. When this feature is disabled, the <b>Profile account setup</b> menu doesn't display on the phone screen.					
	• <b>Basic HTTP Authentication</b> : The HTTP login credentials are used to authenticate the profile account.					
	• XSI Authentication: XSI login credentials or XSI SIP credentials are used to authenticate the profile account. The authentication credentials depend on the XSI Authentication Type for the phone:					
	• When the <b>XSI Authentication Type</b> for the phone is set to <b>Login</b> <b>Credentials</b> , the XSI login credentials are used.					
	• When the <b>XSI Authentication Type</b> for the phone is set to <b>SIP Credentials</b> , the XSI SIP credentials are used.					
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:					
	<profile_authentication_type ua="na">Basic Http</profile_authentication_type>					
	<ul> <li>Authentication</li> <li>On the phone web page, select an option from the list for the phone to authenticate profile resync.</li> </ul>					
	Default: Basic HTTP Authentication					
Profile Rule	Each profile rule informs the phone of a source from which to obtain a profile					
Profile Rule B	in sequence.					
Profile Rule C Profile Rule D	If you are applying AES-256-CBC encryption to the configuration files, specify the encryption key with the <b>key</b> keyword as follows:					
	[key <encryption key="">]</encryption>					
	You can enclose the encryption key in double-quotes (") optionally.					
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:					
	<profile_rule ua="na">/\$PSN.xml</profile_rule>					
	<profile_rule_b ua="na"></profile_rule_b>					
	<profile_rule_c ua="na"></profile_rule_c>					
	<profile_rule_d ua="na"></profile_rule_d>					
	• On the phone web page, specify the profile rule.					
	Default: /\$PSN.xml					
DHCP Option To	DHCP options, delimited by commas, used to retrieve firmware and profiles.					
Use	Default: 66,160,159,150,60,43,125					

Parameter	Description
DHCPv6 Option To	DHCP options, delimited by commas, used to retrieve firmware and profiles.
Use	Default: 17,160,159

## Set Up Your Phones for Activation Code Onboarding

If your network is configured for Activation Code Onboarding, you can set up new phones to register automatically in a secure way. You generate and provide each user with a unique 16-digit activation code. The user enters the activation code, and the phone automatically registers. This feature keeps your network secure because the phone can't register until the user enters a valid activation code.

Activation codes can be used only once, and have an expiry date. If a user enters an expired code, the phone displays Invalid activation code on the screen. If this happens, provide the user with a new code.

This feature is available in firmware release 11-2-3MSR1, BroadWorks Application Server Release 22.0 (patch AP.as.22.0.1123.ap368163 and its dependencies). However, you can change phones with older firmware to use this feature. To do this, use the following procedure.

#### Before you begin

Ensure that you allow the activation.webex.com service through your firewall to support onboarding via activation code.

If you want to set up a proxy server for the onboarding, ensure that the proxy server is configured correctly. See Set Up a Proxy Server, on page 149.

Access the phone web page. Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113

#### Procedure

Step 1	Reset the phone to the factory settings.
Step 2	Select Voice > Provisioning > Configuration Profile.
Step 3	Enter the profile rule in the <b>Profile Rule</b> field as described in the Activation Code Provisioning Parameters, on page 58 table.
Step 4	(Optional) In the <b>Firmware Upgrade</b> section, enter the upgrade rule in the <b>Upgrade Rule</b> field as described in the Activation Code Provisioning Parameters, on page 58 table.
Step 5	Submit All Changes.

### **Activation Code Provisioning Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of the activation code parameters in the **Configuration Profile** section under the **Voice** > **Provisioning** tab in the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter. L

Parameter	Description				
Profile Rule	Remote configuration profile rules evaluated in sequence. Each resync operation can				
Profile Rule B	retrieve multiple files, potentially managed by different servers.				
Profile Rule C	Perform one of the following:				
Profile Rule D	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:				
	<profile_rule ua="na">gds://</profile_rule>				
	• In the phone web interface, enter a string in this format:				
	gds://				
	Default: /\$PSN.xml				
Upgrade Rule	Specifies the firmware upgrade script that defines upgrade conditions and associated firmware URLs. It uses the same syntax as Profile Rule.				
	Perform one of the following:				
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:				
	<upgrade_rule ua="na">http://<server address="" ip="">/ sip88xx.11-2-3MSR1-1.loads</server></upgrade_rule>				
	• In the phone web interface, enter the upgrade rule:				
	<pre>protocol://server[:port]/profile_pathname</pre>				
	For example:				
	tftp://192.168.1.5/image/sip88xx.11-2-3MSR1-1.loads				
	If no protocol is specified, TFTP is assumed. If no server-name is specified, the host that requests the URL is used as the server name. If no port is specified, the default port is used (69 for TFTP, 80 for HTTP, or 443 for HTTPS).				
	Default: Blank				

## **Migrate Your Phone to Enterprise Phone Directly**

You can now migrate your phone to enterprise phone easily in one step without using transition firmware load.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

#### **Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning.

**Step 2** In the **Upgrade Rule** field, set the Upgrade Rule parameter by entering a firmware upgrade script. For the syntax details, see that defines upgrade conditions and associated firmware URLs. It uses the same syntax as Profile Rule. Enter a script and use the following format to enter the upgrade rule:

<tftp!http!https>://<ipaddress>/image/<load name>
For example:
 tftp://192.168.1.5/image/sip78xx.14-1-1MN-366.loads
Step 3 Configure the Transition Authorization Rule parameter by entering a value to obtain and authorize the
licence from the server.
You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:
 <Trans\_Auth\_Rule\_ua="na">http://10.74.51.81/prov/migration/E2312.lic</Trans\_Auth\_Rule>
Step 4 In the Transition Authorization Type parameter, set the license type as Classic.
You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:
 <Trans\_Auth\_Rule\_ua="na">http://10.74.51.81/prov/migration/E2312.lic</Trans\_Auth\_Rule>
Step 4 In the Transition Authorization Type parameter, set the license type as Classic.
You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:
 <Trans\_Auth\_Type\_ua="na">Classic</Trans\_Auth\_Type>
Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Configure Retry Timer for Authorization Failure**

You can set a time interval after which the phone retries to authorize when the phone fails to authorize license upgrade.

#### Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Transition Authorization Type is set to Classic.

#### Procedure

Step 1	Select Voice > Provisioning.				
Step 2	In Transition Authorization Error Retry Delay field, add a value (in seconds) to set the interval duration.				
	You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:				
	<transition_authorization_error_retry_delay>1800</transition_authorization_error_retry_delay>				
	Default: 1800				
Step 3	Click Submit All Changes.				

**Secure HTTPS Resync** 

These mechanisms are available on the phone for resyncing by using a secure communication process:

Basic HTTPS Resync

- HTTPS with Client Certificate Authentication
- HTTPS Client Filtering and Dynamic Content

### **Basic HTTPS Resync**

HTTPS adds SSL to HTTP for remote provisioning so that the:

- The phone can authenticate the provisioning server.
- Provisioning server can authenticate the phone.
- Confidentiality of information exchanged between the phone and the provisioning server is ensured.

SSL generates and exchanges secret (symmetric) keys for each connection between the phone and the server, using public/private key pairs that are pre-installed in the phone and the provisioning server.

On the client side, the phone does not require any special configuration setting on the server to be able to resync using HTTPS. The Profile\_Rule parameter syntax for using HTTPS with the GET method is similar to the syntax that is used for HTTP or TFTP. If a standard web browser can retrieve a profile from a your HTTPS server, the phone should be able to do so as well.

In addition to installing a HTTPS server, a SSL server certificate that Cisco signs must be installed on the provisioning server. The devices cannot resync to a server that is using HTTPS unless the server supplies a Cisco-signed server certificate. Instructions for creating signed SSL Certificates for Voice products can be found at https://supportforums.cisco.com/docs/DOC-9852.

### Authenticate with Basic HTTPS Resync

#### Procedure

Step 1	Install an HTTPS server on a host whose IP address is known to the network DNS server through normal hostname translation.
	The open source Apache server can be configured to operate as an HTTPS server when installed with the open source mod_ssl package.
Step 2	Generate a server Certificate Signing Request for the server. For this step, you might need to install the open source OpenSSL package or equivalent software. If using OpenSSL, the command to generate the basic CSR file is as follows:
	openssl req -new -out provserver.csr
	This command generates a public/private key pair, which is saved in the privkey.pem file.
Step 3	Submit the CSR file (provserver.csr) to Cisco for signing.
	A signed server certificate is returned (provserver.cert) along with a Sipura CA Client Root Certificate, spacroot.cert.
	See https://supportforums.cisco.com/docs/DOC-9852 for more information

**Step 4** Store the signed server certificate, the private key pair file, and the client root certificate in the appropriate locations on the server.

In the case of an Apache installation on Linux, these locations are typically as follows:

```
# Server Certificate:
SSLCertificateFile /etc/httpd/conf/provserver.cert
# Server Private Key:
SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/httpd/conf/pivkey.pem
# Certificate Authority:
SSLCACertificateFile /etc/httpd/conf/spacroot.cert
```

- **Step 5** Restart the server.
- **Step 6** Copy the basic.txt configuration file (described in TFTP Resync, on page 44) onto the virtual root directory of the HTTPS server.
- **Step 7** Verify proper server operation by downloading basic.txt from the HTTPS server by using a standard browser from the local PC.
- **Step 8** Inspect the server certificate that the server supplies.

The browser probably does not recognize the certificate as valid unless the browser has been pre-configured to accept Cisco as a root CA. However, the phones expect the certificate to be signed this way.

Modify the Profile\_Rule of the test device to contain a reference to the HTTPS server, for example:

```
<Profile_Rule>
https://my.server.com/basic.txt
</Profile Rule>
```

This example assumes the name of the HTTPS server is my.server.com.

- Step 9 Click Submit All Changes.
- **Step 10** Observe the syslog trace that the phone sends.

The syslog message should indicate that the resync obtained the profile from the HTTPS server.

**Step 11** (Optional) Use an Ethernet protocol analyzer on the phone subnet to verify that the packets are encrypted.

In this exercise, client certificate verification was not enabled. The connection between the phone and server is encrypted. However, the transfer is not secure because any client can connect to the server and request the file, given knowledge of the file name and directory location. For secure resync, the server must also authenticate the client, as demonstrated in the exercise described in HTTPS with Client Certificate Authentication, on page 62.

### **HTTPS with Client Certificate Authentication**

In the factory default configuration, the server does not request an SSL client certificate from a client. Transfer of the profile is not secure because any client can connect to the server and request the profile. You can edit the configuration to enable client authentication; the server requires a client certificate to authenticate the phone before it accepts a connection request.

Because of this requirement, the resync operation cannot be independently tested by using a browser that lacks the proper credentials. The SSL key exchange within the HTTPS connection between the test phone and the server can be observed with the ssldump utility. The utility trace shows the interaction between client and server.

### Authenticate HTTPS with Client Certificate

#### Procedure

Step 1 Step 2	Enable client certificate authentication on the HTTPS server. In Apache (v.2), set the following in the server configuration file:				
	SSLVerifyClient require				
	Also, ensure that the spacroot.cert has been stored as shown in the Basic HTTPS Resync, on page 61 exercise.				
Step 3	Restart the HTTPS server and observe the syslog trace from the phone.				
	Each resync to the server now performs symmetric authentication, so that both the server certificate and the client certificate are verified before the profile is transferred.				
Step 4	Use ssldump to capture a resync connection between the phone and the HTTPS server.				
	If client certificate verification is properly enabled on the server, the ssldump trace shows the symmetric exchange of certificates (first server-to-client, then client-to-server) before the encrypted packets that contain the profile.				
	With client authentication enabled only a phone with a MAC address that matches a valid client certificate				

With client authentication enabled, only a phone with a MAC address that matches a valid client certificate can request the profile from the provisioning server. The server rejects a request from an ordinary browser or other unauthorized device.

## **Configure a HTTPS Server for Client Filtering and Dynamic Content**

If the HTTPS server is configured to require a client certificate, the information in the certificate identifies the resyncing phone and supplies it with the correct configuration information.

The HTTPS server makes the certificate information available to CGI scripts (or compiled CGI programs) that are invoked as part of the resync request. For the purpose of illustration, this exercise uses the open source Perl scripting language, and assumes that Apache (v.2) is used as the HTTPS server.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Install Perl on the host that is running the HTTPS server.

**Step 2** Generate the following Perl reflector script:

```
#!/usr/bin/perl -wT
use strict;
print "Content-Type: text/plain\n\n";
```

```
print "<flat-profile><GPP_D>";
print "OU=$ENV{ `SSL_CLIENT_I_DN_OU' }, \n";
print "L=$ENV{ `SSL_CLIENT_I_DN_L' }, \n";
print "S=$ENV{ `SSL_CLIENT_I_DN_S' }\n";
print "</GPP_D></flat-profile>";
```

- **Step 3** Save this file with the file name reflect.pl, with executable permission (chmod 755 on Linux), in the CGI scripts directory of the HTTPS server.
- **Step 4** Verify accessibility of CGI scripts on the server (that is, /cgi-bin/...).
- **Step 5** Modify the Profile\_Rule on the test device to resync to the reflector script, as in the following example:

https://prov.server.com/cgi-bin/reflect.pl?

Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

**Step 7** Observe the syslog trace to ensure a successful resync.

- **Step 8** Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- **Step 9** Select Voice > Provisioning.
- **Step 10** Verify that the GPP\_D parameter contains the information that the script captured.

This information contains the product name, MAC address, and serial number if the test device carries a unique certificate from the manufacturer. The information contains generic strings if the unit was manufactured before firmware release 2.0.

A similar script can determine information about the resyncing device and then provide the device with appropriate configuration parameter values.

### **HTTPS Certificates**

The phone provides a reliable and secure provisioning strategy that is based on HTTPS requests from the device to the provisioning server. Both a server certificate and a client certificate are used to authenticate the phone to the server and the server to the phone.

In addition to Cisco issued certifications, the phone also accepts server certificates from a set of commonly used SSL certificate providers.

To use HTTPS with the phone, you must generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) and submit it to Cisco. The phone generates a certificate for installation on the provisioning server. The phone accepts the certificate when it seeks to establish an HTTPS connection with the provisioning server.

### **HTTPS Methodology**

HTTPS encrypts the communication between a client and a server, thus protecting the message contents from other network devices. The encryption method for the body of the communication between a client and a server is based on symmetric key cryptography. With symmetric key cryptography, a client and a server share a single secret key over a secure channel that is protected by Public/Private key encryption.

Messages encrypted by the secret key can only be decrypted by using the same key. HTTPS supports a wide range of symmetric encryption algorithms. The phone implements up to 256-bit symmetric encryption, using the American Encryption Standard (AES), in addition to 128-bit RC4.

HTTPS also provides for the authentication of a server and a client engaged in a secure transaction. This feature ensures that a provisioning server and an individual client cannot be spoofed by other devices on the network. This capability is essential in the context of remote endpoint provisioning.

Server and client authentication is performed by using public/private key encryption with a certificate that contains the public key. Text that is encrypted with a public key can be decrypted only by its corresponding private key (and vice versa). The phone supports the Rivest-Shamir-Adleman (RSA) algorithm for public/private key cryptography.

### **SSL Server Certificate**

Each secure provisioning server is issued a secure sockets layer (SSL) server certificate that Cisco signs directly. The firmware that runs on the phone recognizes only a Cisco certificate as valid. When a client connects to a server by using HTTPS, it rejects any server certificate that is not signed by Cisco.

This mechanism protects the service provider from unauthorized access to the phone, or any attempt to spoof the provisioning server. Without such protection, an attacker might be able to reprovision the phone, to gain configuration information, or to use a different VoIP service. Without the private key that corresponds to a valid server certificate, the attacker is unable to establish communication with a phone.

### **Obtain a Server Certificate**

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Contact a Cisco support person who will work with you on the certificate process. If you are not working with a specific support person, email your request to ciscosb-certadmin@cisco.com.
- **Step 2** Generate a private key that will be used in a CSR (Certificate Signing Request). This key is private and you do not need to provide this key to Cisco support. Use open source "openssl" to generate the key. For example:

openssl genrsa -out <file.key> 1024

**Step 3** Generate a CSR that contains fields that identify your organization and location. For example:

openssl req -new -key <file.key> -out <file.csr>

You must have the following information:

- Subject field—Enter the Common Name (CN) that must be an FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) syntax. During SSL authentication handshake, the phone verifies that the certificate it receives is from the machine that presented it.
- Server hostname—For example, provserv.domain.com.
- Email address—Enter an email address so that customer support can contact you if needed. This email address is visible in the CSR.
- **Step 4** Email the CSR (in zip file format) to the Cisco support person or to ciscosb-certadmin@cisco.com. The certificate is signed by Cisco. Cisco sends the certificate to you to install on your system.

### **Client Certificate**

In addition to a direct attack on a phone, an attacker might attempt to contact a provisioning server through a standard web browser or another HTTPS client to obtain the configuration profile from the provisioning server. To prevent this kind of attack, each phone also carries a unique client certificate, signed by Cisco, that includes identifying information about each individual endpoint. A certificate authority root certificate that is capable of authenticating the device client certificate is given to each service provider. This authentication path allows the provisioning server to reject unauthorized requests for configuration profiles.

### **Certificate Structure**

The combination of a server certificate and a client certificate ensures secure communication between a remote phone and its provisioning server. The figure below illustrates the relationship and placement of certificates, public/private key pairs, and signing root authorities, among the Cisco client, the provisioning server, and the certification authority.

The upper half of the diagram shows the Provisioning Server Root Authority that is used to sign the individual provisioning server certificate. The corresponding root certificate is compiled into the firmware, which allows the phone to authenticate authorized provisioning servers.



Figure 7: Certificate Authority Flow

### **Configure a Custom Certificate Authority**

Digital certificates can be used to authenticate network devices and users on the network. They can be used to negotiate IPSec sessions between network nodes.

A third party uses a Certificate Authority certificate to validate and authenticate two or more nodes that are attempting to communicate. Each node has a public and private key. The public key encrypts data. The private key decrypts data. Because the nodes have obtained their certificates from the same source, they are assured of their respective identities.

The device can use digital certificates provided by a third-party Certificate Authority (CA) to authenticate IPSec connections.

The phones support a set of preloaded Root Certificate Authority embedded in the firmware:

Cisco Small Business CA Certificate

- CyberTrust CA Certificate
- Verisign CA certificate
- Sipura Root CA Certificate
- Linksys Root CA Certificate

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

#### **Step 1** Select Info > Status.

**Step 2** Scroll to **Custom CA Status** and see the following fields:

• Custom CA Provisioning Status-Indicates the provisioning status.

- Last provisioning succeeded on mm/dd/yyyy HH:MM:SS; or
- Last provisioning failed on mm/dd/yyyy HH:MM:SS
- Custom CA Info-Displays information about the custom CA.
  - Installed—Displays the "CN Value," where "CN Value" is the value of the CN parameter for the Subject field in the first certificate.
  - Not Installed—Displays if no custom CA certificate is installed.

## **Profile Management**

This section demonstrates the formation of configuration profiles in preparation for downloading. To explain the functionality, TFTP from a local PC is used as the resync method, although HTTP or HTTPS can be used as well.

### **Compress an Open Profile with Gzip**

A configuration profile in XML format can become quite large if the profile specifies all parameters individually. To reduce the load on the provisioning server, the phone supports compression of the XML file, by using the deflate compression format that the gzip utility (RFC 1951) supports.



Compression must precede encryption for the phone to recognize a compressed and encrypted XML profile.

For integration into customized back-end provisioning server solutions, the open source zlib compression library can be used in place of the standalone gzip utility to perform the profile compression. However, the phone expects the file to contain a valid gzip header.

#### Procedure

Step 1	Install	gzip	on	the	local	PC.
--------	---------	------	----	-----	-------	-----

**Step 2** Compress the basic.txt configuration profile (described in TFTP Resync, on page 44) by invoking gzip from the command line:

gzip basic.txt

This generates the deflated file basic.txt.gz.

- **Step 3** Save the basic.txt.gz file in the TFTP server virtual root directory.
- **Step 4** Modify the Profile\_Rule on the test device to resync to the deflated file in place of the original XML file, as shown in the following example:

tftp://192.168.1.200/basic.txt.gz

- Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.
- **Step 6** Observe the syslog trace from the phone.

Upon resync, the phone downloads the new file and uses it to update its parameters.

### **Encrypt a Profile with OpenSSL**

A compressed or uncompressed profile can be encrypted (however, a file must be compressed before it is encrypted). Encryption is useful when the confidentiality of the profile information is of particular concern, such as when TFTP or HTTP is used for communication between the phone and the provisioning server.

The phone supports symmetric key encryption by using the 256-bit AES algorithm. This encryption can be performed by using the open source OpenSSL package.

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Install OpenSSL on a local PC. This might require that the OpenSSL application be recompiled to enable AES.
- **Step 2** Using the basic.txt configuration file (described in TFTP Resync, on page 44), generate an encrypted file with the following command:

>openssl enc -aes-256-cbc -k MyOwnSecret -in basic.txt -out basic.cfg

The compressed basic.txt.gz file that was created in Compress an Open Profile with Gzip, on page 68 also can be used, because the XML profile can be both compressed and encrypted.

**Step 3** Store the encrypted basic.cfg file in the TFTP server virtual root directory.

**Step 4** Modify the Profile\_Rule on the test device to resync to the encrypted file in place of the original XML file. The encryption key is made known to the phone with the following URL option:

[--key MyOwnSecret ] tftp://192.168.1.200/basic.cfg

- Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.
- **Step 6** Observe the syslog trace from the phone.

Upon resync, the phone downloads the new file and uses it to update its parameters.

### **Create Partitioned Profiles**

A phone downloads multiple separate profiles during each resync. This practice allows management of different kinds of profile information on separate servers and maintenance of common configuration parameter values that are separate from account specific values.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Create a new XML profile, basic2.txt, that specifies a value for a parameter that makes it distinct from the earlier exercises. For instance, to the basic.txt profile, add the following:

<GPP B>ABCD</GPP B>

- **Step 2** Store the basic2.txt profile in the virtual root directory of the TFTP server.
- **Step 3** Leave the first profile rule from the earlier exercises in the folder, but configure the second profile rule (Profile\_Rule\_B) to point to the new file:

```
<Profile_Rule_B>tftp://192.168.1.200/basic2.txt
</Profile_Rule_B>
```

#### Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

The phone now resyncs to both the first and second profiles, in that order, whenever a resync operation is due.

**Step 5** Observe the syslog trace to confirm the expected behavior.

## **Set the Phone Privacy Header**

A user privacy header in the SIP message sets user privacy needs from the trusted network.

You can set the user privacy header value for each line extension using an XML tag in the config.xml file.

The privacy header options are:

- Disabled (default)
- none—The user requests that a privacy service applies no privacy functions to this SIP message.
- header—The user needs a privacy service to obscure headers which cannot be purged of identifying information.
- session—The user requests that a privacy service provide anonymity for the sessions.
- user—The user requests a privacy level only by intermediaries.
- id—The user requests that the system substitute an id that doesn't reveal the IP address or host name.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Edit the phone config.xml file in a text or XML editor.

- **Step 2** Insert the <**Privacy\_Header\_N\_ ua="na"**>*Value*</**Privacy\_Header\_N\_**> tag, where N is the line extension number (1–10), and use one of the following values.
  - Default value: Disabled
  - none
  - header
  - session
  - •user
  - •id

Step 3 (Optional) Provision any addition line extensions using the same tag with the required line extension number.Step 4 Save the changes to the config.xml file.

## **Renew the MIC Certificate**

You can renew the Manufacture Installed Certificate (MIC) by a specified or default Secure Unique Device Identifier (SUDI) service. If the MIC certificate expires, the features that use SSL/TLS don't work.

#### Before you begin

- Ensure that you allow the sudirenewal.cisco.com service (port 80) through your firewall to support the MIC certificate renewal.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning.

Under by SU	the <b>MIC Cert Settings</b> section, set the parameters as defined in Parameters for MIC Certificate Renewal IDI Service, on page 72.
Click After	Submit All Changes. the certificate renewal is completed successfully, the phone reboots.
(Optic from I	onal) Check the latest status of the MIC certificate renewal under the <b>MIC Cert Refresh Status</b> section Info > Download Status.
Note	If you restore the phone to factory settings, the phone still uses the renewed certificate.
	Under by SU Click After (Optic from I Note

## Parameters for MIC Certificate Renewal by SUDI Service

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **MIC Cert Settings** section of the **Voice** > **Provisioning** tab.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
MIC Cert Refresh Enable	Controls whether to enable the Manufacture Installed Certificate (MIC) renewal by the default or specified Secure Unique Device Identifier (SUDI) service.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<mic_cert_refresh_enable ua="na">Yes</mic_cert_refresh_enable>
	• In the phone web interface, select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to enable or disable the MIC certificate renewal.
	Valid values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Table 5: Parameters for MIC Certificate Renewal by SUDI Service

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
MIC Cert Refresh Rule	Enter the HTTP URL of the SUDI service that provides the renewed MIC certificate, for example,
	http://sudirenewal.cisco.com/
	<b>Note</b> Don't change the URL. Only the default URL is supported for the MIC certificate renewal.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:
	<mic_cert_refresh_rule ua="na"&gt;http://sudirenewal.cisco.com/</mic_cert_refresh_rule 
	• In the phone web interface, enter the HTTP URL to use.
	Allowed values: A valid URL not exceeding 1024 characters
	Default: http://sudirenewal.cisco.com/



# **Provisioning Parameters**

- Provisioning Parameters Overview, on page 75
- Configuration Profile Parameters, on page 75
- Firmware Upgrade Parameters, on page 78
- General Purpose Parameters, on page 80
- Macro Expansion Variables, on page 80
- Internal Error Codes, on page 83

## **Provisioning Parameters Overview**

This chapter describes the provisioning parameters that can be used in configuration profile scripts

## **Configuration Profile Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **Configuration Profile Parameters** section under the **Provisioning** tab.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Provision Enable	Controls all resync actions independently of firmware upgrade actions. Set to <b>Yes</b> to enable remote provisioning.
	The default value is Yes.
Resync On Reset	Triggers a resync after every reboot except for reboots caused by parameter updates and firmware upgrades.
	The default value is Yes.
Resync Random Delay	A random delay following the boot-up sequence before performing the reset, specified in seconds. In a pool of IP Telephony devices that are scheduled to simultaneously power up, this introduces a spread in the times at which each unit sends a resync request to the provisioning server. This feature can be useful in a large residential deployment, in the case of a regional power failure.
	The value for this field must be an integer ranging between 0 and 65535.
	The default value is 2.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Resync At (HHmm)	The time (HHmm) that the device resynchronizes with the provisioning server.
	The value for this field must be a four-digit number ranging from 0000 to 2400 to indicate the time in HHmm format. For example, 0959 indicates 09:59.
	The default value is empty. If the value is invalid, the parameter is ignored. If this parameter is set with a valid value, the Resync Periodic parameter is ignored.
Resync At Random Delay	Prevents an overload of the provisioning server when a large number of devices power-on simultaneously.
	To avoid flooding resync requests to the server from multiple phones, the phone resynchronizes in the range between the hours and minutes, and the hours and minutes plus the random delay (hhmm, hhmm+random_delay). For example, if the random delay = (Resync At Random Delay + $30$ )/60 minutes, the input value in seconds is converted to minutes, rounding up to the next minute to calculate the final random_delay interval.
	The valid value ranges between 600 and 65535.
	If the value is less than 600, the random delay internal is between 0 and 600.
	The default value is 600 seconds (10 minutes).
Resync Periodic	The time interval between periodic resynchronizes with the provisioning server. The associated resync timer is active only after the first successful sync with the server.
	The valid formats are as follows:
	• An integer
	Example: An input of <b>3000</b> indicates that the next resync occurs in 3000 seconds.
	Multiple integers
	Example: An input of <b>600</b> , <b>1200</b> , <b>300</b> indicates that the first resync occurs in 600 seconds, the second resync occurs in 1200 seconds after the first one, and the third resync occurs in 300 seconds after the second one.
	• A time range
	Example, an input of <b>2400+30</b> indicates that the next resync occurs in between 2400 and 2430 seconds after a successful resync.
	Set this parameter to zero to disable periodic resynchronization.
	The default value is 3600 seconds.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Resync Error Retry Delay	If a resync operation fails because the IP Telephony device was unable to retrieve a profile from the server, or the downloaded file is corrupt, or an internal error occurs, the device tries to resync again after a time specified in seconds.
	The valid formats are as follows:
	• An integer
	Example: An input of <b>300</b> indicates that the next retry for resync occurs in 300 seconds.
	Multiple integers
	Example: An input of <b>600</b> , <b>1200</b> , <b>300</b> indicates that the first retry occurs in 600 seconds after the failure, the second retry occurs in 1200 seconds after the failure of the first retry, and the third retry occurs in 300 seconds after the failure of the second retry.
	• A time range
	Example, an input of <b>2400+30</b> indicates that the next retry occurs in between 2400 and 2430 seconds after a resync failure.
	If the delay is set to 0, the device does not try to resync again following a failed resync attempt.
Forced Resync Delay	Maximum delay (in seconds) the phone waits before performing a resynchronization.
	The device does not resync while one of its phone lines is active. Because a resync can take several seconds, it is desirable to wait until the device has been idle for an extended period before resynchronizing. This allows a user to make calls in succession without interruption.
	The device has a timer that begins counting down when all of its lines become idle. This parameter is the initial value of the counter. Resync events are delayed until this counter decrements to zero.
	The valid value ranges between 0 and 65535.
	The default value is 14,400 seconds.
Resync From SIP	Enables a resync to be triggered via a SIP NOTIFY message.
	The default value is Yes.
Resync After Upgrade Attempt	Enables or disables the resync operation after any upgrade occurs. If Yes is selected, sync is triggered.
	The default value is Yes.
Resync Trigger 1, Resync Trigger 2	Configurable resync trigger conditions. A resync is triggered when the logic equation in these parameters evaluates to TRUE.
	The default value is (empty).

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Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Resync Fails On FNF	A resync is considered unsuccessful if a requested profile is not received from the server. This can be overridden by this parameter. When it is set to <b>no</b> , the device accepts a file-not-found response from the server as a successful resync.
	The default value is Yes.
Profile Rule Profile Rule B	Each profile rule informs the phone of a source from which to obtain a profile (configuration file). During every resync operation, the phone applies all the profiles in sequence.
Profile Rule C	Default: /\$PSN.xml
Profile Rule D	If you are applying AES-256-CBC encryption to the configuration files, specify the encryption key with the <b>key</b> keyword as follows:
	[key <encryption key="">]</encryption>
	You can enclose the encryption key in double-quotes (") optionally.
DHCP Option To Use	DHCP options, delimited by commas, used to retrieve firmware and profiles.
	The default value is 66,160,159,150,60,43,125.
Log Request Msg	This parameter contains the message that is sent to the syslog server at the start of a resync attempt.
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC -Requesting % \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH.
Log Success Msg	The syslog message that is issued upon successful completion of a resync attempt.
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC -Successful Resync % \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH \$ERR.
Log Failure Msg	The syslog message that is issued after a failed resync attempt.
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC Resync failed: \$ERR.
User Configurable Resync	Allows a user to resync the phone from the IP phone screen.
	The default value is Yes.

## **Firmware Upgrade Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **Firmware Upgrade** section of the **Provisioning** tab.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Upgrade Enable	Enables firmware upgrade operations independently of resync actions.
	The default value is Yes.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Upgrade Error Retry Delay	The upgrade retry interval (in seconds) applied in case of upgrade failure. The device has a firmware upgrade error timer that activates after a failed firmware upgrade attempt. The timer is initialized with the value in this parameter. The next firmware upgrade attempt occurs when this timer counts down to zero.
	The default value is 3600 seconds.
Upgrade Rule	A firmware upgrade script that defines upgrade conditions and associated firmware URLs. It uses the same syntax as Profile Rule.
	Use the following format to enter the upgrade rule:
	<tftp http https>://<ip address="">&lt;:port&gt;/<path>/<load name=""></load></path></ip></tftp http https>
	For example:
	tftp://192.168.1.5/firmware/sip7832.11-0-1MPP-321.loads
	tftp://192.168.1.5/firmware/sip8832.11-2-3MPP-321.loads
	If no protocol is specified, TFTP is assumed. If no server-name is specified, the host that requests the URL is used as the server name. If no port is specified, the default port is used (69 for TFTP, 80 for HTTP, or 443 for HTTPS).
	The default value is blank.
Log Upgrade Request Msg	Syslog message issued at the start of a firmware upgrade attempt.
	<b>Default</b> : \$PN \$MAC Requesting upgrade \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH
Log Upgrade Success Msg	Syslog message issued after a firmware upgrade attempt completes successfully.
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC Successful upgrade \$SCHEME://\$SERVIP:\$PORT\$PATH \$ERR
Log Upgrade Failure Msg	Syslog message issued after a failed firmware upgrade attempt.
	The default value is \$PN \$MAC Upgrade failed: \$ERR
Peer Firmware Sharing	Enables or disables the Peer Firmware Sharing feature. Select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to enable or to disable the feature.
	Default: Yes
Peer Firmware Sharing Log Server	Indicates the IP address and the port to which the UDP message is sent.
	For example: 10.98.76.123:514 where, 10.98.76.123 is the IP address and 514 is the port number.

## **General Purpose Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **General Purpose Parameters** section of the **Provisioning** tab.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
GPP A - GPP P	The general purpose parameters GPP_* are used as free string registers when configuring the phones to interact with a particular provisioning server solution. They can be configured to contain diverse values, including the following:
	• Encryption keys.
	• URLs.
	Multistage provisioning status information.
	• Post request templates.
	Parameter name alias maps.
	• Partial string values, eventually combined into complete parameter values.
	The default value is blank.

## **Macro Expansion Variables**

Certain macro variables are recognized within the following provisioning parameters:

- Profile\_Rule
- Profile\_Rule\_\*
- Resync\_Trigger\_\*
- Upgrade\_Rule
- Log\_\*
- GPP\_\* (under specific conditions)

Within these parameters, syntax types, such as \$NAME or \$(NAME), are recognized and expanded.

Macro variable substrings can be specified with the notation \$(NAME:p) and \$(NAME:p:q), where p and q are non-negative integers (available in revision 2.0.11 and above). The resulting macro expansion is the substring starting at character offset p, with length q (or else till end-of-string if q is not specified). For example, if GPP\_A contains ABCDEF, then \$(A:2) expands to CDEF, and \$(A:2:3) expands to CDE.

An unrecognized name is not translated, and the \$NAME or \$(NAME) form remains unchanged in the parameter value after expansion.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
\$	The form \$\$ expands to a single \$ character.
A through P	Replaced by the contents of the general purpose parameters GPP_A through GPP_P.
SA through SD	Replaced by special purpose parameters GPP_SA through GPP_SD. These parameters hold keys or passwords used in provisioning.
	<b>Note</b> \$SA through \$SD are recognized as arguments to the optional resync URL qualifier,key.
MA	MAC address using lower case hex digits, for example, 000e08aabbcc.
MAU	MAC address using upper case hex digits, for example 000E08AABBCC.
MAC	MAC address using lower case hex digits, and colons to separate hex digit pairs. For example 00:0e:08:aa:bb:cc.
PN	
PSN	
SN	Serial Number string. for example 88012BA01234.
CCERT	SSL Client Certificate status: Installed or Not Installed.
IP	IP address of the phone within its local subnet. For example 192.168.1.100.
EXTIP	External IP of the phone, as seen on the Internet. For example 66.43.16.52.
SWVER	Software version string. For example,
	• For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous: sip7832.11-0-1MPP-312
	• For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later: sip7832.11-3-2MPP0001-609
	• For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous: sip8832.11-0-1MPP-312
	• For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later: sip8832.11-3-2MPP0001-609
HWVER	

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
PRVST	Provisioning State (a numeric string):
	-1 = explicit resync request
	0 = power-up resync
	1 = periodic resync
	2 = resync failed, retry attempt
UPGST	Upgrade State (a numeric string):
	1 = first upgrade attempt
	2 = upgrade failed, retry attempt
UPGERR	Result message (ERR) of previous upgrade attempt; for example http_get failed.
PRVTMR	Seconds since last resync attempt.
UPGTMR	Seconds since last upgrade attempt.
REGTMR1	Seconds since Line 1 lost registration with SIP server.
REGTMR2	Seconds since Line 2 lost registration with SIP server.
UPGCOND	Legacy macro name.
SCHEME	File access scheme, one of TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS, as obtained after parsing resync or upgrade URL.
SERV	Request target server host name, as obtained after parsing resync or upgrade URL.
SERVIP	Request target server IP address, as obtained after parsing resync or upgrade URL, possibly following DNS lookup.
PORT	Request target UDP/TCP port, as obtained after parsing resync or upgrade URL.
РАТН	Request target file path, as obtained after parsing resync or upgrade URL.
ERR	Result message of resync or upgrade attempt. Only useful in generating result syslog messages. The value is preserved in the UPGERR variable in the case of upgrade attempts.
UIDn	The contents of the Line n UserID configuration parameter.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
ORIGTYPE	Controls whether the phone needs to request for a license.
AUTHSTATUS	Values for
	ORIGTYPE
	are: orig_ent, orig_mpp, none
	Values for
	AUTHSTATUS
	are: classic, wxc, none
	Add the variables in:
	• profile rule or upgrade rule macro expansion and conditional expression
	• transition authorization rule macro expansion

## **Internal Error Codes**

The phone defines a number of internal error codes (X00–X99) to facilitate configuration in providing finer control over the behavior of the unit under certain error conditions.

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
X00	Transport layer (or ICMP) error when sending a SIP request.
X20	SIP request times out while waiting for a response.
X40	General SIP protocol error (for example, unacceptable codec in SDP in 200 and ACK messages, or times out while waiting for ACK).
X60	Dialed number invalid according to given dial plan.



## **Provisioning Formats**

- Configuration Profiles , on page 85
- Configuration Profile Formats, on page 85
- Open Profile (XML) Compression and Encryption, on page 89
- Application of a Profile to the Phone, on page 95
- Provisioning Parameter Types, on page 96
- Data Types, on page 102
- Profile Updates and Firmware Upgrades, on page 105

## **Configuration Profiles**

The phone accepts configuration in an XML format.

The examples in this document use configuration profiles with an XML format (XML) syntax.

For detailed information about your phone, refer to the administration guide for your particular device. Each guide describes the parameters that can be configured through the administration web server.

## **Configuration Profile Formats**

The configuration profile defines the parameter values for the phone.

The configuration profile XML format uses standard XML authoring tools to compile the parameters and values.



Note

Only the UTF-8 charset is supported. If you modify the profile in an editor, do not change the encoding format; otherwise, the phone cannot recognize the file.

Each phone has a different feature set and therefore, a different set of parameters.

#### XML Format (XML) Profile

The open format profile is a text file with XML-like syntax in a hierarchy of elements, with element attributes and values. This format lets you use standard tools to create the configuration file. A configuration file in this

format can be sent from the provisioning server to the phone during a resync operation. The file can be sent without compilation as a binary object.

The phone can accept configuration formats that standard tools generate. This feature eases the development of back-end provisioning server software that generates configuration profiles from existing databases.

To protect confidential information in the configuration profile, the provisioning server delivers this type of file to the phone over a channel secured by TLS. Optionally, the file can be compressed by using the gzip deflate algorithm (RFC1951).

The file can be encrypted with one of these encryption methods:

- AES-256-CBC encryption
- RFC-8188 based HTTP content encryption with AES-128-GCM ciphering

#### **Example: Open Profile Format**

```
<flat-profile>
<Resync_On_Reset> Yes </Resync_On_Reset>
<Resync_Periodic> 7200 </Resync_Periodic>
<Profile_Rule> tftp://prov.telco.com:6900/cisco/config/CP_xxxx_MPP.cfg</Profile_Rule>
</flat-profile>
```

The <flat-profile> element tag encloses all parameter elements that the phone recognizes.

### **Configuration File Components**

A configuration file can include these components:

- Element tags
- Attributes
- Parameters
- Formatting features
- XML comments

#### **Element Tag Properties**

- The XML provisioning format and the Web UI allow the configuration of the same settings. The XML tag name and the field names in the Web UI are similar but vary due to XML element name restrictions. For example, underscores () instead of " ".
- The phone recognizes elements with proper parameter names that are encapsulated in the special <flat-profile> element.
- Element names are enclosed in angle brackets.
- Most element names are similar to the field names in the administration web pages for the device, with the following modifications:

• Element names may not include spaces or special characters. To derive the element name from the administration web field name, substitute an underscore for every space or the special characters [, ], (, ), or /.

Example: The <Resync\_On\_Reset> element represents the Resync On Reset field.

• Each element name must be unique. In the administration web pages, the same fields can appear on multiple web pages, such as the Line, User, and Extension pages. Append [n] to the element name to indicate the number that is shown in the page tab.

**Example:** The <Dial\_Plan\_1 > element represents the **Dial Plan** for Line 1.

• Each opening element tag must have a matching closing element tag. For example:

```
<flat-profile>
<Resync_On_Reset> Yes
</Resync_On_Reset>
<Resync_Periodic> 7200
</Resync_Periodic>
<Profile_Rule>tftp://prov.telco.com: 6900/cisco/config/CP_xxxx_MPP.cfg
</Profile_Rule>
</flat-profile>
```

- Element tags are case-sensitive.
- Empty element tags are allowed and will be interpreted as configuring the value to be empty. Enter the opening element tag without a corresponding element tag, and insert a space and a forward slash before the closing angle bracket (>). In this example, Profile Rule B is empty:

<Profile Rule B />

• An empty element tag can be used to prevent the overwriting of any user-supplied values during a resync operation. In the following example, the user speed dial settings are unchanged:

```
<flat-profile>
<Speed Dial 2 Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_2 Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 3 Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_3_Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 4 Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 4 Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 5 Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 5 Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_6_Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_6_Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_7_Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_7_Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 8 Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_8_Number ua="rw"/>
<Speed_Dial_9_Name ua="rw"/>
<Speed Dial 9 Number ua="rw"/>
</flat-profile>
```

• Use an empty value to set the corresponding parameter to an empty string. Enter an opening and closing element without any value between them. In the following example, the GPP\_A parameter is set to an empty string.

```
<flat-profile>
<GPP_A>
```

</GPP\_A> </flat-profile>

• Unrecognized element names are ignored.

### **Parameter Properties**

These properties apply to the parameters:

- Any parameters that are not specified by a profile are left unchanged in the phone.
- Unrecognized parameters are ignored.
- If the Open format profile contains multiple occurrences of the same parameter tag, the last such occurrence overrides any earlier ones. To avoid inadvertent override of configuration values for a parameter, we recommend that each profile specify at most one instance of a parameter.
- The last profile processed takes precedence. If multiple profiles specify the same configuration parameter, the value of the latter profile takes precedence.

#### **String Formats**

These properties apply to the formatting of the strings:

• Comments are allowed through standard XML syntax.

<!-- My comment is typed here -->

- Leading and trailing white space is allowed for readability but is removed from the parameter value.
- New lines within a value are converted to spaces.
- An XML header of the form <? ?> is allowed, but the phone ignores it.
- To enter special characters, use basic XML character escapes, as shown in the following table.

Special Character	XML Escape Sequence
& (ampersand)	&
< (less than)	<
> (greater than)	>
' (apostrophe)	'
" (double quote)	"

In the following example, character escapes are entered to represent the greater than and less than symbols that are required in a dial plan rule. This example defines an information hotline dial plan that sets the <Dial Plan 1 > parameter (Admin Login > advanced > Voice > Ext (n)) equal to (S0 <: 18005551212>).

```
<flat-profile>
<Dial_Plan_1_>
(S0 <:18005551212&gt;)
</Dial_Plan_1_>
</flat-profile>
```
- Numeric character escapes, using decimal and hexadecimal values (s.a. ( and . ), are translated.
- The phone firmware only supports ASCII characters.

## **Open Profile (XML) Compression and Encryption**

The Open configuration profile can be compressed to reduce the network load on the provisioning server. The profile can also be encrypted to protect confidential information. Compression is not required, but it must precede encryption.

### **Open Profile Compression**

The supported compression method is the gzip deflate algorithm (RFC1951). The gzip utility and the compression library that implements the same algorithm (zlib) are available from Internet sites.

To identify compression, the phone expects the compressed file to contain a gzip compatible header. Invocation of the gzip utility on the original Open profile generates the header. The phone inspects the downloaded file header to determine the file format.

For example, if profile.xml is a valid profile, the file profile.xml.gz is also accepted. Either of the following commands can generate this profile type:

• >gzip profile.xml

Replaces original file with compressed file.

• >cat profile.xml | gzip > profile.xml.gz

Leaves original file in place, produces new compressed file.

A tutorial on compression is provided in the Compress an Open Profile with Gzip, on page 68 section.

### **Open Profile Encryption**

Symmetric key encryption can be used to encrypt an open configuration profile, whether the file is compressed or not. Compression, if applied, must be applied before encryption.

The provisioning server uses HTTPS to handle initial provisioning of the phone after deployment. Pre-encrypting configuration profiles offline allows the use of HTTP for resyncing profiles subsequently. This reduces the load on the HTTPS server in large-scale deployments.

The phone supports two methods of encryption for configuration files:

- AES-256-CBC encryption
- RFC 8188-based HTTP content encryption with AES-128-GCM ciphering

The key or Input Keying Material (IKM) must be preprovisioned into the unit at an earlier time. Bootstrap of the secret key can be accomplished securely by using HTTPS.

The configuration file name does not require a specific format, but a file name that ends with the .cfg extension normally indicates a configuration profile.

### AES-256-CBC Encryption

The phone supports AES-256-CBC encryption for configuration files.

The OpenSSL encryption tool, available for download from various Internet sites, can perform the encryption. Support for 256-bit AES encryption may require recompilation of the tool to enable the AES code. The firmware has been tested against version openssl-1.1.1d.

Encrypt a Profile with OpenSSL, on page 69 provides a tutorial on encryption.

For an encrypted file, the profile expects the file to have the same format as generated by the following command:

```
# example encryption key = SecretPhrase1234
openssl enc -aes-256-cbc -md md5 -k SecretPhrase1234 -in profile.xml -out profile.cfg
# analogous invocation for a compressed xml file
openssl enc -e -aes-256-cbc -k SecretPhrase1234 -in profile.xml.gz -out profile.cfg
```

A lowercase -k precedes the secret key, which can be any plain text phrase, and which is used to generate a random 64-bit salt. With the secret specified by the -k argument, the encryption tool derives a random 128-bit initial vector and the actual 256-bit encryption key.

When this form of encryption is used on a configuration profile, the phone must be informed of the secret key value to decrypt the file. This value is specified as a qualifier in the profile URL. The syntax is as follows, using an explicit URL:

[--key "SecretPhrase1234"] http://prov.telco.com/path/profile.cfg

This value is programmed by using one of the Profile Rule parameters.

### **Macro Expansion**

Several provisioning parameters undergo macro expansion internally prior to being evaluated. This preevaluation step provides greater flexibility in controlling the phone resync and upgrade activities.

These parameter groups undergo macro expansion before evaluation:

- Resync Trigger \*
- Profile Rule\*
- Log xxx Msg
- Upgrade\_Rule

Under certain conditions, some general-purpose parameters (GPP\_\*) also undergo macro expansion, as explicitly indicated in Optional Resync Arguments, on page 94.

During macro expansion, the contents of the named variables replace expressions of the form \$NAME and \$(NAME). These variables include general-purpose parameters, several product identifiers, certain event timers, and provisioning state values. For a complete list, see Macro Expansion Variables, on page 80.

In the following example, the expression \$(MAU) is used to insert the MAC address 000E08012345.

The administrator enters: \$ (MAU) config.cfg

The resulting macro expansion for a device with MAC address 000E08012345 is: 000E08012345config.cfg

If a macro name is not recognized, it remains unexpanded. For example, the name STRANGE is not recognized as a valid macro name, while MAU is recognized as a valid macro name.

The administrator enters: \$STRANGE\$MAU.cfg

The resulting macro expansion for a device with MAC address 000E08012345 is: \$STRANGE000E08012345.cfg

Macro expansion is not applied recursively. For example, \$\$MAU" expands into \$MAU" (the \$\$ is expanded), and does not result in the MAC address.

The contents of the special purpose parameters, GPP\_SA through GPP\_SD, are mapped to the macro expressions \$SA through \$SD. These parameters are only macro expanded as the argument of the **--key**, **--uid**, and **--pwd** options in a resync URL.

### **Conditional Expressions**

Conditional expressions can trigger resync events and select from alternate URLs for resync and upgrade operations.

Conditional expressions consist of a list of comparisons, separated by the **and** operator. All comparisons must be satisfied for the condition to be true.

Each comparison can relate to one of the following three types of literals:

- Integer values
- Software or hardware version numbers
- Doubled-quoted strings

### **Version Numbers**

The software version for Cisco IP Phones with Multiplatform Firmware uses this format (where *BN* is the Build Number):

• For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous: sipyyyy.11-0-1MPP-376

where *yyyy* indicates the phone model or phone series; *11* is the major version; *0* is the minor version; *1MPP* is the micro version; and *376* is the build number.

• For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later: sipyyyy.11-3-2MPP0001-609

where *yyyy* indicates the phone model or phone series; *11* is the major version; *3* is the minor version; *2MPP0001* is the micro version; and *609* is the build number.

The comparing string must use the same format. Otherwise, a format parsing error results.

When comparing the software version, the major version, minor version, and micro version are compared in sequence, and the leftmost digits take precedence over the latter ones. When version numbers are identical, the build number is compared.

#### Examples of Valid Version Number

• For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous:

sip7832.11-0-1MPP-312

- For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later: sip7832.11-3-2MPP0001-609
- For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous: sip8832.11-0-1MPP-312
- For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later: sip8832.11-3-2MPP0001-609

#### Comparison

• For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous:

sipyyyy.11-3-1MPP-110 > sipyyyy.11-2-3MPP-256

• For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later:

```
sipyyyy.11-3-2MPP0002-256 > sipyyyy.11-3-2MPP0001-609
```

Quoted strings can be compared for equality or inequality. Integers and version numbers can also be compared arithmetically. The comparison operators can be expressed as symbols or as acronyms. Acronyms are convenient for expressing the condition in an Open format profile.

Operator	Alternate Syntax	Description	Applicable to Integer and Version Operands	Applicable to Operands
=	eq	equal to	Yes	Yes
!=	ne	not equal to	Yes	Yes
<	lt	less than	Yes	No
<=	le	less than or equal to	Yes	No
>	gt	greater than	Yes	No
>=	ge	greater than or equal to	Yes	No
AND		and	Yes	Yes

It is important to enclose macro variables in double quotes where a string literal is expected. Don't do so where a number or version number is expected.

When used in the context of the Profile\_Rule\* and Upgrade\_Rule parameters, conditional expressions must be enclosed within the syntax "(expr)?" as in this upgrade rule example. Remember to replace *BN* with the build number of your firmware load to upgrade to.

For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous

(\$SWVER ne sip7832.11-0-0MPP-256)? http://ps.tell.com/sw/sip7832.11-0-0MPP-BN.loads

• For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later

```
($SWVER ne sip7832.11-3-2MPP0001-609)?
http://ps.tell.com/sw/sip7832.11-3-2MPP0001-BN.loads
```

• For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous

(\$SWVER ne sip8832.11-0-0MPP-256)? http://ps.tell.com/sw/sip8832.11-0-0MPP-BN.loads

• For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later

```
($SWVER ne sip8832.11-3-2MPP0001-609)?
http://ps.tell.com/sw/sip8832xx.11-3-2MPP0001-BN.loads
```

Do not use the preceding syntax with parentheses to configure the Resync\_Trigger\_\* parameters.

### **URL Syntax**

Use the Standard URL syntax to specify how to retrieve configuration files and firmware loads in Profile\_Rule\* and Upgrade Rule parameters, respectively. The syntax is as follows:

### [ scheme:// ] [ server [:port]] filepath

Where **scheme** is one of these values:

- tftp
- http
- https

If **scheme** is omitted, tftp is assumed. The server can be a DNS-recognized hostname or a numeric IP address. The port is the destination UDP or TCP port number. The filepath must begin with the root directory (/); it must be an absolute path.

If **server** is missing, the tftp server specified through DHCP (option 66) is used.

**Note** For upgrade rules, the server must be specified.

If **port** is missing, the standard port for the specified scheme is used. Tftp uses UDP port 69, http uses TCP port 80, https uses TCP port 443.

A filepath must be present. It need not necessarily refer to a static file, but can indicate dynamic content obtained through CGI.

Macro expansion applies within URLs. The following are examples of valid URLs:

```
/$MA.cfg
/cisco/cfg.xml
192.168.1.130/profiles/init.cfg
tftp://prov.call.com/cpe/cisco$MA.cfg
http://neptune.speak.net:8080/prov/$D/$E.cfg
https://secure.me.com/profile?Linksys
```

When using DHCP option 66, the empty syntax is not supported by upgrade rules. It is only applicable for Profile Rule\*.

### **RFC 8188-Based HTTP Content Encryption**

The phone supports RFC 8188-based HTTP content encryption with AES-128-GCM ciphering for configuration files. With this encryption method, any entity can read the HTTP message headers. However, only the entities that know the Input Keying Material (IKM) can read the payload. When the phone is provisioned with the IKM, the phone and the provisioning server can exchange configuration files securely, while allowing third-party network elements to use the message headers for analytic and monitoring purposes.

The XML configuration parameter **IKM\_HTTP\_Encrypt\_Content** holds the IKM on the phone. For security reasons, this parameter is not accessible on the phone administration web page. It is also not visible in the phone's configuration file, which you can access from the phone's IP address or from the phone's configuration reports sent to the provisioning server.

If you want to use the RFC 8188-based encryption, ensure the following:

- Provision the phone with the IKM by specifying the IKM with the XML parameter
   IKM\_HTTP\_Encrypt\_Content in the configuration file that is sent from the provisioning server to the phone.
- If this encryption is applied to the configuration files sent from the provisioning server to the phone, ensure that the *Content-Encoding* HTTP header in the configuration file has "aes128gcm".

In the absence of this header, the AES-256-CBC method is given precedence. The phone applies AES-256-CBC decryption if a AES-256-CBC key is present in a profile rule, regardless of IKM.

• If you want the phone to apply this encryption to the configuration reports that it sends to the provisioning server, ensure that there is no AES-256-CBC key specified in the report rule.

### **Optional Resync Arguments**

Optional arguments, **key**, **uid**, and **pwd**, can precede the URLs entered in Profile\_Rule\* parameters, collectively enclosed by square brackets.

### key

The --key option tells the phone that the configuration file that it receives from the provisioning server is encrypted with AES-256-CBC encryption, unless the *Content-Encoding* header in the file indicates "aes128gcm" encryption. The key itself is specified as a string following the term --key. The key can be enclosed in double-quotes (") optionally. The phone uses the key to decrypt the configuration file.

### **Usage Examples**

```
[--key VerySecretValue]
[--key "my secret phrase"]
[--key a37d2fb9055c1d04883a0745eb0917a4]
```

The bracketed optional arguments are macro expanded. Special purpose parameters, GPP\_SA through GPP\_SD, are macro expanded into macro variables, \$SA through \$SD, only when they are used as key option arguments. See these examples:

[--key \$SC] [--key "\$SD"] In Open format profiles, the argument to **--key** must be the same as the argument to the **-k** option that is given to **openssl**.

### uid and pwd

The **uid** and **pwd** options can be used to specify the userID and password that will be sent in response to HTTP Basic and Digest authentication challenges when the specified URL is requested. The bracketed optional arguments are macro expanded. Special purpose parameters, GPP\_SA through GPP\_SD, are macro expanded into macro variables, \$SA through \$SD, only when they are used as key option arguments. See these examples:

```
GPP_SA = MyUserID
GPP_SB = MySecretPassword
```

[--uid \$SA --pwd \$SB] https://provisioning\_server\_url/path\_to\_your\_config/your\_config.xml

would then expand to:

[--uid MyUserID --pwdMySecretPassword] https://provisioning\_server\_url/path\_to\_your\_config/your\_config.xml

## Application of a Profile to the Phone

After you create an XML configuration script, it must be passed to the phone for application. To apply the configuration, you can either download the configuration file to the phone from a TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server using a web browser or by using cURL command line utility.

### Download the Configuration File to the Phone from a TFTP Server

Complete these steps to download the configuration file to a TFTP server application on your PC.

### Procedure

Step 1	Connect your PC to the phone LAN.
Step 2	Run a TFTP server application on the PC and ensure that the configuration file is available in the TFTP root directory.
Step 3	In a web browser, enter the phone LAN IP address, the IP address of the computer, the filename, and the login credentials. Use this format:
	http:// <wan_ip_address>/admin/resync?tftp://<pc_ip_address>/<file_name>&amp;xuser=admin&amp;xpassword=<password></password></file_name></pc_ip_address></wan_ip_address>
	Example:
	http://192.168.15.1/admin/resync?tftp://192.168.15.100/my_config.xml&xuser=admin&xpassword=admin

### Download the Configuration File to the Phone with cURL

Complete these steps to download the configuration to the phone by using cURL. This command-line tool is used to transfer data with a URL syntax. To download cURL, visit:

### https://curl.haxx.se/download.html

**Note** We recommend that you do not use cURL to post the configuration to the phone because the username and password might get captured while using cURL.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Connect your PC to the LAN port of the phone.

**Step 2** Download the configuration file to the phone by entering the following cURL command:

```
curl -d @my_config.xml
"http://192.168.15.1/admin/config.xml&xuser=admin&xpassword=admin"
```

## **Provisioning Parameter Types**

This section describes the provisioning parameters broadly organized according to function:

These provisioning parameter types exist:

- · General Purpose
- Enables
- Triggers
- · Configurable Schedules
- Profile Rules
- Upgrade Rule

### **General Purpose Parameters**

The general-purpose parameters GPP\_\* (Admin Login > advanced > Voice > Provisioning) are used as free string registers when configuring the phone to interact with a particular provisioning server solution. The GPP\_\* parameters are empty by default. They can be configured to contain diverse values, including the following:

- · Encryption keys
- URLs
- Multistage provisioning status information.
- Post request templates
- Parameter name alias maps
- Partial string values, eventually combined into complete parameter values.

The GPP\_\* parameters are available for macro expansion within other provisioning parameters. For this purpose, single-letter uppercase macro names (A through P) suffice to identify the contents of GPP\_A through GPP\_P. Also, the two-letter uppercase macro names SA through SD identify GPP\_SA through GPP\_SD as a special case when used as arguments of the following URL options:

### key, uid, and pwd

These parameters can be used as variables in provisioning and upgrade rules. They are referenced by prefixing the variable name with a '\$' character, such as \$GPP\_A.

### **Use General Purpose Parameters**

For example, if GPP\_A contains the string ABC, and GPP\_B contains 123, the expression \$A\$B macro expands into ABC123.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1	Select Voice > Provisioning.
Step 2	Scroll to the General Purpose Parameters section.
Step 3	Enter valid values in the fields, GPP A through GPP P.
Step 4	Click Submit All Changes.

### **Enable Parameters**

The Provision\_Enable and Upgrade\_Enable parameters control all profile resync and firmware upgrade operations. These parameters control resyncs and upgrades independently of each other. These parameters also control resync and upgrade URL commands that are issued through the administration web server. Both of these parameters are set to **Yes** by default.

The Resync\_From\_SIP parameter controls requests for resync operations. A SIP NOTIFY event is sent from the service provider proxy server to the phone. If enabled, the proxy can request a resync. To do so, the proxy sends a SIP NOTIFY message that contains the Event: resync header to the device.

The device challenges the request with a 401 response (authorization refused for used credentials). The device expects an authenticated subsequent request before it honors the resync request from the proxy. The Event: reboot\_now and Event: restart\_now headers perform cold and warm restarts, respectively, which are also challenged.

The two remaining enables are Resync\_On\_Reset and Resync\_After\_Upgrade\_Attempt. These parameters determine whether the device performs a resync operation after power-up software reboots and after each upgrade attempt.

When Resync\_On\_Reset is enabled, the device introduces a random delay that follows the boot-up sequence before the reset is performed. The delay is a random time up to the value that the Resync\_Random\_Delay (in seconds) specifies. In a pool of phones that power up simultaneously, this delay spreads out the start times of the resync requests from each unit. This feature can be useful in a large residential deployment, in the case of a regional power failure.

### Triggers

The phone allows you to resync at specific intervals or at a specific time.

### **Resync at Specific Intervals**

The phone is designed to resync with the provisioning server periodically. The resync interval is configured in Resync\_Periodic (seconds). If this value is left empty, the device does not resync periodically.

The resync typically takes place when the voice lines are idle. If a voice line is active when a resync is due, the phone delays the resync procedure until the line becomes idle again. A resync can cause configuration parameter values to change.

A resync operation can fail because the phone is unable to retrieve a profile from the server, the downloaded file is corrupt, or an internal error occurred. The device tries to resync again after a time that is specified in Resync\_Error\_Retry\_Delay (seconds). If Resync\_Error\_Retry\_Delay is set to 0, the device does not try to resync again after a failed resync attempt.

If an upgrade fails, a retry is performed after Upgrade\_Error\_Retry\_Delay seconds.

Two configurable parameters are available to conditionally trigger a resync: Resync\_Trigger\_1 and Resync\_Trigger\_2. Each parameter can be programmed with a conditional expression that undergoes macro expansion. When the resync interval expires (time for the next resync) the triggers, if set, will prevent resync unless one or more triggers evaluates to true.

The following example condition triggers a resync. In the example, the last phone upgrade attempt has elapsed more than 5 minutes (300 seconds), and at least 10 minutes (600 seconds) have elapsed since the last resync attempt.

\$UPGTMR gt 300 and \$PRVTMR ge 600

### **Resync at a Specific Time**

The Resync\_At parameter allows the phone to resync at a specific time. This parameter uses the 24-hour format (hhmm) to specify the time.

The Resync\_At\_Random\_Delay parameter allows the phone to resync at an unspecified delay in time. This parameter uses a positive integer format to specify the time.

Flooding the server with resync requests from multiple phones that are set to resync at the same time should be avoided. To do so, the phone triggers the resync up to 10 minutes after the specified time.

For example, if you set the resync time to 1000 (10 a.m.), the phone triggers the resync anytime between 10:00 a.m. and 10:10 a.m.

By default, this feature is disabled. If the Resync\_At parameter is provisioned, the Resync\_Periodic parameter is ignored.

### **Configurable Schedules**

You can configure schedules for periodic resyncs, and you can specify the retry intervals for resync and upgrade failures by using these provisioning parameters:

- Resync\_Periodic
- Resync\_Error\_Retry\_Delay

• Upgrade\_Error\_Retry\_Delay

Each parameter accepts a single delay value (seconds). The new extended syntax allows for a comma-separated list of consecutive delay elements. The last element in the sequence is implicitly repeated forever.

Optionally, you can use a plus sign to specify another numeric value that appends a random extra delay.

#### Example 1

In this example, the phone periodically resyncs every 2 hours. If a resync failure occurs, the device retries at these intervals: 30 minutes, 1 hour, 2 hours, 4 hours. The device continues to try at 4-hour intervals until it resyncs successfully.

```
Resync_Periodic=7200
Resync_Error_Retry_Delay=1800,3600,7200,14400
```

#### Example 2

In this example, the device periodically resyncs every hour (plus an extra random delay of up to 10 minutes). In the case of a resync failure, the device retries at these intervals: 30 minutes (plus up to 5 minutes). 1 hour (plus up to 10 minutes), 2 hours (plus up to 15 minutes). The device continues to try at 2-hour intervals (plus up to 15 minutes) until it successfully resyncs.

```
Resync_Periodic=3600+600
Resync Error Retry Delay=1800+300,3600+600,7200+900
```

### Example 3

In this example, if a remote upgrade attempt fails, the device retries the upgrade in 30 minutes, then again after one more hour, then in two hours. If the upgrade still fails, the device retries every four to five hours until the upgrade succeeds.

Upgrade Error Retry Delay = 1800,3600,7200,14400+3600

### **Profile Rules**

The phone provides multiple remote configuration profile parameters (Profile\_Rule\*). Thus, each resync operation can retrieve multiple files that different servers manage.

In the simplest scenario, the device resyncs periodically to a single profile on a central server, which updates all pertinent internal parameters. Alternatively, the profile can be split between different files. One file is common for all the phones in a deployment. A separate, unique file is provided for each account. Encryption keys and certificate information can be supplied by still another profile, stored on a separate server.

Whenever a resync operation is due, the phone evaluates the four Profile\_Rule\* parameters in sequence:

- 1. Profile\_Rule
- 2. Profile\_Rule\_B
- **3.** Profile\_Rule\_C

4. Profile\_Rule\_D

Each evaluation can result in a profile retrieval from a remote provisioning server, with a possible update of some number of internal parameters. If an evaluation fails, the resync sequence is interrupted, and is retried again from the beginning specified by the Resync\_Error\_Retry\_Delay parameter (seconds). If all evaluations succeed, the device waits for the second specified by the Resync\_Periodic parameter and then performs another resync.

The contents of each Profile\_Rule\* parameter consist of a set of alternatives. The alternatives are separated by the | (pipe) character. Each alternative consists of a conditional expression, an assignment expression, a profile URL, and any associated URL options. All these components are optional within each alternative. The following are the valid combinations, and the order in which they must appear, if present:

```
[ conditional-expr ] [ assignment-expr ] [[ options ] URL ]
```

Within each Profile\_Rule\* parameter, all alternatives except the last one must provide a conditional expression. This expression is evaluated and is processed as follows:

- 1. Conditions are evaluated from left to right, until one is found that evaluates as true (or until one alternative is found with no conditional expression).
- 2. Any accompanying assignment expression is evaluated, if present.
- **3.** If a URL is specified as part of that alternative, an attempt is made to download the profile that is located at the specified URL. The system attempts to update the internal parameters accordingly.

If all alternatives have conditional expressions and none evaluates to true (or if the whole profile rule is empty), the entire Profile\_Rule\* parameter is skipped. The next profile rule parameter in the sequence is evaluated.

#### Example 1

This example resyncs unconditionally to the profile at the specified URL, and performs an HTTP GET request to the remote provisioning server:

http://remote.server.com/cisco/\$MA.cfg

### Example 2

In this example, the device resyncs to two different URLs, depending on the registration state of Line 1. In case of lost registration, the device performs an HTTP POST to a CGI script. The device sends the contents of the macro expanded GPP\_A, which may provide additional information on the device state:

```
($PRVTMR ge 600)? http://p.tel.com/has-reg.cfg
| [--post a] http://p.tel.com/lost-reg?
```

#### Example 3

In this example, the device resyncs to the same server. The device provides additional information if a certificate is not installed in the unit (for legacy pre-2.0 units):

```
("$CCERT" eq "Installed")? https://p.tel.com/config?
```

| https://p.tel.com/config?cisco\$MAU

### Example 4

In this example, Line 1 is disabled until GPP\_A is set equal to Provisioned through the first URL. Afterwards, it resyncs to the second URL:

```
("$A" ne "Provisioned")? (Line_Enable_1_ = "No";)! https://p.tel.com/init-prov
| https://p.tel.com/configs
```

### **Example 5**

In this example, the profile that the server returns is assumed to contain XML element tags. These tags must be remapped to proper parameter names by the aliases map stored in GPP\_B:

[--alias b] https://p.tel.com/account/\$PN\$MA.xml

A resync is typically considered unsuccessful if a requested profile is not received from the server. The Resync\_Fails\_On\_FNF parameter can override this default behavior. If Resync\_Fails\_On\_FNF is set to No, the device accepts a file-not-found response from the server as a successful resync. The default value for Resync\_Fails\_On\_FNF is Yes.

### **Upgrade Rule**

Upgrade rule is to tell the device to activate to a new load and from where to get the load, if necessary. If the load is already on the device, it will not try to get the load. So, validity of the load location does not matter when the desired load is in the inactive partition.

The Upgrade\_Rule specifies a firmware load which, if different from the current load, will be downloaded and applied unless limited by a conditional expression or Upgrade\_Enable is set to **No**.

The phone provides one configurable remote upgrade parameter, Upgrade\_Rule. This parameter accepts syntax similar to the profile rule parameters. URL options are not supported for upgrades, but conditional expressions and assignment expressions can be used. If conditional expressions are used, the parameter can be populated with multiple alternatives, separated by the | character. The syntax for each alternative is as follows:

```
[ conditional-expr ] [ assignment-expr ] URL
```

As in the case of Profile\_Rule\* parameters, the Upgrade\_Rule parameter evaluates each alternative until a conditional expression is satisfied or an alternative has no conditional expression. The accompanying assignment expression is evaluated, if specified. Then, an upgrade to the specified URL is attempted.

If the Upgrade\_Rule contains a URL without a conditional expression, the device upgrades to the firmware image that the URL specifies. After macro expansion and evaluation of the rule, the device does not reattempt to upgrade until the rule is modified or the effective combination of scheme + server + port + filepath is changed.

To attempt a firmware upgrade, the device disables audio at the start of the procedure and reboots at the end of the procedure. The device automatically begins an upgrade that is driven by the contents of Upgrade\_Rule only if all voice lines are currently inactive.

For example,

https://10.73.10.223/firmware/sip7832.11-3-1MPP-678.loads

In this example, the Upgrade Rule upgrades the firmware to the image that is stored at the indicated URL.

This example directs the unit to load one of two images, based on the contents of a general-purpose parameter, GPP\_F.

The device can enforce a downgrade limit regarding firmware revision number, which can be a useful customization option. If a valid firmware revision number is configured in the Downgrade\_Rev\_Limit parameter, the device rejects upgrade attempts for firmware versions earlier than the specified limit.

### **Data Types**

These data types are used with configuration profile parameters:

- {a,b,c,...}—A choice among a, b, c, ...
- Bool-Boolean value of either "yes" or "no."
- CadScript—A miniscript that specifies the cadence parameters of a signal. Up to 127 characters.

Syntax:  $S_1$ [; $S_2$ ], where:

- $S_i = D_i(on_{i,1}/off_{i,1}[,on_{i,2}/off_{i,2}[,on_{i,3}/off_{i,3}[,on_{i,4}/off_{i,4}[,on_{i,5}/off_{i,5}[,on_{i,6}/off_{i,6}]]]])$  and is known as a section.
- $on_{i,j}$  and  $off_{i,j}$  are the on/off duration in seconds of a *segment*. i = 1 or 2, and j = 1 to 6.
- D<sub>i</sub> is the total duration of the section in seconds.

All durations can have up to three decimal places to provide 1 ms resolution. The wildcard character "\*" stands for infinite duration. The segments within a section are played in order and repeated until the total duration is played.

Example 1:

```
60(2/4)
Number of Cadence Sections = 1
Cadence Section 1: Section Length = 60 s
Number of Segments = 1
Segment 1: On=2s, Off=4s
Total Ring Length = 60s
```

Example 2—Distinctive ring (short, short, short, long):

```
60(.2/.2,.2/.2,.2/.2,1/4)
```

```
Number of Cadence Sections = 1
Cadence Section 1: Section Length = 60s
Number of Segments = 4
Segment 1: On=0.2s, Off=0.2s
Segment 2: On=0.2s, Off=0.2s
```

```
Segment 3: On=0.2s, Off=0.2s
Segment 4: On=1.0s, Off=4.0s
Total Ring Length = 60s
```

- DialPlanScript—Scripting syntax that is used to specify Line 1 and Line 2 dial plans.
- Float<n>—A floating point value with up to n decimal places.
- FQDN—Fully Qualified Domain Name. It can contain up to 63 characters. Examples are as follows:
  - sip.Cisco.com:5060 or 109.12.14.12:12345
  - sip.Cisco.com or 109.12.14.12
- FreqScript—A miniscript that specifics the frequency and level parameters of a tone. Contains up to 127 characters.

Syntax:  $F_1@L_1[,F_2@L_2[,F_3@L_3[,F_4@L_4[,F_5@L_5[,F_6@L_6]]]]]$ , where:

•  $F_1$ - $F_6$  are frequency in Hz (unsigned integers only).

•  $L_1-L_6$  are corresponding levels in dBm (with up to one decimal place).

White spaces before and after the comma are allowed but not recommended.

Example 1—Call Waiting Tone:

```
4400-10
```

Number of Frequencies = 1 Frequency 1 = 440 Hz at -10 dBm

### Example 2—Dial Tone:

```
3500-19,4400-19
Number of Frequencies = 2
Frequency 1 = 350 Hz at -19 dBm
Frequency 2 = 440 Hz at -19 dBm
```

- IP— Valid IPv4 Address in the form of x.x.x.x, where x is between 0 and 255. Example: 10.1.2.100.
- UserID—User ID as it appears in a URL; up to 63 characters.
- Phone—A phone number string, such as 14081234567, \*69, \*72, 345678; or a generic URL, such as, 1234@10.10.10.100:5068 or jsmith@Cisco.com. The string can contain up to 39 characters.
- PhTmplt—A phone number template. Each template may contain one or more patterns that are separated by a comma (,). White space at the beginning of each pattern is ignored. "?" and "\*" represent wildcard characters. To represent literally, use %xx. For example, %2a represents \*. The template can contain up to 39 characters. Examples: "1408\*, 1510\*", "1408123????, 555?1.".
- Port—TCP/UDP Port number (0-65535). It can be specified in decimal or hex format.
- ProvisioningRuleSyntax—Scripting syntax that is used to define configuration resync and firmware upgrade rules.
- PwrLevel—Power level expressed in dBm with one decimal place, such as -13.5 or 1.5 (dBm).

- RscTmplt—A template of SIP Response Status Code, such as "404, 5\*", "61?", "407, 408, 487, 481". It can contain up to 39 characters.
- Sig<n>—Signed n-bit value. It can be specified in decimal or hex format. A "-" sign must precede negative values. A + sign before positive values is optional.
- Star Codes—Activation code for a supplementary service, such as \*69. The code can contain up to 7 characters.
- Str<n>—A generic string with up to n nonreserved characters.
- Time<n>—Time duration in seconds, with up to n decimal places. Extra specified decimal places are ignored.
- ToneScript—A miniscript that specifies the frequency, level, and cadence parameters of a call progress tone. Script may contain up to 127 characters.

Syntax: FreqScript; $Z_1$ [; $Z_2$ ].

The section  $Z_1$  is similar to the  $S_1$  section in a CadScript, except that each on/off segment is followed by a frequency components parameter:  $Z_1 = D_1(on_{i,1}/off_{i,1}/f_{i,1}[,on_{i,2}/off_{i,2}/f_{i,2}[,on_{i,3}/off_{i,3}/f_{i,3}[,on_{i,4}/off_{i,4}/f_{i,4}[,on_{i,5}/off_{i,5}/f_{i,5}[,on_{i,6}/off_{i,6}/f_{i,6}]]]])$  where:

•  $f_{i,i} = n_1[+n_2]+n_3[+n_4[+n_5[+n_6]]]]]$ .

•  $1 < n_k < 6$  specifies the frequency components in the FreqScript that are used in that segment.

If more than one frequency component is used in a segment, the components are summed together.

Example 1—Dial tone:

```
350@-19,440@-19;10(*/0/1+2)
Number of Frequencies = 2
Frequency 1 = 350 Hz at -19 dBm
Frequency 2 = 440 Hz at -19 dBm
Number of Cadence Sections = 1
Cadence Section 1: Section Length = 10 s
Number of Segments = 1
Segment 1: On=forever, with Frequencies 1 and 2
```

Total Tone Length = 10s

Example 2—Stutter tone:

```
3500-19,4400-19;2(.1/.1/1+2);10(*/0/1+2)

Number of Frequencies = 2

Frequency 1 = 350 Hz at -19 dBm

Frequency 2 = 440 Hz at -19 dBm

Number of Cadence Sections = 2

Cadence Section 1: Section Length = 2s

Number of Segments = 1

Segment 1: On=0.1s, Off=0.1s with Frequencies 1 and 2

Cadence Section 2: Section Length = 10s

Number of Segments = 1

Segment 1: On=forever, with Frequencies 1 and 2

Total Tone Length = 12s
```

• Uns<n>—Unsigned n-bit value, where n = 8, 16, or 32. It can be specified in decimal or hex format, such as 12 or 0x18, as long as the value can fit into n bits.



Note Keep these under consideration:

- <Par Name> represents a configuration parameter name. In a profile, the corresponding tag is formed by replacing the space with an underscore "\_", such as Par\_Name.
- An empty default value field implies an empty string < "">.
- The phone continues to use the last configured values for tags that are not present in a given profile.
- Templates are compared in the order given. The first, *not the closest*, match is selected. The parameter name must match exactly.
- If more than one definition for a parameter is given in a profile, the last such definition in the file is the one that takes effect in the phone.
- A parameter specification with an empty parameter value forces the parameter back to its default value. To specify an empty string instead, use the empty string "" as the parameter value.

## Profile Updates and Firmware Upgrades

The phone supports secure remote provisioning (configuration) and firmware upgrades. An unprovisioned phone can receive an encrypted profile targeted for that device. The phone does not require an explicit key due to a secure first-time provisioning mechanism that uses SSL functionality.

User intervention is not required to either start or complete a profile update, or firmware upgrade, or if intermediate upgrades are required to reach a future upgrade state from an older release. A profile resync is only attempted when the phone is idle, because a resync can trigger a software reboot and disconnect a call.

General-purpose parameters manage the provisioning process. Each phone can be configured to periodically contact a normal provisioning server (NPS). Communication with the NPS does not require the use of a secure protocol because the updated profile is encrypted by a shared secret key. The NPS can be a standard TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server with client certificates.

The administrator can upgrade, reboot, restart, or resync phones by using the phone web user interface. The administrator can also perform these tasks by using a SIP notify message.

Configuration profiles are generated by using common, open-source tools that integrate with service provider provisioning systems.

### **Allow Profile Updates**

Profile updates can be allowed at specified intervals. Updated profiles are sent from a server to the phone by using TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

	Procedure		
Step 1 Step 2	Select Voice > Provisioning. In the Configuration Profile section, choose Yes from the Provision Enable parameter.		
	You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:		
	<provision_enable ua="na">Yes</provision_enable>		
	Default: Yes		
Step 3 Step 4	Set the parameters as described in the Profile Resync Parameters, on page 51 table. Click <b>Submit All Changes</b> .		

### **Allow and Configure Firmware Upgrades**

Firmware updates can be allowed at specified intervals. Updated firmware is sent from a server to the phone by using TFTP or HTTP. Security is less of an issue with a firmware upgrade, because firmware does not contain personal information.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning.

### **Step 2** In the **Firmware Upgrade** section, choose **Yes** from the **Upgrade Enable** parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Upgrade\_Enable ua="na">Yes</Upgrade\_Enable>

Options: Yes and No

Default: Yes

### **Step 3** Set the **Upgrade Error Retry Delay** parameter in seconds.

The upgrade retry interval (in seconds) applied in case of upgrade failure. The device has a firmware upgrade error timer that activates after a failed firmware upgrade attempt. The timer is initialized with the value in this parameter. The next firmware upgrade attempt occurs when this timer counts down to zero.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Upgrade\_Error\_Retry\_Delay ua="na">3600</Upgrade\_Error\_Retry\_Delay>

Default: 3600



### Upgrade Firmware by TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS

The phone supports firmware upgrade by TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS.



**Note** Downgrades to earlier releases may not be available for all devices. For more information, see the release notes for your phone and firmware version.

### Before you begin

The firmware load file must be downloaded to an accessible server.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Copy the folder to a TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS download directory.
- **Step 2** Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Step 3 Select Voice > Provisioning.
- Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Upgrade Firmware With a Browser Command**

An upgrade command entered into the browser address bar can be used to upgrade firmware on a phone. The phone updates only when it is idle. The update is attempted automatically after the call is complete.

### Procedure

To upgrade the phone with a URL in a web browser, enter this command:

http://<phone\_ip>/admin/upgrade?<schema>://<serv\_ip[:port]>/filepath



# PART

## **Cisco IP Phone Configuration**

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## **Access Control Configuration**

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## **Access Control**

If the <Phone-UI-User-Mode> parameter is enabled, the phone GUI honors the user access attribute of the relevant parameters when the GUI presents a menu item.

For menu entries that are associated with a single configuration parameter:

- Provisioning the parameter with "ua=na" ("ua" stands for "user access") attribute makes the entry disappear.
- Provisioning the parameter with "ua=ro" attribute makes the entry read-only and non-editable.

For menu entries that are associated with multiple configuration parameters:

• Provisioning all concerned parameters with "ua=na" attribute makes the entries disappear.

## **Administrator and User Accounts**

The Cisco IP Phone firmware provides specific administrator and user accounts. These accounts provide specific login privileges. The administrator account name is **admin**; the user account name is **user**. These account names cannot be changed.

The **admin** account gives the service provider or Value-added Reseller (VAR) configuration access to the Cisco IP phone. The **user** account gives limited and configurable control to the device end user.

The **user** and **admin** accounts can be password protected independently. If the service provider sets an administrator account password, you are prompted for it when you click **Admin Login**. If the password does

not yet exist, the screen refreshes and displays the administration parameters. No default passwords are assigned to either the administrator or the user account. Only the administrator account can assign or change passwords.

The administrator account can view and modify all web profile parameters, including web parameters, that are available to the user login. The Cisco IP Phone system administrator can further restrict the parameters that a user account can view and modify through use of a provisioning profile.

Configuration parameters that are available to the user account are configurable on the Cisco IP Phone. User access to the phone web user interface can be disabled.

## **User Access Attribute**

The user access (**ua**) attribute controls may be used to change access by the User account. If the **ua** attribute is not specified, the existing user access setting is retained. This attribute does not affect access by the Admin account.

The **ua** attribute, if present, must have one of the following values:

- na—No access
- ro—Read-only
- rw—Read and write

Double quotes must enclose the value of the **ua** option.

The following example illustrates the **ua** attribute:

## **User Preference Attribute**

The **user-pref** attribute allows you to set some user preferred value to provide a seamless experience for your user. Users can make further changes from the phone or from the phone administration web page. Any parameter changed by user is marked as user modified with an attribute **um**. Any changes made by the user are preserved. The **user-pref** attribute can be updated during provisioning using XML configurations delivered with the **Profile Rule** parameter.

The **user-pref** attribute is not mandatory. However, if present, must have one of the following values:

- y—Indicates to honor the user-made changes to be included during the configuration. It also specifies
  to set the value set by the administrator if the user has not modified it.
- n—Indicates to honor the administrator set value provided through XML configurations. If the user-pref attribute is not included, it has the same effect as setting its value to "n".

The following example illustrates the **user-pref** attribute:

```
<flat-profile>
<Display_Brightness ua="rw" user-pref="y">5</Display_Brightness>
</flat-profile>
```

If the user modifies the value, the change is tracked as **um** ="y". The **um** attribute cannot be updated by provisioning using **um**, and it is visible in the XML configurations pulled from the phone.

The following example illustrates the **um** attribute.

```
<flat-profile>
<Display_Brightness ua="rw" user-pref="y" um="y">5</Display_Brightness>
</flat-profile>
```

Factory reset clears all the configurations marked with **um** and **user-pref** attributes.

During provisioning, for any parameter, if the attribute **user-pref**="n" is added, after you apply the configuration, the parameter's attribute **user-pref** is updated to "n", and the **um** attribute gets cleared.

## Access the Phone Web Interface

The phone firmware provides mechanisms for restricting end-user access to some parameters. The firmware provides specific privileges for sign-in to an **Admin** account or a **User** account. Each can be independently password-protected.

- Admin account–Allows the full access to all administration web server parameters
- · User account-Allows the access to a subset of the administration web server parameters

If your service provider has disabled access to the configuration utility, contact the service provider before proceeding.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Ensure that the computer can communicate with the phone. No VPN in use.

- **Step 2** Start a web browser.
- **Step 3** Enter the IP address of the phone in your web browser address bar.
  - User Access: http://<ip address>
  - Admin Access: http://<ip address>/admin/advanced
  - Admin Access: http://<ip address>, click Admin Login and click advanced

For example, https://10.64.84.147/admin

**Step 4** Enter the password when prompted.

## **Enable HTTPS by Default**

You must enable Https by default to access the phone administration web page.

• You set the value of Enable Protocol to Https and Web Server Port to 443 and factory reset the phone. After factory reset both the values remain unchanged and if your user wants to access the phone administration web page with http://<ip address>or http://<ip address>:80, the URL gets redirected to https://<ip address>:443. when HTTPS is set as default.

- If the phone upgrades to Firmware release 12.0(3), and you change values of the parameters, the url will still redirect to https://phone IP:443 by default to access the phone administration web page.
- After factory reset, if you change **Web Server Port** to **80** and **Enable Protocol** to **Https**, the user can't access the phone administration web page with **http://phone IP:80** but can access the page with **https://phone IP:80**.
- If the phone upgrades to Firmware release 12.0(3), the user can only access the phone administration web page using https protocol.

### Before you begin

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > System.

Step 2 In the System Configuration section, set Enable Protocol parameter to Https and Web Server Port parameter to 443.

You can also enable the parameters in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml).

<Enable\_Protocol ua="na">Https</Enable\_Protocol>

<Web\_Server\_Port ua="na">443</Web\_Server\_Port>

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Control Access to the Phone Settings**

You can configure the phone to allow or block access to the configuration parameters on the phone web page or the phone screen. The parameters for access control allow you to:

- Indicate which configuration parameters are available to the user account when creating the configuration.
- Enable or disable the access to the administration web server.
- Enable or disable user access to the phone screen menus.
- Bypass the Set password screen for the user.
- Restrict the Internet domains that the phone accesses for resync, upgrades, or SIP registration for Line 1.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Access Control Parameters, on page 115.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1	Click Voice > System.
Step 2	In the <b>System Configuration</b> section, configure the parameters as defined in the Access Control Parameters, on page 115 table.
Step 3	Click <b>Submit All Changes</b> to apply the changes.

### **Access Control Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of the access control parameters in the **System Configuration** section under the **Voice** > **System** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 6: Access Control Parameters

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value
Enable Web Server	Enables or disables access to the phone web interface. Set this parameter to <b>Yes</b> to allow users or administrators to access the phone web interface. Otherwise, set it to <b>No</b> . When set to <b>No</b> , the phone web interface isn't accessible.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<enable_web_server ua="na">Yes</enable_web_server>
	• In the phone web interface, set to <b>Yes</b> to allow the access.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: Yes.
Enable Web Admin	Allows or blocks the access to the phone administration pages:
Access	http:// <phone_ip>/admin</phone_ip>
	When set to <b>No</b> , the web page for administrator is inaccessible. Only the web page for user is accessible.
	<b>Note</b> If you want to allow the access to the administration web page again after the access is blocked, you need to perform a factory reset from the phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><enable_web_admin_access ua="na">Yes</enable_web_admin_access></pre>
	• In the phone web interface, set this parameter to <b>Yes</b> to allow the access. Otherwise, set it to <b>No</b> .
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: Yes

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value	
Admin Password	Allows you to set or change the password for accessing the phone administration web pages.	
	The Admin Password parameter is only available on the phone administration web page.	
	A valid password must contain 4 to 127 characters from three out of the four types: capital letter, small letter, number, and special character.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: <admin_password ua="na">POssw0rd_tes89</admin_password>	
	• In the phone web interface, enter the password for administrator access.	
	Default: Empty	
User Password	Allows you or the phone user to set or change the password for accessing the phone web interfaces and the menus on the phone screen.	
	You can also set or change the user password from the phone screen menu Applications	
	> Device administration > Set password.	
	A valid password must contain 4 to 127 characters from three out of the four types: capital letter, small letter, number, and special character.	
	In the configuration file (cfg.xml), you can use the <b>User_Password</b> parameter to bypass the <b>Set password</b> screen that prompts on the first boot or after a factory reset. For more information, see Bypass the Set Password Screen, on page 118.	
	Default: Empty	

Parameter Name	Description and Default Value	
Phone-UI-User-Mode	This parameter works only with the user access the $(ua)$ attribute attached to an element tag in the configuration file (cfg.xml). You can restrict the parameters that the phone users see on the phone screen.	
	When set to <b>Yes</b> , you can use the <b>ua</b> attribute to control user access to specific parameters on the phone screen menu. When set to <b>No</b> , the <b>ua</b> attribute isn't working.	
	The options for the <b>ua</b> attribute are "na", "ro", and "rw". Parameters designated as "na" don't appear on the phone screen. Parameters designated as "ro" aren't editable by the user. Parameters designated as "rw" are editable by the user.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<phone-ui-user-mode ua="na">No</phone-ui-user-mode> • In the phone web interface, set to Yes and then set the ua attribute of the desired parameter in the phone configuration file.	
	Example:	
	<phone-ui-user-mode ua="na">Yes</phone-ui-user-mode> <enable_vlan ua="ro">Yes</enable_vlan> <preferred_audio_device ua="rw">Headset</preferred_audio_device> <block_anc_setting ua="na">Yes</block_anc_setting>	
	With the settings in the example, the user:	
	• Can see but can't change the setting of VLAN (Enable_VLAN) on the phone screen menu	
	• Can change the setting of <b>Preferred audio device</b> (Preferred_Audio_Device)	
	• Can't see the menu item Block anonymous call (Block_ANC_Setting) on the phone screen.	
	Allowed values: Yes No	
	Default: No	
User Password Prompt	Controls whether the user password setup screen prompts.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<pre><user_password_prompt ua="na">Yes</user_password_prompt></pre> • In the phone web interface, set to Yes to make the prompt available to the user.	
	Allowed values: Yes No	
	Default: Yes	

## **Bypass the Set Password Screen**

## 

Note This feature isn't available from firmware release 11.2.3 and later.

You can bypass the phone **Set password** screen on the first boot or after a factory reset, based on these provisioning actions:

- DHCP configuration
- EDOS configuration
- User password configuration using in the phone XML configuration file

After the User Password is configured, the set password screen doesn't appear.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Edit the phone cfg.xml file in a text or XML editor.
- **Step 2** Insert the **<User\_Password>** tag using one of these options.
  - No password (start and end tag)—<User\_Password></User\_Password></User\_Password></User\_Password></User\_Password>
  - Password value (4-127 characters)-<User\_Password >Abc123</User\_Password>
  - No password (start tag only)-<User\_Password />
- **Step 3** Save the changes to the cfg.xml file.

The **Set password** screen doesn't appear on the first boot or after a factory reset. If a password is specified, the user is prompted to enter the password when accessing the phone web interface or the phone screen menus.



## **Third-Party Call Control Setup**

- Determine the Phone MAC Address, on page 119
- Network Configuration, on page 119
- Provisioning, on page 120
- Report Current Phone Configuration to the Provisioning Server, on page 120

## **Determine the Phone MAC Address**

To add phones to the Third-Party Call Control system, determine the MAC address of a Cisco IP Phone.

### Procedure

Perform one of the following actions:

- On the phone, press Settings > Status > Product Information, and look at the MAC address field.
- Look at the MAC label on the back of the phone.
- Display the web page for the phone and select Info > Status > Product Information.

## **Network Configuration**

The Cisco IP Phone is used as a part of a SIP network, because the phone supports Session Initiation Protocol (SIP). The Cisco IP Phone is compatible with other SIP IP PBX call control systems, such as BroadSoft, MetaSwitch, and Asterisk.

Configuration of these systems is not described in this document. For more information, see the documentation for the SIP PBX system to which you are connecting the Cisco IP Phone.

This document describes some common network configurations; however, your configuration can vary, depending on the type of equipment that your service provider uses.

## Provisioning

Phones can be provisioned to download configuration profiles or updated firmware from a remote server when they are connected to a network, when they are powered up, and at set intervals. Provisioning is typically part of high-volume, Voice-over-IP (VoIP) deployments and is limited to service providers. Configuration profiles or updated firmware are transferred to the device through use of TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS.

## **Report Current Phone Configuration to the Provisioning Server**

You can configure the phone to report its full configuration, delta changes in the configuration, or the status data to the server. You can add up to two URLs in the **Report Rule** field to specify the destination for the report, and include an optional encryption key.

When requesting delta configuration and status reports at once, separate report rules with a **space**. Include a destination upload-URL in each of the report rules. You can optionally precede the report rule by one or more content arguments that are enclosed in square brackets [].

When a report upload is attempted, the *HTTP Report Method* field specifies whether the HTTP Request that the phone sends should be an *HTTP PUT* or an *HTTP POST*. Choose:

- **PUT Method**—To create a new report or overwrite an existing report at a known location on the server. For example, you may want to keep overwriting each report that you send and only store the most *current* configuration on the server.
- **POST Method**—To send the report data to the server for processing, such as, by a PHP script. This approach provides more flexibility for storing the configuration information. For example, you may want to send a series of phone status reports and store *all* the reports on the server.

Use the following content arguments in the **Report Rule** field to send specific configuration reports:

Content Argument	Report Content
Default: Blank	Full Configuration report
[delta]	Configuration report contains <i>only</i> the latest changed fields
	For example,
	• Report 1 contains ABC changes.
	• Report 2 contains XYZ changes ( <i>not</i> ABC and XYZ).
[status]	Full Phone Status report

Note The preceding arguments can be combined with other arguments, such as, --key,--uid, and --pwd. These arguments control upload authentication and encryption, and are documented in the **Profile Rule** field.

- When you specify the [--key <encryption key>] argument in the Report Rule, the phone applies AES-256-CBC encryption to the file (configuration, status, or delta), with the specified encryption key.
- Note If you have provisioned the phone with Input Keying Material (IKM) and want the phone to apply RFC 8188-based encryption to the file, do not specify the **--key** argument.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning > Upload Configuration Options.
- **Step 2** Set the parameter for each of the five fields as described in Parameters for Reporting the Phone Configuration to the Server, on page 123.

### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

Example of user inputs and the resulting actions of the phone and provisioning server for the Report Rule:

### • HTTP PUT ALL configuration:

If the HTTP report method is PUT, you enter the URL for the report rule in this format:

http://my\_http\_server/config-mpp.xml

Then the phone will report the configuration data to *http://my\_http\_server/config-mpp.xml*.

#### • HTTP PUT Changed Configuration

If the HTTP report method is PUT, you enter the URL for the report rule in this format:

### [--delta]http://my\_http\_server/config-mpp-delta.xml;

Then the phone will report changed configuration to http://my\_http\_server/config-mpp-delta.xml.

### HTTP PUT Encrypted Delta Configuration

If the HTTP report method is PUT, you enter the URL for the report rule in this format:

### [--delta --key test123]http://my http server/config-mpp-delta.enc.xml;

The phone will report status data to *http://my\_http\_server/config-mpp-delta.enc.xml* 

On the report server side, the file can be decrypted like this: **# openssl enc -d -aes-256-cbc** -k test123 -in config-mpp-delta.enc-delta.enc -out cfg.xml

#### HTTP PUT Status Data

If the HTTP report method is PUT, you enter the URL for the report rule in this format:

### [--status]http://my\_http\_server/config-mpp-status.xml;

The phone will report status data to http://my\_http\_server/config-mpp-status.xml

### • HTTP PUT Changed Configuration and Status

If the HTTP report method is PUT, you enter the URL for the report rule in this format:

```
[--status]http://my_http_server/config-mpp-status.xml
[--delta]http://my_http_server/config-mpp-delta.xml
```

The phone will report status data to *http://my\_http\_server/config-mpp-status.xml* and *http://my\_http\_server/config-mpp-delta.xml* 

#### HTTP POST Changed Configuration

If the report method is POST, you enter the URL for the report rule in this format:

```
[--delta]http://my_http_server/report_upload.php
```

#### The report upload file format"

```
// report_upload.php content
<?php
$filename = "report_cfg.xml"; // report file name
// where to put the file
$file = "/path/to/file".$filename;
// get data from http post
$report_data = file_get_contents('php://input');
// save the post data to file
$file_put_contents($file, $report_data);
?>
```

The phone will upload changed data to http://my\_http\_server/report\_cfg.xml

## Parameters for Reporting the Phone Configuration to the Server

Description	
Specifies how the phone reports its current internal configuration to the provisioning server The URLs in this field specify the destination for a report and can include an encryption key.	
You can use the following keywords, encryption key, and file locations and names to control how you store the phone configuration information:	
• No keywords and <i>only</i> an XML file reports the <i>entire</i> configuration data to server.	
• [status] keyword reports the <i>status data</i> to server.	
• [delta] keyword reports the <i>changed</i> configuration to server.	
• [key <encryption key="">] keyword tells the phone to apply AES-256-CBC encryption with the specified encryption key to the configuration report, before sending it to the server.</encryption>	
You can enclose the encryption key in double-quotes (") optionally.	
<b>Note</b> If you have provisioned the phone with Input Keying Material (IKM) and want the phone to apply RFC 8188-based encryption to the file, do not specify a AES-256-CBC encryption key.	
• Two rules used together as:	
[delta]http://my_http_server/config-mpp-delta.xml [status]http://my_http_server/config-mpp-status.xml	
<b>Caution</b> If you need to use the [delta]xml-delta file rule and the [status]xml-status file rule together, you must separate the two rules with a <b>space</b> .	
Perform one of the following:	
• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
<profile_rule_ua="na"> [delta]http://my_http_server/config-mpp-delta.xml [status]http://my_http_server/config-mpp-status.xml</profile_rule_ua="na">	

Table 7: Parameters for Reporting the Phone Configuration to the Server

Field	Description		
HTTP Report	Specifies whether the HTTP Request that the phone sends should be an <i>PUT</i> or an <i>POST</i> .		
method:	• <b>PUT</b> –To create a new report or overwrite an existing report at a known location on the server. For example, you may want to keep overwriting each report that you send and only store the most <i>current</i> configuration on the server.		
	• <b>POST</b> -To send the report data to the server for processing, such as, by a PHP script. This approach provides more flexibility for storing the configuration information. For example, you may want to send a series of phone status reports and store <i>all</i> the reports on the server.		
	Perform one of the following:		
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:		
	<http_report_method ua="na">PUT</http_report_method>		
	• In the phone web interface, select an HTTP report method.		
	Allowed values: PUT POST		
	Default: POST		
Report to	Defines when the phone reports its configuration to the provisioning servers.		
Server:	• <b>On Request</b> : The phone reports its configuration only when an administrator sends a sip notify event, or the phone restarts.		
	• <b>On Local Change</b> : The phone reports its configuration when any configuration parameter changes by an action on the phone or on the phone administration web page. The phone waits for a few seconds after a change is made, and then reports the configuration. This delay ensures that changes are reported to the web server in batches, rather than reporting a single change at a time.		
	• <b>Periodically</b> : The phone reports its configuration at regular intervals. The interval is expressed in seconds.		
	Perform one of the following:		
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:		
	<report_to_server ua="na">Periodically</report_to_server>		
	• In the phone web interface, select an option from the list.		
	Allowed values: On Request On Local Change Periodically		
	Default: On Request		
Field	Description		
--------------------------	---		
Periodic Upload to	Defines the interval (in seconds) that the phone reports its configuration to the provisioning servers.		
Server:	This field is used only when <b>Report to Server</b> is set to <b>Periodically</b> .		
	Perform one of the following:		
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:		
	<periodic_upload_to_server ua="na">3600</periodic_upload_to_server>		
	• In the phone web interface, specify the interval in seconds.		
	Allowed values: An integer ranging between 600 and 259200		
	Default: 3600		
Upload Delay On Local	Defines the delay (in seconds) that the phone waits after a change is made, and then reports the configuration.		
Change:	This field is used only when <b>Report to Server</b> is set to <b>On Local Change</b> .		
	Perform one of the following:		
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:		
	<upload_delay_on_local_change ua="na">60</upload_delay_on_local_change>		
	• In the phone web interface, specify the delay in seconds.		
	Allowed values: An integer ranging between 10 and 900		
	Default: 60		

Parameters for Reporting the Phone Configuration to the Server



# **Cisco IP Phone Security**

- Domain and Internet Setting, on page 127
- Configure the Challenge for SIP INVITE Messages, on page 130
- Support for RFC-8760, on page 131
- Enable Auth INVITE and Auth Resync Reboot, on page 131
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## **Domain and Internet Setting**

### **Configure Restricted Access Domains**

You can configure the phone to register, provision, firmware upgrade, and send reports using only the specified servers. Any registration, provisioning, upgrade, and report that don't use the specified servers can't be performed on the phone. If you specify the servers to use, ensure that the servers you enter in the following fields are included in the list:

- Profile Rule, Profile Rule B, Profile Rule C, and Profile Rule D on the Provisioning tab
- Upgrade Rule and Cisco Headset Upgrade Rule on the Provisioning tab
- Report Rule on the Provisioning tab

- · Custom CA Rule on the Provisioning tab
- Proxy and Outbound Proxy on the Ext (n) tab

### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > System.

**Step 2** In the **System Configuration** section, locate the **Restricted Access Domains** field and enter fully qualified domain names (FQDNs) for each server. Separate FQDNs with commas.

#### Example:

voiceip.com, voiceip1.com

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Restricted\_Access\_Domains ua="na">voiceip.com, voiceip1.com</Restricted\_Access\_Domains>

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Configure the DHCP Options**

You can set the order in which your phone uses the DHCP options. For help with DHCP Options, see DHCP Option Support, on page 129.

#### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning.

**Step 2** In the **Configuration Profile** section, set the **DHCP Option To Use** and **DHCPv6 Option To Use** parameters as described in the Parameters for DHCP Options Configuration, on page 128 table.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Parameters for DHCP Options Configuration**

The following table defines the function and usage of parameters for DHCP Options Configuration in the Configuration Profile section under the Voice>Provisioning tab in the phone web interface. It also defines

the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

**Table 8: Parameters for DHCP Options Configuration** 

Parameter	Description
DHCP Option To Use	DHCP options, delimited by commas, used to retrieve firmware and profiles.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><dhcp_option_to_use< pre=""></dhcp_option_to_use<></pre>
	ua="na">66,160,159,150,60,43,125
	• In the phone web page, enter the DHCP options separated by commas.
	<b>Example</b> : 66,160,159,150,60,43,125
	Default: 66,160,159,150,60,43,125
DHCPv6 Option To	DHCPv6 options, delimited by commas, used to retrieve firmware and profiles.
Use	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pre><dhcpv6_option_to_use ua="na">17,160,159</dhcpv6_option_to_use></pre> • In the phone web page, enter the DHCP options separated by commas.
	<b>Example</b> : 17,160,159
	Default: 17,160,159

### **DHCP Option Support**

The following table lists the DHCP options that are supported on the multiplatform phones.

Network Standard	Description
DHCP option 1	Subnet mask
DHCP option 2	Time offset
DHCP option 3	Router
DHCP option 6	Domain name server
DHCP option 15	Domain name
DHCP option 41	IP address lease time
DHCP option 42	NTP server
DHCP option 43	Vendor-specific information
	Can be used for TR.69 Auto Configurations Server (ACS) discovery.

Network Standard	Description
DHCP option 56	NTP server
	NTP server configuration with IPv6
DHCP option 60	Vendor class identifier
DHCP option 66	TFTP server name
DHCP option 125	Vendor-identifying vendor-specific information
	Can be used for TR.69 Auto Configurations Server
	(ACS) discovery.
DHCP option 150	TFTP server
DHCP option 159	Provisioning server IP
DHCP option 160	Provisioning URL

## **Configure the Challenge for SIP INVITE Messages**

You can set up the phone to challenge the SIP INVITE (initial) message in a session. The challenge restricts the SIP servers that are permitted to interact with devices on a service provider network. This practice prevents malicious attacks against the phone. When you enable this feature, authorization is required for initial incoming INVITE requests from the SIP proxy.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Ext(n), where n is an extension number.
- **Step 2** In the **SIP Settings** section, select **Yes** from the **Auth INVITE** list to enable this feature or select **No** to disable it.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Auth_INVITE_1>Yes</Auth_INVITE_1>
```

Default: No.

### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# Support for RFC-8760

You can replace RFC-3261 and can add support of additional authentication digest algorithms that are specified by RFC-8760. RFC-8760 specifies digest algorithms, such as SHA256, SHA-512/256, and MD5. With RFC-8760, phone sends SIP REGISTER or INVITE or SUBSCRIBE requests without authorization header field. SIP server responses 401/407 status code with www-authenticate or proxy-authenticate header field. A SIP server responds with multiple www-authenticate headers. If multiple headers are sent, each must have a different algorithm, with the most preferred one first. Support for RFC-8760 has advantages over RFC-3261 and are described in the following table for different scenarios.

Steps	SIP Request Direction	RFC-3261	RFC-8760
Step 1	Phone to SIP server	Phone sends SIP requests without authorization.	Phone sends SIP requests without authorization.
Step 2	SIP server to Phone	SIP Server responses 401 status with one www-authenticate with MD5 algorithm.	SIP server responses 401 status with one or multiple www-authenticates with different algorithms, such as SHA-256, SHA-512-256, and MD5.
Step 3	Phone to SIP server	Phone retries to send request and add an authorization header with MD5 algorithm.	Phone retries to send request and add an authorization with top most header field(SHA-256).
Step 4	SIP server to Phone	SIP server validates the authorization.	SIP server validates the authorization.

# **Enable Auth INVITE and Auth Resync Reboot**

You can enable the phone authorization with RFC 8760.

### Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- In the SIP Settings section, Auth Invite is set to Yes.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext** (**n**) where n is an extension number.

Step 2 In the SIP Settings section, select Yes from the Auth Support RFC8760 list.

When you select Yes, the phone authorization supports RFC 8760. You can disable it when you select No.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Auth Support RFC8760>Yes</Auth Support RFC8760/>

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes .

# Support for Additional Digest Algorithms for Hoteling Authentication

Phone now support RFC 8760 for hoteling authentication. To support this feature, SHA-256, SHA-512, and SHA-256 digest algorithms are added to the phone. Before, phone was supporting only MD5 algorithm.

## **Control the TLS Minimum Value**

You can control the phone minimum value of TLS with the new TLS parameter. The following table shows the brief view TLS minimum value result.

Client TLS min version	Server highest TLS version	Results
TLS 1.0	TLS 1.0	TLS 1.0
	TLS 1.1	TLS 1.1
	TLS 1.2	TLS 1.2
TLS 1.1	TLS 1.0	Protocol alert
	TLS 1.1	TLS 1.1
	TLS 1.2	TLS 1.2
TLS 1.2	TLS 1.0	Protocol alert
	TLS 1.1	Protocol alert
	TLS 1.2	TLS 1.2

### Before you begin

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > System

Step 2 In the Security Settings section, select TLS 1.1 from the TLS Min Version list.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<TLS Min Version ua="na">TLS 1.1</TLS Min Version>

Default Value: TLS 1.1

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Enable the Control of Webex Metrics Service**

With Metrics Enable, enable the phone control of all metric services.

### Before you begin

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1	Select Voice > Phone
Step 2	In the Webex section, select Yes from the Metrics Enable list.
	When you select <b>Yes</b> , the phone controls the sending of all metrics messages. You can disable it when you select <b>No</b> .
	You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:
	<webex_metrics_enable ua="na">Yes</webex_metrics_enable>
	Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Enable the Control of PRT Upload at Crash Service**

You can indicate whether to automatically upload the PRT package to the server when the phone crashes.

### Before you begin

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > Provisioning

**Note** This feature has been applied to most of the TLS clients initiated by phone. Such as, SIP over TLS, XMPP, E911 Geolocation, Wifi.

### **Step 2** In the **Problem Report Tool** section, select **Yes** from the **PRT Upload at Crash** list.

When you select **Yes**, the phone controls the automatic upload of the process crash. You can disable it when you select **No**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<PRT\_Upload\_at\_Crash ua="na">Yes</PRT\_Upload\_at\_Crash>

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Transport Layer Security**

Transport Layer Security (TLS) is a standard protocol for securing and authenticating communications over the Internet. SIP over TLS encrypts the SIP signaling messages between the service provider SIP proxy and the end user.

The Cisco IP Phone uses UDP as the standard for SIP transport, but the phone also supports SIP over TLS for added security.

The following table describes the two TLS layers.

#### Table 9: TLS Layers

Protocol Name	Description
TLS Record Protocol	Layered on a reliable transport protocol, such as SIP or TCH, this layer ensures that the connection is private through use of symmetric data encryption and it ensures that the connection is reliable.
TLS Handshake Protocol	Authenticates the server and client, and negotiates the encryption algorithm and cryptographic keys before the application protocol transmits or receives data.

### **Encrypt Signaling with SIP Over TLS**

You can configure added security when you encrypt signaling messages with SIP over TLS.

### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113. See Transport Layer Security, on page 134

### Procedure

**Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.

Step 2 In the SIP Settings section, select TLS from the SIP Transport list.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<SIP Transport 1 ua="na">TLS</SIP Transport 1 >

Options available:

- UDP
- TCP
- TLS
- Auto

Default: UDP.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Configure LDAP over TLS**

You can configure LDAP over TLS (LDAPS) to enable secure data transmission between the server and a specific phone.



```
Attention
```

Cisco recommends leaving the authentication method to the default value of **None**. Next to the server field is an authentication field that uses the values **None**, **Simple**, or **DIGEST-MD5**. There is no **TLS** value for authentication. The software determines the authentication method from the LDAPS protocol in the server string.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > Phone.
- **Step 2** In the LDAP section, enter a server address in the Server field.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<LDAP\_Server ua="na">ldaps://10.45.76.79</LDAP\_Server>

For example, enter ldaps://<ldaps server>[:port].

where:

- ldaps://= The start of the server address string.
- ldaps server = IP address or domain name
- port = Port number. Default: 636

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Configure StartTLS**

You can enable Start Transport Layer Security (StartTLS) for the communications between the phone and the LDAP server. It uses the same network port (default 389) for both secure and insecure communications. If the LDAP server supports StartTLS, TLS encrypts the communications. Otherwise, the communications are in plaintext.

### Before you begin

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

```
Step 1 Select Voice > Phone.
```

**Step 2** In the **LDAP** section, enter a server address in the **Server** field.

For example, enter ldap://<ldap\_server>[:port].

Where:

- ldap:// = The start of the server address string, scheme of the URL
- **ldap server** = IP address or domain name
- **port** = Port number

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<LDAP Server ua="na">ldap://<ldap server>[:port]</LDAP Server>

**Step 3** Set the **StartTLS Enable** field to **Yes**.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<LDAP StartTLS Enable ua="na">Yes</LDAP StartTLS Enable>

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

#### Related Topics

Parameters for LDAP Directory, on page 319

## **HTTPS Provisioning**

The phone supports HTTPS for provisioning for increased security in managing remotely deployed units. Each phone carries a unique SLL Client Certificate (and associated private key), in addition to a Sipura CA server root certificate. The latter allows the phone to recognize authorized provisioning servers, and reject non-authorized servers. On the other hand, the client certificate allows the provisioning server to identify the individual device that issues the request.

For a service provider to manage deployment by using HTTPS, a server certificate must be generated for each provisioning server to which a phone resyncs by using HTTPS. The server certificate must be signed by the Cisco Server CA Root Key, whose certificate is carried by all deployed units. To obtain a signed server certificate, the service provider must forward a certificate signing request to Cisco, which signs and returns the server certificate for installation on the provisioning server.

The provisioning server certificate must contain the Common Name (CN) field, and the FQDN of the host running the server in the subject. It might optionally contain information following the host FQDN, separated by a slash (/) character. The following examples are of CN entries that are accepted as valid by the phone:

```
CN=sprov.callme.com
CN=pv.telco.net/mailto:admin@telco.net
CN=prof.voice.com/info@voice.com
```

In addition to verifying the server certificate, the phone tests the server IP address against a DNS lookup of the server name that is specified in the server certificate.

### Get a Signed Server Certificate

The OpenSSL utility can generate a certificate signing request. The following example shows the **openssl** command that produces a 1024-bit RSA public/private key pair and a certificate signing request:

openssl req -new -out provserver.csr

This command generates the server private key in **privkey.pem** and a corresponding certificate signing request in **provserver.csr**. The service provider keeps the **privkey.pem** secret and submits **provserver.csr** to Cisco for signing. Upon receiving the **provserver.csr** file, Cisco generates **provserver.crt**, the signed server certificate.

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Navigate to https://software.cisco.com/software/cda/home and log in with your CCO credentials.
  - **Note** When a phone connects to a network for the first time or after a factory reset, and there are no DHCP options set up, it contacts a device activation server for zero touch provisioning. New phones use "activate.cisco.com" instead of "webapps.cisco.com" for provisioning. Phones with firmware release earlier than 11.2(1) continues to use "webapps.cisco.com". We recommend that you allow both the domain names through your firewall.

```
Step 2 Select Certificate Management.
```

On the **Sign CSR** tab, the CSR of the previous step is uploaded for signing.

- Step 3 From the Select Product drop-down list box, select SPA1xx firmware 1.3.3 and newer/SPA232D firmware 1.3.3 and newer/SPA5xx firmware 7.5.6 and newer/CP-78xx-3PCC/CP-88xx-3PCC.
- **Step 4** In the **CSR File** field, click **Browse** and select the CSR for signing.

**Step 5** Select the encryption method:

- MD5
- SHA1
- SHA256

Cisco recommends that you select SHA256 encryption.

- **Step 6** From the **Sign in Duration** drop-down list box, select the applicable duration (for example, 1 year).
- Step 7 Click Sign Certificate Request.
- **Step 8** Select one of the following options to receive the signed certificate:
  - Enter Recipient's Email Address—If you wish to receive the certificate via email, enter your email address in this field.
  - Download-If you wish to download the signed certificate, select this option.

### Step 9 Click Submit.

The signed server certificate is either emailed to the email address previously provided or downloaded.

### **Multiplatform Phone CA Client Root Certificate**

Cisco also provides a Multiplatform Phone Client Root Certificate to the service provider. This root certificate certificate that each phone carries. The Multiplatform Phones also support third-party signed certificates such as those provided by Verisign, Cybertrust, and so on.

To determine if a phone carries an individualized certificate, use the \$CCERT provisioning macro variable. The variable value expands to either Installed or Not Installed, according to the presence or absence of a unique client certificate. In the case of a generic certificate, it is possible to obtain the serial number of the unit from the HTTP request header in the User-Agent field.

HTTPS servers can be configured to request SSL certificates from connecting clients. If enabled, the server can use the Multiplatform Phone Client Root Certificate that Cisco supplies to verify the client certificate. The server can then provide the certificate information to a CGI for further processing.

The location for certificate storage may vary. For example, in an Apache installation, the file paths for storage of the provisioning server-signed certificate, its associated private key, and the Multiplatform Phone CA client root certificate are as follows:

```
# Server Certificate:
SSLCertificateFile /etc/httpd/conf/provserver.crt
# Server Private Key:
SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/httpd/conf/provserver.key
# Certificate Authority (CA):
SSLCACertificateFile /etc/httpd/conf/spacroot.crt
```

For specific information, refer to the documentation for an HTTPS server.

The Cisco Client Certificate Root Authority signs each unique certificate. The corresponding root certificate is made available to service providers for client authentication purposes.

### **Redundant Provisioning Servers**

The provisioning server can be specified as an IP address or as a Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN). The use of an FQDN facilitates the deployment of redundant provisioning servers. When the provisioning server is identified through an FQDN, the phone attempts to resolve the FQDN to an IP address through DNS. Only DNS A-records are supported for provisioning; DNS SRV address resolution is not available for provisioning. The phone continues to process A-records until a server responds. If no server that is associated with the A-records responds, the phone logs an error to the syslog server.

### Syslog Server

If a syslog server is configured on the phone through use of the <Syslog Server> parameters, the resync and upgrade operations send messages to the syslog server. A message can be generated at the start of a remote file request (configuration profile or firmware load), and at the conclusion of the operation (indicating either success or failure).

The logged messages are configured in the following parameters and macro expanded into the actual syslog messages:

## **Enable the Firewall**

We have improved phone security by hardening the operating system. Hardening ensures that the phone has a firewall to protect it from malicious incoming traffic. The firewall tracks the ports for incoming and outgoing data. It detects incoming traffic from unexpected sources and blocks the access. Your firewall allows all outgoing traffic.

The firewall may dynamically unblock normally blocked ports. The outgoing TCP connection or UDP flow unblocks the port for return and continued traffic. The port is kept unblocked while flow is alive. The port reverts to blocked state when flow terminates or ages out.

The legacy setting, IPv6 Multicast Ping Voice > System > IPv6 Settings > Broadcast Echo continues to work independently of the new firewall settings.

Firewall configuration changes generally don't result in a phone restart. Phone soft restarts generally don't affect firewall operation.

The firewall is enabled by default. If it is disabled, you can enable it from the phone web page.

### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113

### Procedure

- Step 1Select Voice > System > Security Settings.
- **Step 2** In the **Firewall** drop down list, select **Enabled**.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format: <Firewall ua="na">Enabled</Firewall>

The allowed values are Disabled Enabled. The default value is Enabled.

### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

This enables the firewall with its default open UDP and TCP ports.

**Step 4** Select **Disabled** to disable the firewall if you wish your network to return to its prior behavior.

The following table describes the default open UDP ports.

Table 10: Firewall Default Open UDP Ports

Default Open UDP Port	Description
DHCP/DHCPv6	DHCP client Port 68
	DHCPv6 client Port 546
SIP/UDP	Configure the Port in Voice > Ext <n> &gt; SIP Settings &gt; SIP Port (example: 5060), when Line Enable is set to Yes, and SIP Transport is set to UDP or Auto.</n>
RTP/RTCP	UDP port range from RTP Port Min to RTP Port Max+1
PFS (Peer Firmware Sharing)	Port 4051, when <b>Upgrade Enable</b> and <b>Peer Firmware Sharing</b> are set to <b>Yes</b> .
TFTP clients	Ports 53240-53245. You need this port range if the remote server uses a port other than the standard TFTP port 69. You may turn it off if the server uses standard port 69. See Configure Your Firewall with Additional Options, on page 141.
TR-069	UDP/STUN port 7999, when <b>Enable TR-069</b> is set to <b>Yes</b> .

The following table describes the default open TCP ports.

#### Table 11: Firewall Default Open TCP Ports

Default Open TCP Port	Description
Web server	Port configured via Web Server Port (default 80), when <b>Enable Web Server</b> is set to <b>Yes</b> .
PFS (Peer Firmware Sharing)	Ports 4051 and 6970, when both <b>Upgrade Enable</b> and <b>Peer Firmware Sharing</b> are set to <b>Yes</b> .
TR-069	HTTP/SOAP port in TR-069 Connection Request URL, when <b>Enable TR-069</b> is set to <b>Yes</b> . The port is chosen randomly from the range 8000-9999.

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# **Configure Your Firewall with Additional Options**

You can configure additional options in the **Firewall Options** field. Type the keyword for each option in the field, and separate the keywords by commas (,). Some keywords have values. Separate the values by colons (:).

### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Go to **Voice** > **System** > **Security Settings**.
- **Step 2** Select **Enabled** for the **Firewall** field.
- **Step 3** In the **Firewall Options** field, enter the keywords. The list of ports applies to both IPv4 and IPv6 protocols.

When you enter the keywords,

- separate the keywords with commas (,).
- separate keywords values with colons (:).

### Table 12: Firewall Optional Settings

Firewall Options Keywords	Description
Field is empty.	The firewall runs with default open ports.
NO_ICMP_PING	The firewall blocks incoming ICMP/ICMPv6 <b>Echo</b> requests (Ping).
	This option may break some types of traceroute requests to the phone. Windows <b>tracert</b> is one example.
	Example Firewall Options entry with a combination of options:
	NO_ICMP_PING,TCP:12000,UDP:8000:8010
	The firewall runs with default settings and the following additional options:
	• Drops incoming ICMP/ICMPv6 Echo (Ping) requests.
	• Opens TCP port 12000 (IPv4 and IPv6) for incoming connections.
	• Opens UDP port range 8000-8010 (IPv4 and IPv6) for incoming requests.

Firewall Options Keywords	Description	
NO_ICMP_UNREACHABLE	The phone doesn't send ICMP/ICMPv6 Destination Unreachable for UDP ports.	
	Note The exception is to always send Destination Unreachable for ports in the RTP port range.	
	This option may break some types of <b>traceroute</b> requests to the device. For example, Linux <b>traceroute</b> may break.	
NO_CISCO_TFTP	• The phone doesn't open TFTP-client port-range (UDP 53240:53245).	
	• Requests to non-standard (non 69) TFTP server ports fail.	
	• Requests to standard TFTP server port 69 work.	
The following keywords and options apply when the phone runs custom apps that handle incoming requests.		
UDP: <xxx></xxx>	Opens UDP port <xxx>.</xxx>	
UDP: <xxx:yyy></xxx:yyy>	Opens UDP port-range, <xxx to="" yyy="">, inclusive.</xxx>	
	You can have up to 5 UDP port options (single ports and port ranges). For example, you can have 3 UDP: <xxx> and 2 UDP:<xxx:yyy>.</xxx:yyy></xxx>	
TCP: <xxx></xxx>	Opens TCP port <xxx>.</xxx>	
TCP: <xxx:yyy></xxx:yyy>	Opens TCP port-range <xxx to="" yyy="">, inclusive.</xxx>	
	You can have up to 5 TCP port options (single ports and port ranges). For example, you can have 4 TCP: <xxx> and one TCP:<xxx:yyy>.</xxx:yyy></xxx>	

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format: <Firewall\_Config\_ua="na">NO\_ICMP\_PING</Firewall\_Config>

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Configure the Cipher List**

You can specify the cipher suites that the phone TLS applications use. The specified cipher list applies to all the applications that use the TLS protocol. The TLS applications on your phone include:

- Customer CA Provisioning
- E911 Geolocation
- Firmware/Cisco Headset Upgrade
- LDAPS

- LDAP (StartTLS)
- Picture Download
- Logo Download
- Dictionary Download
- Provisioning
- Report Upload
- PRT Upload
- SIP over TLS
- TR-069
- WebSocket API
- XML Services
- XSI Services

You can also specify the cipher suites with the TR-069 parameter

(Device.X\_CISCO\_SecuritySettings.TLSCipherList) or with the the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in the configuration file in this format:

<TLS\_Cipher\_List ua="na">RSA:!aNULL:!eNULL</TLS\_Cipher\_List>

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page, see Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > System.

Step 2 In the Security Settings section, enter the cipher suite or the combination of cipher suites in the TLS Cipher List field.

#### Example:

RSA: ! aNULL: ! eNULL

supports those cipher suites using RSA authentication, but excludes those cipher suites offering no encryption and authentication.

**Note** A valid cipher list must follow the format defined at https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.1.1/man1/ ciphers.html. Your phone doesn't support all the cipher strings listed on the OpenSSL web page. For the supported strings, see Supported Cipher Strings, on page 144.

If the value in the **TLS Cipher List** field is blank or invalid, the cipher suites used vary with applications. See the following list for the suites that the applications use when this field is with a blank or an invalid value.

• Web Server (HTTPS) applications use the following cipher suites:

```
• ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
```

- ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- AES256-SHA
- AES128-SHA
- DES-CBC3-SHA
- XMPP uses the cipher list HIGH: MEDIUM: AES: @STRENGTH.
- SIP, TR-069, and other applications using the curl library use the DEFAULT cipher string. The DEFAULT cipher string contains the following cipher suites that the phone support:

```
DEFAULT Cipher Suites (28 suites):
        ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384
        ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384
        DHE RSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384
        ECDHE ECDSA WITH CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256
        ECDHE RSA WITH CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256
        DHE RSA WITH CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256
        ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
        ECDHE RSA WITH AES 128 GCM SHA256
        DHE RSA WITH AES 128 GCM SHA256
        ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA384
        ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA384
        DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256
        ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
        ECDHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256
        DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
        ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA
        ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA
        DHE RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA
        ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
        ECDHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA
        DHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA
        RSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384
        RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
        RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256
        RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256
        RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
        RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA
        EMPTY RENEGOTIATION INFO SCSV
```

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Supported Cipher Strings**

The supported cipher strings listed following is based on the OpenSSL 1.1.1d standards.

Table 13: Supported Cipher Strings (OpenSSL 1.1.1d)

Strings	Strings	Strings
DEFAULT	kECDHE, KEECDH	CAMELLIA128, CAMELLIA256, CAMELLIA
COMPLEMENTOFDEFAULT	ECDHE, EECDH	CHACHA20

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Strings	Strings	Strings
ALL	ECDH	SEED
COMPLEMENTOFALL	AECDH	MD5
HIGH	aRSA	SHA1, SHA
MEDIUM	aDSS, DSS	SHA256, SHA384
eNULL, NULL	aECDSA, ECDSA	SUITEB128, SUITEB128ONLY, SUITEB192
aNULL	TLSv1.2, TLSv1, SSLv3	
kRSA, RSA	AES128, AES256, AES	
kDHE, kEDH, DH	AESGCM	
DHE, EDH	AESCCM, AESCCM8	
ADH	ARIA128, ARIA256, ARIA	

## **Enable Hostname Verification for SIP over TLS**

You can enable increased phone security on a phone line if you use TLS. The phone line can verify the hostname to determine if the connection is secure.

Over a TLS connection, the phone can verify the hostname to check the server identity. The phone can check both the Subject Alternative Name (SAN) and the Subject Common Name (CN). If the hostname on the valid certificate matches the hostname that is used to communicate with the server, the TLS connection establishes. Otherwise, the TLS connection fails.

The phone always verifies the hostname for the following applications:

- LDAPS
- LDAP (StartTLS)
- XMPP
- Image upgrade over HTTPS
- XSI over HTTPS
- File download over HTTPS
- TR-069

When a phone line transports SIP messages over TLS, you can configure the line to enable or bypass the hostname verification with the **TLS Name Validate** field on the **Ext(n)** tab.

### Before you begin

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

• On the **Ext(n)** tab, set **SIP Transport** to **TLS**.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Go to Voice > Ext(n).

**Step 2** In the **Proxy and Registration** section, set the **TLS Name Validate** field to **Yes** to enable the hostname verification, or **No** to bypass the hostname verification.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format: <TLS\_Name\_Validate\_1\_ ua="na">Yes</TLS\_Name\_Validate\_1\_>

The allowed values are Yes or No. The default setting is Yes.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# Enable Client-Initiated Mode for Media Plane Security Negotiations

To protect media sessions, you can configure the phone to initiate media plane security negotiations with the server. The security mechanism follows the standards stated in RFC 3329 and its extension draft *Security Mechanism Names for Media* (See https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-dawes-sipcore-mediasec-parameter-08#ref-2). The transport of negotiations between the phone and the server can use SIP protocol over UDP, TCP, and TLS. You can limit that media plane security negotiation is applied only when the signaling transport protocol is TLS.

You can also configure the parameters in the configuration file (cfg.xml). To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Media Plane Security Negotiation, on page 147.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

Step 1	Select	Voice >	Ext	( <b>n</b> ).
--------	--------	---------	-----	---------------

- **Step 2** In the **SIP Settings** section, set the **MediaSec Request** and **MediaSec Over TLS Only** field as defined in Parameters for Media Plane Security Negotiation, on page 147
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Parameters for Media Plane Security Negotiation**

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters for media plane security negotiation in the **SIP Settings** section under the **Voice**> **Ext** (**n**) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Tahla	11. Paramotore	for Modia	Plana Sacurit	v Nonotistion
lavie	14. Falameters	IUI IVIEUIA	Fiane Securit	y iveyolialioii

Parameter	Description
MediaSec Request	Specifies whether the phone initiates media plane security negotiations with the server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<mediasec_request_1_ ua="na">Yes</mediasec_request_1_>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> as needed.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	• <b>Yes</b> —Client-initiated Mode. The phone initiates media plane security negotiations.
	• No—Server-initiated Mode. The server initiates media plane security negotiations. The phone doesn't initiate negotiations, but can handle negotiation requests from the server to establish secure calls.
	Default: No
MediaSec Over TLS Only	Specifies the signaling transport protocol over which media plane security negotiation is applied.
	Before setting this field to <b>Yes</b> , ensure that the signaling transport protocol is TLS.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<mediasec_over_tls_only_1_ ua="na">No</mediasec_over_tls_only_1_>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> as needed.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	• <b>Yes</b> —The phone initiates or handles media plane security negotiations only when the signaling transport protocol is TLS.
	• No—The phone initiates and handles media plane security negotiations regardless of the signaling transport protocol.
	Default: No

## 802.1X Authentication

Cisco IP Phones use Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) to identify the LAN switch and determine parameters such as VLAN allocation and inline power requirements. CDP does not identify locally attached workstations. Cisco IP Phones provide an EAPOL pass-through mechanism. This mechanism allows a workstation attached to the Cisco IP Phone to pass EAPOL messages to the 802.1X authenticator at the LAN switch. The pass-through mechanism ensures that the IP phone does not act as the LAN switch to authenticate a data endpoint before accessing the network.

Cisco IP Phones also provide a proxy EAPOL Logoff mechanism. In the event that the locally attached PC disconnects from the IP phone, the LAN switch does not see the physical link fail, because the link between the LAN switch and the IP phone is maintained. To avoid compromising network integrity, the IP phone sends an EAPOL-Logoff message to the switch on behalf of the downstream PC, which triggers the LAN switch to clear the authentication entry for the downstream PC.

Support for 802.1X authentication requires several components:

- Cisco IP Phone: The phone initiates the request to access the network. Cisco IP Phones contain an 802.1X supplicant. This supplicant allows network administrators to control the connectivity of IP phones to the LAN switch ports. The current release of the phone 802.1X supplicant uses the EAP-FAST and EAP-TLS options for network authentication.
- Cisco Secure Access Control Server (ACS) (or other third-party authentication server): The authentication server and the phone must both be configured with a shared secret that authenticates the phone.
- A LAN switch supporting 802.1X: The switch acts as the authenticator and pass the messages between the phone and the authentication server. After the exchange completes, the switch grants or denies the phone access to the network.

You must perform the following actions to configure 802.1X.

- Configure the other components before you enable 802.1X Authentication on the phone.
- Configure PC Port: The 802.1X standard does not consider VLANs and thus recommends that only a single device should be authenticated to a specific switch port. However, some switches support multidomain authentication. The switch configuration determines whether you can connect a PC to the PC port of the phone.
  - Yes: If you are using a switch that supports multidomain authentication, you can enable the PC port and connect a PC to it. In this case, Cisco IP Phones support proxy EAPOL-Logoff to monitor the authentication exchanges between the switch and the attached PC.
  - No: If the switch does not support multiple 802.1X-compliant devices on the same port, you should disable the PC Port when 802.1X authentication is enabled. If you do not disable this port and subsequently attempt to attach a PC to it, the switch denies network access to both the phone and the PC.
- Configure Voice VLAN: Because the 802.1X standard does not account for VLANs, you should configure this setting based on the switch support.
  - Enabled: If you are using a switch that supports multidomain authentication, you can continue to use the voice VLAN.

• Disabled: If the switch does not support multidomain authentication, disable the Voice VLAN and consider assigning the port to the native VLAN.

### **Enable 802.1X Authentication**

You can enable 802.1X authentication on the phone. When 802.1X authentication is enabled, the phone uses 802.1X authentication to request network access. When 802.1X authentication is turned off, the phone uses CDP to acquire VLAN and network access. You can also view the transaction status on the phone screen menu.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Perform one of the following actions to enable 802.1X authentication:

- In the phone web interface, select Voice > System and set the Enable 802.1X Authentication field to Yes. Then, click Submit All Changes.
- In the configuration file (cfg.xml), entering a string in this format:

<Enable\_802.1X\_Authentication ua="rw">Yes</Enable\_802.1X\_Authentication>

• On the phone, press Applications > Network configuration > Ethernet configuration > 802.1X authentication. Then, toggle the Device authentication field to On with the Select button and press Submit.

**Step 2** (Optional)Select **Transaction status** to view the following:

- Transaction status: Displays the state of 802.1x authentication. The state can be
  - Authenticating: Indicates that the authentication process is in progress.
  - Authenticated: Indicates that the phone is authenticated.
  - Disabled: Indicates that 802.1x authentication is disabled on the phone.
- **Protocol**: Displays the EAP method that is used for 802.1x authentication. The protocol can be EAP-FAST or EAP-TLS.
- **Step 3** Press **Back** to exit the menu.

## Set Up a Proxy Server

You can configure the phone to use a proxy server to enhance security. A proxy server acts as a firewall between the phone and Internet. After successful configuration, the phone connects to Internet through the proxy server which protects the phone from cyber attack.

You can set up a proxy server by either using an automatic configuration script or manually configuring the host server (hostname or IP address) and port of the proxy server.

When configured, the HTTP proxy feature applies to all the applications that use the HTTP protocol. The applications include the following:

- GDS (Activation Code Onboarding)
- EDOS Device Activation
- Onboarding to Webex Cloud (via EDOS and GDS)
- Certificate Authentication
- Provisioning
- Firmware Upgrade
- Phone Status Report
- PRT Upload
- XSI Services
- Webex Services

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

### Step 1 Select Voice > System.

- **Step 2** In the section **HTTP Proxy Settings**, configure the parameter **Proxy Mode** and others according to your requirement. Detailed procedures are provided in the following steps.
- **Step 3** Do one of the following actions:
  - Proxy Mode is Auto:
    - If Use Auto Discovery (WPAD) is Yes, no further action is required. The phone will automatically retrieve a Proxy Auto-Configuration (PAC) file by the Web Proxy Auto-Discovery (WPAD) protocol.
    - If Use Auto Discovery (WPAD) is No, enter a valid URL in PAC URL.
  - Proxy Mode is Manual:
    - If **Proxy Server Requires Authentication** is **No**, enter a proxy server in **Proxy Host** and a proxy port in **Proxy Port**.
    - If **Proxy Server Requires Authentication** is **Yes**, enter a proxy server in **Proxy Host** and a proxy port in **Proxy Port**. And enter a username in **Username** and a password in **Password**.
  - Proxy Mode is Off, the HTTP proxy feature is disabled on the phone.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for HTTP Proxy Settings, on page 151.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Parameters for HTTP Proxy Settings**

The following table defines the function and usage of the HTTP proxy parameters in the **HTTP Proxy Settings** section under the **Voice** > **System** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Parameter	Description and Default Value
Proxy Mode	Specifies the HTTP proxy mode that the phone uses, or disables the HTTP proxy feature.
	• Auto
	The phone automatically retrieves a Proxy Auto-Configuration (PAC) file to select a proxy server. In this mode, you can determine whether to use Web Proxy Auto-Discovery (WPAD) protocol to retrieve a PAC file or manually enter a valid URL of the PAC file.
	For details about the parameters, see Use Auto Discovery (WPAD) and PAC URL.
	• Manual
	You must manually specify a server (hostname or IP address) and a port of a proxy server.
	For details about the parameters, see Proxy Host and Proxy Port.
	• Off
	You disable the HTTP proxy feature on the phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<proxy_mode ua="rw">Off</proxy_mode>
	• On the phone web interface, select a proxy mode or disable the feature.
	Allowed values: Auto, Manual, and Off
	Default: Off

### Table 15: Parameters for HTTP Proxy Settings

Parameter	Description and Default Value
Use Auto Discovery (WPAD)	Determines whether the phone uses the Web Proxy Auto-Discovery (WPAD) protocol to retrieve a PAC file.
	WPAD protocol uses DHCP or DNS, or both network protocols to locate a Proxy Auto-Configuration (PAC) file automatically. PAC file is used to select a proxy server for a given URL. This file can be hosted locally or on a network.
	• The parameter configuration takes effect when <b>Proxy Mode</b> is set to <b>Auto</b> .
	• If you set the parameter to No, you must specify a PAC URL.
	For details about the parameter, see PAC URL.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<use_auto_discoverywpad_ ua="rw">Yes</use_auto_discoverywpad_>
	• On the phone web interface, select Yes or No as needed.
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: Yes
PAC URL	URL of a PAC file.
	For example, http://proxy.department.branch.example.com
	TFTP, HTTP, and HTTPS are supported.
	If you set the <b>Proxy Mode</b> to <b>Auto</b> and <b>Use Auto Discovery (WPAD)</b> to <b>No</b> , you must configure this parameter.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<pac_url ua="rw"&gt;http://proxy.department.branch.example.com/pac</pac_url 
	• On the phone web interface, enter a valid URL that locates to a PAC file.
	Default: Empty

Parameter	Description and Default Value
Proxy Host	IP address or hostname of the proxy host server for the phone to access. For example:
	proxy.example.com
	The scheme (http:// or https://) is not required.
	If you set the <b>Proxy Mode</b> to <b>Manual</b> , you must configure this parameter.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<proxy_host ua="rw">proxy.example.com</proxy_host>
	• On the phone web interface, enter an IP address or hostname of the proxy server.
	Default: Empty
Proxy Port	Port number of the proxy host server.
	If you set the <b>Proxy Mode</b> to <b>Manual</b> , you must configure this parameter.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<proxy_port ua="rw">3128</proxy_port>
	• On the phone web interface, enter a server port.
	Default: 3128
Proxy Server Requires Authentication	Determines whether the user needs to provide the authentication credentials (username and password) that the proxy server requires. This parameter is configured according to the actual behaviour of the proxy server.
	If you set the parameter to Yes, you must configure Username and Password.
	For details about the parameters, see Username and Password.
	The parameter configuration takes effect when <b>Proxy Mode</b> is set to <b>Manual</b> .
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<proxy_server_requires_authentication ua="rw"&gt;No</proxy_server_requires_authentication 
	• On the phone web interface, set this field Yes or No as needed.
	Allowed values: Yes and No
	Default: No

Parameter	Description and Default Value
Username	Username for a credential user on the proxy server.
	If <b>Proxy Mode</b> is set to <b>Manual</b> and <b>Proxy Server Requires Authentication</b> is set to <b>Yes</b> , you must configure the parameter.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<proxy_username ua="rw">Example</proxy_username>
	• On the phone web interface, enter the username.
	Default: Empty
Password	Password of the specified username for the proxy authentication purpose.
	If <b>Proxy Mode</b> is set to <b>Manual</b> and <b>Proxy Server Requires Authentication</b> is set to <b>Yes</b> , you must configure the parameter.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<proxy_password ua="rw">Example</proxy_password>
	• On the phone web interface, enter a valid password for the proxy authentication of the user.
	Default: Empty

# **Enable FIPS Mode**

You can make a phone Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) compliant.

FIPS are a set of standards that describe document processing, encryption algorithms, and other information technology standards for use within non-military government and by government contractors and vendors who work with the agencies. OpenSSL FOM (FIPS Object Module) is a carefully defined software component and designed for compatibility with the OpenSSL library, so products using the OpenSSL library and API can be converted to use FIPS 140-2 validated cryptography with minimal effort.

FIPS mode has limitations:

- TR069 is Disabled
- HTTP Digest Authentication is Disabled

### Before you begin

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > System.
- Step 2 In the Security Settings section, choose Yes or No from FIPS Mode parameter.

When you fail to enable FIPS mode, a security error message appears on the phone and the phone needs a restart.

Also, the phone displays a FIPS related error message in the **Status messages** screen when enabling FIPS mode fails.

### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

When you enable FIPS, the following features work seamlessly on the phone:

Image authentication	PRT upload	One Button to Join (OBTJ)
Secure storage	Firmware upgrade	SIP over TLS
Config file encryption	Profile resync	SRTP
802.1x	Onboard service	SIP digest (RFC 8760)
HTTPs server	Webex on-boarding, Webex call logs, Webex directory	Http Proxy

## **Cisco Product Security Overview**

This product contains cryptographic features and is subject to U.S. and local country laws that govern import, export, transfer, and use. Delivery of Cisco cryptographic products does not imply third-party authority to import, export, distribute, or use encryption. Importers, exporters, distributors, and users are responsible for compliance with U.S. and local country laws. By using this product, you agree to comply with applicable laws and regulations. If you are unable to comply with U.S. and local laws, return this product immediately.

Further information regarding U.S. export regulations can be found at https://www.bis.doc.gov/policiesandregulations/ear/index.htm.



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# **Phone Features and Setup Overview**

After you install Cisco IP Phones in your network, configure their network settings, and add them to Third-Party Call Control System, you must use the Third-Party Call Control System to configure telephony features, optionally modify phone templates, set up services, and assign users.

You can modify additional settings for the Cisco IP Phone from Third-Party Call Control Configuration Utility. Use this web-based application to set up phone registration criteria and calling search spaces, to configure corporate directories and services, and to modify phone button templates, among other tasks.

## **Cisco IP Phone User Support**

If you are a system administrator, you are likely the primary source of information for Cisco IP Phone users in your network or company. It is important to provide current and thorough information to end users.

To successfully use some of the features on the Cisco IP Phone (including Services and voice message system options), users must receive information from you or from your network team or must be able to contact you for assistance. Make sure to provide users with the names of people to contact for assistance and with instructions for contacting those people.

We recommend that you create a web page on your internal support site that provides end users with important information about their Cisco IP Phones.

Consider including the following types of information on this site:

- User guides for all Cisco IP Phone models that you support
- Information on how to access the Cisco Unified Communications Self Care Portal
- List of features supported
- User guide or quick reference for your voicemail system

# **Telephony Features**

After you add Cisco IP Phones to Third-Party Call Control system, you can add functionality to the phones. The following table includes a list of supported telephony features, many of which you can configure by using Third-Party Call Control system.



**Note** The Third-Party Call Control system also provides several service parameters that you can use to configure various telephony functions.

Feature	Description and More Information
AES 256 Encryption Support for Phones	Enhances security by supporting TLS 1.2 and new ciphers.
Any Call Pickup	Allows users to pick up a call on any line in their call pickup group, regardless of how the call was routed to the phone.
Assisted Directed Call Park	Enables users to park a call by pressing only one button using the Direct Park feature. Administrators must configure a Busy Lamp Field (BLF) Assisted Directed Call Park button. When users press an idle BLF Assisted Directed Call Park button for an active call, the active call is parked at the Direct Park slot associated with the Assisted Directed Call Park button.
Audio Settings	Configures audio settings for the phone speaker, the handset, and the headsets that are connected to the phone.
Auto Answer	Connects incoming calls automatically after a ring or two.
	Auto Answer works with the speakerphone.
Call Back	Provides users with an audio and visual alert on the phone when a busy or unavailable party becomes available.
Call Display Restrictions	Determines the information that will display for calling or connected lines, depending on the parties who are involved in the call. RPID and PAID caller id handling are supported.
Call Forward	Allows users to redirect incoming calls to another number. Call Forward services include Call Forward All, Call Forward Busy, Call Forward No Answer.
Call Forward Destination Override	Allows you to override Call Forward All (CFA) in cases where the CFA target places a call to the CFA initiator. This feature allows the CFA target to reach the CFA initiator for important calls. The override works whether the CFA target phone number is internal or external.
Call Forward Notification	Allows you to configure the information that the user sees when receiving a forwarded call.

Feature	Description and More Information
Call History for Shared Line	Allows you to view shared line activity in the phone Call History. This feature:
	Logs missed calls for a shared line.
	• Logs all answered and placed calls for a shared line.
Call Park	Allows users to park (temporarily store) a call and then retrieve the call by using another phone.
Call Pickup	Allows users to redirect a call that is ringing on another phone within their pickup group to their phone.
	You can configure an audio and visual alert for the primary line on the phone. This alert notifies the users that a call is ringing in their pickup group.
Call Waiting	Indicates (and allows users to answer) an incoming call that rings while on another call. Incoming call information appears on the phone display.
Caller ID	Caller identification such as a phone number, name, or other descriptive text appear on the phone display.
Caller ID Blocking	Allows a user to block their phone number or name from phones that have caller identification enabled.
Calling Party Normalization	Calling party normalization presents phone calls to the user with a dialable phone number. Any escape codes are added to the number so that the user can easily connect to the caller again. The dialable number is saved in the call history and can be saved in the Personal Address Book.
Cisco Extension Mobility	Allows users to temporarily access their Cisco IP Phone configuration such as line appearances, services, and speed dials from shared Cisco IP Phone by logging into the Cisco Extension Mobility service on that phone when they log into the Cisco Extension Mobility service on that phone.
	Cisco Extension Mobility can be useful if users work from a variety of locations within your company or if they share a workspace with coworkers.
Cisco Extension Mobility Cross Cluster (EMCC)	Enables a user configured in one cluster to log into a Cisco IP Phone in another cluster. Users from a home cluster log into a Cisco IP Phone at a visiting cluster.
	<b>Note</b> Configure Cisco Extension Mobility on Cisco IP Phones before you configure EMCC.
Cisco WebDialer	Allows users to make calls from web and desktop applications.
Classic Ringtone	Supports narrowband and wideband ringtones. The feature makes the available ringtones common with other Cisco IP Phones.
Client Matter Code (CMC)	Enables a user to specify that a call relates to a specific client matter.
Feature	Description and More Information
---	--
Conference	Allows a user to talk simultaneously with multiple parties by calling each participant individually.
	Allows a noninitiator in a standard (adhoc) conference to add or remove participants; also allows any conference participant to join together two standard conferences on the same line.
	<b>Note</b> Be sure to inform your users whether these features are activated.
Configurable RTP/sRTP Port Range	Provides a configurable port range (Port Min to Port Max) for Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP) and secure Real-Time Transport Protocol (sRTP).
	The value range for the Port Min and Port Max is 2048 to 49151.
	The default RTP and sRTP port range is 16384 to 16482.
	<b>Note</b> If the value range (Port Max - Port Min) is less than 16 or you use an incorrect port range, the port range (16382 to 32766) is used instead.
	You configure the RTP and sRTP port range in the SIP Profile.
Contacts Management of the BroadSoft Personal Directory on the Phone	Provides the user with the ability to add, edit, and delete in the BroadSoft Personal directory. Allows the user to add contacts from recent calls or any types of directories (if enabled).
	In addition administrator can set the BroadSoft Personal directory as the target directory to store new contacts.
CTI Applications	A computer telephony integration (CTI) route point can designate a virtual device to receive multiple, simultaneous calls for application-controlled redirection.
Device Invoked Recording	Provides end users with the ability to record their telephone calls via a softkey.
	In addition administrators may continue to record telephone calls via the CTI User Interface.
Directed Call Park	Allows a user to transfer an active call to an available directed call park number that the user dials or speed dials. A Call Park BLF button indicates whether a directed call park number is occupied and provides speed-dial access to the directed call park number.
	<b>Note</b> If you implement Directed Call Park, avoid configuring the Park softkey. This prevents users from confusing the two Call Park features.
Directed Call Pickup	Allows a user to pick up a ringing call on a DN directly by pressing the GPickUp softkey and entering the directory number of the device that is ringing.
Divert	Allows a user to transfer a ringing, connected, or held call directly to a voice-messaging system. When a call is diverted, the line becomes available to make or receive new calls.
Do Not Disturb (DND)	When DND is turned on, either no audible rings occur during the ringing-in state of a call, or no audible or visual notifications of any type occur.

Feature	Description and More Information
DND and Call Forward Indication on Non-selected Line Key	Displays the DND and call forward icons next the to the line key label. The line key should be enabled with feature key sync. The line key should also be enabled with DND or call forward.
Emergency Calls	Enables users to make emergency calls. The emergency services receive the phone's location and a call-back number, to use when the emergency call unexpectedly disconnects.
EnergyWise	Enables an IP Phone to sleep (power down) and wake (power up) at predetermined times, to promote energy savings.
Enhanced Secure Extension Mobility Cross Cluster (EMCC)	Improves the Secure Extension Mobility Cross Cluster (EMCC) feature by preserving the network and security configurations on the login phone. By so doing, security policies are maintained, network bandwidth is preserved and network failure is avoided within the visiting cluster (VC).
Extension Mobility Size Safe and Feature Safe	With Feature Safe, your phone can use any phone button template that has the same number of line buttons that the phone model supports.
	Size Safe allows your phone to use any phone button template that is configured on the system.
Forced Authorization Code (FAC)	Controls the types of calls that certain users can place.
Feature Activation Code	Allows a user to enable, disable, or configure the Call Forward All service.
Group Call Pickup	Allows a user to answer a call that is ringing on a directory number in another group.
Hold Status	Enables phones with a shared line to distinguish between the local and remote lines that placed a call on hold.
Hold/Resume	Allows the user to move a connected call from an active state to a held state.
	• No configurations are required unless you want to use Music On Hold. See "Music On Hold" in this table.
	• See "Hold Reversion" in this table.
HTTP Download	Enhances the file download process to the phone to use HTTP by default. If the HTTP download fails, the phone reverts to using the TFTP download.
HTTP Proxy	Allows you to set up a proxy server for the phone.
HTTPS for Phone Services	Increases security by requiring communication using HTTPS.
	<b>Note</b> When the web is in HTTPS mode, the phone is an HTTPS server.
Improve Caller Name and Number Display	Improves the display of caller names and numbers. If the Caller Name is known, then the Caller Number is displayed instead of Unknown.
IPv6 Support	Provides support for expanded IP addressing on Cisco IP Phones. IPv6 support is provided in standalone or in dual-stack configurations. In dual-stack mode, the phone is able to communicate using IPv4 and IPv6 simultaneously, independent of the content.

Feature	Description and More Information
Jitter Buffer	The Jitter Buffer feature handles jitter from 10 milliseconds (ms) to 1000 ms for both audio and video streams.
Join Across Lines	Allows users to combine calls that are on multiple phone lines to create a conference call.
	Some JTAPI/TAPI applications are not compatible with the Join and Direct Transfer feature implementation on the Cisco IP Phone and you may need to configure the Join and Direct Transfer Policy to disable join and direct transfer on the same line or possibly across lines.
Join	Allows users to combine two calls that are on one line to create a conference call and remain on the call.
Line Display Enhancement	Improves Call Display by removing the central dividing line when it is not required. This feature applies to the Cisco IP Phone 7841 only.
Log out of hunt groups	Allows users to log out of a hunt group and temporarily block calls from ringing their phone when they are not available to take calls. Logging out of hunt groups does not prevent nonhunt group calls from ringing their phone.
Malicious Caller Identification (MCID)	Allows users to notify the system administrator about suspicious calls that are received.
Meet Me Conference	Allows a user to host a Meet Me conference in which other participants call a predetermined number at a scheduled time.
Message Waiting	Defines directory numbers for message waiting on and off indicators. A directly-connected voice-message system uses the specified directory number to set or to clear a message waiting indication for a particular Cisco IP Phone.
Message Waiting Indicator	When you have a message, a message displays on the phone screen. Your phone also provides an audible message waiting indicator.
Minimum Ring Volume	Sets a minimum ringer volume level for an IP phone.
Missed Call Logging	Allows a user to specify whether missed calls will be logged in the missed calls directory for a given line appearance.
Mobile Connect	Enables users to manage business calls using a single phone number and pick up in-progress calls on the desk phone and a remote device such as a mobile phone. Users can restrict the group of callers according to phone number and time of day.
Mobile Voice Access	Extends Mobile Connect capabilities by allowing users to access an interactive voice response (IVR) system to originate a call from a remote device such as a cellular phone.

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Feature	Description and More Information	
Monitoring and Recording	Allows a supervisor to silently monitor an active call. The supervisor cannot be heard by either party on the call. The user might hear a monitoring audible alert tone during a call when it is being monitored.	
	When a call is secured, the security status of the call is displayed as a lock icon on Cisco IP Phones. The connected parties might also hear an audible alert tone that indicates the call is secured and is being monitored.	
	<b>Note</b> When an active call is being monitored or recorded, the use can receive or place intercom calls; however, if the user place an intercom call, the active call will be put on hold, which causes the recording session to terminate and the monitoring session to suspend. To resume the monitoring session, the party whose call is being monitored must resume the call.	
Multiple Calls Per Line Appearance	Each line can support multiple calls. By default, the phone supports two active calls per line, and a maximum of ten active calls per line. Only one call can be connected at any time; other calls are automatically placed on hold.	
	The system allows you to configure maximum calls/busy trigger not more than 10/6. Any configuration more than 10/6 is not officially supported.	
Music On Hold	Plays music while callers are on hold.	
Mute	Mutes the phone microphone.	
No Alert Name	Makes it easier for end users to identify transferred calls by displaying the original caller's phone number. The call appears as an Alert Call followed by the caller's telephone number.	
Onhook Dialing	Allows a user to dial a number without going off hook. The user can then either pick up the handset or press Dial.	
Other Group Pickup	Allows a user to answer a call ringing on a phone in another group that is associated with the user's group.	
Pause in Speed Dial	Users can set up the speed-dial feature to reach destinations that require Forced Authorization Code (FAC) or Client Matter Code (CMC), dialing pauses, and additional digits (such as a user extension, a meeting access code, or a voicemail PIN) without manual intervention. When the user presses the speed dial, the phone establishes the call to the specified DN and sends the specified FAC, CMC, and DTMF digits to the destination and inserts the necessary dialing pauses.	

Feature	Description and More Information
Peer Firmware Sharing (PFS)	Allows IP Phones located at remote sites to share the firmware files amongst them, which saves bandwidth when the upgrade process takes place. This feature uses Cisco Peer-to-Peer-Distribution Protocol (CPPDP) which is a Cisco proprietary protocol used to form a peer-to-peer hierarchy of devices. CPPDP is also used to copy firmware or other files from peer devices to the neighbouring devices.
	PFS aids in firmware upgrades in branch/remote office deployment scenarios that run over bandwidth-limited WAN links.
	Provides the following advantages over the traditional upgrade method:
	• Limits congestion on TFTP transfers to centralized remote TFTP servers
	• Eliminates the need to manually control firmware upgrades
	• Reduces phone downtime during upgrades when large numbers of devices are reset simultaneously
	The more the number of IP phones, the better it's performance compared to the traditional firmware upgrade method.
PLK Support for Queue Statistics	The PLK Support for Queue Statistics feature enables the users to query the call queue statistics for hunt pilots and the information appears on phone screen.
Plus Dialing	Allows the user to dial E.164 numbers prefixed with a plus (+) sign.
	To dial the + sign, the user needs to press and hold the star (*) key for at least 1 second. This applies to dialing the first digit for an on-hook (including edit mode) or off-hook call.
Power Negotiation over LLDP	Allows the phone to negotiate power using Link Level Endpoint Discovery Protocol (LLDP) and Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP).
Quality Reporting Tool (QRT)	Allows users to submit information about problem phone calls by pressing a button. QRT can be configured for either of two user modes, depending upon the amount of user interaction desired with QRT.
Redial	Allows users to call the most recently dialed phone number by pressing a button or the Redial softkey.
Ringtone Setting	Identifies ring type used for a line when a phone has another active call.
Reverse Name Lookup	Identifies the caller name using the incoming or outgoing call number. You must configure either the LDAP Directory or the XML directory. You can enable or disable the reverse name lookup using the phone administration web page.
RTCP Hold For SIP	Ensures that held calls are not dropped by the gateway. The gateway checks the status of the RTCP port to determine if a call is active or not. By keeping the phone port open, the gateway will not end held calls.

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Feature	Description and More Information
Secure Conference	Allows secure phones to place conference calls using a secured conference bridge. As new participants are added by using Confrn, Join, cBarge softkeys or MeetMe conferencing, the secure call icon displays as long as all participants use secure phones.
	The Conference List displays the security level of each conference participant. Initiators can remove nonsecure participants from the Conference List. Noninitiators can add or remove conference participants if the Advanced Ad hoc Conference Enabled parameter is set.
Serviceability for SIP Endpoints	Enables administrators to quickly and easily gather debug information from phones.
Shared Line	Allows a user with multiple phones to share the same phone number or allows a user to share a phone number with a coworker.
Show Caller Name and Caller Number	The phones can display both the caller name and caller number for incoming calls. The phone screen size limits the length of the caller name and the caller number that display.
	If boxes are displayed in the caller name, follow the procedure in Display Caller Number Instead of Unresolved Caller Name, on page 238.
	This feature applies to the incoming call alert only and doesn't change the Call Forward and Hunt Group features.
	See "Caller ID" in this table.
Show Product Configuration Version	Allows you to customize the product configuration version that shows on the phone screen <b>Product information</b> .
Show Duration for Call History	Displays the time duration of placed and received calls in the Call History details.
	If the duration is greater than or equal to one hour, the time is displayed in the Hour, Minute, Second (HH:MM:SS) format.
	If the duration is less than one hour, the time is displayed in the Minute, Second (MM:SS) format.
	If the duration is less than one minute, the time is displayed in the Second (SS) format.
Silence Incoming Call	Allows you to silence an incoming call by pressing <b>Ignore</b> softkey or by pressing the volume button down.
Speed Dial	Dials a specified number that has been previously stored.
Synchronization of Call Waiting and Anonymous Call Rejection	Allows you to enable or disable synchronization of the Call Waiting and Anonymous Call Rejection functions between a specific line and a BroadSoft XSI server.
Time Zone Update	Updates the Cisco IP Phone with time zone changes.
Transfer	Allows users to redirect connected calls from their phones to another number.
	Some JTAPI/TAPI applications are not compatible with the Join and Direct Transfer feature implementation on the Cisco IP Phone and you may need to configure the Join and Direct Transfer Policy to disable join and direct transfer on the same line or possibly across lines.
Voice Message System	Enables callers to leave messages if calls are unanswered.

Feature	Description and More Information
Web Access Enable by Default	Web services are enabled by default.
XSI call logs display	Allows you to configure a phone to display recent call logs from either the BroadWorks server or the local phone. After you enable the feature, the <b>Recents</b> screen has a <b>Display recents from</b> menu and the user can choose the XSI call logs or the local call logs.

# **Feature Buttons and Softkeys**

The following table provides information about features that are available on softkeys, features that are available on dedicated feature buttons, and features that you need to configure as programmable feature buttons. A "Supported" entry in the table indicates that the feature is supported for the corresponding button type or softkey. Of the two button types and softkeys, only programmable feature buttons require configuration in the web interface or in the configuration file (cfg.xml).

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 7832 Multiplatform Phones doesn't have programmable feature buttons.



Note

Note The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Multiplatform Phones doesn't have programmable feature buttons.

Feature Name	Dedicated Feature Button	Softkey
Answer	Not supported	Supported
Call Forward All	Not supported	Supported
Call Forward Busy	Not supported	Supported
Call Forward No Answer	Not supported	Supported
Call Park	Not supported	Supported
Call Pickup (Pick Up)	Not supported	Supported
Category	Not supported	Supported
Conference	Not supported	Supported (only displayed during connected call conference scenario)
Divert	Not supported	Supported
Do Not Disturb	Not supported	Supported
Hold	Not supported	Supported

Table	16:	Features	with	Corres	oondina	Buttons	and Softkevs

Feature Name	Dedicated Feature Button	Softkey
Mute	Supported	Not supported
Redial	Not supported Supported	
Speed Dial	Not supported	Supported
Transfer	Not supported	Supported (only displayed during connected call transfer scenario)

# **Assign a Speed Dial Number**

You can configure speed dials on the phone with the web interface. The user can see the configured speed dials on the phone and can use the speed dial number to call the corresponding contact.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > User.

**Step 2** In the **Speed Dial** section, enter a name in **Speed Dial** (n) **Name** and the number in **Speed Dial** (n) **Number** that corresponds to the speed dial entry.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. The speed dial parameters are line-specific. Enter a string in the format

<Speed\_Dial\_1\_Name ua="rw">John Wood</Speed\_Dial\_1\_Name>
<Speed\_Dial\_1\_Number\_ua="rw">12345678</Speed\_Dial\_1\_Number>

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **DTMF Wait and Pause Parameters**

Speed dial, directory, extended function, and other strings configured in the phone can include *wait* ( $\mathbf{X}$ ) and *pause* (,) characters. These characters that allow manual and automatic DTMF (Dual-Tone Multi-Frequency) signal transmission.

You can add the wait and pause character with speed-dial, extended function, or directory strings in the format:

{Dial\_String}[ ][,|X][DTMF\_string][,|X][DTMF\_string]

where:

• Dial\_String —is the number that the user is trying to reach. For example, 8537777 or 14088537777.

- [](space)—is a dial termination character that defines or delimits the end of the dial string. The space is mandatory. If the phone encounters an X or a comma (,) before the space, the characters are treated as part of dial string.
- •, (comma)—is a 2-second pause that is inserted for each comma in the string.
- X (wait)-indicates that the phone is waits for user input and acknowledgement.

When the user manually enters the DTMF signal with the key pad, the user sees a message to acknowledge that the transmission of the manual entry is complete. On confirmation, the phone sends any DTMF signals defined by the *DTMF\_string*. The phone executes the next parameter. If there are no more parameters in the dial string to execute, the phone exits to the main screen.

The wait prompt window does not disappear until the user confirms the wait prompt or the call is ended either by the user or ended by the remote device.

• DTMF\_string—is the DTMF signals that a user sends to a remote device after the call is connected. The phone cannot send signals other than valid DTMF signals.

### Example:

### 18887225555,,5552X2222

A speed dial entry triggers the phone to dial 18887225555. The space indicates the end of the dial string. The phone waits 4 seconds (2 commas), and then sends the DTMF signals 5552.

A message is displayed, prompting the user to manually enter digits. When the user finishes dialing the digits, the user presses **OK** to confirm the manual input is complete. The phone sends the DTMF signals 2222.

**Usage Guidelines** 

The maximum length of the string, including the Xs or commas (,), is limited to the length of a speed-dial

When a wait is initiated, the phone displays the home screen and prompts the user to input more digits with the key pad. If this action occurs while the user is editing an entry, the edits might be lost.

If only the first part of a dial string matches a dial plan when the call is dialed, the portion of the dial string that does not match the dial string is ignored. For example:

85377776666,,1,23

If 8537777 matches a dial plan, the characters 6666 are ignored. The phone waits 4 seconds before sending DTMF 1. It then wait 2 seconds and sends DTMF 23.

When logging the call, the phone only logs the dial string; the DTMF strings are not logged.

Valid DTMF signals are 0-9, \*, or #. All other characters are ignored.

A user can transmit digits any time, as long as the call is connected.

entry, dial screen entry, directory entry, and other dialed strings.

### Limitations

When the call is connected and immediately transferred, the phone might not be able to process the DTMF signals. This depends on the length of time that the call is connected before it is transferred.

# **Enable Conference Button with a Star Code**

You can add a star code to the Conference button so that your user can press the button only once to add many active calls to a conference. You can enable this feature from the phone web page.

#### Before you begin

- The phone server must support this feature.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1	Select Voice > Ext(n), where n is an extension number.		
Step 2	In the <b>Call Features Settings</b> section, configure the <b>Conference Single Hardkey</b> and <b>Conference Bridge URL</b> fields as definined in Conference Button Parameters, on page 170.		
	You can also enable the conference button with a xml file. Enter a string in this format:		
	<conference_bridge_url_1_ ua="na">*55</conference_bridge_url_1_>		
	<conference_single_hardkey_1_ ua="na">Yes</conference_single_hardkey_1_>		
Step 3	Click Submit All Changes.		

## **Conference Button Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of the conference button parameters in the **Call Features Settings** section under the **Voice** > **Ext** (**n**) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter. L

Parameter	Description and default value	
Conference Single Hardkey	You can use this field to specify whether to use only the Conferenc button on the key to initiate a conference call. When set to <b>Yes</b> , the user can use only the Conference button to initiate a conference call. The <b>Conf</b> softkey is deactivated. When set to <b>No</b> , the user can use both the Conference button and the <b>Conf</b> softkey.	
	Perform one of the following:	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<conference_single_hardkey_1_ ua="na"&gt;Yes</conference_single_hardkey_1_ 	
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to enable or disable this feature.	
	Allowed values: Yes No	
	Default: No	
Conference Bridge URL	URL used to join a conference call, generally in the form of a dialable number or a URI in this format user@IPaddress:port.	
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:	
	<conference_bridge_url_1_ ua="na">*55</conference_bridge_url_1_>	
	• in the phone web interface, specify the URI or a number as the conference bridge.	
	Default: Empty	

#### Table 17: Conference Button Parameters

# **Configure Alphanumeric Dialing**

You can configure a phone so that the user of the phone can make a call by dialing alphanumeric characters instead of dialing only digits. In the phone web page, you can configure alphanumeric dialing with speed-dial, blf, and call pickup.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

**Step 2** In the **Dial Plan** section, set **Enable URI Dialing** to **Yes** to enable alphanumeric dialing.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). The parameter is line-specific.

<Enable\_URI\_Dialing\_1\_ ua="na">Yes</Enable\_URI\_Dialing\_1\_>

**Step 3** Select **Voice** > **Phone**, you can add a string on a line key in this format to enable speed dial with alphanumeric dialing capability:

fnc=sd;ext=xxxx.yyyy@\$PROXY;nme=yyyy,xxxx

For example:

fnc=sd;ext=first.last@\$PROXY;nme=Last,First

The above example will enable the user to dial "first.last" to make a call.

Note The supported characters that you can use for alphanumeric dialing are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, -, \_, ., and +.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

# Set the Optional Network Configuration

Optional network servers provide resources such as DNS lookup, network time, logging, and device discovery. It also enables you to add PC port mirroring on the user phone. Your user can also enable or disable this service from the phone.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Optional Network Configuration, on page 172.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > System.
- **Step 2** In the **Optional Network Configuration** section, set up the fields as described in Parameters for Optional Network Configuration, on page 172.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Parameters for Optional Network Configuration**

The following table defines the function and usage of the access control parameters in the **Optional Network Configuration** section under the **Voice** > **System** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Parameter	Description and Default Value
Host Name	The hostname of the server that the phone uses.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<host_name ua="rw">serverhost.com</host_name>
	• On the phone web interface, enter the host name of the server to use.
	Default: Empty
Domain	The network domain of the Phone.
	If you're using LDAP, see LDAP Configuration, on page 318.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<domain ua="rw">domainexample.com</domain>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the domain of the phone.
	Default: Empty
DNS Server Order	Specifies the sequence for selecting the DNS server.
	Perform one of the following:
	• Manual, DHCP
	• Manual
	• DHCP, Manual
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<dns_server_order ua="na">Manual,DHCP</dns_server_order>
	• In the phone web interface, specify the order that the phone follows to select the DNS server.
	Allowed values: Manual,DHCP Manual DHCP,Manual
	Default: Manual, DHCP
DNS Query Mode	Specifies the mode of DNS query.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<dns_query_mode ua="na">Parallel</dns_query_mode>
	• In the phone web interface, select the mode of DNS query.
	Allowed values: Parallel Sequential
	Default: Parallel

#### Table 18: Parameters for Optional Network Configuration

Parameter	Description and Default Value
DNS Caching Enable	Enables or disables DNS caching. When enabled, the DNS query results are cached. The phone retrieves the local DNS cache until the local cache is expired. When disabled, the phone always performs DNS queries.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<dns_caching_enable ua="na">Yes</dns_caching_enable>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to enable or disable DNS caching.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: Yes
Switch Port Config	Allows you to select speed and duplex of the network port. Values are:
	• Auto
	• 10 HALF
	• 10 FULL
	• 100 HALF
	• 100 FULL
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<switch_port_config ua="na">AUTO</switch_port_config>
	• On the phone web interface, select the speed for the port or select <b>Auto</b> to allow the system to select the speed.
	Default: Auto
Enable PC Port Mirror	Enables or disables PC Port mirroring on the phone. When set to <b>Yes</b> , you can see the packets on the phone.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<enable_pc_port_mirror ua="na">No</enable_pc_port_mirror>
	• In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to enable or disable PC port mirroring on the phone.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: No
Syslog Server	See System Log Parameters, on page 46.
Syslog identifier	See System Log Parameters, on page 46.

Parameter	Description and Default Value
Primary NTP Server	IP address or name of the primary NTP server used to synchronize its time.
	You can set primary NTP server for both IPv4 and IPv6.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<primary_ntp_server ua="rw">192.168.1.10</primary_ntp_server>
	• In the phone web interface, specify the IP address or host name of the NTP server.
	Default: Blank
Secondary NTP	IP address or name of the secondary NTP server used to synchronize its time.
Server	You can set primary NTP server for both IPv4 and IPv6.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<secondary_ntp_server ua="rw">192.168.1.11</secondary_ntp_server>
	• In the phone web interface, specify the IP address or host name of the NTP server.
	Default: Blank
Use Config TOS	This field controls whether the phone uses the Time of Service (TOS) parameters on the <b>Ext</b> ( <b>n</b> ) tab. Set this field to <b>Yes</b> when you want the phones to use the TOS configuration specified on the <b>Ext</b> ( <b>n</b> ) tab. Otherwise, set this field to <b>No</b> .
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<use_config_tos ua="na">No</use_config_tos>
	• In the phone web interface, select Yes or No as needed.
	Allowed values: Yes No
	Default: No

# **XML Services**

The phones provide support for XML services, such as an XML Directory Service or other XML applications. For XML services, only HTTP and HTTPS support is available.

The following Cisco XML objects are supported:

- CiscoIPPhoneMenu
- CiscoIPPhoneText
- CiscoIPPhoneInput
- CiscoIPPhoneDirectory

- CiscoIPPhoneIconMenu
- CiscoIPPhoneStatus
- CiscoIPPhoneExecute
- CiscoIPPhoneImage
- CiscoIPPhoneImageFile
- CiscoIPPhoneGraphicMenu
- CiscoIPPhoneFileMenu
- CiscoIPPhoneStatusFile
- CiscoIPPhoneResponse
- CiscoIPPhoneError
- CiscoIPPhoneGraphicFileMenu
- Init:CallHistory
- EditDial:n

The full list of supported URIs is contained in *Cisco Unified IP Phone Services Application Development Notes for Cisco Unified Communications Manager and Multiplatform Phones*, located here:

## **XML** Directory Service

When an XML URL requires authentication, use the parameters XML UserName and XML Password.

The parameter XML UserName in XML URL is replaced by \$XML UserName.

For example:

The parameter XML UserName is **cisco**. The XML Directory Service URL is **http://www.sipurash.compath?username=\$XML\_User\_Name**.

This results in the request URL: http://www.sipurash.com/path?username=cisco.

## **Configure a Phone to Connect to an XML Application**

You can also configure the parameters in the configuration file (cfg.xml) as defined in Parameters for XML Applications, on page 177.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

Procedure

**Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.

Step 2	In the XML Service section, configure the XML Application Service Name and XML Application Service URL fields as defined in Parameters for XML Applications, on page 177.
Step 3	(Optional) Specify the username and password to authenticate XML service in the <b>XML User Name</b> and <b>XML Password</b> fields as defined in Parameters for XML Applications, on page 177.
Step 4	(Optional) Enable and configure authentication for CGI/Execute URL via Post from an external application (for example, a web application) to the phones.
	Configure the <b>CISCO XML EXE Enable</b> and <b>CISCO XML EXE Auth Mode</b> fields as defined in Parameters for XML Applications, on page 177.
Step 5	Click Submit All Changes.

## **Parameters for XML Applications**

The following table defines the function and usage of the XML application parameters in the **XML Service** section under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

Parameter	Description
XML Application Service Name	Name of the XML application. The name displays on the phone as a web application choice.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<xml_application_service_name ua="na"&gt;XML_APP</xml_application_service_name 
	• In the phone web interface, enter a name for the XML application.
	Default: Empty
XML Application	The URL where the XML application is located.
Service URL	Macro variables are supported in XML URLs. For the valid macro variables, see Macro Variables, on page 179.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<xml_application_service_url ua="na"&gt;XML_APP</xml_application_service_url 
	• In the phone web interface, enter the URL for the XML application.
	Phone doesn't display the <b>XML application</b> in the <b>Information and settings</b> screen.
	Default: Empty

Parameter	Description
XML User Name	XML service username for authentication purposes.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<xml_user_name ua="na">username</xml_user_name>
	• In the phone web interface, enter the usename used for authenticating XML service.
	Default: Empty
XML Password	XML service password for the specified XML User Name. The password you entered in this field shows in the configuration file (cfg.xml) as
	<pre><!-- <XML_Password ua="na"-->********&gt;</pre>
	Default: Empty
CISCO XML EXE	Specifies whether authentication is required to access the XML application server.
Enable	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<cisco_xml_exe_enable ua="na">Yes</cisco_xml_exe_enable>
	• In the phone web interface, set it to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to enable or disable authentication.
	Allowed values: No
	Default: No
CISCO XML EXE	Specifies the authentication mode for Cisco XML EXE. The available options are:
Auth Mode	• Trusted—No authentication is performed regardless of the local credential.
	• Local Credential—Authentication is based on the digest authentication using the local credential, if set. If the local credential is not set, then no authentication is performed.
	• Remote Credential—Authentication is based on the digest authentication using the remote credential as set in the XML application on the web page (to access an XML application server).
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<cisco_xml_exe_auth_mode ua="na">Local Credential</cisco_xml_exe_auth_mode>
	• In the phone web interface, select an authentication mode.
	Allowed values: Trusted Local Credential Remote Credential
	Default: Local Credential

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## **Macro Variables**

You can use macro variables in XML URLs. The following macro variables are supported:

- User ID—UID1, UID2 to UIDn
- Display name—DISPLAYNAME1, DISPLAYNAME2 to DISPLAYNAMEn
- Auth ID—AUTHID1, AUTHID2 to AUTHIDn
- Proxy—PROXY1, PROXY2 to PROXYn
- MAC Address using lowercase hex digits—MA
- Product Name—PN
- Product Series Number—PSN
- Serial Number—SERIAL\_NUMBER

The following table shows the list of macros supported on the phones:

Macro Name	Macro Expansion
\$	The form \$\$ expands to a single \$ character.
A through P	Replaced by general-purpose parameters GPP_A through GPP_P.
SA through SD	Replaced by special purpose parameters GPP_SA through GPP_SD. These parameters hold keys or passwords used in provisioning.
	<b>Note</b> \$SA through \$SD are recognized as arguments to the optional resync URL qualifier,key.
MA	MAC address using lowercase hex digits (000e08aabbcc).
MAU	MAC address using uppercase hex digits (000E08AABBCC).
MAC	MAC address using lowercase hex digits with a colon to separate hex digit pairs (00:0e:08:aa:bb:cc).
PN	Product Name; for example, IP Phone 7832.
PSN	Product Series Number; for example, 7832.
SN	Serial Number string; for example, 88012BA01234.
CCERT	SSL Client Certificate status, installed or not installed.
IP	IP address of the phone within its local subnet; for example, 192.168.1.100.
EXTIP	External IP of the phone, as seen on the internet; for example, 66.43.16.52.

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Macro Name	Macro Expansion
SWVER	Software version string. Use the software version string to compare against the current phone's firmware load.
	Follow the format below:
	• For Firmware Release 11.3(1)SR1 and previous:
	sip <i>yyyy.11-0-1</i> MPP- <i>376</i>
	where <i>yyyy</i> indicates the phone model or phone series; <i>11</i> is the major version; <i>0</i> is the minor version; <i>1MPP</i> is the micro version; and <i>376</i> is the build number.
	• For Firmware Release 11.3(2) and later:
	sipyyyy.11-3-2MPP0001-609
	where <i>yyyy</i> indicates the phone model or phone series; <i>11</i> is the major version; <i>3</i> is the minor version; <i>2MPP0001</i> is the micro version; and <i>609</i> is the build number.
	There are two methods to compare firmware loads:
	• With quotes, "\$SWVER"-Variable acts as a string in firmware load name comparisons. For "\$SWVER" eq "sipyyyy.11-2-1MPP-312.loads" or "\$SWVER" eq "sipyyyy.11-3-2MPP0001-609.loads", the phone model number and the version numbers in the load name are part of the comparison.
	• Without quotes, \$\$WVER-Variable is parsed to determine a build number, plus major, minor, and micro revision numbers. For example, when the sip88xx.11-3-2MPP0001-598.loads and sip8845_65.11-3-2MMP0001-598.loads firmware names are parsed, the result ignores the model number and load number. The result for both firmware names yields a major revision=11, minor revision=3, micro revision=2MPP0001, and build number=598.
	See more information about firmware version comparison, see Macro Expansion Variables, on page 80.
HWVER	Hardware version string; for example, 1.88.1.
PRVST	Provisioning State (a numeric string):
	• $-1 = $ explicit resync request
	• $0 = $ power-up resync
	• 1 = periodic resync
	• 2 = resync failed, retry attempted
UPGST	Upgrade State (a numeric string):
	• 1 = first upgrade attempt
	• $2 = upgrade failed$ , retry attempt
UPGERR	Result message (ERR) of previous upgrade attempt; for example, http_get failed.

Macro Name	Macro Expansion
PRVTMR	Seconds since last resync attempt.
UPGTMR	Seconds since last upgrade attempt.
REGTMR1	Seconds since Line 1 lost registration with SIP server.
REGTMR2	Seconds since Line 2 lost registration with SIP server.
UPGCOND	Legacy macro name.
SCHEME	File access scheme (TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS, obtained after parsing resync or upgrade URL).
METH	Deprecated alias for SCHEME, do not use.
SERV	Request target server hostname.
SERVIP	Request target server IP address (following DNS lookup).
PORT	Request target UDP/TCP port.
РАТН	Request target file path.
ERR	Result message of resync or upgrade attempt.
UIDn	The contents of the Line n UserID configuration parameter.
ISCUST	If unit is customized, value=1, otherwise 0.
	<b>Note</b> Customization status viewable on Web UI Info page.
INCOMINGNAME	Name associated with first connected, ringing, or inbound call.
REMOTENUMBER	Phone number of first connected, ringing, or inbound call. If there are multiple calls, the data associated with the first call found is provided.
DISPLAYNAMEn	The contents of the Line N Display Name configuration parameter.
AUTHIDn	The contents of the Line N auth ID configuration parameter.

# **Shared Lines**

A shared line is a directory number that appears on more than one phone. You can create a shared line by assigning the same directory number to various phones.

Incoming calls display on all phones that share a line, and anyone can answer the call. Only one call remains active at a time on a phone.

Call information displays on all phones that are sharing a line. If somebody turns on the privacy feature, you do not see the outbound calls made from the phone. However, you see inbound calls to the shared line.

All phones with a shared line ring when a call is made to the line. If you place the shared call on hold, anyone shared with the line can resume the call by pressing **u** or the **Resume** softkey.

The following shared line features are supported:

- Line Seizure
- Public Hold
- Private Hold
- Silent Barge (only through enabled programmable softkey)

The following features are supported as for a private line

- Transfer
- Conference
- Call Park / Call Retrieve
- Call Pickup
- Do Not Disturb
- Call Forward

You can configure each phone independently. Account information is usually the same for all IP phones, but settings such as the dial plan or preferred codec information can vary.

## **Configure a Shared Line**

You can create a shared line by assigning the same directory number to more than one phone on the phone web page.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Configuring a Shared Line, on page 183.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1	Select Voice $>$ Ext(n), where (n) is the number of an extension to share.
Step 2	In the <b>General</b> section, set the <b>Line Enable</b> parameter as described in the Parameters for Configuring a Shared Line, on page 183 table.
Step 3	In the <b>Share Line Appearance</b> section, set <b>Share Ext</b> , <b>Shared User ID field</b> , <b>Subscription Expires</b> , and <b>Restrict MWI</b> parameters as described in the Parameters for Configuring a Shared Line, on page 183 table.
Step 4	In the Proxy and Registration section, enter the IP address of the proxy server in the Proxy field.
	You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Proxy\_1\_ ua="na">as1bsoft.sipurash.com</Proxy\_1\_>

Example for proxy server address: as1bsoft.sipurash.com

**Step 5** In the **Subscriber Information** section, enter the **Display Name** and **User ID** (extension number) for the shared extension.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Display_Name_1_ ua="na">name</Display_Name_1_>
<User_ID_1_ ua="na">4085273251</User_ID_1_>
```

**Step 6** In the Miscellaneous Line Key Settings section, set SCA Barge-In Enable parameter as described in the Parameters for Configuring a Shared Line, on page 183 table.

Step 7 Click Submit All Changes.

### Parameters for Configuring a Shared Line

The following table describes the parameters in the **Voice** > **Ext(n)** tab of the phone web page.

The following table defines the function and usage of Shared Line parameters in the General and Share Line Appearance sections under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Parameter	Description
Line Enable	Enables a line for the service.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone web interface, select <b>yes</b> to enable. Otherwise, select <b>No</b> .
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<line_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</line_enable_1_>
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: Yes
Share Ext	Indicates whether other Cisco IP phones share this extension is, or the extension is private.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone web interface, select <b>yes</b> to enable. Otherwise, select <b>No</b> .
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<share_ext_1_ ua="na">No</share_ext_1_>
	If you set <b>Share Ext</b> to <b>No</b> , this extension is private and doesn't share calls, regardless of the <b>Share Line Appearance</b> setting. If you set this extension to <b>Yes</b> , calls follow the <b>Share Line Appearance</b> setting.
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: Yes

Table 20: Parameters for Shared Lines

Parameter	Description
Shared User ID	The user identified assigned to the shared line appearance.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone web interface, enter the user ID.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<shared_user_id_1_ ua="na">Shared UserID</shared_user_id_1_>
Subscription Expires	Number of seconds before the SIP subscription expires. Before the subscription expiration, the phone gets NOTIFY messages from the SIP server on the status of the shared phone extension.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone web interface, enter the value in seconds.
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<subscription_expires_1_ ua="na">3600</subscription_expires_1_>
	Valid values: An integer from 10 through 65535
	Default: 3600 seconds
Restrict MWI	Indicates the message waiting indicator lights only for messages on private.
(Message Waiting Indicator)	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone web interface, select <b>Yes</b> to enable. When enabled the message waiting indicator lights only for messages on private. Otherwise, select <b>No</b> .
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<restrict_mwi_1_ ua="na">No</restrict_mwi_1_>
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: No

The following table describes the parameters in the **Voice** > **Phone** tab of the phone web page.

Table 21: Miscellaneous Line Key Settings

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

SCA Barge-In Enable	Enables the SCA Barge-In.
	Perform one of the following:
	• In the phone web interface, select <b>Yes</b> to enable. Otherwise, select <b>No</b> .
	• In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:
	<sca_barge-in-enable ua="na">No</sca_barge-in-enable>
	Valid values: Yes No
	Default: No

## Add Dialog-Based Shared Line Appearance

You can now enable dialog-based shared line, so that the phones in the shared line can subscribe to the dialog event package.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

	Procedure
Step 1	Select Voice > SIP.
Step 2	In the <b>SIP Parameters</b> section, set the <b>Share Line Event Package Type</b> parameter to <b>Dialog</b> to subscribe the phone to the dialog event package.
	You can also set the parameter to Call-Info and the phone retains the legacy behavior.
	Default value: Call-Info
	You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:
	<share_line_event_package_type ua="na">Dialog</share_line_event_package_type>
Step 3	Click Submit All Changes.

# Assign a Ringtone to an Extension

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Ringtone, on page 186.

### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1	Select <b>Voice</b> > <b>Ext(n)</b> , where ( <b>n</b> ) is the number of a phone extension.		
Step 2	In the <b>Call Feature Settings</b> section, select the <b>Default Ring</b> parameter from the list or select no ring.		
	You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:		
	<default_ring_3_ ua="rw">1</default_ring_3_>		
<b>o</b> , <b>o</b>			
Step 3	Select Voice > Phone.		
Step 3 Step 4	Select Voice > Phone. In the <b>Ringtone</b> section, set the <b>Ring(n)</b> and <b>Silent Ring Duration</b> parameters as described in the Parameters for Ringtone, on page 186 table.		

# **Parameters for Ringtone**

The following table describes the parameters for Ringtone.

#### Table 22: Parameters for Ringtone

Parameter	Description
Ring1 to Ring12	Ring tone scripts for various ringtones.
	In the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml), enter a string in
	<pre><!-- Ringtone--> <ring1 ua="na">n=Sunrise;w=file://Sunrise.rwb;c=1n=Chirp 1;w=file://chirp1.raw;c=1n=Chirp 2;w=file://chirp2.raw;c=1n=Delight;w=file://Delight.rwb;c=1n=Delight;w=file://Delight.rwb;c=1n=Mellow;w=file://Evolve.rwb;c=1n=Mellow;w=file://Mellow.rwb;c=1n=Mellow;w=file://Mellow.rwb;c=1n=Reflections;w=file://Reflections.rwb Ring9 ua="na"&gt;n=Ringer;w=file://Ringer.rwb;c=1n=Ringer;w=file://RingI</ring1></pre>
Silent Ring Duration	Controls the duration of the silent ring. For example, if the para the phone plays the silent ring for 20 seconds then sends 480 resp
	In the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml), enter a string in ua="na">n=Sunrise; w=file://Sunrise.rwb; c=1<
	<pre><silent_ring_duration ua="na">60</silent_ring_duration>606060606060606060606060606060606060</pre>

## Add Distinctive Ringtone

You can configure the characteristics of each ring tone using a ring tone script. When the phone receives SIP Alert-INFO message and the message format is correct, then the phone plays the specified ringtone. Otherwise, the phone plays the default ringtone.

#### Procedure

In a ring tone script, assign a name for the ring tone and add the script to configure a distinctive ringtone in the format:

n=ring-tone-name; h=hint; w=waveform-id-or-path; c=cadence-id

where:

n = ring-tone-name that identifies this ring tone. This name appears on the Ring Tone menu of the phone. The same name can be used in a SIP Alert-Info header in an inbound INVITE request to tell the phone to play the corresponding ring tone. The name should contain the same characters allowed in a URL only.

h = hint used to SIP Alert-INFO rule. This parameter specifies a hint or label that can be utilized by SIP Alert-INFO to trigger specific ringtone behavior. It helps in identifying and selecting the appropriate ring tone based on the provided hint within the SIP message.

w = waveform-id-or-path which is the index of the desired waveform to use in this ring tone. The built-in waveforms are:

- 1 = Classic phone with mechanical bell
- 2 = Typical phone ring
- 3 = Classic ring tone
- 4 = Wide-band frequency sweep signal

You can also enter a network path (url) to download a ring tone data file from a server. Add the path in this format:

```
w=[tftp://]hostname[:port]/path
```

c = is the index of the desired cadence to play the given waveform. 8 cadences (1–8) as defined in <Cadence 1> through <Cadence 8>. Cadence-id can be 0 If w=3,4, or an url. Setting c=0 implies the on-time is the natural length of the ring tone file.

In the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<!-- Ringtone -->
<Ring1 ua="na">n=Sunrise;w=file://Sunrise.rwb;c=1</Ring1>
<Ring2 ua="na">n=Chirp 1;w=file://chirp1.raw;c=1</Ring2>
<Ring3 ua="na">n=Chirp 2;w=file://chirp2.raw;c=1</Ring3>
<Ring4 ua="na">n=Delight;w=file://Delight.rwb;c=1</Ring4>
<Ring5 ua="na">n=Evolve;w=file://Evolve.rwb;c=1</Ring5>
<Ring6 ua="na">n=Mellow;w=file://Evolve.rwb;c=1</Ring5>
<Ring7 ua="na">n=Mellow;w=file://Mellow.rwb;c=1</Ring7>
<Ring8 ua="na">n=Reflections;w=file://Ring6>
<Ring9 ua="na">n=Reflections;w=file://Ring6>
<Ring9 ua="na">n=Reflections;w=file://Ring6>
<Ring9 ua="na">n=Reflections;w=file://Ring6>
<Ring1 ua="na">n=Reflections;w=file://Ring6>
<Ring1 ua="na">n=Reflections;w=file://Reflections.rwb;c=1</Ring8>
<Ring1 ua="na">n=Ringer;w=file://Ringer.rwb;c=1</Ring1>
<Ring1 ua="na">n=Are you there;w=file://AreYouThereF.raw;c=1</Ring1>
```

```
<Ring12 ua="na">n=Chime;w=file://Chime.raw;c=1</Ring12>
<Silent_Ring_Duration ua="na">60</Silent_Ring_Duration>
```

# **Enable Hoteling on a Phone**

When you enable the hoteling feature of BroadSoft on the phone, the user can sign in to the phone as a guest. After the guest sign out of the phone, the user will switch back to the host user.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Ext [n] (where [n] is the extension number).

**Step 2** In the **Call Feature Settings** section, set **Enable Broadsoft Hoteling** parameter to **Yes**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Enable Broadsoft Hoteling 1 ua="na">Yes</Enable Broadsoft Hoteling 1>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

**Step 3** Set the amount of time (in seconds) that the user can be signed in as a guest on the phone in **Hoteling Subscription Expires**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Hoteling Subscription Expires 1 ua="na">3600</Hoteling Subscription Expires 1>

Valid values: An integer from 10 through 86400

Default: 3600

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Enable Flexible Seating on a Phone**

With the Flexible Seating feature of BroadSoft, the phone downloads and is reconfigured with Flexible Seating Guest's device files when the guest is associated with the host. The phone is treated as an alternate device of the guest. The call originations from guest's primary device are also allowed. The guest's primary device is also alerted on incoming calls to the guest. For more information, see the BroadSoft documentation.

In addition, with the feature enabled on the phone, the phone can cache the user credentials for the LDAP directory. If the cache contains the user credentials, the guest user can bypass the sign-in procedure to access the LDAP directory. The cache can store up to 50 user credentials. The phone removes the least-used credentials when the cache size limit is reached.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Ext [n] (where [n] is the extension number).

**Step 2** In the **Call Feature Settings** section, set **Enable Broadsoft Hoteling** parameter to **Yes**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Enable\_Broadsoft\_Hoteling\_1\_ua="na">Yes</Enable\_Broadsoft\_Hoteling\_1>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Enable Extension Mobility on a Phone**

With the Extension Mobility (EM) feature enabled on the phone, any user can sign in to the phone other than their own in the same network. In this scenario, the phone can be shared with other users. After the users sign in, they can see their own line number displayed on the phone screen, and their contacts in the personal address directory.

In addition, the phone can cache the user credentials for the LDAP directory when the user signs into the phone with the feature. If the cache contains the user credentials, the user can bypass the sign-in procedure to access the LDAP directory. The cache can store up to 50 user credentials. The phone removes the least-used credentials when the cache size limit is reached.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

#### **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.

### Step 2 In the Extension Mobility section, set EM Enable to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

Step 4	Click Submit All Changes.
	Default: 480
	<session_timer_m_ ua="na">480</session_timer_m_>
	You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:
Step 3	Set the amount of time (in minutes) that the user can be signed in on the phone in <b>Session Timer(m</b> ).
	Default: No
	Options: Yes and No
	<em_enable ua="na">Yes</em_enable>

# Set the User Password

Configure a password so the phone is protected and secured. Both administrators and users can configure a password and control access to the phone.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

Step 1	Select	Voice	> System
--------	--------	-------	----------

- **Step 2** Under the section **System Configuration**, locate the parameter **User Password**, and click **Change Password** next to the parameter.
- **Step 3** Enter the current user password in the **Old Password** field.

If you don't have a password, keep the field empty.

- **Step 4** Enter a new password in the **New Password** field.
- Step 5 Click Submit.

The message Password has been changed successfully. will display in the web page. The web page will refresh in several seconds.

After you set the user password, this parameter displays the following in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml):

```
<!--
<User_Password ua="rw">**********</User_Password>
-->
```

# **Download Problem Reporting Tool Logs**

Users submit problem reports to you with the Problem Reporting Tool.

If you are working with Cisco TAC to troubleshoot a problem, they typically require the logs from the Problem Reporting Tool to help resolve the issue.

To issue a problem report, users access the Problem Reporting Tool and provide the date and time that the problem occurred, and a description of the problem. You need to download the problem report from the Configuration Utility page.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1	Select Info > Debug Info > Device Logs.
Step 2	In the <b>Problem Reports</b> area, click the problem report file to download.
Step 3	Save the file to your local system and open the file to access the problem reporting logs.

# **Configure Problem Report Tool**

You must use a server with an upload script to receive the problem reports that the user sends from the phone.

- If the URL specified in the **PRT Upload Rule** field is valid, users get a notification alert on the phone UI saying that they have successfully submitted the problem report.
- If the **PRT Upload Rule** field is empty or has an invalid URL, users get a notification alert on the phone UI saying that the data upload failed.

The phone uses an HTTP/HTTPS POST mechanism, with parameters similar to an HTTP form-based upload. The following parameters are included in the upload (utilizing multipart MIME encoding):

- devicename (example: "SEP001122334455")
- serialno (example: "FCH12345ABC")
- username (The user name is either the **Station Display Name** or the **User ID** of the extension. The **Station Display Name** is first considered. If this field is empty, then the **User ID** is chosen.)
- prt\_file (example: "probrep-20141021-162840.tar.gz")

You can generate PRT automatically at specific intervals and can define the PRT file name.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for Configure Problem Report Tool, on page 192 table.

<?php

A sample script is shown below. This script is provided for reference only. Cisco does not provide support for the upload script installed on a customer's server.

```
// NOTE: you may need to edit your php.ini file to allow larger
// size file uploads to work.
// Modify the setting for upload max filesize
// I used: upload max filesize = 20M
// Retrieve the name of the uploaded file
$filename = basename($ FILES['prt file']['name']);
// Get rid of quotes around the device name, serial number and username if they exist
$devicename = $ POST['devicename'];
$devicename = trim($devicename, "'\"");
$serialno = $ POST['serialno'];
$serialno = trim($serialno, "'\"");
$username = $ POST['username'];
$username = trim($username, "'\"");
// where to put the file
$fullfilename = "/var/prtuploads/".$filename;
// If the file upload is unsuccessful, return a 500 error and
// inform the user to try again
if(!move uploaded file($ FILES['prt file']['tmp name'], $fullfilename)) {
       header("HTTP/1.0 500 Internal Server Error");
        die("Error: You must select a file to upload.");
}
2>
```

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning.

**Step 2** In the **Problem Report Tool** section, set the fields as described in the Parameters for Configure Problem Report Tool, on page 192 table.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

## Parameters for Configure Problem Report Tool

The following table defines the function and usage of Configure Problem Report Tool parameters in the Problem Report Tool section under the Voice > Provisioning tab in the phone web interface. It also defines

the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter         | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| PRT Upload Rule   | Specifies the path to the PRT upload script.  |
|                   | If the <b>PRT Max Timer</b> and <b>PRT Upload Rule</b> fields are empty, the phone doesn't generate the problem reports automatically unless user manually performs the generation. |
|                   | Perform one of the following:   |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                   | <prt_upload_rule<br>ua="na"&gt;https://proxy.example.com/prt_upload.php</prt_upload_rule<br>  |
|                   | • In the phone web page, enter the path in the format:  |
|                   | https://proxy.example.com/prt_upload.php  |
|                   | or  |
|                   | http://proxy.example.com/prt_upload.php   |
|                   | Default: Empty  |
| PRT Upload Method | Determines the method used to upload PRT logs to the remote server.   |
|                   | Perform one of the following:   |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                   | <pre><prt_upload_method ua="na">POST</prt_upload_method></pre> • In the phone web page, select POST or PUT methods to upload the logs to the remote server.                         |
|                   | Valid values: POST and PUT  |
|                   | Default: POST   |

Table 23: Parameters for Configure Problem Report Tool

| Parameter       | Description   |
|-----------------|---|
| PRT Max Timer   | Determines at what interval (minutes) the phone starts generating problem report automatically.   |
|                 | If the <b>PRT Max Timer</b> and <b>PRT Upload Rule</b> fields are empty, the phone doesn't generate the problem reports automatically unless user manually performs the generation. |
|                 | Perform one of the following:   |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                 | <pre><prt_max_timer ua="na">30</prt_max_timer></pre> • In the phone web page, enter the interval duration in minutes.   |
|                 | Valid value range: 15 minutes to 1440 minutes   |
|                 | Default: Empty  |
| PRT Name        | Defines a name for the generated PRT file.  |
|                 | Perform one of the following:   |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                 | <pre><prt_name ua="na">prt-string1-\$MACRO</prt_name></pre>   |
|                 | Enter the name in the format:   |
|                 | prt-string1-\$MACRO   |
|                 | • In the phone web page, enter the name in the format:  |
|                 | prt-string1-\$MACRO   |
|                 | Default: Empty  |
| PRT HTTP Header | Specifies the HTTP header for the URL in <b>PRT Upload Rule</b> .   |
|                 | The parameter value is associated with <b>PRT HTTP Header Value</b> .   |
|                 | Only when both parameters are configured, the HTTP header is included<br>in the HTTP request.   |
|                 | Perform one of the following:   |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                 | <prt_http_header<br>ua="na"&gt;x-cisco-spark-canary-opts</prt_http_header<br>   |
|                 | • In the phone web page, enter the HTTP header in the format:   |
|                 | x-cisco-spark-canary-opts   |
|                 | Valid value range: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, underscore (_), and hyphen (-)  |
|                 | Default: Empty  |

| Parameter             | Description   |
|-----------------------|---|
| PRT HTTP Header Value | Sets the value of the specified HTTP header.  |
|                       | The parameter value is associated with <b>PRT HTTP Header</b> .                                       |
|                       | Only when both parameters are configured, the HTTP header is included<br>in the HTTP request.         |
|                       | Perform one of the following:   |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                   |
|                       | <prt_http_header_value<br>ua="na"&gt;always</prt_http_header_value<br>                                |
|                       | • In the phone web page, enter the value in the format:   |
|                       | always  |
|                       | Valid value range: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, underscore (_), comma (,), semicolon (;), equal (=), and hyphen (-) |
|                       | <b>Note</b> Except for the underscore (_), the first character must not be a special character.       |
|                       | Default: Empty  |

# **Server-Configured Paging**

You can configure a paging group on a server so that users can page a group of phones. For more details, refer to your server documentation.

# **Configure Multicast Paging**

You can set up Multicast paging to allow users to page to phones. The page can go to all phones or a group of phones in the same network. Any phone in the group can initiate a multicast paging session. The page is received only by the phones that are set to listen for the paging group.

You can add a phone to up to 10 paging groups. Each paging group has a unique multicast port and number. The phones within a paging group must subscribe to the same multicast IP address, port, and multicast number.

You configure the priority for the incoming page from a specific group. When a phone is active and an important page must be played, the user hears the page on the active audio path.

When multiple paging sessions occur, they are answered in chronological order. After the active page ends, the next page is automatically answered. When do not disturb (DND) is enabled, the phone ignores any incoming paging.

You can specify a codec for the paging to use. The supported codecs are G711a, G711u, G722, and G729. If you don't specify the codec, paging uses G711u by default.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Multiple Paging Group, on page 196.

### Before you begin

- Make sure that your network supports multicast so that all devices in the same paging group are able to receive paging.
- For Wi-Fi networks, enable and properly configure the access point for multicast.
- Make sure that all the phones in a paging group are in the same network.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Phone.   |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | Go to the Multiple Paging Group Parameters section.   |
| Step 3 | Enter multicast paging scripts as defined in Parameters for Multiple Paging Group, on page 196. |
| Step 4 | Click Submit All Changes.   |

# **Parameters for Multiple Paging Group**

The following table defines the function and usage of the multiple paging group parameters in the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.
#### Table 24: Multiple Paging Group Parameters

| Feature   | Description |
|---|-------------|
| Group 1 Paging<br>Script                            |             |
| <ul> <li>Group 10 Paging</li> <li>Script</li> </ul> |             |

| Feature | Description  |
|---------|--|
|         | Enter a string to configure the phone to listen for and initiate multicast paging. You can add a phone to up to 10 paging groups. Enter the script in this format:   |
|         | <pre>pggrp=<multicast-address>:<port>;<name=group_name>;<num=multicast_number>;<listen=boolean_value>;<pri=priority_level>;<codec=codec_name>;</codec=codec_name></pri=priority_level></listen=boolean_value></num=multicast_number></name=group_name></port></multicast-address></pre>        |
|         | Example script:  |
|         | pggrp=224.168.168.168.34560;name=GroupA;num=500;listen=yes;pri=1;codec=g711a;  |
|         | • Multicast IP address (multicast-address) and port (port)—Enter the multicast IP address and the port specified on your paging server. The port number must be unique for each group and an even number within 1000 and 65534.  |
|         | Make sure that you set the same multicast IP address and port for all the phones within a paging group. Otherwise, the phones can't receive paging.  |
|         | • Paging group name (name)—Optionally enter the name of the paging group. The name helps you identify the paging group the phone is in when you have multiple paging groups.   |
|         | • Multicast number (num)—Specify the number for the phone to listen for multicast paging and initiate a multicast paging session. Assign the same multicast number to all the phones within the group. The number must comply to the dial plan specified for the line to initiate a multicast. |
|         | • Listen status (listen)—Specify whether the phone listens for paging from this group. Set this parameter to <b>yes</b> to make the phone listen for the paging. Otherwise, set it to <b>no</b> , or don't include this parameter in the script.   |
|         | <ul> <li>Priority (pri)—Specify priority between paging and phone call. If you don't specify the priority or don't include this parameter in the script, the phone uses priority</li> <li>1. The four priority levels are:</li> </ul>  |
|         | • 0: Paging takes precedent over phone call. When the phone is on an active call, an incoming paging places the active call on hold. The call resumes when the paging ends.  |
|         | • 1: When the phone receives an incoming paging on an active call, the user hears the mix of the paging and the call.  |
|         | • 2: The user is alerted with the paging tone when receiving an incoming paging on an active line. The incoming paging isn't answered unless the active call is put on hold or ends.   |
|         | • 3: The phone ignores the incoming paging without any alert when the phone is on an active call.  |
|         | • Audio codec (codec)—Optionally specify the audio codec for the multicast paging to use. The supported codecs are G711a, G711u, G722, and G729. If you don't specify the codec or don't include the codec parameter in the script, the phone uses G711u codec.                                |
|         | Perform one of the following:  |
|         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |

| Feature | Description   |
|---------|---|
|         | <pre><group_1_paging_script ua="na">pggrp=224.168.168.34560;name=Group_1; num=800;listen=yes;pri=1;codec=g722</group_1_paging_script></pre> |
|         | • In the phone web interface, configure this field with a valid string.   |
|         | Default: Empty  |

## **Configure a Phone to Accept Pages Automatically**

The Single Paging or Intercom feature enables a user to directly contact another user by phone. If the phone of the person being paged has been configured to accept pages automatically, the phone does not ring. Instead, a direct connection between the two phones is automatically established when paging is initiated.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > User.
- Step 2 In the Supplementary Services section, choose Yes for the Auto Answer Page parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Auto Answer Page ua="na">Yes</Auto Answer Page>

Options: Yes and No

Default: Yes

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### Manage Phones with TR-069

You can use the protocols and standards defined in Technical Report 069 (TR-069) to manage phones. TR-069 explains the common platform for management of all phones and other customer-premises equipment (CPE) in large-scale deployments. The platform is independent of phone types and manufacturers.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for TR-069 Configuration, on page 201 table.

As a bidirectional SOAP/HTTP-based protocol, TR-069 provides the communication between CPEs and Auto Configuration Servers (ACS).

For TR-069 Enhancements, see TR-069 Parameter Comparison, on page 477.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice $>$ TR-069.  |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | Set up the fields as described in Parameters for TR-069 Configuration, on page 201 table. |

#### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### View TR-069 Status

When you enable TR-069 on a user phone, you can view status of TR-069 parameters on the phone web interface.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for TR-069 Configuration, on page 201 table.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

Select Info > Status > TR-069 Status.

You can view status of TR-069 parameters in Parameters for TR-069 Configuration, on page 201 table.

### **Parameters for TR-069 Configuration**

The following table defines the function and usage of Call Center Agent Setup parameters in the ACD Settings section under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

#### Table 25: Parameters for TR-069 Configuration

| Parameter     | Description   |
|---------------|---|
| Enable TR-069 | Settings that enables or disables the TR-069 function.  |
|               | Perform one of the following:   |
|               | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|               | <enable_tr-069 ua="na">No</enable_tr-069><br>• In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to enable this feature and select <b>No</b> to disable it.  |
|               | Valid values: Yes No  |
|               | Default: No   |
| ACS URL       | URL of the ACS that uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol. This parameter must be in the form of a valid HTTP or HTTPS URL. The host portion of this URL is used by the CPE to validate the ACS certificate when it uses SSL or TLS. |
|               | Perform one of the following:   |
|               | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|               | <pre><acs_url ua="na">https://acs.url.com</acs_url>     • In the phone web page, enter a valid HTTP or HTTPS URL of the     ACS.</pre>  |
|               | Default: Blank  |
| ACS Username  | Username that authenticates the CPE to the ACS when ACS uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol. This username is used only for HTTP-based authentication of the CPE.  |
|               | Perform one of the following:   |
|               | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|               | <pre><acs_username ua="na">acs username</acs_username></pre> • In the phone web page, enter a valid username for HTTPS-based authentication of the CPE.   |
|               | Default: admin  |

| Parameter                   | Description   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| ACS Password                | Password to access to the ACS for a specific user. This password is used only for HTTP-based authentication of the CPE.                         |
|                             | Perform one of the following:   |
|                             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                             | <acs_password ua="na"></acs_password> • In the phone web page, enter a valid password for HTTPS-based authentication of the CPE.                |
|                             | Default: Blank  |
| ACS URL In Use              | URL of the ACS that is currently in use. This is a read-only field.   |
| Connection Request URL      | This is read-only field showing the URL of the ACS that makes the connection request to the CPE.  |
| Connection Request Username | Username that authenticates the ACS that makes the connection request to the CPE.   |
|                             | Perform one of the following:   |
|                             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                             | <connection_request_password ua="na"></connection_request_password>   |
|                             | • In the phone web page, enter a valid username that authenticates the ACS.   |
| Connection Request Password | Password used to authenticate the ACS that makes a connection request to the CPE.   |
|                             | Perform one of the following:   |
|                             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                             | <connection_request_password ua="na"></connection_request_password> • In the phone web page, enter a valid password that authenticates the ACS. |
|                             | Default: Blank  |

| Parameter                | Description  |
|--------------------------|--|
| Periodic Inform Interval | Duration in seconds of the interval between CPE attempts to connect to the ACS when Periodic Inform Enable is set to yes.                      |
|                          | Perform one of the following:  |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                          | <periodic_inform_interval< td=""></periodic_inform_interval<>  |
|                          | ua="na">20   |
|                          | • In the phone web page, enter a valid duration in seconds.  |
|                          | Default: 20  |
| Periodic Inform Enable   | Settings that enables or disables the CPE connection requests.   |
|                          | Perform one of the following:  |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                          | <periodic_inform_enable< td=""></periodic_inform_enable<>  |
|                          | ua="na">Yes  |
|                          | • In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to enable this feature and select <b>No</b> to disable it.  |
|                          | Valid values: Yes No   |
|                          | Default: Yes   |
| TR-069 Traceability      | Settings that enables or disables TR-069 transaction logs.   |
|                          | Perform one of the following:  |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                          | <tr-069_traceability ua="na">Yes</tr-069_traceability> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature and select No to disable it. |
|                          | Valid values: Yes No   |
|                          | Default: No  |
|                          |  |

| Parameter               | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| CWMP V1.2 Support       | Settings that enables or disables CPE WAN Management Protocol (CWMP) support. If set to disable, the phone does not send any Inform messages to the ACS nor accept any connection requests from the ACS. |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <pre><cwmp_v1.2_support ua="na">Yes</cwmp_v1.2_support></pre> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature and select No to disable it.  |
|                         | Valid values: Yes No   |
|                         | Default: Yes   |
| TR-069 VoiceObject Init | Settings to modify voice objects.  |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <tr-069_voiceobject_init< td=""></tr-069_voiceobject_init<>  |
|                         | <ul> <li>In the phone web page, select Yes to initialize all voice objects to factory default values or select No to retain the current values.</li> </ul>   |
|                         | Valid values: Yes No   |
|                         | Default: Yes   |
| TR-069 DHCPOption Init  | Settings to modify DHCP settings.  |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <tr-069_dhcpoption_init< td=""></tr-069_dhcpoption_init<>  |
|                         | <ul> <li>ua="na"&gt;Yes</li> <li>In the phone web page, select Yes to initialize the DHCP settings from the ACS or select No to retain the current DHCP settings.</li> </ul>                             |
|                         | Valid values: Yes No   |
|                         | Default: Yes   |

| Parameter                                   | Description  |
|---|--|
| BACKUP ACS URL                              | Backup URL of the ACS that uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol.<br>This parameter must be in the form of a valid HTTP or HTTPS URL.<br>The host portion of this URL is used by the CPE to validate the<br>ACScertificate when it uses SSL or TLS. |
|   | Perform one of the following:  |
|   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|   | <backup_acs_url< td=""></backup_acs_url<>  |
|   | <ul> <li>ua="na"&gt;https://acs.url.com</li> <li>In the phone web page, enter a valid URL that uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol.</li> </ul>  |
|   | Default: Blank   |
| BACKUP ACS User                             | Backup username that authenticates the CPE to the ACS when ACS uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol. This username is used only for HTTP-based authentication of the CPE.  |
|   | Perform one of the following:  |
|   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|   | <backup_acs_user ua="na">backup</backup_acs_user>  |
|   | <ul> <li>username</li> <li>In the phone web page, enter a valid username that authenticates the CPE to the ACS when ACS uses the CPE WAN Management Protocol.</li> </ul>   |
|   | Default: Blank   |
| BACKUP ACS Password                         | Backup password to access to the ACS for a specific user. This password is used only for HTTP-based authentication of the CPE.   |
|   | Perform one of the following:  |
|   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|   | <backup_acs_password ua="na"></backup_acs_password>  |
|   | • In the phone web page, enter a valid password that authenticates<br>the CPE to the ACS when ACS uses the CPE WAN Management<br>Protocol.   |
|   | Default: Blank   |
| Note If you do not configure the a and 125. | above parameters, you can also fetch them through DHCP options 60,43,  |
|   |  |

### Set up a Secure Extension

You can configure an extension to only accept secure calls. If the extension is configured to only accept secure calls then any calls the extension makes will be secure.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

• Make sure that Secure Call Serv is enabled (set to Yes) in the Supplementary Services area on the Voice > Phone tab.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Secure\_Call\_Serv ua="na">Yes</Secure\_Call\_Serv>

- SIP transport with TLS can be set statically on the phone web page or automatically with information in the DNS NAPTR records. If the SIP transport parameter is set for the phone extension as TLS, the phone only allows SRTP. If the SIP transport parameter is set to AUTO, the phone performs a DNS query to get the transport method.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > Ext(n).
- **Step 2** In the **Call Feature Settings** section, in the **Secure Call Option** field, choose **Optional**, **Required**, or **Strict**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Secure Call Option 1 ua="na">Optional</Secure Call Option 1 >

Options: Optional, Required, and Strict

- Optional Retains the current secure call option for the phone.
- Required Rejects nonsecure calls from other phones.
- Strict Allows SRTP only when SIP transport is set to **TLS**. Allows RTP only when SIP transport is **UDP/TCP**.

Default: Optional

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Configure the SIP Transport**

For SIP messages, you can configure each extension to use:

- a specific protocol
- the protocol automatically selected by the phone

When you set up automatic selection, the phone determines the transport protocol based on the Name Authority Pointer (NAPTR) records on the DNS server. The phone uses the protocol with the highest priority in the records.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.

Step 2 In the SIP Settings section, set the SIP Transport parameter to select a transport protocol for SIP messages. You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format: <SIP\_Transport\_n\_ ua="na">UDP</SIP\_Transport\_n\_>

where *n* is the extension number.

Options: UDP, TCP, TLS, and Auto

AUTO allows the phone to select the appropriate protocol automatically, based on the NAPTR records on the DNS server.

Default: UDP

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Block Non-Proxy SIP Messages to a Phone**

You can disable the ability of the phone to receive incoming SIP messages from a non-proxy server. When you enable this feature, the phone only accepts SIP messages from:

- proxy server
- outbound proxy server
- alternative proxy server
- · alternative outbound proxy server
- IN-Dialog message from proxy server and non-proxy server. For example: Call Session dialog and Subscribe dialog

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > System.

Step 2 In the System Configuration section, set the Block Nonproxy SIP paramter to Yes to block any incoming non-proxy SIP messages except IN-dialog message. If you choose No, the phone does not block any incoming non-proxy SIP messages.

Set **Block Nonproxy SIP** to **No** for phones that use TCP or TLS to transport SIP messages. Nonproxy SIP messages transported over TCP or TLS are blocked by default.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Auto Answer Page ua="na">Yes</Auto Answer Page>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Configure a Privacy Header**

A user privacy header in the SIP message sets user privacy needs from the trusted network.

You can set the user privacy header value for each line extension.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Extension.

**Step 2** In the **SIP Settings** section, set the **Privacy Header** parameter to set user privacy in the SIP message in the trusted network.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Privacy\_Header\_2\_ ua="na">header</Privacy\_Header\_2\_>

Options:

- Disabled (default)
- none—The user requests that a privacy service applies no privacy functions to this SIP message.

- header—The user needs a privacy service to obscure headers which cannot be purged of identifying information.
- session-The user requests that a privacy service provide anonymity for the sessions.
- user—The user requests a privacy level only by intermediaries.
- id—The user requests that the system substitute an id that doesn't reveal the IP address or host name.

Default: Disabled

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Enable P-Early-Media Support**

You can determine whether to include the P-Early-Media header in the SIP message of outgoing calls. The P-Early-Media header contains the status of the early media stream. If the status indicates that the network is blocking the early media stream, the phone plays the local ringback tone. Otherwise, the phone plays the early media while waiting for the call to be connected.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Ext ( | n) |
|--------|----------------------|----|
|--------|----------------------|----|

**Step 2** In the **SIP Settings** section, set the **P-Early-Media Support** to **Yes** to control whether the P-Early-Media header is included in the SIP message for an outgoing call.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<P-Early-Media\_Support\_1\_ ua="na">No</P-Early-Media\_Support\_1\_>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

```
Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.
```

## **Enable Peer Firmware Sharing**

Peer Firmware Sharing (PFS) is a firmware distribution model which allows a Cisco IP phone to find other phones of the same model or series on the subnet and share updated firmware files when you need to upgrade multiple phones all at the same time. PFS uses Cisco Peer-to-Peer-Distribution Protocol (CPPDP) which is a

Cisco proprietary protocol. With CPPDP, all the devices in the subnet form a peer-to-peer hierarchy, and then copy the firmware or the other files from peer devices to the neighboring devices. To optimize firmware upgrades, a root phone downloads the firmware image from the load server and then transfers the firmware to other phones on the subnet using TCP connections.

Peer firmware sharing:

- Limits congestion on TFTP transfers to centralized remove load servers.
- Eliminates the need to manually control firmware upgrades.
- Reduces phone downtime during upgrades when large numbers of phones are reset simultaneously.



Note

• Peer firmware sharing does not function unless multiple phones are set to upgrade at the same time. When a NOTIFY is sent with Event:resync, it initiates a resync on the phone. Example of an xml that can contain the configurations to initiate the upgrade:

"Event:resync;profile="http://10.77.10.141/profile.xml

• When you set the Peer Firmware Sharing Log server to an IP address and port, the PFS specific logs are sent to that server as UDP messages. This setting must be done on each phone. You can then use the log messages when troubleshooting issues related to PFS.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

#### **Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning.

#### **Step 2** In the **Firmware Upgrade** section, set the parameters:

a) Set the Peer Firmware Sharing parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Peer\_Firmware\_Sharing ua="na">Yes</Peer\_Firmware\_Sharing>

Options: Yes and No

Default: Yes

b) Set the **Peer Firmware Sharing Log Server** paramter to indicate the IP address and the port to which the UDP message is sent.

For example: 10.98.76.123:514 where, 10.98.76.123 is the IP address and 514 is the port number.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Peer Firmware Sharing Log Server>192.168.5.5</ Peer Firmware Sharing Log Server>

Peer\_Firmware\_Sharing\_Log\_Server specifies UDP Remote syslog server hostname and the port. The port defaults to the default syslog 514.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Specify the Profile Authentication Type**

Profile Authentication allows phone users to resynchronize the provisioning profile onto the phone. Authentication information is required while the phone tries to resynchronize and download configuration file for the first time and gets an HTTP or HTTPS 401 authentication error. When you enable this feature, the **Profile account setup** screen is displayed on the phone for the following situations:

- When the HTTP or HTTPs 401 authentication error occurs during first-time provisioning after the phone reboots
- · When the profile account username and password are empty
- When there are no username and password in the Profile Rule

If the **Profile account setup** screen is missed or ignored, the user can also access the setup screen through the phone screen menu, or the **Setup** softkey, which displays only when no line on the phone is registered.

When you disable the feature, the **Profile account setup** screen doesn't display on the phone.

The username and password in the **Profile Rule** field have a higher priority than the profile account.

- When you provide a correct URL in the **Profile Rule** field without a username and password, the phone requires authentication or digest to resynchronize the profile. With the correct profile account, authentication passes. With an incorrect profile account, authentication fails.
- When you provide a correct URL in the **Profile Rule** field with a correct username and password, the phone requires authentication or digest to resynchronize the profile. The profile account is not used for phone resynchronization. Sign-in is successful.
- When you provide a correct URL in the **Profile Rule** field with an incorrect username and password, the phone requires authentication or digest to resynchronize the profile. The profile account isn't used for phone resynchronization. Sign-in always fails.
- When you provide an incorrect URL in the Profile Rule field, sign-in always fails.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

You can specify the profile authentication type from the phone administration web page.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Provisioning.

**Step 2** In the **Configuration Profile** section, set the **Profile Authentication Type** parameter to specify the credentials to use for profile account authentication.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Profile\_Authentication\_Type ua="na">Disabled</Profile\_Authentication\_Type>

Options:

- **Disabled**: Disables the profile account feature. When this feature is disabled, the **Profile account setup** menu doesn't display on the phone screen.
- Basic HTTP Authentication: The HTTP login credentials are used to authenticate the profile account.
- XSI Authentication: XSI login credentials or XSI SIP credentials are used to authenticate the profile account. The authentication credentials depend on the XSI Authentication Type for the phone:

When the XSI Authentication Type for the phone is set to Login Credentials, the XSI login credentials are used.

When the XSI Authentication Type for the phone is set to SIP Credentials, the XSI SIP credentials are used.

Default: Basic HTTP Authentication

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# Control the Authentication Requirement to Access the Phone Menus

You can control if authentication is required to access phone menus.

#### **Before you begin**

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

 Step 1
 Select Voice > Phone.

 Step 2
 Set the LCD Authentication and LCD Authentication Customization sections as described in the Parameters for User Authentication Control, on page 212 table.

### **Parameters for User Authentication Control**

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters for user authentication control feature in the LCD Authentication and LCD Authentication Customization section under the Voice > Phone tab

in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter                                 | Description  |
|---|--|
| Require<br>Authentication<br>for LCD Menu | Controls whether the user requires authentication to access phone menus.   |
|   | Perform one of the following:  |
| Access                                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|   | <require_authentication_for_lcd_menu_access<br>ua="na"&gt;Default</require_authentication_for_lcd_menu_access<br>  |
|   | • On the phone web interface, select the required value.   |
|   | Allowed values: Default Customized No  |
|   | • <b>Default</b> —When selected, user needs to provide password and then sign in to access the phone menus that requires authentication. Phone continues to support all the functionalities that are supported in the releases prior to 11.3(2). Phone displays lock screen icon.  |
|   | To access any phone menus that require authentication, user needs to provide the password and press <b>Sign in</b> . The lock icon remains locked. After the user signs in, the lock icon is unlocked.   |
|   | • <b>Customized</b> —When selected, user requires authentication only to access <b>Profile rule</b><br>and <b>Factory reset</b> menus on the phone. Authenticaion control of these two menus also<br>depends on the settings of the <b>Factory Reset Menu</b> menu and the <b>Profile Rule Menu</b><br>menu. User will not require any authentication to access other phone menus. |
|   | • No—When selected, the Sign in menu, the Sign out menu, the lock icon, and the Set password menus are not available on the phone. User can access phone menus without any authentication.   |
|   | Default value: Default   |
| Factory Reset                             | Specifies if the user requires authentication to access <b>Factory reset</b> menu on the phone.  |
| Menu                                      | You can customize this parameter to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> only when you set the <b>Require</b><br><b>Authentication for LCD Menu Access</b> parameter to <b>Customized</b> .   |
|   | Perform one of the following:  |
|   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|   | <factory_reset_menu ua="na">Yes</factory_reset_menu>   |
|   | • On the phone web interface, set this parameter to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> as needed.   |
|   | Allowed values: Yes No   |
|   | Default value: Yes   |

| Parameter    | Description  |
|--------------|--|
| Profile Rule | Specifies if the user requires authentication to access <b>Profile rule</b> menu on the phone.   |
| Menu         | You can customize this parameter to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> only when you set the <b>Require Authentication for LCD Menu Access</b> parameter to <b>Customized</b> . |
|              | Perform one of the following:  |
|              | <profile_rule_menu ua="na">Yes</profile_rule_menu>   |
|              | • On the phone web interface, set this parameter to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> as needed.   |
|              | Allowed values: Yes No   |
|              | Default value: Yes   |

### Silence an Incoming Call with Ignore Soft Key

You can add the **Ignore** softkey on the phone. User can press this softkey to silence an incoming call when busy and don't want to be disturbed. When the user presses the softkey, the phone stops ringing, but the user gets a visual alert, and, can answer the phone call.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Phone.   |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | In the Programmable Softkeys section, set the Programmable Softkey Enable to Yes. |
| Step 3 | Enter the following values in the <b>Ringing Key List</b> field:                  |
|        | <pre>answer 1;ignore 2;ignoresilent 3;</pre>                                      |
| Step 4 | Click Submit All Changes.   |

## Move an Active Call from a Phone to Other Phones (Locations)

You can configure a phone to allow a call to seamlessly be moved from one desk phone(location) to another mobile phone or desk phone(location).

When you enable this feature, the **Anywhere** menu is added into the phone screen. The user can use this menu to add multiple phones as locations to the extension. When there is an incoming call in that extension, all the added phones will ring and the user can answer the incoming call from any location. The locations list also gets saved to the BroadWorks XSI server.

L

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for Moving Active Call to Other Locations, on page 216 table.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Ext(n).
- Step 2 In the XSI Line Service section, set the XSI Host Server, XSI Authentication Type, Login User ID, Login Password, and Anywhere Enable parameters as described in the Parameters for Moving Active Call to Other Locations, on page 216 table.

If you select **SIP Credentials** for **XSI Authentication Type**, you need to enter subsriber **Auth ID** and **Password** in the **Subscriber Information** section.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Parameters for Moving Active Call to Other Locations**

The following table defines the function and usage of Moving Active Call to Locations parameters in the XSI Line Service section under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Table 27: Parameters | s for Moving | Active | Call to | Locations |
|----------------------|--------------|--------|---------|-----------|
|----------------------|--------------|--------|---------|-----------|

| Parameter       | Description  |
|-----------------|--|
| XSI Host Server | Enter the name of the server. For example:   |
|                 | xsi.iopl.broadworks.net  |
|                 | <b>Note</b> XSI Host Server uses http protocol by default. To enable XSI over HTTPS, you can specify https:// in the server.       |
|                 | Perform one of the following:  |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                 | <xsi_host_server<br>ua="na"&gt;https://xsi.iopl.broadworks.net<br/>• In the phone web page, enter the server.</xsi_host_server<br> |
|                 | For example:   |
|                 | https://xsi.iopl.broadworks.net  |
|                 | You can also specify a port for the server. For example:   |
|                 | https://xsi.iop1.broadworks.net:5061   |
|                 | If you don't specify a port. The default port for the specified protocol is used.  |
|                 | Default: Blank   |

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| Parameter               | Description   |
|-------------------------|---|
| XSI Authentication Type | Determines the XSI authentication type.   |
|                         | Perform one of the following:   |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                         | <xsi_authentication_type ua="na">SIP<br/>Credentials</xsi_authentication_type><br>• In the phone web page, select an authentication type.   |
|                         | Options:  |
|                         | Login Credentials - authenticates access with Login User ID and Login Password.   |
|                         | SIP Credentials - authenticates access with the register Auth ID and<br>Password of the SIP account registered on the phone.  |
|                         | If you select <b>SIP Credentials</b> for <b>XSI Authentication Type</b> , you need to enter subscriber <b>Auth ID</b> and <b>Password</b> in the <b>Subscriber Information</b> section. |
|                         | Default: Login Credentials  |
| Login User ID           | BroadSoft User ID of the phone user.  |
|                         | For example:  |
|                         | johndoe@xdp.broadsoft.com.  |
|                         | Perform one of the following:   |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                         | <login_user_id<br>ua="na"&gt;4081005300@as1bsoft22.sipurash.com</login_user_id<br>  |
|                         | • In the phone web page, enter a valid user ID.   |
|                         | For any XSI Authentication Type, you must enter <b>Login User ID</b> . The BroadWorks Anywhere feature does not work without this parameter.  |
|                         | Default: admin  |
| Login Password          | Alphanumeric password associated with the Login User ID.  |
|                         | Enter Login Password, when you select <b>Login Credentials</b> for XSI authentication type.   |
|                         | After you enter the password, this parameter shows the following in the configuration file (cfg.xml): <acs_password<br>ua="na"&gt;*********</acs_password<br>                           |
|                         | Default: Blank  |

| Parameter       | Description   |
|-----------------|---|
| Anywhere Enable | Enables BroadWorks Anywhere feature on an extension.  |
|                 | Perform one of the following:   |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                 | <anywhere_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</anywhere_enable_1_><br>• In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> , Anywhere is enabled on this<br>line, and the user can use the phone menu to add multiple locations<br>to this specific line. |
|                 | Valid values: Yes No  |
|                 | Default: Yes  |

# Sync the Block Caller ID Feature with the Phone and the BroadWords XSI Server

You can sync the **Block caller id** status on the phone and the **Line ID Blocking** status on the BroadWorks XSI server. When you enable the synchronization, the changes that the user makes in the **Block caller id** settings also changes the BroadWorks server settings.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

#### **Step 1** Select Voice > Ext(n).

**Step 2** In the **XSI Line Service** section, set the **Block CID Enable** parameter. Choose **Yes** to enable the synchronization of blocking caller id status with the server using XSI interface. Choose **No** to use the phone's local blocking caller id settings.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Block\_CID\_Enable\_1\_ ua="na">No</Block\_CID\_Enable\_1\_>

Note

- When Feature Key Sync is set to Yes, FKS takes precedent over XSI synchronization.
  - If XSI host server and credentials are not entered and the **CFWD Enable** field is set to **Yes**, the phone user can't forward calls on the phone.

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Enable Viewing BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line**

You can configure a phone to display recent call logs from either the BroadWorks server or the local phone. After you enable the feature, the Recents screen has a **Display recents from** menu and the user can choose the XSI call logs or the local call logs.

You can set up a feature to do a reverse name lookup against local contacts for BroadWorks server call logs. For example, on server you set up a user 3280 (4085273280) with name "cx400 liu" and another user 3281(4085273281) with name "cx401 liu". User 3280 is registered on phone A and user 3281 is registered on phone B. From phone A you make a missed call, a received call, or a placed call on phone B. The display of the broadsoft call logs on phone B appears as follows:

- If the personal directory doesn't have a contact that matches with the caller name, the BroadWorks call logs on phone B displays the original name "cx400 liu" saved in the server as the caller name.
- If the personal directory has a contact with "Name" = "B3280" and "Work" = "3280" that matches with the calling number, the BroadWorks call logs on phone B displays the contact name "B3280" as the caller name.
- If the personal directory has a contact with "Name" = "C3280" and "Work" = "03280", and the user configures a caller id map rule (<3:03>x.), the BroadWorks call logs on the phone B displays "C3280" using the mapped phone number 03280. If there is a matched contact of the unmapped phone number, the mapped phone number will not be used for reverse name lookup.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line, on page 220 table.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

CallLog Enable field is enabled.

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.
- Step 2 In the XSI Phone Service section, set the XSI Host Server, XSI Authentication Type, Login User ID, Login Password, and Directory Enable fields as described in Parameters for BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line, on page 220.

If you select **SIP Credentials** for **XSI Authentication Type**, you need to enter **SIP Auth ID** and **SIP Password** in this section.

- Step 3 Set the CallLog Associated Line and Display Recents From fields as described in Parameters for BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line, on page 220.
  - **Note** The **Display recents from** menu doesn't appear in the **Recents** phone screen when you set the value of the **CallLog Enable** field to **No**,

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

### Parameters for BroadWorks XSI Call Logs on a Line

The following table defines the function and usage of XSI Call Logs on a Line parameters in the XSI Phone Service section under the Phone tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter               | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| XSI Host Server         | Enter the name of the server; for example,   |
|                         | xsi.iopl.broadworks.net  |
|                         |  |
|                         | Note XSI Host Server uses http protocol by default. To enable XSI over HTTPS, you can specify https:// in the server.  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <xsi_host_server<br>ua="na"&gt;https://xsi.iop1.broadworks.net</xsi_host_server<br>  |
|                         | • In the phone web interface, enter the XSI server to use.   |
|                         | Default: Empty   |
| XSI Authentication Type | Determines the XSI authentication type. Select <b>Login Credentials</b> to authenticate access with XSI id and password. Select <b>SIP Credentials</b> to authenticate access with the register user ID and password of the SIP account registered on the phone. |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <xsi_authentication_type ua="na">SIP<br/>Credentials</xsi_authentication_type>   |
|                         | • In the phone web interface, specify the authentication type for XSI service.   |
|                         | Options: SIP Credentials and Login Credentials   |
|                         | Default: Login Credentials   |

#### Table 28: Parameters for XSI Call Logs on a Line

| Parameter        | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| Login User ID    | BroadSoft User ID of the phone user; for example,<br>johndoe@xdp.broadsoft.com.  |
|                  | Enter SIP Auth ID when you select <b>Login Credentials</b> or <b>SIP Credentials</b> for XSI authentication type.  |
|                  | When you choose SIP Auth ID as <b>SIP Credentials</b> , you must enter Login User ID. Without Login User ID, the BroadSoft directory will not appear under the phone Directory list. |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                  | <login_user_id ua="na">username</login_user_id>  |
|                  | • In the phone web interface, enter the username used to authenticate the access to the XSI server.  |
|                  | Default: Empty   |
| Login Password   | Alphanumeric password associated with the User ID.   |
|                  | Enter login password, when you select <b>Login Credentials</b> for XSI authentication type.  |
|                  | Default: Empty   |
| Directory Enable | Enables BroadSoft directory for the phone user. Select <b>Yes</b> to enable the directory and select <b>No</b> to disable it.  |
|                  | Perform one of the following:  |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                  | <directory_enable ua="na">Yes</directory_enable>   |
|                  | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the BroadSoft directory.  |
|                  | Option: Yes and No   |
|                  | Default: No  |

| Parameter               | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| CallLog Associated Line | Allows you to select a phone line for which you want to display the recent call logs.  |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <calllog_associated_line<br>ua="na"&gt;1</calllog_associated_line<br>  |
|                         | • In the phone web interface, Select a phone line.   |
|                         | Valid values: 1 to 10  |
|                         | Default: 1   |
| Display Recents From    | Allows you to set which type of recent call logs the phone will display.   |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <display_recents_from ua="na">Phone</display_recents_from>   |
|                         | • In the phone web interface, Choose <b>Server</b> to display BroadSoft XSI recent call logs and select <b>Phone</b> to display local recent call logs.    |
|                         | Option: Phone and Server   |
|                         | Default: Phone   |
|                         | Note The Display recents from is added to the Recents screen of the phone only when you set CallLog Enable to Yes and Display Recents From type to Server. |

# **Enable Feature Key Sync**

When you enable the Feature Key Synchronization (FKS), the settings of call forward and do not disturb (DND) on the server are synchronized to the phone. The changes in DND and call forward settings made on the phone will also be synchronized to the server.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Ext [n] (where [n] is the extension numl | ber). |
|--------|---|-------|
|--------|---|-------|

**Step 2** In the **Call Feature Settings** section, set the **Feature Key Sync** field to **Yes**.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

#### **Related Topics**

DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 223 Enable Call Forward Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 224 Enable DND Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 224

## **DND and Call Forward Status Sync**

You can configure the settings on the phone administration web page to enable status synchronization of do not disturb (DND) and call forward between the phone and the server.

There are two ways to synchronize the feature status:

- Feature Key Synchronization (FKS)
- XSI Synchronization

FKS uses SIP messages to communicate the feature status. XSI Synchronization uses HTTP messages. If both FKS and XSI synchronization are enabled, FKS takes precedent over XSI synchronization. See the table below for how FKS interacts with XSI synchronization.

| Feature Key Sync | DND Enabled | CFWD Enabled | DND Sync   | CFWD Sync  |
|------------------|-------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| Yes              | Yes         | Yes          | Yes (SIP)  | Yes (SIP)  |
| Yes              | No          | No           | Yes (SIP)  | Yes (SIP)  |
| Yes              | No          | Yes          | Yes (SIP)  | Yes (SIP)  |
| Yes              | No          | No           | Yes (SIP)  | Yes (SIP)  |
| No               | Yes         | Yes          | Yes (HTTP) | Yes (HTTP) |
| No               | No          | Yes          | No         | Yes (HTTP) |
| No               | Yes         | No           | Yes (HTTP) | No         |
| No               | No          | No           | No         | No         |

Table 29: Interaction Between FKS and XSI Synchronization

If a line key is configured with FKS or XSI synchronization and is also enabled with DND or call forward,

the respective DND  $\bigotimes$  icon or the call forward  $\bigotimes$  icon is displayed next to the line key label. If the line key has a missed call, a voice message, or an urgent voicemail alert, the DND icon or the call forward icon is also displayed with the alert notification.

#### **Related Topics**

Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 222 Enable Call Forward Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 224 Enable DND Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 224

### Enable Call Forward Status Sync via XSI Service

When call forward sync is enabled, the settings related to call forward on the server are synchronized to the phone. The changes in call forward settings made on the phone will also be synchronized to the server.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Configure the XSI host server and the corresponding credentials on the Voice > Ext (n) tab.
  - When using Login Credentials for XSI server authentication, enter XSI Host Server, Login User ID, and Login Password in the XSI Line Service section.
  - When using SIP Credentials for XSI server authentication, enter XSI Host Server and Login User ID in the XSI Line Service section, and Auth ID and Password in the Subscriber Information section.
- Disable Feature Key Sync (FKS) in **Call Feature Settings** section from **Voice** > **Ext (n)**.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Ext [n] (where [n] is the extension number).

**Step 2** In the **XSI Line Service** section, set the **CFWD Enable** parameter to **Yes**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<CFWD\_Enable\_1\_ ua="na">Yes</CFWD\_Enable\_1\_>

Options: Yes and No

Default: Yes

**Note** If XSI sync for call forward is enabled and the XSI host server or XSI account is not configured correctly, the phone user can't forward calls on the phone.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

#### Related Topics

DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 223 Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 222

### Enable DND Status Sync via XSI Service

When do not disturb (DND) sync is enabled, the DND setting on the server is synchronized to the phone. The changes in DND setting made on the phone will also be synchronized to the server.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Configure the XSI host server and the corresponding credentials on the Voice > Ext (n) tab.
  - When using Login Credentials for XSI server authentication, enter XSI Host Server, Login User ID, and Login Password in the XSI Line Service section.
  - When using **SIP Credentials** for XSI server authentication, enter **XSI Host Server** and **Login User ID** in the **XSI Line Service** section, and **Auth ID** and **Password** in the **Subscriber Information** section.
- Disable Feature Key Synchronization (FKS) in Call Feature Settings section from Voice > Ext (n).

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Ext [n] (where [n] is the extension number).
- Step 2 In the XSI Line Service section, set the DND Enable parameter to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<DND\_Enable\_1\_ ua="na">Yes</DND\_Enable\_1\_>

Options: Yes and No

Default: Yes

```
Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.
```

#### **Related Topics**

DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 223 Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 222

# Enable Synchronization of Anonymous Call Rejection via XSI Service

You can enable synchronization of Anonymous Call Rejection for each line via the XSI service. The function can be used to reject calls from callers who have blocked the display of their number.

Except for the setting for each line, you can also use the **Block ANC Setting** field under the **Supplementary Services** section from **Voice** > **User** to directly enable or disable the function for all lines.

The priority of the setting: Block Anonymous Call Enable > Block ANC Setting.

For example, if you set **Block Anonymous Call Enable** to **Yes** for a specific line, the setting in the **Block ANC Setting** doesn't take effect for the line, it takes effect for other lines on which **Block Anonymous Call Enable** is **No**.

#### Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Configure the XSI host server and the corresponding credentials on the Voice > Ext (n) tab.
  - When using Login Credentials for XSI server authentication, enter XSI Host Server, Login User ID, and Login Password in the XSI Line Service section.
  - When using **SIP Credentials** for XSI server authentication, enter **XSI Host Server** and **Login User ID** in the **XSI Line Service** section, and **Auth ID** and **Password** in the **Subscriber Information** section.
- Ensure that Anonymous Call Rejection is enabled on the line or in the XSI service. Otherwise, your user still receives anonymous calls.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Ext [n] (where [n] is the extension number).

**Step 2** In the **XSI Line Service** section, set the **Block Anonymous Call Enable** parameter to **Yes**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Block\_Anonymous\_Call\_Enable\_n\_ ua="na">Yes</Block\_Anonymous\_Call\_Enable\_n\_>

Where *n* is the extension number.

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

#### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

After the change takes effect, the XSI service takes over the phone to provide the function. The function doesn't work in the following scenarios even though **Block Anonymous Call Enable** is set to **Yes**:

- The function is disabled in the XSI service.
- The function is disabled on the line.

Because the function status is synchronized between the XSI service and the line.

### Set Feature Activation Code for Anonymous Call Rejection

You can set activation code to block or remove blocking of anonymous calls for all lines on which synchronization of Anonymous Call Rejection is disabled.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > Regional.

**Step 2** In the **Vertical Service Activation Codes** section, ensure that the **Block ANC Act Code** field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is \*77.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

<Block ANC Act Code ua="na">\*77</Block ANC Act Code>

**Step 3** In the **Vertical Service Activation Codes** section, ensure that the **Block ANC Deact Code** field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is \*87.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

<Block\_ANC\_Deact\_Code ua="na">\*87</Block\_ANC\_Deact\_Code>

#### Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Your user can dial \*77 or \*87 and press the Call softkey to block all anonymous calls or remove the blocking.

This operation is identical to the setting on the **Block ANC Setting** field under the **Supplementary Services** section from **Voice** > **User**. It takes effect for the lines on which the **Block Anonymous Call Enable** (under the **XSI Line Service** section from **Voice** > **Ext**) is set to **No**.

## Enable Synchronization of Call Waiting via XSI Service

You can enable synchronization of Call Waiting for each line via the XSI service. The function allows the user to receive incoming calls while on another call.

Except for the setting, you can also use the **CW Setting** field under the **Supplementary Services** section from **Voice** > **User** to directly enable or disable the function for all lines.

The priority of the setting: Call Waiting Enable > CW Setting.

For example, if you set **Call Waiting Enable** to **Yes** for a specific line, the setting in the **CW Setting** doesn't take effect for the line, it only takes effect for other lines on which **Call Waiting Enable** is set to **No**.

#### Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Configure the XSI host server and the corresponding credentials on the Voice > Ext (n) tab.
  - When using Login Credentials for XSI server authentication, enter XSI Host Server, Login User ID, and Login Password in the XSI Line Service section.
  - When using **SIP Credentials** for XSI server authentication, enter **XSI Host Server** and **Login User ID** in the **XSI Line Service** section, and **Auth ID** and **Password** in the **Subscriber Information** section.
- Ensure that Call Waiting is enabled on the line or in the XSI service. Otherwise, your user doesn't receive any incoming calls while on a call.

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Ext [n] (where [n] is the extension number).
- **Step 2** In the **XSI Line Service** section, set the **Call Waiting Enable** parameter to **Yes**.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Call Waiting Enable n ua="na">Yes</Call Waiting Enable n >

Where *n* is the extension number.

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

#### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

After the change takes effect, the XSI service takes over the phone to provide the function. The function doesn't work in the following scenarios even though **Call Waiting Enable** is set to **Yes**:

- The function is disabled in the XSI service.
- The function is disabled on the line.

Because the function status is synchronized between the XSI service and the line.

### Set Feature Activation Code for Call Waiting

You can set activation code (star code) that can be used to activate or deactivate Call Waiting for all lines.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

#### **Step 1** Select Voice > Regional.

**Step 2** In the **Vertical Service Activation Codes** section, ensure that the **CW Act Code** field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is \*56.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

<CW\_Act\_Code ua="na">\*56</CW\_Act\_Code>

**Step 3** In the **Vertical Service Activation Codes** section, ensure that the **CW\_Deact\_Code** field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is \*57.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

<CW Deact Code ua="na">\*57</CW Deact Code>

**Step 4** In the **Vertical Service Activation Codes** section, ensure that the **CW\_Per\_Call\_Act\_Code** field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is \*71.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

<CW\_Per\_Call\_Act\_Code ua="na">\*71</CW\_Per\_Call\_Act\_Code>

Step 5 In the Vertical Service Activation Codes section, ensure that the CW\_Per\_Call\_Deact\_Code field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is \*70.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

<CW\_Per\_Call\_Deact\_Code ua="na">\*70</CW\_Per\_Call\_Deact\_Code>

#### Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

Your user can dial \*56 or \*57 and press the **Call** softkey to activate or deactivate Call Waiting for all incoming calls. This operation is identical to the setting on the **CW Setting** field under the **Supplementary Services** section from **Voice** > **User**. These activation codes don't take effect for the lines where synchronization of Call Waiting via the XSI service is enabled.

Your user can dial \*71 or \*70 and press the **Call** softkey to temporarily activate or deactivate Call Waiting for the next incoming call on an active call. These activation codes still take effect for the lines where synchronization of Call Waiting via the XSI service is enabled. If Call Waiting is disabled in the XSI service, the server blocks all incoming calls, therefore these activation codes don't take effect.

### Enable End-of-Call Statistics Reports in SIP Messages

You can enable the phone to send end-of-call statistics in Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) messages (BYE and re-INVITE messages). The phone sends call statistics to the other party of the call when the call terminates or when the call is on hold. The statistics include:

- Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP) packets sent or received
- Total bytes sent or received
- Total number of lost packets
- Delay jitter
- Round-trip delay
- Call duration

The call statistics are sent as headers in SIP BYE messages and SIP BYE response messages (200 OK and re-INVITE during hold). For audio sessions, the headers are RTP-RXStat and RTP-TXStat.

Example of call statistics in a SIP BYE message:

```
Rtp-Rxstat: Dur=13,Pkt=408,Oct=97680,LatePkt=8,LostPkt=0,AvgJit=0,VQMetrics="CCR=0.0017;
ICR=0.0000;ICRmx=0.0077;CS=2;SCS=0;VoRxCodec=PCMU;CID=4;VoPktSizeMs=30;VoPktLost=0;
VoPktDis=1;VoOneWayDelayMs=281;maxJitter=12;MOScq=4.21;MOSlq=3.52;network=ethernet;
hwType=CP-8865;rtpBitrate=60110;rtcpBitrate=0"
```

Rtp-Txstat: Dur=13,Pkt=417,Oct=100080,tvqMetrics="TxCodec=PCMU;rtpbitrate=61587;rtcpbitrate=0

For description of the attributes in call statistics, see Attributes for Call Statistics in SIP Messages, on page 230.

You can also use the call statistics parameter in the phone configuration file to enable this feature.

<Call Statistics ua="na">Yes</Call Statistics>

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page, see Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 Select Voice > SIP |
|---------------------------|
|---------------------------|

**Step 2** In the **RTP Parameters** section, set the **Call Statistics** field to **Yes** to enable the phone to send call statistics in SIP BYE and re-INVITE messages.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Call\_Statistics ua="na">Yes</Call\_Statistics>

The allowed values are Yes|No. The defaut value is No.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Attributes for Call Statistics in SIP Messages**

#### Table 30: Audio: RTP-RxStat Payload

| Attribute       | Description  | Mandatory |
|-----------------|--|-----------|
| Dur             | Duration of media session/call   | Yes       |
| Pkt             | Number of RTP packets received   | Yes       |
| Oct             | Number of RTP packets octets received  | No        |
| LatePkt         | Number of RTP packets received and discarded as late due to outside of buffer window | Yes       |
| LostPkt         | Number of RTP packets lost   | Yes       |
| AvgJit          | Average Jitter over session duration   | Yes       |
| VoRxCodec       | Stream/session codec negotiated  | Yes       |
| VoPktSizeMs     | Packet size in milliseconds  | Yes       |
| maxJitter       | Max Jitter detected  | Yes       |
| VoOneWayDelayMs | Latency/one way delay  | Yes       |

L

| Attribute       | Description  | Mandatory |
|-----------------|--|-----------|
| MOScq           | Mean opinion score conversational quality for the session, per<br>RFC https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3611  | Yes       |
| maxBurstPktLost | Maximum number of sequential packets lost  | No        |
| avgBurstPktLost | Average number of sequential packets lost in a burst. The number<br>can be used in conjunction with overall loss to compare the<br>impact of loss on the call quality. | No        |
| networkType     | Type of network the device is on (if possible).  | Yes       |
| hwType          | Hardware client that the session/media is running on. More relevant for soft clients but still useful for hard phones. For example, Model number CP-8865.              | Yes       |

#### Table 31: Audio: RTP-TxStat Payload

| Attribute   | Description                              | Mandatory |
|-------------|--|-----------|
| Dur         | Duration of session                      | Yes       |
| Pkt         | Number of RTP packets transmitted        | Yes       |
| Oct         | Number of RTP packets octets transmitted | Yes       |
| TxCodec     | Transmit codec                           | Yes       |
| rtpBitRate  | Total RTP transmit bit rate (bits/sec)   | Yes       |
| rctpBitRate | Total RCTP transmit bit rate (bits/sec)  | Yes       |

### **SIP Session ID**

The Multiplatform phones now support "Session Identifier". This feature helps to overcome the limitations with the existing call-identifiers and allows end-to-end tracking of a SIP session in IP-based multimedia communication systems in compliance with RFC 7989. To support session identifier, "Session-ID" header is added in the SIP request and response messages.

"Session Identifier" refers to the value of the identifier, whereas "Session-ID" refers to the header field used to convey the identifier.

- When a user initiates the call, the phone while sending SIP INVITE message, generates the local-UUID.
- When the UAS receives the SIP-INVITE, the phone picks up the local UUIDs with the incoming messages and appends it to the received Session-ID header and sends the header in reponses.
- The same UUIDs are maintained in all the SIP messages of a particular session.
- The phone maintains the same local-UUID during other features, such as conference or transfer.
- This header is implemented in REGISTER method, the local-UUID remains same for all the REGISTER messages till the phone fails to REGISTER.

The Session-ID comprises of Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) for each user agent participating in a call. Each call consists of two UUID known as local UUID and remote UUID. Local UUID is the UUID generated from the originating user agent and remote UUID is generated from the terminating user agent. The UUID values are presented as strings of lower-case hexadecimal characters, with the most significant octet of the UUID appearing first. Session Identifier comprises of 32 characters and remains same for the entire session.

#### **Session ID format**

Components will implement Session-ID which is global session ID ready.

A sample current session ID passed in http header by phones (dashes are just included for clarity) is 00000000-0000-0000-5ca48a65079a.

A session-ID format: UUUUUUUUSSSS5000y000DDDDDDDDDDDDD where,

UUUUUUUU - A randomly generated unique ID[0-9a-f] for the session. Examples of new session IDs generated are:

- Phone going off hook
- Entry of the activation code through to first SIP first registration (the onboarding flow)

SSSS - The source that generates the session. For example, if the source type is "Cisco MPP" the source value (SSSS) can be "0100".

Y - Any of the values of 8, 9, A, or B and should be compliant with UUID v5 RFC.

DDDDDDDDDDD - MAC address of the phone.

#### SessionID Example in SIP Messages

This header is supported in the in-call dialog messages like INVITE/ACK/CANCEL/BYE/UPDATE/INFO/REFER and their responses as well as out-of-call messages essentially the REGISTER.

### **Enable SIP Session ID**

You can enable SIP session ID to overcome the limitations with the existing call-identifiers and to allow end-to-end tracking of a SIP session.
## Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113

## Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Ext(n).   |
|--------|--|
| Step 2 | Go to the <b>SIP Settings</b> section.   |
| Step 3 | Set the <b>SIP SessionID Support</b> field as described in the Session ID Parameters, on page 233 table. |
| Step 4 | Click Submit All Changes.  |

# **Session ID Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **SIP Settings** section in the **Voice** > **Ext(n)** tab of the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter Name       | Description and Default Value  |
|----------------------|--|
| SIP SessioID Support | Controls the SIP session ID support.   |
|                      | Perform one of the following   |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) enter a string in this format.  |
|                      | <sip_sessionid_support_1_<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes<br/>• In the phone web page select <b>Yes</b> to enable the feature.</sip_sessionid_support_1_<br> |
|                      | Allowed values: Yes/No<br>Default: No  |

# Set Up a Phone for Remote SDK

You can configure remote SDK for a multiplatform phone. The remote SDK provides a WebSocket based protocol through which the phone can be controlled.

## Before you begin

- Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113
- A WebSocket server must be running with an address and port reachable from the phone.

# Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Phone.   |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | Go to the WebSocket API section.  |
| Step 3 | Set the <b>Control Server URL</b> and the <b>Allowed APIs</b> fields as described in the WebSocket API Parameters, on page 234 table. |
| Step 4 | Click Submit All Changes.   |

# WebSocket API Parameters

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **WebSocket API** section in the **Voice** > **Phone** tab of the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter Name     | Description and Default Value   |
|--------------------|---|
| Control Server URL | The URL of a WebSocket server to which the phone attempts to stay connected.        |
|                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) enter a string in this format. |
|                    | <control server="" ua="na" url=""></control>  |
|                    | • In the phone web page enter the URL of a WebSocket server.                        |
|                    | For example:  |
|                    | <control_server_url>wss://my-server.com<br/>/ws-server-path</control_server_url>    |
|                    | The URL should be in one of the following formats:                                  |
|                    | • For a nonsecure HTTP connection:  |
|                    | ws://your-server-name/path  |
|                    | • For a secure HTTPS connection:  |
|                    | wss://your-server-name/some-path  |
|                    | We recommend a secure connection.   |
|                    | Default: Empty.   |

| Parameter Name | Description and Default Value   |
|----------------|---|
| Allowed APIs   | A regular expression that can be used to limit the API calls that are allowed from the controlling server.  |
|                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) enter a string in this format.  |
|                | <allowed_apis ua="na">.*</allowed_apis>   |
|                | • In the phone web page enter an appropriate regular expression.  |
|                | The regular expression provided is matched with the Request-URI path<br>provided in the API request from the controlling server. If the entire<br>path is not matched by the given regular expression, the API call is<br>rejected. |
|                | Allowed values are:   |
|                | • .*: All APIs are allowed  |
|                | • /api/Call/v1/.*: All v1 Call interface calls are allowed.   |
|                | • /api/Call/v1/(Dial Hangup): Only the v1 Call interface calls Dial and Hangup are allowed.   |
|                | Default: .*   |

# Hide a Menu Item from Being Displayed on the Phone Screen

By default, all the menu items on the phone screen **Information and settings** are visible to users. You can configure the phone to hide or show specific menu items. When hidden, the items don't display on the phone screen.

You can hide any of the following menu items as needed:

- Speed dials
- User preferences
- Network configuration
- Device administration
- Status
- · Report problem

You can also configure the visibility of the menu items in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with strings in this format:

<Device Administration ua="na">No</Device Administration>

See the parameter syntax and valid values in Parameters for Menu Visibility, on page 236.

# Procedure Step 1 Select Voice > Phone. Step 2 In the Menu Visibility section, set the menu items that you want to hide to No. Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Parameters for Menu Visibility**

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **Menu Visibility** section of the **Voice** > **Phone** tab.

| Parameter Name   | Description and Default Value   |  |  |
|------------------|---|--|--|
| Speed Dials      | Controls whether to show the <b>Speed dials</b> menu on the phone screen. Set this field to <b>Yes</b> to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to <b>No</b> .         |  |  |
|                  | Perform one of the following:   |  |  |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:  |  |  |
|                  | <speed_dials ua="na">Yes</speed_dials>  |  |  |
|                  | • In the phone web interface, select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to show or hide the menu.  |  |  |
|                  | Valid values: Yes and No  |  |  |
|                  | Default: Yes  |  |  |
| User Preferences | Controls whether to show the <b>User preferences</b> menu on the phone screen.<br>Set this field to <b>Yes</b> to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to <b>No</b> . |  |  |
|                  | Perform one of the following:   |  |  |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:  |  |  |
|                  | <user_preferences ua="na">Yes</user_preferences>  |  |  |
|                  | • In the phone web interface, select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to show or hide the menu.  |  |  |
|                  | Valid values: Yes and No  |  |  |
|                  | Default: Yes  |  |  |

| Parameter Name        | Description and Default Value   |  |  |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| Network Configuration | Controls whether to show the <b>Network configuration</b> menu on the phone screen. Set this field to <b>Yes</b> to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to <b>No</b> . |  |  |
|                       | Perform one of the following:   |  |  |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:  |  |  |
|                       | <network_configuration ua="na">Yes</network_configuration>  |  |  |
|                       | • In the phone web interface, select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to show or hide the menu.  |  |  |
|                       | Valid values: Yes and No  |  |  |
|                       | Default: Yes  |  |  |
| Device Administration | Controls whether to show the <b>Device administration</b> menu on the phone screen. Set this field to <b>Yes</b> to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to <b>No</b> . |  |  |
|                       | Perform one of the following:   |  |  |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:  |  |  |
|                       | <pre><device_administration ua="na">Yes</device_administration></pre>   |  |  |
|                       | • In the phone web interface, select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to show or hide the menu.  |  |  |
|                       | Valid values: Yes and No  |  |  |
|                       | Default: Yes  |  |  |
| Status                | Controls whether to show the <b>Status</b> menu on the phone screen. Set this field to <b>Yes</b> to show the menu. Otherwise, set it to <b>No</b> .                |  |  |
|                       | Perform one of the following:   |  |  |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:  |  |  |
|                       | <status ua="na">Yes</status>  |  |  |
|                       | • In the phone web interface, select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to show or hide the menu.  |  |  |
|                       | Valid values: Yes and No  |  |  |
|                       | Default: Yes  |  |  |

| Parameter Name | Description and Default Value   |  |
|----------------|---|--|
| Report Problem | Controls whether to show the <b>Report problem</b> menu under the <b>Status</b> menu<br>on the phone screen. Set this field to <b>Yes</b> to show the menu. Otherwise, set<br>it to <b>No</b> . |  |
|                | When the <b>Status</b> menu is invisible, the <b>Report problem</b> menu is invisible as well.  |  |
|                | Perform one of the following:   |  |
|                | • In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML, enter a string in this format:  |  |
|                | <report_problem_menu ua="na">Yes</report_problem_menu>  |  |
|                | • In the phone web interface, select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to show or hide the menu.  |  |
|                | Valid values: Yes and No  |  |
|                | Default: Yes  |  |

# **Display Caller Number Instead of Unresolved Caller Name**

By default, the phone displays both the caller name and the caller number in an incoming call alert. When the phone can't resolve the characters in caller name, the user sees boxes instead of the caller name. You can configure the phone to display only the number when any unresolved characters are detected in the caller name.

# Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Regional.
- **Step 2** In the Language section, set the **Replace Unresolved Caller Name with Number** field to **Yes**.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

<Replace\_Unresolved\_Caller\_Name\_with\_Number ua="na">Yes</Replace\_Unresolved\_Caller\_Name\_with\_Number>

The valid values are Yes and No. The default setting is No.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PSK**

| Function | URL String    | Target Menu  |
|----------|---------------|--|
| (fnc=)   | (url=)        |  |
| shortcut | settings      | Settings   |
| shortcut | accessibility | Settings > Accessibility   |
| shortcut | recents       | Settings > Recents   |
| shortcut | allcalls      | Settings > Recents > All calls                                   |
| shortcut | missedcalls   | Settings > Recents > Missed calls                                |
| shortcut | receivedcalls | Settings > Recents > Received calls                              |
| shortcut | placedcalls   | Settings > Recents > Placed calls                                |
| shortcut | speeddials    | Settings > Speed dials   |
| shortcut | userpref      | Settings > User preferences                                      |
| shortcut | callpref      | Settings > User preferences > Call preferences                   |
| shortcut | cfwsetting    | Settings > User preferences > Call preferences > Call forwarding |
| shortcut | anywhere      | Settings > User preferences > Call preferences > Anywhere        |
| shortcut | audiopref     | Settings > User preferences > Audio preferences                  |
| shortcut | screenpref    | Settings > User preferences > Screen preferences                 |
| shortcut | screensaver   | Settings > User preferences > Screen preferences > Screen saver  |
| shortcut | attconsole    | Settings > User preferences > Attendant console preferences      |
| shortcut | ringtone      | Settings > User preferences > Ringtone                           |
| shortcut | bluetooth     | Settings > Bluetooth   |
| shortcut | networkconf   | Settings > Network configuration                                 |
| shortcut | ethernetconf  | Settings > Network configuration > Ethernet configuration        |
| shortcut | ipv4setting   | Settings > Network configuration > IPv4 address settings         |
| shortcut | ipv6setting   | Settings > Network configuration > IPv6 address settings         |
| shortcut | adminsetting  | Settings > Device administration                                 |

Table 33: Menu Shortcuts Mapping

| Function | URL String     | Target Menu   |
|----------|----------------|---|
| (fnc=)   | (url=)         |   |
| shortcut | setpassword    | Settings > Device administration > Set password                       |
| shortcut | usersignin     | Settings > Device administration > Sign in                            |
| shortcut | usersignout    | Settings > Device administration > Sign out                           |
| shortcut | datetime       | Settings > Device administration > Date/Time                          |
| shortcut | language       | Settings > Device administration > Language                           |
| shortcut | restart        | Settings > Device administration > Restart                            |
| shortcut | factoryreset   | Settings > Device administration > Factory reset                      |
| shortcut | profilerule    | Settings > Device administration > Profile rule                       |
| shortcut | profileaccount | Settings > Device administration > Profile account setup              |
| shortcut | microphones    | Settings > Device administration > Microphones                        |
| shortcut | wiredmic       | Settings > Device administration > Microphones > Wired microphones    |
| shortcut | wirelessmic    | Settings > Device administration > Microphones > Wireless microphones |
| shortcut | status         | Settings > Status   |
| shortcut | productinfo    | Settings > Status > Product information                               |
| shortcut | networkstatus  | Settings > Status > Network status                                    |
| shortcut | ipv4status     | Settings > Status > Network status > IPv4 status                      |
| shortcut | ipv6status     | Settings > Status > Network status > IPv6 status                      |
| shortcut | phonestatus    | Settings > Status > Phone status                                      |
| shortcut | phonestat      | Settings > Status > Phone status > Phone status                       |
| shortcut | linestatus     | Settings > Status > Phone status > Line status                        |
| shortcut | provstatus     | Settings > Status > Phone status > Provisioning                       |
| shortcut | callstat       | Settings > Status > Phone status > Call statistics                    |
| shortcut | reportproblem  | Settings > Status > Report problem                                    |
| shortcut | reboothistory  | Settings > Status > Reboot history                                    |
| shortcut | accessories    | Settings > Status > Accessories                                       |
| shortcut | statusmessage  | Settings > Status > Status messages                                   |

| Function | URL String   | Target Menu   |
|----------|--------------|---|
| (fnc=)   | (url=)       |   |
| shortcut | directories  | Directories   |
| shortcut | personaldir  | Directories > Personal address book   |
| shortcut | alldir       | Directories > All   |
| shortcut | ldapdir      | Directories > Corporate directory (LDAP)  |
|          |              | The LDAP directory name is customizable.  |
| shortcut | broadsoftdir | Directories > BroadSoft directory   |
|          |              | The BroadSoft directory name is customizable.   |
| shortcut | bsdirpers    | Directories > BroadSoft directory > Personal  |
|          |              | The BroadSoft directory name is customizable.   |
| shortcut | bsdirgrp     | Directories > BroadSoft directory > Group   |
|          |              | The BroadSoft directory name is customizable.   |
| shortcut | bsdirent     | Directories > BroadSoft directory > Enterprise  |
|          |              | The BroadSoft directory name is customizable.   |
| shortcut | bsdirgrpcom  | Directories > BroadSoft directory > Group common  |
|          |              | The BroadSoft directory name is customizable.   |
| shortcut | bsdirentcom  | Directories > BroadSoft directory > Enterprise common   |
|          |              | The BroadSoft directory name is customizable.   |
| shortcut | xmppdir      | Directories > IM&P contacts   |
|          |              | The XMPP directory name is customizable.  |
| shortcut | xmlapp       | Settings > Cisco XML services   |
|          |              | The XML application name is customizable.   |
| shortcut | xmldir       | Directories > Corporate directory (XML)   |
|          |              | The XML directory name is customizable.   |
| shortcut | webexdir     | Directories > Webex directory   |
|          |              | The Webex directory name is customizable. By default, the softkey displays the directory name as <b>Webex Dir</b> . |
| shortcut | proxyset     | Settings > Network configuration > HTTP proxy settings  |

# Add a Menu Shortcut to a Programmable Softkey

You can configure a softkey as a phone menu shortcut.

## Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

## **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.

- Step 2In the Programmable Softkeys section, set the Programmable Softkey Enable field to Yes.You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:<Programmable\_Softkey\_Enable\_ua="rw">Yes</Programmable\_Softkey\_Enable>
- **Step 3** Configure a PSK field from PSK 1 through PSK 16 with a string in this format:

fnc=shortcut;url=userpref;nme=User preferences

where:

- fnc= shortcut means function=phone menu shortcut.
- url= userpref is the menu to open with this line key. It's the User preferences menu in this example. For more shortcut mapping, see Menu Shortcuts Mapping on PSK, on page 239.
- nme= XXXX is the menu shortcut name displayed on the phone. In the example, the softkey displays User preferences.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in this format:

```
<PSK_n ua="rw">fnc=shortcut;url=userpref;nme=User preferences</PSK_n>
```

where *n* is the PSK number.

**Step 4** Add the configured PSK to the desired key list.

Example: Add the configured PSK 2 to Idle Key List. Do any of these actions:

• Add psk2 to the Idle Key List field.

psk2;em\_login;acd\_login;acd\_logout;astate;redial;cfwd;dnd;lcr;

• In the configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<Idle_Key_List
ua="rw">psk2;em_login;acd_login;acd_logout;astate;redial;cfwd;dnd;lcr;</Idle_Key_List>
```

## Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Enable LDAP Unified Search**

You can enable the unified search in the LDAP directory. The search allows you to enter any value as filters. For example, first name, last name, extension, or phone number. The phone transfers the request as a single search request.

#### Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Browse Mode Enable parameter set to Yes or No.

#### Procedure

## Step 1 Select Voice > Phone.

**Step 2** In the LDAP section, set the parameter Unified Search Enable to Yes to enable the LDAP unified search. If the parameter is set to Yes, the phone transfers requests with OR filter.

If you set the value to No, the phone uses simple or advanced search and transfers requests with AND filter.

Default value is No.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<LDAP\_Unified\_Search\_Enable>Yes</LDAP\_Unified\_Search\_Enable>

Conditions based on **Browse Mode Enable** and **Unified Search Enable** parameter values:

- Browse Mode Enable parameter is No and Unified Search Enable parameter is No when the user chooses the LDAP directory on the phone, the Query LDAP server screen displays Simple search and Advanced search menus.
- Browse Mode Enable parameter is No and Unified Search Enable parameter is Yes when the user chooses the LDAP directory, the phone navigates to the LDAP query form (unified search screen) directly. If there is no value in the search box, the search displays all contacts in the directory.
- Browse Mode Enable parameter is Yes and Unified Search Enable parameter is No when the user navigates to the LDAP directory and clicks the Option softkey, the phone displays the Simple search and the Advanced search menus.
- Browse Mode Enable parameter is Yes and Unified Search Enable parameter is Yes when the user navigates to the LDAP directory and clicks the Option softkey, the phone displays only one Search menu. After clicking the Search menu, the unified search screen LDAP query form appears.

## Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# Enable LLDP X-SWITCH-INFO Support for E911

You can enable LLDP X-SWITCH-INFO support feature by adding an extra header (named "X-SWITCH-INFO") to the REGISTER sip message which contains the following switch information as advertised in LLDP data unit:

## Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Make sure you have configured the SIP registration in Ext n, and the Ext n can register successfully to the server.

## Procedure

| Step 1<br>Step 2 | Select Voice > System > Optional Network Configuration.<br>Select Yes for the parameter X-SWITCH-INFO Support.                       |  |
|------------------|--|--|
|                  | To disable the feature, select <b>No</b> .   |  |
|                  | You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:             |  |
|                  | <x-switch-info_support ua="na">Yes</x-switch-info_support>   |  |
|                  | Default: No.   |  |
| Step 3           | <ul> <li>For wired phone, do the following:</li> <li>a) Select Voice &gt; System &gt; VLAN Settings &gt; Enable LLDP-MED.</li> </ul> |  |
| Step 4           | Click Submit All Changes.  |  |



# **Phone Information and Display Configuration**

- Phone Information and Display Settings, on page 245
- Configure the Phone Name, on page 245
- Customize the Startup Screen, on page 246
- Customize Wallpaper for the Phone Display, on page 247
- Configure the Screen Saver with the Phone Web Interface, on page 248
- Adjust Backlight Timer from the Phone Web Interface, on page 251
- Customize the Product Configuration Version, on page 251
- Keep Focus on the Active Call, on page 252

# **Phone Information and Display Settings**

The phone web user interface allows you to customize settings such as the phone name, background picture, logo, and screen saver.

# **Configure the Phone Name**

#### **Before you begin**

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

## Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > Phone.
- Step 2 Under General, enter the phone name in the Station Display Name field.

This name displays on the phone screen. You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Station\_Display\_Name ua="na">Recetion Desk</Station\_Display\_Name>

## Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Customize the Startup Screen**

You can create a text or an image logo to display when the Cisco IP Phone boots up. A logo displays during the boot sequence for a short period after the Cisco logo displays.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

Step 1 Click Voice > User.

**Step 2** In the Screen section, select any option from the Boot Display field.

• **Default**: Displays a blank screen or existing screen as the startup screen.

- **Download Picture**: Displays a picture as the startup screen. Enter the path in the **Picture Download URL** field.
- Logo: Displays a logo as the startup screen. Enter the path in the Logo URL field.
- Text: Displays a text as the startup screen. Enter text in the Text Display field.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format: <Boot\_Display ua="na">Logo</Boot\_Display>

The allowed values are Default|Download Picture|Logo|Text. The default option is Default.

Step 3 To display a picture or a logo, enter the path in the Picture Download URL or Logo URL field.

For example:

http://10.64.84.147/pictures/image04.png

When you enter an incorrect URL to download the image, the phone fails to upgrade to the new image and displays the existing image. If the phone does not have any image downloaded earlier, it displays a gray screen.

The logo must be a .jpg or a .png file. The phone has a fixed display area. So, if the original logo size doesn't fit into the display area, you need to scale it to fit the screen. The display area size of the Cisco IP Phone 7832 is 48x48.

The logo must be a .jpg or a .png file. The phone has a fixed display area. So, if the original logo size doesn't fit into the display area, you need to scale it to fit the screen. The display area size of the Cisco IP Phone 8832 is 48x48.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Picture_Download_URL
ua="na">http://10.64.84.147/pictures/bootimage1.jpg</Picture_Download_URL>
<Logo URL ua="na">http://10.64.84.147/pictures/logo image.jpg</Logo URL>
```

**Step 4** To display text at bootup, enter the text to display in the **Text Display** field following the requirements:

• Enter up to two lines of text with less than 32 characters for each line.

• Insert a new line character (\n) and escape code (%0a) between the two lines.

For example,

Super\n%0aTelecom

displays:

Super Telecom

• Use the + character to add spaces for formatting. You can add multiple + characters before and after the text to center it.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format: <Text Display ua="na">Super\n%0aTelecom</Text Display>

## Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

The phone reboots, retrieves the image file, and displays the picture, logo, or text when it boots next time.

# **Customize Wallpaper for the Phone Display**

You can set the phone to display a custom logo or picture as the background on the phone screen.

The maximum file size of wallpaper that you can add is 625k bytes.

## Procedure

| On the phone web interface, select <b>Voice</b> > <b>User</b> .  |
|--|
| User can also change the wallpaper in the phone web interface.   |
| In the Screen section, choose one of the options for the Phone Background field:   |
| • Default—Keeps the system default background.   |
| • <b>Download Picture</b> —Displays a picture downloaded from a TFTP, FTP, or HTTPS server. When select this option, enter the URL for the picture in the <b>Picture Download URL</b> field. |
| • Logo—Displays a logo downloaded from a TFTP, FTP, or HTTPS server. When select this option, enter the URL for the logo image in the Logo URL field.  |
| You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:   |
| <phone_background ua="na">Logo</phone_background>  |
| Upload the custom wallpaper to a TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server.  |
| The image is a .jpg or .png file. Preferred dimension is 480x128 pixels. If the image is not the preferred size, user still can upload it but it will resize to fit the screen.              |
| In the <b>Picture Download URL</b> field, enter the path where the wallpaper image has been uploaded.  |

The URL must include the TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server name (or IP address), directory, and file name. Don't exceed 255 characters for the URL.

Example:

http://10.64.84.147/pictures/image04.jpg

When you enter an incorrect URL to download a new wallpaper, the phone fails to upgrade to the new wallpaper and displays the existing downloaded wallpaper. If the phone does not have any wallpaper downloaded earlier, it displays a gray screen.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Picture\_Download\_URL ua="na">http://10.64.84.147/pictures/image04.jpg</Picture\_Download\_URL>

**Step 5** Upload the logo image to a TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server.

The logo must be a .jpg or a .png file. The phone has a fixed display area. So, if the original logo size doesn't fit into the display area, you need to scale it to fit the screen. The display area size of the Cisco IP Phone 7832 is 48x48.

The logo must be a .jpg or a .png file. The phone has a fixed display area. So, if the original logo size doesn't fit into the display area, you need to scale it to fit the screen. The display area size of the Cisco IP Phone 8832 is 48x48.

**Step 6** In the Logo URL field, enter the path where the logo image has been uploaded.

The URL must include the TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS server name (or IP address), directory, and file name. Don't exceed 255 characters for the URL.

Example:

http://10.64.84.147/pictures/logo image.jpg

When you enter an incorrect URL to download a new logo, the phone fails to upgrade to the newer logo and displays the existing downloaded logo. If the phone does not have any logo downloaded earlier, it displays a gray screen.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Logo\_URL ua="na">http://10.64.84.147/pictures/logo\_image.jpg</Logo\_URL>

## Step 7 Click Submit All Changes.

The phone reboots after you change the background image URL.

# **Configure the Screen Saver with the Phone Web Interface**

You can configure a screen saver for the phone. When the phone is idle for a specified time, it enters screen saver mode.

Any button press returns the phone to normal mode.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Screen Saver, on page 249.

## Before you begin

Access the phone administration web interface. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

## Procedure

| Step 1 | On the phone web page, select <b>Voice</b> > <b>User</b> .<br>The user can select <b>User Login</b> > <b>Voice</b> > <b>User</b> to add screen saver to the phone. |  |
|--------|--|--|
| Step 2 | In the <b>Screen</b> section, set up the fields as described in Parameters for Screen Saver, on page 249.  |  |
| Step 3 | Click <b>Submit All Changes</b> .  |  |

# **Parameters for Screen Saver**

The following table defines the function and usage of the screen saver parameters in the **Screen** section under the **Voice**> **User** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter           | Description  |
|---------------------|--|
| Screen Saver Enable | Select <b>Yes</b> to enable a screen saver on the phone. When the phone is idle for a sp |
|                     | Perform one of the following:  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this for          |
|                     | <screen_saver_enable ua="rw">Yes</screen_saver_enable>                                   |
|                     | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable screen saver.       |
|                     | Allowed values: Yes No   |
|                     | Default: No  |

Table 34: Parameters for Screen Saver

| Parameter            | Description  |
|----------------------|--|
| Screen Saver Type    | Types of screen saver. Options you can choose:   |
|                      | • Clock—Displays a digital clock on a plain background.  |
|                      | • Download Picture—Displays a picture pushed from the phone webpage. Ente  |
|                      | • Logo: Displays a logo on the phone screen. Add a logo image in the Logo UR   |
|                      | Perform one of the following:  |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this formation  |
|                      | <screen_saver_type ua="rw">Clock</screen_saver_type>   |
|                      | • In the phone web interface, select a screen saver.   |
|                      | Allowed values: Clock Download Picture Logo  |
|                      | Default: Clock   |
| Screen Saver Wait    | Amount of idle time before screen saver displays.  |
|                      | Enter the number of seconds of idle time to elapse before the screen saver starts.   |
|                      | Perform one of the following:  |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this formation  |
|                      | <pre><screen_saver_wait ua="rw">300</screen_saver_wait></pre>  |
|                      | • In the phone web interface, set the time in seconds.   |
|                      | Allowed values: An integer from 30 through 65000   |
|                      | Default: 300   |
| Picture Download URL | URL locating the (.png) file to display on the phone screen background. The image or at bootup depending on the settings of the <b>Phone Background</b> , <b>Screen Saver Ty</b> |
|                      | When you enter an incorrect URL to download a new image, the phone fails to update image. If the phone does not have any image downloaded earlier, it displays a gray s          |
|                      | Perform one of the following:  |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this formation  |
|                      | <pre><picture_download_url ua="rw">http://10.74.3.52/images/screensaver</picture_download_url></pre>   |
|                      | • In the phone web interface, specify the URL where the picture is located.  |
|                      | Allowed values: A valid URL not exceeding 255 characters   |
|                      | Default: Empty   |

| Parameter | Description  |
|-----------|--|
| Logo URL  | Enter a URL or path for the location where the logo image is saved. The logo in or at bootup depending on the settings of the <b>Screen Saver Type</b> , <b>Boot Display</b> |
|           | Perform one of the following:  |
|           | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this fo   |
|           | <logo_url ua="rw">http://10.74.3.52/images/Logo1.png</logo_url>  |
|           | • In the phone web interface, specify the URL where the logo image is located  |
|           | Allowed values: A valid URL not exceeding 255 characters<br>Default: Empty   |

# **Adjust Backlight Timer from the Phone Web Interface**

You can save energy by disabling the backlight on each phone at a preset time.

## Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > User.   |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|
| Step 2 | In the Screen section, select a duration for the Back Light Timer parameter.                                   |  |  |
|        | You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format: |  |  |
|        | <back_light_timer ua="rw">30s</back_light_timer>   |  |  |
| Step 3 | Click Submit All Changes.  |  |  |

# **Customize the Product Configuration Version**

You can customize the configuration version of the product in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). After the change takes effect, the user can view the configuration version of the product information on the phone.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Edit the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) in a text or XML editor.

Step 2 Add a value for the element <Device\_Config\_Version> in the cfg.xml file.

For example:

<Device\_Config\_Version ua="na">2021-01-05-v1</Device\_Config\_Version>

Default: Empty

Value range: 0 to 64 characters

If the tag doesn't exist in the cfg.xml file or the parameter value is empty, then the **Configuration version** menu item doesn't display on the phone screen **Product information**.

**Step 3** Save the changes to the cfg.xml file.

# **Keep Focus on the Active Call**

You can configure the phone to ensure that the active call is still in focus when the user has an incoming call.

By default, the focus on the phone screen automatically moves from the active call to the incoming call. However, you can configure the phone to ensure that the active call always remains in focus, even when the user has an incoming call.

The focus still moves to an incoming call in the following situations:

- The user places an active call on hold and then receives one or more incoming calls, the focus automatically moves to the first incoming call.
- The user is on an active call and receives one or more incoming calls, if the user places the active call on hold, then the focus automatically moves to the first incoming call.

## Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > User.

Step 2 In the Supplementary Services section, set the parameter Keep Focus On Active Call to Yes.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file:

<Keep\_Focus\_On\_Active\_Call ua="na">Yes</Keep\_Focus\_On\_Active\_Call>

Allowed values: Yes and No

Default: No

## Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.



# **Call Features Configuration**

The phone web user interface and the xml configuration files allows you to customize calling features of your phone such as call transfer, call park, conferencing, and speed-dial.

- Enable Call Transfer, on page 253
- Call Forward, on page 255
- Enable Feature Activation Code Synchronization for Forward All Calls, on page 260
- Enable Conferencing, on page 262
- Manage Participant List for Ad Hoc Conference, on page 262
- Enable Remote Call Recording with SIP REC, on page 263
- Enable Remote Call Recording with SIP INFO, on page 265
- Configure Missed Call Indication , on page 266
- Enable Do Not Disturb, on page 267
- Enable Webex Contacts on the Phone, on page 268
- Configure Webex Contacts on a Line Key, on page 269
- Add a Softkey for Webex Contacts, on page 269
- Enable Webex Call Logs on the Phone, on page 270
- Configure Star Codes for DND, on page 271
- Set Up a Call Center Agent Phone, on page 272
- Set Up a Phone for Presence, on page 276
- Use DNS SRV for XMPP, on page 279
- Configure the Number of Call Appearances Per Line, on page 280
- Enable Reverse Name Lookup, on page 281
- Emergency Calls, on page 282
- Spam Indication for Incoming Webex Calls, on page 286
- Add Call Park on a Specific Line Key, on page 287
- Programmable Softkeys Configuration, on page 288

# **Enable Call Transfer**

You can enable attended call transfer and blind call transfer services for your user.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Enable Call Transfer, on page 254 table.

## Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

# Procedure

 Step 1
 Select Voice > Phone.

 Step 2
 Under Supplementary Services, configure the parameters as defined in the Parameters for Enable Call Transfer, on page 254 table.

 Step 3
 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Parameters for Enable Call Transfer**

The following table defines the function and usage of Enable Call Transfer parameters in the Supplementary Services section under the Phone tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Table 35: Parameters for Enable Call Transfer |
|---|
|   |

| Parameter           | Description  |
|---------------------|--|
| Attn Transfer Serv  | Attended call transfer service. The user answers the call before transferring it.  |
|                     | Perform one of the following:  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                     | <attn_transfer_serv ua="na">Yes</attn_transfer_serv> Select No to disable it.  |
|                     | Options: Yes and No  |
|                     | Default: Yes   |
| Blind Transfer Serv | Blind call transfer service. The user transfers the call without speaking to the caller.   |
|                     | Perform one of the following:  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                     | <pre><blind_transfer_serv ua="na">Yes</blind_transfer_serv> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the transfer service. Select No to disable it.</pre> |
|                     | Options: Yes and No  |
|                     | Default: Yes   |

# **Call Forward**

To enable call forward, you can enable the feature in two places: on the Voice tab and the User tab of the phone web page.

# **Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab**

Perform this task if you want to enable call forward for a user.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab, on page 256 table.

## Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

## Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.
- **Step 2** Under **Supplementary Services**, configure the parameters as described in the Parameters for Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab, on page 256 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Related Topics**

DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 223 Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 222 Enable Call Forward Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 224

# **Parameters for Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab**

The following table defines the function and usage of Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab parameters in the Supplementary Services section under the Phone tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

|  | Table 36: Parameters | for Enable | Call Forward | on Voice Tab |
|--|----------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
|--|----------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|

| Parameter        | Description   |
|------------------|---|
| Cfwd All Serv    | Forwards all calls.   |
|                  | Perform one of the following:   |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                  | <cfwd_all_serv_ua="na">Yes<br/>• In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to forward all calls. Select <b>No</b> to disable it.</cfwd_all_serv_ua="na">                               |
|                  | Options: Yes and No   |
|                  | Default: Yes  |
| Cfwd Busy Serv   | Forwards calls only if the line is busy.  |
|                  | Perform one of the following:   |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                  | <cfwd_busy_serv ua="na">Yes</cfwd_busy_serv><br>• In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to forward calls when the line<br>is busy. Select <b>No</b> to disable it.                 |
|                  | Options: Yes and No   |
|                  | Default: Yes  |
| Cfwd No Ans Serv | Forwards calls only if the line is not answered.  |
|                  | Perform one of the following:   |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                  | <cfwd_no_ans_serv_ua="na">Yes<br/>• In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to forward calls if the line is not answered. Select <b>No</b> to disable it.</cfwd_no_ans_serv_ua="na"> |
|                  | Options: Yes and No   |
|                  | Default: Yes  |

# **Enable Call Forward on User Tab**

Perform the following task to change the call forward settings from the phone web page.

The settings of call forward are synchronized between the phone and the server when one of the following ways is enabled:

- Feature key synchronization (FKS)
- BroadSoft's Extended Services Interface (XSI) Synchronization

To ensure the settings of call forward on the local phone take effect, you need to disable FKS and XSI first. See Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 222 and Enable Call Forward Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 224.

The priority of taking effect for call forward setting in the supported modes is: FKS > XSI > Local.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

Ensure that the call forward setting is enabled on the Voice tab. See Enable Call Forward on Voice Tab, on page 255.

## Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > User.
- **Step 2** In the **Call Forward** section, configure the parameters as described in the Parameters for Enable Call Forward on User Tab, on page 257 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# Parameters for Enable Call Forward on User Tab

The following table defines the function and usage of Voice > User > Call Forward in the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Except for the parameter "Forward Softkey", other parameters in the following table take effect only when FKS and XSI disabled.

| Parameter     | Description  |
|---------------|--|
| Cfwd All      | Forwards all calls. The setting of this parameter takes precedence over Cfwd Busy and Cfwd No Answer.  |
|               | Perform one of the following:  |
|               | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|               | <cfwd_all ua="rw">No</cfwd_all><br>• In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to forward all calls. Select <b>No</b> to disable it.                                  |
|               | Options: Yes and No  |
|               | Default: No  |
| Cfwd All Dest | Specifies the destination to which all calls are forwarded. The destination can be an alphanumeric input, a phone number, or a SIP URI.                              |
|               | Perform one of the following:  |
|               | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|               | <cfwd_all_dest ua="rw">DestinationNumber</cfwd_all_dest><br>• In the phone web page, enter the destination number in the field.                                      |
|               | When you select <b>Yes</b> for Cfwd All, make sure to configure the parameter.   |
|               | Default: Empty   |
| Cfwd Busy     | Forwards calls only if the line is busy.   |
|               | Perform one of the following:  |
|               | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|               | <cfwd_busy_ua="rw">No<br/>• In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to forward calls when the line<br/>is busy. Select <b>No</b> to disable it.</cfwd_busy_ua="rw"> |
|               | Options: Yes and No  |
|               | Default: No  |

Table 37: Parameters for Enable Call Forward on User Tab

| Parameter        | Description   |
|------------------|---|
| Cfwd Busy Dest   | Specifies the destination to which calls are forwarded if the line is busy.<br>The destination can be an alphanumeric input, a phone number, or a SIP<br>URI.                                   |
|                  | Perform one of the following:   |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                  | <cfwd_busy_dest<br>ua="rw"&gt;DestinationNumber<br/>• In the phone web page, enter the destination number in the field.</cfwd_busy_dest<br>   |
|                  | When you select <b>Yes</b> for Cfwd Busy, make sure to configure the parameter.   |
|                  | Default: Empty  |
| Cfwd No Answer   | Forwards the incoming call only if the call isn't answered.   |
|                  | Perform one of the following:   |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                  | <cfwd_no_answer ua="rw">No</cfwd_no_answer> • In the phone web page, select Yes to forward the incoming call if the call isn't answered. Select No to disable it.                               |
|                  | Options: Yes and No   |
|                  | Default: No   |
| Cfwd No Ans Dest | Specifies the phone number of destination to which the incoming call<br>is forwarded if the call isn't answered. The destination can be an<br>alphanumeric input, a phone number, or a SIP URI. |
|                  | Perform one of the following:   |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                  | <cfwd_no_answer_dest<br>ua="rw"&gt;DestinationNumber<br/>• In the phone web page, enter the destination number in the field.</cfwd_no_answer_dest<br>   |
|                  | When you select <b>Yes</b> for Cfwd No Answer, make sure to configure the parameter.  |
|                  | Default: Empty  |

| Parameter         | Description  |  |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Cfwd No Ans Delay | Assigns a response delay time (in seconds) for the no answer scenario.   |  |
|                   | Perform one of the following:  |  |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |  |
|                   | <cfwd_no_answer_delay ua="rw">20</cfwd_no_answer_delay> • In the phone web page, enter the delay time in the field.  |  |
|                   | Default: 20  |  |
| Forward Softkey   | Controls the scope of the call forward services that the user can set up<br>by a dedicated softkey. Options are:   |  |
|                   | • All Cfwds: Allows the user to set up all call forward services, including Call Forward All, Call Forward Busy, and Call Forward No Answer by pressing the Forward softkey.                     |  |
|                   | In this setting, the softkey name is <b>Forward</b> for activation and <b>Clr</b><br><b>fwd</b> for deactivation.  |  |
|                   | • Only the Cfwd All: Allows the user to directly set up the Call<br>Forward All service by pressing the softkey Forward all.   |  |
|                   | The user can still set up all call forward services from the <b>Settings</b> > <b>User preferences</b> > <b>Call preferences</b> > <b>Call forwarding</b> > <b>Call forward settings</b> screen. |  |
|                   | In this setting, the softkey name is <b>Forward all</b> for activation and <b>Clr fwd all</b> for deactivation.  |  |
|                   | Perform one of the following:  |  |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |  |
|                   | <forward_softkey ua="na">All Cfwds</forward_softkey> <ul> <li>In the phone web page, select the value that determines the scope of the call forward services for the users.</li> </ul>           |  |
|                   | <b>Note</b> The parameter takes effect even though FKS, XSI, or FAC is enabled.  |  |
|                   | Default: All Cfwds   |  |

# Enable Feature Activation Code Synchronization for Forward All Calls

You can synchronize forwarding all calls feature to the server with a Feature Activation Code (FAC). When you enable this feature, the FAC sends out the star code and the destination number with INVITE to the server.

## Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

## Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > Ext (n).
- Step 2 In the Feature Activation Code Sync field, select Yes to enable the feature.

After you enable this feature, your user can press the **Forward** or **Forward all** softkey on the phone and enter the destination contact number. When the user presses the **Call** softkey, a voice message plays to confirm the call forward setting status. After successful configuration, a call forward  $\leq$  icon displays at the top of the phone screen.

The softkey name is different based on the value of the parameter Forward Softkey, see Parameters for Enable Call Forward on User Tab, on page 257.

In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

<Feature\_Activation\_Code\_Sync\_n\_ ua="na">Yes</Feature\_Activation\_Code\_Sync\_n\_>

where, n is the extension number.

Default value: No

Allowed values: Yes or No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# Set Feature Activation Code for the Call Forward All Service

You can set activation code (star code) that can be used to activate or deactivate the call forward all service.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

## Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Regional.   |
|--------|--|
| Step 2 | In the <b>Vertical Service Activation Codes</b> section, ensure that the <b>Cfwd All Act Code</b> field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is *72.   |
|        | In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|        | <cfwd_all_act_code ua="na">*72</cfwd_all_act_code>   |
| Step 3 | In the <b>Vertical Service Activation Codes</b> section, ensure that the <b>Cfwd All Deact Code</b> field is set to the value defined by the server. The default value is *73. |
|        | In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |

<Cfwd\_All\_Deact\_Code ua="na">\*73</Cfwd\_All\_Deact\_Code>

#### Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

Your user can dial \*72 in combination with the destination number and press the **Call** softkey to activate the call forward all service.

Your user can dial \*73 and press the Call softkey to deactivate the call forward all service.

# **Enable Conferencing**

You can enable your user to talk to several people in a single call. When you enable this feature, your user dials several people and add them to the call.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

## Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

## Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.
- Step 2 Under Supplementary Services, choose Yes for the Conference Serv parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Conference Serv ua="na">Yes</Conference Serv>

Options: Yes and No

Default: Yes

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# Manage Participant List for Ad Hoc Conference

During an Ad Hoc conference, you can show the participant list, add others into the conference. You can also remove a participant if you are the host of this meeting.

#### Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- In the Call Feature Settings section, Conference Bridge URL has some valid URL and cannot be empty.

## Procedure

| <b>Step 1</b> Select Voice > Ext (n) where n is a | n extension number. |
|---|---------------------|
|---|---------------------|

**Step 2** In the **Call Feature Settings** section, select **Yes** from the **Callinfo Subscribe** list.

When you select **Yes**, the line will subscribe call-info event, and receive notify from the server for call status changes. This will make participant aware if the current call is in an Ad Hoc conference. Also, it allows to show the participants list.

If you select **No**, for shared lines, both the host and the participants can show participants list. But for private lines, only host can show the participants list.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<CallInfo_Subscribe_1_ ua="na">Yes</CallInfo_Subscribe_1_>
```

Default: No

```
Step 3 Click Submit All Changes .
```

# **Enable Remote Call Recording with SIP REC**

You can enable call recording on a phone so that your user can record an active call. The recording mode configured on the server controls the display of the recording softkeys for each phone.

| Recording Mode in Server | Recording Softkeys Available on the Phone  |
|--------------------------|--|
| Always                   | No softkeys available.   |
|                          | Your user can't control recording from the phone. Recording starts automatically when a call is connected.   |
| Always with Pause/Resume | PauseRec   |
|                          | ResumeRec  |
|                          | When a call is connected, recording starts automatically and your user can control the recording.  |
| On Demand                | Record   |
|                          | PauseRec   |
|                          | ResumeRec  |
|                          | When a call is connected, recording starts automatically but the recording is not saved until the user presses the <b>Record</b> softkey. Your user sees a message when recording state changes. |

Table 38: Recording Mode and Recording Softkeys

| Recording Mode in Server               | Recording Softkeys Available on the Phone  |
|--|--|
| On Demand with User Initiated<br>Start | Record   |
|  | PauseRec   |
|  | StopRec  |
|  | ResumeRec  |
|  | The recording only starts when your user presses the <b>Record</b> softkey. Your user sees a message when recording state changes. |

During a recording, your user can see different recording icons on the Calls screen. The icon depends on the recording state.

#### Table 39: Recording Icons

| lcon    | Meaning                |
|---------|------------------------|
| $\odot$ | Recording in progress. |
| •       | Recording paused       |

## Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

## Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.
- Step 2 In the Supplementary Services section, click Yes or click No to enable or to disable the Call Recording Serv parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Call\_Recording\_Serv ua="na">Yes</Call\_Recording\_Serv>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

**Step 3** (Optional) In the **Programmable Softkeys** section, to enable softkeys, add a string in this format in the **Connected Key List** and **Conferencing Key List** fields.

crdstart;crdstop;crdpause;crdresume

**Step 4** In the **Programmable Softkeys** section, to enable softkeys, add a string in this format in the **Connected Key** List and **Conferencing Key List** fields.

crdstart;crdstop;crdpause;crdresume

- **Step 5** Click the **Ext(n)** tab that requires call recording.
- **Step 6** In the **SIP Settings** section, in the **Call Recording Protocol**, select **SIPREC** as the call recording protocol.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

```
<Call Recording Protocol 3 ua="na">SIPREC</Call Recording Protocol 3 >
```

Options: SIPREC and SIPINFO

Default: SIPREC

Step 7 Click Submit All Changes.

# Enable Remote Call Recording with SIP INFO

You can enable call recording on a phone so that your user can record an active call.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

During a recording, your user can see different recording icons on the Calls screen. The icon depends on the recording state.

Your user presses the following softkeys to control the phone recording:

- Record
- StopRec

The recording only starts when your user presses the **Record** softkey. Your user sees a message when recording state changes and the recording icon displays on the call screen.

Once a phone recording starts, the **StopRec** softkey can work. The recording stops when your user presses the **StopRec** softkey. Your user sees a message when the recording state changes.

#### **Table 40: Recording Icons**

| lcon  | Meaning                |
|-------|------------------------|
| ullet | Recording in progress. |

## Before you begin

- You need to set up call recording on the call control system.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

## Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.

Step 2 In the Supplementary Services section, click Yes or click No to enable or to disable call recording in the Call Recording Serv parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Call Recording Serv ua="na">Yes</Call Recording Serv> Options: Yes and No Default: No Step 3 (Optional) In the **Programmable Softkeys** section, to enable softkeys, add a string in this format in the Connected Key List and Conferencing Key List fields. crdstart;crdstop;crdpause;crdresume Step 4 In the **Programmable Softkeys** section, to enable softkeys, add a string in this format in the **Connected Key** List and Conferencing Key List fields. crdstart;crdstop;crdpause;crdresume Step 5 Click the **Ext(n)** tab that requires call recording. Step 6 In the SIP Settings section, for the Call Recording Protocol parameter, select SIPINFO as the call recording protocol. You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format: <Call Recording Protocol 1 ua="na">SIPINFO</Call Recording Protocol 1 > Options: SIPREC and SIPINFO Default: SIPREC Step 7 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Configure Missed Call Indication**

You can configure a missed call alert on the phone handset LED.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

## Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > User.

Step 2 In the Supplementary Services section, for the Handset LED Alert parameter, select Voicemail, Missed Call.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Handset\_LED\_Alert ua="rw">Voicemail,Missed Call</Handset\_LED\_Alert>

Options: Voicemail and Voicemail, Missed Call

Default: Voicemail

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Enable Do Not Disturb**

You can allow persons to turn the Do not disturb feature on or off. The caller receives a message that the person is unavailable. A person can press the **Ignore** softkey on the phone to divert an incoming call to another destination.

If the feature is enabled for the phone, users can turn the feature on or off with the DND softkey.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > User.
- Step 2 In the Supplementary Services area, for the DND Setting parameter, select Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<DND Setting ua="rw">Yes</DND Setting>

Options: Yes and No

Default: No

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

When you select a line (multiline phone), a Do Not Disturb banner displays at the top of the phone screen.

## What to do next

Change another setting to ensure that multiline phones correctly display the Do not disturb (currently, a steady, green color) status for each selected or unselected line. See DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 223.

Users can enable or turn off the DND feature for each phone line if you configure star codes for DND. See Configure Star Codes for DND, on page 271.

## **Related Topics**

DND and Call Forward Status Sync, on page 223 Enable Feature Key Sync, on page 222 Enable DND Status Sync via XSI Service, on page 224

# **Enable Webex Contacts on the Phone**

When you onboard a phone to Webex cloud successfully, you can enable the phone to support Webex contacts. When you enable this feature on the phone, your user can see the Webex directory under the phone directory list.

When you configure **Max Display Records** parameter value more than 100, the query result displays only hundred contacts for a search in Webex directory and All directory. When search result has count more than the allowed display record value, user see a message: Too many matches found.Refine your search. For more information on **Max Display Records** parameter, see Parameters for Directory Services, on page 315.

#### Before you begin

- Phone onboards to Cisco Webex cloud successfully. For more information on phone onboarding to Webex Cloud, see Webex for Cisco BroadWorks Solution Guide.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

## Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Pho | one. |
|--------|--------------------|------|
|--------|--------------------|------|

**Step 2** In the Webex section, set the Directory Enable to Yes.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Webex Directory Enable ua="na">Yes</Webex Directory Enable>

Default value: No

#### **Step 3** In the **Directory Name** field, enter a name for the Webex directory.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Webex\_Directory\_Name ua="na">wcdir</Webex\_Directory\_Name>

Default value: Empty

The name you enter (for example, wcdir ), displays as the Webex directory name on the phone under the directory list. You can modify this name from the phone administration web page or from the configuration XML file string. When required, your user can also modify this name from the phone. When the **Directory** Name field is empty, by default, the Webex directory name on the phone appears as Webex directory.

When the phone is not onboarded to Cisco Webex cloud successfully, the **Webex directory** doesn't appear under the directory list.

## Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.
# **Configure Webex Contacts on a Line Key**

You can configure Webex contacts on a line key. This line key becomes a shortcut to the Webex directory.

### Before you begin

- Phone onboards to Cisco Webex cloud successfully.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Directory Enable on the phone administration web page is set to Yes.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.
- **Step 2** Select a line key.
- **Step 3** Set the **Extension** field to **Disabled**.
- **Step 4** In the **Extended Function** parameter, enter a string in this format:

fnc=shortcut;url=webexdir;nme=cloudplk

where fnc=shortcut means function=shortcut, url is the menu to open this line key, and nme is the name for the Webex directory.

In the string, when nme is empty or you don't include nme in the string, by default, the line key displays the directory name as **Webex directory**.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in this format:

<Extended Function n ua="na">fnc=shortcut;url=webexdir;nme=cloudplk</Extended Function n >

where n is the extension number.

The line key is configured with the feature. For example, if you assign the feature in line key number nine, the user sees **cloudplk** appears in the line number nine as a shortcut to the Webex directory. By pressing this configured line key, user can access the **Search Webex directory** screen and can search the Webex contacts.

If Directory Enable on the phone administration web page is set to No, the line key doesn't work.

If the phone is not onboarded to the Webex cloud successfully, the line key doesn't work.



# Add a Softkey for Webex Contacts

You can configure Webex contacts to a softkey. This softkey becomes a shortcut to the Webex directory.

### Before you begin

- · Phone onboards to Cisco Webex cloud successfully.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Directory Enable on the phone administration web page is set to Yes.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.

**Step 2** In the **Programmable Softkeys** section, set the **Programmable Softkey Enable** to **Yes**.

**Step 3** Configure a PSK field from PSK 1 through PSK 16 with a string in this format:

fnc=shortcut;url=webexdir;nme=cloudplk

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml). Enter a string in this format:

<PSK n ua=na>fnc=shortcut;url=webexdir;nme=cloudplk</PSK n>

A softkey is configured with the feature and appears on the phone. For example, **cloudplk** appears as a softkey and acts as a shortcut to the Webex directory. By pressing this softkey, user can access the **Search Webex directory** screen and can search the Webex contacts.

In the string, when nme is empty or you don't include nme in the string, by default, the softkey displays the directory name as **Webex Dir**.

If **Directory Enable** on the phone administration web page is set to **No**, the softkey doesn't work.

If the phone is not onboarded to Cisco Webex cloud successfully, the softkey doesn't work.

# **Enable Webex Call Logs on the Phone**

You can now enable a phone to support Webex call logs. When you enable this feature, the **Display recents** from menu under the **Recents** screen includes the **Webex** option in the calls list. The user then can set the option **Webex** to see the list of recent Webex calls.

#### Before you begin

- Phone onboards to Webex cloud successfully. For more information on phone onboarding to Webex cloud, see Webex for Cisco BroadWorks Solution Guide.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Under the **Call Log** section, enable the **CallLog Enable** parameter and select a phone line from **CallLog Associated Line** for which you want to display the Webex recent call logs.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.

Step 2 In the Call Log section, set the CallLog Enable parameter to Yes and Display Recents From parameter to Webex.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<CallLog\_Enable ua="na">Yes</CallLog\_Enable> <Display\_Recents\_From ua="na">Webex</Display\_Recents\_From>

Default value of **Display Recents From** : Phone

### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

**Note** On the phone, the user can view the duration of any received or placed Webex call log by selecting a call log under **Recents** > **All calls**. For a missed call, the call duration is not available.

# **Configure Star Codes for DND**

You can configure star codes that a user dials to turn on or off the do not disturb (DND) feature on a phone. You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select | Voice > | Regional |
|--------|--------|---------|----------|
|--------|--------|---------|----------|

Step 2 In the Vertical Service Activation Codes section, enter \*78 for the DND Act Code parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<DND Act Code ua="na">\*78</DND Act Code>

**Step 3** In the **Vertical Service Activation Codes** section, enter \*79 for the **DND Deact Code** parameter.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<DND Deact Code ua="na">\*79</DND Deact Code>

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Set Up a Call Center Agent Phone**

You can enable a phone with Automatic Call Distribution (ACD) features. This phone acts as a call center agent's phone and can be used to trace a customer call, to escalate any customer call to a supervisor in emergency, to categorize contact numbers using disposition codes, and to view customer call details.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for Call Center Agent Setup, on page 272 table.

### Before you begin

- Set up the phone as a call center phone on the BroadSoft server.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

 Step 1
 Select Voice > Ext(n).

 Step 2
 In the ACD Settings section, set up the fields as described in Parameters for Call Center Agent Setup, on page 272 table.

 Step 2
 GU & GU & GU & GU & GU

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Parameters for Call Center Agent Setup**

The following table defines the function and usage of Call Center Agent Setup parameters in the ACD Settings section under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter     | Description   |
|---------------|---|
| Broadsoft ACD | Enables the phone for Automatic Call Distribution (ACD).  |
|               | Perform one of the following:   |
|               | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|               | <pre><broadsoft_acd_1_ ua="na">Yes</broadsoft_acd_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature and select No to disable it.</pre> |
|               | Options: Yes and No   |
|               | Default: No   |

Table 41: Parameters for Call Center Agent Setup

| Parameter               | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Call Information Enable | Enables the phone to display details of a call center call.  |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <call_information_enable_1_<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes<br/>• In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature. Select<br/>No to disable it.</call_information_enable_1_<br> |
|                         | Options: Yes and No  |
|                         | Default: Yes   |
| Disposition Code Enable | Enables the user to add a disposition code.  |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <pre><disposition_code_enable_1_< pre=""></disposition_code_enable_1_<></pre>  |
|                         | <ul> <li>ua="na"&gt;Yes</li> <li>In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature. Select No to disable it.</li> </ul>   |
|                         | Options: Yes and No  |
|                         | Default: Yes   |
| Trace Enable            | Enables the user to trace the last incoming call.  |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <trace_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</trace_enable_1_><br>• In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature. Select<br>No to disable it.                                  |
|                         | Options: Yes and No  |
|                         | Default: Yes   |

I

| Parameter                        | Description   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Emergency Escalation Enable      | Enables the user to escalate a call to a supervisor in case of emergency.   |
|                                  | Perform one of the following:   |
|                                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                                  | <pre><emergency_escalation_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</emergency_escalation_enable_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature. Select No to disable it.</pre>                          |
|                                  | Options: Yes and No   |
|                                  | Default: Yes  |
| Queue Status Notification Enable | Displays the call center status and the agent status.   |
|                                  | Perform one of the following:   |
|                                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                                  | <pre><queue_status_notification_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</queue_status_notification_enable_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature. Select No to disable it.</pre>                |
|                                  | Options: Yes and No   |
|                                  | Default: Yes  |
| Auto Available After Sign-In     | Sets the agent status to Available automatically when the user signs into the phone as a call center agent.   |
|                                  | Perform one of the following:   |
|                                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                                  | <auto_available_after_sign-in_1_<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes<br/>• In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to enable this feature and select<br/><b>No</b> to disable it.</auto_available_after_sign-in_1_<br> |
|                                  | Options: Yes and No   |
|                                  | Default: No   |

# **Restore the ACD Status**

You can enable the phone to automatically set the ACD status to the last local value in one of the following situations:

• Phone is powered on.

- Phone status is changed to "Registered" from "Unregistered" or "Registration failed" status.
- Registration destination server IP address is changed when failover happens, a fallback happens, or a DNS response is changed.

### Before you begin

- Set up the phone as a call center phone on the BroadSoft server.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Ext(n).
- Step 2 In the ACD Settings section, set BraodSoft ACD to Yes.
- **Step 3** From **ACD Status** field, select one of the options:
  - Sync From Local: Select this option to restore the last local status as ACD status when the phone boots up, status is changed to "Registered" from "Unregistered" or "Registration failed", or registration destination ip address is changed due to failover, fallback or DNS response is changed.

When the initial ACD status is configured to sync from local, and the last local status is unavailable with a reason code, after the phone boots up, the reason code will not be restored.

• Sync From Server: Select this option to get ACD initial status from the server. This is the default value.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<ACD\_Status\_n\_ ua="na">Sync From Local</ACD\_Status\_n\_>

where n = 1 to 16

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

## Display or Hide Unavailable Menu Text Box of Agent Status on the Phone

You can control if your user wants to hide the **Unavailable** menu text box of the **Set agent status** screen on the phone.

### Before you begin

- Set up the phone as a call center phone on the BroadSoft server.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Ext(n).

**Step 2** In the ACD Settings section, set the Unavailable Reason Code Enable parameter to No to hide the Unavailable text box on the phone.

To display the text box, select Yes. This is the default value.

You can configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Unavailable\_Reason\_Code\_Enable\_1\_ ua="na">Yes</Unavailable\_Reason\_Code\_Enable\_1>

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Set Up a Phone for Presence**

You can enable the BroadSoft XMPP directory for the phone user.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the Parameters for Set Up Presence, on page 277 table.

### Before you begin

- Set up the BroadSoft server for XMPP.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.
- **Step 2** In the **Broadsoft XMPP** section, set the fields as described in the Parameters for Set Up Presence, on page 277.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Parameters for Set Up Presence**

The following table defines the function and usage of Set Up Presence parameters in the Broadsoft XMPP section under the Phone tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

### Table 42: Parameters for Set Up Presence

| Parameter   | Description  |
|-------------|--|
| XMPP Enable | Enables the BroadSoft XMPP directory for the phone user.   |
|             | Perform one of the following:  |
|             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:              |
|             | <xmpp_enable ua="na">Yes</xmpp_enable>   |
|             | • In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to forward all calls. Select <b>No</b> to disable it. |
|             | Options: Yes and No  |
|             | Default: No  |
| Server      | Name of the XMPP server; for example, xsi.iop1.broadworks.net.                                   |
|             | Perform one of the following:  |
|             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:              |
|             | <xmpp_server< td=""></xmpp_server<>  |
|             | ua="na">xsi.iopl.broadworks.net  |
|             | - In the phone web page, enter a name for the server.  |
|             | Default: Empty   |

| Parameter | Description   |
|-----------|---|
| Port      | Server port for the XMPP server.  |
|           | Perform one of the following:   |
|           | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|           | <xmpp_port ua="na">5222</xmpp_port><br>• In the phone web page, enter the server port.  |
|           | Allowed values: An integer from 0 through 65535   |
|           | If the value is set to 0, the phone first sends a DNS SRV query for the domain (specified in <b>Server</b> or <b>User ID</b> ) to obtain the XMPP server IP address. If there is no A record in the DNS SRV response, then the phone sends as fallback an A record lookup for the same domain to obtain the IP address. In this scenario, the actual port number is 5222. |
|           | <b>Note</b> When both <b>Server</b> and <b>User ID</b> contain the domain names, the domain name in <b>Server</b> is preferred.   |
|           | If the value isn't set to 0, the phone directly sends an A record lookup for the domain (specified in <b>Server</b> or <b>User ID</b> ) to obtain the XMPP server IP address.   |
|           | Default: 5222   |
| User ID   | BroadSoft User ID of the phone user; for example,<br>username1@xdp.broadsoft.com or username1.  |
|           | Perform one of the following:   |
|           | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|           | <xmpp_user_id ua="na">username1</xmpp_user_id><br>• In the phone web page, enter the user ID.   |
|           | If the value doesn't contain the domain name, the phone first generates<br>a new user ID by combining the values of this parameter and <b>Server</b> .<br>For example, the server is xsi.iopl.broadworks.net and user ID is<br>username1, the generated user ID is<br>username1@xsi.iopl.broadworks.net.  |
|           | Then, the phone sends A record lookup or DNS SRV query for the domain xsi.iopl.broadworks.net to obtain the XMPP server IP address.   |
|           | Default: Empty  |

| Parameter       | Description  |
|-----------------|--|
| Password        | Alphanumeric password associated with the User ID.   |
|                 | Perform one of the following:  |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                 | <xmpp_password ua="na"></xmpp_password>  |
|                 | • In the phone web page, enter a supported password.   |
|                 | Default: Empty   |
| Login Invisible | When enabled, the user's presence information is not published when<br>the user signs in.  |
|                 | Perform one of the following:  |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                 | <login_invisible ua="na">Yes</login_invisible> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the feature.  |
|                 | Options: Yes and No  |
|                 | Default: No  |
| Retry Intvl     | Interval, in seconds, to allow a reconnect without a log in after the client disconnects from the server. After this interval, the client needs to reauthenticate. |
|                 | Perform one of the following:  |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                 | <login_invisible ua="na">Yes</login_invisible> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the feature.  |
|                 |  |
|                 | Options: Yes and No  |
|                 | Default: No  |

# **Use DNS SRV for XMPP**

You can configure the phone to use DNS SRV to obtain the IP address of the BroadSoft XMPP server.

### Before you begin

- Set up the BroadSoft server for XMPP.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Phone.  |
|--------|--|
| Step 2 | In the Broadsoft XMPP section, set XMPP Enable to Yes.   |
| Step 3 | Set the field <b>Port</b> to <b>0</b> .  |
| Step 4 | Set the fields <b>Server</b> , <b>User ID</b> , and <b>Password</b> as described in the Parameters for Set Up Presence, on page 277 table. |
| Step 5 | Click Submit All Changes.  |

# **Configure the Number of Call Appearances Per Line**

Phones that support multiple call appearances on a line can be configured to specify the number of calls to allow on the line.

You can restrict a line to allow only a single call at a time.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

### **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.

**Step 2** In the **Miscellaneous Line Key Settings** section, for the **Call Appearances Per Line** parameter, specify the number of calls per line to allow.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<Call\_Appearances\_Per\_Line ua="na">2</Call\_Appearances\_Per\_Line>

The allowed values range from 1 to 10. The default value is 2. For allowing multiple calls on a line, select a value from 2 to 10.

- **Note** When the value is set to 1 and one extension is configured on the phone, then the user will not be able to:
  - place a new call if there is an active call.
  - transfer if there is an active call.
  - conference an active call.

When the line has a shared line call, the user will not be able to make a new call, transfer a call, or make a conference.

### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Enable Reverse Name Lookup**

Reverse name lookup searches for the name of a number in an incoming, outgoing, conference, or transferred call. The reverse name lookup acts when the phone cannot find a name using the service provider directory, Call History, or your contacts. Reverse name lookup needs a valid BroadSoft (XSI) Directory, LDAP Directory, or XML Directory configuration.

The reverse name lookup searches the phone's external directories. When a search succeeds, the name is placed in the call session and in the call history. For simultaneous, multiple phone calls, reverse name lookup searches for a name to match the first call number. When the second call connects or is placed on hold, reverse name lookup searches for a name to match the second call. The reverse lookup searches the external directories for 8 secs, if in 8secs there are no results found, there will be no display of the name. If results are found in 8secs, the name is diplayed on the phone. The external directory search priority order is : **BroadSoft (XSI)** > **LDAP** > **XML**.

While searching if the lower priority name is received before the higher priority name, the search shows the lower priority name first and then replaced it with the higher priority name if the higher priority name is found within 8 secs.

The precedence of the phone list lookup in BroadSoft (XSI) Directory is:

- 1. Personal phone list
- 2. Group common phone list
- 3. Enterprise common phone list

Reverse name lookup is enabled by default.

Reverse name lookup searches the directories in the following order:

- 1. Personal Address Book
- 2. SIP Header
- **3.** Call History
- 4. BroadSoft (XSI) Directory
- 5. LDAP Directory
- 6. XML Directory



Note The phone searches the XML directory using this format: directory url?n=incoming call number.

Example: For a multiplatform phone using a third-party service, the phone number (1234) search query has this format, http://your-service.com/dir.xml?n=1234.

### Before you begin

• Configure one of these directories before you can enable or disable the reverse name lookup:

• BroadSoft (XSI) Directory

- LDAP Corporate Directory
- XML Directory

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Phone.  |  |
|--------|--|--|
| Step 2 | In the <b>Supplementary Services</b> area, set the <b>Reverse Phone Lookup Serv</b> parameter to <b>Yes</b> to enable t feature. |  |
|        | You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:                   |  |
|        | <reverse_phone_lookup_serv ua="na">Yes</reverse_phone_lookup_serv>   |  |
|        | The allowed values are Yes No. The default value is Yes.   |  |
| Step 3 | Click Submit All Changes.  |  |

# **Emergency Calls**

## Emergency Call Support Background

Emergency call service providers can register a phone's location for each IP-based phone in a company. The location information server (LIS) transfers the emergency response location (ERL) to the phone. The phone stores its location during registration, after the phone restarts, and when a person signs in to the phone. The location entry can specify the street address, building number, floor, room, and other office location information.

When you place an emergency call, the phone transfers the location to the call server. The call server forwards the call and the location to the emergency call service provider. The emergency call service provider forwards the call and a unique call-back number (ELIN) to the emergency services. The emergency service or public safety answering point (PSAP) receives the phone location. The PSAP also receives a number to call you back, if the call disconnects.

See Emergency Call Support Terminology, on page 283 for the terms used to describe emergency calls from the phone.

You insert the following parameters to obtain the phone's location for any phone extension number:

- Company Identifier–A Unique number (UUID) assigned to your company by the NG9-1-1 service provider.
- Primary Request URL—The HTTPS address of the primary server used to obtain the phone location.
- Secondary Request URL-The HTTPS address of a secondary server (backup) used to obtain the phone location.
- Emergency Number-A sequence of digits that identify an emergency call. You can specify multiple emergency numbers, by separating each emergency number with a comma.

Common emergency service numbers include:

- North America-911
- European countries–112
- Hong Kong–999

The phone requests new location information for the following activities:

- You register the phone with the call server.
- A person restarts the phone and the phone was previously registered with the call server.
- A guest signs in to the phone.
- · You change the network interface used in the SIP registration. For example, change Wi-Fi to Ethernet.
- You change the IP address of the phone.

If all of the location servers do not send a location response, the phone re-sends the location request every two minutes.

## **Emergency Call Support Terminology**

The following terms describe emergency call support for the Cisco Multiplatform Phones.

- Emergency Location ID Number (ELIN)–A number used to represent one or more phone extensions that locate the person who dialed emergency services.
- Emergency Response Location (ERL)-A logical location that groups a set of phone extensions.
- HTTP Enabled Location Delivery (HELD)–An encrypted protocol that obtains the PIDF-LO location for a phone from a location information server (LIS).
- Location Information Server (LIS)–A server that responds to a SIP-based phone HELD request and provides the phone location using a HELD XML response.
- Emergency Call Service Provider–The company that responds to a phone HELD request with the phone's location. When you make an emergency call (which carries the phone's location), a call server routes the call to this company The emergency call service provider adds an ELIN and routes the call to the emergency services (PSAP). If the call is disconnected, the PSAP uses the ELIN to reconnect with the phone used to make the emergency call.
- Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP)–Any emergency service (for example, fire, police, or ambulance) joined to the Emergency Services IP Network.
- Universally Unique Identifier (UUID)–A 128-bit number used to uniquely identify a company using emergency call support.

## **Configure a Phone to Make Emergency Calls**

### Before you begin

- Obtain the E911 Geolocation Configuration URLs and the company identifier for the phone from your emergency call services provider. You can use the same Geolocation URLs and company identifier for multiple phone extensions in the same office area.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select <b>Voice</b> $>$ <b>Ext</b> <i>n</i> , where <i>n</i> is the phone extension number (1-10) of the phone web dialog.  |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | In the Dial Plan section, set the Emergency Number parameter  |
| Step 3 | In the <b>E911 Geolocation Configuration</b> section, set the <b>Company UUID</b> , <b>Primary Request URL</b> , and <b>Secondary Request URL</b> parameters as described in the Parameters to Make an Emergency Call, on page 284. |
| Step 4 | Click Submit All Changes.   |

### Parameters to Make an Emergency Call

The following table defines the function and usage of Making of Emergency Calls parameters in the Dial Plan and E911 Geolocation Configuration sections under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

### Table 43: Parameters to Make an Emergency Call

| Parameter          | Description |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Section: Dial Plan |             |

| Parameter                       | Description   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Emergency Number                | Enter a comma-separated list of emergency numbers.  |
|                                 | To specify multiple emergency numbers, separate each emergency number with a comma.   |
|                                 | When one of these numbers is dialed, the unit disables processing of CONF, HOLD, and other similar softkeys or buttons to avoid accidentally putting the current call on hold. The phone also disables hook flash event handling. |
|                                 | Only the far end can terminate an emergency call. The phone is restored to normalcy after the call is terminated and the receiver is back on-hook.  |
|                                 | Perform one of the following: to the digits that correspond to the customer emergency service numbers.  |
|                                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                                 | <emergency_number_1_ ua="na"></emergency_number_1_> • In the phone web page, set <b>Emergency Number</b> parameter to the digits that correspond to the customer emergency service numbers.                                       |
|                                 | Valid Values: Maximum number length is 63 characters  |
|                                 | Default: Blank (no emergency number)  |
| Section: E911 Geolocation Confi | guration  |
| Company UUID                    | The Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) assigned to the customer by the emergency call services provider.  |
|                                 | For example:  |
|                                 | 07072db6-2dd5-4aa1-b2ff-6d588822dd46  |
|                                 | Perform one of the following:   |
|                                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                                 | <company_uuid_1_ ua="na"></company_uuid_1_> • In the phone web page, enter a valid identifier assigned by the call services provider.   |
|                                 | Valid Values: Maximum identifier length is 128 characters.  |
|                                 | Default: Blank  |

| Parameter             | Description  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Primary Request URL   | Encrypted HTTPS phone location request. The request uses the phone<br>IP addresses, MAC address, Network Access Identifier (NAI), and<br>chassis ID and port ID assigned by the network switch manufacturer.<br>The request also includes the location server name and the customer<br>identifier. |
|                       | The server used by the emergency call services provider responds with<br>an Emergency Response Location (ERL) that has a location Uniform<br>Resource Identifier (URI) tied to the user phone IP address.  |
|                       | Perform one of the following:  |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                       | <primary_request_url_1_ ua="na"></primary_request_url_1_> • In the phone web page, enter encrypted HTTPS phone location request.   |
|                       | For example:   |
|                       | https://prod.blueearth.com/e911Locate/held/held_request.action   |
|                       | Default: Blank   |
| Secondary Request URL | Encrypted HTTPS request sent to the emergency call services provider's backup server to obtain the user's phone location.  |
|                       | Perform one of the following:  |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                       | <secondary_request_url_1_ ua="na"></secondary_request_url_1_> • In the phone web page, enter the encrypted for the backup server that can return location information.   |
|                       | For example:   |
|                       | https://prod2.blueearth.com/e9111ccate/held/held_request.action  |
|                       | Default: Blank   |

# **Spam Indication for Incoming Webex Calls**

To support a spam indication for the incoming calls in Webex environment, server sends the X-Cisco-CallerId-Disposition disposition information to the phone. The phone translates this information as authentication icons. Based on the caller's STIR/SHAKEN verification result, the phone displays three types of icons. The icons are displayed next to the caller ID for call session, local call logs, Webex cloud call logs.

 $\bullet \ Validated \ call \ - \ The \ server \ sends \ the \ disposition \ information, \ {\tt X-Cisco-CallerId-Disposition=valid},$ 

to the phone. The phone displays an extra icon 💝 next to the caller ID with a color screen indicating

a validated caller. For a phone with grayscale screen, an extra icon 💝 next to the caller ID is displayed.

· Invalidated or Spam call - The server sends the disposition information,

X-Cisco-CallerId-Disposition=invalid, to the phone. The phone displays an extra icon next to the caller id indicating an illegitimate caller.

• Unverified call - The server sends the disposition information,

X-Cisco-CallerId-Disposition=unverified, to the phone. The phone displays an extra icon ext to the caller id indicating an unverified call.

When there is no disposition information, the phone displays the same icons as before.

# Add Call Park on a Specific Line Key

You can add call park functionality on a specific line key to use only a single button to park or unpark a call.

### Before you begin

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| Step 1<br>Step 2 | Select<br>Select   | Voice > Att Console > General.<br>Yes for the parameter BLF Callpark On Line Key Enable.  |
|------------------|--|---|
|                  | To dis   | able the feature, select No.  |
|                  | You ca<br>this fo  | an also configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in string in string in the phone configuration of the string in the string in the phone configuration of the string in |
|                  | <blf_< td=""><td>Callpark_On_Line_Key_Enable ua="na"&gt;Yes</td></blf_<> | Callpark_On_Line_Key_Enable ua="na">Yes   |
|                  | Defau  | lt: No.   |
| Step 3<br>Step 4 | Navig<br>(Optic  | ate to <b>Voice</b> > <b>Phone</b> and select a line key.<br>onal) To disable the extension, set the <b>Extension</b> parameter to <b>Disabled</b> .  |
|                  | Note   | You must disable the extension to add an extended function to the line key, if the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled. For more information, see <i>Enable Direct PLK Configuration</i> section in the <i>Administration Guide</i> .  |
| Step 5           | Enter  | the string in the following format in the <b>Extended Function</b> field:   |

fnc=prk;sub=BLF\_List\_URI@\$PROXY;usr=user\_ID@\$PROXY

Where,

- sub— the URI to which the SUBSCRIBE message is sent. This name must be identical to the name defined in the BLF List URI.
- usr— the call park extension that the BLF monitors.

Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Programmable Softkeys Configuration**

## **Programmable Softkeys**

| Keyword        | Key Label         | Definition  | Available Phone Status                                 |
|----------------|-------------------|---|--|
| acd_login      | Agt signin        | Logs user in to Automatic Call<br>Distribution (ACD).   | Idle   |
| acd_logout     | AgtSignOut        | Logs user out of ACD.   | Idle   |
| answer         | Answer            | Answers an incoming call.   | Ringing  |
| astate         | Agt Status        | Checks the ACD status.  | Idle   |
| avail          | Avail             | Denotes that a user who is logged in to<br>an ACD server has set his status as<br>available.  | Idle   |
| barge          | Barge             | Allows another user to interrupt a shared call.   | Shared-Active, Shared-Held                             |
| bargesilent    | BargeSilent       | Allows another user to interrupt a shared call with the mic disabled.   | Shared-Active  |
| bxfer          | BlindXfer         | Performs a blind call transfer (transfers<br>a call without speaking to the party to<br>whom the call is transferred). Requires<br>that Blind Xfer Serv is enabled. | Connected  |
| call (or dial) | Call              | Calls the selected item in a list.  | Dialing Input  |
| call info      | Call Info         | Show call information   | Progressing  |
| cancel         | Cancel            | Cancels a call (for example, when conferencing a call and the second party is not answering.  | Off-Hook   |
| cfwd           | Forward / Clr fwd | Forwards all calls to a specified number.   | Idle, Off-Hook,<br>Shared-Active, Hold,<br>Shared-Held |

| Keyword                   | Key Label                   | Definition   | Available Phone Status  |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| crdpause                  | PauseRec                    | Pause recording  | Connected, Conferencing   |
| crdresume                 | ResumeRec                   | Resume recording   | Connected, Conferencing   |
| crdstart                  | Record                      | Start a recording  | Connected, Conferencing   |
| crdstop                   | StopRec                     | Stop recording   | Connected, Conferencing   |
| conf                      | Conference                  | Initiates a conference call. Requires that<br>Conf Server is enabled and there are two<br>or more calls that are active or on hold.            | Connected   |
| confLx                    | Conf line                   | Conferences active lines on the phone.<br>Requires that Conf Serv is enabled and<br>there are two or more calls that are<br>active or on hold. | Connected   |
| delchar                   | delChar -<br>backspace Icon | Deletes a character when entering text.  | Dialing Input   |
| dir                       | Dir                         | Provides access to phone directories.  | Idle, Miss, Off-Hook (no<br>input), Connected, Start-Xfer,<br>Start-Conf, Conferencing,<br>Hold, Ringing, Shared-Active,<br>Shared-Held |
| disp_code                 | DispCode                    | Enter Disposition Code   | Idle, Connected,<br>Conferencing, Hold  |
| dnd                       | DND / Clr Dnd               | Sets Do Not Disturb to prevent calls from ringing the phone.   | Idle, Off-Hook, Hold,<br>Shared-Active, Shared-Held,<br>Conferencing, Start-Conf,<br>Start-Xfer   |
| emergency                 | Emergency                   | Enter emergency number   | Connected   |
| em_login (or<br>signin)   | Sign in                     | Logs user in to Extension Mobility.  | Idle  |
| em_logout (or<br>signout) | Sign out                    | Logs user out of Extension Mobility.   | Idle  |
| endcall                   | End call                    | Ends a call.   | Connected, Start-Xfer,<br>Start-Conf, Conferencing,<br>Hold   |
| favorites                 | Favorites                   | Provides access to "Speed Dials".  | Idle, Miss, Off-Hook (no<br>input), Connected, Start-Xfer,<br>Start-Conf, Conferencing,<br>Hold, Ringing, Shared-Active,<br>Shared-Held |

| Keyword      | Key Label       | Definition   | Available Phone Status  |
|--------------|-----------------|--|---|
| gpickup      | GrPickup        | Allows user to answer a call ringing on<br>an extension by discovering the number<br>of the ringing extension.   | Idle, Off-Hook  |
| hold         | Hold            | Put a call on Hold.  | Connected, Start-Xfer,<br>Start-Conf, Conferencing  |
| ignore       | Decline         | Ignores an incoming call.  | Ringing   |
| ignoresilent | Ignore          | Silences an incoming call  | Ringing   |
| join         | Join            | Connects a conference call. If the<br>conference host is user A and users B &<br>C are participants, when A presses<br>"Join", A will drop off and users B & C<br>will be connected. | Conferencing  |
| ler          | Call Rtn/lcr    | Returns the last missed call.  | Idle, Missed-Call,Off-Hook<br>(no input)  |
| left         | Left arrow icon | Moves the cursor to the left.  | Dialing Input   |
| messages     | Messages        | Provides access to voicemail.  | Idle, Miss, Off-Hook (no<br>input), Connected, Start-Xfer,<br>Start-Conf, Conferencing,<br>Hold, Ringing, Shared-Active,<br>Shared-Held |
| miss         | Miss            | Displays the list of missed calls.   | Missed-Call   |
| newcall      | New Call        | Begins a new call.   | Idle, Hold, Shared-Active,<br>Shared-Held   |
| option       | Option          | Opens a menu of input options.   | Off-Hook  |
| park         | Park            | Puts a call on hold at a designated "park" number.   | Connected   |
| phold        | PrivHold        | Puts a call on hold on an active shared line.  | Connected   |
| pickup       | PickUp          | Allows a user to answer a call ringing<br>on another extension by entering the<br>extension number.  | Idle, Off-Hook  |
| recents      | Recents         | Displays the All calls list from call history.   | Idle, Off-Hook,<br>Shared-Active, Shared-Held   |
| redial       | Redial          | Displays the redial list.  | Idle, Connected, Start-Conf,<br>Start-Xfer, Off-Hook (no<br>input), Hold  |
| resume       | Resume          | Resumes a call that is on hold.  | Hold, Shared-Held   |

| Keyword  | Key Label                | Definition   | Available Phone Status                      |
|----------|--------------------------|--|---|
| right    | Right arrow icon         | Moves the cursor to the right.   | Dialing (input)                             |
| settings | Settings                 | Provides access to "Information and Settings".   | All   |
| starcode | Input Star<br>Code/*code | Displays a list of star codes that can be selected.  | Off-Hook, Dialing (input)                   |
| trace    | Trace                    | Trigger trace  | Idle, Connected,<br>Conferencing, Hold      |
| unavail  | Unavail                  | Denotes that a user who is logged in to<br>an ACD server has set his status as<br>unavailable.   | Idle  |
| unpark   | Unpark                   | Resumes a parked call.   | Idle, Off-Hook, Connected,<br>Shared-Active |
| xfer     | Transfer                 | Performs a call transfer. Requires that<br>Attn Xfer Serv is enabled and there is at<br>least one connected call and one idle<br>call.                                 | Connected, Start-Xfer,<br>Start-Conf        |
| xferlx   | Xfer line                | Transfers an active line on the phone to<br>a called number. Requires that Attn Xfer<br>Serv is enabled and there are two or<br>more calls that are active or on hold. | Connected                                   |

## **Customize Display of the Softkeys**

You can customize display of the softkeys on the phone screen during a specific state.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Parameters for Programmable Softkeys, on page 292.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.
- **Step 2** In the **Programmable Softkeys** section, edit the softkeys depending on the call state that you want the softkey to display. For more information, see Parameters for Programmable Softkeys, on page 292 and .
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Parameters for Programmable Softkeys**

The following table defines the function and usage of the programmable softkeys parameters in the **Programmable Softkeys** section under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with the XML code to configure a parameter.

Table 44: Parameters for Programmable Softkeys

| Parameter                      | Description and default value  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Programmable<br>Softkey Enable | Enables or disables the programmable softkeys. Set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the programmable softkeys.   |
|                                | Perform one of the following:  |
|                                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                                | <programmable_softkey_enable ua="na">Yes</programmable_softkey_enable>   |
|                                | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to enable or disable the programmable softkeys.  |
|                                | Allowed values: Yes   No   |
|                                | Default: No  |
| PSK 1 through PSK<br>16        | Programmable softkey fields. Enter a string in these fields to configure softkeys that display on the phone screen. You can create softkeys for speed dials to numbers or extensions, vertical service activation codes (* codes), or XML scripts. |
|                                | Configure the PSKs in this format:   |
|                                | • Speed Dial:  |
|                                | <pre>fnc=sd;ext=extension_number@\$PROXY;vid=n;nme=display_name</pre>  |
|                                | Vertical Service Activation Code:  |
|                                | <pre>fnc=sd;ext=star_code@\$PROXY;vid=n;nme=display_name</pre>   |
|                                | See Vertical Service Activation Codes, on page 430.  |
|                                | • XML Service:   |
|                                | <pre>fnc=xml;url=http://server_IP/services.xml;vid=n;nme=display_name</pre>  |
|                                | When you add a programmable softkey to a softkey list, such as Idle Key List, Missed Call Key List, and so on, the programmable softkey displays on the phone screen.  |
|                                | Perform one of the following:  |
|                                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                                | <psk_1 ua="na">fnc=xml;url=http://server_IP/services.xml;vid=n;<br/>nme=display_name</psk_1>   |
|                                | • In the phone web interface, set the PSKs in the valid format.  |
|                                | Default: Empty   |

## **Customize a Programmable Softkey**

The phone provides sixteen programmable softkeys (fields PSK1 through PSK16). You can define the fields by a speed-dial script.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Phone.  |
|--------|--|
| Step 2 | In the Programmable Softkeys section, set the Programmable Softkey Enable to Yes.  |
| Step 3 | Select a programmable softkey number field on which to configure a phone feature.  |
| Step 4 | Enter the string for the programmable soft key. See the different types of programmable softkeys described in Configure Speed Dial on a Programmable Softkey, on page 293. |
| Step 5 | Click Submit All Changes.  |

## **Configure Speed Dial on a Programmable Softkey**

You can configure programmable softkeys as speed dials. The speed dials can be extensions or phone numbers. You can also configure programmable softkeys with speed dials that perform an action that a vertical service activation code (or a star [\*] code) defines. For example, if you configure a programmable softkey with a speed dial for \*67, the call is placed on hold.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Phone**.
- **Step 2** In the **Programmable Softkeys** section, set the **Programmable Softkey Enable** to **Yes**.
- **Step 3** To configure a speed dial PSK, enter the following in the PSK **number** field:

fnc=sd;ext=extensionname/starcode@\$PROXY;vid=n;nme=name

Where:

- fnc= function of the key (speed dial)
- extensionname=extension being dialed or the star code action to perform
- vid= n is the extension that the speed dial will dial out
- name is the name of the speed dial being configured

**Note** The **name** field displays on the softkey on the IP phone screen. We recommend a maximum of 10 characters for a phone. If more characters are used, the label might be truncated on the phone screen.

### **Step 4** Edit the following:

• Idle Key List: Edit the field as described in the following example:

redial|1;newcall|2;dnd;psk1

If the user incorrectly configures the programmable softkey list features on the phone, the key list on the phone LCD does not update. For example:

- If a user enters **rdeial**; **newcall**; **cfwd** (redial has been misspelt), the key list is not updated and the user does not see any change on the LCD.
- If a user enters **redial**; **newcall**; **cfwd**; **delchar**, the user will not see a change on the LCD, as the delchar softkey is not allowed in the **Idle Key List**. Hence, this is an incorrect configuration of the programmable softkey list.

### • PSK1:

fnc=sd;ext=5014@\$PROXY;nme=sktest1

**Note** In this example, we are configuring a softkey on a phone as a speed dial number for extension 5014 (sktest1).

You can also configure an XML service on the programmable softkey. Enter the string in this format:

<PSK 1 ua="na">fnc=xml;url=http://xml.service.url;nme=name</PSK 1>

Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

## Configure a PSK with DTMF Support

You can configure programmable softkeys (PSK) with dual tone multifrequency (DTMF). This configuration enables the phone to send digital pulses inband (or out-of-band via SIP INFO) to the server during an active call. When you enable a function on a PSK, the user sees the softkey name, and presses it to perform the named function. The applied actions to the DTMF digit string are similar to those applied to Speed Dial, such as the following:

- Pause represented by,
- Wait represented by X

For example, ext=<DTMF\_DIGITS>[[, |X][<DTMF\_DIGITS>]], where the valid DTMF digits are 0-9,\*, #, a, b, c, d, and where the parts in [] brackets are optional.

This feature applies only to programmable softkeys. It doesn't apply to the programmable line keys (PLK) on the desk phones. If you configure any PLK for this feature, the display will present the Circled X icon  $\otimes$ , and nothing will happen if you press the key.

This feature supports only Connected Key List and Connected Video Key List.

### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone > Programmable Softkeys.
- **Step 2** Set the **Programmable Softkey Enable** field to yes.
- **Step 3** From the PSK list (PSK#1 PSK#16), select a PSK to configure.
- **Step 4** In the **PSK(n)** field, where **n** is a programmable softkey number, enter a string in this format:

fnc=dtmf;ext=<dtmf\_digits\_to\_be\_outpulsed>;nme=<softkey\_display\_name>; vid=<extension n to be associated>

When a phone has more than one registered line, you must include the **vid**= that is asociated with the particular line/extension in order for the softkey to appear. Otherwise, the softkey will not display.

**Step 5** (Optional) To configure the PSK softkey to toggle within a pair (outpulse-display) each time you press it, enter a string in this format:

fnc=dtmf;ext=<dtmf\_digits\_to\_be\_outpulsed>;nme=<softkey\_display\_name>;
ext2=<second\_set\_of\_dtmf\_digits\_to\_be\_outpulsed>;nme2=<second\_softkey\_display\_name\_after\_first\_press>;
vid=<extension\_n\_to\_be\_associated>

The PSK softkey toggle always starts with the **ext/nme** for each new call.

**Step 6** In the **Connected Key List** field or **Connected Video Key List** field, enter the configured PSK keywords according to where on the phone screen you wish the softkey name to appear.

For example, in the following entry, the **hold** softkey name appears in the first position. The softkey name that is listed in the **psk1** field appears in the second position, and so on.

hold;psk1;endcall;xfer;conf;xferLx;confLx;bxfer;phold;redial;dir;park

- **Step 7** Select **Voice** > **Ext(n)**, where **n** is the extension number you wish to configure.
- **Step 8** In the Audio Configuration section, set the DTMF Tx Method to one of the following methods from the drop-down list.
  - InBand
  - AVT
  - INFO
  - Auto
  - InBand+INFO
  - AVT+INFO

### Step 9 Click Submit All Changes.

Use these examples to help you understand how to configure PSK with DTMF Support options:

Example: PSK toggles when pressed.

### Voice > Phone > Programmable Softkeys > Programmable Softkey Enable: Yes

- Connected Key List: psk1|1 ;endcal1|2;conf|3;xfer|4;
- PSK 1: fnc=dtmf; ext=#1; nme=PressStart; ext2=\*2; nme2=PressStop; vid=1
- Voice > Ext 1 > DTMF Tx Method: Auto

Example: Phone sends DTMF digits inband via a PSK softkey.

- Voice > Phone > Programmable Softkeys
- Programmable Softkey Enable: yes.
- Connected Key List: psk1|1;endcal1|2;conf|3;xfer|4;
- PSK 1: fnc=dtmf;ext=#1;nme=PressMe;vid=1
- Voice > Ext 1 > DTMF Tx Method: Auto

Example: The PSK softkey pauses between digits.

- Voice > Phone > Programmable Softkeys > Programmable Softkey Enable: Yes
- Connected Key List: psk1|1;endcal1|2;conf|3;xfer|4;
- PSK 1: fnc=dtmf;ext=#1,1006;nme=PressMe;vid=1
- Voice > Ext 1 > DTMF Tx Method: Auto

Example: The PSK softkey waits for the user's input between digits.

- Voice > Phone > Programmable Softkeys > Programmable Softkey Enable: Yes
- Connected Key List: psk1|1; endcall|2; conf|3; xfer|4;
- PSK 1: fnc=dtmf;ext=#1X1006;nme=PressMe;vid=1
- Voice > Ext 1 > DTMF Tx Method: Auto

### Enable Softkeys to Calls History List Menu

You can configure the **Option**, **Call**, **Edit call**, **Filter**, and **Back** softkeys on the screen for All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list. When you press the **Recents** softkey on the phone, you can directly access the **All calls** screen and see the list of all types of recents calls.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.

Step 2Configure the XSI account information by providing values in the XSI Host Server, XSI Authentication<br/>Type, Login User ID, Login Password, and CallLog Associated Line parameters.

For more information about configuring XSI account, see Configure BroadSoft Settings, on page 328.

- **Step 3** Set the **CallLog Enable** parameter to **Yes**.
- Step 4 Set Display Recents From to Server.
- Step 5 In the Programmable Softkeys section,
  - a. Set the Programmable Softkey Enable parameter to Yes.
  - **b.** In the **Broadsoft Call History Key List** field, the default string is: option|1;call|2;editcall|3;back|4;

Supported strings are option, call, editcall, filter, and back. This parameter doesn't support psk string.

Availability of all these softkeys under the All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list or the **Option** menu in these calls list depends on the following conditions:

- Programmable Softkey Enable = Yes and Broadsoft Call History Key List = option | 1; call | 2; filter | 3; back | 4; - Option, Call, Filter, Back softkeys appear on the All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list. Edit call appears in the Option menu of calls list.
- Programmable Softkey Enable = Yes and Broadsoft Call History Key List = option | 1; call | 2; back | 4; - Option, Call, Back softkeys appear on the All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list. Edit call and Filter appears in the Option menu of calls list.
- Programmable Softkey Enable = Yes and Broadsoft Call History Key List = option | 1; call | 2; editcall | 3; filter | 4; - Option, Call, Edit call, Filter softkeys appear on the All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list.
- Programmable Softkey Enable = Yes, PSK 1 = fnc=shortcut; url=missedcalls, and Broadsoft Call History Key List = option | 1; call | 2; psk1 | 3; filter222 | 4; - only Option and Call softkeys appear on the All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list because strings psk and filter222 are invalid values. Edit call and Filter appears in the Option menu of calls list.
- Programmable Softkey Enable = Yes, and Broadsoft Call History Key List = blank The softkeys appears as default setting option |1; call |2; editcall | 3. Option, Call, Edit call softkeys appear on the All, Placed, Received, and Missed calls list. Filter appears in the Option menu of calls list.
- **Note** In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<Broadsoft_Call_History_Key_List
ua="na">option|1;call|2;editcall|3</Broadsoft Call History Key List>
```

Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Spam Indication for Incoming Calls**

New technology standard Secure Telephony Identity Revisited (STIR) and Signature-based Handling of Asserted information using toKENs (SHAKEN). These standards define procedures to authenticate and verify caller identification for calls carried over the IP network. The STIR-SHAKEN framework is developed to provide the end user with a great degree of identification and control over the type of calls they receive. These

sets of standards are intended to provide a basis for verifying calls, classifying calls, and facilitating the ability to trust caller identity end to end. Illegitimate callers can easily be identified.

When STIR/SHAKEN support is implemented on the server, the phone displays an extra icon next to the caller ID based on the caller's STIR/SHAKEN verification result. Based on the verification result, the phone displays three types of icons. This helps reduce wasted time from answering calls from robocallers, and the security risk from callers with spoofed or tampered Caller ID.

| Ø  |
|----|
| V. |
|    |

| • Validated call - When the caller carries verstat=IN-Validation-Passed in the SIP Header PAID or                     |
|---|
| FROM, an extra icon $\bigotimes$ next to the caller id is displayed on the phone with a color screen indicating       |
| a validated caller. For a phone with grayscale screen, an extra icon $\bigotimes$ next to the caller id is displayed. |
| • Spam call - When the caller carries verstat=TN-Validation-Failed in the SIP Header PAID or FROM,                    |
| an extra icon an illegitimate caller id is displayed on the phone indicating an illegitimate caller.                  |
| • Unverified call - When the caller carries verstat=NO-TN-Validation in the SIP Header PAID or FROM                   |
| an extra icon ? next to the caller id is displayed on the phone indicating an unverified call.                        |

## Add Participants Softkey on the Phone

You can add **Participants** softkey on the phone. By pressing this softkey the host or the participants can show the list of participants that has joined an Ad Hoc conference.

For an Ad Hoc conference host, the Participants softkey is always available on the phone when the phone subscribes the Call-Info and receives the list from NOTIFY sent by the server. When **Programmable Softkey Enable** is enabled or disabled this softkey is always available for the host.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > Phone .

Step 2 In the Programmable Softkeys section:

- a. Set the Programmable Softkey Enable parameter to Yes.
- b. In the **Connected Key List** field, add the **adhocparticipants** keyword in the string.
- c. In the **Hold Key List** field, add the **adhocparticipants** keyword in the string.

The Participants softkey shows up during an Ad Hoc conference call.

**Note** If you set the **Programmable Softkey Enable** parameter to **No**, for a participant, the **Participants** softkey is always available when the list is received from the server.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes .

## Add Call Park on a Specific Line Key

You can add call park functionality on a specific line key to use only a single button to park or unpark a call.

### Before you begin

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| res for the parameter BLF Calipark On Line Key Enable.   |
|--|
| able the feature, select <b>No</b> .   |
| an also configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in ormat:  |
| Callpark_On_Line_Key_Enable ua="na">Yes  |
| lt: No.  |
| ate to <b>Voice</b> > <b>Phone</b> and select a line key.  |
| onal) To disable the extension, set the Extension parameter to Disabled.   |
| You must disable the extension to add an extended function to the line key, if the Direct PLK Configuration feature is disabled. For more information, see <i>Enable Direct PLK Configuration</i> section in the <i>Administration Guide</i> . |
| the string in the following format in the Extended Function field:   |
| rk;sub=BLF_List_URI@\$PROXY;usr=user_ID@\$PROXY  |
| ə,   |
| ub— the URI to which the SUBSCRIBE message is sent. This name must be identical to the name lefined in the BLF List URI.   |
| sr— the call park extension that the BLF monitors.   |
| Submit All Changes.  |
|  |

## **Enable Automatic Group Call Pickup Notification**

To enable automatic group call pickup notification, do the following:

### Before you begin

• Require access to the phone administration web page.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Access the phone administration web page.
- **Step 2** Select Voice > Ext n > XSI Line Service.
- **Step 3** Select **Yes** for the parameter **User ExternalID**.

To disable the feature, select No.

You can also configure this parameter in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format:

<User\_ExternalID\_1\_ ua="na">Yes</User\_ExternalID\_1\_ ua>

Default: No.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.



# **Audio Configuration**

- Configure Different Audio Volume, on page 301
- Configure the Voice Codecs, on page 302
- Voice Quality Reporting, on page 307

# **Configure Different Audio Volume**

You can configure the volume settings in the phone web interface.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML (cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the **Parameters for Audio Volume** table in Parameters for Audio Volume, on page 301.

### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > User.
- **Step 2** In the Audio Volume section, configure the volume level for audio parameters as described in the **Parameters** for Audio Volume table in Parameters for Audio Volume, on page 301.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Parameters for Audio Volume**

The following two tables describes the acoustic and audio settings.

The following table defines the function and usage of Audio Volume parameters in the Audio Volume section under the User tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Table 45: Parameters for Audio Volume |
|---------------------------------------|
|---------------------------------------|

| Parameter     | Description   |
|---------------|---|
| Ringer Volume | Sets the default volume for the ringer.   |
|               | Perform one of the following:   |
|               | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: |
|               | <ringer_volume ua="rw">8</ringer_volume>  |
|               | • In the phone web page, enter a valid value as the ringer volume.                  |
|               | Allowed values: an integer ranging between 0 and 15                                 |
|               | Default: 9  |
| Speaker       | Sets the default volume for the speakerphone.                                       |
| Volume        | Perform one of the following:   |
|               | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: |
|               | <speaker_volume ua="rw">11</speaker_volume>   |
|               | • In the phone web page, enter a valid value as the speaker volume.                 |
|               | Allowed values: an integer ranging between 0 and 15                                 |
|               | Default: 11   |
| Handset       | Sets the default volume for the handset.  |
| Volume        | Perform one of the following:   |
|               | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: |
|               | <handset_volume ua="rw">9</handset_volume>  |
|               | • In the phone web page, enter a valid value as the handset volume.                 |
|               | Allowed values: an integer ranging between 0 and 15                                 |
|               | Default: 10   |

# **Configure the Voice Codecs**

A codec resource is considered allocated if it has been included in the SDP codec list of an active call, even though it eventually might not be chosen for the connection. Negotiation of the optimal voice codec sometimes depends on the ability of the Cisco IP Phone to match a codec name with the far-end device or gateway codec

name. The phone allows the network administrator to individually name the various codecs that are supported such that the correct codec successfully negotiates with the far-end equipment.

The Cisco IP Phone supports voice codec priority. You can select up to three preferred codecs. The administrator can select the low-bit-rate codec that is used for each line. G.711a and G.711u are always enabled.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in Audio Codec Parameters, on page 303.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select <b>Voice</b> $>$ <b>Ext</b> ( <b>n</b> ), where n is an extension number.                          |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | In the Audio Configuration section, configure the parameters as defined in the Audio Codec Parameters, on |
|        | page 303 table.   |
| • •    |   |

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

## **Audio Codec Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of the voice codec parameters in the **Audio Configuration** section under the **Voice** > **Ext** (**n**) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

### Table 46: Audio Codec Parameters

| Parameter       | Description  |
|-----------------|--|
| Preferred Codec | Preferred codec for all calls. The actual codec used in a call still depends on the outcome of the codec negotiation protocol.     |
|                 | Perform one of the following:  |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                 | <preferred_codec_1_ ua="rw">G711u</preferred_codec_1_><br>• In the phone web interface, select your preferred codec from the list. |
|                 | Allowed values: G711u G711a G729a G722 G722.2 iLBC OPUS  |
|                 | Default: G711u   |

| Parameter                | Description  | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Use Pref Codec<br>Only   | Select <b>No</b> to use any code. Select <b>Yes</b> to use only the preferred codes. When you select Yes, calls fail if the far end does not support the preferred codecs. |
|                          | Perform one of the following:  |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:<br><use_pref_codec_only_1_ ua="rw">No</use_pref_codec_only_1_>                         |
|                          | • In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes or No as needed.   |
|                          | Allowed values: Yes No   |
|                          | Default: No  |
| Second Preferred         | Codec to use if the codec specified in <b>Preferred Codec</b> fails.   |
| Codec                    | Perform one of the following:  |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                          | <second_preferred_codec_1_< td=""></second_preferred_codec_1_<>  |
|                          | <ul> <li>ua="rw"&gt;Unspecified</li> <li>In the phone web interface, select your preferred codec from the list.</li> </ul>   |
|                          |  |
|                          | Allowed values: Unspecified G/11u G/11a G/29a G/22 G/22.2 1LBC OPUS  |
|                          | Default: Unspecified   |
| Third Preferred<br>Codec | Codec to use if the codecs specified in <b>Preferred Codec</b> and <b>Second Preferred Codec</b> fail.   |
|                          | Perform one of the following:  |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                          | <third_preferred_codec_1_< td=""></third_preferred_codec_1_<>  |
|                          | <ul><li>ua="rw"&gt;Unspecified</li><li>In the phone web interface, select your preferred codec from the list.</li></ul>  |
|                          | Allowed values: Unspecified G711u G711a G729a G722 G722.2 iLBC OPUS  |
|                          | Default: Unspecified   |
| Parameter           | Description  |  |  |
|---------------------|--|--|--|
| G711u Enable        | Enables the use of a specific codec.   |  |  |
| G711a Enable        | Perform one of the following:  |  |  |
| G729a Enable        | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |  |  |
| G722 Enable         | <g711u_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</g711u_enable_1_>   |  |  |
| G722.2 Enable       | <g711a_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</g711a_enable_1_>   |  |  |
| iLBC Enable         | <g729a_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</g729a_enable_1_>   |  |  |
|                     | <g722_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</g722_enable_1_>   |  |  |
|                     | <g722_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</g722_enable_1_>   |  |  |
|                     | <g722.2_enable_1_ ua="rw">No</g722.2_enable_1_>  |  |  |
|                     | <ilbc_enable_1_ ua="rw">No</ilbc_enable_1_>  |  |  |
|                     | <opus_enable_1_ ua="rw">Yes</opus_enable_1_>   |  |  |
|                     | • In the phone web interface, set the corresponding field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the use of a specific codec, or <b>No</b> to disable it.                                     |  |  |
|                     | <b>Note</b> The transmit rate for the G.729a codec is at 8 kbps.   |  |  |
| Silence Supp Enable | Enables or disables silence suppression. When set <b>Yes</b> , silent audio frames are not transmitted.  |  |  |
|                     | Perform one of the following:  |  |  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |  |  |
|                     | <pre><silence_supp_enable_1_ ua="rw">No</silence_supp_enable_1_> • In the phone web interface, set this field to Yes to enable silence suppression, or No to disable it.</pre> |  |  |
|                     | Allowed values: Yes No   |  |  |
|                     | Default: No  |  |  |

I

| Parameter         | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| DTMF Tx Method    | The method for transmitting DTMF signals to the far end. The options are:  |
|                   | • AVT—Audio video transport. Sends DTMF as AVT events.   |
|                   | • InBand—Sends DTMF by using the audio path.   |
|                   | • Auto—Uses InBand or AVT based on the outcome of codec negotiation.   |
|                   | • INFO—Uses the SIP INFO method.   |
|                   | • InBand+INFO—Uses both the audio path and the SIP INFO method.  |
|                   | • AVT+INFO—Uses both the AVT and the SIP INFO method.  |
|                   | Perform one of the following:  |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                   | <pre><dtmf_tx_method_1_ ua="rw">Auto</dtmf_tx_method_1_></pre> • In the phone web interface, select your preferred transmitting method from the list.  |
|                   | Default: Auto  |
| Codec Negotiation | When set to <b>Default</b> , the phone responds to an Invite with a 200 OK response advertising the preferred codec only. When set to <b>List All</b> , the phone responds listing all the codecs that the phone supports. |
|                   | Perform one of the following:  |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                   | <codec_negotiation_1_ ua="na">Default</codec_negotiation_1_><br>• In the phone web interface, select the desired option from the list.   |
|                   | Allowed values: Default List All   |
|                   | Default: Default   |
| Encryption Method | Encryption method to be used during secured call. Options are AES 128 and AES 256 GCM  |
|                   | Perform one of the following:  |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                   | <pre><encryption_method_1_ ua="na">AES 128</encryption_method_1_></pre> • In the phone web interface, select your preferred encryption method from the list.   |
|                   | Allowed values: AES 128  AES 256 GCM   |
|                   | Default: AES 128.  |

# **Voice Quality Reporting**

You can capture voice quality metrics for Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) sessions with a Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) event package. Voice call quality information derived from RTP and call information from SIP is conveyed from a User Agent (UA) in a session (reporter) to a third party (collector).

The Cisco IP phone uses User Datagram Protocol (UDP) to send a SIP PUBLISH message to a collector server.

## **Supported Scenarios for Voice Quality Reporting**

Currently, only the basic call scenario supports voice quality reporting. A basic call can be a peer to peer incoming or outgoing call. The phone supports periodic SIP publish message.

## **Mean Opinion Scores and Codecs**

The voice quality metrics use Mean Opinion Score (MOS) to rate the quality. A MOS rating of 1 is the lowest quality; a MOS rating of 5 is the highest quality. The following table gives a description of some of the codecs and MOS scores. The phone supports all codecs. For all codecs, the phone sends the SIP Publish message.

| Codec                            | Complexity and Description  | MOS  | Minimum Call Duration for<br>Valid MOS Value |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| G.711<br>(A-law<br>and<br>u-law) | Very low complexity.<br>Supports uncompressed 64<br>kbps digitized voice<br>transmission at one to ten 5<br>ms voice frames-per-packet.<br>This codec provides the<br>highest voice quality and<br>uses the most bandwidth of<br>any of the available codecs. | A minimum value of 4.1 indicates good voice quality. | 10 seconds                                   |
| G.729A                           | Low to medium complexity.   | A minimum value of 3.5 indicates good voice quality. | 30 seconds                                   |
| G.729AB                          | Contains the same reduced complexity modifications present in the G.729A.   | A minimum value of 3.5 indicates good voice quality. | 30 seconds                                   |

## **Configure Voice Quality Reporting**

You can generate a voice quality report for each extension on the phone. The parameters for the Voice Quality Metrics (VQM) SIP Publish Message help you to:

- · Generate voice quality reports.
- Name your reports.
- Determine when your phone sends SIP Publish messages.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. See VQM SIP Publish Message Parameters, on page 308

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step ' | 1 Se | elect Voi | ice > Ext(n | ), where ( | n) is i | the extension | number. |
|--------|------|-----------|-------------|------------|---------|---------------|---------|
|--------|------|-----------|-------------|------------|---------|---------------|---------|

**Step 2** In **SIP Settings**, enter a value for the **Voice Quality Report Address** parameter. You can enter either a domain name or an IP address.

You can also add a port number along with the domain name or an IP address for this parameter. If you do not enter a port number, the value of the **SIP UDP Port** (5060) is used by default. If the collector server URL parameter is blank, a SIP PUBLISH message is not sent out.

- Step 3Enter your report name for the Voice Quality Report Group parameter.Your report name can't begin with a hyphen (-), semicolon (;), or a space.
- **Step 4** Enter an interval, in seconds, for the **Voice Quality Report Interval** parameter. Example: **20** for 20-second interval reporting.
- Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

#### VQM SIP Publish Message Parameters

The following table defines the Voice Quality Metrics (VQM) SIP Publish Message parameters in the **Sip Settings** section under **Voice** > Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter Name               | Description   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Voice Quality Report Address | Allows you to enter one of the following options:   |
|                              | • Domain Name   |
|                              | • IP address  |
|                              | • The SIP UDP port number along with the domain name  |
|                              | In the phone XML configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                         |
|                              | <voice_quality_report_address_1_<br>ua="na"&gt;fake_vq_collector</voice_quality_report_address_1_<br> |
|                              | Default parameter = empty (no report)   |
|                              | Default SIP UDP Port = 5060   |

Table 47: VOM SIP Publish Message Parameters

| Parameter Name                | Description  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Voice Quality Report Group    | Allows you to enter a voice quality report name.   |
|                               | Your report name cannot begin with a:  |
|                               | • hyphen (-)   |
|                               | • semicolon (;)  |
|                               | • space  |
|                               | In the phone XML configuration file (cfg.xml), enter<br>a string in this format:   |
|                               | <pre><voice_quality_report_group_1_ ua="na">test-group-1</voice_quality_report_group_1_></pre>                               |
|                               | Default parameter = empty (The report will use the canonical name in the form of <b>identifier@ipAddress</b> .)              |
| Voice Quality Report Interval | Allows you to determine when the phones send SIP Publish messages.   |
|                               | If you have properly configured the <b>Voice Quality</b><br><b>Report Address</b> , the SIP Publish messages can be<br>sent: |
|                               | • When the call has ended or is placed on hold.  |
|                               | • Periodically, when you enter an interval in seconds for this parameter. Example: <b>20</b> for 20-second intervals.        |
|                               | In the phone XML configuration file (cfg.xml), enter<br>a string in this format:   |
|                               | <vq_report_interval_1_<br>ua="na"&gt;20</vq_report_interval_1_<br>   |
|                               | Default parameter = 0 (no periodic SIP Publish<br>Message)   |



# **Voicemail Configuration**

• Configure Voicemail, on page 311

# **Configure Voicemail**

You can configure the internal or external phone number or URL for the voicemail system. If you use an external voicemail service, the number must include any digits required to dial out and any required area code.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select | Voice > | Phone. |
|--------|--------|---------|--------|
|        |        |         |        |

Step 2 In the General section, enter the Voice Mail Number that is a phone number or URL to check the voicemail. You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format: <Voice\_Mail\_Number ua="na">123</Voice\_Mail\_Number>

Default: Empty

Step 3Click Submit All Changes.The phone reboots.

## **Configure Voicemail for An Extension**

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

| Procedure |  |
|-----------|--|
|           | Select <b>Voice</b> > <b>Ext(n)</b> , where (n) is the number of an extension.   |
|           | In the <b>Call Feature Settings</b> section, configure the parameters <b>Voice Mail Server</b> , <b>Voice Mail Subscribe</b><br><b>Interval</b> (optional), and <b>Voice Mail Enable</b> as described in Parameters for Voicemail Server, on page 312. |
|           | Click Submit All Changes.  |
|           | The phone reboots.   |
|           |  |

### **Parameters for Voicemail Server**

The following table describes the Call Feature Settings for Voicemail.

| Parameter                     | Description   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Voice Mail Server             | Identifies the SpecVM server for the phone, generally the IP address<br>and port number of the VM server. |
|                               | Perform one of the following:   |
|                               | • In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                               |
|                               | <voice_mail_server_1_ ua="na"></voice_mail_server_1_>   |
|                               | • In the phone web page, enter the IP address of the voicemail server.                                    |
|                               | Default: Empty  |
| Voice Mail Subscribe Interval | The expiration time, in seconds, of a subscription to a voicemail server.                                 |
|                               | Perform one of the following:   |
|                               | • In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                               |
|                               | <voice_mail_subscribe_interval_1_<br>ua="na"&gt;86400</voice_mail_subscribe_interval_1_<br>               |
|                               | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.  |
|                               | Allowed values: An integer from 0 through 86400   |
|                               | If the value is set to 0, then the phone uses the default value instead                                   |
|                               | Default: 86400  |

Table 48: Parameters for Voicemail

| Parameter         | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| Voice Mail Enable | Enables or disables the subscription to the voicemail server for the specific extension.                   |
|                   | Perform one of the following:  |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                |
|                   | <voice_mail_enable_1_<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes</voice_mail_enable_1_<br>  |
|                   | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to enable or disable the function. |
|                   | Allowed values: Yes and No   |
|                   | Default: Yes   |



# **Corporate and Personal Directory Setup**

- Configure Directory Services, on page 315
- LDAP Configuration, on page 318
- Configure BroadSoft Settings, on page 328
- Set up Personal Directory, on page 337
- Enable Reverse Name Lookup, on page 338

## **Configure Directory Services**

With the Directory Services, you control the display of the directories:

- · Personal address book
- · All enabled directories

Also, you control the directory browse mode and the maximum number of contacts displayed on the phone.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > Phone.
- **Step 2** In the **Directory Services**, set up the fields as described in Parameters for Directory Services, on page 315.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Parameters for Directory Services**

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters in the **Directory Services** section under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

I

| Parameter                 | Description   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Personal Directory Enable | Enables the personal address book directory for the phone user.   |
|                           | Select Yes to enable the directory and select No to disable it.   |
|                           | If you disable the directory:   |
|                           | • users can't search contacts from their personal address book  |
|                           | • users can't add a contact in their personal address book  |
|                           | Perform one of the following:   |
|                           | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                       |
|                           | <personal_directory_enable<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes</personal_directory_enable<br>                               |
|                           | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the personal address book directory. |
|                           | Valid values: Yes No  |
|                           | Default: Yes  |
| Search All Enable         | Determines whether the phone user can search for contacts in the All directories.                         |
|                           | Select Yes to enable the search operation and select No to disable it.                                    |
|                           | The All directories contain the following directories with the priority from highest to lowest:           |
|                           | 1. Personal address book  |
|                           | 2. BroadSoft directory  |
|                           | 3. LDAP directory   |
|                           | 4. Bluetooth phone directory  |
|                           | The All directories only contain the enabled directories.   |
|                           | Perform one of the following:   |
|                           | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                       |
|                           | <search_all_enable ua="na">Yes</search_all_enable>  |
|                           | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the search operation.                |
|                           | Valid values: Yes No  |
|                           | Default: Yes  |

#### Table 49: Parameters for Directory Services

| Parameter          | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| Browse Mode Enable | Determines whether to trigger an auto preload operation to show the contacts when you enter a directory in the phone. |
|                    | Select <b>Yes</b> to enable the browse mode for any directories and select <b>No</b> to disable it.                   |
|                    | Perform one of the following:   |
|                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                   |
|                    | <browse_mode_enable ua="na">Yes</browse_mode_enable>  |
|                    | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the browse mode.                                 |
|                    | Valid values: Yes No  |
|                    | Default: No   |

## **Disable Contact Search in All Directories**

By default, the user can search for contacts in all the directories on the phone. You can configure the phone to disable this feature. Then, the user can only search for a contact in a single directory each time.

When you complete this procedure, the **All directories** option doesn't display under the **Directories** menu on the phone screen.

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

<Search\_All\_Enable ua="na">No</Search\_All\_Enable>

The valid values are Yes and No. The default setting is Yes.

#### Procedure

Step 1 Select Voice > Phone.

Step 2 In the Directory Services section, set the Search All Enable field to No.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Disable Personal Directory**

By default, the personal directory is enabled on the phone. You can disable the personal directory from the phone web interface. When you disable the personal directory:

- the Personal Directory tab doesn't display in the phone web interface.
- the Personal address book option doesn't display on the Directories phone screen.
- the user can't add contacts to the personal directory from the call history or other directories.

- the phone skips the personal directory when the user searches for a contact in all the directories.
- as the user dials a number with the keypad or there is an incoming call, the phone skips the personal directory when it searches for a matching number in directories.

You can also configure the parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) with a string in this format:

<Personal Directory Enable ua="na">No</Personal Directory Enable>

The valid values are Yes and No. The default setting is Yes.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Phone.   |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | In the Directory Services section, set the Personal Directory Enable field to No. |
|        | By default, this field is set to Yes.   |
| Step 3 | Click Submit All Changes.   |

## **LDAP** Configuration

The Cisco IP Phone supports Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) v3. LDAP Corporate Directory Search allows a user to search a specified LDAP directory for a name, phone number, or both. LDAP-based directories, such as Microsoft Active Directory 2003 and OpenLDAP-based databases, are supported.

Users access LDAP from the Directory menu on their IP phone. An LDAP search returns up to 20 records.

The instructions in this section assume that you have installed an LDAP server, such as OpenLDAP or Microsoft Active Directory Server 2003.

### Prepare the LDAP Corporate Directory Search

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 Select V | Voice > | System |
|-----------------|---------|--------|
|-----------------|---------|--------|

- Step 2 In the IPv4 Settings section, enter the IP address of the DNS server in the Primary DNS field. This step is required only if you are using Active Directory with authentication set to MD5. You can configure this parameter in the configuration file by entering a string in this format: <Primary\_DNS ua="na">10.74.2.7</Primary\_DNS>
- **Step 3** In the **Optional Network Configuration** section, in the **Domain** field, enter the LDAP domain.

This step is required only if you are using Active Directory with authentication set to MD5.

Some sites might not deploy DNS internally and instead use Active Directory 2003. In this case, it is not necessary to enter a Primary DNS address and an LDAP Domain. However, with Active Directory 2003, the authentication method is restricted to Simple.

You can configure this parameter in the configuration file by entering a string in this format:

<Domain ua="na">LDAPdomainname.com</Domain>

- **Step 4** Click the **Phone** tab.
- **Step 5** Configure the LDAP fields as described in Parameters for LDAP Directory, on page 319.
- Step 6 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Parameters for LDAP Directory**

The following table defines the function and usage of the LDAP directory parameters in the **LDAP** section under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

#### Table 50: Parameters for LDAP Directory

| Parameter       | Description  |
|-----------------|--|
| LDAP Dir Enable | Enables or disables the LDAP directory.  |
|                 | Perform one of the following:  |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                          |
|                 | <ldap_dir_enable ua="na">Yes</ldap_dir_enable>   |
|                 | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to enable or disable LDAP directory. |
|                 | Valid values: Yes and No   |
|                 | Default: No  |
| Corp Dir Name   | Enter a free-form text name, such as "Corporate Directory".  |
|                 | Perform one of the following:  |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                          |
|                 | <ldap_corp_dir_name ua="na">Coprorate Directory</ldap_corp_dir_name>   |
|                 | • In the phone web interface, enter the name of the corporate directory.                                     |
|                 | Valid values: Text string with no more than 63 characters  |
|                 |  |

| Parameter   | Description   |
|-------------|---|
| Server      | Enter a fully qualified domain name or IP address of an LDAP server.  |
|             | Enter the host name of the LDAP server if the MD5 authentication method is used.  |
|             | Perform one of the following:   |
|             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|             | <ldap_server ua="na">ldapserver.com</ldap_server>   |
|             | • In the phone web interface, enter IP address or host name of the LDAP server.   |
|             | Default: Empty  |
| Search Base | Specify a starting point in the directory tree from which to search. Separate domain components [dc] with a comma. For example: |
|             | dc=cv2bu,dc=com   |
|             | Perform one of the following:   |
|             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|             | <ldap_search_base ua="na">dc=cv2bu,dc=com</ldap_search_base>  |
|             | • In the phone web interface, enter the search base.  |
|             | Default: Empty  |
| Client DN   | Enter the distinguished name (DN) domain components [dc]; for example:  |
|             | dc=cv2bu,dc=com   |
|             | If you're using the default Active Directory schema (Name(cn)->Users->Domain), an example of the client DN follows:             |
|             | cn="David Lee",dc=users,dc=cv2bu,dc=com   |
|             | cn="David Lee",dc=cv2bu,dc=com  |
|             | username@domain is the client DN format for a Windows server  |
|             | For example, DavidLee@cv2bu.com   |
|             | This parameter is available when <b>Auth Method</b> is set to <b>Simple</b> .   |
|             | Perform one of the following:   |
|             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|             | <ldap_client_dn ua="na">dc=cv2bu,dc=com</ldap_client_dn>  |
|             | • In the phone web interface, enter the client domain name.   |
|             | Default: Empty  |

| Parameter | Description  |
|-----------|--|
| User Name | Enter the user name for a credentialed user on the LDAP server.  |
|           | This parameter is available when <b>Auth Method</b> is set to <b>DIGEST-MD5</b> .  |
|           | Perform one of the following:  |
|           | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|           | <ldap_user_name ua="na">dc=cv2bu,dc=com</ldap_user_name>   |
|           | • In the phone web interface, enter the user name.   |
|           | Default: Empty   |
| Password  | If you allow the user to access the LDAP directory without entering the credentials, enter the password for the user in this field. If you allow access of specific users, leave this field empty. The phone prompts for credentials to access the LDAP directory. |
|           | User entry of credentials on the phone updates this field and the configuration file.  |
|           | The password entered in this field shows as the following in the configuration file (cfg.xml).   |
|           | <LDAP_Password ua="na" *******>  |
|           | Default: Empty   |

| Parameter   | Description   |
|-------------|---|
| Auth Method | Select the authentication method that the LDAP server requires. Choices are:  |
|             | • None—No authentication is used between the client and the server.   |
|             | • Simple—The client sends its fully-qualified domain name and password to the LDAP server. Might present security issues.   |
|             | If selected, the phone prompts the <b>Client DN</b> and <b>Password</b> credentials to access the LDAP directory.   |
|             | If either or both of the credentials are empty, the operation used to authenticate the clients is the anonymous simple bind. The success of the operation depends on whether the LDAP server supports it. |
|             | Users can access the LDAP directory without the need to enter the user credentials when the one of the following situations is satisfied:   |
|             | • The user credentials are cached on the phone.   |
|             | • The LDAP server allows the anonymous simple bind operation, and the operation succeeds. And the parameter LDAP Prompt For Empty Credentials is set to No.   |
|             | • Digest-MD5—The LDAP server sends authentication options and a token to the client. The client returns an encrypted response that is decrypted and verified by the server.                               |
|             | If selected, the phone prompts the <b>Username</b> and <b>Password</b> credentials to access the LDAP directory.  |
|             | Users can access the LDAP directory without the need to enter the user credentials when the credentials are cached on the phone.  |
|             | For more information, see Overview of LDAP Directory Access, on page 327.   |
|             | Perform one of the following:   |
|             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|             | <ldap_auth_method ua="na">Simple</ldap_auth_method>   |
|             | • In the phone web interface, choose a authentication method.   |
|             | Default: None   |

| Parameter                         | Description   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| LDAP Prompt For Empty Credentials | Enable or disable the LDAP sign-in prompt when there's no user credential on the phone. This function is used only for the simple authentication method that involves the anonymous simple bind operation.                    |
|                                   | • If the value is <b>Yes</b> , the phone always prompts for LDAP credentials. If the LDAP server supports the anonymous simple bind, users can either enter the credentials or leave them empty to access the LDAP directory. |
|                                   | • If the value is <b>No</b> , users can directly access the LDAP directory when the anonymous simple bind operation succeeds.   |
|                                   | If the LDAP server doesn't support the anonymous simple bind (empty credentials), then the users must enter the client DN and password to access the LDAP directory.  |
|                                   | This parameter doesn't display on the phone administration web page. To configure the parameter, perform the following:   |
|                                   | In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                                   | <ldap_prompt_for_empty_credentials<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes</ldap_prompt_for_empty_credentials<br>   |
|                                   | Valid values: Yes and No  |
|                                   | Default: No   |

| Parameter         | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| StartTLS Enable   | Enable or disable the Start Transport Layer Security (StartTLS) operation. It provides the ability to establish TLS in an LDAP session.  |
|                   | When <b>StartTLS Enable</b> is set to <b>Yes</b> , the phone behaviour vary depending on the LDAP server setting:  |
|                   | • If the LDAP server is defined as "ldap://server:port", then the phone sends the StartTLS request to the LDAP server.   |
|                   | • If the LDAP server is defined as "ldaps://server:port", then the phone directly performs the LDAP over TLS (LDAPS) operation.  |
|                   | When <b>StartTLS Enable</b> is set to <b>No</b> , the phone behaviour vary depending on the LDAP server setting:   |
|                   | • If the LDAP server is defined as "ldap://server:port", then the phone performs the LDAP operation.   |
|                   | • If the LDAP server is defined as "ldaps://server:port", then the phone performs the LDAPS operation.   |
|                   | Perform one of the following:  |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                   | <ldap_starttls_enable ua="na">Yes</ldap_starttls_enable>   |
|                   | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> to enable or disable the StartTLS operation.   |
|                   | Valid values: Yes and No   |
|                   | Default: No  |
| Last Name Filter  | This defines the search for surnames [sn], known as last name in some locations. For example, sn:(sn=*\$VALUE*). This search allows the provided text to appear anywhere in a name: beginning, middle, or end. |
|                   | Default: Blank   |
| First Name Filter | This defines the search for the common name [cn]. For example, cn:(cn=*\$VALUE*). This search allows the provided text to appear anywhere in a name: beginning, middle, or end.                                |
|                   | Default: Blank   |

| Parameter            | Description   |
|----------------------|---|
| Search Item 3        | Additional customized search item. Can be blank if not needed.  |
|                      | This parameter is used only for the reserve name lookup feature for the LDAP directory.<br>For more information about the feature, see Enable Reverse Name Lookup, on page 281. |
|                      | Perform one of the following:   |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                      | <ldap_search_item_3 ua="na">search_item</ldap_search_item_3>  |
|                      | • In the phone web interface, enter a name for the additional item to search.   |
|                      | Default: Empty  |
| Search Item 3 Filter | Customized filter for the searched item. Can be blank if not needed.  |
|                      | This parameter is used only for the reserve name lookup feature for the LDAP directory.<br>For more information about the feature, see Enable Reverse Name Lookup, on page 281. |
|                      | Perform one of the following:   |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                      | <ldap_item_3_filter ua="na">cn:(cn=John*)</ldap_item_3_filter>  |
|                      | • In the phone web interface, enter the filter.   |
|                      | Default: Empty  |
| Search Item 4        | Additional customized search item. Can be blank if not needed.  |
|                      | Perform one of the following:   |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                      | <ldap_search_item_4 ua="na">search_item</ldap_search_item_4>  |
|                      | • In the phone web interface, enter a name for the additional item to search.   |
|                      | Default: Empty  |
| Search Item 4 Filter | Customized filter for the searched item. Can be blank if not needed.  |
|                      | Perform one of the following:   |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                      | <ldap_item_4_filter ua="na">cn:(cn=John*)</ldap_item_4_filter>  |
|                      | • In the phone web interface, enter the filter.   |
|                      | Default: Empty  |

| Parameter     | Description  |
|---------------|--|
| Display Attrs | Format of LDAP results displayed on phone, where:  |
|               | • a—Attribute name   |
|               | For example, a=telephoneNumber means that the attribute name is used for a phone number.   |
|               | Other typical values: facsimileTelephoneNumber, mobile, mobiletelephonenumber, ipphone, homephone, otherphone, and pagertelephonenumber  |
|               | • cn—Common name   |
|               | • sn—Surname (last name)   |
|               | • n—Display name   |
|               | For example, n=Phone causes "Phone" to be displayed in front of the phone number of an LDAP query result when the details softkey is pressed.  |
|               | • t—type   |
|               | When t=p, that is, t is a phone number, the retrieved number can be dialed. Only one number can be made dialable. If two numbers are defined as dialable, only the first number is used. For example, a=ipPhone, t=p; a=mobile, t=p; |
|               | This example results in only the IP Phone number being dialable and the mobile number is ignored.  |
|               | • p—phone number   |
|               | When p is assigned to a type attribute, example t=p, the retrieved number is dialable by the phone.  |
|               | For example,<br>a=givenName,n=firstname;a=sn,n=lastname;a=cn,n=cn;a=telephoneNumber,n=tele,t=p   |
|               | Perform one of the following:  |
|               | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|               | <ldap_display_attrs<br>w##&gt;jobig=fitagesy=biagesy=cologicality=big=big=big=big=big=big=big=big=big=big</ldap_display_attrs<br>  |
|               | • In the phone web interface, enter the attributes to display.   |
|               | Default: Empty   |

| Parameter      | Description  |
|----------------|--|
| Number Mapping | With the LDAP number mapping, you can manipulate the number that was retrieved from the LDAP server. For example, you can append 9 to the number if your dial plan requires a user to enter 9 before dialing. Add the 9 prefix by adding (<:9xx.>) to the LDAP Number Mapping field. For example, 555 1212 would become 9555 1212. |
|                | If you don't manipulate the number in this fashion, a user can use the <b>Edit Dial</b> feature to edit the number before dialing out.   |
|                | Leave this field blank if not needed.  |
|                | Perform one of the following:  |
|                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                | <ldap_number_mapping ua="na">&lt;:9xx.&gt;</ldap_number_mapping>   |
|                | • In the phone web interface, enter the mapping number.  |
|                | Default: Empty   |

## **Overview of LDAP Directory Access**

The following diagram shows the logic of the LDAP directory access in different authentication methods:



## **Configure BroadSoft Settings**

The BroadSoft directory service enables users to search and view their personal, group, or enterprise contacts. This application feature uses BroadSoft's Extended Services Interface (XSI).

To improve security, the phone firmware places access restrictions on the host server and directory name entry fields.

The phone uses two types of XSI authentication methods:

- User login credentials: The phone uses the XSI user id and password.
- SIP credentials: The register name and password of the SIP account registered on the phone. For this method, the phone can use the XSI user ID along with the SIP authentication credentials for the authentication.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Phone.  |  |
|--------|--|--|
| Step 2 | In the XSI Service section, choose Yes from the Directory Enable drop down list box.   |  |
|        | You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format <pre>Suprectory Enable ua="na"&gt;Yes</pre> /Directory Enable> |  |
| Step 3 | Set up the fields as described in Parameters for XSI Phone Service, on page 329.   |  |
| Step 4 | Click <b>Submit All Changes</b> .  |  |

## **Parameters for XSI Phone Service**

The following table defines the function and usage of the XSI directory parameters in the **XSI Phone Service** section under the **Voice** > **Phone** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with XML code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter       | Description   |
|-----------------|---|
| XSI Host Server | Enter the name of the server; for example,  |
|                 | xsi.iop1.broadworks.net   |
|                 | Note XSI Host Server uses http protocol by default. To enable XSI over HTTPS, you can specify https:// in the server. |
|                 | Perform one of the following:   |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                   |
|                 | <xsi_host_server<br>ua="na"&gt;https://xsi.iop1.broadworks.net</xsi_host_server<br>                                   |
|                 | • In the phone web interface, enter the XSI server to use.  |
|                 | Default: Empty  |

Table 51: Parameters for XSI Phone Service

| Parameter               | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| XSI Authentication Type | Determines the XSI authentication type.  |
|                         | Select <b>Login Credentials</b> to authenticate access with XSI id and password. Select <b>SIP Credentials</b> to authenticate access with the register user ID and password of the SIP account registered on the phone. |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <xsi_authentication_type ua="na">SIP<br/>Credentials</xsi_authentication_type>   |
|                         | • In the phone web interface, specify the authentication type for XSI service.   |
|                         | Valid values: Login credentials SIP Credentials  |
|                         | Default: Login Credentials   |
| Login User ID           | BroadSoft User ID of the phone user; for example,<br>johndoe@xdp.broadsoft.com.  |
|                         | Enter SIP Auth ID when you select <b>Login Credentials</b> or <b>SIP</b><br><b>Credentials</b> for XSI authentication type.  |
|                         | When you choose SIP Auth ID as <b>SIP Credentials</b> , you must enter Login User ID. Without Login User ID, the BroadSoft directory will not appear under the phone Directory list.                                     |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <login_user_id ua="na">username</login_user_id>  |
|                         | • In the phone web interface, enter the username used to authenticate the access to the XSI server.  |
|                         | Default: Empty   |
| Login Password          | Alphanumeric password associated with the User ID.   |
|                         | Enter login password, when you select <b>Login Credentials</b> for XSI authentication type.  |
|                         | Default: Empty   |

| Parameter        | Description   |
|------------------|---|
| SIP Auth ID      | The registered user ID of the SIP account registered on the phone.                                  |
|                  | Enter SIP Auth ID when you select <b>SIP Credentials</b> for XSI authentication type.               |
|                  | Perform one of the following:   |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                 |
|                  | <sip_auth_id ua="na">username</sip_auth_id>   |
|                  | • In the phone web interface, enter the username used to authenticate the access to the XSI server. |
|                  | Default: Empty  |
| SIP Password     | The password of the SIP account registered on the phone.  |
|                  | Enter SIP password when you select <b>SIP Credentials</b> for XSI authentication type.              |
|                  | Default: Empty  |
| Directory Enable | Enables BroadSoft directory for the phone user.   |
|                  | Select <b>Yes</b> to enable the directory and select <b>No</b> to disable it.                       |
|                  | Perform one of the following:   |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                 |
|                  | <directory_enable ua="na">Yes</directory_enable>  |
|                  | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the BroadSoft directory.       |
|                  | Valid values: Yes and No  |
|                  | Default: No   |

| Parameter                        | Description  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Directory Individual Mode Enable | Enables the individual mode for the BroadSoft directories. The parameter is valid only when <b>Directory Enable</b> is set to <b>Yes</b> . |
|                                  | When this mode is enabled, the individual BroadSoft directories (such as, Enterprise, Group, Personal, and so on) display in the phone.    |
|                                  | When this mode is disabled, only the <b>BroadSoft directory</b> displays in the phone.   |
|                                  | Perform one of the following:  |
|                                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                                  | <xsidir_individual_mode_enable<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes</xsidir_individual_mode_enable<br>  |
|                                  | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the individual mode for the BroadSoft directories.                    |
|                                  | Valid values: Yes and No   |
|                                  | Default: No  |
| Directory Type                   | Select the type of BroadSoft directory:  |
|                                  | • Enterprise: Allows users to search on last name, first name, user or group ID, phone number, extension, department, or email address.    |
|                                  | • Group: Allows users to search on last name, first name, user ID, phone number, extension, department, or email address.                  |
|                                  | • Personal: Allows users to search on last name, first name, or telephone number.  |
|                                  | • Enterprise Common: Allows users to search on name or number.   |
|                                  | • Group Common: Allows users to search on name or number.  |
|                                  | This parameter is valid only when "Directory Enable" is set to <b>Yes</b> and "Directory Individual Mode Enable" is set to <b>No</b> .     |
|                                  | Perform one of the following:  |
|                                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                                  | <directory_type ua="na">Enterprise</directory_type>  |
|                                  | • In the phone web interface, specify the type of BroadSoft directory.   |
|                                  | Valid values: Enterprise, Group, Personal, Enterprise Common, and Group Common   |
|                                  | Default: Enterprise  |

| Parameter                 | Description   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Directory Name            | Name of the directory. Displays on the phone as a directory choice.   |
|                           | Perform one of the following:   |
|                           | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                           | <directory_name ua="na">DirName</directory_name>  |
|                           | • In the phone web interface, enter the name of the BroadSoft directory to display on the phone.  |
|                           | Default: Empty  |
|                           | If the value is empty, the phone displays "BoradSoft directory".  |
| Directory Personal Enable | Enables the BroadSoft personal directory for the phone user.  |
|                           | Select <b>Yes</b> to enable the directory and select <b>No</b> to disable it.   |
|                           | The parameter is valid only when both <b>Directory Enable</b> and <b>Directory</b><br><b>Individual Mode Enable</b> are set to <b>Yes</b> . |
|                           | Perform one of the following:   |
|                           | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                           | <xsidir_personal_enable<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes</xsidir_personal_enable<br>   |
|                           | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the directory.   |
|                           | Valid values: Yes and No  |
|                           | Default: No   |
| Directory Personal Name   | Name of the BroadSoft personal directory. Displays on the phone as a directory choice.  |
|                           | Perform one of the following:   |
|                           | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                           | <xsidir_personal_name<br>ua="na"&gt;DirPersonalName</xsidir_personal_name<br>   |
|                           | • In the phone web interface, enter the name of the directory to display on the phone.  |
|                           | Default: Empty  |
|                           | If the value is empty, the phone displays "Personal".   |

| Parameter                   | Description   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Directory Group Enable      | Enables the BroadSoft group directory for the phone user.   |
|                             | Select <b>Yes</b> to enable the directory and select <b>No</b> to disable it.   |
|                             | The parameter is valid only when both <b>Directory Enable</b> and <b>Directory</b><br><b>Individual Mode Enable</b> are set to <b>Yes</b> . |
|                             | Perform one of the following:   |
|                             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                             | <xsidir_group_enable ua="na">Yes</xsidir_group_enable>  |
|                             | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the directory.   |
|                             | Valid values: Yes and No  |
|                             | Default: No   |
| Directory Group Name        | Name of the BroadSoft group directory. Displays on the phone as a directory choice.   |
|                             | Perform one of the following:   |
|                             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                             | <xsidir_group_name<br>ua="na"&gt;DirGroupName</xsidir_group_name<br>  |
|                             | • In the phone web interface, enter the name of the directory to display on the phone.  |
|                             | Default: Empty  |
|                             | If the value is empty, the phone displays "Group".  |
| Directory Enterprise Enable | Enables the BroadSoft enterprise directory for the phone user.  |
|                             | Select <b>Yes</b> to enable the directory and select <b>No</b> to disable it.   |
|                             | The parameter is valid only when both <b>Directory Enable</b> and <b>Directory</b><br><b>Individual Mode Enable</b> are set to <b>Yes</b> . |
|                             | Perform one of the following:   |
|                             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                             | <xsidir_enterprise_enable<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes</xsidir_enterprise_enable<br>   |
|                             | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the directory.   |
|                             | Valid values: Yes and No  |
|                             | Default: No   |

| Parameter                    | Description   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Directory Enterprise Name    | Name of the BroadSoft enterprise directory. Displays on the phone as a directory choice.  |
|                              | Perform one of the following:   |
|                              | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                              | <xsidir_enterprise_name<br>ua="na"&gt;DirEnterpriseName</xsidir_enterprise_name<br>   |
|                              | • In the phone web interface, enter the name of the directory to display on the phone.  |
|                              | Default: Empty  |
|                              | If the value is empty, the phone displays "Enterprise".   |
| Directory GroupCommon Enable | Enables the BroadSoft GroupCommon directory for the phone user.   |
|                              | Select <b>Yes</b> to enable the directory and select <b>No</b> to disable it.   |
|                              | The parameter is valid only when both <b>Directory Enable</b> and <b>Directory</b><br><b>Individual Mode Enable</b> are set to <b>Yes</b> . |
|                              | Perform one of the following:   |
|                              | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                              | <xsidir_groupcommon_enable<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes</xsidir_groupcommon_enable<br>   |
|                              | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the directory.   |
|                              | Valid values: Yes and No  |
|                              | Default: No   |
| Directory GroupCommon Name   | Name of the BroadSoft GroupCommon directory. Displays on the phone as a directory choice.   |
|                              | Perform one of the following:   |
|                              | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                              | <xsidir_groupcommon_name<br>ua="na"&gt;DirGroupCommon</xsidir_groupcommon_name<br>  |
|                              | • In the phone web interface, enter the name of the directory to display on the phone.  |
|                              | Default: Empty  |
|                              | If the value is empty, the phone displays "Group Common".   |

| Parameter                          | Description   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Directory EnterpriseCommon         | Enables the BroadSoft EnterpriseCommon directory for the phone user.  |
| Enable                             | Select <b>Yes</b> to enable the directory and select <b>No</b> to disable it.   |
|                                    | The parameter is valid only when both <b>Directory Enable</b> and <b>Directory</b><br><b>Individual Mode Enable</b> are set to <b>Yes</b> . |
|                                    | Perform one of the following:   |
|                                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                                    | <xsidir_enterprisecommon_enable<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes</xsidir_enterprisecommon_enable<br>   |
|                                    | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the directory.   |
|                                    | Valid values: Yes and No  |
|                                    | Default: No   |
| Directory EnterpriseCommon<br>Name | Name of the BroadSoft EnterpriseCommon directory. Displays on the phone as a directory choice.  |
|                                    | Perform one of the following:   |
|                                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                                    | <xsidir_enterprisecommon_name<br>ua="na"&gt;DirEnterpriseCommon</xsidir_enterprisecommon_name<br>   |
|                                    | • In the phone web interface, enter the name of the directory to display on the phone.  |
|                                    | Default: Empty  |
|                                    | If the value is empty, the phone displays "Enterprise Common".  |

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| Parameter                          | Description  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Add Contacts to Directory Personal | Enables the user to add contacts to the BroadSoft personal directory instead of the local personal address book.   |
|                                    | The parameter is valid only when <b>Directory Personal Enable</b> is set to <b>Yes</b> .   |
|                                    | • If <b>Directory Personal Enable</b> is set to <b>No</b> and <b>Personal Directory</b><br><b>Enable</b> is set to <b>Yes</b> , the contacts will be added to the local personal address book. |
|                                    | <b>Personal Directory Enable</b> is under the <b>Directory Services</b> section from <b>Voice</b> > <b>Phone</b> .   |
|                                    | • If both parameters are set to <b>No</b> , the user can't add the contacts on the phone.  |
|                                    | Perform one of the following:  |
|                                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                                    | <add_contacts_to_directory_personal<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes</add_contacts_to_directory_personal<br>  |
|                                    | • In the phone web interface, set this field to <b>Yes</b> to enable the feature.  |
|                                    | Valid values: Yes and No   |
|                                    | Default: No  |

## **Set up Personal Directory**

Phone users can set up personal directory from either the web interface or the **Contacts** > **Personal address book** menu on the phone. The setup of personal directory is not available in the configuration file (cfg.xml)

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| <b>Step 1</b> Select the <b>Personal Directory</b> ta |
|---|
|---|

- **Step 2** You can do the following on this tab:
  - Click Add to Personal Directory to add a contact to the personal address book.

Up to 3 phone numbers can be added to a contact entry.

- Click Edit on an existing contact entry to edit the contact information.
- Click Assign to assign a speed dial index to a phone number of the contact entry.
- Select an existing contact entry and click Delete Contact to delete it.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Enable Reverse Name Lookup**

Reverse name lookup searches for the name of a number in an incoming, outgoing, conference, or transferred call. The reverse name lookup acts when the phone cannot find a name using the service provider directory, Call History, or your contacts. Reverse name lookup needs a valid BroadSoft (XSI) Directory, LDAP Directory, or XML Directory configuration.

The reverse name lookup searches the phone's external directories. When a search succeeds, the name is placed in the call session and in the call history. For simultaneous, multiple phone calls, reverse name lookup searches for a name to match the first call number. When the second call connects or is placed on hold, reverse name lookup searches for a name to match the second call. The reverse lookup searches the external directories for 8 secs, if in 8secs there are no results found, there will be no display of the name. If results are found in 8secs, the name is diplayed on the phone. The external directory search priority order is : **BroadSoft (XSI)** > **LDAP** > **XML**.

While searching if the lower priority name is received before the higher priority name, the search shows the lower priority name first and then replaced it with the higher priority name if the higher priority name is found within 8 secs.

The precedence of the phone list lookup in BroadSoft (XSI) Directory is:

- 1. Personal phone list
- 2. Group common phone list
- 3. Enterprise common phone list

Reverse name lookup is enabled by default.

Reverse name lookup searches the directories in the following order:

- 1. Personal Address Book
- 2. SIP Header
- 3. Call History
- BroadSoft (XSI) Directory
- 5. LDAP Directory
- 6. XML Directory



Note The phone searches the XML directory using this format: directory\_url?n=incoming\_call\_number.

Example: For a multiplatform phone using a third-party service, the phone number (1234) search query has this format, http://your-service.com/dir.xml?n=1234.

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#### Before you begin

- Configure one of these directories before you can enable or disable the reverse name lookup:
  - BroadSoft (XSI) Directory
  - LDAP Corporate Directory
  - XML Directory
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

#### **Step 1** Select Voice > Phone.

Step 2 In the Supplementary Services area, set the Reverse Phone Lookup Serv parameter to Yes to enable this feature. You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format: <Reverse\_Phone\_Lookup\_Serv ua="na">Yes</Reverse\_Phone\_Lookup\_Serv> The allowed values are Yes|No. The default value is Yes.

#### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.


# PART

# **Cisco IP Phone Installation**

• Cisco IP Phone Installation, on page 343



# **Cisco IP Phone Installation**

- Verify the Network Setup, on page 343
- Install the Conference Phone (7832), on page 344
- Install the Conference Phone (8832), on page 344
- Configure the Network from the Phone, on page 345
- Verify Phone Startup, on page 352
- Disable or Enable DF Bit, on page 352
- Configure Internet Connection Type, on page 353
- Configure VLAN Settings, on page 354
- SIP Configuration, on page 357
- NAT Transversal with Phones, on page 402
- Configure Phone with DNS64/NAT64 Deployment, on page 410
- Dial Plan, on page 410
- Regional Parameters Configuration, on page 418

# Verify the Network Setup

For the phone to operate successfully as an endpoint in your network, your network must meet specific requirements.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Configure a VoIP Network to meet the following requirements:

- VoIP is configured on your routers and gateways.
- **Step 2** Set up the network to support one of the following:
  - DHCP support
  - Manual assignment of IP address, gateway, and subnet mask

# **Install the Conference Phone (7832)**

After the phone connects to the network, the phone startup process begins, and the phone registers with Third-party Call Control System. You need to configure the network settings on the phone if you disable the DHCP service.

If you used autoregistration, you need to update the specific configuration information for the phone such as associating the phone with a user, changing the button table, or directory number.

After the phone connects, it determines if a new firmware load should be installed on the phone.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Choose the power source for the phone:   |  |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|--|
|        | • Power over Ethernet (PoE)  |  |  |  |
| Step 2 | Connect the phone to the switch.   |  |  |  |
|        | • If you use PoE, plug the Ethernet cable into the LAN port and plug the other end into the phone.   |  |  |  |
|        | Each phone ships with one Ethernet cable in the box.   |  |  |  |
| Step 3 | Monitor the phone startup process. This step verifies that the phone is configured properly.   |  |  |  |
| Step 4 | If you do not use autoregistration, manually configure the network settings on the phone.  |  |  |  |
|        | See Configure the Network from the Phone, on page 345.   |  |  |  |
| Step 5 | Make calls with the phone to verify that the phone and features work correctly.  |  |  |  |
| Step 6 | Provide information to end users about how to use their phones and how to configure their phone options.<br>This step ensures that users have adequate information to successfully use their Cisco phones. |  |  |  |

# **Install the Conference Phone (8832)**

After the phone connects to the network, the phone startup process begins, and the phone registers with Third-party Call Control System. You need to configure the network settings on the phone if you disable the DHCP service.

After the phone connects, it determines if a new firmware load should be installed on the phone.

#### Procedure

Step 1

- Choose the power source for the phone:
  - Power over Ethernet (PoE) deployment with a Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 PoE Injector
  - Non-PoE Ethernet deployment with a Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Non-PoE Ethernet Injector

- **Step 2** Connect the phone to the switch.
  - If you use PoE:
    - a. Plug the Ethernet cable into the LAN port.
    - b. Plug the other end of the Ethernet cable into either the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 PoE Injector or the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Ethernet Injector.
    - c. Connect the injector to the conference phone with the USB-C cable.
  - If you do not use PoE:
  - **a.** Connect the power adapter to the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Ethernet Injector using a USB-C cable.
  - **b.** If you are using the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Ethernet Injector, plug the power adapter into an electrical outlet.
  - c. Connect the power adapter to the Ethernet injector using a USB-C cable.

OR

If you are using the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Non-PoE Ethernet Injector, plug it into an electrical outlet.

- d. Plug the Ethernet cable into the Ethernet injector.
- e. Plug the Ethernet cable into the Non-PoE Ethernet injector or the Ethernet injector.
- f. Plug the Ethernet cable into the LAN port.
- g. Connect the Ethernet injector to the conference phone using a second USB-C cable.
- **h.** Connect the Non-PoE Ethernet injector or the Ethernet injector to the conference phone using a USB-C cable.
- **Step 3** Monitor the phone startup process. This step verifies that the phone is configured properly.
- **Step 4** If you do not use autoregistration, manually configure the security settings on the phone.
- **Step 5** Allow the phone to upgrade to the current firmware image.
- **Step 6** Make calls with the phone to verify that the phone and features work correctly.
- **Step 7** Provide information to the users about how to use their phones and how to configure their phone options. This step ensures that users have adequate information to successfully use their Cisco conference phones.

# **Configure the Network from the Phone**

The phone includes many configurable network settings that you may need to modify before it is functional for your users. You can access these setting through the phone menus.

The Network configuration menu provides you with options to view and configure a variety of network settings.

You can configure settings that are display-only on the phone in your Third-Party Call Control system.

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#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Press Settings.  |
|--------|--|
| Step 2 | Select Network configuration.                                  |
| Step 3 | Use the navigation arrows to select the desired menu and edit. |
| Step 4 | To display a submenu, repeat step 3.                           |
| Step 5 | To exit a menu, press <b>Back</b> .                            |

# **Network Configuration Fields**

Table 52: Network Configurations Menu Options

| Field                  | Field Type or<br>Choices | Default      | Description   |
|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---|
| Ethernet configuration |                          |              | See the following Ethernet configuration submenu table.                                 |
| IP mode                | Dual mode                | Dual mode    | Select the Internet Protocol mode for which the phone operates.                         |
|                        | IPv4 only                |              | In dual mode, the phone can have both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.                          |
|                        | IPv6 only                |              |   |
| IPv4 address settings  | DHCP                     | DHCP         | See the IPv4 address submenu table in the following tables.                             |
|                        | Static IP                |              |   |
| IPv6 address settings  | DHCP                     | DHCP         | See the IPv6 address submenu table in the following tables.                             |
|                        | Static IP                |              |   |
| DHCPv6 option to use   |                          | 17, 160, 159 | Indicates the order in which the phone uses the IPv6 addresses provided by DHCP server. |
| HTTP proxy settings    |                          |              | See the following HTTP proxy settings submenu table.                                    |
| Web server             | On                       | On           | Indicates whether the phone has web server enabled or disabled.                         |
|                        | Off                      |              |   |

| Field                    | Field Type               | Default  | Description   |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|---|
|                          | or Choices               |          |   |
| 802.1x<br>authentication | Device<br>authentication | Off      | Enables you to turn on or turn off the 802.1x<br>authentication. Valid options are:<br>• On   |
|                          |                          |          | • Off   |
|                          | Transaction status       | Disabled | • Transaction status—Indicates different<br>authentication status when you turn on 802.1x<br>in the <b>Device authentication</b> field. |
|                          |                          |          | • Disabled—Default status.  |
|                          |                          |          | • Connecting—802.1x authentication started in the device.   |
|                          |                          |          | • Authenticated—802.1x authentication established in the device.  |
|                          |                          |          | • Protocol—Specifies the protocol of the server.  |
| Switch port              | Auto                     | Auto     | Select speed and duplex of the network port.  |
| config                   | 10MB half                |          | If the phone is connected to a switch, configure the  |
|                          | 10MB full                |          | port on the switch to the same speed/duplex as the phone, or configure both to autonegotiate.   |
|                          | 100MB half               |          |   |
|                          | 100MB full               |          |   |
|                          | 1000 full                |          |   |
| CDP                      | On                       | On       | Enable or disable Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP).   |
|                          | Off                      |          | CDP is a device-discovery protocol that runs on all Cisco manufactured equipment.   |
|                          |                          |          | Using CDP, a device can advertise its existence to other devices and receive information about other devices in the network.            |
| LLDP-MED                 | On                       | On       | Enable or disable LLDP-MED.   |
|                          | Off                      |          | LLDP-MED enables the phone to advertise itself to devices that use the discovery protocol.  |

#### Table 53: Ethernet Configuration Submenu

| Field               | Field Type | Default   | Description   |
|---------------------|------------|-----------|---|
|                     | or Choices |           |   |
| Startup delay       |            | 3 seconds | Set a value that causes a delay for the switch to get to<br>the forwarding state before the phone sends out the<br>first LLDP-MED packet. For configuration of some<br>switches, you might need to increase this value to a<br>higher value for LLDP-MED to work. Configuring a<br>delay can be important for networks that use the<br>Spanning Tree Protocol.<br>Default delay is 3 seconds. |
| VLAN                | On         | Off       | Enable or disable VLAN.   |
|                     | Off        |           | Permits you to enter a VLAN ID when you use VLAN without CDP or LLDP. When you use a VLAN with CDP or LLDP, that associated VLAN takes precedent over the VLAN ID you manually entered.   |
| VLAN ID             |            | 1         | Enter a VLAN ID for the IP phone when you use a VLAN without CDP (VLAN enabled and CDP disabled). Note that only voice packets are tagged with the VLAN ID. Do not use the 1 value for the VLAN ID. If VLAN ID is 1, you cannot tag voice packets with the VLAN ID.   |
| DHCP VLAN<br>option |            |           | Enter a predefined DHCP VLAN option to learn the voice VLAN ID.   |
|                     |            |           | When you use a VLAN ID with CDP, LLDP, or<br>manually select a VLAN ID, that VLAN ID takes<br>precedent over the selected DHCP VLAN option.   |
|                     |            |           | Valid values are:   |
|                     |            |           | • Null  |
|                     |            |           | • 128 to 149  |
|                     |            |           | • 151 to 158  |
|                     |            |           | • 161 to 254  |
|                     |            |           | Default value is null.  |
|                     |            |           | Cisco recommends that you use DHCP Option 132.  |

#### Table 54: IPv4 Address Settings Submenu

| Field           | Field Type | Default | Description   |
|-----------------|------------|---------|---|
|                 | or Choices |         |   |
| Connection type | DHCP       |         | Indicates whether the phone has DHCP enabled.   |
|                 |            |         | • DNS1—Identifies the primary Domain Name System (DNS) server that the phone uses.  |
|                 |            |         | • DNS2—Identifies the secondary Domain Name System (DNS) server that the phone uses.  |
|                 |            |         | • DHCP address released—Releases the IP address that DHCP assigned. You can edit this field if DHCP is enabled. To remove the phone from the VLAN and release the IP address for reassignment, set this field to Yes and press <b>Set</b> . |
|                 | Static IP  |         | When DHCP is disabled, you must set the Internet Protocol (IP) address of the phone.  |
|                 |            |         | • Static IP address—Identifies the IP that you assign to the phone. The phone uses this IP address instead of acquiring an IP from the DHCP server on the network.  |
|                 |            |         | • Subnet Mask—Identifies the subnet mask used by the phone.<br>When DHCP is disabled, you must set the subnet mask.   |
|                 |            |         | • Gateway address—Identifies the default router used by the phone.  |
|                 |            |         | • DNS1—Identifies the primary Domain Name System (DNS) server that the phone uses. When DHCP is disabled, you must set this field manually.   |
|                 |            |         | • DNS2—Identifies the primary Domain Name System (DNS) server that the phone uses. When DHCP is disabled, you must set this field manually.   |
|                 |            |         | When you assign an IP address using this field, you must also<br>assign a subnet mask and a gateway address. See the Subnet Mask<br>and Default Router fields in this table.  |

#### Table 55: IPv6 Address Settings Submenu

| Field           | Field Type | Default | Description  |
|-----------------|------------|---------|--|
|                 | or Choices |         |  |
| Connection type | DHCP       |         | Indicates whether the phone has Dynamic Host Configuration<br>Protocol (DHCP) enabled.   |
|                 |            |         | • DNS1—Identifies the primary DNS server that the phone uses.  |
|                 |            |         | • DNS2—Identifies the secondary DNS server that the phone uses.  |
|                 |            |         | • Broadcast Echo—Identifies if the phone responses to multicast ICMPv6 message with destination address of ff02::1.  |
|                 |            |         | • Auto config— Identifies if the phone uses automatic configuration for the address.   |
|                 | Static IP  |         | When DHCP is disabled, you must set the Internet Protocol (IP) address of the phone and must set the values of the fields:                                 |
|                 |            |         | • Static IP—Identifies the IP that you assign to the phone. The phone uses this IP address instead of acquiring an IP from the DHCP server on the network. |
|                 |            |         | • Prefix length—Identifies how many bits of a Global Unicast IPv6 Address are there in the network part.   |
|                 |            |         | • Gateway—Identifies the default router used by the phone.   |
|                 |            |         | • Primary DNS—Identifies the primary DNS server that the phone uses. When DHCP is disabled, you must set this field manually.                              |
|                 |            |         | • Secondary DNS—Identifies the primary DNS server that the phone uses. When DHCP is disabled, you must set this field manually.                            |
|                 |            |         | • Broadcast Echo—Identifies if the phone responses to multicast ICMPv6 message with destination address of ff02::1.  |

#### Table 56: HTTP Proxy Settings Submenu

| Field      | Field Type or Choices | Description   |
|------------|-----------------------|---|
| Proxy mode | Auto                  | Auto discovery (WPAD)—Enables or disables the Web Proxy Auto-Discovery protocol to retrieve a Proxy Auto-Configuration (PAC) file. Valid options are:   |
|            |                       | • On  |
|            |                       | • Off   |
|            |                       | If the value is set to Off, you need to further set the following field:  |
|            |                       | • PAC URL—Specifies the URL address for the PAC file that you want to retrieve. For example:  |
|            |                       | http://proxy.department.branch.example.com  |
|            |                       | The default value of Auto discovery (WPAD) is On.   |
|            | Manual                | • Proxy host—Specifies an IP address or hostname of the proxy server for the phone. The scheme (http://or https://) is not required.  |
|            |                       | • Proxy port—Specifies a port number of the proxy server.   |
|            |                       | • Proxy authentication—Selects an option according to the actual situation of the proxy server. If the server requires authentication credentials to grant access to the phone, then select On. Otherwise, select Off. Options are: |
|            |                       | • Off   |
|            |                       | • On  |
|            |                       | If the value is set to On, you need to further set the following fields:  |
|            |                       | • Username—Specifies the username of a credential user on the proxy server.   |
|            |                       | <ul> <li>Password—Provides the specified user's password to pass the<br/>authentication of the proxy server.</li> </ul>   |
|            |                       | The default value of Proxy authentication is Off.   |
|            | Off                   | Disables the HTTP proxy feature on the phone.   |

### **Text and Menu Entry From the Phone**

When you edit the value of an option setting, follow these guidelines:

- Use the arrows on the navigation pad to highlight the field that you wish to edit. Press **Select** in the navigation pad to activate the field. After the field is activated, you can enter values.
- Use the keys on the keypad to enter numbers and letters.

- To enter letters by using the keypad, use a corresponding number key. Press the key one or more times to display a particular letter. For example, press the 2 key once for "a," twice quickly for "b," and three times quickly for "c." After you pause, the cursor automatically advances to allow you to enter the next letter.
- Press the softkey 🛛 if you make a mistake. This softkey deletes the character to the left of the cursor.
- Press Back before pressing Set to discard any changes that you made.
- To enter a period (for example, in an IP address), press \* on the keypad.



Note

The Cisco IP Phone provides several methods to reset or restore option settings, if necessary.

# Verify Phone Startup

After the Cisco IP Phone has power connected to it, the phone automatically cycles through a startup diagnostic process.

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** If you are using Power over Ethernet, plug the LAN cable into the Network port.
- **Step 2** If you are using the power cube, connect the cube to the phone and plug the cube into an electrical outlet.

The buttons flash amber and then green in sequence during the various stages of bootup as the phone checks the hardware.

If the phone completes these stages successfully, it has started up properly.

# **Disable or Enable DF Bit**

You can disable or enable Don't Fragment (DF) bit in the TCP, UDP, or ICMP messages to determine whether a packet is allowed to be fragmented.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

#### Step 1 Select Voice > System.

**Step 2** In the Network Settings section, configure the parameter Disable DF.

- If you set the **Disable DF** to **Yes**, the Don't Fragment (DF) bit is disabled. In this case, the network can fragment an IP packet. This is the default behaviour.
- If you set the **Disable DF** to **No**, the Don't Fragment (DF) bit is enabled. In this case, the network can't fragment an IP packet. This setting doesn't allow fragmentation in cases where the receiving host doesn't have sufficient resources to reassemble internet fragments.

#### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

You can also configure the parameter in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml) with the following XML string: <Disable\_DF ua="na">Yes</Disable\_DF>

Allowed values: Yes and No

Default: Yes

# **Configure Internet Connection Type**

You can choose how your phone receives an IP address. Set the connection type to one of the following:

- Static IP—A static IP address for the phone.
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)—Enables the phone to receive an IP address from the network DHCP server.

The Cisco IP phone typically operates in a network where a DHCP server assigns IP addresses to devices. Because IP addresses are a limited resource, the DHCP server periodically renews the phone lease on the IP address. If a phone loses the IP address, or if the IP address is assigned to another device on the network, the following occurs:

· Communication between the SIP proxy and the phone is severed or degraded.

The DHCP Timeout on Renewal parameter causes the phone to request renewal of its IP address if the following occurs:

• The phone doesn't receive an expected SIP response within programmable length of time after it sends a SIP command.

If the DHCP server returns the IP address that it originally assigned to the phone, the DHCP assignment is presumed to be operating correctly. Otherwise, the phone resets to try to fix the issue.

#### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

#### Step 1 Select Voice > System.

**Step 2** In the **IPv4 Settings** section, use the **Connection Type** drop-down list to choose the connection type:

- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
- Static IP

```
Step 3 In the IPv6 Settings section, use the Connection Type drop-down list to choose the connection type:
```

- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
- Static IP
- **Step 4** If you choose Static IP, configure these settings in the **Static IP Settings** section:
  - Static IP—Static IP address of the phone
  - NetMask—Netmask of the phone (IPv4, only)
  - Gateway—Gateway IP address

#### Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

In the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<Connection_Type ua="rw">DHCP</Connection_Type>
<!-- available options: DHCP|Static IP -->
<Static_IP ua="rw"/>
<NetMask ua="rw"/>
<Gateway ua="rw"/>
```

# **Configure VLAN Settings**

The software tags your phone voice packets with the VLAN ID when you use a virtual LAN (VLAN).

In the VLAN Settings section of the Voice > System window, you can configure the different settings:

- LLDP-MED
- Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP)
- Network Startup Delay
- VLAN ID (manual)
- DHCP VLAN Option

The multiplatform phones support these four methods to obtain VLAN ID information. The phone attempts to obtain the VLAN ID information in this order:

- 1. LLDP-MED
- 2. Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP)
- 3. VLAN ID (manual)
- 4. DHCP VLAN Option

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#### Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Disable CDP/LLDP and manual VLAN.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > System.
- **Step 2** In the VLAN Settings section, configure the parameters as defined in the VLAN Settings Parameters, on page 355 table.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code. To configure each parameter, see the syntax of the string in the VLAN Settings Parameters, on page 355 table.

### **VLAN Settings Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of each parameter in the **VLAN Settings Parameters** section under the **System** tab in the phone web page. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter Name | Description and Default Value  |
|----------------|--|
| Enable VLAN    | Controls the VLAN feature.   |
|                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                | <enable_vlan ua="rw">No</enable_vlan>  |
|                | • In the phone web interface, set to <b>Yes</b> to enable VLAN.  |
|                | The default value is <b>Yes</b> .  |
| VLAN ID        | If you use a VLAN without CDP (VLAN enabled and CDP disabled),<br>enter a VLAN ID for the IP phone. Note that only voice packets are<br>tagged with the VLAN ID. Do not use 1 for the VLAN ID. |
|                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                | <vlan_id ua="rw">1</vlan_id>   |
|                | • In the phone web interface, enter an appropriate value.  |
|                | Valid values: An integer ranging from 0 through 4095   |
|                | Default: 1   |

| Parameter Name        | Description and Default Value   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Enable CDP            | Enable CDP only if you are using a switch that has Cisco Discovery<br>Protocol. CDP is negotiation based and determines which VLAN the<br>IP phone resides in.  |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                       | <pre><enable_cdp ua="na">Yes</enable_cdp> • In the phone web page: set to Yes to enable CDP.</pre>  |
|                       | Valid values: Yes/No  |
|                       | Default: Yes  |
| Enable LLDP-MED       | Choose <b>Yes</b> to enable LLDP-MED for the phone to advertise itself to devices that use that discovery protocol.   |
|                       | When the LLDP-MED feature is enabled, after the phone has initialized<br>and Layer 2 connectivity is established, the phone sends out LLDP-MED<br>PDU frames. If the phone receives no acknowledgment, the manually<br>configured VLAN or default VLAN will be used if applicable. If the<br>CDP is used concurrently, the waiting period of 6 seconds is used. The<br>waiting period will increase the overall startup time for the phone. |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                       | <pre><enable_lldp-med ua="na">Yes</enable_lldp-med> • In the phone web interface, set to Yes to enable LLDP-MED.</pre>  |
|                       | Valid values: Yes/No  |
|                       | Default: Yes  |
| Network Startup Delay | Setting this value causes a delay for the switch to get to the forwarding state before the phone will send out the first LLDP-MED packet. The default delay is 3 seconds. For configuration of some switches, you might need to increase this value to a higher value for LLDP-MED to work. Configuring a delay can be important for networks that use Spanning Tree Protocol.  |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                       | <network_startup_delay ua="na">3</network_startup_delay> • In the phone web interface, enter the delay in seconds.  |
|                       | Valid values: An integer ranging from 1 through 300   |
|                       | Default: 3  |

| Parameter Name   | Description and Default Value  |
|------------------|--|
| DHCP VLAN Option | A predefined DHCP VLAN option to learn the voice VLAN ID. You can use the feature only when no voice VLAN information is available by CDP/LLDP and manual VLAN methods. CDP/LLDP and manual VLAN are all disabled. |
|                  | Set the value to Null to disable DHCP VLAN option.   |
|                  | Cisco recommends that you use DHCP Option 132.   |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                  | <pre><dhcp_vlan_option ua="na">132</dhcp_vlan_option></pre> • In the phone web page: specify the DHCP VLAN option.   |

# **SIP Configuration**

SIP settings for the Cisco IP Phone are configured for the phone in general and for the extensions.

### **Configure the Basic SIP Parameters**

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **SIP**.
- Step 2 In the SIP Parameters section, set the parameters as described in the SIP Parameters, on page 358 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **SIP Parameters**

| Parameter       | Description   |
|-----------------|---|
| Max Forward     | Specifies SIP Max Forward value.  |
|                 | Perform one of the following.   |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                 |
|                 | <max_forward ua="na">70</max_forward><br>• In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.                       |
|                 | Value range: 1 to 255   |
|                 | Default: 70   |
| Max Redirection | Specifies number of times an invite can be redirected to avoid an infinite loop.                                    |
|                 | Perform one of the following.   |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                 |
|                 | <max_redirection ua="na">5</max_redirection> <ul> <li>In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.</li> </ul> |
|                 | Default: 5  |
| Max Auth        | Specifies the maximum number of times (from 0 to 255) a request can be challenged.                                  |
|                 | Perform one of the following.   |
|                 | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                 |
|                 | <max_auth ua="na">2</max_auth><br>• In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.                              |
|                 | Allowed value: 0 to 255   |
|                 | Default: 2  |

| Parameter               | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| SIP User Agent Name     | Used in outbound requests.   |
|                         | Perform one of the following.  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <sip_user_agent_name<br>ua="na"&gt;\$VERSION</sip_user_agent_name<br>  |
|                         | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate name.  |
|                         | Default: \$VERSION   |
|                         | If empty, the header is not included. Macro expansion of \$A to \$D corresponding to GPP_A to GPP_D allowed                                |
| SIP Server Name         | Server header used in responses to inbound responses.  |
|                         | Perform one of the following.  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <sip_server_name ua="na">\$VERSION</sip_server_name>   |
|                         | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate name.  |
|                         | Default: \$VERSION   |
| SIP Reg User Agent Name | User-Agent name to be used in a REGISTER request. If this is not specified, the SIP User Agent Name is also used for the REGISTER request. |
|                         | Perform one of the following.  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <sip_reg_user_agent_name ua="na">agent<br/>name</sip_reg_user_agent_name>  |
|                         | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate name.  |
|                         | Default: Blank   |
| SIP Accept Language     | Accept-Language header used.   |
|                         | Perform one of the following.  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <sip_accept_language ua="na">en</sip_accept_language><br>• In the phone web page, enter an appropriate language.                           |
|                         | There is no default. If empty, the header is not included.   |

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| Parameter            | Description   |
|----------------------|---|
| DTMF Relay MIME Type | MIME Type used in a SIP INFO message to signal a DTMF event. This field must match that of the Service Provider.                            |
|                      | Perform one of the following.   |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                      | <pre><dtmf_relay_mime_type< pre=""></dtmf_relay_mime_type<></pre>   |
|                      | <ul> <li>ua="na"&gt;application/dtmf-relay</li> <li>In the phone web page, enter an appropriate MIME type.</li> </ul>                       |
|                      | Default: application/dtmf-relay   |
| Hook Flash MIME Type | MIME Type used in a SIPINFO message to signal a hook flash event.   |
|                      | Perform one of the following.   |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                      | <hook_flash_mime_type< td=""></hook_flash_mime_type<>   |
|                      | <ul> <li>ua="na"&gt;application/hook-flash</li> <li>In the phone web page, enter an appropriate MIME type for a SIPINFO message.</li> </ul> |
|                      | Default:  |
| Remove Last Reg      | Enables you to remove the last registration before registering a new one if the value is different.   |
|                      | Set to Yes to remove the last registration.   |
|                      | Perform one of the following.   |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                      | <pre><remove_last_reg ua="na">No</remove_last_reg></pre> • In the phone web page, Select Yes or No.   |
|                      | Allowed values: Yes or No   |
|                      | Default: No   |

| Parameter           | Description  |
|---------------------|--|
| Use Compact Header  | If set to yes, the phone uses compact SIP headers in outbound SIP messages. If inbound SIP requests contain normal headers, the phone substitutes incoming headers with compact headers. If set to no, the phones use normal SIP headers. If inbound SIP requests contain compact headers, the phones reuse the same compact headers when generating the response, regardless of this setting. |
|                     | Perform one of the following.  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                     | <pre><use_compact_header ua="na">No</use_compact_header> • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.</pre>  |
|                     | Allowed values: Yes or No  |
|                     | Default: No  |
| Escape Display Name | Enables you to keep the Display Name private.  |
|                     | Set to Yes if you want the IP phone to enclose the string (configured in the Display Name) in a pair of double quotes for outbound SIP messages.   |
|                     | Perform one of the following.  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                     | <escape_display_name ua="na">No</escape_display_name> • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.   |
|                     | Allowed values: Yes or No  |
|                     | Default: Yes.  |
| Talk Package        | Enables support for the BroadSoft Talk Package that lets users answer<br>or resume a call by clicking a button in an external application.   |
|                     | Perform one of the following.  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                     | <talk_package ua="na">No</talk_package><br>• In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the Talk Package.   |
|                     | Allowed values: Yes or No  |
|                     | Default: No  |

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| Parameter          | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| Hold Package       | Enables support for the BroadSoft Hold Package, which lets users place<br>a call on hold by clicking a button in an external application.  |
|                    | Perform one of the following.  |
|                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                    | <hold_package ua="na">No</hold_package>  |
|                    | • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable support for the Hold Package.  |
|                    | Allowed values: Yes or No  |
|                    | Default: No  |
| Conference Package | Enables support for the BroadSoft Conference Package that enables<br>users to start a conference call by clicking a button in an external<br>application.  |
|                    | Perform one of the following.  |
|                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                    | <conference_package ua="na">No</conference_package> • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.   |
|                    | Allowed values: Yes or No  |
|                    | Default: No  |
| RFC 2543 Call Hold | If set to yes, unit includes $c=0.0.0.0$ syntax in SDP when sending a SIP re-INVITE to the peer to hold the call. If set to no, unit will not include the $c=0.0.0.0$ syntax in the SDP. The unit will always include a=sendonly syntax in the SDP in either case. |
|                    | Perform one of the following.  |
|                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                    | <rfc_2543_call_hold ua="na">Yes</rfc_2543_call_hold><br>• In the phone web page, Yes or No.  |
|                    | Allowed values: Yes or No  |
|                    | Default: Yes   |

| Parameter                | Description   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Random REG CID on Reboot | If set to yes, the phone uses a different random call-ID for registration<br>after the next software reboot. If set to no, the Cisco IP phone tries to<br>use the same call-ID for registration after the next software reboot. The<br>Cisco IP phone always uses a new random Call-ID for registration after<br>a power-cycle, regardless of this setting. |
|                          | Perform one of the following.   |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                          | <random_reg_cid_on_reboot<br>ua="na"&gt;No<br/>• In the phone web page, select Yes or No.</random_reg_cid_on_reboot<br>   |
|                          | Default: No.  |
| SIP TCP Port Min         | Specifies the lowest TCP port number that can be used for SIP sessions.   |
|                          | Perform one of the following.   |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                          | <pre><sip_tcp_port_min ua="na">5060</sip_tcp_port_min></pre> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.   |
|                          | Default: 5060   |
| SIP TCP Port Max         | Specifies the highest TCP port number that can be used for SIP sessions.  |
|                          | Perform one of the following.   |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                          | <sip_tcp_port_max ua="na">5080</sip_tcp_port_max><br>• In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.   |
|                          | Default: 5080   |

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| Parameter                | Description   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Caller ID Header         | Provides the option to take the caller ID from PAID-RPID-FROM,<br>PAID-FROM, RPID-PAID-FROM, RPID-FROM, or FROM header.   |
|                          | Perform one of the following.   |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                          | <caller_id_header< td=""></caller_id_header<>   |
|                          | ua="na">PAID-RPID-FROM  |
|                          | • In the phone web page, select an option.  |
|                          | Allowed values: PAID-RPID-FROM, AID-FROM, RPID-PAID-FROM, RPID-FROM, and FROM   |
|                          | Default: PAID-RPID-FROM   |
| Hold Target Before Refer | Controls whether to hold call leg with transfer target before sending REFER to the transferee when initiating a fully-attended call transfer (where the transfer target has answered).                |
|                          | Perform one of the following.   |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                          | <hold_target_before_refer< td=""></hold_target_before_refer<>   |
|                          | ua="na">No  |
|                          | • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.  |
|                          | Default: No   |
| Dialog SDP Enable        | When enabled and the Notify message body is too big causing fragmentation, the Notify message xml dialog is simplified; Session Description Protocol (SDP) is not included in the dialog xml content. |
|                          | Perform one of the following.   |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                          | <dialog_sdp_enable ua="na">No</dialog_sdp_enable> • In the phone web page, select Yes or No.  |
|                          | Allowed values: Yes or No   |
|                          | Default: No   |

| Parameter                      | Description   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Keep Referee When Refer Failed | If set to yes, it configures the phone to immediately handle NOTIFY sipfrag messages.   |
|                                | Perform one of the following.   |
|                                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                                | <keep_referee_when_refer_failed<br>ua="na"&gt;No</keep_referee_when_refer_failed<br>  |
|                                | • In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> .   |
|                                | Allowed values: Yes or No   |
|                                | Default: No   |
| Display Diversion Info         | Display the Diversion info included in SIP message on LCD or not.   |
|                                | Perform one of the following.   |
|                                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                                | <display_diversion_info< td=""></display_diversion_info<>   |
|                                | ua="na">No <ul> <li>In the phone web page, select Yes or No.</li> </ul>   |
|                                | Allowed volves: Ves er No   |
|                                | Allowed values: Yes of No   |
| Display Anonymous From Header  | Show the caller ID from the SIP INVITE message "From" header when<br>set to Yes, even if the call is an anonymous call. When the parameter is<br>set to no, the phone displays "Anonymous Caller" as the caller ID. |
|                                | Perform one of the following.   |
|                                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                                | <pre><display_anonymous_from_header< pre=""></display_anonymous_from_header<></pre>   |
|                                | • In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> or <b>No</b> .   |
|                                | Allowed values: Yes or No   |
|                                | Default: No   |

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| Parameter                    | Description  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Sip Accept Encoding          | Supports the content-encoding gzip feature.  |
|                              | If gzip is selected, the SIP message header contains the string<br>"Accept-Encoding: gzip", and the phone is able to process the SIP<br>message body, which is encoded with the gzip format. |
|                              | Perform one of the following.  |
|                              | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                              | <sip_accept_encoding ua="na">none</sip_accept_encoding> <ul> <li>In the phone web page, enter an appropriate MIME type for a SIPINFO message.</li> </ul>                                     |
|                              | Allowed values: none and gzip  |
|                              | Default: none  |
| SIP IP Preference            | Sets if the phone uses IPv4 or IPv6.   |
|                              | Perform one of the following.  |
|                              | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                              | <sip_ip_preference ua="na">IPv4</sip_ip_preference><br>• In the phone web page, select IPv4 or IPv6.   |
|                              | Allowed values: IPv4/IPv6  |
|                              | Default: IPv4.   |
| Disable Local Name To Header | Controls the display name in "Directory", "Call History", and in the "To" header during an outgoing call.  |
|                              | Perform one of the following.  |
|                              | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                              | <disable_local_name_to_header<br>ua="na"&gt;No<br/>• In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to disable the display name.</disable_local_name_to_header<br>                                 |
|                              | Allowed values: Yes/No   |
|                              | Default: No  |
|                              |  |

| Parameter    | Description   |
|--------------|---|
| Forced NAT64 | Sets the web parameter for Forced NAT64. Takes effect after a warm reboot.          |
|              | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: |
|              | <forced_nat64 ua="na">Yes</forced_nat64>  |
|              | • In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> .  |
|              | Allowed values: Yes/No  |
|              | Default: No   |

# **Configure the SIP Timer Values**

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice $>$ SIP.   |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | In the <b>SIP Timer Values</b> section, set the SIP timer values in seconds as described in SIP Timer Values (sec), |
| Stop 2 | on page 367.  |

### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **SIP Timer Values (sec)**

| Parameter   | Description  |
|-------------|--|
| SIP T1      | RFC 3261 T1 value (RTT estimate) that can range from 0 to 64 seconds.  |
|             | Default: 0.5 seconds   |
| SIP T2      | RFC 3261 T2 value (maximum retransmit interval for non-INVITE requests and INVITE responses) that can range from 0 to 64 seconds |
|             | requests and hvvrr i responses) that can range from 0 to 04 seconds.   |
|             | Default: 4 seconds   |
| SIP T4      | RFC 3261 T4 value (maximum duration a message remains in the network), which can range from 0 to 64 seconds.                     |
|             | Default: 5 seconds.  |
| SIP Timer B | INVITE time-out value, which can range from 0 to 64 seconds.   |
|             | Default: 16 seconds.   |

| Parameter              | Description  |
|------------------------|--|
| SIP Timer F            | Non-INVITE time-out value, which can range from 0 to 64 seconds.   |
|                        | Default: 16 seconds.   |
| SIP Timer H            | INVITE final response, time-out value, which can from 0 to 64 seconds.   |
|                        | Default: 16 seconds.   |
| SIP Timer D            | ACK hang-around time, which can range from 0 to 64 seconds.  |
|                        | Default: 16 seconds.   |
| SIP Timer J            | Non-INVITE response hang-around time, which can range from 0 to 64 seconds.  |
|                        | Default: 16 seconds.   |
| INVITE Expires         | INVITE request Expires header value. If you enter 0, the Expires header is not included in the request. Ranges from 0 to 2000000.  |
|                        | Default: 240 seconds   |
| ReINVITE Expires       | ReINVITE request Expires header value. If you enter 0, the Expires header is not included in the request. Ranges from 0 to 2000000.  |
|                        | Default: 30  |
| Reg Min Expires        | Minimum registration expiration time allowed from the proxy in the Expires header or as a Contact header parameter. If the proxy returns a value less than this setting, the minimum value is used.  |
| Reg Max Expires        | Maximum registration expiration time allowed from the proxy in the Min-Expires header. If the value is larger than this setting, the maximum value is used.  |
| Reg Retry Intv         | Interval to wait before the Cisco IP Phone retries registration after failing during the last registration. The range is from 1 to 2147483647  |
|                        | Default: 30  |
|                        | See the note below for additional details.   |
| Reg Retry Long Intvl   | When registration fails with a SIP response code that does not<br>match <retry reg="" rsc="">, the Cisco IP Phone waits for the specified<br/>length of time before retrying. If this interval is 0, the phone stops trying.<br/>This value should be much larger than the Reg Retry Intvl value, which<br/>should not be 0.</retry> |
|                        | Default: 1200  |
|                        | See the note below for additional details.   |
| Reg Retry Random Delay | Random delay range (in seconds) to add to <register intvl="" retry=""> when<br/>retrying REGISTER after a failure. Minimum and maximum random<br/>delay to be added to the short timer. The range is from 0 to 2147483647.</register>  |
|                        | Default: 0   |

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| Parameter                   | Description  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Reg Retry Long Random Delay | Random delay range (in seconds) to add to <register intvl="" long="" retry=""> when retrying REGISTER after a failure.</register>  |
|                             | Default: 0   |
| Reg Retry Intvl Cap         | Maximum value of the exponential delay. The maximum value to cap<br>the exponential backoff retry delay (which starts at the Register Retry<br>Intvl and doubles every retry). Defaults to 0, which disables the<br>exponential backoff (that is, the error retry interval is always at the<br>Register Retry Intvl). When this feature is enabled, the Reg Retry<br>Random Delay is added to the exponential backoff delay value. The<br>range is from 0 to 2147483647.<br>Default: 0 |
| Sub Min Expires             | Sets the lower limit of the REGISTER expires value returned from the   |
| Sub will Explices           | Proxy server.  |
| Sub Max Expires             | Sets the upper limit of the REGISTER minexpires value returned from<br>the Proxy server in the Min-Expires header.<br>Default: 7200.   |
| Sub Retry Intvl             | This value (in seconds) determines the retry interval when the last<br>Subscribe request fails.<br>Default: 10.  |



Note

The phone can use a RETRY-AFTER value when it is received from a SIP proxy server that is too busy to process a request (503 Service Unavailable message). If the response message includes a RETRY-AFTER header, the phone waits for the specified length of time before to REGISTER again. If a RETRY-AFTER header is not present, the phone waits for the value specified in the Reg Retry Interval or the Reg Retry Long Interval.

### **Configure the Response Status Code Handling**

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select **Voice** > **SIP**.

**Step 2** In the **Response Status Code Handling** section, set the values as specified in the Response Status Code Handling Paramters, on page 370 table.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Response Status Code Handling Paramters**

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters in the Response Status Code Handling section under the SIP tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Table 57 <sup>.</sup> Res | nonse Status | Code H  | landlinn | Paramters    |
|---------------------------|--------------|---------|----------|--------------|
| Table 37. 1163            | μυπός διαίμο | COUC II | anunny   | 1 4141111013 |

| Parameter      | Description  |
|----------------|--|
| Try Backup RSC | This parameter may be set to invoke failover upon receiving specified response codes.  |
|                | For example, you can enter numeric values 500 or a combination of numeric values plus wild cards if multiple values are possible. For the later, you can use 5?? to represent all SIP Response messages within the 500 range. If you want to use multiple ranges, you can add a comma "," to delimit values of 5?? and 6?? |
|                | Perform one of the following:  |
|                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                | <try_backup_rsc ua="na"></try_backup_rsc> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.   |
|                | Default: Blank   |
| Retry Reg RSC  | Interval to wait before the phone retries registration after failing during the last registration.   |
|                | For example, you can enter numeric values 500 or a combination of numeric values plus wild cards if multiple values are possible. For the later, you can use 5?? to represent all SIP Response messages within the 500 range. If you want to use multiple ranges, you can add a comma "," to delimit values of 5?? and 6?? |
|                | Perform one of the following:  |
|                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                | <retry_reg_rsc ua="na"></retry_reg_rsc> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.   |
|                | Default: Blank   |

### **Configure NTP Server**

You can configure NTP servers with IPv4 and IPv6. You can also configure NTP server with DHCPv4 option 42 or DHCPv6 option 56. Configuring NTP with Primary NTP Server and Secondary NTP server parameters has higher priority over configuring NTP with DHCPv4 option 42 or DHCPv6 option 56.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

|        | Procedure  |
|--------|--|
| Step 1 | Select Voice > Systems.  |
| Step 2 | In the <b>Optional Network Configuration</b> section, set the IPv4 or IPv6 address as described in the NTP Server Parameters, on page 371 table. |
| Step 3 | Click Submit All Changes.  |

### **NTP Server Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of NTP server parameters in the Optional Network Configuration section under the System tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Table : | 58: N | TP Ser | ver Pai | rameters |
|---------|-------|--------|---------|----------|
|         |       |        |         |          |

| Parameter          | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| Primary NTP Server | IP address or name of the primary NTP server used to synchronize its time.  |
|                    | Perform one of the following:   |
|                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                    | <pre><primary_ntp_server ua="rw"></primary_ntp_server> • In the phone web page, enter the IP address of the priamry NTP server.</pre> |
|                    | Default: Blank  |

| Parameter            | Description   |
|----------------------|---|
| Secondary NTP Server | IP address or name of the secondary NTP server used to synchronize its time.  |
|                      | Perform one of the following:   |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                      | <pre><secondary_ntp_server ua="rw"></secondary_ntp_server> • In the phone web page, enter the IP address of the secondary NTP server.</pre> |
|                      | Default: Blank  |

### **Configure the RTP Parameters**

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > SIP.

**Step 2** In the **RTP Parameters** section, set the Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP) parameter values as described in RTP Parameters, on page 373.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **RTP Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters in the RTP Parameters section under the SIP tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 59: RTP Parameters

| Parameter    | Description  |
|--------------|--|
| RTP Port Min | Minimum port number for RTP transmission and reception.  |
|              | Perform one of the following:  |
|              | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|              | <pre><rtp_port_min ua="na">16384</rtp_port_min></pre>  |
|              | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate port number.   |
|              | Allowed values: 2048 to 49151  |
|              | If the value range ( <b>RTP Port Max - RTP Port Min</b> ) is less than 16 or you configure the parameter incorrectly, the RTP port range (16382 to 32766) is used instead. |
|              | Default: 16384   |
| RTP Port Max | Maximum port number for RTP transmission and reception.  |
|              | Perform one of the following:  |
|              | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|              | <pre><rtp_port_max ua="na">16482</rtp_port_max></pre>  |
|              | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate port number.   |
|              | Allowed values: 2048 to 49151  |
|              | If the value range ( <b>RTP Port Max - RTP Port Min</b> ) is less than 16 or you configure the parameter incorrectly, the RTP port range (16382 to 32766) is used instead. |
|              | Default: 16482   |

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| Parameter        | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| RTP Packet Size  | Specifies packet size in seconds.  |
|                  | Perform one of the following:  |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                  | <pre><rtp_packet_size ua="na">0.02</rtp_packet_size></pre> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value to specify the packet size.   |
|                  | Allowed values: Ranges from 0.01 to 0.13. Valid values must be a multiple of 0.01 seconds.   |
|                  | Default: 0.02  |
| Max RTP ICMP Err | Number of successive ICMP errors allowed when transmitting RTP packets to the peer before the phone terminates the call. If value is set to 0, the phone ignores the limit on ICMP errors. |
|                  | Perform one of the following:  |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                  | <max_rtp_icmp_err ua="na">0</max_rtp_icmp_err>   |
|                  | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.   |
|                  | Default: 0   |
| RTCP Tx Interval | Interval for sending out RTCP sender reports on an active connection.  |
|                  | Perform one of the following:  |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                  | <rtcp_tx_interval ua="na">5</rtcp_tx_interval>   |
|                  | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.   |
|                  | Allowed values: 0 to 255 seconds   |
|                  | Default: 0   |

| Parameter          | Description  |
|--------------------|--|
| Call Statistics    | Specifies whether the phone sends end-of-call statistics within SIP messages when a call terminates or is put on hold.                                     |
|                    | Perform one of the following:  |
|                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                    | <call_statistics ua="na">No</call_statistics>  |
|                    | • In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to enable this feature.   |
|                    | Allowed values: Yes and No   |
|                    | Default: No  |
| SDP IP Preferences | Select the preferred IP that the phone uses as RTP address.  |
|                    | If the phone is in dual-mode and has both ipv4 and ipv6 addresses, it will always include both addresses in SDP by attributes "a=altc                      |
|                    | If IPv4 address is selected, then ipv4 address has higher priority than<br>ipv6 address in SDP and indicates that phone prefers using ipv4 RTP<br>address. |
|                    | If the phone has only ipv4 address or ipv6 address, SDP does not have ALTC attributes and RTP address is specified in "c=" line.                           |
|                    | Perform one of the following:  |
|                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                    | <sdp_ip_preference ua="na">IPv4</sdp_ip_preference><br>• In the phone web page, select the preferred IP .  |
|                    | Allowed values: IPv4 and IPv6  |
|                    | Default: IPv4  |

| Parameter               | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| RTP Before ACK          | Allows you to specify whether an RTP session starts before or after an ACK is received from the calling party.   |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <pre><rtp_before_ack ua="na">No</rtp_before_ack></pre> • In the phone web page select:   |
|                         | • Yes: An RTP session doesn't await an ACK, but starts after a 200 OK message is sent.   |
|                         | • No: An RTP session doesn't start until an ACK is received from the calling party.  |
|                         | Allowed values: Yes and No   |
|                         | Default: No  |
| SSRC Reset on RE-INVITE | Controls whether to reset the Synchronization Source (SSRC) for the new RTP and SRTP sessions.   |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <pre><ssrc_reset_on_re-invite ua="na">Yes</ssrc_reset_on_re-invite> • In the phone web page select:</pre>  |
|                         | • Yes: the phone can avoid the call transfer error, where only one person on the call hears the audio. This occurs on calls of 30 minutes or longer, and often on three-way calls. |
|                         | • No: the SSRC still remains during a long duration call. In this case, this error might occur.  |
|                         | Allowed values: Yes and No   |
|                         | Default: No  |

### **Enable SSRC Reset for the New RTP and SRTP Sessions**

You can enable the **SSRC Reset on RE-INVITE** to avoid a call transfer error, where only one person on the call hears the audio. This error occurs on calls of 30 minutes or longer, and often on three-way calls.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select **Voice** > **SIP**.

```
Step 2 In the RTP Parameters section, set the parameter SSRC Reset on RE-INVITE to Yes.
```

You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file:

<SSRC\_Reset\_on\_RE-INVITE ua="na">Yes</SSRC\_Reset\_on\_RE-INVITE>

Allowed values: Yes and No.

Default: No

**Note** If you set the parameter to **No**, the SSRC remains for the new RTP and SRTP sessions (SIP re-INVITEs). The call transfer error might occur during a long duration call.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Control SIP and RTP Behaviour in Dual Mode**

You can control SIP and RTP parameters with SIP IP Preference and SDP IP Preference fields when phone is in dual mode.

SIP IP Preference parameter defines which IP address phone tries first when it is in dual mode.

| IP Mode | SIP IP     | Address List from DNS, Priority, Result                                 | Failover Sequence          |
|---------|------------|---|----------------------------|
|         | Preference | P1 - First Priority Address   |                            |
|         |            | P2 - Second Priority Address  |                            |
| Dual    | IPv4       | P1-1.1.1.1, 2009:1:1:1::1   | 1.1.1.1 ->2009:1:1:1:1 ->  |
| Mode    |            | P2 - 2.2.2.2, 2009:2:2:2::2   | 2.2.2.2 -> 2009:2:2:2:2    |
|         |            | <b>Result</b> : Phone will send the SIP messages to 1.1.1.1 first.      |                            |
| Dual    | IPv6       | P1-1.1.1.1, 2009:1:1:1::1   | 2009:1:1:1:1 ->            |
| Mode    |            | P2 - 2.2.2.2, 2009:2:2:2:2  | 1.1.1.1 -> 2009:2:2:2:2 -> |
|         |            | <b>Result</b> : Phone will send the SIP messages to 2009:1:1:1:1 first. | 2.2.2.2                    |
| Dual    | IPv4       | P1-2009:1:1:1::1  | 2009:1:1:1:1 -> 2.2.2.2 -> |
| Mode    |            | P2 - 2.2.2.2, 2009:2:2:2::2   | 2009:2:2:2:2               |
|         |            | <b>Result</b> : Phone will send the SIP messages to 2009:1:1:1:1 first. |                            |

Table 60: SIP IP Preference and IP Mode

| IP Mode | SIP IP<br>Preference | Address List from DNS, Priority, Result                                 | Failover Sequence            |
|---------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|
|         |                      | P1 - First Priority Address   |                              |
|         |                      | P2 - Second Priority Address  |                              |
| Dual    | IPv6                 | P1- 2009:1:1:1::1   | 2009:1:1:1:1 -> 2009:2:2:2:2 |
| Mode    |                      | P2 - 2.2.2.2, 2009:2:2:2::2   | ->2.2.2.2                    |
|         |                      | <b>Result</b> : Phone will send the SIP messages to 1.1.1.1 first.      |                              |
| IPv4    | IPv4                 | P1 - 1.1.1.1, 2009:1:1:1::1   | 1.1.1.1 -> 2.2.2.2           |
| Only    | or                   | P2 - 2.2.2.2, 2009:2:2:2::2   |                              |
|         | IPv6                 | <b>Result</b> : Phone will send the SIP messages to 1.1.1.1 first.      |                              |
| IPv6    | IPv4                 | P1 - 1.1.1.1, 2009:1:1:1::1   | 2009:1:1:1:1 ->              |
| Only    | or                   | P2 - 2.2.2.2, 2009:2:2:2::2   | 2009:2:2:2::2                |
|         | IPv6                 | <b>Result</b> : Phone will send the SIP messages to 2009:1:1:1:1 first. |                              |

SDP IP Preference - ALTC helps peers in dual-mode negotiate RTP address family.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice $>$ SIP.   |  |  |
|--------|---|--|--|
| Step 2 | In the SIP Parameters section, select IPv4 or IPv6 in the SIP IP Preference field.        |  |  |
|        | For details, see <b>SDP IP Preference</b> field in the SIP Parameters, on page 358 table. |  |  |
| Step 3 | In the RTP Parameters section, select IPv4 or IPv6 in the SDP IP Preference field.        |  |  |
|        | For details, see <b>SDP IP Preference</b> in the RTP Parameters, on page 373 table.       |  |  |
|        |   |  |  |

# **Configure RTP IP and SIP IP Alignment**

You can configure the phone so that the RTP IP always aligns with SIP IP. SIP INVITE packet will fill the SDP IP with the phone's registration IP (the IP used by the phone for SIP communication), regardless of whether it's IPv4 or IPv6. When the auto selection is enabled, SIP INVITE packet fills the SDP IP with the phone's registration IP that the phone uses for SIP communication.

#### Before you begin

- · Phone onboards to Cisco Webex cloud successfully.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice $>$ SIP.  |
|--------|--|
| Step 2 | In the RTP Parameters section, select Auto in the SDP IP Preference field.                                     |
|        | You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format: |
|        | <sdp_ip_preference ua="na">Auto</sdp_ip_preference>  |
|        | Options: IPv4   IPv6   Auto  |
|        | Default: IPv4  |
| Step 3 | Click Submit All Changes.  |

### **Configure the SDP Payload Types**

Your Cisco IP Phone supports RFC4733. You can choose from three audio-video transport (AVT) options to send DTMF pulses to the server.

Configured dynamic payloads are used for outbound calls only when the Cisco IP Phone presents a Session Description Protocol (SDP) offer. For inbound calls with an SDP offer, the phone follows the caller's assigned dynamic payload type.

The Cisco IP Phone uses the configured codec names in outbound SDP. For incoming SDP with standard payload types of 0-95, the phone ignores the codec names. For dynamic payload types, the phone identifies the codec by the configured codec names. The comparison is case-sensitive, so you need to set the name correctly.

You can also configure the parameters in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). To configure each of the parameters, see the syntax of the string in SDP Payload Types, on page 380.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Select Voice > SIP.
- **Step 2** In the **SDP Payload Types** section, set the value as specified in SDP Payload Types, on page 380.
  - **AVT Dynamic Payload**—is any nonstandard data. Both sender and receiver must agree on a number. The range is from 96 to 127. The default is 101.
  - AVT 16kHz Dynamic Payload —is any nonstandard data. Both sender and receiver must agree on a number. The range is from 96 to 127. The default is 107.

• AVT 48kHz Dynamic Payload —is any nonstandard data. Both sender and receiver must agree on a number. The range is from 96 to 127. The default is 108.

#### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **SDP Payload Types**

| Parameter                | Description   |
|--------------------------|---|
| G722.2 Dynamic Payload   | G722 Dynamic Payload type.  |
|                          | Perform one of the following:   |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format: |
|                          | <try_backup_rsc ua="na"></try_backup_rsc>   |
|                          | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.                                |
|                          | Allowed values:   |
|                          | Default: 96   |
| iLBC Dynamic Payload     | iLBC Dynamic Payload type.  |
|                          | Default: 97   |
| OPUS Dynamic Payload     | OPUS Dynamic Payload type.  |
|                          | Default: 99   |
| AVT Dynamic Payload      | AVT dynamic payload type. Ranges from 96-127.                                       |
|                          | Default: 101  |
| INFOREQ Dynamic Payload  | INFOREQ Dynamic Payload type.   |
| H264 BP0 Dynamic Payload | H264 BPO Dynamic Payload type.  |
|                          | Default: 110  |
| H264 HP Dynamic Payload  | H264 HP Dynamic Payload type.   |
|                          | Default: 110  |

| Parameter        | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| G711u Codec Name | G711u codec name used in SDP.  |
|                  | Perform one of the following:  |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                    |
|                  | <pre><g711u_codec_name ua="na">PCMU</g711u_codec_name></pre> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name. |
|                  | Allowed values:  |
|                  | Default: PCMU  |
| G711a Codec Name | G711a codec name used in SDP.  |
|                  | Perform one of the following:  |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                    |
|                  | <pre><g711a_codec_name ua="na">PCMU</g711a_codec_name></pre> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name. |
|                  | Allowed values:  |
|                  | Default: PCMA  |
| G729a Codec Name | G729a codec name used in SDP.  |
|                  | Perform one of the following:  |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                    |
|                  | <g729a_codec_name ua="na">PCMU</g729a_codec_name>  |
|                  | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name.  |
|                  | Allowed values:  |
|                  | Default: G729a   |
| G729b Codec Name | G729b codec name used in SDP.  |
|                  | Perform one of the following:  |
|                  | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                    |
|                  | <pre><g729b_codec_name ua="na">PCMU</g729b_codec_name></pre> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name. |
|                  | Allowed values:  |
|                  | Default: G729b   |

| Parameter         | Description  |
|-------------------|--|
| G722 Codec Name   | G722 codec name used in SDP.   |
|                   | Perform one of the following:  |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                  |
|                   | <pre><g722_codec_name ua="na">PCMU</g722_codec_name></pre> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name. |
|                   | Allowed values:  |
|                   | Default: G722  |
| G722.2 Codec Name | G722.2 codec name used in SDP.   |
|                   | Perform one of the following:  |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                  |
|                   | <g722.2_codec_name ua="na">PCMU</g722.2_codec_name>  |
|                   | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name.  |
|                   | Allowed values:  |
|                   | Default: G722.2  |
| iLBC Codec Name   | iLBC codec name used in SDP.   |
|                   | Perform one of the following:  |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                  |
|                   | <ilbc_codec_name ua="na">iLBC</ilbc_codec_name>  |
|                   | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name.  |
|                   | Allowed values:  |
|                   | Default: iLBC  |
| OPUS Codec Name   | OPUS codec name used in SDP.   |
|                   | Perform one of the following:  |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                  |
|                   | <pre><opus_codec_name ua="na">OPUS</opus_codec_name></pre> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name. |
|                   | Allowed values:  |
|                   | Default: OPUS  |

| Parameter                  | Description   |
|----------------------------|---|
| AVT Codec Name             | AVT codec name used in SDP.   |
|                            | Perform one of the following:   |
|                            | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                            | <pre><avt_codec_name ua="na">telephone-event</avt_codec_name> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate codec name.</pre> |
|                            | Allowed values:   |
|                            | Default: telephone-event  |
| AVT 16 kHz Dynamic Payload | AVT dynamic payload type for the 16 kHz clock rate.   |
|                            | Perform one of the following:   |
|                            | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                            | <avt_16khz_dynamic_payload< td=""></avt_16khz_dynamic_payload<>   |
|                            | ua="na">107   |
|                            | in the phone web page, enter the payroad.   |
|                            | Range: 96-127   |
|                            | Default: 107  |
| AVT 48 kHz Dynamic Payload | AVT dynamic payload type for the 48 kHz clock rate.   |
|                            | Perform one of the following:   |
|                            | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                            | <avt_48khz_dynamic_payload< td=""></avt_48khz_dynamic_payload<>   |
|                            | ua="na">108   |
|                            | • In the phone web page, enter the payload.   |
|                            | Range: 96-127   |
|                            | Default: 108  |

# **Configure the SIP Settings for Extensions**

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.

- **Step 2** In the **SIP Settings** section, set the parameter values as described in the Parameters for SIP Settings on Extensions, on page 384 table.
- Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **Parameters for SIP Settings on Extensions**

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters in the SIP Settings section under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Table 61: S | SIP Settings | in Extensions |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|
|-------------|--------------|---------------|

| Parameter     | Description   |
|---------------|---|
| SIP Transport | Specifies the transport protocol for SIP messages.  |
|               | Perform one of the following:   |
|               | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|               | <pre><sip_transport_1_ ua="na">UDP</sip_transport_1_> • In the phone web page, select the transport protocol type.</pre>  |
|               | • UDP   |
|               | • TCP   |
|               | • TLS   |
|               | • AUTO  |
|               | <b>AUTO</b> allows the phone to select the appropriate protocol automatically, based on the NAPTR records on the DNS server. See Configure the SIP Transport, on page 206 for more details. |
|               | Default: UDP  |

| Parameter         | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| SIP Port          | The phone's port number for SIP message listening and transmission.   |
|                   | <b>Note</b> Specify the port number here only when you are using UDP as the SIP transport protocol.   |
|                   | If you are using TCP, the system uses a random port within the range specified in <b>SIP TCP Port Min</b> and <b>SIP TCP Port Max</b> on the <b>Voice</b> > <b>SIP</b> tab. |
|                   | If you need to specify a port of SIP proxy server, you can specify it using the <b>Proxy</b> field or the <b>XSI Host Server</b> field.                                     |
|                   | Perform one of the following:   |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                   | <pre><sip_port_1_ ua="na">5060</sip_port_1_> • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate port number.</pre>   |
|                   | Default: 5060   |
| SIP 100REL Enable | Individually enables the SIP 100REL feature.  |
|                   | When enabled, the phone supports the 100REL SIP extension for reliable transmission of provisional responses (18x) and uses the PRACK requests.                             |
|                   | Perform one of the following:   |
|                   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                   | <pre><sip_100rel_enable_1_ ua="na">Yes</sip_100rel_enable_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the feature.</pre>  |
|                   | Allowed values: Yes and No  |
|                   | Default: No   |

| Parameter            | Description  |
|----------------------|--|
| Precondition Support | Determines whether the phone includes the precondition tag (defined in RFC 3312) in the Supported header field.  |
|                      | • <b>Disabled</b> : The phone doesn't include the precondition tag in the Supported header filed. And the phone doesn't return the 183 response when it receives the INVITE request that contains the QoS precondition in the SDP description. |
|                      | • <b>Enabled</b> : The phone includes the precondition tag in the Supported header field.  |
|                      | Perform one of the following:  |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                      | <precondition_support_1_< td=""></precondition_support_1_<>  |
|                      | <ul><li>ua="na"&gt;Enabled</li><li>In the phone web page, select Enabled to enable the feature.</li></ul>  |
|                      | Allowed values: Disabled and Enabled   |
|                      | Default: Disabled  |
| EXT SIP Port         | The external SIP port number.  |
|                      | Perform one of the following:  |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                      | <pre><ext_sip_port_1_ ua="na">5060</ext_sip_port_1_> • In the phone web page, enter a port number.</pre>   |
|                      | Allowed values:  |
|                      | Default: 5060  |

| Parameter           | Description   |
|---------------------|---|
| Auth Resync-Reboot  | The Cisco IP Phone authenticates the sender when it receives a NOTIFY message with the following requests:  |
|                     | • resync  |
|                     | • reboot  |
|                     | • report  |
|                     | • restart   |
|                     | • XML-service   |
|                     | Perform one of the following:   |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                     | <auth_resync-reboot_1_ ua="na">No</auth_resync-reboot_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable the feature.  |
|                     | Allowed values: Yes and No  |
|                     | Default: Yes  |
| SIP Proxy-Require   | The SIP proxy can support a specific extension or behavior when it receives the Proxy-Require header from the user agent. If this field is configured and the proxy does not support it, it responds with the message, unsupported. |
|                     | Perform one of the following:   |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                     | <sip_proxy-require_1_< td=""></sip_proxy-require_1_<>   |
|                     | <ul> <li>ua="na"&gt;header<sip_proxy-require_1_></sip_proxy-require_1_></li> <li>In the phone web interface, enter the appropriate header in the field provided.</li> </ul>   |
|                     | Default: Blank  |
| SIP Remote-Party-ID | The Remote-Party-ID header to use instead of the From header. Select <b>Yes</b> to enable.  |
|                     | Default: Yes  |

| Parameter               | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Referor Bye Delay       | Controls when the phone sends BYE to terminate stale call legs upon<br>completion of call transfers. Multiple delay settings (Referor, Refer<br>Target, Referee, and Refer-To Target) are configured on this screen. |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <referor_bye_delay_1_ ua="na">4</referor_bye_delay_1_> <ul> <li>In the phone web page, enter the appropriate period of time in seconds.</li> </ul>   |
|                         | Allowed values: An integer from 0 through 65535  |
|                         | Default: 4   |
| Refer-To Target Contact | Indicates the refer-to target.   |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <refer-to_target_contact_1_< td=""></refer-to_target_contact_1_<>  |
|                         | <ul> <li>In the phone web page, select Yes to send the SIP Refer to the contact.</li> </ul>  |
|                         | Allowed values: Yes and No   |
|                         | Default: No  |
| Referee Bye Delay       | Specifies the Referee Bye Delay time in seconds.   |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <referee_bye_delay_1_ ua="na">0</referee_bye_delay_1_> <ul> <li>In the phone web page, enter the appropriate period of time in seconds.</li> </ul>   |
|                         | Allowed values: An integer from 0 through 65535  |
|                         | Default: 0   |

| Parameter              | Description   |
|------------------------|---|
| Refer Target Bye Delay | Specifies the Refer Target Bye Delay time in seconds.   |
|                        | Perform one of the following:   |
|                        | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                        | <refer_target_bye_delay_1_<br>ua="na"&gt;0<br/>• In the phone web page, enter the appropriate period of time in<br/>seconds.</refer_target_bye_delay_1_<br> |
|                        | Allowed values: An integer from 0 through 65535   |
|                        | Default: 0  |
| Sticky 183             | Controls the first 183 SIP response for an outbound INVITE. To enable this feature,   |
|                        | Perform one of the following:   |
|                        | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                        | <pre><sticky_183_1_ ua="na">No</sticky_183_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature.</pre>  |
|                        | When enabled, the IP telephony ignores further 180 SIP responses after receiving the first 183 SIP response for an outbound INVITE.                         |
|                        | Allowed values: Yes and No  |
|                        | Default: No   |
| Auth INVITE            | Controls if authorization is required for initial incoming INVITE requests from the SIP proxy. To enable this feature.                                      |
|                        | Perform one of the following:   |
|                        | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                        | <auth_invite_1_ ua="na">No</auth_invite_1_><br>• In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to enable this feature.   |
|                        | When enabled, authorization is required for initial incoming INVITE requests from the SIP proxy.  |
|                        | Allowed values: Yes and No  |
|                        | Default: No   |

| Parameter                | Description   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Ntfy Refer On 1xx-To-Inv | If set to <b>Yes</b> , as a transferee, the phone will send a NOTIFY with Event:Refer to the transferor for any 1xx response returned by the transfer target, on the transfer call leg. |
|                          | If set to <b>No</b> , the phone will only send a NOTIFY for final responses (200 and higher).   |
|                          | Perform one of the following:   |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                          | <ntfy_refer_on_1xx-to-inv_1_<br>ua="na"&gt;Yes<br/>• In the phone web page, select <b>Yes</b> to enable this feature.</ntfy_refer_on_1xx-to-inv_1_<br>                                  |
|                          | Allowed values: Yes and No  |
|                          | Default: Yes  |
| Set G729 annexb          | Configure G.729 Annex B settings.   |
|                          | Perform one of the following:   |
|                          | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                          | <set_g729_annexb_1_ ua="na">Yes</set_g729_annexb_1_> <ul> <li>In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature.</li> </ul>  |
|                          | Allowed values:   |
|                          | • None  |
|                          | • No  |
|                          | • Yes   |
|                          | • Follow silence supp setting   |
|                          | Default: Yes  |

| Parameter               | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| User Equal Phone        | When a tel URL is converted to a SIP URL and the phone number is represented by the user portion of the URL, the SIP URL includes the optional: user=phone parameter (RFC3261). For example: |
|                         | To: sip:+12325551234@example.com; user=phone   |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <pre><user_equal_phone_1_ ua="na">Yes</user_equal_phone_1_> • In the phone web page, select Yes to enable this feature.</pre>  |
|                         | Allowed values: Yes and No   |
|                         | Default: No  |
| Call Recording Protocol | Determines the type of recording protocol that the phone uses. Options are:  |
|                         | • SIPINFO  |
|                         | • SIPREC   |
|                         | Perform one of the following:  |
|                         | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                         | <call_recording_protocol_1_< td=""></call_recording_protocol_1_<>  |
|                         | <ul> <li>ua="na"&gt;SIPREC</li> <li>In the phone web page, select a protocol from the list.</li> </ul>   |
|                         | Allowed values: SIPREC SIPINFO   |
|                         | Default: SIPREC  |

| Parameter             | Description   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Privacy Header        | Sets user privacy in the SIP message in the trusted network.  |
|                       | The privacy header options are:   |
|                       | • Disabled (default)  |
|                       | • none—The user requests that a privacy service applies no privacy functions to this SIP message.                       |
|                       | • header—The user needs a privacy service to obscure headers which cannot be purged of identifying information.         |
|                       | • session—The user requests that a privacy service provide anonymity for the sessions.                                  |
|                       | • user—The user requests a privacy level only by intermediaries.  |
|                       | • id—The user requests that the system substitute an id that doesn't reveal the IP address or host name.                |
|                       | Perform one of the following:   |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                     |
|                       | <privacy_header_1_ ua="na">Disabled</privacy_header_1_> • In the phone web page, select an option from the list.        |
|                       | Allowed values: Disabled none header session user id  |
|                       | Default: Disabled   |
| P-Early-Media Support | Controls whether the P-Early-Media header is included in the SIP message for an outgoing call.                          |
|                       | Perform one of the following:   |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                     |
|                       | <p-early-media_support_1_< td=""></p-early-media_support_1_<>   |
|                       | <ul> <li>ua="na"&gt;No</li> <li>In the phone web interface, to include the P-Early-Media header, select Yes.</li> </ul> |
|                       | Allowed values: Yes and No  |
|                       | Default: No   |

# **Configure the SIP Proxy Server**

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select <b>Voice</b> > <b>Ext</b> ( <b>n</b> ), where <b>n</b> is an extension number.  |
|--------|--|
| Step 2 | In the <b>Proxy and Registration</b> section, set the parameter values as described in the SIP Proxy and Registration for Extension Parameters, on page 393 table. |
| Step 3 | Click Submit All Changes.  |

### **SIP Proxy and Registration for Extension Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters in the Proxy and Registration section under the Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter      | Description  |
|----------------|--|
| Proxy          | SIP proxy server and port number set by the service provider for all outbound requests. For example: 192.168.2.100:6060.                             |
|                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                | <proxy_1_ ua="na">64.101.154.134</proxy_1_>  |
|                | <rtp_port_max ua="na">16482</rtp_port_max>   |
|                | • In the phone web page, enter SIP proxy server and port number.   |
|                | When you need to refer to this proxy in another setting, for example, the speed dial line key configuration, use the <b>\$PROXY</b> macro variable.  |
|                | Default: The port number is optional. If you don't specify a port, the default port 5060 is used for UDP, and the default port 5061 is used for TLS. |
| Outbound Proxy | Specifies an IP address or domain name. All outbound requests are sent as the first hop.   |
|                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                | <outbound_proxy_1_< td=""></outbound_proxy_1_<>  |
|                | ua="na">10.79.78.45 • In the phone web page, enter an IP address and a domain name   |
|                | In the phone web page, enter an ir address and a domain name.  |
|                | Default: Empty   |

Table 62: SIP Proxy and Registration for Extension

| Parameter  | Description   |
|--|---|
| Proxy  | These parameters can be configured with an extension that includes a  |
| Outbound Proxy   | statically-configured DNS SRV record or DNS A record. This allows<br>for failover and fallback functionality with a secondary proxy server. |
| For Survivable Remote Site<br>Telephony (SRST) support | The format for the parameter value is as follows:   |
|  | FQDN format: hostname[:port][:SRV=host-list OR :A=ip-list]  |
|  | Where:  |
|  | • host-list: srv[ srv[ srv]]  |
|  | • SIV: hostname[:port][:p=priority][:weight][:A=ip-list]  |
|  | • ip-list: ip-addr[, ip-addr[, ip-addr]]  |
|  | Default:  |
|  | • Priority is 0.  |
|  | • Weight is 1.  |
|  | • Port is 5060 and 5061 for UDP and TLS respectively.   |
|  |   |

| Parameter                                   | Description  |
|---|--|
| Alternate Proxy<br>Alternate Outbound Proxy | This feature provides fast fall back when there is network partition at<br>the Internet or when the primary proxy (or primary outbound proxy) is<br>not responsive or available. The feature works well in a Verizon<br>deployment environment as the alternate proxy is the Integrated Service<br>Router (ISR) with analog outbound phone connection.   |
|   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|   | <pre><alternate_proxy_1_ ua="na">10.74.23.43</alternate_proxy_1_><alternate_outbound_proxy_1_ ua="na">10.74.23.44<!--<Alternate_Outbound_Proxy_1_--> • In the phone web page, enter the proxy server addresses and port numbers in these fields.</alternate_outbound_proxy_1_></pre>   |
|   | After the phone is registered to the primary proxy and the alternate proxy<br>(or primary outbound proxy and alternate outbound proxy), the phone<br>always sends out INVITE and Non-INVITE SIP messages (except<br>registration) via the primary proxy. The phone always registers to both<br>the primary and alternate proxies. If there is no response from the primary<br>proxy after timeout (per the SIP RFC spec) for a new INVITE, the phone<br>attempts to connect with the alternate proxy. The phone always tries the<br>primary proxy first, and immediately tries the alternate proxy if the<br>primary is unreachable. |
|   | Active transactions (calls) never fall back between the primary and alternate proxies. If there is fall back for a new INVITE, the subscribe/notify transaction will fall back accordingly so that the phone's state can be maintained properly. You must also set Dual Registration in the Proxy and Registration section to Yes.   |
| Register                                    | Enables periodic registration with the proxy. This parameter is ignored  |
|   | if a proxy is not specified.   |
|   | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|   | <register_1_ ua="na">Yes</register_1_> <ul> <li>In the phone web page, To enable this feature, select Yes.</li> </ul>  |
|   | Valid values: Yes and No   |
|   | Default: Yes   |

| Parameter             | Description   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Make Call Without Reg | Enables making outbound calls without successful (dynamic) registration by the phone.   |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                       | <make_call_without_reg_1_<br>ua="na"&gt;No<br/>• In the phone web page, To enable this feature, select <b>Yes</b>. If set to<br/><b>No</b>, the dial tone plays only when registration is successful.</make_call_without_reg_1_<br> |
|                       | Valid values: Yes and No  |
|                       | Default: No   |
| Register Expires      | Defines how often the phone renews registration with the proxy. If the proxy responds to a REGISTER with a lower expires value, the phone renews registration based on that lower value instead of the configured value.            |
|                       | If registration fails with an "Expires too brief" error response, the phone retries with the value specified in the Min-Expires header of the error.  |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                       | <pre><register_expires_1_ ua="na">3600</register_expires_1_> • In the phone web page, enter a value in seconds to define how often the phone renews registration with the proxy.</pre>  |
|                       | Valid values: Numeric. The range is from 32 seconds to 2000000 seconds.   |
|                       | Default: 3600 seconds   |
| Use DNS SRV           | Enables DNS SRV lookup for the proxy and outbound proxy.  |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                       | <pre><use_dns_srv_1_ ua="na">Yes</use_dns_srv_1_></pre> • In the phone web page, To enable this feature, select Yes.  |
|                       | Valid values: Yes and No  |
|                       | Default: No   |

| Parameter            | Description  |
|----------------------|--|
| Proxy Fallback Intvl | Sets the delay after which the phone retries from the highest priority proxy (or outbound proxy) after it has failed over to a lower priority server.  |
|                      | The phone should have the primary and backup proxy server list from<br>a DNS SRV record lookup on the server name. It needs to know the<br>proxy priority; otherwise, it does not retry.   |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                      | <proxy_fallback_intvl_1_< td=""></proxy_fallback_intvl_1_<>  |
|                      | ua="na">3600   |
|                      | • In the phone web page, enter a value in seconds to set the duration in seconds after which the phone retries.  |
|                      | Valid values: Numeric. The range is from 0 seconds to 65535 seconds.   |
|                      | Default: 3600 seconds  |
| Dual Registration    | Controls both the dual registration and the fast fall back feature.  |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                      | <dual_registration_1_ ua="na">No</dual_registration_1_> • In the phone web page, set to Yes to enable the Dual registration/Fast Fall back feature. To enable the feature you must also configure the alternate proxy/alternate outbound proxy fields in the Proxy and Registration section. |
|                      | Valid values: Yes and No   |
|                      | Default: No  |
| TLS Name Validate    | This field works only when <b>SIP Transport</b> is set to <b>TLS</b> for the phone line.   |
|                      | Specifies whether hostname verification is required when the phone line uses SIP over TLS. The options are:  |
|                      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |
|                      | <tls_name_validate_1_ ua="na">Yes</tls_name_validate_1_><br>• In the phone web page, select Yes when hostname verification is required.  |
|                      | Select <b>No</b> to bypass the hostname verification.  |
|                      | Valid values: Yes and No   |
|                      | Default: Yes   |

# Add Outbound Proxy Survivability Support

You can configure a phone with the ability to register to the Site Survivability Gateway (SGW) nodes when WxC SSE nodes are unreachable.

#### Before you begin

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice $> Ext(n)$ .  |
|--------|--|
| Step 2 | In the <b>Proxy and Registration</b> section, set up <b>Survivability Proxy</b> and <b>Survivability Proxy Fallback Intvl</b> fields as described in Parameters for Outbound Proxy Survivability Support, on page 398. |
| Step 3 | Select Voice > System .  |
| Step 4 | In the <b>System Configuration</b> section, set up <b>Survivability Test Mode</b> field as described in Parameters for Outbound Proxy Survivability Support, on page 398.  |
| Step 5 | Click Submit All Changes.  |

# Parameters for Outbound Proxy Survivability Support

The following table defines the function and usage of WxC Outbound Proxy Survivability Support parameters in the **Proxy and Registration** section under the **Ext(n)** tab and the **System Configuration** section under the **System** tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter           | Description   |
|---------------------|---|
| Survivability Proxy | The parameter can be configured with an extension that includes a statically-configured SRV record. This allows phone to perform a failover to a survivability gateway. |
|                     | Perform one of the following:   |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                     | <survivability_proxy_n_>hostname[:port][:A=ip-list] [ <br/>hostname2[:port][:A=ip-list]]</survivability_proxy_n_>   |
|                     | • In the phone web interface, enter the proxy server address as follows:  |
|                     | hostname[:port][:A=ip-list] [ <br>hostname2[:port][:A=ip-list]]   |
|                     | Where: ip-list: ip-addr[,ip-addr[,ip-addr]]   |
|                     | Default: port=0   |
|                     | Example: wxclsg.example.com:8933:A=192.169.10.1   |
|                     | where,  |
|                     | wxclsg.example.com=Provisioned SGW hostname. It is used for TLS certificate validation when connecting to SGW nodes.  |
|                     | 8933=SGW port   |
|                     | 192.169.10.1=Provisioned SGW address  |
|                     | Compared to SGW, SSE nodes will always have high priority. If there are multiple SGW nodes, try one after the other.  |
|                     | Allowed values: String  |
|                     | Default: Blank  |
| Survivability Proxy | The interval in seconds after which the phone will attempt to fallback to the SSE nodes   |
| Fallback Intvl      | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                     | <survivability_proxy_fallback_intvl_n_>30</survivability_proxy_fallback_intvl_n_>   |
|                     | • in the phone web interface, specify the time interval in seconds.   |
|                     | Default: 30 secs  |
| Survivability Test  | If set it to Yes, phone will always register to SGW nodes.  |
| Mode                | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                     | <survivability_test_mode>No</survivability_test_mode>   |
|                     | • in the phone web interface, select the test mode.   |
|                     | Options: Yes No   |
|                     | Default: No   |

#### Table 63: Conference Button Parameters

# **Configure the Subscriber Information Parameters**

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select <b>Voice</b> > <b>Ext(n)</b> , where n is an extension number.                                      |
|--------|--|
| Step 2 | In the Subscriber Information section, set the parameter values as described in the Subscriber Information |
|        | Parameters, on page 400 table.   |
| Step 3 | Click Submit All Changes.  |

### **Subscriber Information Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of the parameters in the RTP Parameters section under the SIP tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

#### Table 64: Subscriber Information

| Parameter    | Description   |
|--------------|---|
| Display Name | Name displayed as the caller ID.  |
|              | Perform one of the following:   |
|              | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|              | <display_name_1_ ua="na"></display_name_1_>   |
|              | • In the phone web page, enter a name that represents the caller ID.  |
|              |   |
| User ID      | Extension number for this line.   |
|              | When you need to refer to this user ID in another setting, for example, the short name for a line key, use the <i>suser</i> macro variable. |
|              | Perform one of the following:   |
|              | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|              | <pre><user_id_1_ ua="na">7001</user_id_1_></pre> • In the phone web page, enter an extension number   |
|              |   |

| Parameter           | Description   |
|---------------------|---|
| Password            | Password for this line.   |
|                     | Perform one of the following:   |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                 |
|                     | <password_1_ ua="na">********</password_1_><br>• In the phone web page, enter a value to add password for the line. |
|                     | Default: Blank (no password required)   |
| Auth ID             | Authentication ID for SIP authentication.   |
|                     | Perform one of the following:   |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                 |
|                     | <auth_id_1_ ua="na"></auth_id_1_>   |
|                     | • In the phone web page, enter a value for an authentication ID.  |
|                     | Default: Blank  |
| Reversed Auth Realm | The IP address for an authentication realm other than the proxy IP address.   |
|                     | Perform one of the following:   |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                                 |
|                     | <reversed_auth_realm_1_ ua="na"><br/></reversed_auth_realm_1_>  |
|                     | The parameter for extension 1 appears as defined in the phone configuration file.                                   |
|                     | • In the phone web page, enter proxy IP address.  |
|                     | Default: Blank. The proxy IP address is used as the authentication realm.   |

# Set Up Your Phone to Use OPUS Codec Narrowband

To improve bandwidth in your network, you can set up your phones to use the narrowband OPUS codec. The narrowband codec won't conflict with the wideband codec.

#### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select <b>Voice</b> > <b>Ext</b> < <b>n</b> > where ( <b>n</b> ) is the number of the extension to configure. |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | In the SIP Settings section, set Use low-bandwidth OPUS to Yes.   |
| Step 3 | Click Submit All Changes.   |

# **NAT Transversal with Phones**

Network Address Translation (NAT) allows multiple devices to share a single, public, routable, IP address to establish connections over the Internet. NAT is present in many broadband access devices to translate public and private IP addresses. For VoIP to coexist with NAT, NAT traversal is required.

Not all service providers provide NAT traversal. If your service provider does not provide NAT traversal, you have several options:

- NAT Mapping with Session Border Controller: We recommend that you choose an service provider that supports NAT mapping through a Session Border Controller. With NAT mapping provided by the service provider, you have more choices in selecting a router.
- NAT Mapping with SIP-ALG Router: NAT mapping can be achieved by using a router that has a SIP Application Layer Gateway (ALG). By using a SIP-ALG router, you have more choices in selecting an service provider.
- NAT Mapping with a Static IP Address: NAT mapping with an external (public) static IP address can be acheived to ensure interoperability with the service provider. The NAT mechanism used in the router must be symmetric. For more information, see Determine Symmetric or Asymmetric NAT, on page 409.

Use NAT mapping only if the service provider network does not provide a Session Border Controller functionality. For more information on how to configure NAT mapping with a static IP, see Configure NAT Mapping with the Static IP Address, on page 404.

• NAT Mapping with STUN: If the service provider network does not provide a Session Border Controller functionality and if the other requirements are met, it is possible to use Session Traversal Utilities for NAT (STUN) to discover the NAT mapping. For information on how to configure NAT mapping with STUN, see Configure NAT mapping with STUN, on page 407.

## **Enable NAT Mapping**

You must enable NAT mapping to set NAT parameters.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

**Step 1** Select Voice > Ext(n).

**Step 2** Set up the fields as described in NAT Mapping Parameters, on page 403.

Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### **NAT Mapping Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of NAT Mapping parameters in the NAT Settings section under the Voice>Ext(n) tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter             | Description   |
|-----------------------|---|
| NAT Mapping Enable    | To use externally mapped IP addresses and SIP/ RTP ports in SIP messages, select yes. Otherwise, select no. |
|                       | Perform one of the following:   |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                         |
|                       | <nat_mapping_enable_1_< td=""></nat_mapping_enable_1_<>   |
|                       | ua="na">Yes   |
|                       | • In the phone web page, set the parameter to <b>res</b> .  |
|                       | Allowed values: Yes No  |
|                       | Default: No   |
| NAT Keep Alive Enable | To send the configured NAT keep alive message periodically, select yes. Otherwise, select no.               |
|                       | Perform one of the following:   |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                         |
|                       | <nat_keep_alive_enable_1_< td=""></nat_keep_alive_enable_1_<>   |
|                       | ua="na">Yes   |
|                       | • In the phone web page, set the parameter to <b>Yes</b> .  |
|                       | Allowed values: Yes No  |
|                       | Default: No   |

Table 65: NAT Mapping Parameters

| Parameter          | Description   |
|--------------------|---|
| NAT Keep Alive Msg | Enter the keep alive message that should be sent periodically to maintain the current NAT mapping.  |
|                    | Perform one of the following:   |
|                    | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                    | <nat_keep_alive_msg_1_<br>ua="na"&gt;\$NOTIFY<br/>• In the phone web page, set the parameter to <b>\$NOTIFY</b> or to<br/><b>\$REGISTER</b>.</nat_keep_alive_msg_1_<br> |
|                    | If the value is \$NOTIFY, a NOTIFY message is sent. If the value is \$REGISTER, a REGISTER message without contact is sent.   |
|                    | Allowed values: \$NOTIFY and \$REGISTER.  |
|                    | Default: \$NOTIFY   |

# **Configure NAT Mapping with the Static IP Address**

You can configure NAT mapping on the phone to ensure interoperability with the service provider.

#### Before you begin

- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- You must have an external (public) IP address that is static.
- The NAT mechanism used in the router must be symmetric.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > SIP.  |
|--------|--|
| Step 2 | In the <b>NAT Support Parameters</b> section, set the parameters as described in the NAT Mapping with Static IP Parameters, on page 405 table. |
| Step 3 | Click the <b>Ext(n)</b> tab.   |
| Step 4 | In the <b>NAT Settings</b> section, set the parameters as described in the NAT Mapping from Ext Tab with Static IP Parameters table.           |
| Step 5 | Click Submit All Changes.  |

#### What to do next

Configure the firewall settings on your router to allow SIP traffic.

### **NAT Mapping with Static IP Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of NAT mapping with Static IP parameters in the NAT Support Parameters section under the Voice>SIP tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

#### Table 66: NAT Mapping with Static IP Parameters

| Parameter           | Description   |  |  |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Handle VIA          | Enables the phone to process the received parameter in the VIA header.  |  |  |
| received            | Perform one of the following:   |  |  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |  |  |
|                     | <pre><handle_via_received ua="na">Yes</handle_via_received> • In the phone web page, set to Yes.</pre>                                  |  |  |
|                     | Default: No   |  |  |
| Handle VIA rport    | Enables the phone to process the rport parameter in the VIA header.   |  |  |
|                     | Perform one of the following:   |  |  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |  |  |
|                     | <pre><handle_via_rport ua="na">Yes</handle_via_rport> • In the phone web page, set to Yes.</pre>  |  |  |
|                     | Default: No   |  |  |
| Insert VIA received | Enables to insert the received parameter into the VIA header of SIP responses if the received-from IP and VIA sent-by IP values differ. |  |  |
|                     | Perform one of the following:   |  |  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |  |  |
|                     | <insert_via_received ua="na">Yes</insert_via_received> <ul> <li>In the phone web page, set to Yes.</li> </ul>                           |  |  |
|                     | Default: No   |  |  |
| Insert VIA rport    | Enables to insert the rport parameter into the VIA header of SIP responses if the received-from IP and VIA sent-by IP values differ.    |  |  |
|                     | Perform one of the following:   |  |  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |  |  |
|                     | <insert_via_rport_ua="na">Yes <li>In the phone web page, set to Yes.</li></insert_via_rport_ua="na">                                    |  |  |
|                     | Default: No   |  |  |

| Parameter           | Description  |  |  |
|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Substitute VIA Addr | Enables the user to use NAT-mapped IP:port values in the VIA header.   |  |  |
|                     | Perform one of the following:  |  |  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |  |  |
|                     | <substitute_via_addr ua="na">Yes</substitute_via_addr> <ul> <li>In the phone web page, set to Yes.</li> </ul>  |  |  |
|                     | Default: No  |  |  |
| Send Resp To Src    | Enables to send responses to the request source port instead of the VIA sent-by port.  |  |  |
| Port                | Perform one of the following:  |  |  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |  |  |
|                     | <send_resp_to_src_port ua="na">Yes</send_resp_to_src_port> <ul> <li>In the phone web page, set to Yes.</li> </ul>  |  |  |
|                     | Default: No  |  |  |
| NAT Keep Alive      | Interval between NAT-mapping keep alive messages.  |  |  |
| Intvl               | Perform one of the following:  |  |  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |  |  |
|                     | <nat_keep_alive_intvl ua="na">15</nat_keep_alive_intvl>  |  |  |
|                     | • In the phone web page, enter an appropriate value.   |  |  |
|                     | Allowed values: Numeric ranges from 0 through 65535  |  |  |
|                     | Default: 15  |  |  |
| EXT IP              | External IP address to substitute for the actual IP address of phone in all outgoing SIP messages. If 0.0.0.0 is specified, no IP address substitution is performed. |  |  |
|                     | If this parameter is specified, phone assumes this IP address when generating SIP messages and SDP (if NAT Mapping is enabled for that line).                        |  |  |
|                     | Perform one of the following:  |  |  |
|                     | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:  |  |  |
|                     | <ext_ip ua="na">10.23.31.43</ext_ip>   |  |  |
|                     | • In the phone web page, enter an external static IP address.  |  |  |
|                     | Default: Blank   |  |  |

The following table defines the function and usage of NAT mapping with Static IP parameters in the NAT Support Parameters section under the Voice>Ext tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

Table 67: NAT Mapping from Ext Tab

| Parameter          | Description  |  |  |
|--------------------|--|--|--|
| NAT Mapping Enable | Controls the use of externally mapped IP addresses and SIP/ RTP ports in SIP messages. |  |  |
|                    | Perform on   | e of the following:  |  |
|                    | • In the   | phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |  |
|                    | <nat_i<br>• In the</nat_i<br>  | Mapping_Enable_1_ ua="na">Yes<br>phone web page, set to Yes to use externally mapped IP addresses.                 |  |
|                    | Allowed va   | lues: Yes and No.  |  |
|                    | Default: No  |  |  |
| NAT Keep Alive     | Configured   | NAT keep alive message periodically.   |  |
| Enable             | Perform on   | e of the following:  |  |
| (Optional)         | • In the   | phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |  |
|                    | <nat_i<br>• In the<br/>messa</nat_i<br>  | Keep_Alive_Enable_1_ ua="na">Yes<br>phone web page, set to <b>Yes</b> to configure periodic NAT keep alive<br>ges. |  |
|                    | Note   | The service provider might require the phone to send NAT keep alive messages to keep the NAT ports open.           |  |
|                    |  | Check with your service provider to determine the requirements.  |  |
|                    | Allowed va   | lues: Yes and No.  |  |
|                    | Default: No  | )  |  |

## **Configure NAT mapping with STUN**

If the service provider network does not provide a Session Border Controller functionality and if the other requirements are met, it is possible to use Session Traversal Utilities for NAT (STUN) to discover the NAT mapping. The STUN protocol allows applications operating behind a network address translator (NAT) to discover the presence of the network address translator and to obtain the mapped (public) IP address (NAT addresses) and the port number that the NAT has allocated for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP) connections to remote hosts. The protocol requires assistance from a third-party network server (STUN server) located on the opposing (public) side of the NAT, usually the public Internet. This option is considered a last resort and should be used only if the other methods are not available. To use STUN:

- The router must use asymmetric NAT. See Determine Symmetric or Asymmetric NAT, on page 409.
- A computer running STUN server software is available on the network. You can also use a public STUN server or set up your own STUN server.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > SIP.  |  |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Step 2 | In the NAT Support Parameters section, set the Handle VIA received, Insert VIA received, Substitute VIA Addr, Handle VIA rport, Insert VIA rport, and Send Resp To Src Port parameters as described in the NAT Mapping with Static IP Parameters, on page 405 table. |  |  |  |
| Step 3 | Set the parameters as described in the NAT Mapping with STUN Parameters table.   |  |  |  |
| Step 4 | Click the <b>Ext(n)</b> tab.   |  |  |  |
| Step 5 | In the <b>NAT Settings</b> section, set the parameters as described in the <b>NAT Mapping</b> from Ext Tab with Static IP Parameters table.  |  |  |  |
| Step 6 | Click Submit All Changes.  |  |  |  |

#### What to do next

Configure the firewall settings on your router to allow SIP traffic.

### **NAT Mapping with STUN Parameters**

The following table defines the function and usage of NAT mapping with STUN parameters in the NAT Support Parameters section under the Voice>SIP tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

#### Table 68: NAT Mapping with STUN Parameters

| Parameter   | Description   |
|-------------|---|
| STUN Enable | Enables the use of STUN to discover NAT mapping.  |
|             | Perform one of the following:   |
|             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:                         |
|             | <stun_enable ua="na">Yes</stun_enable><br>• In the phone web page, set to <b>Yes</b> to enable the feature. |
|             | Allowed values: Yes and No.   |
|             | Default: No   |

| Parameter   | Description   |
|-------------|---|
| STUN Server | IP address or fully-qualified domain name of the STUN server to contact<br>for NAT mapping discovery. You can use a public STUN server or set<br>up your own STUN server. |
|             | Perform one of the following:   |
|             | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|             | <stun_server ua="na"></stun_server>   |
|             | • In the phone web page, enter an IP address or fully-qualified domain name of the STUN server.   |
|             | Allowed values:   |
|             | Default: Blank  |

### **Determine Symmetric or Asymmetric NAT**

STUN does not work on routers with symmetric NAT. With symmetric NAT, IP addresses are mapped from one internal IP address and port to one external, routable destination IP address and port. If another packet is sent from the same source IP address and port to a different destination, a different IP address and port number combination is used. This method is restrictive because an external host can send a packet to a particular port on the internal host only if the internal host first sent a packet from that port to the external host.

This procedure assumes that a syslog server is configured and is ready to receive syslog messages.

To Determine Whether the Router Uses Symmetric or Asymmetric NAT:

#### Before you begin

- Verify that the firewall is not running on your PC. (It can block the syslog port.) By default, the syslog port is 514.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Selec | t Voice $>$ S | System and | navigate to | Optional Net | twork Conf | iguration sect | ion. |
|--------|-------|---------------|------------|-------------|--------------|------------|----------------|------|
|        |       |               |            |             |              |            |                |      |

**Step 2** Enter the IP address for the **Syslog Server**, if the port number is anything other than the default, 514. It is not necessary to include the port number if it is the default.

The address and port number must be reachable from the Cisco IP phone. The port number appears on the output log file name. The default output file is syslog.514.log (if port number was not specified).

- Step 3 Set the Debug Level to Error, Notice, or Debug.
- Step 4 To capture SIP signaling messages, click the Ext tab and navigate to SIP Settings. Set the SIP Debug Option to Full.
- **Step 5** To collect information about what type of NAT your router uses click the **SIP** tab and navigate to **NAT Support Parameters**.

| Click Voice > SIP and navigate to NAT Support Parameters. |  |
|---|--|
|   |  |
| cate that the   |  |
|   |  |
| ¢   |  |

# **Configure Phone with DNS64/NAT64 Deployment**

You can configure the phone to utilize DNS64 and NAT64 for IPv6 deployments. This configuration allows MPP phones to handle IPv4 addresses and connect to IPv4-only services via NAT64.



Note

• For more information on SIP parameters, see SIP Parameters.

#### Before you begin

- · Phone onboards to Cisco Webex cloud successfully.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > SIP.  |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|
| Step 2 | In the SIP Parameters section, select Yes in the Forced NAT64 field.   |  |  |
|        | You can also configure this parameter in the configuration file (cfg.xml) by entering a string in this format: |  |  |
|        | <forced_nat64>Yes</forced_nat64>   |  |  |
|        | Options: Yes and No  |  |  |
|        | Default: No  |  |  |
| Step 3 | Click Submit All Changes.  |  |  |

# **Dial Plan**

## **Dial Plan Overview**

Dial plans determine how digits are interpreted and transmitted. They also determine whether the dialed number is accepted or rejected. You can use a dial plan to facilitate dialing or to block certain types of calls such as long distance or international.

Use the phone web user interface to configure dial plans on the IP phone.

This section includes information that you must understand about dial plans, and procedures to configure your own dial plans.

The Cisco IP Phone has various levels of dial plans and processes the digits sequence.

When a user presses the speaker button on the phone, the following sequence of events begins:

- 1. The phone begins to collect the dialed digits. The interdigit timer starts to track the time that elapses between digits.
- If the interdigit timer value is reached, or if another terminating event occurs, the phone compares the dialed digits with the IP phone dial plan. This dial plan is configured in the phone web user interface in Voice > Ext(n) under the Dial Plan section.

### **Digit Sequences**

A dial plan contains a series of digit sequences, separated by the | character. The entire collection of sequences is enclosed within parentheses. Each digit sequence within the dial plan consists of a series of elements that are individually matched to the keys that the user presses.

Dial plan is processed in conjunction with the Vertical Service Activation Codes (VSACs), hence, the digit analysis is done on both at the same time. Also, after a VSAC is processed, the dial plan rules then apply to the digits entered.

The minimum length specified in the dial plan and VSACs is not enforced, only the maximum length is enforced, which means the partial matches are processed and dialled out. For example, if the dial plan is xxxx, then x, xx, xxx and xxxx are allowed.

| Digit Sequence            | Function  |
|---------------------------|---|
| 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 * # | Characters that represent a key that the user must press on the phone keypad.   |
| x                         | Numeric digit 0 to 9 on the phone keypad.   |
| [sequence]                | Characters within square brackets create a list of accepted key presses.<br>The user can press any one of the keys in the list.                                     |
|                           | A numeric range, for example, [2-9] allows a user to press any one digit from 2 through 9.  |
|                           | A numeric range can include other characters. For example, [35-8*] allows a user to press 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, or *.  |
| . (period)                | A period indicates element repetition. The dial plan accepts 0 or more entries of the digit. For example, 01. allows users to enter 0, 01, 011, 0111, and so forth. |

White space is ignored, but can be used for readability.

| Digit Sequence                            | Function  |
|---|---|
| <dialed:substituted></dialed:substituted> | This format indicates that certain <i>dialed</i> digits are replaced by the <i>substituted</i> characters when the sequence is transmitted. The <i>dialed</i> digits can be zero to 9. For example:                                 |
|   | <8:1650>xxxxxx  |
|   | When the user presses 8 followed by a seven-digit number, the system automatically replaces the dialed 8 with the sequence 1650. If the user dials <b>85550112</b> , the system transmits <b>16505550112</b> .                      |
|   | If the <i>dialed</i> parameter is empty and there is a value in the <i>substituted</i> field, no digits are replaced and the <i>substituted</i> value is always prepended to the transmitted string. For example:                   |
|   | <:1>xxxxxxxxx   |
|   | When the user dials <b>9725550112</b> , the number 1 is added at the beginning of the sequence; the system transmits <b>19725550112</b> .   |
| , (comma)                                 | An intersequence tone played (and placed) between digits plays an outside line dial tone. For example:  |
|   | 9, 1xxxxxxxx  |
|   | An outside line dial tone plays after the user presses 9. The tone continues until the user presses 1.  |
| ! (exclamation point)                     | Prohibits a dial sequence pattern. For example:   |
|   | 1900xxxxxxx!  |
|   | Rejects any 11-digit sequence that begins with 1900.  |
| *xx                                       | Allows a user to enter a 2-digit star code.   |
| S0 or L0                                  | For Interdigit Timer Master Override, enter s0 to reduce the short interdigit timer to 0 seconds, or enter L0 to reduce the long interdigit timer to 0 seconds.   |
| Р   | To pause, enter $P$ , the number of seconds to pause, and a space. This feature is typically used for implementation of a hotline and warm line, with a 0 delay for the hot line, and a nonzero delay for a warm line. For example: |
|   | P5  |
|   | A pause of 5 seconds is introduced.   |

### **Digit Sequence Examples**

The following examples show digit sequences that you can enter in a dial plan.

In a complete dial plan entry, sequences are separated by a pipe character (|), and the entire set of sequences is enclosed within parentheses:
( [1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxx | 9, 1 900 xxxxxxx | 9, 011xxxxxx. | 0 | [49]11 )

• Extensions on your system:

([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 1 900 xxxxxxx ! 9, 011xxxxxx. | 0 | [49]11 )

 $[1-8] \times X$  Allows a user to dial any three-digit number that starts with the digits 1 to 8. If your system uses four-digit extensions, enter the following string:  $[1-8] \times X$ 

• Local dialing with seven-digit number:

([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxxx | 9, 1 900 xxxxxxx | 9, 011xxxxxxx. | 0 | [49]111)

9, XXXXXXX After a user presses 9, an external dial tone sounds. The user can enter any seven-digit number, as in a local call.

• Local dialing with 3-digit area code and a 7-digit local number:

```
([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxxx | 9, 1 900 xxxxxxx | 9, 011xxxxxxx. | 0 | [49]11 )
```

<:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxx This example is useful where a local area code is required. After a user presses
 an external dial tone sounds. The user must enter a 10-digit number that begins with a digit 2 through
 The system automatically inserts the 1 prefix before it transmits the number to the carrier.

Local dialing with an automatically inserted 3-digit area code:

```
([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxx | 0 | [49]11 )
```

8, <:1212>xxxxxxx This example is useful where a local area code is required by the carrier but most calls go to one area code. After the user presses 8, an external dial tone sounds. The user can enter any seven-digit number. The system automatically inserts the 1 prefix and the 212 area code before it transmits the number to the carrier.

• U.S. long-distance dialing:

```
([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxx | 0 | [49]11 )
```

9, 1 [2-9] XXXXXXXX After the user presses 9, an external dial tone sounds. The user can enter any 11-digit number that starts with 1 and is followed by a digit 2 through 9.

• Blocked number:

([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxx | 0 | [49]11 )

9, 1 900 XXXXXXX ! This digit sequence is useful if you want to prevent users from dialing numbers that are associated with high tolls or inappropriate content, such as 1-900 numbers in the U.S. After the user presses 9, an external dial tone sounds. If the user enters an 11-digit number that starts with the digits 1900, the call is rejected.

• U.S. international dialing:

([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxx | 0 | [49]11 )

9, 011xxxxxx After the user presses 9, an external dial tone sounds. The user can enter any number that starts with 011, as in an international call from the U.S.

• Informational numbers:

([1-8]xx | 9, xxxxxxx | 9, <:1>[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 8, <:1212>xxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 [2-9] xxxxxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxx | 9, 1 9, 011xxxxxx | 0 | [49]11 )

0 | [49]11 This example includes two-digit sequences, separated by the pipe character. The first sequence allows a user to dial 0 for an operator. The second sequence allows the user to enter 411 for local information or 911 for emergency services.

### Acceptance and Transmission of the Dialed Digits

When a user dials a series of digits, each sequence in the dial plan is tested as a possible match. The matching sequences form a set of candidate digit sequences. As the user enters more digits, the set of candidates diminishes until only one or none is valid. When a terminating event occurs, the IP PBX either accepts the user-dialed sequence and initiates a call, or else rejects the sequence as invalid. The user hears the reorder (fast busy) tone if the dialed sequence is invalid.

| Terminating Event  | Processing   |
|--|--|
| Dialed digits have not matched any sequence in the dial plan.        | The number is rejected.  |
| Dialed digits exactly match one sequence in the dial plan.           | If the dial plan allows the sequence, the number is accepted and is transmitted according to the dial plan.  |
|  | If the dial plan blocks the sequence, the number is rejected.  |
| A timeout occurs.  | The number is rejected if the dialed digits are not<br>matched to a digit sequence in the dial plan within the<br>time that the applicable interdigit timer specifies. |
|  | The Interdigit Long Timer applies when the dialed digits do not match any digit sequence in the dial plan.   |
|  | Default: 10 seconds.   |
|  | The Interdigit Short Timer applies when the dialed digits match one or more candidate sequences in the dial plan. Default: 3 seconds.                                  |
| A user presses the # key or the dial softkey on the IP phone screen. | If the sequence is complete and is allowed by the dial<br>plan, the number is accepted and is transmitted<br>according to the dial plan.                               |
|  | If the sequence is incomplete or is blocked by the dial<br>plan, the number is rejected.   |

The following table explains how terminating events are processed.

### Dial Plan Timer (Off-Hook Timer)

You can think of the Dial Plan Timer as the off-hook timer. This timer starts when the phone goes off hook. If no digits are dialed within the specified number of seconds, the timer expires and the null entry is evaluated. Unless you have a special dial plan string to allow a null entry, the call is rejected.

| 111        |
|------------|
| - <b>V</b> |
|            |

**Note** The timer before a number is dialed is whichever shorter of the dial plan default timer and the dial tone timer set in the **Dial Tone** field on the **Regional** tab.

### Syntax for the Dial Plan Timer

**SYNTAX:** (Ps<:n> | dial plan)

- s: The number of seconds; The timer before a number is dialed is whichever shorter of the dial plan default timer and the dial tone timer set in the **Dial Tone** field. With the timer set to 0 seconds, the call transmits automatically to the specified extension when the phone goes off hook.
- n: (optional): The number to transmit automatically when the timer expires; you can enter an extension
  number or a DID number. No wildcard characters are allowed because the number is transmitted as
  shown. If you omit the number substitution, <:n>, the user hears a reorder (fast busy) tone after the
  specified number of seconds.

### **Examples for the Dial Plan Timer**



**Note** The actual timer before a number is dialed is whichever shorter of the dial plan default timer and the dial tone timer set in the **Dial Tone** field. In the following examples, the dial tone timer is assumed to be longer than the dial plan timer.

Allow more time for users to start dialing after taking a phone off hook:

```
(P9 | (9,8<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx | 9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxx | 9,8,011xx. | 9,8,xx. | [1-8]xx)
```

P9 means that after taking a phone off hook, a user has 9 seconds to begin dialing. If no digits are pressed within 9 seconds, the user hears a reorder (fast busy) tone. By setting a longer timer, you allow more time for users to enter digits.

To create a hotline for all sequences on the System Dial Plan:

(P9<:23> | (9,8<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx | 9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxx | 9,8,011xx. | 9,8,xx.|[1-8]xx)

P9<:23> means that after taking the phone off hook, a user has 9 seconds to begin dialing. If no digits are pressed within 9 seconds, the call is transmitted automatically to extension 23.

To create a hotline on a line button for an extension:

(PO <:1000>)

With the timer set to 0 seconds, the call is transmitted automatically to the specified extension when the phone goes off hook. Enter this sequence in the Phone Dial Plan for Ext 2 or higher on a client phone.

### Interdigit Long Timer (Incomplete Entry Timer)

You can think of this timer as the incomplete entry timer. This timer measures the interval between dialed digits. It applies as long as the dialed digits do not match any digit sequences in the dial plan. Unless the user enters another digit within the specified number of seconds, the entry is evaluated as incomplete, and the call is rejected. The default value is 10 seconds.

This section explains how to edit a timer as part of a dial plan. Alternatively, you can modify the Control Timer that controls the default interdigit timers for all calls.

### Syntax for the Interdigit Long Timer

### SYNTAX: L:s, (dial plan)

- s: The number of seconds; if no number is entered after L:, the default timer is 5 seconds. With the timer set to 0 seconds, the call is transmitted automatically to the specified extension when the phone goes off hook.
- Note that the timer sequence appears to the left of the initial parenthesis for the dial plan.

### **Example for the Interdigit Long Timer**

L:15, (9,8<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx | 9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 9,8,011xx. | 9,8,xx.|[1-8]xx)

L:15 means that this dial plan allows the user to pause for up to 15 seconds between digits before the Interdigit Long Timer expires. This setting is especially helpful to users such as sales people, who are reading the numbers from business cards and other printed materials while dialing.

### Interdigit Short Timer (Complete Entry Timer)

You can think of this timer as the complete entry timer. This timer measures the interval between dialed digits. The timer applies when the dialed digits match at least one digit sequence in the dial plan. Unless the user enters another digit within the specified number of seconds, the entry is evaluated. If the entry is valid, the call proceeds. If the entry is invalid, the call is rejected.

Default: 3 seconds.

### Syntax for the Interdigit Short Timer

SYNTAX 1: S:s, (dial plan)

Use this syntax to apply the new setting to the entire dial plan within the parentheses.

SYNTAX 2: sequence Ss

Use this syntax to apply the new setting to a particular dialing sequence.

s: The number of seconds; if no number is entered after S, the default timer of 5 seconds applies.

### **Examples for the Interdigit Short Timer**

To set the timer for the entire dial plan:

S:6, (9,8<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx | 9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxx | 9,8,011xx. | 9,8,xx.|[1-8]xx)

S:6 means that while the user enters a number with the phone off hook, the user can pause for up to 15 seconds between digits before the Interdigit Short Timer expires. This setting is especially helpful to users such as sales people, who are reading the numbers from business cards and other printed materials while dialing.

Set an instant timer for a particular sequence within the dial plan:

(9,8<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx | 9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxS0 | 9,8,011xx. | 9,8,xx. | [1-8]xx)

9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxS0 means that with the timer set to 0, the call is transmitted automatically when the user dials the final digit in the sequence.

# Edit the Dial Plan on the IP Phone



**Note** You can edit the dial plan in the XML configuration file. Locate the Dial\_Plan\_n\_ parameter in the XML configuration file, where n denotes the extension number. Edit the value of this parameter. The value must be specified in the same format as in the **Dial Plan** field on the phone administration web page, described below.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Voice** > **Ext(n)**, where n is an extension number.
- **Step 2** Scroll to the **Dial Plan** section.
- **Step 3** Enter the digit sequences in the **Dial Plan** field.

The default (US-based) systemwide dial plan appears automatically in the field.

Step 4 You can delete digit sequences, add digit sequences, or replace the entire dial plan with a new dial plan.Separate each digit sequence with a pipe character, and enclose the entire set of digit sequences within parentheses. Example:

(9,8<:1408>[2-9]xxxxxx | 9,8,1[2-9]xxxxxxxxx | 9,8,011xx. | 9,8,xx.|[1-8]xx)

### Step 5 Click Submit All Changes.

The phone reboots.

**Step 6** Verify that you can successfully complete a call with each digit sequence that you entered in the dial plan.

**Note** If you hear a reorder (fast busy) tone, review your entries and modify the dial plan appropriately.

# **Regional Parameters Configuration**

# **Regional Parameters**

In the phone web user interface, use the **Regional** tab to configure regional and local settings, such as control timer values, dictionary server script, language selection, and locale to change localization. The Regional tab includes these sections:

- Call Progress Tones—Displays values of all ringtones.
- Distinctive Ring Patterns-Ring cadence defines the ringing pattern that announces a telephone call.
- · Control Timer Values-Displays all values in seconds.
- Vertical Service Activation Codes (VSACs)—Includes Call Back Act Code and Call Back Deact Code. They are processed in conjunction with the dial plan rules, hence, the digit analysis is done on both at the same time. Also, after a VSAC is processed, the dial plan rules then apply to the digits entered.

The minimum length specified in the dial plan and VSACs is not enforced, only the maximum length is enforced, which means the partial matches are processed and dialled out. For example, if the dial plan is xxxx, then x, xx, xxx and xxxx are allowed.

- · Outbound Call Codec Selection Codes-Defines the voice quality.
- Time-Includes local date, local time, time zone, and Daylight Saving Time.
- Language-Includes Dictionary Server Script, Language Selection, and Locale.

# **Set the Control Timer Values**

If you need to edit a timer setting only for a particular digit sequence or type of call, you can edit the dial plan.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Regional.  |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | Set the Reorder Delay, Interdigit Long Timer, and Interdigit Short Timer parameters as described in the |
|        | Control Timer Values (sec) table.   |
| Step 3 | Click Submit All Changes.   |

## **Parameters for Control Timer Values (sec)**

The following table defines the function and usage of Control Timer Values parameters in the Control Timer Values(s) Parameters section under the Voice>Regional tab in the phone web interface. It also defines the

syntax of the string that is added in the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml) code to configure a parameter.

| Parameter             | Description   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Reorder Delay         | Delay after far end hangs up before reorder (busy) tone is played.  |
|                       | Perform one of the following:   |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                       | <reorder_delay ua="na">255</reorder_delay>  |
|                       | • In the phone web page, set a value in seconds ranges from 0-255 secs.   |
|                       | 0 = plays immediately, inf = never plays. Set to 255 to return the phone immediately to on-hook status and to not play the tone.  |
|                       | Allowed values: 0–255 seconds   |
|                       | Default: 255  |
| Interdigit Long Timer | Long timeout between entering digits when dialing. The interdigit timer values are used as defaults when dialing. The Interdigit_Long_Timer is used after any one digit, if all valid matching sequences in the dial plan are incomplete as dialed. |
|                       | Perform one of the following:   |
|                       | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                       | <interdigit_long_timer ua="na">10</interdigit_long_timer> <ul> <li>In the phone web page, set a value in seconds ranges from 0-64 seconds.</li> </ul>   |
|                       | Allowed values: 0–64 seconds  |
|                       | Default: 10   |

Table 69: Parameters for Control Timer Values (sec)

| Parameter              | Description   |
|------------------------|---|
| Interdigit Short Timer | Short timeout between entering digits when dialing. The<br>Interdigit_Short_Timer is used after any one digit, if at least one<br>matching sequence is complete as dialed, but more dialed digits would<br>match other as yet incomplete sequences. |
|                        | Perform one of the following:   |
|                        | • In the phone configuration file with XML(cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|                        | <interdigit_short_timer< td=""></interdigit_short_timer<>   |
|                        | ua="na">3   |
|                        | • In the phone web page, set a value in seconds ranges from 0-64 seconds.   |
|                        | Allowed values: 0-64 seconds  |
|                        | Default: 3  |

# **Localize Your Cisco IP Phone**

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Regional.  |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | Configure the values in the fields in the <b>Time</b> and <b>Language</b> sections. |
| Step 3 | Click Submit All Changes.   |

### **Configure Time and Date on Phone Web Page**

You can manually set the time and date on the phone web page.

### Before you begin

Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113. Review Time and Date Settings, on page 421.

### Procedure

- **Step 2** In the **Time** section, enter the time and date information.
- Step 3 Select Voice > User.
- **Step 4** In the **Supplementary Services**, choose **12h** or **24hr** from the **Time Format** drop down list.

Default: 12hr

**Step 5** Choose the date format from the **Date Format** drop down list.

Step 6 Click Submit All Changes

### **Configure Time and Date on the Phone**

You can set the time and date manually on the phone.

### Before you begin

Review the Time and Date Settings, on page 421.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Press Applications   |
|--------|--|
| Step 2 | Select Device administration > Date/Time.                    |
| Step 3 | Select Set current time manually.                            |
| Step 4 | Set the date and time in the format requested on the screen: |
|        | YYYY MM DD HH MM   |
| Sten 5 | Select the <b>OK</b> softleav                                |
| otop 5 | Select the <b>OK</b> softkey.                                |

### **Time and Date Settings**

The Cisco IP Phone obtains the time settings in one of two ways:

• NTP Server— NTP 24-hour time format takes priority over the time you set using the menu options on the phone or web page.

When the phone boots up, it tries to contact the first Network Time Protocol (NTP) server to get and update the time. The phone periodically synchronizes its time with the NTP server, and between updates, it tracks time with its internal clock. The synchronization period is fixed at 64 seconds.

If you manually enter a time, this setting takes effect for now, but on the next NTP synchronization, the NTP time is displayed.

- Manual Setup—You can manually configure the local date and time by using one of the following methods:
  - On the phone web interface
  - On the phone itself

The default format is 12-hour which is overwritten with the 24-hour format as soon as the phone synchronizes with the NTP server.

| Parameter                   | Description  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Set Local Date (mm/dd/yyyy) | Sets the local date (mm represents the month and dd represents the day).<br>The year is optional and uses two or four digits.  |
|                             | Default: Blank   |
| Set Local Time (HH/mm)      | Sets the local time (hh represents hours and mm represents minutes). Seconds are optional.   |
|                             | Default: Blank   |
| Time Zone                   | Selects the number of hours to add to GMT to generate the local time<br>for caller ID generation. Choices are GMT-12:00, GMT-11:00,, GMT,<br>GMT+01:00, GMT+02:00,, GMT+13:00.   |
|                             | The time of the log messages and status messages are in UTC time and are not affected by the time zone setting.  |
|                             | Default: GMT-08:00   |
| Time Offset (HH/mm)         | This specifies the offset in 24-hour format from GMT to use for the local system time.   |
|                             | The NTP Server time is expressed in GMT time. The local time is obtained by offsetting the GMT according to the time zone of the region.   |
|                             | Default: 00/00   |
| Ignore DHCP Time Offset     | When used with some routers that have DHCP with time offset values configured, the IP phone uses the router settings and ignores the IP phone time zone and offset settings. To ignore the router DHCP time offset value, and use the local time zone and offset settings, choose <b>yes</b> for this option. If you choose <b>no</b> , the IP phone uses the router's DHCP time offset value. |
|                             | Default: Yes.  |

### Table 70: Date and Time Parameters

| Parameter                                | Description  |
|--|--|
| Daylight Saving Time Rule                | Enter the rule for calculating daylight saving time. This rule is comprised of three fields. Each field is separated by a semicolon (;). Optional values inside brackets [] are assumed to be 0 if they are not specified. Midnight is represented by colons. For example, 0:0:0 of the given date.  |
|  | This is the format of the rule: Start = <start-time>; end=<end-time>; save = <save-time>.</save-time></end-time></start-time>  |
|  | The <start-time> and <end-time> values specify the start and end dates<br/>and times of daylight saving time. Each value is in this format: <month><br/>/<day> / <weekday>[/HH:[mm[:ss]]]</weekday></day></month></end-time></start-time>  |
|  | The <save-time> value is the number of hours, minutes, and/or seconds<br/>to add to the current time during daylight saving time. The <save-time><br/>value can be preceded by a negative (-) sign if subtraction is desired<br/>instead of addition. The <save-time> value is in this format:<br/>[/[+ -]HH:[mm[:ss]]]</save-time></save-time></save-time>  |
|  | The <month> value equals any value in the range 1-12 (January-December).</month>   |
|  | The $\langle day \rangle$ value equals [+]-] any value in the range 1-31.  |
|  | If <day> is -1, it means the <weekday> on or before the end of the month (in other words the last occurrence of &lt; weekday&gt; in that month).</weekday></day>   |
| Daylight Saving Time Rule<br>(continued) | The <weekday> value equals any value in the range 1-7<br/>(Monday-Sunday). It can also equal 0. If the <weekday> value is 0, this<br/>means that the date to start or end daylight saving is exactly the date<br/>given. In that case, the <day> value must not be negative. If the<br/><weekday> value is not 0 and the <day> value is positive, then daylight<br/>saving starts or ends on the <weekday> value on or after the date given.<br/>If the <weekday> value is not 0 and the <day> value is negative, then<br/>daylight saving starts or ends on the <weekday> value on or before the<br/>date given. Where:</weekday></day></weekday></weekday></day></weekday></day></weekday></weekday> |
|  | • HH stands for hours (0-23).  |
|  | • mm stands for minutes (0-59).  |
|  | • ss stands for seconds (0-59).  |
|  | Default: 3/-1/7/2;end=10/-1/7/2;save=1.  |
| Daylight Saving Time Enable              | Enables Daylight Saving Time.  |
|  | Default: Yes   |
| Time Format                              | Choose the time format for the phone (12-hour or 24-hour).<br>Default: 12hr  |
| Time Format                              | Default: Yes<br>Choose the time format for the phone (12-hour or 24-hour).<br>Default: 12hr  |

| Parameter   | Description   |
|-------------|---|
| Date Format | Choose the date format for the phone (month/day or day/month).  |
|             | Default: month/day  |
|             | In the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:   |
|             | <pre><!-- Time--> <set_local_date_mm_dd_yyyy_ua="na"></set_local_date_mm_dd_yyyy_ua="na"> <set_local_time_hh_mm_ua="na"></set_local_time_hh_mm_ua="na"> <time_zone ua="na">GMT-08:00</time_zone> <!-- available options: GMT-12:00 GMT-11:00 GMT-10:00 GMT-09:00  GMT-08:00 GMT-07:00 GMT-06:00 GMT-05:00 GMT+04:00 GMT+03:30 GMT-03:00 GMT-02:00 GMT-01:00 GMT+01:00 GMT+02:00 GMT+03:00 GMT+03:30 GMT+04:00 GMT+04:30 GMT+05:00 GMT+05:30 GMT+05:45 GMT+06:00 GMT+06:30 GMT+07:00 GMT+08:00 GMT+09:00 GMT+09:30 GMT+10:00 GMT+11:00 GMT+12:00 GMT+13:00 GMT+14:00--> <time_offset_hh_mm_ua="na">&gt; <time_offset_hh_mm_ua="na">&gt; <time_offset_hh_mm_ua="na">&gt; <daylight_saving_time_rule ua="na">start=3/-1/7/2;end=10/-1/7/2; save=1</daylight_saving_time_rule> <daylight_saving_time_enable ua="na">Yes</daylight_saving_time_enable> <time_format ua="na">12hr</time_format> <!-- available options: 12hr 24hr--> <date_format ua="na">month/day/Date_Format&gt; <!-- available options: month/day day/month--> </date_format></time_offset_hh_mm_ua="na"></time_offset_hh_mm_ua="na"></time_offset_hh_mm_ua="na"></pre> |

### **Configure Daylight Saving Time**

The phone supports automatic adjustment for daylight saving time.



Note

The time of the log messages and status messages are in UTC time. The time zone setting does not affect them.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Voice > Regional.  |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | Set the Daylight Saving Time Enable drop-down list box to Yes.  |
| Step 3 | In the <b>Daylight Saving Time Rule</b> field, enter the DST rule. This value affects the time stamp on the CallerID. |
| Step 4 | Click Submit All Changes.   |

### **Daylight Saving Time Examples**

The following example configures daylight saving time for the U.S, adding one hour starting at midnight on the second Sunday in March and ending at midnight on the first Sunday in November; add 1 hour (USA, North America):

start=3/8/7/02:0:0;end=11/1/7/02:0:0;save=1

The following example configures daylight saving time for Finland, starting at midnight on the last Sunday in March and ending at midnight on the last Sunday in October:

start=3/-1/7/03:0:0;end=10/-1/7/03:0:0;save=1 (Finland)

The following example configures daylight saving time for New Zealand (in version 7.5.1 and higher), starting at midnight on the last Sunday in September and ending at midnight on the first Sunday of April.

start=9/-1/7/02:0:0;end=4/1/7/02:0:0;save=1 (New Zealand)

The following example configures the daylight saving time starting on the last Monday (on or before April 8) and ending on the first Wednesday (on or after May 8).

```
start=4/-8/1;end=5/8/3;save=1
```

### Phone Display Language

The Cisco IP Phone supports multiple languages for the phone display.

By default, the phone is set up for English. To enable the use of another language, you must set up the dictionary for the language. For some languages, you must also set up the font for the language.

After the setup is complete, you or your users can specify the desired language for the phone display.

### **Supported Languages for the Phone Display**

On the phone administration web page, go to Admin Login > Advanced > Voice > Regional. In the Language section, click the Locale drop-down list box to see the supported languages for the phone display.

| • ar-SA (Arabic)                | • it-IT (Italian)               |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| • bg-BG (Bulgarian)             | • ja-JP (Japanese)              |
| • ca-ES (Catalan)               | • ko-KR (Korean)                |
| • cs-CZ (Czech)                 | • nl-NL (Dutch)                 |
| • da-DK (Danish)                | • nn-NO (Norwegian)             |
| • de-DE (German)                | • pl-PL (Polish)                |
| • el-GR (Greek)                 | • pt-PT (Portuguese)            |
| • en-GB (English-Great Britain) | • ru-RU (Russian)               |
| • en-US (English-United States) | • sk-SK (Slovak)                |
| • es-CO (Spanish-Colombia)      | • sl-SI (Slovenian)             |
| • es-ES (Spanish-Spain)         | • sv-SE (Swedish)               |
| • fi-FI (Finnish)               | • tr-TR (Turkish)               |
| • fr-CA (French-Canada)         | • zh-CN (Chinese)               |
| • fr-FR (French)                | • zh-HK (Chinese-Hong Kong SAR) |
| • he-IL (Hebrew)                |                                 |
| • hr-HR (Croatian)              |                                 |

• hu-HU (Hungarian)

### **Set Up Dictionaries and Fonts**

Languages other than English require dictionaries. Some languages also require a font.



Note To enable Latin and Cyrillic languages, you must not add a font file.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Download the locale zip file for your firmware version, from cisco.com. Place the file on your server, and unzip the file.  |
|--------|---|
|        | Dictionaries and fonts for all the supported languages are included in the zip file. Dictionaries are XML scripts. Fonts are standard TTF files.  |
| Step 2 | On the phone administration web page, go to Admin Login > Advanced > Voice > Regional. In the Language section, specify the necessary parameters and values in the Dictionary Server Script field as described below. Use a semicolon (;) to separate multiple parameter and value pairs. |
|        | • Specify the location of the dictionary and font files with the serv parameter.  |

For example: serv=http://server.example.com/Locales/

Make sure to include the IP address of the server, the path, and folder name.

Example: serv=http://10.74.128.101/Locales/

- For each language that you want to set up, specify a set of parameters as described below.
  - **Note** In these parameter specifications, *n* denotes a serial number. This number determines the sequential order in which the language options are displayed in the **Settings** menu of the phone.

0 is reserved for US-English, which has a default dictionary. You can use it optionally, to specify your own dictionary.

Use numbers starting with 1 for other languages.

• Specify the language name with the dn parameter.

Example for language name for Asian language: d1=Chinese-Simplified

Example for language name for German (Latin and Cyrillic): d2=German

Example for language name for French (Latin and Cyrillic): d1=French

Example for language name for French (Canada) (Latin and Cyrillic) language: d1=French-Canada

Example for language name for Hebrew (RTL language): d1=Hebrew

Example for language name for Arabic (RTL language): d1=Arabic

This name is displayed as a language option in the Settings menu of the phone.

• Specify the name of the dictionary file with the xn parameter.

Example for Asian language:

Example for French (Latin and Cyrillic) languages:

Example for Arabic (RTL language) language:

Example for French (Canada) language: x1=fr-CA\_78xx\_68xx-11.3.6.0006.xml;

Ensure to specify the correct file for the language and phone model that you use.

• If a font is required for the language, specify the name of the font file with the  $f_n$  parameter. For example:

Make sure to specify the correct file for the language and phone model that you use.

See Setup for Latin and Cyrillic Languages, on page 427 for specific details on setting up Latin languages. See Setup for an Asian Language, on page 429 for specific details on setting up an Asian language. See Setup for RTL Languages, on page 429 for specific details on setting up RTL languages.

### Step 3 Click Submit All Changes.

### Setup for Latin and Cyrillic Languages

If you use Latin and Cyrillic languages such as French or German, you can configure up to four language options for the phone. List of Latin and Cyrillic languages:

- Bulgarian
   Hungarian
- Catalan
   Italian
- Croatian
   Portuguese
- Czech (Portugal)
- Norwegian
- Polish
- English
   Russian
- (UK) Slovak
- Finnish Slovenian
- French Spanish (France) (Columbia)
- French Spanish (Spain)
  - (Canada) Swedish
- German

• Greek

- Turkish
- Ukraine

To enable the options, set up a dictionary for each language that you want to include. To enable the language, specify a pair of dn and xn parameters and values in the **Dictionary Server Script** field, for each language that you want to include.

Example for including French and German:

Example for including French (Canada):

```
serv=http://10.74.128.101/Locales/;d1=French-Canada;x1=fr-CA_78xx_68xx-11.3.6.0006xml;
serv=http://10.74.128.101/Locales/;d1=French-Canada;x1=fr-CA_88xx-11.3.6.0006xml;
```



In the above examples http://10.74.128.101/Locales/ is a web folder. The dictionary files are extracted in this web folder and are used in the examples.

To configure this option in the phone configuration XML file (cfg.xml), enter a string in this format:

```
<!-- Language -->
```

Dictionary Server Script u="he">serv=http://10.74.10.215/lockpi/resync files/rdl=French-Canade;xl=fr-CA &&x-11.3.6.0006.xml;</Dictionary Server Script>

<Language Selection ua="na">French-Canada</Language Selection>

<Locale ua="na">fr-CA</Locale>

Add values for:

Language Selection Parameter as appropriate

For French: French

For French (Canada): French-Canada

For German: German

• Locale parameter list as appropriate

For French: fr-FR

For French (Canada): **fr-CA** 

For German: de-DE

After the successful configuration, the user can see the configured language option on the phone under the **Language** menu. User can access the **Language** menu from **Applications** > **Device administration**.

### Setup for an Asian Language

If you use an Asian language such as Chinese, Japanese, or Korean, you can only set up one language option for the phone.

You must set up the dictionary and the font for the language. To do this, specify the d1, x1 and f1 parameters and values in the **Dictionary Server Script** field.

Example for setting up Chinese-Simplified:

### **Setup for RTL Languages**

If you use a Right-to-Left (RTL) language such as Arabic and Hebrew, you can only set up one language option for the phone.

You must set up the dictionary and the font for the language. To do this, specify the d1, x1, and f1 parameters and values in the **Dictionary Server Script** field.

Example for Arabic:

serv=http://server.example.com/Locales;d1=Arabic;x1=ar-SA\_88xx-11.3.4.xml;f1=ar-SA\_88xx-11.3.4.ttf

Example for Hebrew:

serv=http://server.example.com/Locales;dl=Hebrew;x1=he-IL 88xx-11.3.4.xml;f1=he-IL 88xx-11.3.4.ttf

Values for Language Selection parameter must be Arabic or Hebrew as appropriate.

Values for Locale parameter must be ar-SA for Arabic and he-IL for Hebrew.

### Specify a Language for the Phone Display



Your users can select the language on the phone, from **Settings** > **Device Administration** > **Language**.

### Before you begin

The dictionaries and fonts required for the language are set up. See Set Up Dictionaries and Fonts, on page 426 for details.

I

| Procedure   |
|---|
| On the phone administration web page, go to <b>Admin Login</b> > <b>Advanced</b> > <b>Voice</b> > <b>Regional</b> , <b>Language</b> section. In the <b>Language Selection</b> field, specify the value of the appropriate dn parameter value from the <b>Dictionary Server Script</b> field, for the language of your choice. |
| Click Submit All Changes.   |

# **Vertical Service Activation Codes**

| Parameter                             | Description  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Call Return Code                      | This code calls the last caller.   |
|                                       | Defaults to *69.   |
| Blind Transfer Code                   | Begins a blind transfer of the current call to the extension specified after the activat |
|                                       | Defaults to *95.   |
| Cfwd All Act Code                     | Forwards all calls to the extension specified after the activation code.                 |
|                                       | Defaults to *72.   |
| Cfwd All Deact Code                   | Cancels call forward of all calls.   |
|                                       | Defaults to *73.   |
| Cfwd Busy Act Code                    | Forwards busy calls to the extension specified after the activation code.                |
|                                       | Defaults to *90.   |
| Cfwd Busy Deact Code                  | Cancels call forward of busy calls.  |
|                                       | Defaults to *91.   |
| Cfwd No Ans Act Code                  | Forwards no-answer calls to the extension specified after the activation code.           |
|                                       | Defaults to *92.   |
| Cfwd No Ans Deact Code                | Cancels call forward of no-answer calls.   |
|                                       | Defaults to *93.   |
| CW Act Code                           | Enables call waiting on all calls.   |
|                                       | Defaults to *56.   |
| CW Deact Code                         | Disables call waiting on all calls.  |
|                                       | Defaults to *57.   |
| CW Per Call Act Code                  | Enables call waiting for the next call.  |
|                                       | Defaults to *71.   |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |  |

| Parameter                     | Description   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| CW Per Call Deact Code        | Disables call waiting for the next call.                      |
|                               | Defaults to *70.  |
| Block CID Act Code            | Blocks caller ID on all outbound calls.                       |
|                               | Defaults to *61.  |
| Block CID Deact Code          | Removes caller ID blocking on all outbound calls.             |
|                               | Defaults to *62.  |
| Block CID Per Call Act Code   | Removes caller ID blocking on the next inbound call.          |
|                               | Defaults to *81.  |
| Block CID Per Call Deact Code | Removes caller ID blocking on the next inbound call.          |
|                               | Defaults to *82.  |
| Block ANC Act Code            | Blocks all anonymous calls.                                   |
|                               | Defaults to *77.  |
| Block ANC Deact Code          | Removes blocking of all anonymous calls.                      |
|                               | Defaults to *87.  |
| DND Act Code                  | Enables the do not disturb feature.                           |
|                               | Defaults to *78.  |
| DND Deact Code                | Disables the do not disturb feature.                          |
|                               | Defaults to *79.  |
| Secure All Call Act Code      | Makes all outbound calls secure.                              |
|                               | Defaults to *16.  |
| Secure No Call Act Code       | Makes all outbound calls not secure.                          |
|                               | Defaults to *17.  |
| Secure One Call Act Code      | Makes a secure call.  |
|                               | Default: *18.   |
| Secure One Call Deact Code    | Disables secure call feature.                                 |
|                               | Default: *19.   |
| Paging Code                   | The star code used for paging the other clients in the group. |
|                               | Defaults to *96.  |
| Call Park Code                | The star code used for parking the current call.              |
|                               | Defaults to *68.  |

| Parameter                   | Description  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Call Pickup Code            | The star code used for picking up a ringing call.  |
|                             | Defaults to *97.   |
| Call Unpark Code            | The star code used for picking up a call from the call park.   |
|                             | Defaults to *88.   |
| Group Call Pickup Code      | The star code used for picking up a group call.  |
|                             | Defaults to *98.   |
| Referral Services Codes     | These codes tell the IP phone what to do when the user places the current call on ho   |
|                             | One or more *code can be configured into this parameter, such as *98, or *97 *98 * when the user places the current call on hold (by Hook Flash) and is listening to sec according to current dial plan) entered on the second dial-tone triggers the phone to service *code.  |
|                             | For example, after the user dials *98, the IP phone plays a special dial tone called the (which is checked according to dial plan as in normal dialing). When a complete nue with the Refer-To target equals to *98 <target_number>. This feature allows the phoeprocessing, such as call park.</target_number>  |
|                             | The *codes should not conflict with any of the other vertical service codes internally that you do not want to the phone to process.   |
| Feature Dial Services Codes | These codes tell the phone what to do when the user is listening to the first or secon   |
|                             | One or more *code can be configured into this parameter, such as *72, or *72 *74 *6<br>parameter applies when the user has a dial tone (first or second dial tone). Enter *co<br>entered at the dial tone triggers the phone to call the target number prepended by the<br>tone awaiting the user to enter a valid target number. When a complete number is er<br>normal call. This feature allows the proxy to process features like call forward (*72) |
|                             | The *codes should not conflict with any of the other vertical service codes internally that you do not want to the phone to process.   |
|                             | You can add a parameter to each *code in Features Dial Services Codes to indicate Below are a list of allowed tone parameters (note the use of back quotes surrounding   |
|                             | • c = Cfwd Dial Tone   |
|                             | • d = Dial Tone  |
|                             | • m = MWI Dial Tone  |
|                             | • o = Outside Dial Tone  |
|                             | • p = Prompt Dial Tone   |
|                             | • s = Second Dial Tone   |
|                             | • $x = No$ tones are place, x is any digit not used above  |
|                             | If no tone parameter is specified, the phone plays Prompt tone by default.   |
|                             | If the *code is not to be followed by a phone number, such as *73 to cancel call forv<br>*code in the dial plan and the phone sends INVITE *73@ as usual when user dia   |



# PART **IV**

# Troubleshooting

- Troubleshooting, on page 435
- Monitoring Phone Systems, on page 449
- Maintenance, on page 457



# **Troubleshooting**

- Feature Troubleshooting, on page 435
- Phone Display Problems, on page 440
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- Factory Reset the Phone from Phone Web Page, on page 443
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- Reboot the Phone from the Webex Control Hub, on page 444
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- Troubleshooting Operational Problems with DNS64/NAT64 Deployment, on page 446
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# **Feature Troubleshooting**

Here is troubleshooting information related to some of the phone features.

# **ACD Call Information Missing**

### Problem

A call center phone does not see call information during a call.

### Solution

- Check the phone configuration to determine if Call Information Enable is set to yes.
- Check the Broadsoft server configuration to determine if the user's Device Profile is configured with "Support Call Center MIME Type".

# Phone Doesn't Show ACD Softkeys

### Problem

The phone doesn't display the Agent Sign In or Agent Sign Out softkeys.

### Solution

- Check Broadsoft server configuration to determine if that user has been configured as a call center agent.
- Enable the programmable softkeys (PSK) and add the ACD softkeys to the softkey list. For more information, see Customize Display of the Softkeys, on page 291.
- Check the phone configuration to determine if BroadSoft ACD is set to yes.

# Phone Doesn't Show ACD Agent Availability

### Problem

The phone doesn't display the Avail or Unavail softkeys for an agent.

### Solution

- 1. Check Broadsoft server configuration to determine if that user has been configured as a call center agent.
- 2. Check the phone configuration to determine if **BroadSoft ACD** is set to yes.
- 3. Set up the Agt Status programmable softkey (PSK) and add the ACD softkey to the softkey list. For more information, see Customize Display of the Softkeys, on page 291.
- 4. Instruct users to press the Agt Status key to display the Available, Unavailable, and Wrap-up possible states.
- 5. Select the desired agent state.

# **Call Doesn't Record**

### Problem

When a user tries to record a call, the recording doesn't takes place.

### Cause

This is often due to configuration issues.

### Solution

- **1.** Set the phone to always record a call.
- 2. Make a call.

If the recording doesn't start, there are configuration problems. Check the configuration of the BroadWorks and third-party recorder.

If the recording does start:

- 1. Set the phone to record on demand.
- 2. Set up Wireshark to capture a trace of the network traffic between the phone and Broadworks when the problem occurs. When you have the trace, contact TAC for further assistance.

# An Emergency Call Doesn't Connect to Emergency Services

### Problem

A user tries to place an emergency call, but the call doesn't connect to the emergency services (fire, police, or emergency services operator).

### Solution

Check the emergency call configuration:

- Company Identifier or location request URL setup is incorrect. See Configure a Phone to Make Emergency Calls, on page 284.
- An incorrect or blank emergency number exists in the Dial Plan setup. See Edit the Dial Plan on the IP Phone, on page 417.

The location request servers (emergency call service provider) did not respond with a phone location, after multiple attempts.

# **Presence Status Doesn't Work**

### Problem

The phone doesn't show presence information.

### Solution

Use UC Communicator as a reference to verify that the account works.

# Phone Presence Message: Disconnected from Server

### Problem

Instead of presence information, the user sees the message Disconnected from server.

### Solution

• Check the Broadsoft server configuration to determine if IM&P service is enabled and assigned to that user.

- Check the phone configuration to determine if the phone can connect to the internet and get the XMPP messages.
- Check the XMPP Incoming and Outgoing messages printed in the syslog to make sure it can login successfully.

# Phone Cannot Access BroadSoft Directory for XSI

### Problem

The phone displays XSI directory access error.

### Solution

- 1. Check Broadsoft server configuration for the user login and SIP credentials.
- 2. Check error messages in syslog.
- 3. Check information on the error on the phone screen.
- 4. If HTTPS connection fails, check the error message on the phone screen and in the syslog.
- 5. Install custom CA for HTTPS connection if the BroadSoft certificate is not signed from phone built-in root CA.

# **Phone Doesn't Show Contacts**

### Problem

The phone doesn't display any contacts in the **All directories** screen when **Search All Enable** and **Browse Mode Enable** are set to **Yes**.

### Solution

- 1. Check that the personal address book is enabled in the phone.
- 2. Check that there are contacts in the local personal address book and the Bluetooth-paired phone.

# Phone Failed to Upload the PRT Logs to the Remote Server

### Problem

When you tried to generate the Problem Report Tool (PRT) logs on the phone, the generation of the PRT logs succeeded. However, the phone failed to upload the PRT logs to the remote server. The phone screen showed the Error: 109 or Report Problem together with an unavailable URL of a compressed file (for example, tar.gz).

### Solution

Ensure that the web server is enabled on the phone, see Configure the Network from the Phone, on page 345.

The Error: 109 indicates that the PRT upload rule is incorrect.

The Report problem indicates that the PRT upload rule is empty.

To resolve the issue, you must enter a correct PRT upload rule on the phone administration web page.

# Saved Passwords Become Invalid after Downgrade

### Problem

You update certain passwords on a phone that uses Firmware Release 11.3(6) or later, and then downgrade the phone to Firmware Release 11.3(5) or older. In this scenario, the updated or saved passwords become invalid after the downgrade.

On the phone with Firmware Release 11.3(6) or later, even though you change the password back to the original one, this issue still occurs after the downgrade.

### Solution

For the Firmware Release 11.3(6) or later, if you update the passwords, you must reconfigure the passwords to avoid the downgrade issue. If not, this issue doesn't occur after the downgrade.

The following table shows the passwords that are affected by the downgrade issue:

### Table 71: Password List

| Category               | Password Type      |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| System Configuration   | User Password      |
|                        | Admin Password     |
| Wi-Fi Profile (1-4)    | Wi-Fi Password     |
|                        | WEP Key            |
|                        | PSK Passphrase     |
| XSI Phone Service      | Login Password     |
|                        | SIP Password       |
| Broadsoft XMPP         | Password           |
| XML Service            | XML Password       |
| LDAP                   | Password           |
| Call Feature Settings  | Auth Page Password |
| Subscriber Information | Password           |
| XSI Line Service       | Login Password     |

| Category | Password Type               |
|----------|-----------------------------|
| TR-069   | ACS Password                |
|          | Connection Request Password |
|          | BACKUP ACS Password         |

# Failed to Onboard the Phone to Webex

### Problem

A phone onboards with the EDOS device activation that uses phone MAC address, and it onboards to the Webex cloud. An administrator deletes the phone user from an organization in Webex Control Hub and then assigns the phone to another user. In this scenario, the phone fails to onboard to the Webex cloud even though it can connect to Webex Calling service. Specifically, the status of the phone in Control Hub is shown as "Offline".

### Solution

Manually perform a factory reset on the phone after a user is deleted in Control Hub. For more information about how to perform a factory reset, see one of the following topics for details:

- Factory Reset the Phone with the Keypad, on page 458
- Perform Factory Reset from Phone Menu, on page 459
- Factory Reset the Phone from Phone Web Page, on page 459

# **Phone Display Problems**

Your users may see unusual screen displays. Use the following sections to troubleshoot the problem.

# **Phone Displays Irregular Fonts**

### Problem

The phone screen has smaller fonts than expected or there are unusual characters displayed. Examples of unusual characters are letters from a different alphabet from the characters that the locale uses.

### Cause

Possible causes are:

- TFTP server does not have the correct set of locale and font files
- XML files or other files are specified as a font file
- The font and locale files did not download successfully.

### Solution

- Font files and locale files must be in the same directory.
- Do not add or change files in the locale and font folder structure.
- On the phone web page, select Admin Login > Advanced > Info > Status and scroll to the Locale Download Package section to verify that the locale and font files downloaded successfully. If they did not, try the download again.

# Phone Screen Displays Boxes Instead of Asian Characters

### Problem

The phone is set for an Asian language, but the phone shows square boxes instead of Asian characters.

### Cause

Possible causes are:

- TFTP server does not have the correct set of locale and font files.
- The font and locale files did not download successfully.

### Solution

- Font files and locale files must be in the same directory.
- On the phone web page, select Admin Login > Advanced > Info > Status and scroll to the Locale Download Package section to verify that the locale and font files downloaded successfully. If they did not, try the download again.

# **Report All Phone Issues from Phone Web Page**

If you are working with Cisco TAC to troubleshoot a problem, they typically require the logs from the Problem Reporting Tool to help resolve the issue. You can generate PRT logs using the phone web page and upload them to a remote log server.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- **Step 1** Select **Info** > **Debug Info**.
- **Step 2** In the **Problem Reports** section, click **Generate PRT**.
- **Step 3** Enter the following information in the **Report Problem** screen:
  - a) Enter the date that you experienced the problem in the **Date** field. The current date appears in this field by default.

- b) Enter the time that you experienced the problem in the **Time** field. The current time appears in this field by default.
- c) In the **Select Problem** drop-down list box, choose the description of the problem from the available options.

Step 4

Click **Submit** in the **Report Problem** screen.

The Submit button is enabled only if you select a value in the Select Problem drop-down list box.

You get a notification alert on the Phone Web page that indicates if the PRT upload was successful or not.

# **Report Phone Issues from Webex Control Hub**

You can issue a phone problem report remotely from the Webex Control Hub, after the phone successfully onboards to Webex cloud.

### Before you begin

- Access the customer view in https://admin.webex.com/.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.
- Problem Report Tool is configured successfully. URL specified in the **PRT Upload Rule** field is valid. See, Configure Problem Report Tool, on page 191.

### Procedure

**Step 1** From the Webex Control Hub, generate the problem report of a phone.

For more information, see Webex for Cisco BroadWorks Solution Guide.

- **Step 2** (Optional) Check the PRT generation status in any of the following ways:
  - Access the phone administration web page, select Info > Status > PRT Status. The PRT Generation Status shows that the *Control Hub triggered PRT generation* is successful and the PRT Upload Status shows that the uplaod is successful.
  - On the phone, select **Applications** > **Status** > **Last problem report info**. The screen displays the report status is uploaded. The report generation time, the report upload time, and the PRT file name have the same value as shown in the phone administration web page.

When you do not generate a PRT or you factory reset the phone, then **Last problem report info** doesn't appear.

• Access the Webex Control Hub Help Desk and check the values of PRT generation. The values are identical with the values shown on the phone and on the phone administration web page.

# Factory Reset the Phone from Phone Web Page

You can factory reset the phone from the phone web page. The reset only happens if the phone is idle. If the phone is not idle, the phone web page shows a message that the phone is busy and that you need to try again.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

- Step 1 Select Info > Debug Info.
- Step 2 In the Factory Reset section, click Factory Reset.
- Step 3 Click Confirm factory reset.

# Initiate Factory Reset with SIP-Notify

You can remotely initiate a factory reset of a phone when the phone is deleted from the server.

### Procedure

To initiate a factory reset, initiate SIP-Notify message from the server to the phone, with the **Event** specified as **factory-reset**.

When you factory reset phone with SIP-Notify, you will observe the following notifications on the phone screen.

- If the phone is idle and has no active call or the phone is not upgrading, it shows a message, Factory resetting as per request from administrator, then the phone reboots to complete the factory reset.
- If the phone is busy with an active call or the phone is upgrading, it shows a message, **Phone will factory** reset when idle as per request from administrator. After the phone becomes idle, it shows Factory resetting as per request from administrator, then the phone reboots to complete the factory reset.

# **Enable to Show Password Alert**

You can enable Dispaly Password Warnings to show password alert on phone menu and web page. When the phone reboots after a factory reset, phone will display a **Set password** screen which prompt user to set up a user password. This enhances the security of the phone. When you set up the user password from the phone administration web page and the phone menu, an unlock icon appears on the phone. However, if the user chooses to skip the setup, the phone shows a message of security risk.

When the phone doesn't have any user or admin password, the phone administration web page shows the "No password provided" icon at the left corner. Also, the **User Password** and **Admin Password** parameters has "No password provided" icons next to each parameter.

### Before you begin

• Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

# Step 1 Select Voice > System. Step 2 In the System Configuration section, set the Display Password Warnings parameter to Yes. You can also enable the parameters in the phone configuration file (cfg.xml). <Display\_Password\_Warnings ua="na">Yes</Display\_Password\_Warnings> Default: Yes Options: Yes|No When the parameter is set to No, notifications of password doesn't appear either on the web page or on the phone screen. Also, metrics of password info are not sent to the server. Step 3 When you see "No password provided" icons next to User Password and Admin Password parameters, click the Change Password tab to set the password.

When you set the user password and the admin password, the prompt next to the buttons disappears. When you set both the passwords, all password notifications disappear.

Step 4 Click Submit All Changes.

# **Reboot the Phone from the Webex Control Hub**

You can reboot the phone from the Webex Control Hub remotely, after the phone successfully onboards to Webex cloud. You can only reboot a phone that is in idle state. If it's in use, such as in a call, the phone doesn't reboot.

### Before you begin

- Access the customer view in https://admin.webex.com/.
- Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

**Step 1** From the Webex Control Hub, reboot a phone.

For more information, see Webex for Cisco BroadWorks Solution Guide.

- **Step 2** (Optional) You can check the reboot reason from any of the following ways after the phone reboots successfully:
  - Access the phone administration web page, select Info > Status > Reboot History. The reboot reason shows as cloud triggered.
  - On the phone, select Applications > Status > Reboot history. The Reboot history screen shows that the reboot is cloud triggered.

# **Report a Phone Problem Remotely**

You can initiate a phone problem report remotely. The phone generates a problem report using the Cisco Problem Report Tool (PRT), with the problem description "Remote PRT Trigger". If you have configured an upload rule for problem reports, the phone uploads the problem report according to the upload rule.

You can see the status of the problem report generation and upload on the phone administration web page. When a problem report is successfully generated, you can download the problem report from the phone administration web page.

### Procedure

To initiate a phone problem report remotely, initiate a SIP-NOTIFY message from the server to the phone, with the Event specified as prt-gen.

# **Capture Packets**

For troubleshooting purposes you may need to gather a packet capture from an IP Phone.

### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

### Procedure

| Step 1 | Se | lect Inf | o > De | bug In | lfo. |
|--------|----|----------|--------|--------|------|
|--------|----|----------|--------|--------|------|

- **Step 2** In the **Problem Report Tool** section, click the **Start Packet Capture** button in the **Packet Capture** field.
- **Step 3** Choose **All** to capture all packets that the phone receives and select **Host IP Address** to capture packets only when source or destination is the IP address of the phone.
- **Step 4** Make phone calls to and from the selected phone.
- **Step 5** When you want to stop the packet capture, click **Stop Packet Capture**.

### Step 6 Click Submit.

You see a file in the **Capture File** field. This file contains the filtered packets.

# Troubleshooting Operational Problems with DNS64/NAT64 Deployment

### Problem

Calls are not working through NAT64.

### Cause

This issue can occur due to incorrect configuration settings or missing parameters required for NAT64 operation.

### Solution

1. Check if the *Forced NAT64* web parameter is enabled.

<Forced NAT64>Yes</Forced NAT64>

- 2. Verify the phone has obtained an IPv6 address.
- **3.** Ensure DNS64 is enabled on the DNS Server. You can check this from the phone log by searching for the keyword *ipv4only.arpa*. If the phone sends an AAAA query with *ipv4only.arpa* and gets a response, DNS64 is enabled.
- 4. Check that SIP messages are sent with IPv6.
- 5. Verify the SDP in the INVITE contains an IPv6 address.
- 6. If ICE calls fail, please check ICE candidates in INVITE and 200 OK responses.

# **Voice Quality Troubleshooting Tips**

When you observe significant and persistent changes to metrics, use the following table for general troubleshooting information.

### Table 72: Changes to Voice Quality Metrics

| Metric Change  | Condition   |
|--|---|
| Conceal Ratio and Conceal Seconds increase significantly | Network impairment from packet loss or high jitter. |

| Metric Change  | Condition   |
|--|---|
| Conceal Ratio is near or at zero, but the voice quality is poor. | <ul> <li>Noise or distortion in the audio channel such as echo or audio levels.</li> <li>Tandem calls that undergo multiple encode/decode such as calls to a cellular network or calling card network.</li> <li>Acoustic problems coming from a speakerphone, handsfree cellular phone or wireless headset.</li> <li>Check packet transmit (TxCnt) and packet receive (RxCnt) counters to verify that voice packets are flowing.</li> </ul> |
| MOS LQK scores decrease significantly                            | <ul> <li>Network impairment from packet loss or high jitter levels:</li> <li>Average MOS LQK decreases may indicate widespread and uniform impairment.</li> <li>Individual MOS LQK decreases may indicate bursty impairment.</li> <li>Cross-check the conceal ratio and conceal seconds for evidence of packet loss and jitter.</li> </ul>  |
| MOS LQK scores increase significantly                            | <ul> <li>Check to see if the phone is using a different codec than expected (RxType and TxType).</li> <li>Check to see if the MOS LQK version changed after a firmware upgrade.</li> </ul>  |

V

Note

Voice quality metrics do not account for noise or distortion, only frame loss.

# Phone Behavior During Times of Network Congestion

Anything that degrades network performance can affect Cisco IP Phone audio quality, and in some cases, can cause a call to drop. Sources of network degradation can include, but are not limited to, the following activities:

- · Administrative tasks, such as an internal port scan or security scan
- Attacks that occur on your network, such as a Denial of Service attack

To reduce or eliminate any adverse effects to the phones, schedule administrative network tasks during a time when the phones are not being used or exclude the phones from testing.

# Where to Find Additional Information

If you have additional questions about troubleshooting your phone, see the *Cisco IP Phone* 6800, 7800, and 8800 Series Multiplatform Phones Troubleshooting FAQ in the the following Cisco website:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/ip-phone-8800-series-multiplatform-firmware/products-tech-notes-list.html

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/ip-phone-7800-series-multiplatform-firmware/products-tech-notes-list.html


# **Monitoring Phone Systems**

- Monitoring Phone Systems Overview, on page 449
- Cisco IP Phone Status, on page 449
- Reboot Reasons, on page 454

## **Monitoring Phone Systems Overview**

You can view a variety of information about the phone using the phone status menu on the phone and the phone web pages. This information includes:

- Device information
- Network setup information
- Network statistics
- Device logs
- Streaming statistics

This chapter describes the information that you can obtain from the phone web page. You can use this information to remotely monitor the operation of a phone and to assist with troubleshooting.

## **Cisco IP Phone Status**

The following sections describes how to view model information, status messages, and network statistics on the Cisco IP Phone.

- Model Information: Displays hardware and software information about the phone.
- Status menu: Provides access to screens that display the status messages, network statistics, and statistics for the current call.

You can use the information that displays on these screens to monitor the operation of a phone and to assist with troubleshooting.

You can also obtain much of this information, and obtain other related information, remotely through the phone web page.

### **Display the Phone Information Window**

#### Procedure

Step 1 Press Settings softkey.

#### **Step 2** Select **Status** > **Product information**.

If the user is connected to a secure or authenticated server, a corresponding icon (lock or certificate) displays in the Phone Information Screen to the right of the server option. If the user is not connected to a secure or authenticated server, no icon appears.

The **Product information** screen might show the following information:

- Product name
- · Serial number
- MAC address
- Software version
- Configuration version

The information displays only when it has been configured in the configuration file (cfg.xml).

- Hardware version
- VID (version ID)
- Certificate
- Customization

**Step 3** To exit the Model Information screen, press **5**.

### **View Phone Information**

#### Procedure

To check the current status of the Cisco IP Phone, click the Info tab.

The Info tab shows information about all phone extensions, including phone statistics and the registration status.

### **View the Phone Status**

#### Procedure

- Step 1 Press Settings .
- **Step 2** Select Status > Phone status > Phone status.

You can view the following information:

- Elapsed time—Total time elapsed since the last reboot of the system
- Tx (Packets)—Transmitted packets from the phone.
- Rx (Packets)—Received packets from the phone.

### View the Status Messages on the Phone

#### Procedure

| Step 1<br>Step 2 | p 1     Press Settings .       p 2     Select Status > Status messages. |  |  |
|------------------|---|--|--|
|                  | You ca  | an view a log of the various phone statuses since provisioning was last done.                |  |
|                  | Note  | Status messages reflect UTC time and are not affected by the timezone settings on the phone. |  |
| Step 3           | Press 1   | Back.  |  |

### **View Download Status**

You can view the download status from the phone web page when your user has difficulties with phone registration.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

Step 1 Select Info > Download Status.

Step 2View the firmware upgrade, provisioning, and custom CA status details as described in the Firmware Upgrade<br/>Status, Provisioning Status, Custom CA Status, and Screen Status.

**Step 3** View the Manufacture Installed Certificate (MIC) renewal status details in the **MIC Cert Refresh Status** section.

### **Determine the IP Address of the Phone**

A DHCP server assigns the IP address, so the phone must be booted up and connected to the subnetwork.

#### Before you begin

Access the phone administration web page. See Access the Phone Web Interface, on page 113.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Select Info > Status.   |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | Scroll to <b>IPv4 Information</b> . Current IP displays the IP address. |
| Step 3 | Scroll to IPv6 Information. Current IP displays the IP address.         |

### **View the Network Status**

#### Procedure

| Step 1 Press Setting | S |  |
|----------------------|---|--|
|----------------------|---|--|

#### Step 2 Select Status > Network status.

You can view the following information:

- Network type—Indicates the type of Local Area Network (LAN) connection that the phone uses.
- Network status—Indicates if the phone is connected to a network.
- **IPv4 status**—IP address of the phone. You can see information on IP address, Addressing type, IP status, Subnet mask, Default router, Domain Name Server (DNS) 1, DNS 2 of the phone.
- **IPv6 status**—IP address of the phone. You can see information on IP address, Addressing type, IP status, Subnet mask, Default router, Domain Name Server (DNS) 1, DNS 2 of the phone.
- VLAN ID—VLAN ID of the phone.
- MAC address-Unique Media Access Control (MAC) address of the phone.
- Host name—Displays the current host name assigned to the phone.
- Domain—Displays the network domain name of the phone. Default: cisco.com
- Switch port link—Status of the switch port.

· Switch port config-Indicates speed and duplex of the network port.

### **Voice Quality Monitoring**

To measure the voice quality of calls that are sent and received within the network, Cisco IP Phones use these statistical metrics that are based on concealment events. The DSP plays concealment frames to mask frame loss in the voice packet stream.

- Concealment Ratio metrics—Show the ratio of concealment frames over total speech frames. An interval conceal ratio is calculated every 3 seconds.
- Concealed Second metrics—Show the number of seconds in which the DSP plays concealment frames due to lost frames. A severely "concealed second" is a second in which the DSP plays more than five percent concealment frames.



Concealment ratio and concealment seconds are primary measurements based on frame loss. A Conceal Ratio of zero indicates that the IP network is delivering frames and packets on time with no loss.

You can access voice quality metrics from the Cisco IP Phone using the Call Statistics screen or remotely by using Streaming Statistics.

### **Display Call Statistics Screen**

You can access the **Call statistics** menu on the phone to display detailed information of the recent calls. For example, call type, caller name, caller number.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Press Settings softkey.                         |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | Select Status > Phone status > Call statistics. |
| Step 3 | To exit the Status menu, press Back 5.          |

#### **Call Statistics Fields**

The following table describes the items on the Call Statistics screen.

Table 73: Call Statistics Items for the Cisco IP Phone

| Item      | Description   |  |
|-----------|---|--|
| Call type | An outbound or inbound call.                          |  |
| Peer name | The name of the person who made or answered the call. |  |

| Item         | Description   |
|--------------|---|
| Peer phone   | The phone number of the person who made or answered the call. |
| Encode codec | The method used to compress the outgoing audio.               |
| Decode codec | The method used to decompress the incoming audio.             |
| Call time    | The time a call was made or answered.                         |
| Call ID      | An identifier of the caller.                                  |

### View the Customization State in the Configuration Utility

After the RC download from the EDOS server completes, you can view the customization state of a phone using the web interface.

Here are the descriptions of the remote customization states:

- Open—The phone has booted for the first time and is not configured.
- Aborted—Remote customization is aborted due to other Provisioning like DHCP options.
- Pending-The profile has been downloaded from the EDOS server.
- Custom-Pending-The phone has downloaded a redirect URL from the EDOS server.
- Acquired—In the profile downloaded from the EDOS server, there is a redirect URL for provision configuration. If the redirect URL download from the provisioning server is successful, this state is displayed.
- Unavailable—Remote customization has stopped because the EDOS server responded with an empty provisioning file and the HTTP response was 200 OK.

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | On the Phone Web page, select Admin Login > Info > Status.  |
|--------|---|
| Step 2 | In the <b>Product Information</b> section, you can view the customization state of the phone in the <b>Customization</b> field. |

If any provisioning is failing, you can view the details in the Provisioning Status section on the same page.

## **Reboot Reasons**

The phone stores the most recent five reasons that the phone was refreshed or rebooted. When the phone is reset to factory defaults, this information is deleted.

The following table describes the reboot and refresh reasons for the Cisco IP Phone.

| Reason         | Description  |
|----------------|--|
| Upgrade        | The reboot was a result of an upgrade operation (regardless whether the upgrade completed or failed).  |
| Provisioning   | The reboot was the result of changes made to parameter values by using the IP phone screen or phone web user interface, or as a result of synchronization. |
| SIP Triggered  | The reboot was triggered by a SIP request.   |
| RC             | The reboot was triggered as a result of remote customization.  |
| User Triggered | The user manually triggered a cold reboot.   |
| IP Changed     | The reboot was triggered after the phone IP address changed.   |

You can view the reboot history as follows:

- From the phone web user interface
- From the IP phone screen
- From the phone Status Dump file (http://phoneIP/status.xml or http://phoneIP/admin/status.xml)

### **Reboot History on the Phone Web User Interface**

On the **Info** > **System Status** page, the **Reboot History** section displays the device reboot history, the five most recent reboot dates and times, and a reason for the reboot. Each field displays the reason for the reboot and a time stamp that indicates when the reboot took place.

For example:

Reboot Reason 1: [08/13/14 06:12:38] User Triggered Reboot Reason 2: [08/10/14 10:30:10] Provisioning Reboot Reason 3: [08/10/14 10:28:20] Upgrade

The reboot history displays in reverse chronological order; the reason for the most recent reboot displays in **Reboot Reason 1**.

#### **Reboot History on the Cisco IP Phone Screen**

Press the **Settings** key. Use the navigation keys to scroll and select through the **Status** > **Reboot History** menus. In the Reboot History window, you can scroll through the reboot entries displays in reverse chronological order, similar to the sequence that displays on the phone web user interface.

### **Reboot History in the Status Dump File**

The reboot history is stored in the Status Dump file (http://<phone\_IP\_address>/admin/status.xml).

In this file, tags Reboot\_Reason\_1 to Reboot\_Reason\_3 store the reboot history, as shown in this example:

```
<Reboot_History>
<Reboot Reason 1>[08/10/14 14:03:43]Provisioning</Reboot Reason 1>
```

<Reboot\_Reason\_2>[08/10/14 13:58:15]Provisioning</Reboot\_Reason\_2> <Reboot\_Reason\_3>[08/10/14 12:08:58]Provisioning</Reboot\_Reason\_3> <Reboot\_Reason\_4> <Reboot\_Reason\_5> <Reboot\_History/>



# Maintenance

• Basic Reset, on page 457

# **Basic Reset**

Performing a basic reset of a Cisco IP Phone provides a way to recover when the phone experiences an error. The reset provides a way to reset or restore various configuration and security settings.



#### Note

When you set up emergency calls, the phone requests an updated location whenever a person restarts the phone.

The following table describes the ways to perform a basic reset. You can reset a phone with any of these operations after the phone has started up. Choose the operation that is applicable for your situation.

#### Table 74: Basic Reset Methods

| Operation      | Action  | Expla           |
|----------------|---|-----------------|
| Restart phone  | Press Services, Applications , or Directories and then press **#**.<br>Press Settings and choose Device Administration > Restart. | Reset<br>writte |
| Reset settings | Press Settings and choose Device Administration > Factory Reset.  | Resto           |
|                | To reset settings, press Applications > Admin Settings > Custom Reset.  | Resto           |



**Note** When you set up emergency calls, the phone requests an updated location whenever the you do the following actions:

- Registers the phone with the call server.
- Restarts the phone (phone is registered).
- Changes the network interface that is used for the SIP registration.
- Changes the IP address of the phone.

### Factory Reset the Phone with the Keypad

Use these steps to reset the phone to factory default settings using the phone keypad.

You have two methods to perform the factory reset by using the keypad:

- Method 1 (recommended): Press # > 123456789\*0#
- Method 2: Press 0 > 369#

#### Before you begin

You must know if your phone is an original hardware release or if the hardware has been updated and re-released.

#### Procedure

- **Step 1** Unplug the phone:
  - If using PoE, unplug the LAN cable.
  - If using the power cube, unplug the power cube.
- Step 2 Wait 5 seconds.
- **Step 3** Do one of the following actions:
  - Method 1: Press and hold # and plug the phone back in.
  - Method 2: Press and hold 0 and plug the phone back in.
- **Step 4** On earlier hardware versions, the Mute button lights up. Wait for the Mute button to turn off.
- **Step 5** Do one of the following actions:
  - Method 1: Press 123456789\*0# in sequence.

After you press these buttons, the phone goes through the factory reset process.

If you press the buttons out of sequence, the phone powers on normally.

**Caution** Do not power down the phone until it completes the factory reset process, and the main screen appears.

• Method 2: Press 369# in sequence.

After you press these buttons, the phone still remains on the same screen, and all LEDs change to solid green.

**Step 6** If you use the **Method 2**, unplug and plug in the phone again to reboot it.

After the phone reboots, the main screen appears.

### **Perform Factory Reset from Phone Menu**

#### Procedure

| Step 1 | Press Settings.  |
|--------|--|
| Step 2 | Select Device administration > Factory reset.                            |
| Step 3 | To restore phone configuration or settings to factory default, press OK. |

### Factory Reset the Phone from Phone Web Page

You can restore your phone to its original manufacturer settings from the phone web page. After you reset the phone, you can reconfigure it.

#### Procedure

Reset your phone from the phone web page from one of the methods:

• Enter the URL in a supported web browser and click Confirm Factory Reset.

You can enter URL in the format:

http://<Phone IP>/admin/factory-reset

where:

Phone IP = actual IP address of your phone.

/admin = path to access admin page of your phone.

factory-reset = command that you need to enter in the phone web page to factory-reset your phone.

 On the phone web page, select Admin Login > Advanced > Info > Debug Info.Click Factory Reset in the Factory Reset section and confirm the factory reset message in the next screen. Click Submit All Changes.

### Identify Phone Issues with a URL in the Phone Web Page

When the phone doesn't work or doesn't register, a network error or any misconfiguration might be the cause. To identify the cause, add a specific IP address or a domain name to the phone admin page. Then, try to access so that the phone can ping the destination and display the cause.

#### Procedure

In a supported web browser, enter a URL that consists of your phone IP address and the destination IP that you want to ping. Enter the URL using the format:

http:/<Phone IP>/admin/ping?<ping destination>, where:

<*Phone IP>* = actual IP address of your phone.

/admin = path to the access admin page of your phone.

<ping destination> = any IP address or domain name that you want to ping.

The ping destination allows only alphanumeric characters, '-', and "\_" (underscores). Otherwise the phone shows an error on the web page. If the *<ping destination>* includes spaces, the phone uses only the first part of the address as the pinging destination.

For example, to ping the 192.168.1.1 address:

http://<Phone IP>/admin/ping?192.168.1.1



# **Technical Details**

- Network Protocols, on page 461
- Phone Behavior During Times of Network Congestion, on page 463
- SIP and NAT Configuration, on page 463
- Cisco Discovery Protocol, on page 468
- LLDP-MED, on page 469
- Final Network Policy Resolution and QoS, on page 474

## **Network Protocols**

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 supports several industry-standard and Cisco network protocols that are required for voice communication. The following table provides an overview of the network protocols that the phones support.

|  | Table | 75: Supported | Network P | Protocols o | on the l | Cisco IF | <sup>,</sup> Conference | Phone |
|--|-------|---------------|-----------|-------------|----------|----------|-------------------------|-------|
|--|-------|---------------|-----------|-------------|----------|----------|-------------------------|-------|

| r  |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| Network Protocol                                 | Purpose  | Usage Notes   |
| Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)                       | BootP enables a network device, such as the phone, to discover certain startup information, such as its IP address.  |   |
| Cisco Discovery Protocol<br>(CDP)                | CDP is a device-discovery protocol that runs on all<br>Cisco-manufactured equipment.<br>A device can use CDP to advertise its existence to other devices<br>and receive information about other devices in the network.  | The phone uses CDP to communicate information of Service (QoS) configuration information with   |
| Dynamic Host<br>Configuration Protocol<br>(DHCP) | <ul><li>DHCP dynamically allocates and assigns an IP address to network devices.</li><li>DHCP enables you to connect an IP phone into the network and have the phone become operational without the need to manually assign an IP address or to configure additional network parameters.</li></ul> | <ul> <li>DHCP is enabled by default. If disabled, you muon each phone locally.</li> <li>We recommend that you use DHCP custom optivalue. For additional supported DHCP configuration Manager release.</li> <li>Note If you cannot use option 150, use DHCP</li> </ul> |
| Hypertext Transfer Protocol<br>(HTTP)            | HTTP is the standard protocol for transfer of information and movement of documents across the Internet and the web.   | Phones use HTTP for XML services, provisioni  |

| Network Protocol                              | Purpose   | Usage Notes  |
|---|---|--|
| Hypertext Transfer Protocol<br>Secure (HTTPS) | Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS) is a combination<br>of the Hypertext Transfer Protocol with the SSL/TLS protocol<br>to provide encryption and secure identification of servers   | Web applications with both HTTP and HTTPS support URL.   |
|   | to provide encryption and secure identification of servers.   | A lock icon is displayed to the user if the connection   |
| IEEE 802.1X                                   | The IEEE 802.1X standard defines a client-server-based access control and authentication protocol that restricts unauthorized   | The phone implements the IEEE 802.1X standard th EAP-TLS.  |
|   | clients from connection to a LAN through publicly accessible ports.   | When 802.1X authentication is enabled on the phor  |
|   | Until the client is authenticated, 802.1X access control allows<br>only Extensible Authentication Protocol over LAN (EAPOL)<br>traffic through the port to which the client is connected. After<br>authentication is successful, normal traffic can pass through<br>the port. |  |
| Internet Protocol (IP)                        | IP is a messaging protocol that addresses and sends packets   | To communicate with IP, network devices must hav   |
|   | across the network.   | IP addresses, subnets, and gateways identifications<br>Configuration Protocol (DHCP). If you are not usin                      |
|   |   | The phones support IPv6 address. For more informa Manager release.   |
| Link Layer Discovery<br>Protocol (LLDP)       | LLDP is a standardized network discovery protocol (similar to CDP) that is supported on some Cisco and third-party devices.   | The phone supports LLDP on the PC port.  |
| Link Layer Discovery                          | LLDP-MED is an extension of the LLDP standard developed   | The phone supports LLDP-MED on the SW port to  |
| Devices (LLDP-MED)                            | for voice products.   | Voice VLAN configuration   |
|   |   | • Device discovery   |
|   |   | Power management   |
|   |   | Inventory management   |
|   |   | For more information about LLDP-MED support, s   |
|   |   | https://www.cisco.com/en/US/tech/tk652/tk701/tech  |
| Real-Time Transport<br>Protocol (RTP)         | RTP is a standard protocol for transporting real-time data, such as interactive voice and video, over data networks.  | Phones use the RTP protocol to send and receive rea  |
| Real-Time Control Protocol<br>(RTCP)          | RTCP works in conjunction with RTP to provide QoS data (such as jitter, latency, and round-trip delay) on RTP streams.  | RTCP is enabled by default.  |
| Session Description<br>Protocol (SDP)         | SDP is the portion of the SIP protocol that determines which<br>parameters are available during a connection between two<br>endpoints. Conferences are established by using only the SDP<br>capabilities that all endpoints in the conference support.                        | SDP capabilities, such as codec types, DTMF detec<br>Unified Communications Manager or Media Gatewa<br>on the endpoint itself. |

| Network Protocol                             | Purpose  | Usage Notes   |
|--|--|---|
| Session Initiation Protocol<br>(SIP)         | SIP is the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) standard for<br>multimedia conferencing over IP. SIP is an ASCII-based<br>application-layer control protocol (defined in RFC 3261) that<br>can be used to establish, maintain, and terminate calls between<br>two or more endpoints. | Like other VoIP protocols, SIP is designed to add<br>network. Signaling allows call information to be<br>control the attributes of an end-to-end call.  |
| Secure Real-Time Transfer<br>protocol (SRTP) | SRTP is an extension of the Real-Time Protocol (RTP)<br>Audio/Video Profile and ensures the integrity of RTP and<br>Real-Time Control Protocol (RTCP) packets providing<br>authentication, integrity, and encryption of media packets<br>between two endpoints.                        | Phones use SRTP for media encryption.   |
| Transmission Control<br>Protocol (TCP)       | TCP is a connection-oriented transport protocol.   | Phones use TCP to connect to Cisco Unified Co   |
| Transport Layer Security (TLS)               | TLS is a standard protocol for securing and authenticating communications.   | When security is implemented, phones use the T<br>Manager. For more information, see the docume   |
| Trivial File Transfer<br>Protocol (TFTP)     | TFTP allows you to transfer files over the network.<br>On the phone, TFTP enables you to obtain a configuration file<br>specific to the phone type.  | TFTP requires a TFTP server in your network, we to use a TFTP server other than the one specified by using the Network Setup menu on the phone. For more information, see the documentation for |
| User Datagram Protocol<br>(UDP)              | UDP is a connectionless messaging protocol for delivery of data packets.   | UDP is used only for RTP streams. SIP signalin  |

# **Phone Behavior During Times of Network Congestion**

Anything that degrades network performance can affect phone audio and, in some cases, can cause a call to drop. Sources of network degradation can include, but are not limited to, the following activities:

- Administrative tasks, such as an internal port scan or security scan.
- Attacks that occur on your network, such as a Denial of Service attack.

# **SIP and NAT Configuration**

### **SIP and the Cisco IP Phone**

The Cisco IP Phone uses Session Initiation Protocol (SIP), which allows interoperation with all IT service providers that support SIP. SIP is an IETF-defined signaling protocol that controls voice communication sessions in an IP network.

SIP handles signaling and session management within a packet telephony network. *Signaling* allows call information to be carried across network boundaries. *Session management* controls the attributes of an end-to-end call.

In typical commercial IP telephony deployments, all calls go through a SIP Proxy Server. The receiving phone is called the SIP user agent server (UAS), while the requesting phone is called the user agent client (UAC).

SIP message routing is dynamic. If a SIP proxy receives a request from a UAS for a connection but cannot locate the UAC, the proxy forwards the message to another SIP proxy in the network. When the UAC is located, the response routes back to the UAS, and the two UAs connect using a direct peer-to-peer session. Voice traffic transmits between UAs over dynamically assigned ports using Real-time Protocol (RTP).

RTP transmits real-time data such as audio and video; RTP does not guarantee real-time delivery of data. RTP provides mechanisms for the sending and receiving applications to support streaming data. Typically, RTP runs on top of UDP.

#### SIP Over TCP

To guarantee state-oriented communications, the Cisco IP Phone can use TCP as the transport protocol for SIP. This protocol provides *guaranteed delivery* that assures that lost packets are retransmitted. TCP also guarantees that the SIP packages are received in the same order that they were sent.

TCP overcomes the problem of UDP port-blocking by corporate firewalls. With TCP, new ports do not need to be open or packets dropped, because TCP is already in use for basic activities, such as internet browsing or e-commerce.

#### **SIP Proxy Redundancy**

An average SIP Proxy Server can handle tens of thousands of subscribers. A backup server allows an active server to be temporarily switched out for maintenance. The phone supports the use of backup servers to minimize or eliminate service disruption.

A simple way to support proxy redundancy is to specify a SIP Proxy Server in the phone configuration profile. The phone sends a DNS NAPTR or SRV query to the DNS server. If configured, the DNS server returns SRV records that contain a list of servers for the domain, with their hostnames, priority, listening ports, and so forth. The phone tries to contact the servers in the order of the priority. The server with a lower number has a higher priority. Up to six NAPTR records and twelve SRV records are supported in a query.

When the phone fails to communicate with the primary server, the phone can failover to a lower-priority server. If configured, the phone can restore the connection back to the primary. Failover and failback support switches between servers with different SIP transport protocols. The phone doesn't perform failback to the primary server during an active call until the call ends and the failback conditions are met.

#### Example of Resource Records from the DNS Server

| aslbsoft | 360<br>360<br>360 | ) ()<br>) ()<br>) () | IN<br>IN<br>IN | NAPTI<br>NAPTI<br>NAPTI | R 50<br>R 90<br>R 100 | 50<br>50<br>50 | "s"<br>"s"<br>"s" | "SIPS+D2T"<br>"SIP+D2T"<br>"SIP+D2U" | <br><br>_sipstcp.tlstest<br>_siptcp.tcptest<br>_sipudp.udptest |
|----------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| _sipst   | cp.tlste          | est                  | SRV            | 1 10                    | 5061                  | srv1           | .sipu             | rash.com.                            |  |
|          |                   |                      | SRV            | 2 10                    | 5060                  | srv2           | .sipu             | rash.com.                            |  |
| sip. tc  | p.tcptes          | st                   | SRV            | 1 10                    | 5061                  | srv3           | .sipu             | rash.com.                            |  |
|          |                   |                      | SRV            | 2 10                    | 5060                  | srv4           | .sipu             | rash.com.                            |  |
| sip. ud  | p.udptes          | st                   | SRV            | 1 10                    | 5061                  | srv5           | .sipu             | rash.com.                            |  |
|          |                   |                      | SRV            | 2 10                    | 5060                  | srv6           | .sipu             | rash.com.                            |  |
|          |                   |                      |                |                         |                       |                |                   |                                      |  |
| srv1     | 3600              | IN                   | A              | . 1                     | .1.1.1                | L              |                   |                                      |  |
| srv2     | 3600              | ΙN                   | A              | . 2                     | .2.2.2                | 2              |                   |                                      |  |
| srv3     | 3600              | IN                   | A              | . 3                     | .3.3.3                | 3              |                   |                                      |  |
| srv4     | 3600              | IN                   | А              | 4                       | 4.4.4                 | 1              |                   |                                      |  |

| srv5 | 3600 | IN | A | 5.5.5.5 |
|------|------|----|---|---------|
| srv6 | 3600 | IN | A | 6.6.6.6 |

The following example shows the priority of the servers from the perspective of the phone.

| Priority | IP Address | SIP Protocol | Status |
|----------|------------|--------------|--------|
| 1st      | 1.1.1.1    | TLS          | UP     |
| 2nd      | 2.2.2.2    | TLS          | UP     |
| 3rd      | 3.3.3.3    | TCP          | UP     |
| 4th      | 4.4.4.4    | TCP          | UP     |
| 5th      | 5.5.5.5    | UDP          | UP     |
| 6th      | 6.6.6.6    | UDP          | UP     |

The phone always sends SIP messages to the available address with the top priority and with the status UP in the list. In the example, the phone sends all the SIP messages to the address 1.1.1.1. If the address 1.1.1.1 in the list is marked with the status DOWN, the phone communicates with 2.2.2.2 instead. The phone can restore the connection back to 1.1.1.1 when the specified failback conditions are met. For more details about failover and failback, see SIP Proxy Failover, on page 465 and SIP Proxy Fallback, on page 466.

#### **SIP Proxy Failover**

The phone performs a failover in any of these cases:

- The phone sends SIP messages and doesn't get responses from the server.
- The server responds with a code that matches the specified code in **Try Backup RSC**.
- The phone gets a TCP disconnection request.

We strongly recommend that you set the **Auto Register When Failover** to **Yes** when **SIP Transport** is set to **Auto**.

You can also configure this extension-specific parameters in the configuration file:

```
<SIP_Transport_n_ ua="na">Auto</SIP_Transport_n_>
<Auto_Register_When_Failover_n_ ua="na">Yes</Auto_Register_When_Failover_n_>
where n is the extension number.
```

#### **Phone Failover Behavior**

When the phone fails to communicate with the currently connected server, it refreshes the server list status. The unavailable server is marked with the status DOWN in the server list. The phone tries to connect to the top-priority server with the status UP in the list.

In the following example, the addresses 1.1.1.1 and 2.2.2.2 aren't available. The phone sends SIP messages to 3.3.3.3, which has the top priority among the servers with the status UP.

| Priority | IP Address | SIP Protocol | Status |
|----------|------------|--------------|--------|
| 1st      | 1.1.1.1    | TLS          | DOWN   |
| 2nd      | 2.2.2.2    | TLS          | DOWN   |
| 3rd      | 3.3.3.3    | TCP          | UP     |
| 4th      | 4.4.4.4    | TCP          | UP     |
| 5th      | 5.5.5.5    | UDP          | UP     |
| 6th      | 6.6.6.6    | UDP          | UP     |

| Priority | IP Address | SIP Protocol | Server | Status |
|----------|------------|--------------|--------|--------|
| lst      | 1.1.1.1    | UDP          | SRV1   | DOWN   |
| 2nd      | 1.1.1.2    | UDP          | SRV1   | UP     |
| 3rd      | 1.1.1.3    | UDP          | SRV1   | UP     |
| 4th      | 2.2.2.1    | TLS          | SRV2   | UP     |
| 5th      | 2.2.2.2    | TLS          | SRV2   | UP     |
| 6th      | 2.2.2.3    | TLS          | SRV2   | UP     |

In the following example, there are two SRV records from the DNS NAPTR response. For each SRV record, there are three A records (IP addresses).

Let's assume that the phone failed to connect to 1.1.1.1 and then registered to 1.1.1.2. When 1.1.1.2 goes down, phone behavior depends on the setting of **Proxy Fallback Intvl**.

- When **Proxy Fallback Intvl** is set to **0**, the phone tries with the addresses in this order: 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.3, 2.2.2.1, 2.2.2.2, 2.2.2.3.
- When **Proxy Fallback Intvl** is set to a value other than zero, the phone tries with the addresses in this order: 1.1.1.3, 2.2.2.1, 2.2.2.2, 2.2.2.3.

#### **SIP Proxy Fallback**

The proxy fallback requires a value other than zero specified in the **Proxy Fallback Intvl** field on the **Ext** (**n**) tab in the phone web interface. If you set this field to 0, the SIP proxy failback feature is disabled. You can also configure this extension-specific parameter in the configuration file in this format:

<proxy\_Fallback\_Intvl\_n\_ ua="na">60</Proxy\_Fallback\_Intvl\_n>

where *n* is the extension number.

The time when the phone triggers a failback depends on the phone configuration and the SIP transport protocols in use.

To enable the phone to perform failback between different SIP transport protocols, set **SIP Transport** to **Auto** on the **Ext** (**n**) tab in the phone web interface. You can also configure this extension-specific parameter in the configuration file with the following XML string:

<SIP\_Transport\_n\_ ua="na">Auto</SIP\_Transport\_n\_>

where n is the extension number.

#### **Failback from a UDP Connection**

The failback from a UDP connection is triggered by SIP messages. In the following example, the phone first failed to register to 1.1.1.1 (TLS) at the time T1 since there's no response from the server. When SIP Timer F expires, the phone registers to 2.2.2.2 (UDP) at the time T2 (T2=T1+SIP Timer F). The current connection is on 2.2.2.2 via UDP.

| Priority | IP Address | SIP Protocol | Status |    |       |       |
|----------|------------|--------------|--------|----|-------|-------|
| 1st      | 1.1.1.1    | TLS          | DOWN   | т1 | (Down | time) |
| 2nd      | 2.2.2.2    | UDP          | UP     |    |       |       |
| 3rd      | 3.3.3.3    | TCP          | UP     |    |       |       |

The phone has the following configuration:

```
<proxy_Fallback_Intvl_n_ ua="na">60</Proxy_Fallback_Intvl_n_><Register_Expires_n_ ua="na">3600</Register_Expires_n_><SIP Timer F ua="na">16</SIP Timer F>
```

where n is the extension number.

The phone refreshes the registration at time T2 (T2=(3600-16)\*78%). The phone checks the address list for the availability of the IP addresses and the down time. If T2-T1 > = 60, the failed server 1.1.1.1 resumes back to UP and the list is updated to the following. The phone sends SIP messages to 1.1.1.1.

| Priority | IP Address | SIP Protocol | Status |
|----------|------------|--------------|--------|
| 1st      | 1.1.1.1    | TLS          | UP     |
| 2nd      | 2.2.2.2    | UDP          | UP     |
| 3rd      | 3.3.3.3    | TCP          | UP     |

#### Failback from a TCP or TLS Connection

The failback from a TCP or TLS connection is triggered by the parameter **Proxy Fallback Intvl**. In the following example, the phone failed to register to 1.1.1.1 (UDP) at the time T1 and thus registered to 2.2.2.2 (TCP). The current connection is on 2.2.2.2 via TCP.

| Priority | IP Address | SIP | Protocol | Status |    |       |       |
|----------|------------|-----|----------|--------|----|-------|-------|
| 1st      | 1.1.1.1    |     | UDP      | DOWN   | Τ1 | (Down | time) |
| 2nd      | 2.2.2.2    |     | TCP      | UP     |    |       |       |
| 3rd      | 3.3.3.3    |     | TLS      | UP     |    |       |       |

The phone has the following configuration:

```
<proxy_Fallback_Intvl_n_ ua="na">60</Proxy_Fallback_Intvl_n_></proxy_Fallback_Intvl_n_></proxy_Fallback_Intvl_n_></proxy_Fallback_Intvl_n_></proxy_Fallback_Intvl_n_>
```

where *n* is the extension number.

The proxy fallback interval (60 seconds) counts down from T1. The phone triggers proxy failback at the time of T1+60. If you set the proxy fallback interval to 0 in this example, the phone keeps the connection on 2.2.2.2.

#### **Dual Registration**

The phone always registers to both primary (or primary outbound) and alternate (or alternate outbound) proxies. After registration, the phone sends out Invite and Non-Invite SIP messages through primary proxy first. If there is no response for the new INVITE from the primary proxy, after timeout, the phone attempts to connect with the alternate proxy. If the phone fails to register to the primary proxy, it sends an INVITE to the alternate proxy without trying the primary proxy.



Note The MPP phones support the Dual Registration only through the UDP connection.

Dual registration is supported on a per-line basis. Three added parameters can be configured through web user interface and remote provisioning:

- Alternate Proxy—Default is empty.
- Alternate Outbound Proxy—Default is empty.
- Dual Registration—Default is NO (turned off).

After you configure the parameters, reboot the phone for the feature to take effect.



Note

Specify a value for primary proxy (or primary outbound proxy) and alternate proxy (or alternate outbound proxy) for the feature to function properly.

#### **Dual Registration and DNS SRV Limitations**

- When Dual Registration is enabled, DNS SRV Proxy Fallback or Recovery must be disabled.
- Do not use Dual Registration along with other Fallback or Recovery mechanisms. For example: Broadsoft mechanism.
- There is no recovery mechanism for feature request. However, the administrator can adjust the reregistration time for a prompt update of the registration state for primary and alternate proxy.

#### **Dual Registration and Alternate Proxy**

When the Dual Register parameter is set to No, Alternate Proxy is ignored.

#### RFC3311

The Cisco IP Phone supports RFC-3311, the SIP UPDATE Method.

#### SIP NOTIFY XML-Service

The Cisco IP Phone supports the SIP NOTIFY XML-Service event. On receipt of a SIP NOTIFY message with an XML-Service event, the phone challenges the NOTIFY with a 401 response if the message does not contain correct credentials. The client must furnish the correct credentials using MD5 digest with the SIP account password for the corresponding line of the IP phone.

The body of the message can contain the XML event Message. For example:

```
<CiscoIPPhoneExecute>
<ExecuteItem Priority="0" URL="http://xmlserver.com/event.xml"/>
</CiscoIPPhoneExecute>
```

#### Authentication:

```
challenge = MD5( MD5(A1) ":" nonce ":" nc-value ":" cnonce ":" qop-value
":" MD5(A2) )
where A1 = username ":" realm ":" passwd
and A2 = Method ":" digest-uri
```

## **Cisco Discovery Protocol**

Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) is negotiation-based and determines which virtual LAN (VLAN) the Cisco IP Phone resides in. If you are using a Cisco switch, Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) is available and is enabled by default. CDP has these attributes:

- Obtains the protocol addresses of neighboring devices and discovers the platform of those devices.
- Shows information about the interfaces your router uses.
- Is media and protocol-independent.

If you are using a VLAN without CDP, you must enter a VLAN ID for the Cisco IP Phone.

## LLDP-MED

The Cisco IP Phone supports Link Layer Discovery Protocol for Media Endpoint Devices (LLDP-MED) for deployment with Cisco or other Third-Party network connectivity devices that use a Layer 2 auto discovery mechanism. Implementation of LLDP-MED is done in accordance with IEEE 802.1AB (LLDP) Specification of May 2005, and ANSI TIA-1057 of April 2006.

The Cisco IP Phone operates as a LLDP-MED Media End Point Class III device with direct LLDP-MED links to Network Connectivity Devices, according to the Media Endpoint Discovery Reference Model and Definition (ANSI TIA-1057 Section 6).

The Cisco IP Phone supports only the following limited set of Type-Length-Values (TLV) as an LLDP-MED Media Endpoint device class III:

- Chassis ID TLV
- Port ID TLV
- Time to live TLV
- Port Description TLV
- System Name TLV
- System Capabilities TLV
- IEEE 802.3 MAC/PHY Configuration/Status TLV (for wired network only)
- LLDP-MED Capabilities TLV
- LLDP-MED Network Policy TLV (for application type=Voice only)
- LLDP-MED Extended Power-Via-MDI TLV (for wired network only)
- LLDP-MED Firmware Revision TLV
- End of LLDPDU TLV

The outgoing LLDPDU contains all the preceding TLVs if applicable. For the incoming LLDPDU, the LLDPDU is discarded if any of the following TLVs are missing. All other TLVs are not validated and ignored.

- Chassis ID TLV
- Port ID TLV
- Time to live TLV
- LLDP-MED Capabilities TLV
- LLDP-MED Network Policy TLV (for application type=Voice only)
- End of LLDPDU TLV

The Cisco IP Phone sends out the shutdown LLDPDU if applicable. The LLDPDU frame contains the following TLVs:

- Chassis ID TLV
- Port ID TLV
- Time to live TLV
- End of LLDPDU TLV

There are some restrictions in the implementation of LLDP-MED on the Cisco IP Phones:

- Storage and retrieval of neighbor information are not supported.
- SNMP and corresponding MIBs are not supported.
- Recording and retrieval of statistical counters are not supported.
- Full validation of all TLVs does not take place; TLVs that do not apply to the phones are ignored.
- Protocol state machines as stated in the standards are used only for reference.

### **Chassis ID TLV**

For the outgoing LLDPDU, the TLV supports subtype=5 (Network Address). When the IP address is known, the value of the Chassis ID is an octet of the INAN address family number followed by the octet string for the IPv4 address used for voice communication. If the IP address is unknown, the value for the Chassis ID is 0.0.0.0. The only INAN address family supported is IPv4. Currently, the IPv6 address for the Chassis ID is not supported.

For the incoming LLDPDU, the Chassis ID is treated as an opaque value to form the MSAP identifier. The value is not validated against its subtype.

The Chassis ID TLV is mandatory as the first TLV. Only one Chassis ID TLV is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

### Port ID TLV

For the outgoing LLDPDU, the TLV supports subtype=3 (MAC address). The 6 octet MAC address for the Ethernet port is used for the value of Port ID.

For the incoming LLDPDU, the Port ID TLV is treated as an opaque value to form the MSAP identifier. The value is not validated against its subtype.

The Port ID TLV is mandatory as the second TLV. Only one Port ID TLV is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

### **Time to Live TLV**

For the outgoing LLDPDU, the Time to Live TTL value is 180 seconds. This differs from the 120-second value that the standard recommends. For the shutdown LLDPDU, the TTL value is always 0.

The Time to Live TLV is mandatory as the third TLV. Only one Time to Live TLV is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

### End of LLDPDU TLV

The value is 2-octet, all zero. This TLV is mandatory and only one is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

### **Port Description TLV**

For the outgoing LLDPDU, in the Port Description TLV, the value for the port description is the same as "Port ID TLV" for CDP. The incoming LLDPDU, the Port Description TLV, is ignored and not validated. Only one Port Description TLV is allowed for outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

### System Name TLV

For the Cisco IP Phone, the value is SEP+MAC address.

Example: SEPAC44F211B1D0

The incoming LLDPDU, the System Name TLV, is ignored and not validated. Only one System Name TLV is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

### System Capabilities TLV

For the outgoing LLDPDU, in the System Capabilities TLV, the bit values for the 2 octet system capabilities fields should be set for Bit 2 (Bridge) and Bit 5 (Phone) for a phone with a PC port. If the phone does not have a PC port, only Bit 5 should be set. The same system capability value should be set for the enabled capability field.

For the incoming LLDPDU, the System Capabilities TLV is ignored. The TLV is not validated semantically against the MED device type.

The System Capabilities TLV is mandatory for outgoing LLDPDUs. Only one System Capabilities TLV is allowed.

### Management Address TLV

The TLV identifies an address associated with the local LLDP agent (that may be used to reach higher layer entities) to assist discovery by network management. The TLV allows the inclusion of both the system interface number and an object identifier (OID) that are associated with this management address, if either or both are known.

- TLV information string length—This field contains the length (in octets) of all the fields in the TLV information string.
- Management address string length—This field contains the length (in octets) of the management address subtype + management address fields.

### **System Description TLV**

The TLV allows the network management to advertise the system description.

• TLV information string length—This field indicates the exact length (in octets) of the system description.

System description—This field contains an alphanumeric string that is the textual description of the
network entity. The system description includes the full name and version identification of the system
hardware type, software operating system, and networking software. If implementations support IETF
RFC 3418, the sysDescr object should be used for this field.

### IEEE 802.3 MAC/PHY Configuration/Status TLV

The TLV is not for autonegotiation, but for troubleshooting purposes. For the incoming LLDPDU, the TLV is ignored and not validated. For the outgoing LLDPDU, for the TLV, the octet value autonegotiation support/status should be:

- Bit 0-Set to 1 to indicate that the autonegotiation support feature is supported.
- Bit 1-Set to 1 to indicate that autonegotiation status is enabled.
- Bit 2-7-Set to 0.

The bit values for the 2 octets PMD autonegotiation advertised capability field should be set to:

- Bit 13—10BASE-T half duplex mode
- Bit 14—10BASE-T full duplex mode
- Bit 11—100BASE-TX half duplex mode
- Bit 10—100BASE-TX full duplex mode
- Bit 15—Unknown

Bit 10, 11, 13 and 14 should be set.

The value for 2 octets operational MAU type should be set to reflect the real operational MAU type:

- 16—100BASE-TX full duplex
- 15—100BASE-TX half duplex
- 11—10BASE-T full duplex
- 10—10BASE-T half duplex

For example, usually, the phone is set to 100BASE-TX full duplex. The value 16 should then be set. The TLV is optional for a wired network and not applicable for a wireless network. The phone sends out this TLV only when in wired mode. When the phone is not set for autonegotiation but specific speed/duplexity, for the outgoing LLDPDU TLV, bit 1 for the octet value autonegotiation support/status should be clear (0) to indicate that autonegotiation is disabled. The 2 octets PMD autonegotiation advertised capability field should be set to 0x8000 to indicate unknown.

#### **LLDP-MED Capabilities TLV**

For the outgoing LLDPDU, the TLV should have the device type 3 (End Point Class III) with the following bits set for 2-octet Capability field:

| Bit Position | Capability                |
|--------------|---------------------------|
| 0            | LLDP-MED Capabilities     |
| 1            | Network Policy            |
| 4            | Extended Power via MDI-PD |
| 5            | Inventory                 |

For the incoming TLV, if the LLDP-MED TLV is not present, the LLDPDU is discarded. The LLDP-MED Capabilities TLV is mandatory and only one is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs. Any other LLDP-MED TLVs will be ignored if they present before the LLDP-MED Capabilities TLV.

### **Network Policy TLV**

In the TLV for the outgoing LLDPDU, before the VLAN or DSCP is determined, the Unknown Policy Flag (U) is set to 1. If the VLAN setting or DSCP is known, the value is set to 0. When the policy is unknown, all other values are set to 0. Before the VLAN is determined or used, the Tagged Flag (T) is set to 0. If the tagged VLAN (VLAN ID > 1) is used for the phone, the Tagged Flag (T) is set to 1. Reserved (X) is always set to 0. If the VLAN is used, the corresponding VLAN ID and L2 Priority will be set accordingly. VLAN ID valid value is range from 1-4094. However, VLAN ID=1 will never be used (limitation). If DSCP is used, the value range from 0-63 is set accordingly.

In the TLV for the incoming LLDPDU, Multiple Network Policy TLVs for different application types are allowed.

### LLDP-MED Extended Power-Via-MDI TLV

In the TLV for the outgoing LLDPDU, the binary value for Power Type is set to "0 1" to indicate the power type for phone is PD Device. The Power source for the phone is set to "PSE and local" with binary value "1 1". The Power Priority is set to binary "0 0 0 0" to indicate unknown priority while the Power Value is set to maximum power value. The Power Value for the Cisco IP Phone is 12900mW.

For the incoming LLDPDU, the TLV is ignored and not validated. Only one TLV is allowed in the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs. The phone will send out the TLV for the wired network only.

The LLDP-MED standard was originally drafted in the context of Ethernet. Discussion is ongoing for LLDP-MED for Wireless Networks. Refer to ANSI-TIA 1057, Annex C, C.3 Applicable TLV for VoWLAN, table 24. It is recommended that the TLV is not applicable in the context of the wireless network. This TLV is targeted for use in the context of PoE and Ethernet. The TLV, if added, will not provide any value for network management or power policy adjustment at the switch.

### LLDP-MED Inventory Management TLV

This TLV is optional for Device Class III. For the outgoing LLDPDU, we support only Firmware Revision TLV. The value for the Firmware Revision is the version of firmware on the phone. For the incoming LLDPDU, the TLVs are ignored and not validated. Only one Firmware Revision TLV is allowed for the outgoing and incoming LLDPDUs.

## Final Network Policy Resolution and QoS

### **Special VLANs**

VLAN=0, VLAN=1, and VLAN=4095 are treated the same way as an untagged VLAN. Because the VLAN is untagged, Class of Service (CoS) is not applicable.

#### **Default QoS for SIP Mode**

If there is no network policy from CDP or LLDP-MED, the default network policy is used. CoS is based on configuration for the specific extension. It is applicable only if the manual VLAN is enabled and manual VLAN ID is not equal to 0, 1, or 4095. Type of Service (ToS) is based on configuration for the specific extension.

### **QoS Resolution for CDP**

If there is a valid network policy from CDP:

- If the VLAN=0, 1, or 4095, the VLAN will not be set, or the VLAN is untagged. CoS is not applicable, but DSCP is applicable. ToS is based on the default as previously described.
- If the VLAN > 1 and VLAN < 4095, the VLAN is set accordingly. CoS and ToS are based on the default as previously described. DSCP is applicable.
- The phone reboots and restarts the fast start sequence.

### **QoS Resolution for LLDP-MED**

If CoS is applicable and if CoS = 0, the default is used for the specific extension as previously described. But the value shown on L2 Priority for TLV for outgoing LLDPDU is based on the value used for extension 1. If CoS is applicable and if CoS != 0, CoS is used for all extensions.

If DSCP (mapped to ToS) is applicable and if DSCP = 0, the default is used for the specific extension as previously described. But the value show on DSCP for TLV for outgoing LLDPDU is based on value used for the extension 1. If DSCP is applicable and if DSCP != 0, DSCP is used for all extensions.

If the VLAN > 1 and VLAN < 4095, the VLAN is set accordingly. CoS and ToS are based on the default as previously described. DSCP is applicable.

If there is a valid network policy for the voice application from LLDP-MED PDU and if the tagged flag is set, the VLAN, L2 Priority (CoS), and DSCP (mapped to ToS) are all applicable.

If there is a valid network policy for the voice application from LLDP-MED PDU and if the tagged flag is not set, only the DSCP (mapped to ToS) is applicable.

The Cisco IP Phone reboots and restarts the fast start sequence.

### **Coexistence with CDP**

If both CDP and LLDP-MED are enabled, the network policy for the VLAN determines the last policy set or changed with either one of the discovery modes. If both LLDP-MED and CDP are enabled, during startup the phone sends CDP and LLDP-MED PDUs.

Inconsistent configuration and behavior for network connectivity devices for CDP and LLDP-MED modes could result in an oscillating rebooting behavior for the phone due to switching to different VLANs.

If the VLAN is not set by CDP and LLDP-MED, the VLAN ID that is configured manually is used. If the VLAN ID is not configured manually, no VLAN is supported. DSCP is used and the network policy determines LLDP-MED if applicable.

### **LLDP-MED and Multiple Network Devices**

If the same application type is used for the network policy but different Layer 2 or Layer 3 QoS Network policies are received by the phones from multiple network connectivity devices, the last valid network policy is honored. To ensure deterministic and consistent of Network Policy, multiple network connectivity devices should not send out conflicting network policies for the same application type.



# **TR-069 Parameter Comparison**

• XML and TR-069 Parameter Comparison, on page 477

# **XML and TR-069 Parameter Comparison**

This table shows the XML parameters that the phones use, with their TR-069 counterpart.

| TR-069 Parameter   | XML Parameter |
|--|---------------|
| Device.Services.VoiceService.  | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.  | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.Capabilities.                              | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.ButtonMap                      | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.                        | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.{i}.                    | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.{i}.BitRate             | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.{i}.Codec               | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.{i}.EntryID             | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.{i}.PacketizationPeriod | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Codecs.{i}.SilenceSuppression  | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.DigitMap                       | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.DSCPCoupled                    | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.EthernetTaggingCoupled         | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.FaxPassThrough                 | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.FaxT38                         | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.FileBasedRingGeneration        | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.FileBasedToneGeneration        | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.MaxLineCount                   | N/A           |

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| TR-069 Parameter   | XML Parameter |
|--|---------------|
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.MaxProfileCount                | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.MaxSessionCount                | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.MaxSessionsPerLine             | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.ModemPassThrough               | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.NumberingPlan                  | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.PatternBasedRingGeneration     | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.PatternBasedToneGeneration     | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.PSTNSoftSwitchOver             | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.Regions                        | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.RingDescriptionsEditable       | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.Capabilities.RingFileFormats               | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.RingGeneration                 | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.Capabilities.RingPatternEditable           | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.RTCP                           | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.RTPRedundancy                  | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.Capabilities.SignalingProtocols            | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.                           | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.EventSubscription          | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.Capabilities.SIP.Extensions                | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.ResponseMap                | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.Role                       | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.Capabilities.SIP.TLSAuthenticationKeySizes | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.TLSAuthenticationProtocols | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.TLSEncryptionKeySizes      | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.Capabilities.SIP.TLSEncryptionProtocols    | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.TLSKeyExchangeProtocols    | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.Transports                 | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SIP.URISchemes                 | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SRTP                           | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SRTPEncryptionKeySizes         | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.SRTPKeyingMethods              | N/A           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.ToneDescriptionsEditable       | N/A           |

| TR-069 Parameter   | XML Parameter               |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.ToneFileFormats  | N/A                         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.ToneGeneration   | N/A                         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.Capabilities.VoicePortTests   | N/A                         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.   |                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.   |                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.DTMFMethod   | DTMF_Tx_Method_ <i>_</i>    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Enable   | N/A                         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.  |                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.  |                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallingFeatures.  |                             |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.CallingFeatures.AnonymousCalEnable$   | Block_CID_Setting           |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. AnonymousCallBlockEnable and the service of the service$   |                             |
| $Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.CallingFeatures.CallerIDEnable$  | Block_CID_Setting           |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.CallingFeatures.CallerIDName$   | Display_Name_ <i>_</i>      |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. CallForwardOnBusyNumberProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. CallForwardOnBusyNumberProfile. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. CallForwardOnBusyNumberProfile. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. Voi$ |                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallingFeatures.CallForwardOnNoAnswerNumber   |                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallingFeatures.CallForwardOnNoAnswerRingCount  |                             |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. CallForwardUnconditionalEnable$   |                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallingFeatures.CallForwardUnconditionalNumber  |                             |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. CallReturnEnable$   | N/A                         |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.CallingFeatures.CallTransferEnable$   | N/A                         |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.CallingFeatures.CallWaitingEnable$  | CW_Setting                  |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. Conference CallingSessionCountingSessionCounties. Conference CallingSessionCounties. Conference CallingSe$   |                             |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. ConferenceCallingStatus$  | N/A                         |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. DoNotDisturbEnable$   | DND_Setting                 |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallingFeatures.MaxSessions   | Call_Appearances_Per_Line   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.VoiceProfile. {i}.Line. {i}.CallingFeatures.MessageWaiting   | Message_Waiting_ <i>_</i>   |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. CallingFeatures. MWIE nable$   | N/A                         |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.CallingFeatures.RepeatDialEnable$   | N/A                         |
| $\cite{thm:thm:thm:thm:thm:thm:thm:thm:thm:thm:$   | Shared_Line_DND_Cfwd_Enable |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.CallState   | N/A                         |

| TR-069 Parameter  | XML Parameter                   |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.   |                                 |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.  |                                 |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.  |                                 |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.BitRate                                 | N/A                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.Codec                                   | N/A                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.Enable                                  | N/A                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.EntryID                                 | N/A                             |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.Codec.List.\{i\}.PacketizationPeriod$    | N/A                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.List.{i}.Priority                                |                                 |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Codec. List. \{i\}. SilenceSuppression$ | Silence_Supp_Enable_ <i>_</i>   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.ReceiveBitRate                                   | N/A                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.ReceiveCodec                                     | N/A                             |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Codec. ReceiveSilenceSuppression$       | N/A                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.TransmitBitRate                                  | N/A                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.TransmitCodec                                    | N/A                             |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Codec. TransmitPacketizationPeriod$     | N/A                             |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Codec. TransmitSilenceSuppression$      | N/A                             |
| $Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.Codec.X\_CISCO\_PreferredCodec$                 | Preferred_Codec_ <i>_</i>       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.X_CISCO_PreferredCodec2                          | Second_Preferred_Codec_ <i></i> |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.X_CISCO_PreferredCodec3                          | Third_Preferred_Codec_ <i>_</i> |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Codec.X_CISCO_UsePrefCodecOnly                         | Use_Pref_Codec_Only_ <i></i>    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.VoiceProfile. {i}.Line. {i}.Codec.X_CISCO_CodecNegotiation                      | Codec_Negotiation_ <i>_</i>     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.DirectoryNumber  | User_ID_ <i>_</i>               |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Enable   | Line_Enable_ <i>_</i>           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.PhyReferenceList                                       | N/A                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.RingMuteStatus   | N/A                             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.RingVolumeStatus                                       |                                 |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Session.   |                                 |
| Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.VoiceProfile. {i}.Line. {i}.Session. {i}.                                       |                                 |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Session. \{i\}. FarEndIPAddress$        |                                 |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Session. \{i\}. FarEndUDPPort$          |                                 |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Session.{i}.LocalUDPPort                               |                                 |

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| TR-069 Parameter   | XML Parameter                    |
|--|----------------------------------|
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Session. \{i\}. SessionDuration$   |                                  |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. Session. \{i\}. SessionStartTime$  |                                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.  |                                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.AuthPassword  | Password_ <i>_</i>               |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.AuthUserName  | User_ID_ <i>_</i>                |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. SIP. SIP. SIP. Event Subscribe Number Of Elements the service of the ser$ | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.URI   | SIP_URI_ <i>_</i>                |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_AuthID  | Auth_ID_ <i>_</i>                |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_DisplayName   | Display_Name_ <i>_</i>           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_UseDNSSRV   | Use_DNS_SRV_ <i>_</i>            |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.SIP.X\_CISCO\_UserEqualPhone$   | User_Equal_Phone_ <i>_</i>       |
| $Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.SIP.X\_CISCO\_SetG729annexb$   | Set_G729_annexb_ <i>_</i>        |
| $Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.SIP.X\_CISCO\_BlindAttnXferEnable$   | Blind_Attn-Xfer_Enable_ <i>_</i> |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.SIP.X\_CISCO\_FeatureKeySync$   | Feature_Key_Sync_ <i>_</i>       |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.Line.\{i\}.SIP.X\_CISCO\_DNSSRVAutoPrefix$   | DNS_SRV_Auto_Prefix_ <i>_</i>    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.Status  | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.VoiceProcessing.  | N/A                              |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. VoiceProcessing. EchoCancellationEnable$   | N/A                              |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. VoiceProcessing. EchoCancellationInUse$  | N/A                              |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. VoiceProfile. \{i\}. Line. \{i\}. VoiceProcessing. EchoCancellationTailler (i) and $ | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.X_CISCO_DialPlan  | Dial_Plan_ <i>_</i>              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Line.{i}.X_CISCO_DefaultRing   | Default_Ring_ <i>_</i>           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.MaxSessions  | Call_Appearances_Per_Line        |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Name   | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.NumberOfLines  | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Region   | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.Reset  | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.VoiceProfile. {i}.RTP.   |                                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.DSCPMark   | RTP_TOS_DiffServ_Value_ <i></i>  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.LocalPortMax   | RTP_Port_Max                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.LocalPortMin   | RTP_Port_Min                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.RTCP.  |                                  |

| TR-069 Parameter  | XML Parameter                    |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.RTCP.Enable   | RTCP_Tx_Interval                 |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.RTCP.TxRepeatInterval   | RTCP_Tx_Interval                 |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.SRTP.   |                                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.SRTP.Enable   | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.SRTP.EncryptionKeySizes   | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.SRTP.KeyingMethods  | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.TelephoneEventPayloadType   | AVT_Dynamic_Payload              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.X_CISCO_RTPPacketSize   | RTP_Packet_Size                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.RTP.X_CISCO_RTPBeforeACK  | RTP_Before_ACK                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.ServiceProviderInfo.  | N/A                              |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.ServiceProviderInfo.ContactPhoneNumber \\ \hline VoiceServices.VoiceService.VoiceService.VoiceService.VoiceProfile.VoiceProfile.VoiceProfile.VoiceServic$ | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.ServiceProviderInfo.EmailAddress  | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.ServiceProviderInfo.Name  | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.ServiceProviderInfo.URL   | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SignalingProtocol   | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.  |                                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.DSCPMark  | SIP_TOS_DiffServ_Value_ <i>_</i> |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.InviteExpires   | INVITE_Expires                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.Organization  | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.OutboundProxy   | Outbound_Proxy_ <i>_</i>         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.OutboundProxyPort   | Outbound_Proxy_ <i>_</i>         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.ProxyServer   | Proxy_ <i>_</i>                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.ProxyServerPort   | Proxy_ <i>_</i>                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.ProxyServerTransport  | SIP_Transport_<1>_               |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.RegisterExpires   | Register_Expires_ <i>_</i>       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.RegisterRetryInterval   | Reg_Retry_Intvl                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.RegistersMinExpires   | Reg_Min_Expires                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.ReInviteExpires   | ReINVITE_Expires                 |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.SIP.SIPEventSubscribeNumberOfElements$  | N/A                              |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.VoiceProfile.\{i\}.SIP.SIPResponseMapNumberOfElements$   | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerB  | SIP_Timer_B                      |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerD  | SIP_Timer_D                      |

| TR-069 Parameter  | XML Parameter             |
|---|---------------------------|
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerF                | SIP_Timer_F               |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerH                | SIP_Timer_H               |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerJ                | SIP_Timer_J               |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerT1               | SIP_T1                    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerT2               | SIP_T2                    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.TimerT4               | SIP_T4                    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.UserAgentDomain       | N/A                       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.UserAgentPort         | SIP_Port_<1>_             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.UserAgentTransport    | SIP_Transport_<1>_        |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_SubMinExpires | Sub_Min_Expires           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_SubMaxExpires | Sub_Max_Expires           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.SIP.X_CISCO_SubRetryIntvl | Sub_Retry_Intvl           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfile.{i}.STUNEnable                | STUN_Enable               |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.VoiceProfileNumberOfEntries                | N/A                       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.                               |                           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G711uCodecName                 | G711u_Codec_Name          |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G711aCodecName                 | G711a_Codec_Name          |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G729aCodecName                 | G729a_Codec_Name          |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G729bCodecName                 | G729b_Codec_Name          |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G722CodecName                  | G722_Codec_Name           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G7222CodecName                 | G722.2_Codec_Name         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.iLBCCodecName                  | iLBC_Codec_Name           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.OPUSCodecName                  | OPUS_Codec_Name           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.AVTCodecName                   | AVT_Codec_Name            |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G7222BEDynamicPayload          | G722.2_Dynamic_Payload    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.G7222OADynamicPayload          | G722.2_OA_Dynamic_Payload |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.iLBC20msDynamicPayload         | iLBC_Dynamic_Payload      |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.iLBC30msDynamicPayload         | iLBC_30ms_Dynamic_Payload |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.OPUSDynamicPayload             | OPUS_Dynamic_Payload      |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.AVTDynamicPayload              | AVT_Dynamic_Payload       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.AVT16kHzDynamicPayload         | AVT_16kHz_Dynamic_Payload |
| Device.Services.VoiceService. {i}.X_CISCO_SIP.AVT48kHzDynamicPayload        | AVT_48kHz_Dynamic_Payload |

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| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.INFOREQDynamicPayload   | INFOREQ_Dynamic_Payload       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.DisplayAnonymousFromHeader  | Display_Anonymous_From_Header |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_SIP.RedirectKeepAlive   | Redirect_Keep_Alive           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.   |                               |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.   |                               |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.DialTone   | Dial_Tone                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.OutsideDialTone  | Outside_Dial_Tone             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.PromptTone   | Prompt_Tone                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.BusyTone   | Busy_Tone                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.ReorderTone  | Reorder_Tone                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.OffHookWarningTone   | Off_Hook_Warning_Tone         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.RingBackTone   | Ring_Back_Tone                |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.CallWaitingTone  | Call_Waiting_Tone             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.ConfirmTone  | Confirm_Tone                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.MWIDialTone  | MWI_Dial_Tone                 |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.CfwdDialTone   | Cfwd_Dial_Tone                |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.HoldingTone  | Holding_Tone                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.ConferenceTone   | Conference_Tone               |
| $\hline Device. Services. VoiceService. \\ \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_Regional. \\ Tones. \\ SecureCallIndicationTone \\ \hline \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$ | Secure_Call_Indication_Tone   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.PageTone   | Page_Tone                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.AlertTone  | Alert_Tone                    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.MuteTone   | Mute_Tone                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.UnmuteTone   | Unmute_Tone                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.SystemBeep   | System_Beep                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Tones.CallPickupTone   | Call Pickup_Tone              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.  |                               |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence1  | Cadence_1                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence2  | Cadence_2                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence3  | Cadence_3                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence4  | Cadence_4                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence5  | Cadence_5                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence6  | Cadence_6                     |
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|---|----------------------------------|
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence7                                 | Cadence_7                        |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence8                                 | Cadence_8                        |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.Cadence9                                 | Cadence_9                        |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.Cadences.   |                                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_Regional.ControlTimer.ReorderDelay                         | Reorder_Delay                    |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_Regional. Control Timer. InterdigitLong Timer$    | Interdigit_Long_Timer            |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_Regional. Control Timer. InterdigitShort Timer$   | Interdigit_Short_Timer           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.  |                                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.NumberOfUnits                                   | Number_of_Units                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.ServerType                                      |                                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.SubscribeRetryInterval                          | Subscribe_Retry_Interval         |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_AttConsole. BX ferOnSpeedDialEnable$              | Bxfer_On_Speed_Dial_Enable       |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_AttConsole. AttendantConsoleLCDContrast$          | Attendant_Console_LCD_Brightness |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.BXferToStarcodeEnable                           | Bxfer_To_Starcode_Enable         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.Unit.   | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.Unit.{i}.                                       | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.Unit.{i}.Key.                                   | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.Unit.{i}.Key.{i}.                               | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.Unit.{i}.Key.{i}.Config                         | Unit_ <i>_Key_<i>_</i></i>       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_AttConsole.Unit.{i}.NumberOfKey                            | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.  | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LineKey.                                      | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LineKey.{i}.                                  | N/A                              |
| $Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.LineKey.\{i\}.ExtendedFunction$          | Extended_Function_ <i>_</i>      |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LineKey.{i}.Extension                         | Extension_ <i>_</i>              |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.LineKey.\{i\}.ShareCallApparence$ | Share_Call_Appearance_ <i>_</i>  |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting. LineKey. \{i\}. ShortName$          | Short_Name_ <i>_</i>             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.NumberOfLineKey                               | N/A                              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.StationName                                   | Station_Name                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.GroupPagingScript                             | Group_Paging_Script              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.VoiceMailNumber                               | Voice_Mail_Number                |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.BluetoothMode                                 | Bluetooth_Mode                   |

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|---|-------------------------|
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Line  | Line                    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.   | N/A                     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring1  | Ring1                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring2  | Ring2                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring3  | Ring3                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring4  | Ring4                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring5  | Ring5                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring6  | Ring6                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring7  | Ring7                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring8  | Ring8                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring9  | Ring9                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring10   | Ring10                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring11   | Ring11                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.Ringtone.Ring12   | Ring12                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.   | N/A                     |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.ConferenceServices.VoiceServi$ | Coference_Serv          |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.AttnTransferServ$  | Attn_Transfer_Serv      |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.BlindTransferServ  | Blind_Transfer_Serv     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.DNDServ  | DND_Serv                |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.BlockANCServices.VoiceService.Services.S$ | Block_ANC_Serv          |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.BlockCIDServ   | Block_CID_Serv          |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.SecureCallServ   | Secure_Call_Serv        |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting. SuppServices. CfwdAllServices. CfwdAllServices. VoiceServices. Vo$      | Cfwd_All_Serv           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.CfwdBusyServ   | Cfwd_Busy_Serv          |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting. SuppServices. CfwdNoAnsServ$  | Cfwd_No_Ans_Serv        |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.PagingServ   | Paging_Serv             |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting. SuppServices. CallParkServ$   | Call_Park_Serv          |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting. SuppServices. CallPickUpServ$   | Call_Pick_Up_Serv       |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting. SuppServices. ACDLoginServ$   | ACD_Login_Serv          |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.GroupCallPickUpServ  | Group_Call_Pick_Up_Serv |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting. SuppServices. ServiceAnncSe$      | Service_Annc_Serv       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.CallRecordingServ  | Call_Recording_Serv     |

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|--|-----------------------------|
| $\fbox{\cite{thm:temp} Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.SuppServices.ReversePhoneLookupServ}{\cite{thm:temp} SuppServices.ReversePhoneLookupServ}{\cite{thm:temp} SuppServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLookupServices.ReversePhoneLook$ | Reverse_Phone_Lookup_Serv   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.   | N/A                         |
| $\label{eq:construct} Device. Services. VoiceService. \\ \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting. ProgramSoftkeys. ProgrammableSoftkeyEnable \\ \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$   | Programmable_Softkey_Enable |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.IdleKeyList$   | Idle_Key_List               |
| $\label{eq:construction} \hline Device. Services. VoiceService. \\ \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting. ProgramSoftkeys. \\ MissedCallKeyList$   | Missed_Call_Key_List        |
| $\label{eq:constraint} \hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.OffHookKeyList$  | Off_Hook_Key_List           |
| $\fbox{\cite{thm:temp} Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.DialingInputKeyList}}$  | Dialing_Input_Key_List      |
| $\label{eq:construction} \hline Device. Services. VoiceService. \\ \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting. ProgramSoftkeys. ProgressingKeyList$   | Progressing_Key_List        |
| $\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$  | Connected_Key_List          |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.StartXferKeyList$  | Start-Xfer_Key_List         |
| $\label{eq:construction} \hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.StartConfKeyList$  | Start-Conf_Key_List         |
| $\label{eq:construction} \hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.ConferencingKeyList$   | Conferencing_Key_List       |
| $\label{eq:constraint} \hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.ReleasingKeyList$  | Releasing_Key_List          |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.HoldKeyList$   | Hold_Key_List               |
| $Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.RingingKeyList$   | Ringing_Key_List            |
| $\fbox{\cite{thm:temp} Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.SharedActiveKeyList}}$  | Shared_Active_Key_List      |
| $\label{eq:construction} Device. Services. VoiceService. \\ \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting. ProgramSoftkeys. \\ SharedHeldKeyList$  | Shared_Held_Key_List        |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK1   | PSK_1                       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK2   | PSK_2                       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK3   | PSK_3                       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK4   | PSK_4                       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK5   | PSK_5                       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK6   | PSK_6                       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK7   | PSK_7                       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK8   | PSK_8                       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK9   | PSK_9                       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK10  | PSK_10                      |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK11  | PSK_11                      |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK12  | PSK_12                      |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK13 \\ \hline \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$   | PSK_13                      |
| $\cite{thm:thm:thm:thm:thm:thm:thm:thm:thm:thm:$   | PSK_14                      |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK15$   | PSK_15                      |

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| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.ProgramSoftkeys.PSK16      | PSK_16                 |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.                      | N/A                    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.LDAPDirEnable         | LDAP_Dir_Enable        |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.CorpDirName           | LDAP_Corp_Dir_Name     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.Server                | LDAP_Server            |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.SearchBase            | LDAP_Search_Base       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.ClientDN              | LDAP_Client_DN         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.UserName              | LDAP_User_Name         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.Password              | LDAP_Password          |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.AuthMethod            | LDAP_Auth_Method       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.LastNameFilter        | LDAP_Last_Name_Filter  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.FirstNameFilter       | LDAP_First_Name_Filter |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.SearchItem3           | LDAP_Search_Item_3     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.SearchItem3Filter     | LDAP_Item_3_Filter     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.SearchItem4           | LDAP_Search_Item_4     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.SearchItem4Filter     | LDAP_Item_4_Filter     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.DisplayAttrs          | LDAP_Display_Attrs     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.NumberMapping         | LDAP_Number_Mapping    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_PhoneSetting.LDAP.StartTLSEnable        | LDAP_StartTLS_Enable   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.                            | N/A                    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.RingerVolume                | Ringer_Volume          |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.SpeakerVolume               | Speaker_Volume         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.HandsetVolume               | Handset_Volume         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.HeadsetVolume               | Headset_Volume         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.PhoneBackground             | Phone_Background       |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.PictureDownloadURL          | Picture_Download URL   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.ElectronicHookSwitchControl | Ehook_Enable           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.ScreenSaverEnable           | Screen_Saver_Enable    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.ScreenSaverType             | Screen_Saver_Type      |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.MissCallShortcut            | Miss_Call_Shortcut     |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.AlertToneOff                | Alert_Tone_Off         |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_UserSetting.LogoURL                     | Logo_URL               |

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|---|-------------------------------|
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.  | N/A                           |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_StarCode.ActivateBlockAnonymousCall \\ \hline \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$   | Block_ANC_Act_Code            |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateBlockCallerId   | Block_CID_Act_Code            |
| $\hline Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_StarCode.ActivateBlockCallerIdNextCalleRIdNextCallerIdNextCalleRIdNextCallerIdNextCalleRIdNextCalleRIdNextCallerIdNextCalleRIdNex$ | Block_CID_Per_Call_Act_Code   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateCallForwardAll  | Cfwd_All_Act_Code             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateCallForwardBusy   | Cfwd_Busy_Act_Code            |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_StarCode. ActivateCallForwardNoAnswered StarCode. ActivateCallForwardNoAnswered$      | Cfwd_No_Ans_Act_Code          |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateCallWaiting   | CW_Act_Code                   |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_StarCode. ActivateCallWaitingNextCalLAClWaitingNe$      | CW_Per_Call_Act_Code          |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateDoNotDisturb  | DND_Act_Code                  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateSecureCall  | Secure_All_Call_Act_Code      |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.ActivateSecureCallNextCall  | Secure_One_Call_Act_Code      |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.BlindTransfer   | Blind_Transfer_Code           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.CallPark  | Call_Park_Code                |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.CallPickup  | Call_Pickup_Code              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.CallReturn  | Call_Return_Code              |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.CallUnpark  | Call_Unpark_Code              |
| $\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$   | Block_ANC_Deact_Code          |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.DeactivateBlockCallerId   | Block_CID_Deact_Code          |
| $\boxed{ Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_StarCode.DeactivateBlockCallerIdNextCall } \\ \end{aligned}$  | Block_CID_Per_Call_Deact_Code |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.DeactivateCallForwardAll  | Cfwd_All_Deact_Code           |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.DeactivateCallForwardBusy   | Cfwd_Busy_Deact_Code          |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_StarCode. DeactivateCallForwardNoAnswered Services. VoiceServices. VoiceService$      | Cfwd_No_Ans_Deact_Code        |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.DeactivateCallWaiting   | CW_Deact_Code                 |
| $Device. Services. VoiceService. \{i\}. X\_CISCO\_StarCode. DeactivateCallWaitingNextCallWaitingNex$      | CW_Per_Call_Deact_Code        |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.DeactivateDoNotDisturb  | DND_Deact_Code                |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.DeactivateSecureCal   | Secure_No_Call_Act_Code       |
| $Device.Services.VoiceService.\{i\}.X\_CISCO\_StarCode.DeactivateSecureCallNextCall\\$  | Secure_One_Call_Deact_Code    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.GroupCallPickup   | Group_Call_Pickup_Code        |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PagingCode  | Paging_Code                   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodecG711a  | Prefer_G711a_Code             |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodecG711u  | Prefer_G711u_Code             |

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|---|--------------------|
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodecG722   | Prefer_G722_Code   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodecG7222  | Prefer_G722.2_Code |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodecG729a  | Prefer_G729a_Code  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodeciLBC   | Prefer_iLBC_Code   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.PreferCodecOPUS   | Prefer_OPUS_Code   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodecG711a   | Force_G711a_Code   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodecG711u   | Force_G711u_Code   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodecG722  | Force_G722_Code    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodecG7222   | Force_G722.2_Code  |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodecG729a   | Force_G729a_Code   |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodeciLBC  | Force_iLBC_Code    |
| Device.Services.VoiceService.{i}.X_CISCO_StarCode.UseOnlyCodecOPUS  | Force_OPUS_Code    |
|   | N/A                |
|   | N/A                |
| *(1) We support such TR-069 configuration, but no corresponding parameter on Web/GUI                                    | N/A                |
| *(2) We support such TR-069 configuration, but can only be set to 'Yes"   | N/A                |
| *(3) i=0 G.711MuLaw i=1 G.711ALaw i=2 G.729a i=3 G.722 i=4 G.722.2 i=5 iLBC i=6 (88xx iSAC) (78xx OPUS) i=7 OPUS (88xx) | N/A                |
| *(4) Only available on 8851/8861/8865   | N/A                |
| *(5) This parameter is for global setting, not per extension  | N/A                |
| *(6) This will leads to codec <i> on line <i> enable/disable, for codec <i>, please refer to *(4)</i></i></i>           | N/A                |
| *(7) Only with sidecar. On mountlake it is named Attendant Console LCD Contrast   | N/A                |
| Device.   | N/A                |
| Device.DeviceSummary  | N/A                |
| Device.Services.  | N/A                |
| Device.Services.VoiceServiceNumberOfEntries   |                    |
| Device.DeviceInfo.  | N/A                |
| Device.DeviceInfo.Manufacturer  | N/A                |
| Device.DeviceInfo.ManufacturerOUI   | N/A                |
| Device.DeviceInfo.ModelName   | N/A                |
| Device.DeviceInfo.Description   | N/A                |

| TR-069 Parameter                                  | XML Parameter        |
|---|----------------------|
| Device.DeviceInfo.ProductClass                    | N/A                  |
| Device.DeviceInfo.SerialNumber                    | N/A                  |
| Device.DeviceInfo.HardwareVersion                 | N/A                  |
| Device.DeviceInfo.SoftwareVersion                 | N/A                  |
| Device.DeviceInfo.EnabledOptions                  | N/A                  |
| Device.DeviceInfo.AdditionalHardwareVersion       | N/A                  |
| Device.DeviceInfo.AdditionalSoftwareVersion       | N/A                  |
| Device.DeviceInfo.ProvisioningCode                | N/A                  |
| Device.DeviceInfo.DeviceStatus                    | N/A                  |
| Device.DeviceInfo.UpTime                          | N/A                  |
| Device.ManagementServer.                          | N/A                  |
| Device.ManagementServer.URL                       | N/A                  |
| Device.ManagementServer.Username                  | N/A                  |
| Device.ManagementServer.Password                  | N/A                  |
| Device.ManagementServer.PeriodicInformEnable      | N/A                  |
| Device.ManagementServer.PeriodicInformInterval    | N/A                  |
| Device.ManagementServer.PeriodicInformTime        | N/A                  |
| Device.ManagementServer.ParameterKey              | N/A                  |
| Device.ManagementServer.ConnectionRequestURL      | N/A                  |
| Device.ManagementServer.ConnectionRequestUsername | N/A                  |
| Device.ManagementServer.ConnectionRequestPassword | N/A                  |
| Device.GatewayInfo.                               | N/A                  |
| Device.GatewayInfo.ManufacturerOUI                | N/A                  |
| Device.GatewayInfo.ProductClass                   | N/A                  |
| Device.GatewayInfo.SerialNumber                   | N/A                  |
| Device. Time.                                     | N/A                  |
| Device.Time.NTPServer1                            | Primary_NTP_Server   |
| Device.Time.NTPServer2                            | Secondary_NTP_Server |
| Device.Time.CurrentLocalTime                      | N/A                  |
| Device.Time.LocalTimeZone                         | Time_Zone            |
| Device.Time.X_CISCO_TimeFormat                    | Time_Format          |
| Device.Time.X_CISCO_DateFormat                    | Date_Format          |

| TR-069 Parameter                               | XML Parameter                |
|--|------------------------------|
| Device.LAN.                                    | N/A                          |
| Device.LAN.X_CISCO_IPMode                      | IP_Mode                      |
| Device.LAN.AddressingType                      | Connection_Type              |
| Device.LAN.IPAddress                           | Static_IP                    |
| Device.LAN.SubnetMask                          | NetMask                      |
| Device.LAN.DefaultGateway                      | Gateway                      |
| Device.LAN.DNSServers                          | Primary_DNS                  |
| Device.LAN.MACAddress                          | N/A                          |
| Device.LAN.DHCPOptionNumberOfEntries           | N/A                          |
| Device.LAN.DHCPOption.                         | N/A                          |
| Device.LAN.DHCPOption. {i}.                    | N/A                          |
| Device.LAN.DHCPOption. {i}.Request             | DHCP_Option_To_Use           |
| Device.LAN.DHCPOption. {i}.Tag                 | DHCP_Option_To_Use           |
| Device.LAN.DHCPOption. {i}.Value               | DHCP_Option_To_Use           |
| Device.Ethernet.                               | N/A                          |
| Device.Ethernet.X_CISCO_CDP                    | Enable_CDP                   |
| Device.Ethernet.X_CISCO_LLDP                   | Enable_LLDP-MED              |
| Device.Ethernet.X_CISCO_EnableVLAN             | Enable_VLAN                  |
| Device.Ethernet.X_CISCO_VLANID                 | VLAN_ID                      |
| Device.X_CISCO_Language.                       | N/A                          |
| Device.X_CISCO_Language.DictionaryServerScript | Dictionary_Server_Script     |
| Device.X_CISCO_Language.LanguageSelection      | Language_Selection           |
| Device.X_CISCO_Language.Locale                 | Locale                       |
| Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.                     | N/A                          |
| Device.X_CISCO_SecuritySettings.TLSCipherList  | TLS_Cipher_List              |
| Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.Password             | XML_Password                 |
| Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.UserName             | XML_User_Name                |
| Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.XMLAppServiceName    | XML_Application_Service_Name |
| Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.XMLAppServiceURL     | XML_Application_Service_URL  |
| Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.XMLDirServiceName    | XML_Directory_Service_Name   |
| Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.XMLDirServiceURL     | XML_Directory_Service_URL    |
| Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.CISCOXMLEXEEnable    | CISCO_XML_EXE_Enable         |

| TR-069 Parameter                              | XML Parameter             |
|---|---------------------------|
| Device.X_CISCO_XmlService.CISCOXMLEXEAuthMode | CISCO_XML_EXE_AUTH_MODE   |
| Device.X_CISCO_RestrictedAccessDomains        | Restricted_Access_Domains |
| Device.X_CISCO_EnableWebServer                | Enable_Web_Server         |
| Device.X_CISCO_WebProtocol                    | Enable_Protocol           |
| Device.X_CISCO_EnableDirectActionUrl          | Enable_Direct_Action_Url  |
| Device.X_CISCO_SessionMaxTimeout              | Session_Max_Timeout       |
| Device.X_CISCO_SessionIdleTimeout             | Session_Idle_Timeout      |
| Device.X_CISCO_WebServerPort                  | Web_Server_Port           |
| Device.X_CISCO_EnableWebAdminAccess           | Enable_Web_Admin_Access   |
| Device.X_CISCO_HostName                       | Host_Name                 |
| Device.X_CISCO_Domain                         | Domain                    |
| Device.X_CISCO_UpgradeErrorRetryDelay         | Upgrade_Error_Retry_Delay |
| Device.X_CISCO_UpgradeRule                    | Upgrade_Rule              |
| Device.X_CISCO_ProfileRule                    | Profile_Rule              |
| Device.X_CISCO_UserConfigurableResync         | User_Configurable_Resync  |
| Device.X_CISCO_HTTPReportMethod               | HTTP_Report_Method        |
| Device.X_CISCO_CWMPV1dot2Support              | CWMP_V1.2_Support         |