

Exec Mode show Commands (M-P)

The Exec Mode is the initial entry point into the command line interface system. Exec mode **show** commands are useful in troubleshooting and basic system monitoring.

Command Modes

This section includes the commands show mag-service through show ps-network statistics.

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#



Important

The commands or keywords/variables that are available are dependent on platform type, product version, and installed license(s).

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show mag-service

Displays statistic and counter information for Mobile Access Gateway (MAG) services on this system.

Product

HSGW

S-GW

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show mag-service { all | name service_name | session [ all | callid id |
counters | full | ip-address home_ip_address | msid id | summary | username
  name ] | statistics [ name service_name ] } [ | { grep grep_options | more }
]
```

all

Displays information for all configured MAG services on this system.

name service_name

Displays configuration information for a specific MAG service configured on this system.

service name must be an existing MAG service expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

session [all | callid id | counters | full | ip-address $home_ip_address$ | msid id | summary | username name]

all: Displays all active MAG sessions using MAG services on the system.

callid id: Displays available session information for the specific call identification number.

id must be an 8-digit hexadecimal number.

counters: Displays counters for all MAG services on the system. This keyword can also be filtered by the following:

- all
- callid
- · ip-address
- msid
- summary
- username

Refer to the keyword descriptions in this command for information regarding these filters.

full: Displays additional session information for all active MAG sessions using MAG services on the system. This keyword includes the information in the output of the **all** keyword plus additional information. This keyword can also be filtered by the following:

- all
- callid
- ip-address
- msid
- summary
- username

Refer to the keyword descriptions in this command for information regarding these filters.

ip-address *home_ip_address*: Displays available session information for a specific home IPv4 or IPv6 address of a subscriber in a service session.

msid *id*: Displays available information for a specific mobile station identification number or group of numbers based on wildcard entry.

id must be a valid MSID number and can be a sequence of characters and/or wildcard characters ('\$' and/or '*'). The * wildcard matches multiple characters and the \$ wildcard matches a single character. If you do not want the wildcard characters interpreted as wildcard enclose them in single quotes ('). For example: '\$'.

summary: Displays the number of MAG sessions currently active for MAG services configured on the system.

username *name*: Displays available session information for a specific user in a service session.

name must be followed by an existing user name expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 127 characters.

statistics [name service name]

name *service_name*: Displays MAG service statistics for an existing MAG service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep grep options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view configuration information for MAG services on this system.

Example

The following command displays service statistics for the MAG service named mag1:

show mag-service name mag1

show map-service

Displays information configured for the Mobile Application Part (MAP) services, including MAP service features and operational configuration. Also includes some related configuration information for the HLR and EIR configuration parameters.

Product

SGSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

show map-service [all | name srvc name] [| { grep grep options | more }]

name srvc_name

Specifies an existing MAP service as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep *grep_options* | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display all MAP service or the statistics for a particular MAP service.

Example

The following command displays configuration information for the MAP service named *map-svc-1*:

show map-service name map-srv-1



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show map statistics

Displays Mobile Application Part (MAP) statistics.

Product

SGSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show map statistics [ name srvc\_name ] [ recovered-values ] [ | { grep grep\_options | more } ]
```

name srvc_name

Specifies an existing MAP service as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

recovered-values

Only displays recovered values for key KPI counters that were backed-up.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display all MAP statistics or the statistics for a particular MAP service.

Example

The following command displays statistics for the MAP service named *map-svc-1*:

show map statistics name map-svc-1

The following command displays combined statistics for all MAP services in the current context:



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show maximum-temperatures

Shows the maximum temperature reached by each card since the last temperature timestamp reset.

Product

All

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

show maximum-temperatures [verbose] [| { grep grep_options | more }]

verbose

Indicates that the output is to contain detailed information.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Verify the maximum temperature reached by components in the chassis since the indicated timestamp.



Important

This command is not supported on all platforms.

Example

show maximum-temperatures show maximum-tempteratures verbose

show mbms bearer-service

Displays configuration information for bearer services configured for the multimedia broadcast multicast service (MBMS) running on this system.

Product

GGSN

SGSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local] host name#

Syntax Description

```
show mbms bearer-service [ all ] [ apn apn_name mcast-addr ip_address ] [ full
] [ instance instance_id ] [ service-type { broadcast | multicast } ] [
sgsn-sessions ] [ summary ] [ | { grep grep options | more } ]
```

all

Displays information on all bearer services configured on the system.

apn apn_name mcast-addr ip_address

Displays bearer service information of the MBMS for a specific Access Point Name (APN). *apn_name* is bound to a given BM-SC (Broadcast Multicast - Service Center) server address *ip_address*.

apn_name is the name of the APN expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 62 characters that is case sensitive.

ip address is the IP address of the BM-SC server in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation bound to the APN.

full

Displays full information for specific or all instances of bearer service in MBMS feature on system.

instance instance id

Displays session information filtered for an instance of a bearer service running as an MBMS session and specified an integer from 1 through 64.

service-type { broadcast | multicast }

Displays information for a specific type of service for MBMS.

broadcast: Specifies the MBMS service type as broadcast only.

multicast: Specifies the MBMS service type as multicast only.

sgsn-sessions

Displays summary information for all the SGSN multicast sessions.

summary

Displays summary information for specific or all instances of a bearer service.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more** options, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to verify the configuration of one or all bearer services and active instances of bearer services under MBMS. It is also useful for monitoring or troubleshooting purposes.

If this command is executed from within the local context with the **all** keyword, information for all bearer service instances running under MBMS will be displayed.

Example

The following command displays configuration information for all bearer service instances running on system:

show mbms bearer-service full all



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mipfa

Displays information for specified Mobile IP Foreign Agent (MIP-FA) calls.

Product

PDSN

GGSN

ASN-GW

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local] host name#

Syntax Description

counters | full | summary

counters: Displayed output includes the statistical counters.

full: Displays detailed information.

summary: Displays only summary information. this is the default setting.

These options are not available in conjunction with the **statistics** keyword.

all | callid call_id | msid ms_id | peer-address $peer_ip_address$ | reverse-tunnel { on | off } | username user name

all: Displays all available information.

callid call id: Displays information only for calls with the call ID specified as a 4-byte hexadecimal number.

msid *ms_id*: Displays information for a mobile subscriber ID expressed as a string from 7 to 16 digits for an IMSI, MIN, or RMI and/or characters \$ and * for wildcard filter.

show mipha msid 01234567\$\$

Shows any subscriber with an MSID that matches the upper 8 digits of the supplied MSID, such as 01234567, and any two digits at the remaining two places.

peer-address peer_ip_address: Displays information for the MIP call for the peer IP address specified using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

reverse-tunnel { **on** | **off** }: Enables the display of reverse IP tunnel information.

username *user_name*: Displays MIP call user information for the username specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 127 characters that may include wildcard characters (\$ and *).

statistics [fa-service fa_name | peer-address [peer_address | greater-than peer_address | less-than peer_address | > peer_address | < peer_address]

Displays information for the foreign agent service specified by name or peer IP address.

fa-service *fa name* must be an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

peer-address peer address must be specified using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

greater-than peer address: Specifies the range of IPv4 addresses greater than peer address.

less-than peer address: Specifies the range of IPv4 addresses less than peer address.

> peer address: Specifies the range of IPv4 addresses greater than peer address.

< peer address: Specifies the range of IPv4 addresses less than peer address.

peer-address [operator] peer address

In conjunction with the **mipfa [summary] peer-address** keyword, indicates a range of peers is to be displayed.

peer-address [operator] peer_address must be specified using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

operator implies how to logically specify a range of peer-address and it must be one of the following:

- <: IP address is less than the specified *peer address*
- >: IP address is greater than the specified *peer_address*
- greater-than: IP address is greater than the specified peer address
- less-than: IP address is less than the specified peer address

peers fa-service $service_name$ [current-sessions $\{\{> | greater$ -than $\}$ sessions [< sessions] $|\{< | less$ -than $\}$ sessions] | sessions] [peer-address per address per]

Displays peer servers for the specified FA service.

fa-service *service_name*: Specifies the name of an existing FA service for which the associated peer servers are to be displayed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

current-sessions: Displays only peer servers with current sessions meeting the following criteria:

- > | greater-than sessions: Displays only peer servers currently running sessions higher than the value entered in this parameter. sessions must be an integer from 1 to 3000000. **Note**: the keyword "greater-than" and the ">" symbol are interchangeable in this instance of the command.
- < sessions: Displays only peer servers that are currently running sessions I than the **greater-than** parameter but less than the value entered in this parameter. sessions must be an integer from 1 to 3000000.

- < | less-than *sessions*: Displays only peer servers currently running sessions lower than the value entered in this parameter. *sessions* must be an integer from 1 to 3000000. **Note**: the keyword "less-than" and the "<" symbol are interchangeable in this instance of the command.
- > sessions: Displays only peer servers that are currently running sessions lower than the **less-than** parameter but more than the value entered in this parameter. sessions must be an integer from 1 to 3000000.
- sessions: Displays only peer servers currently running sessions that are equal to the value entered in this parameter. sessions must be an integer from 1 to 3000000.

peer-address address: Displays only peer servers matching the IP address entered in this parameter. address must be specified using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation and can be followed by the netmask of the address.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

View MIP foreign agent information to support troubleshooting subscriber issues by viewing call information and filtering on the subscriber information using various methods.

Example

The following displays the call information for all mobile IP FA calls and statistics for *fa1*, respectively:

```
show mipfa all
```

The following command displays the statistics for the foreign agent service fal:

```
show mipfa statistics fa-service fal
```

The following commands displays call information for user *user6@aaa* in full detail and in summary:

```
show mipfa full username user6@aaa show mipfa summary username user1
```

The following displays MIP FA call information for calls from mobile subscriber 4412345678 and peer address 10.2.3.4, respectively:

```
show mipfa msid 4412345678 4412345678
show mipfa peer-address 10.2.3.4
```



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mipha

Displays information for specified Mobile IP Home Agent (MIP-HA) calls.

Product

HA

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

```
[local]host name#
```

Syntax Description

```
show mipha { [ [ counters | full | summary ] { all | callid call_id | imsi
   imsi_num | ip-address ip_addr | msid msid_num | peer-address [ operator ]

peer_address | reverse-tunnel { on | off } | username user_name } | statistics
   [ ha-service ha_name | peer-address peer_address ] } ] | peers ha-service

service_name [ current-sessions { { > | greater-than } sessions [ < sessions ]
   | { < | less-than } sessions [ > sessions ] | sessions } ] [ peer-address

address ] } [ | { grep grep options | more } ]
```

counters | full | summary

Default: concise output.

counters: Displayed output includes the statistical counters.

full: Displays detailed information.

summary: Displays only summary information.

These options are not available in conjunction with the **statistics** keyword.

msid *msid num*

Displays information for the subscriber with the supplied MSID on HA.

msid *msid_num* specifies a mobile subscriber ID for which information is to be displayed. *ms_id* must be from 7 to 16 digits for an IMSI, MIN, or RMI and /or characters \$ and * for wildcard filtering.

If **enforce imsi-min equivalence** is enabled on the chassis and MIN or IMSI numbers are supplied, this keyword/ filter will show subscribers with a corresponding MSID (MIN or IMSI) whose lower 10 digits matches the lower 10 digits of the supplied MSID.

show mipha msid ABCD0123456789 or

show mipha msid 0123456789

Shows any subscriber with a MSID that match the lower 10 digits of MSID supplied, such as 0123456789.

show mipha msid 01234567\$\$

Shows any subscriber with a MSID that match the upper 8 digits of the supplied MSID, such as 01234567 and any two digits at the remaining two places.

all | callid call_id | imsi imsi_num | ip-address ip_addr | msid msid_num | peer-address [operator] peer_address | reverse-tunnel { on | off } | username user_name

all: Displays all available information.

callid call id: Displays information only for calls with the call ID specified as a 4-byte hexadecimal number.

imsi *imsi num*: Specifies an IMSI (international mobile subscriber ID) for which information is to be displayed. The IMSI is a 15-character field which identifies the subscriber's home country and carrier.

ip-address *ip_addr*: Displays statistics for a call with the IP address specified in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

msid *msid_num*: Specifies a mobile subscriber ID only for which information is to be displayed. *ms_id* must be from 7 to 16 digits specified as an IMSI, MIN, or RMI.

peer-address peer_address: Displays statistical information for the peer IP address specified using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

reverse-tunnel { **on** | **off** }: Enables the display of reverse IP tunnel information.

username *user_name*: Displays user MIP call information for the username specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 127 characters including wildcard characters (\$ and *).

peer-address [operator] peer_address

In conjunction with **mipha [summary] peer-address** keyword, indicates a range of peers is to be displayed. *peer address* must be specified using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

operator implies how to logically specify a range of peer-addresses and it must be one of the following:

- <: IP address is less than the specified *peer address*
- >: IP address is greater than the specified peer address
- greater-than: IP address is greater than the specified peer address
- less-than: IP address is less than the specified peer address

statistics [ha-service ha_name | peer-address peer_address]

Displays statistical information for the home agent service specified by its name (an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters) or peer IP address (IPv4 notation).

peers ha-service $service_name[$ current-sessions $\{\{>|$ greater-than $\}$ sessions[< sessions]| $\{<|$ less-than $\}$ sessions[> sessions]| [peer-address address]

Displays peer servers for the specified HA service.

ha-service *service_name*: Specifies the name of an existing HA service for which the associated peer servers are to be displayed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

current-sessions: Displays only peer servers with current sessions meeting the following criteria:

- > | greater-than *sessions*: Displays only peer servers currently running sessions higher than the value entered in this parameter. *sessions* must be an integer from 1 to 3000000. **Note**: the keyword "greater-than" and the ">" symbol are interchangeable in this instance of the command.
- < sessions: Displays only peer servers that are currently running sessions higher than the **greater-than** parameter but less than the value entered in this parameter. sessions must be an integer from 1 to 3000000.
- < | less-than *sessions*: Displays only peer servers currently running sessions lower than the value entered in this parameter. *sessions* must be an integer from 1 to 3000000. **Note**: the keyword "less-than" and the "<" symbol are interchangeable in this instance of the command.

- > sessions: Displays only peer servers that are currently running sessions lower than the **less-than** permitter but more than the value entered in this parameter. sessions must be an integer from 1 to 3000000.
- sessions: Displays only peer servers currently running sessions that are equal to the value entered in this parameter. sessions must be an integer from 1 to 3000000.

peer-address address: Displays only peer servers matching the IP address entered in this parameter. address must be specified using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation and can be followed by the netmask of the address.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

View MIP home agent information to support troubleshooting subscriber issues by viewing call information and filtering on the subscriber information using various methods.

Example

The following displays the call information for all mobile IP HA calls and statistics for *ha1*, respectively:

```
show mipha all show mipha statistics ha-service hal
```

The following commands displays call information for user *ispluser1* in full detail and in summary:

```
show mipha full username ispluser1 show mipha summary username user1
```

The following displays MIP-HA call information for calls from mobile subscribers with reverse tunneling *off* and peer address 10.2.3.4, respectively:

```
show mipha reverse-tunnel off show mipha peer-address 10.2.3.4
```



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mipv6ha

Displays information for specified Mobile IPv6 Home Agent (MIPv6-HA) calls.

Product PDSN HA

Privilege Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

```
[local]host_name#
```

Syntax Description

```
show mipv6ha [ all | callid callid | counters filter | full filter |
ipv6-address ip_addr| statistics mipv6ha-service mipv6ha-service_name | summary
filter | username user_name ]
```

all

Displays all information for MIPv6-HA calls.

callid call id

Specifies the Call Identification number as an 8-digit hexadecimal number.

counters [all | callid | ipv6-address | username]

Displays the counters associated with the MIPv6-HA service. The following filters are available:

- all
- · callid:
- ipv6-address
- username

full [all | callid | ipv6-address | username]

Displays all available information for the associated display or filter keyword.

The following filters are available:

- all
- · callid:
- · ipv6-address
- username

ipv6-address ip_addr

Displays information for subscribers connected via the packet control function for a specific or range of IPv6 addresses. The address must be specified using the IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.

- <: Filters output so that only information less than the specified IPv6 address value is displayed.
- >: Filters output so that only information greater than the specified IPv6 address value is displayed.
- less-than: Filters output so that only information less than the specified IPv6 address value is displayed.
- greater-than: Filters output so that only information greater than the specified IPv6 address value is displayed.

statistics [mipv6ha-service mipv6ha-service_name]

Displays all information collected for specific protocol since last the **restart** or **clear** command.

This can be filtered according to a specified mipv6ha-service.

summary [all | callid | ipv6-address | username]

Displays summary information for defined sessions, based on defined parameters.

The following filters are available:

- all
- · callid:
- · ipv6-address
- username

username user_name

Displays session information for a specific username.

Usage Guidelines

View MIPv6 home agent information to support troubleshooting subscriber issues by viewing call information and filtering on the subscriber information using various methods.

Example

The following displays the call information for all mobile IPv6 HA calls:

show mipv6ha all

The following command displays call information for user *mipv6hauser1* in full detail and in summary:

show mipv6ha full username mipv6hauser1



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mme-embms-service

Displays configuration information for MME-eMBMS services on this system. MME-eMBMS is the LTE version of Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service (eMBMS) on the Cisco Mobility Management Entity (MME).

Product

MME

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

mme embms service name

Identifies the name of a specific MME-eMBMS service. The name comprises a string of 1 to 63 alphanumeric characters.

all

Lists all configured MME-eMBMS service instances on the system and displays upper-level service information for each of the services.

all-session-info [summary]

Lists all active eMBMS sessions currently being handled by the MMEmgr. Optionally, the display can provide a summary of eMBMS information for each session.

m3ap statistics { all [verbose] | name }

Displays all M3AP statistics available for the MME or displays the M3AP statistics for the named "active" MME-eMBMS service. With the **all** keyword, the command output is used to clarify status of MBMS sessions with the following counters in the output:

- MBMS Session Start Request
- MBMS Session Start Response
- MBMS Session Start Response Failure

mce-association { all | full | name | path-info }

Displays peer MCE associations for either all eMBMS services or specifically for the named eMBMS service. Filters are included in the CLI to control the level of detail in the output.

When the **mce-association** and **path-info** keywords are used together, the output displays path information for the MCEs associated with either all or only with the named MME-eMBMS service(s).

mce-session-association { plmn-id mcc mcc mnc mce-id mce_id | tmgi-service-id tmgi_service_id mbms-flow-id mbms flow id }

Displays the MCE session associations for either

- a specific carrier, identified by the PLMN ID
- specific session attributes, such as Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI) and/or Flow Identifier

name mme_embms_service_name [summary]

Displays the configuration for the named eMBMS service.

sctp statistics { all | name mme_embms_service_name }

Displays SCTP statistics for all or named "active" eMBMS service(s)

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view configuration information for MME-eMBMS services on this system and to monitor status of the MCE associations and sessions.

Example

The following command displays MCE session information filtered by the TMGI 42949672:

show mme-embms-service mce-session-association tmgi-service-id 42949672

show mme-hss session

Displays session information of Mobility Management Entity-Home Subscriber Server (MME-HSS) service(s) running on a peer or local system.

Product

MME

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show mme-hss session [ summary | full ] [ all | call-id call_identifier |
mdn mdn_string | nai nai_string ] [ verbose ] [ | { grep grep_options | more }
]
```

summary

This keyword displays the summarized output of this command.

full

This keyword displays detailed output of this command.

all

This keyword displays information of all MME-HSS sessions running on this system.

call-id call_identifier

Displays summarized or detailed statistics of MME-HSS sessions running and filtered by the call identifier with an MME-HSS service configured on this system.

call_identifier must an existing call identity in eight character Hex digit format running on an MME service on system.

mdn *mdn_string*

Displays summarized or detailed statistics of MME-HSS sessions running and filtered by mobile directory Number (MDN) with an MME-HSS service configured on this system.

mdn string must be an alphanumeric string of 1 to 100 characters.

nai *nai_string*

Displays summarized or detailed statistics of MME-HSS sessions running and filtered by Network Access Identifier (NAI) with an MME service configured on this system.

nai string must be an alphanumeric string of 1 to 128 characters.

verbose

This keyword displays the comprehensive information of specific or set of arguments.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

This argument searches the output of the root command and selects the lines matching one or more patterns/options. The types of patterns are controlled by the options specified with *grep options*.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the Regulating a Command's Output section in CLI Overview chapter of the Command Line Interface Reference.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view detailed or summarized session statistics of MME-HSS sessions running on MME-HSS services on a system. This command also provides the various filter criteria to display the session statistics.

Example

The following command displays information of all MME-HSS sessions of MME-HSS services running on a system:

show mme-hss session all



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

The following command displays summarized session information of all MME-HSS sessions running on a system:

show mme-hss session summary all

show mme-service

Displays configuration information for Mobility Management Entity (MME) services on this system.

Product

MME

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show mme-service { all | name svc_name [ offload statistics ] } [ | { grep
grep_options | more } ]
```

all

Displays configuration information for all MME services configured on this system.

name service_name

Displays configuration information for an existing MME service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

offload statistics

Displays configuration information for the MME load rebalancing feature (UE offload), as well as current statistics about any active offloading processes.

This keyword option is only available in Release 14.0 and higher.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view configuration information for MME services on this system.

Example

The following command displays service statistics for the MME service named *mme1*:

show mme-service name mme1



Important

Output descriptions for these commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mme-service db record

Displays the Mobile Management Entity (MME) database records for MME sessions grouped in session instances on this system and filtered with IMSI or GUTI as criteria.

Product

MME

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show mme-service db record { all | call-id call_id | guti plmn plmn_id
group-id mme_grp_id code mme_code m-tmsi mtmsi_value | imsi imsi_identifier }
```

all

Displays all database records of a session instance used for MME service.

call-id *call_id*

Displays database records filtered by the call ID specified as an 8-digit hexadecimal number

guti plmn *plmn_id* group-id *mme_grp_id* code *mme_code* m-tmsi *mtmsi_value*

Displays database records filtered by the Globally Unique Temporary Identifier (GUTI). The GUTI is constructed from the GUMMEI and the M-TMSI.

The GUMMEI is constructed from the public land mobile network (PLMN) ID [MMC and MNC] and the MME Group ID (MMEGI). Within the MME, the mobile is identified by the M-TMSI.

A GUTI has: 1) a unique identity for the MME which allocated the GUTI; and 2) the unique identity of the UE within the MME that allocated the GUTI.

The MME Identifier (MMEI) is constructed from an MME Group ID (MMEGI) and an MME Code (MMEC).

imsi imsi_identifier

Displays database records filtered by International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI).

imsi_identifier is a 15-character IMSI field which identifies the subscriber's home country and carrier. Wildcard characters \$ and * are allowed. The * wildcard matches multiple characters and the \$ wildcard matches a single character. If you do not want the wildcard characters interpreted as a wildcard enclose them in single quotes ('). For example; '\$'.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view database records for all or a particular instance of session manager for MME services on this system with IMSI or GUTI as a filter criteria.

Example

The following command displays the summary database records of a session instance for a subscriber having IMSI as 123455432112345 in the MME service:

show mme-service db record imsi 123455432112345



Important

Output descriptions for these commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mme-service db statistics

This command displays the Mobile Management Entity (MME) database statistics for all or specific MME sessions on this system.

Product

MME

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

show mme-service db statistics [instance smgr instance]

instance smgr_instance

Displays MME database statistics for a specific instance of a session manager running the MME service.

smgr_instance is an instance ID specified as an integer from 0 through 4294967295. If an instance is not specified, summary statistics are displayed.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view database statistics for all or a particular instance of session manager for MME services on this system.

Example

The following command displays summary database statistics for the MME service running on a system:

show mme-service db statistics



Important

Output descriptions for these commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mme-service enodeb-association

Displays configuration information for an eNodeB association within an MME service.

Product

MME

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

summary

Displays summarized output for this command.

full

Displays detailed output for this command.

wf1

Displays output in a tabular format.

path-info

Displays S1 path association information of eNodeBs associated with MME services on this system.

all

Displays information of all eNodeBs associated with MME services on this system.

enodeb-name enodeb name

Displays information for the specified eNodeB associated with MME services on this system.

henbgw

Displays information for Home eNodeB Gateways (HeNB-GWs) associated with MME services on this system.



Important

In Release 20, 21.0 and 21.1, HeNBGW is not supported. This keyword must not be used for HeNBGW in these releases. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.

ipsec

Displays information of all IPSec enabled eNodeBs associated with MME services on this system.

mme-service-name mme_svc_name

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information for eNodeBs associated with an existing MME service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

peer-address peer_ip_address

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information of eNodeBs associated with an existing MME peer IP address configured with an MME service and expressed in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.

peer-id *peer_identifier*

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information for eNodeBs associated with a an existing MME peer ID configured with an MME service and specified as an integer from 1 through 4294967295.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the Command Line Interface Overview chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view configuration information of eNodeBs associated with an MME service on this system.

Example

The following command displays detailed service statistics for associated eNodeBs within the MME service named ingress:

show mme-service enodeb-association full mme-service-name ingress



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mme-service id

This command displays the current number of MME-assigned and eNodeB-assigned S1AP session IDs.

MME Product

Inspector **Privilege**

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local] host name#

Syntax Description

```
show mme-service id summary [ service-name name [ sessmgr instance ] ] | [
peer-id id [ sessmgr instance ] ] [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
```

id summary

Displays the current number of MME-assigned and eNodeB-assigned S1AP session IDs.

service-name name

Filters the output of the command by for an existing MME service name specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

peer-id id

Filters the output of the command by a MME peer identifier specified as an integer from 1 through 4294967295.

sessmgr instance

Filters the output of the command by the specified session manager instance as an integer from 1 through 4294967295.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display the current number of MME-assigned and eNodeB-assigned S1AP session IDs.

show mme-service session

Displays session information for Mobile Management Entity (MME) service(s) running on a peer or local system.

Product

MME

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show mme-service session [ summary | full | counters ] [ all | callid
call_identifier | imei imei_id | imsi imsi_id | ipsec | mme-service service_name
| msisdn number | pdn-address pdn_ip_address | s1-peer s1_peer_ip_address |
```

```
s11-peer s11_peer_ip_address | vlr-name vlr_name | ue-ecm-state { connected |
idle } ] [ | { grep grep options | more } ]
```

summary

Displays summarized output for this command.

full

Displays detailed output for this command.

counters

Displays all counters for related events and messages for an MME session running on a system.

all

Displays information for all MME sessions running on this system.

callid call_identifier

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information for an MME session filtered by a call identifier within an MME service configured on this system.

call_identifier must be an existing call identity in 8-digit hexadecimal format running in an MME service on this system.

imei *imei_id*

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information about MME sessions running and filtered by an International Mobile Equipment Identification (IMEI) number within an MME service configured on this system.

imei_id must be an existing IMEI in an existing MME service on the system. *imei_id* must contain an 8-digit TAC (Type Allocation Code) and a 6-digit SNR (Serial Number).

imsi *imsi id*

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information about MME sessions running and filtered by an International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) number within an MME service configured on the system.

imsi_id must be an existing IMSI in an existing MME service on the system. *imsi_id* is a 15-character IMSI field which identifies the subscriber's home country and carrier.

Wildcard characters \$ and * are allowed. The * wildcard matches multiple characters and the \$ wildcard matches a single character. If you do not want the wildcard characters interpreted as a wildcard enclose them in single quotes ('). For example; '\$'.

ipsec

Displays information for all IPSec enabled sessions using MME services on the system.

mme-service service name

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information about MME sessions running and filtered by an MME service name configured on the system.

service_name must be a configured MME service on the system, expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

msisdn *number*

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information about MME sessions running and filtered by a Mobile Station International ISDN Number.

number must be a combination of the CC (Country Code) and National (significant) mobile number, not exceeding 15 digits.

pdn-address pdn_ip_address

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information about MME sessions running and filtered by the IP address of a connected PDN(s) within an MME service configured on this system.

pdn_ip_address must be a configured IP address of a PDN expressed in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation within an existing MME service on the system.

s1-peer s1_peer_ip_address

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information of MME sessions running and filtered by the IP address of a peer connected through an S1 interface within an MME service configured on this system.

s1_peer_ip_address must be a configured IP address of a peer on S1 interface expressed in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation within an existing MME service on this system.

s11-peer s11_peer_ip_address

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information of MME sessions running and filtered by IP address of a peer connected through S11 interface with an MME service configured on this system.

s11_peer_ip_address must be a configured IP address of a peer on S11 interface expressed in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation within an existing MME service on this system.

vlr-name vlr name

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information of MME sessions running and filtered by Visitor Location Register (VLR) name.

vlr name must be an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

ue-ecm-state { connected | idle }

Displays summarized or detailed configuration information about MME sessions running and filtered by the UE's EPS Connected Management (ECM) state.

connected: Specifies that summarized or detailed configuration information about MME sessions is to be displayed based on the UE ECM state of "connected".

idle: Specifies that summarized or detailed configuration information about MME sessions is to be displayed based on the UE ECM state of "idle".

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view information for MME sessions within MME services on this system.

Example

The following command displays detailed session statistics for an MME service running on this system:

show mme-service session full



Important

Output descriptions for these commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

The following command displays detailed session counters for an MME service running on this system:

show mme-service session counters

show mme-service statistics

This command displays MME service statistics specified by various criteria.

Product

MME

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show mme-service statistics [ dcnr | decor [ decor-profile profile_name ] |
emm-only | esm-only | handover | mme-service mme_svc_name | paging-profile
[ profile-name paging_profile_name ] | peer-id peer_identifier | recovered-values
| slap | sctp | tai taidb db_name mcc mcc mcc mnc tac tac ] + [ verbose ]
[ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
```

dcnr

Displays the dual connectivity NR statistics.

decor [decor-profile *profile_name*]

Displays the Decor statistics for all the configured Decor profile(s).

decor-profile *profile_name*: Displays Decor statistics for the specified Decor profile. *profile_name* must be an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

emm-only

Displays only EPS mobility management (EMM) related statistics, or filters EMM statistics for a specific MME service name or a specific eNodeB association peer identifier.

esm-only

Displays only EPS session management (ESM) related statistics, or filters ESM statistics for a specific MME service name or a specific eNodeB association peer identifier.

handover

Displays only handover related statistics (such as Intra-MME, EUTRAN<->EUTRAN via S10, EUTRAN<->UTRAN via GnGp, EUTRAN<->GERAN via GnGp, and EUTRAN<->UTRAN via S3), or filters handover statistics for a specific MME service name or a specific eNodeB association peer identifier.

mme-service mme_svc_name

Displays MME service statistics for only the specified MME service name.

paging-profile [profile-name paging_profile_name]

Displays the paging profile statistics for all the configured paging-profile(s) one after another.

profile-name paging profile name: Displays the paging profile statistics for the given profile name. paging profile name must be an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

peer-id peer identifier

Displays MME service statistics for only the specified eNodeB association peer identifier.

recovered-values

Enables the display of recovered counter values if the backup and recovery of statistics has been enabled. This keyword can be combined with the **emm-only**, the **esm-only**, or the **peer-id** options. For details on this feature, refer to the *Backup and Recovery of Key KPI Statistics* feature chapter in the *MME Administration Guide*.

s1ap

Displays only S1-AP related statistics, or filters S1-AP statistics for a specific MME service name or a specific eNodeB association peer identifier..

sctp

Displays only SCTP related statistics, or filters SCTP statistics for a specific MME service name or a specific eNodeB association peer identifier.

tai taidb db_name mcc mcc mnc mnc tac tac

Displays only TAI statistics stored for the specified TAI management database name and MCC/MNC/TAC

db_name: Specifies the name of the TAI management database as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

mcc: specifies the mobile country code (MCC) portion of a PLMN identifier as an integer from 100 through 999.

mnc: specifies the mobile network code (MNC) portion of a PLMN identifier as a 2- or 3-digit integer from 00 through 999.

tac: specifies the Tracking Area Code portion of the TAI as an integer from 1 through 65535.



Important

For the MME to report TAI level statistics, you must first issue the MME Service Configuration Mode command: **statistics collection-mode tai.** Only those MME Services which are configured accordingly will provide TAI based statistics. When the collection-mode is configured to **tai**, the **peer-id** keyword will no longer report valid statistics (All values will be shown as ZERO).



Caution

Changing this collection mode will restart the MME service and will clear all statistics at the MME service and eNodeB level.

verbose

Displays comprehensive information for a specific argument or set of arguments.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

This command is used to display the statistical information of MME services based on various filter criteria.

Example

The following command displays all service statistics for all MME services on a system:

show mme-service statistics

The following command displays the service statistics of all MME services on a system related to S1-AP:

show mme-service statistics slap

The following command displays only EMM related statistics for the only the MME service named **ingress**:

show mme-service statistics mme-service ingress emm-only

show module

Displays the current status of the Version Priority List (VPL) for one or all plugin modules installed on the system. This command is associated with the dynamic software upgrade process.

A11 **Product**

Security Administrator, Administrator **Privilege**

Exec **Command Modes**

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

show module [plugin name]

plugin_name

Filters the output of the VPL by an existing plugin name expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 16 characters.

Usage Guidelines

Display the priority, load status, location, installation timestamp and download status of one or all plugin modules. A plugin module is a shared object library that can be dynamically updated or rolled back. Refer to the System Administration Guide for additional information on dynamic software updates.

Example

The following command displays the VPL status of all plugin modules currently installed on the system:

show module

show mpls cross-connect

Displays Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) cross-connect information.

GGSN Product

Security Administrator, Administrator **Privilege**

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local] host name#

Syntax Description

show mpls cross-connect [| { grep grep options | more }]

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the Command Line Interface Overview chapter.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays MPLS cross-connect information. MPLS tunnel cross-connects between interfaces and Label-Switched Paths (LSPs) connect two distant interface circuits of the same type by creating MPLS tunnels that use LSPs as the conduit.

Example

The following command displays MPLS cross-connect information:

show mpls cross-connect



Important

Output descriptions for these commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mpls ftn

Displays MPLS FEC-to-NHLFE (FTN) table information.

Product

GGSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show mpls ftn [ vrf vrf name ] [ | { grep grep options | more } ]
```

vrf vrf_name

Displays FTN information for the Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays MPLS FEC (Forward Error Correction)-to-NHLFE (Next-Hop label Forwarding Entry) table information.

Example

The following command displays MPLS FTN information:

show mpls ftn



Important

Output descriptions for these commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mpls ilm

Displays MPLS Incoming Label Map (ILM) table information.

Product

GGSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local] host name#

Syntax Description

```
show mpls ilm [ fec | label label_value | verbose ][ | { grep grep_options |
more } ]
```

fec

Displays Forwarding Equivalency Class (FEC) information.

label label_value

Displays MPLS ILM information for the specified label. label_value is an integer from 16 through 1048575.

verbose

Displays detailed information for the MPLS ILM table.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays MPLS Incoming Label Map (ILM) table information.

Example

The following command displays information for MPLS ILM information:

show mpls ilm



Important

Output descriptions for these commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mpls ldp

Displays MPLS Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) information.

Product

GGSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show mpls ldp { bindings { ldp-id IPv4_add | local [ ldp-id | local | prefix
| remote ] | prefix IPv4_addr | remote } | discovery | neighbor { detail |
ldp-id } }
```

bindings

Displays the MPLS LDP label bindings.

Idp-id

Displays label values for a specific peer LDP ID.

local

Displays locally assigned label values.

prefix

Displays label values for a specific prefix.

remote

Displays remotely assigned label values.

discovery

Displays the MPLS LDP discovery information.

neighbor

Displays the MPLS LDP peer information.

detail

Displays the MPLS LDP peer information in details. The displayed information includes, Local LDP ID, Peer LDP ID, Transport address, State (for example, Established), Role (for example, Active), Uptime, Keepalive negotiated hold time, Proposed Local/Peer, Remaining Keepalive hold time, and Address advertised.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays statistical information for an MPLS Label Distribution Protocol configuration. The information includes Prefix, LDP ID, Label, Nexthop, and Egress_if_index for all MPLS LDP Bindings configurations.

Example

The following command displays information about MPLS LDP protocol related configurations:

show mpls ldp discovery neighbor ldp-id 10.2.3.4 detail bindings ldp-id 31.32.33.34 prefix 192.168.102.232 local remote

The following command displays the MPLS LDP discovery information, including, LDP Peer IDs, Hold time (in seconds), Proposed Local/Peer, and Remaining (time in seconds):

show mpls ldp discovery

The following command displays the remotely assigned label values in the MPLS LDP binding configuration:

show mpls ldp bindings remote



Important

Output descriptions for these commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mpls nexthop-label-forwarding-entry

Displays MPLS Next-Hop Label Forwarding Entry (NHLFE) table information.

Product

GGSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

show mpls nexthop-label-forwarding-entry [| { grep grep options | more }]

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

This command displays MPLS Next-Hop Label Forwarding Entry (NHLFE) table information.

Example

The following command displays MPLS NHLFE information:

show mpls nexthop-label-forwarding-entry



Important

Output descriptions for these commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show mrme-service

Displays configuration and/or statistical information for MRME services on this system.

Product

SaMOG

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Syntax Description

```
show mrme-service { all | name name | statistics { all [ verbose ] |
dns-stats | name name [ dns-stats ] } } [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
```

all

Displays all MRME services.

name name

Displays information for specific MRME service name.

name is a string of size 1 to 63.

statistics

Displays Node level Statistics for MRME.

verbose

Specifies Detailed statistics.

dns-stats

Specifies the information related to the DNS selection of P-GW.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to displays configuration and/or statistical information for MRME services on this system.

Example

show mrme-service all

show mrme-service active-session

Displays configuration and statistical information of the data stored in the active session entry (if present) of the specified User Equipment's (UE) MAC address.

Product

SaMOG

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Syntax Description

show mrme-service active-session mac mac_address [| { grep grep_options |
more }]

mac mac_address

Specifies the MAC address.

mac_address must be an alpha-numeric string of 1 to 15 characters and should not be separated by a colon or hyphen.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display the configuration and statistical information of the data stored in the active session entry (if present) of the specified User Equipment's (UE) MAC address.

Example

show mrme-service active-session mac 001d33227310

show mrme-service imsi-sticky

Displays configuration and statistical information of the IMSI to session manager mapping (if available) in the mapping table of the IPSG manager.

Product

SaMOG

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Syntax Description

show mrme-service imsi-sticky imsi imsi_value [| { grep grep_options | more
}]

imsi imsi value

Specifies the International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) value.

imsi value must be an integer from 1 to 15 digits.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display configuration and statistical information of the IMSI to session manager mapping (if available) in the mapping table of the IPSG manager.

Example

show mrme-service imsi-sticky imsi 123456789 all

show mrme-service mac-sticky

Displays configuration and statistical information of the User Equipment (UE) MAC address to IMSI mapping (if available) in the mapping table of the IPSG manager.

Product

SaMOG

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Syntax Description

show mrme-service mac-sticky mac mac_address [| { grep grep_options | more
}]

mac mac address

Specifies the MAC address.

mac_address must be an alpha-numeric string of 1 to 15 characters and should not be separated by a colon or hyphen.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display the configuration and statistical information of the User Equipment (UE) MAC address to IMSI mapping (if available) in the mapping table of the IPSG manager.

Example

show mrme-service mac-sticky mac 001d33227310

show mseg-config

This command is not supported in this release.

show mseg-service

This command is not supported in this release.

show multicast-sessions

Displays information for multicast sessions defined by the specified keywords.

Product

PDSN

GGSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show multicast-sessions [ command_keyword ] [ filter_keywords ] [ | { grep
grep options | more }
```

command_keyword

The following keywords are base commands that each have a distinct display output. Only one keyword can entered on the command line.

debug-info { callid id | flowid id }

Displays internal call troubleshooting information for multicast sessions defined by the specified keywords.

callid id: Displays subscriber information for the call specified as an 8-digit hexadecimal number.

flowid id: Displays information for a specific BCMCS flow, defined by The flow ID as a hexadecimal number.

full

Displays all available multicast session information. The following filter keywords are valid for this command: active, all, callid, card-num, dormant, flowid, flowid-type, mcast-address, pcf, pdsn-service, grep, more

summary

Only displays a summary of multicast session information. The following commands are valid for this command: active, all, callid, card-num, dormant, flowid, flowid-type, mcast-address, pcf, pdsn-service, grep, more

filter_keywords

The following keywords are filters that modify or filter the output of the Command Keywords. Not all filters are available for all Command Keywords. Multiple Filter Keywords can be entered on a command line.

When multiple Filter Keywords are specified, the output conforms to all of the Filter Keywords specifications.

active

Only displays information for multicast sessions that are currently active.

all

If no keywords are specified before **all**, information for all multicast sessions is displayed. If keywords are specified before **all**, all information is displayed with no further options being allowed.

callid *id*

Displays multicast session information for the call specified by *id*. The call must be specified as an 8-digit hexadecimal number.

card-num card_num

The slot number of the processing card by which the subscriber session is processed. *card_num* is a slot number from 1 through 7 or 10 through 16 on the ASR 5000, or 1 through 4 or 7 through 10 on the ASR 5500.

dormant

Shows information for subscriber sessions that are dormant (not transmitting or receiving data).

flowid id

Displays information for a specific BCMCS flow, defined by id. The flow ID must be a hexadecimal number.

flowid-type [flow | program]

Displays information for multicast sessions according to the type of flow.

flow: Shows all multicast sessions for the flow ID type "flow".

program: Shows all multicast sessions for the flow ID type "program".

mcast-address ipv4_address

Show multicast sessions for a specific multicast address. Must be followed by the IP address of an interface, using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

pcf ipv4 address

Displays information for multicast sessions connected via the packet control function, defined by *ipv4_address*. The address must be specified using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

pdsn-service svc name

Displays information for multicast session connected to the packet data service *svc_name*. The packet data service must have been previously configured and expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

Please refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter for details on the usage of **grep** and **more**.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view information about multicast sessions.

The output of this command may be considered for part of a periodic system auditing program by verifying active and dormant sessions.

Example

The following command displays the all broadcast-multicast sessions active in a context/system:

show multicast-sessions all



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show network-requested-pdp-context

Displays information for the specified network-requested packet data protocol (PDP) context.

Product

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Privilege

Exec

GGSN

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local] host name#

Syntax Description

show network-requested-pdp-context imsi imsi value

imsi imsi value

Specifies that information will be displayed for a particular International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI). *imsi value* is an integer from 1 to 15 digits.

Usage Guidelines

USe this command to display information pertaining to network-requested PDP contexts.

Example

The following command displays network-requested PDP context information for a subscriber with an IMSI of *123456789*:

show network-requested-pdp-context imsi 123456789

show network-service-entity

Displays information regarding the network service entities (NSEs) in the network.

Product

SGSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show network-service-entity { consolidated-status | fr-config [ peer-nsei
    nsei] | ip-config [ nsvl { all | instance value } }
```

consolidated-status

Displays Network Service Virtual Connection (NSVC) status information for all network service entities in the network. This keyword is particularly useful for troubleshooting.

fr-config [peer-nsei *nsei*]

Displays network service configurations for NSEs using Frame Relay configurations.

peer-nsei nsei limits the display to a specific peer NSE identified as an integer from 0 through 65535.

ip-config [nsvl { all | instance value }

Displays network service configurations for NSEs using IP configurations.

Including the **nsvl** keyword limits the display to all or a single (instance 0 to 3) of a network service virtual link.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display NSE information pertaining to the NSVCs of the NSEs in the networks or NSEs configured for Frame Relay or IP.

Example

The following command displays the status of all the NSVCs for all the NSEs in the network.

show network-service-entity consolidated-status

show npu arp

Displays an Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) for a specified VPN identifier.

Product

ASR 5000 only

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

show npu arp lookup vpnid identifier nexthop ip_address slot slot_number

identifier

Specifies a valid VPN identifier as an integer from 0 through 2114.

nexthop *ip_address*

Specifies a valid nexthop IP address in IPv4 dotted decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.

slot slot_number

Specifies the slot number of the card for which the lookup is being form. *slot* is one of the following integers: 1, 2, 8 or 9.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to perform an aRP lookup of a valid VPNid.

Example

The following command displays ARP lookup information for VPN 234:

show npu arp lookup vpnid 234 nexthop 10.1.1.1 slot 8

show npu error-counters

Displays packet error counters.

Product

ASR 5000 only

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show npu error-counters [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
```

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

View network timing protocol information to troubleshooting system clock issues by displaying the associations and status of the local NTP client.

Example

The following displays the NPU information.

```
show npu error-counters
show npu error-counters |grep qwe
```

show npu tm

Displays queue status and performance statistics from the Traffic Manager (TM) component of an MIO NPU.

Product

ASR 5500 only

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show npu tm { queue card/cpu/npu [ mode { both | hex | text } ] | statistics
  card/cpu/npu [ reset ] [ | { grep grep options | more } ]
```

queue [mode { both | hex | text }]

Displays the TM queuing information for the specified NPU. The **mode** option allows you to specify hexadecimal, ASCII text or both types of display values.

statistics [reset]

Displays TM-related operational statistics. The **reset** option allows you to clear the statistical counters.

card/cpu/npu

Specifies the card slot (5 or 6), CPU number (0), and NPU number (1 through 4).

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display queue status and performance statistics from the Traffic Manager (TM) component of an MIO NPU.

Example

The following command displays cumulative TM statistics for all NPUs associated with CPU 0 on the MIO in slot 5:

show npu tm statistics 5/0

The following command displays individual statistics for NPU 3 associated with CPU 0 on the MIO in slot 5.

show npu tm statistics 5/0/3

show npu utilization

Displays NPU utilization information.

Product

ASR 5000, ASR 5500, VPC

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

show npu utilization table [| { grep grep options | more }]

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Displays NPU manager state table information.

For the VPC, this command displays IFTASK core statistics for each active and standby SF. Statistics are reported for the past five seconds, past five minutes and past 15 minutes.

Example

The following displays the NPU information.

```
show npu utilization table
show npu utilization table | grep qwe
```

show ntp

Displays the network timing protocol (NTP) associations and status.

Product

All

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show ntp { associations | status } [ address ip\_address ] [ | { grep grep options | more } ]
```

associations

Displays the current NTP server associations and related statistics.

status

Displays the client permeates configured and the synchronization status.

address ip_address

Specifies the IP address of an NTP server/client in the current context in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

View network timing protocol information to troubleshooting system clock issues by displaying the associations and status of the local NTP client.

Example

The following displays the NTP associations and status, respectively.

```
show ntp associations show ntp status
```



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show nw-reachability server

Displays the configuration of network reachability servers for the current context.

Product

HA

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show nw-reachability server { all | ipv4-only | ipv6-only | name server_name
}
```

all

Displays configuration information for all network reachability servers in the current context.

ipv4-only

Displays IPv4 Network Reachability Detection servers.

ipv6-only

Displays IPv6 Network Reachability Detection servers.

name server_name

Displays configuration information for an existing network reachability server specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 15 characters.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display configuration information on network reachability servers configured in the current context.

Example

The following command displays information on all network reachability servers in the current context:

show nw-reachability server all



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show operator-policy

Displays the information configured for an operator policy.

Product

MME

SAEGW

S-GW

SGSN

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show operator-policy { all | full { all | name op_policy_name } | name
op_policy_name } [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
```

all

Displays a list of all operator policies configured on the system.

full { all | name op_policy_name }

full:Displays a full set of available information for the specified operator policy (policies).

all: Displays a full set of available information for all operator policies configured on the system.

name op_policy_name: Displays a full set of available information for an existing operator policy specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

name op_policy_name

Displays a full set of available information for an existing operator policy specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display information for operator policies configured on the system. Operator policies are configured through the Global Configuration Mode and in the Operator Policy Configuration Mode. For more information regarding operator policy commands, refer to the *Operator Policy Configuration Mode Commands* chapter.

Example

The following command displays all available information for an operator policy named policy-5:

show operator-policy full name policy-5

show orbem

Displays information and statistics for the Object Request Broker Element Manager (ORBEM) interface in the current context.

Product

All

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show orbem { client { id client_name | table } | event-notif-service filters
    | session { id session_name | table } | status } [ | { grep grep_options |
more } ]
```

client { id client_name | table }

Indicates the Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA) client information is to be displayed. The keyword **table** is used to output to the display information on all configured clients. The keyword **id** is used to specify a specific client for which information is to be displayed specified as *client name*.

client name must refer to an existing client which is found using the table keyword option.

event-notif-service filters

Displays information pertaining to filters configured for the ORB Notification Service.



Important

In 18.0 and later releases, this keyword is obsolete.

session { id session_name | table }

Indicates session information is to be displayed. The keyword **table** is used to output to the display information on all configured clients. The keyword **id** is used to specify a specific session for which information is to be displayed specified as *session name*.

session name must refer to an existing session which is found using the table keyword option.

status

Indicates that the ORBEM server status information is to be displayed.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Display current sessions when ORBEM system response may appear sluggish. This command is also useful in periodic verification of the server status.

Example

The following commands will display the information for all clients.

show orbem client table

The following commands display the information for the *clientName* and *sessionID*, respectively:

```
show orbem client id clientName
show orbem session id sessionId
```

The following command displays the ORBEM server status:

```
show orbem status
```

The following command displays the information for all sessions:

show orbem session table



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show patch progress

Displays the status of the on-going software patch installation.

Product

All

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

show patch progress

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to show the status of an on-going software patch installation.



Important

Software Patch Upgrades are not supported in this release.

show pcc-af service

Displays the statistical and configuration information of configured Policy and Charging Control-Application Function (PCC-AF) services configured in a context.

Product

IPCF

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show pcc-af service [ statistics ] { all | name pcc_af_svc_name | summary }
  [ | { grep grep options | more } ]
```

all

all: displays information for all configured PCC-AF services.

name pcc_af_svc_name

Displays information only for an existing PCC-AF service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters

statistics

Displays the statistical information for a specific service or all PCC-AF services configured in a context.

summary

Displays the summarized output of this command.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display the statistical and configuration information of configured PCC-AF services configured in a context.

Display can further be filtered for specific PCC-AF service name or summarized output of the command.

Example

The following command displays the information for the PCC-AF service named *pccApp1* in summarized output:

show pcc-af service name pccApp1 summary



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show pcc-af session

Displays the active/dormant session information about Policy and Charging Control- Application Function (PCC-AF) service instances configured and running on this system based on different filter criteria.

Product

IPCF

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show pcc-af sessions [ full | summary] [ all ] [ apn | call-id call_id |
ip-address pcc_af_ip_address | service pcc_af_svc_name | sipuri sip_uri ] ] [ |
{ grep grep options | more } ]
```

full

Displays the full information of specific registered IP Connectivity Access Network (IP-CAN) session(s) on a PCC-AF service instance running on system. Display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

summary

Displays summarized information for specific registered IP-CAN session(s) on a PCC-AF service instance running on system. Display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

all

Displays summarized or full information for all registered IP-CAN session(s) on a PCC-AF service instance running on system. Display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

apn apn_name

Displays information for PCC-AF service sessions connected via an existing APN at the Policy and Charging Enforcement Function (PCEF).

ip-address pcc_af_ip_address

Filters the display of full or summarized session statistics for IP-CAN session(s) based on the IP address of a registered PCC-AF server on a PCC-AF service instance.

pcc_af_ip_address is an IP address expressed in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.

call-id call id

Filters the display of full or summarized session statistics for IP-CAN session(s) based on the registered call ID on a PCC-AF service instance for the IP-CAN session subscriber in 8-digit hexadecimal format.

pcc-af-service pcc_af_svc_name

Filters the display of session statistics for a registered IP-CAN session(s) based on an existing PCC-AF service name specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

sipuri *sip_uri*

Displays summarized or full information for IP-CAN session(s) based on the SIP-URI on a PCC-AF service instance.

 sip_uri is the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) addressing schema to call another person. It resembles an e-mail address and is written in the SIP URI format as sip:x@y:Port format, where x = username and y = host (domain or IP)

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view the session statistics of all or specific registered IP-CAN session(s) or in selected part of user session for PCC-AF services configured and running on this system.

Example

The following command displays the summarized session statistics for all registered IP-CAN sessions on the PCC-AF service named *pccAF1*:

show pcc-af sessions summary all service pccAF1



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show pcc-policy service

Displays the statistical and configuration information of configured PCC-Policy services configured in a context.

Product

IPCF

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show pcc-policy service [ statistics] { all | name pcc_plcy_svc_name | summary
} [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
```

all

all: displays information for all configured PCC-Policy services.

name pcc_plcy_svc_name

Displays information for an existing PCC-Policy service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters.

statistics

Displays statistical information for a specific or all PCC-Policy services configured in a context.

summary

Displays summarized output for this command.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display the statistical and configuration information of configured PCC-Policy services configured in a context.

Display can further be filtered for specific PCC-Policy service name or summarized output of the command.

Example

The following command displays the information for the PCC-Policy service named *pcc_policy1* in summarized output:

show pcc-policy service name pcc_policy1 summary



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show pcc-policy session

Displays active/dormant session information about PCC-Policy service instances configured and running on this system based on different filter criteria.

Product

IPCF

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local] host name#

Syntax Description

```
show pcc-policy sessions [ full | summary ] [ all ] [ apn | call-id call_id
    | imsi imsi_id | ip-address pcc_pcef_ip_address | service pcc_plcy_svc_name ] ]
[ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
```

full

Displays full information for a specific registered IP Connectivity Access Network (IP-CAN) session(s) on a PCC-Policy service instance running on system. Display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

summary

Displays summarized information for a specific registered IP-CAN session(s) on a PCC-Policy service instance running on system. Display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

all

Displays summarized or full information for all registered IP-CAN session(s) on a PCC-Policy service instance running on system. Display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

apn apn_name

Displays information for PCC-Policy service sessions connected via an existing APN on the PCEF.

imsi imsi id

Displays summarized or full information for IP-CAN session(s) based on the International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) of a subscriber in a PCC-Policy service instance.

imsi id is the IMSI and must be a 15-character field which identifies the subscriber's home country and carrier.

ip-address pcc_pcef_ip_address

Filters the display of full or summarized session statistics for IP-CAN session(s) based on the IP address of the registered PCEF node specified in IPv4 dotted-decimal or IPv6 colon-separated-hexadecimal notation.

call-id call id

Filters the display of full or summarized session statistics display for an IP-CAN session(s) based on the registered call ID in a PCC-Policy service instance.

call_id must be an existing call identifier in the IP-CAN session subscriber expressed in 8-digit hexadecimal format.

pcc-policy-service pcc plcy svc name

Filters the display of session statistics for registered IP-CAN session(s) based on an existing PCC-Policy service name specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view the session statistics for all or a specific registered IP-CAN session(s) for PCC-Policy services configured and running on this system.

Example

The following command displays summarized session statistics for all registered IP-CAN sessions on the PCC-Policy service named *pccPolicy1*:

show pcc-policy sessions summary all service pccPolicy1



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show pcc-service

Displays the configuration information for Policy and Charging Control (PCC) services configured in a context.

Product

IPCF

Privilege

Security Administrator Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

show pcc-service { summary | all | service-name pcc_svc_name } [| { grep
grep_options | more }]

all

all: displays information for all configured PCC services.

service-name pcc_svc_name

Displays information for an existing PCC service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters.

summary

Displays the summarized output of this command.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display statistical and configuration information for configured PCC services in a context.

Display can further be filtered for a specific PCC- service name.

Example

The following command displays the information for the PCC service named pcc svc1:

show pcc-service service-name pcc svc1 summary



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show pcc-service session

Displays active/dormant session information about Policy and Charging Control (PCC) service instances configured and running on this system based on different filter criteria.

Product

IPCF

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show pcc-service sessions [ full | summary ] [ all emergency-only ] [
call-id call_id | instance instance_id | service-name pcc_svc_name ] ] [ | {
grep grep options | more } ]
```

full

Displays full information for a specific registered IP Connectivity Access Network (IP-CAN) session(s) in a PCC service instance running on system. Display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

summary

Displays summarized information for a specific registered IP-CAN session(s) in a PCC service instance running on system. Display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

all

Displays summarized or full information for all registered IP-CAN sessions on a PCC service instance running on system. Display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

emergency-only

Displays summarized or full information for all IP-CAN sessions on a PCC service instance running on system which are using emergency APN for emergency services. Display can be filtered based on given filtering criteria.

instance instance id

Displays summarized or full information for an IP-CAN session(s) based on the PCC service instance identifier on an IPCF/PCRF node specified as an integer from 1 through 512.

service-name pcc_svc_name

Filters the display of session statistics display of registered IP-CAN session(s) based on an existing PCC service name specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep *grep_options* | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view session statistics for all or a specific registered IP-CAN session(s) in PCC services configured and running on this system.

Example

The following command displays summarized session statistics for all registered IP-CAN sessions in the PCC service named *pccsvc1*:

show pcc-service sessions summary service-name pccsvc1



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show pcc-service statistics

Displays the statistical information for Policy and Charging Control (PCC) services configured in a context.

Product

IPCF

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show pcc-service statistics { all | service-name pcc_svc_name [ profile-name
  pcc_profile_name ] } [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
```

all

Displays statistical information for all configured PCC services on a system.

service-name pcc_svc_name

Displays information for an existing PCC service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 to 79 characters. It can be further filtered by the PCC profile name used in an IP-CAN session.

profile-name pcc_profile_name

Displays information for an existing PCC profile in an IP-CAN session.

|{ grep *grep_options* | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display the statistical information for PCC services configured in a context.

Display can further be filtered for a specific Profile name used in a session.

Example

The following command displays the information for the PCC service named *pcc_svc1* using PCC profile named *pcc_profile_default*:

show pcc-service statistics service-name pcc_svc1 profile-name pcc profile default



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show pcc-sp-endpoint

Displays statistical and configuration information for a configured PCC Sp-Endpoint instance in a context.

Product

IPCF

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show pcc-sp-endpoint [statistics] [all | name sp_endpt_name] [ | [grep
grep_options | more]] [connection [all | name sp_endpt_name]]
```

all

Displays statistical information for all configured PCC Sp-Endpoint instances on a system.

name sp_endpt_name

Displays information for an existing PCC Sp-Endpoint instance specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters.

|{grep grep_options | more}

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

connection

Displays statistics for the configured connection values along with peer selection success and failures.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display statistical information and peer name for a configured PCC Sp-Endpoint instance in a context.



Important

If the secondary peer is not configured, then N/A is printed in the output.

Display can further be filtered for a specific PCC Sp-Endpoint instance used in a session.

Example

The following command displays statistical information for the PCC Sp-Endpoint instance named *Sp Intf1*:

show pcc-sp-endpoint statistics name Sp_Intf1



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show pcc-sp-endpoint connection

Displays statistical and configuration information for an Sp interface connection in a PCC Sp-Endpoint instance.

Product

IPCF

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show pcc-sp-endpoint connection [ all | name sp_endpt_name [ peer sp_peer_name
] ] [ | { grep grep options | more } ]
```

all

Displays statistical information for all configured PCC Sp-Endpoint instances on a system.

name sp_endpt_name

Displays information for an existing PCC Sp-Endpoint instance specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters. It can further be filtered with an Sp Endpoint peer (SSC/SPR) name used for the IP Connectivity Access Network (IP-CAN) session.

peer ssc_name

Displays information only for the PCC Sp-Endpoint instance within an existing Subscriber Service Controller/Subscriber Profile Repository (SSC/SPR) as a peer for an IP-CAN session.

ssc name is the name of the SSC/SPR node used by the Sp Endpoint interface.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display statistical information for Sp interface connections in PCC Sp-Endpoint instances.

Display can further be filtered for a specific peer name (SSC/SPR).

Example

The following command displays the Sp interface connection related statistical information for the PCC Sp-Endpoint instance named *Sp Intf1* using peer name *SSC1*:

show pcc-endpoint connection name Sp_Intfl peer SSC1



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show pdg-service

Displays configuration information about PDG services configured on the system.

Product

PDG/TTG

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

show pdg-service { all | name service_name }

all

Displays information for all configured Packet Data Gateway/Tunnel Termination Gateway (PDG/TTG) services.

name service_name

Displays information only for an existing PDG service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display information for PDG services.

Example

The following command displays available information for all active PDG services:

show pdg-service all

show pdg-service statistics

Displays statistics for the Packet Data Gateway/Tunnel Termination Gateway (PDG/TTG) since the last **restart** or **clear** command. The output includes the number of each type of Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) messages.

Product

PDG/TTG

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

show pdg-service statistics [name service name | peer-address ipv4 address]

name service_name

Displays statistics for an existing PDG service specified an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

peer-address ipv4_address

Displays statistics for a specific subscriber with the WLAN IP address specified in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display PDG service statistics.

Example

The following command displays statistics for all active PDG services:

show pdg-service statistics

show pdif-service

Displays configuration information about Packet Data Interworking Function (PDIF) services configured on the system.

Product

PDIF

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show pdif service { all [ counters ] | name name [ counters ] | statistics
  [ name name | peer-address address ] } [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
```

all [counters]

Displays configuration information and statistical counters for all PDIF services in the system.

name name [counters]

Displays configuration information and statistical counters for an existing PDIF service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

statistics [name name | peer-address address]

name *name*: Displays service statistics for a an existing PDIF service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

peer-address: Displays service statistics for a peer server IP address specified in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

|{ grep *grep_options* | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display configuration information and statistics about PDIF services on the system.

Example

The following example displays configuration information about a PDIF service named *pdif23*:

show pdif service name pdif23



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show pdn-connection-count

Displays the current number of PDN connections for each of the Restoration-Priority-Level values received from AAA across S6b interface.

Product

P-GW

SAEGW

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

show pdn-connection-count restoration-priority-level { priority_level | all
}

restoration-priority-level { priority_level | all }

Restoration priority associated with PDN connection.

priority level: Restoration priority level must be an integer from 1 through 8.

In StarOS 21.0 and later, priority levels 1 through 16 are supported.

all: Displays the number of PDN connections associated with all restoration priorities.

Usage Guidelines

To distinguish between VoLTE enabled IMS PDN connections and non-VoLTE enabled IMS PDN connections, the P-GW supports receiving AVP "Restoration-Priority-Indicator" from AAA server over the S6b interface. The P-GW also provides KPIs based on the AVP value.

Example

The following command displays the number of PDN connections associated with restoration priority level 2:

show pdn-connection-count restoration-priority-level 2

show pdsn-service

Displays information for configured packet data services in the current context.

Product

PDSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

all | name pdsn_name

all: Displays information for all configured packet data services.

name *pdsn_name*: Displays information only for an existing PDSN service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters.

pcf-status [address ip address | filter [all | icmp-monitored | no-calls | summary | up]]

pcf-status: Displays summary information for all Packet Control Functions (PCFs).

address ip_address: Only lists information for the PCF with the IP address specified in IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

filter: Filters the output so only the specified information is displayed. If a filter is specified with no keywords, summary information for all PCFs is displayed.

- all: Displays information for all the PCFs
- icmp-monitored: Displays information only for PCFs which are ICMP monitored
- no-calls: Displays information only for PCFs which have no active sessions
- summary: Displays only a summary of the status of the PCFs
- up: Displays information only for PCFs which are alive

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Show the PDSN service information for standard system monitoring or troubleshooting.

Example

The following will display the information for all configured services and *sampleService*, respectively:

```
show pdsn-service all
show pdsn-service name sampleService
```

show pdsnclosedrp-service

Displays information on configured Closed R-P services for the current context.

Product

PDSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

show pdsn-service { all | name name }

all | name name

all: Displays information for all configured Closed R-P services.

name *name*: Displays information for an existing Closed R-P service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 79 characters.

Usage Guidelines

Show the Closed R-P service information for standard system monitoring or troubleshooting.

Example

The following command displays information for the Closed R-P service named *SampleRP* and for all configured services, respectively.

```
show pdsn-service all show pdsn-service name SampleRP
```

show peer-profile

Displays configuration of the specified peer profile.

Product

GGSN

P-GW

SAEGW

S-GW

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show peer-profile { all | full { all | name profile_name } | name profile_name
} [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
```

all

Displays a list of all peer profiles configured on the system, arranged by service type.

full { all | name profile_name }

Displays detailed peer profile configuration information.

all: Displays detailed configuration information for all peer profiles configured on the system.

nameprofile_name: Displays detailed configuration information for the specified peer profile.

profile_name is an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

name profile_name

Lists the specified peer profile, and the service type to which it belongs.

profile name is an alphanumeric string of 1 through 64 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display configuration information for the peer profiles created on the system.

Refer to the **peer-profile** command in the *Global Configuration Mode Commands* chapter and the *Peer Profile Configuration Mode Commands* chapter for more information.

Example

The following command displays detailed configuration information for the pp2 peer profile.

show peer-profile full name pp2

show pgw-service

Displays configuration information for PDN Gateway (P-GW) services on this system.

Product

P-GW

SAEGW

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local] host name#

Syntax Description

```
show pgw-service { all | name service_name | statistics { all | name
service name } [ verbose ] } [ | { grep grep options | more } ]
```

all

Displays configuration information for all P-GW services configured on this system.

name service_name

Displays configuration information for an existing P-GW service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

statistics { all | name service_name } [verbose]

Displays P-GW service statistics.

all: Displays statistics for all P-GW services on the system.

name service_name: Displays statistics for an existing P-GW service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

If **verbose** is also specified, the information is displayed in more detail.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view configuration information for P-GW services on this system.

Example

The following command displays service statistics for the P-GW service named pgw1:

show pgw-service name pgw1

show plugin

Displays the current configuration of one or all plugin modules installed on the system. This command is associated with the dynamic software upgrade process.

Product

All

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show plugin [ plugin name ]
```

plugin_name

Filters the output by an existing plugin name expressed as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 16 characters.

Usage Guidelines

Displays the attribute settings, priority and version for one or all plugin modules. A plugin module is a shared object library that can be dynamically updated or rolled back. Refer to the *System Administration Guide* for additional information on dynamic software updates.

Example

The following command displays the configuration status of all plugin modules currently installed on the system:

show plugin

show port

Displays information on configured parameters and operational statistics for physical and logical ports in the system.

Product

All

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show port { datalink counters [ slot/port ] | info [ slot/port ] [ vlan vlan_id
] | npu counters [ slot/port [ tagged | untagged | vlan tag_id ] ] | table
| transceiver slot/port | utilization table [ verbose ] } [ | { grep
grep_options | more } ]
show port info { slot/port } [ vlan vlan_id ] [ | { grep grep_options | more }
]
show port dinet
```

datalink counters slot/port

Displays the physical layer information for all data links or only the one specified by the slot/port location of a previously configured port.

info [slot/port] [vlan vlan id]

Displays detailed information for all ports within the chassis or only the one specified by slot/port location of a previously configured port.

vlan *vlan_id*: Displays detailed information about all Virtual Local Area Networks (VLANs) in the port/slot. If the optional vlan_id is not specified, this keyword displays port information for all VLANs in the slot/port location.

npu counters [slot/port [tagged | untagged | vlan tag_id]] | bound | unbound]

Displays the information for Network Processing Unit (NPU) ports. The information for all ports is output or only the one specified by the slot/port location of a previously configured port.

For ASR 5500 MIO ports, this command displays the combined statistics for the specified port and its paired port (virtual pair).

tagged: Display statistics for all tagged packets.

untagged: Display statistics for all untagged packets.

vlan tag id: Display NPU counters for a previously configured VLAN ID.

bound: Displays individual and cumulative NPU port counters for the bound ports within the current context. If the command is invoked in the local context, all of the bound ports for all contexts and cumulative counter values for all contexts are displayed.

unbound: Displays individual and cumulative NPU port counters for all unbound ports within system.

table

Displays information for all physical ports on rear-installed cards with physical interfaces.

transceiver slot/port

Displays diagnostic information for all SFP+ transceivers connected to a specified subscriber traffic port on the MIO card

utilization table [verbose]

Shows average port utilization in Mbps. The output is a table that lists the current utilization average, a 5-minute average, and a 15-minute average, for all enabled ports.

The **verbose** option displays port utilization with kilobyte accuracy using decimal points.

|{ grep *grep_options* | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

dinet

Displays the DI-network port statistics.

Usage Guidelines

Display port information for troubleshooting of network communications by viewing statistics and configuration information for physical ports.

Example

The following displays detailed information for port 1 in slot 17:

```
show port info 17/1 show port table
```

The following displays information for the data link port 33/1:

```
show port datalink counters 33/1
show port npu counters 33/1
```

The following displays detailed information for port 11 in slot 5:

```
show port info 5/11 show port table
```



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show power

Displays information about the power on/off status of individual cards and the operating status of installed power filter units.

Product

All

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

```
[local]host_name#
```

Syntax Description

```
show power [ all | chassis | card_num ] [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
```

all | chassis | card_num]

all: Displays power on/off state for all cards in the chassis.

chassis: Displays the operating status of installed power filter units. This is the default setting.

card_num: Displays the power on/off state for a single card specified an integer from 1 through 48 for the ASR 5000 or 1 through 20 for the ASR 5500.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

View power source information to quickly check the power for all cards within a chassis.



Important

On some platforms, only **show power** is supported with no other keywords or variables.

Example

The following displays power supply status for the chassis:

show power

The following command displays the power status for all slots:

show power all

show ppp

Displays the point-to-point protocol (PPP) information, detailed or summarized, for one or all connections by the use of filtering options.

Product

PDSN

GGSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show ppp { [ counters | full | summary ] { all | callid call_id | imsi id
| msid ms_id | username user_name } | statistics [ pcf-address [ pcf_ip_addr
| all ] | pdsn-service pdsn_name ] } [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
```

counters | full | summary

Filters the output for the level and type of information with the options described below.

counters: Displays PPP statistics.

full: Displays all available information.

summary: Displays only a summary of available information.

all | callid *call_id* | imsi *imsi_id* | msid *ms_id* | username *user_name* }]

all: Displays all available information.

callid call id: Displays PPP information only for the call ID specified as a 4-digit hexadecimal number.

imsi *id*: Displays PPP information only for the subscriber with the specified IMSI (International Mobile Subscriber Identity). *id* is a 15-digit field which identifies the subscriber's home country and carrier.

msid *ms_id*: Displays information for a mobile subscriber ID specified as 7 to 16 digits for an IMSI, MIN, or RMI.

username user name: Displays user PPP information for the specified username.

statistics [pcf-address [pcf_ip_addr | all] | pdsn-service pdsn_name]

Displays statistics for all packet data services.

pcf-address [pcf_ip_addr | all]: Displays statistics only for the time the session is connected to the specified PCF (Packet Control Function) or for all PCFs. pcf_ip_addr must be specified using IPv4 dotted-decimal notation.

pdsn-service *pdsn_name*: Display statistics only for an existing PDSN service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter in the *Command Line Interface Reference*.

Usage Guidelines

View Point-to-Point Protocol information to support troubleshooting subscriber connections by viewing information on PPP connections for a specific subscriber.

Example

The following displays the PPP summary for all connections.

show ppp summary all

The following outputs the point-to-point detailed information for the user user 1.

show ppp full username user1

The following command displays the standard information for the call with ID FF0E11CD.

show ppp callid ff0e11cd

The following command displays the PPP statistics for pdsn1.

show ppp statistics pdsn-service pdsn1

The following command provides summarized information for the PPP statistics.

show ppp



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show prepaid 3gpp2

Displays prepaid accounting information for all services or only the service specified.

Product

PDSN

GGSN

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator, Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show prepaid 3gpp2 statistics all [ | { grep grep_options | more } ]
show prepaid 3gpp2 statistics { ggsn-service | ha-service | lns-service
| pdsn-service | pdsnclosedrp-service } { all | name service_name } [ | {
grep grep_options | more } ]
show prepaid 3gpp2 statistics per-service-summary } [ | { grep grep_options
| more } ]
```

all

Displays prepaid statistics for all services.

ggsn-service

Displays statistics for GGSN service(s).

ha-service

Displays statistics for HA service(s).

Ins-service

Displays statistics for LNS service(s).

pdsn-service

Displays statistics for PDSN service(s).

pdsnclosedrp-service

Displays statistics for PDSN Closed-RP service(s).

{ all | name service_name }

all: Displays statistics for all services of the specified type.

name *service_name*: Displays statistics for an existing service specified an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

per-service-summary

Displays prepaid statistics per service summary for all services.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter in the *Command Line Interface Reference*.

Usage Guidelines

Displays Pre-paid statistics for a particular named service or for all services.

Example

To display statistics for a PDSN service named PDSN1, enter the following command:

show prepaid 3gpp2 statistics pdsn-service name PDSN1



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show prepaid wimax

This command displays prepaid WiMAX accounting information for all services or only the service specified.

Product

ASN-GW

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show prepaid wimax statistics { all | asngw-service { all | name service_name
} | ha-service { all | name service_name } | per-service-summary } [ | {
s grep_options | more } ]
```

all

This keyword displays prepaid statistics for all services.

asngw-service

Displays prepaid statistics for Access Service Network-Gateway (ASN-GW) service(s).

ha-service

Displays prepaid accounting statistics for Home Agent (HA) service(s).

{ all | name service_name }

all: Displays statistics for all services of the specified type.

name *service_name*: Displays statistics for an existing service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

per-service-summary

Displays prepaid statistics per service summary for all services.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display prepaid WiMAX accounting statistics for named service or for all services.

Example

The following command displays prepaid WiMAX accounting statistics for an ASN-GW service named *asn1*:

show prepaid wimax statistics asngw-service name asn1



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show process status

Displays information on process listings in the system.

Product

All

Privilege

Security Administrator

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

show process status [card card number [cpu cpu number]]

card card number

Displays the process listing for the specific card in the system.

cpu cpu_number

Displays the process listing for the specific card and CPU in the system.

Usage Guidelines

Displays information on process listings in the system.



Note

Only the Security Administrator can run this command.

Example

The following displays the list of processes running on card 1 on cpu 0:

show process status card 1 cpu 0



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show profile-id-qci-mapping

Displays QoS Class Identifier-Radio Access Network (QCI-RAN) mapping tables configured on this system.

Product

HSGW

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

```
show profile-id-qci-mapping table { all | name table_name } [ | { grep
grep options | more } ]
```

all

Displays information for all QCI-RAN mapping tables configured on this system.

name table_name

Displays information for an existing QCI-RAN table specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of the command to the command specified. You must specify a command to which the output will be sent.

For details on the usage of **grep** and **more**, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display the contents of a specific QCI-RAN mapping table or all mapping tables configured on this system.

Example

The following command displays the contents of a QCI-RAN mapping table named *table1*:

show profile-id-qci-mapping table name table1

show ps-network



Important

In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HNBGW in Release 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.

Displays statistics for the Packet Switched (PS)-network(s) instance configured on a chassis for HNB-GW service sessions.

Product

HNBGW

Privilege

Security Administrator, Administrator, Operator

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show ps-network { all | name ps_name } [ status ] [ | { grep grep_options |
more }]
```

all

Displays status counters for all PS (packet switched) networks configured for HNB-GW service sessions on a chassis.

name ps name

Displays status counters for a PS network configured for HNB-GW service specified as an alphanumeric string of 1 through 127 characters that is case sensitive

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

Refer to *Regulating a Command's Output* section of the *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter for details on the usage of **grep** and **more**.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to display the status of any or all PS-network(s) instance configured on a chassis for HNB-GW service sessions.

Example

The following command displays the output for PS network instance status named ps 1 hnb:

show ps-network name ps_1_hnb status



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show ps-network counters



Imnortan

In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HNBGW in Release 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.

Displays the session counter information for a PS Network associated with Home-NodeB Gateway (HNBGW) services configured and running on a system.

Product

HNBGW

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host_name#

Syntax Description

```
show ps-network counters [ name ps_svc_name [ sgsn sgsn_point_code ] ] [ | {
grep grep options | more } ]
```

name ps_svc_name

Filters the counter display based on an existing HNB-PS Network service name associated with an HNB-GW service running on system. *ps_svc_name* is an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

sgsn sgsn_point_code

Filters the counter display filtered on the basis of SGSN address provided in the SS7 point code that is connected to a particular HNB-PS Network service. *sgsn_point_code* must be the address of an SGSN in SS7 point code notation.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view the session counter information for HNB-PS Network services configured and SGSNs connected on a system.

Example

The following command displays the counters for the HNB-PS Network service named hnb ps svc1:

show ps-network counters name hnb_ps_svc1



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.

show ps-network statistics



Important

In Release 20 and later, HNBGW is not supported. This command must not be used for HNBGW in Release 20 and later. For more information, contact your Cisco account representative.

Displays the Packet Switched session statistics for Home-NodeB Gateway (HNB-GW) services configured and running on this system.

Product

HNBGW

Privilege

Inspector

Command Modes

Exec

The following prompt is displayed in the Exec mode:

[local]host name#

Syntax Description

show ps-network statistics [name ps_svc_name [sgsn sgsn_point_code]] [
gtpu-only | ranap-only | sccp-only] [| { grep grep_options | more }]

name ps_svc_name

Filters the session statistics display based on an existing HNB-PS Network service name that is associated with an HNB-GW service running on this system. *ps_svc_name* is an alphanumeric string of 1 through 63 characters.

sgsn sgsn_point_code

Filters the counter display filtered on the basis of SGSN address provided in the SS7 point code that is connected to a particular HNB-PS Network service. *sgsn_point_code* must be the address of an SGSN in SS7 point code notation.

gtpu-only

Filters the session statistics to display only GTP-U traffic for the specified HNB-PS Network service which is configured and associated with an HNB-GW service running on this system.

ranap-only

Filters the session statistics to display only Radio Access Network Application Protocol (RANAP) traffic for an HNB-PS Network service which is configured and associated with an HNB-GW service running on this system.

sccp-only

Filters the session statistics to display only Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP) traffic for the specified HNB-PS Network service which is configured and associated with an HNB-GW service running on this system.

|{ grep grep_options | more }

Pipes (sends) the output of this command to the specified command. You must specify a command to which the output of this command will be sent.

For details on the usage of the **grep** and **more** commands, refer to the *Regulating a Command's Output* section in *Command Line Interface Overview* chapter of the *Command Line Interface Reference*.

Usage Guidelines

Use this command to view the session statistics for overall session or in selected part of user session for HNB-GW services configured and running on this system.

Example

The following command displays the session statistics for the HNB-PS Network service named *hnb ps1*:

show ps-network statistics name hnbps1



Important

Output descriptions for commands are available in the Statistics and Counters Reference.